

FAST GATE TURN-OFF THYRISTORS

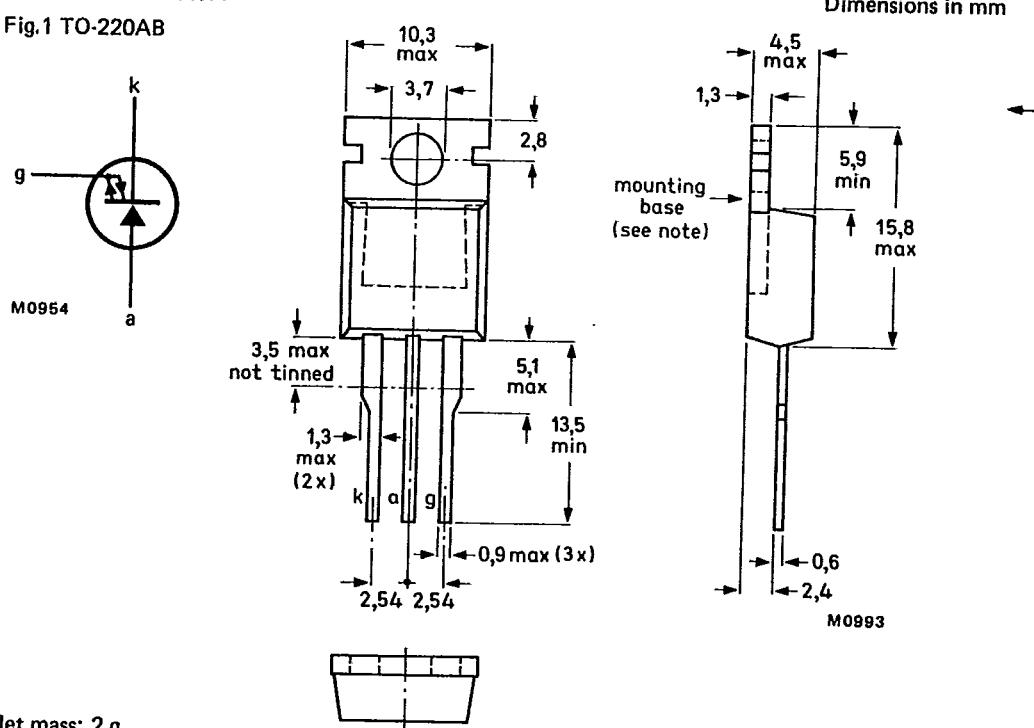
Thyristors in TO-220AB envelopes capable of being turned both on and off via the gate. They are suitable for use in high-frequency inverters, resonant power supplies, horizontal deflection systems etc. The devices have no reverse blocking capability. For reverse blocking operation use with a series diode, for reverse conducting operation use with an anti parallel diode.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

	V _{DRM}	max.	BT157-1300R		1500R	V
Repetitive peak off-state voltage			1300	1500		
Non-repetitive peak on-state current	I _{TSM}	max.		20		A
Controllable anode current	I _{TCRM}	max.		12		A
Average on-state current	I _{T(AV)}	max.		3.2		A
Fall time	t _f	max.	200		ns	

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig.1 TO-220AB



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RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC134)

