

## GaAs MMIC MIXER w/ INTEGRATED LO AMPLIFIER, 3.0 - 3.8 GHz

### Typical Applications

The HMC333 / HMC333E is ideal for:

- Wireless Local Loop

### Features

Integrated LO Amplifier w/ P<sub>diss</sub>: < 25 mW

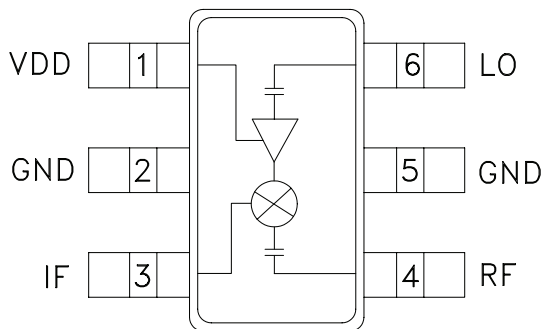
Conversion Loss / Noise Figure: 8.5 dB

Low LO Drive Level: 0 dBm

Input IP3: +10 dBm

Single Positive Supply: 3V to 5V

### Functional Diagram



### General Description

The HMC333 & HMC333E are single balanced mixer ICs with integrated LO amplifiers. This converter IC can operate as an upconverter or downconverter between 3.0 GHz and 3.8 GHz. With the integrated LO amplifier, the mixer requires an LO drive level of only 0 dBm, and requires only 7 mA from a single positive +3V rail. The mixer has 8.5 dB of conversion loss, an input P<sub>1dB</sub> of 0 dBm and an input third order intercept point of +10 dBm at 3.5 GHz.

### Electrical Specifications, T<sub>A</sub> = +25° C

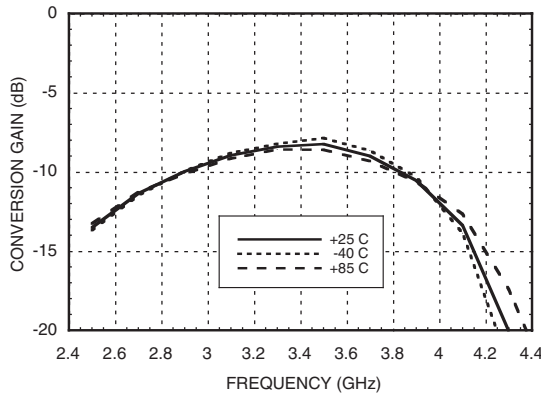
Parameter	IF = 100 MHz LO = 0 dBm & V <sub>dd</sub> = +3V			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Frequency Range, RF & LO	3.0 - 3.8			GHz
Frequency Range, IF	DC - 1.0			GHz
Conversion Loss		8.5	11	dB
Noise Figure (SSB)		8.5	11	dB
LO to RF Isolation	10	15		dB
LO to IF Isolation	5	10		dB
RF to IF Isolation	10	15		dB
IP3 (Input)	3	10		dBm
1 dB Compression (Input)	-3	+1		dBm
Supply Current (I <sub>dd</sub> )		7		mA

\* Unless otherwise noted, all measurements performed as downconverter, IF= 100 MHz.

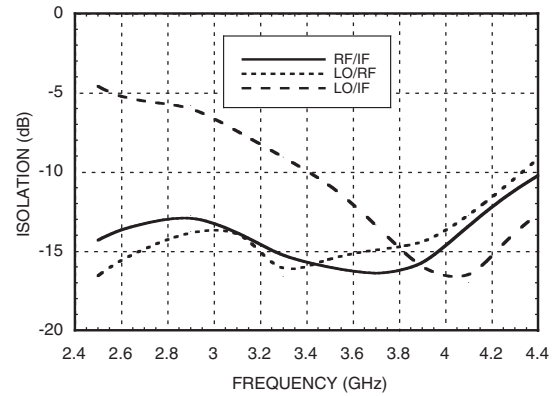


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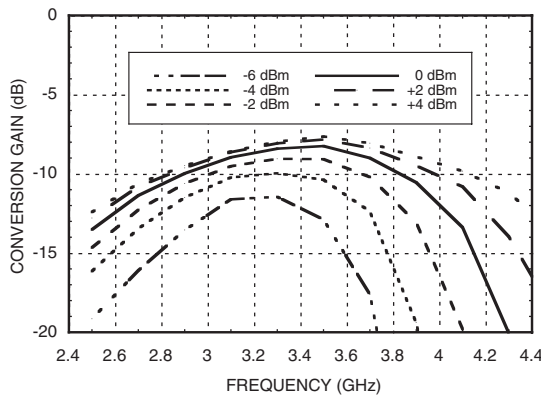
**Conversion Gain vs. Temperature @ LO = 0 dBm**



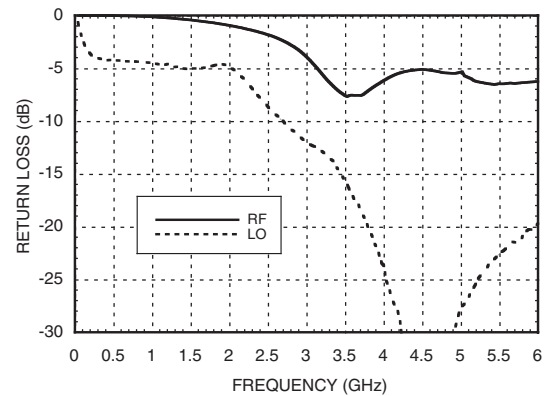
**Isolation @ LO = 0 dBm**



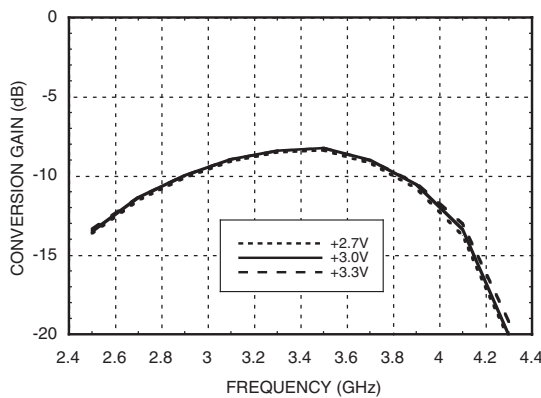
**Conversion Gain vs. LO Drive**



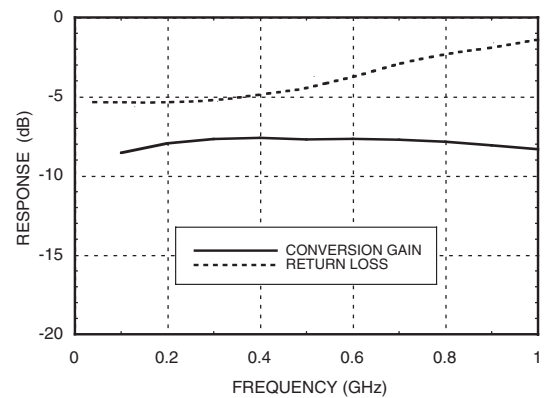
**Return Loss @ LO = 0 dBm**



**Conversion Gain vs. Vdd @ LO = 0 dBm**



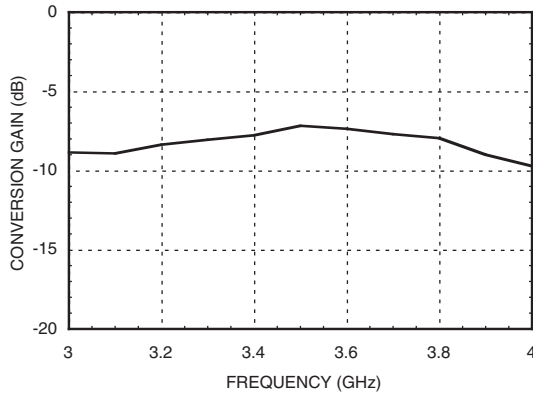
**IF Bandwidth @ LO = 0 dBm**



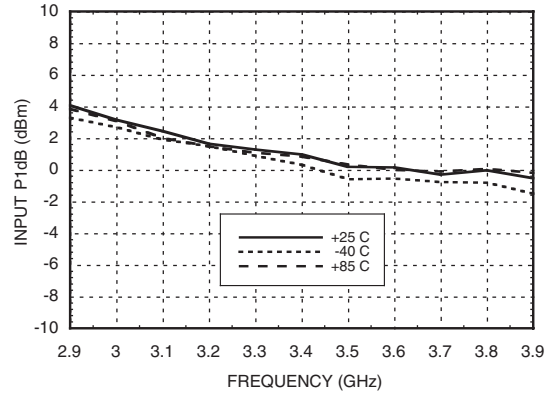


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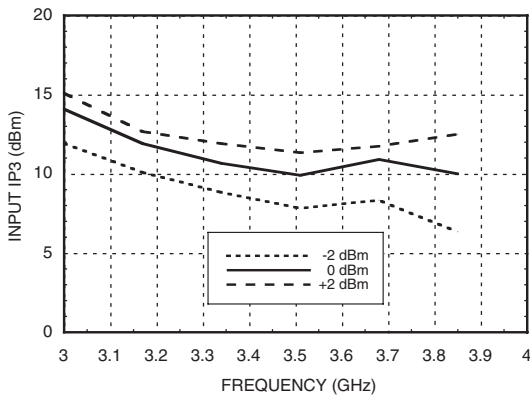
**Upconverter Performance  
Conversion Gain @ LO = 0 dBm**



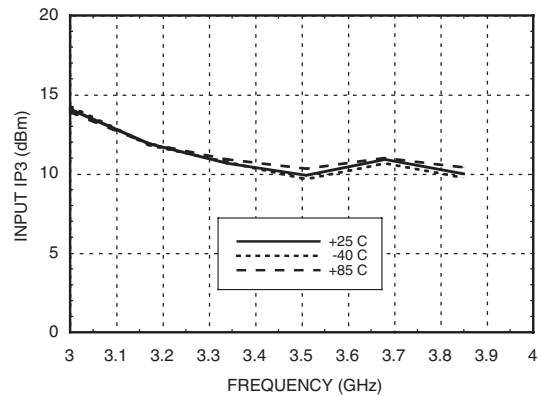
**Input P1dB vs.  
Temperature @ LO = 0 dBm**



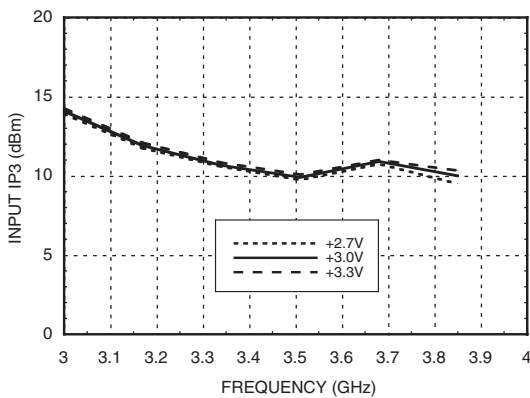
**Input IP3 vs. LO Drive\***



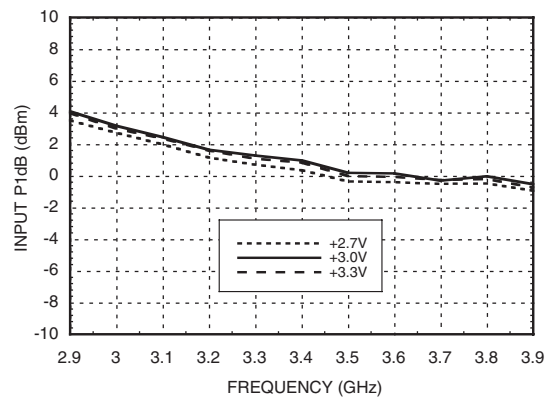
**Input IP3 vs.  
Temperature @ LO = 0 dBm\***



**Input IP3 vs. Vdd @ LO = 0 dBm\***



**Input P1dB vs. Vdd @ LO = 0 dBm**



\* Two-tone input power = -10 dBm each tone, 1 MHz spacing.



## GaAs MMIC MIXER w/ INTEGRATED LO AMPLIFIER, 3.0 - 3.8 GHz

### MxN Spurious @ IF Port

mRF	nLO				
	0	1	2	3	4
0	xx	-9	-5	12	34
1	8	0	32	25	34
2	33	49	40	40	43
3	68	56	68	48	72
4	77	80	79	80	71

RF = 3.5 GHz @ -10 dBm  
 LO = 3.4 GHz @ 0 dBm  
 All values in dBc below IF power level.

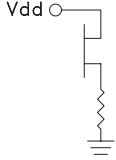
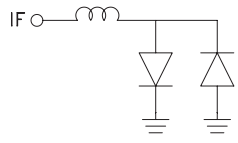
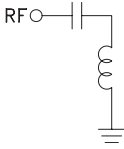
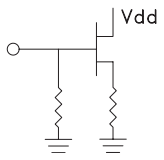
### Harmonics of LO

LO Freq. (GHz)	nLO Spur @ RF Port			
	1	2	3	4
3	12	8	16	49
3.17	13	8	20	39
3.34	17	10	22	42
3.51	15	14	26	48
3.68	14	17	25	42
3.85	14	18	22	43

LO = 0 dBm  
 All values in dBc below input LO level @ RF port.



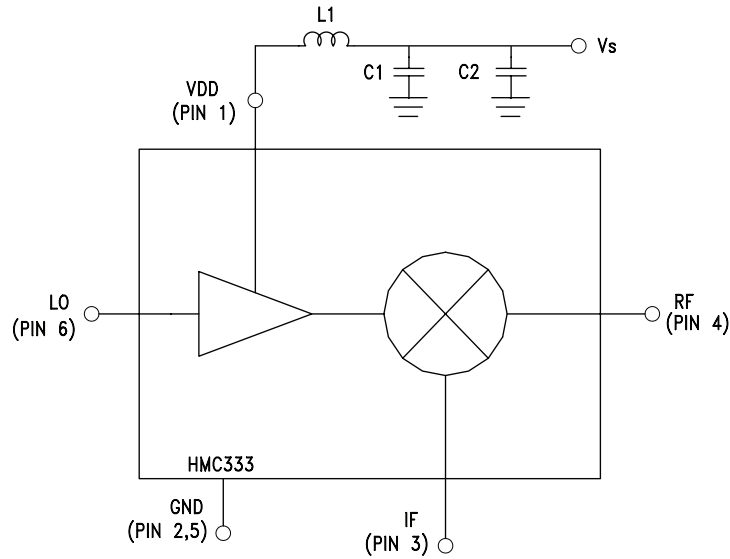
**Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	Vdd	Power supply for the LO Amplifier. Two external RF bypass capacitors (10 pF & 10,000 pF) and an external inductor (1.8 nH) are required.	
2, 5	GND	Ground: Pin must connect to RF ground.	
3	IF	This pin is DC coupled. For applications not requiring operation to DC, this port should be DC blocked externally using a series capacitor whose value has been chosen to pass the necessary IF frequency range. For operation to DC, this pin must not source/sink more than 3mA of current or die non-function and possible die failure will result.	
4	RF	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohm from 3.0 - 3.8 GHz.	
6	LO	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohm from 3.0 - 3.8 GHz	

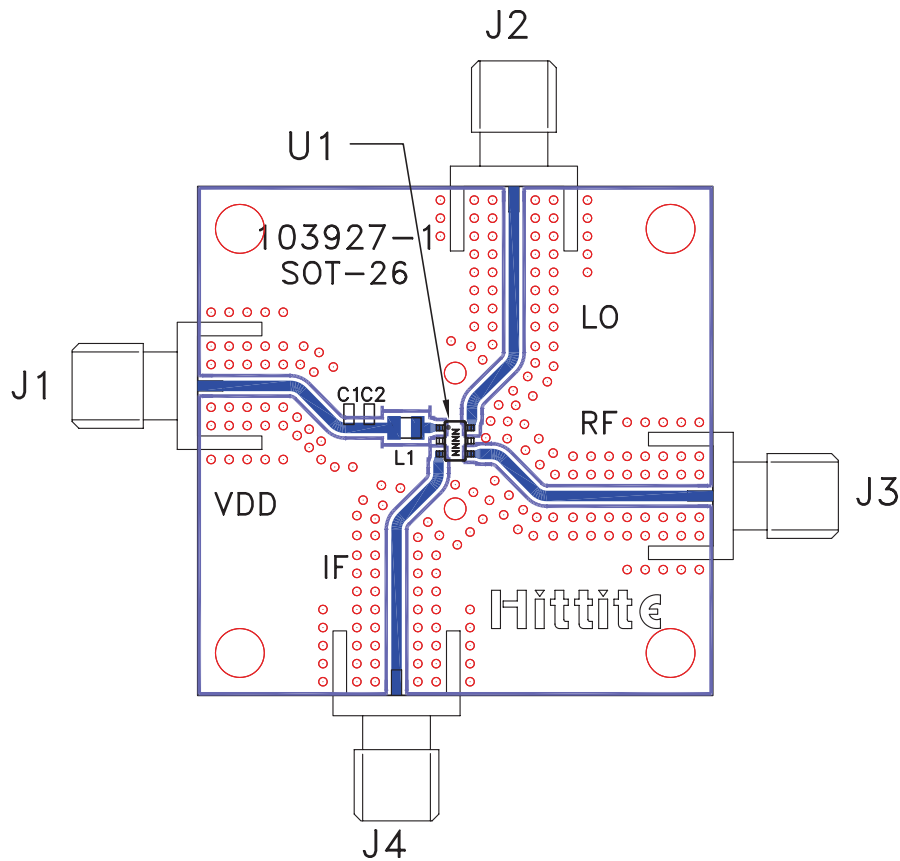


### GaAs MMIC MIXER w/ INTEGRATED LO AMPLIFIER, 3.0 - 3.8 GHz

#### Application Circuit



### Evaluation PCB



### List of Materials for Evaluation PCB 105128 [1]

Item	Description
J1 - J4	PCB Mount SMA RF Connector
C1	10 pF Capacitor, 0603 Pkg.
C2	.01 $\mu$ F Capacitor, 0603 Pkg.
L1	1.8 nH Inductor, 0805 Pkg.
U1	HMC333 / HMC333E Mixer
PCB [2]	103927 Evaluation Board

[1] Reference this number when ordering complete evaluation PCB

[2] Circuit Board Material: Rogers 4350

The circuit board used in the final application should use RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines should have 50 ohm impedance while the package ground leads should be connected directly to the ground plane similar to that shown. A sufficient number of VIA holes should be used to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation circuit board shown is available from Hittite upon request.