Anode to cathode		BT157-1300R	1500R	
Transient off-state voltage	V _{DSM}	max.	1500	1650 V*
Repetitive peak off-state voltage	V _{DRM}	max.	1300	1500 V*
Working off-state voltage	V _{DW}	max.	1200	1300 V*
Continuous off-state voltage	V _D	max.	750	800 V*
Average on-state current (averaged over any 20 ms period) up to T _{mb} = 80 °C	I _{T(AV)}	max.	3.2	A
Controllable anode current	I _{TCRM}	max.	12	A
Non-repetitive peak on-state current t = 10 ms; half-sinewave; T _j = 120 °C prior to surge	I _{TSM}	max.	20	A
I ² t for fusing; t = 10 ms	I ² t	max.	2	A ² s
Total power dissipation up to T _{mb} = 25 °C	P _{tot}	max.	47.5	W
Gate to cathode				
Repetitive peak on-state current T _j = 120 °C prior to surge, gate-cathode forward; t = 1 ms; half-sinewave	I _{GFM}	max.	25	A
gate-cathode reverse; t = 20 μs	I _{GRM}	max.	15	A
Average power dissipation (averaged over any 20 ms period)	P _{G(AV)}	max.	2.5	W
Temperatures				
Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-40 to +150	°C
Operating junction temperature	T _j	max.	120	°C
THERMAL RESISTANCE				
From junction to mounting base	R _{th j-mb}	=	2.0	K/W
From mounting base to heatsink with heatsink compound	R _{th mb-h}	=	0.3	K/W
with 56367 alumina insulator and heatsink compound (clip-mounted)	R _{th mb-h}	=	0.8	K/W
From junction to ambient in free air, mounted on a printed circuit board	R _{th j-a}	=	60	K/W

* Measured with gate-cathode connected together.

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CHARACTERISTICS**Anode to cathode****On-state voltage** $I_T = 2.5 \text{ A}; I_G = 0.2 \text{ A}; T_j = 120^\circ\text{C}$ $V_T < 3.4 \text{ V}^*$ **Rate of rise of off-state voltage that will not trigger any off-state device; exponential method** $V_D = 2/3 V_{Dmax}; V_{GR} = 5 \text{ V}; T_j = 120^\circ\text{C}$ $dV_D/dt < 10 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$ **Rate of rise of off-state voltage that will not trigger any device following conduction; linear method;** $I_T = 1.8 \text{ A}; V_D = V_{DRMmax}; V_{GR} = 10 \text{ V}; T_j = 120^\circ\text{C}$ $dV_D/dt < 1.5 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$ **Off-state current** $V_D = V_{Dmax}; T_j = 120^\circ\text{C}$ $I_D < 2.0 \text{ mA}$ **Latching current; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$** $I_L \text{ typ. } 0.75 \text{ A}^{**}$ **Gate to cathode****Voltage that will trigger all devices** $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GT} > 1.5 \text{ V}$ **Current that will trigger all devices** $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_{GT} > 200 \text{ mA}$ **Minimum reverse breakdown voltage** $I_{GRM} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{(BR)GR} > 10 \text{ V}$ **Switching characteristics (resistive load)**Turn-on when switched to $I_T = 2.5 \text{ A}$ from $V_D = 250 \text{ V}$
with $I_{GF} = 0.4 \text{ A}; T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

delay time

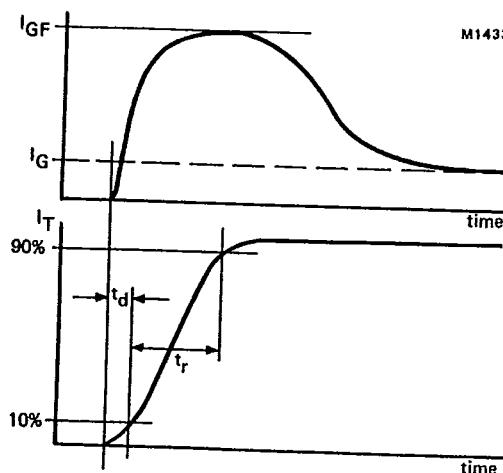
 $t_d < 0.25 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_r < 1.0 \mu\text{s}$ 

Fig.2 Waveforms

* Measured under pulse conditions to avoid excessive dissipation.

** Below latching level the device behaves like a transistor with a gain dependent on current.

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Switching characteristics (inductive load)

Turn-off when switched from $I_T = 2.5 \text{ A}$ to $V_D = V_{DRM} \text{ max.}$
 $V_{GR} = 10 \text{ V}; L_G \leq 1.5 \mu\text{H}; L_S \leq 0.25 \mu\text{H}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

storage time

 $t_s < 0.5 \mu\text{s}$

fall time

 $t_f < 0.20 \mu\text{s}$

peak reverse gate current

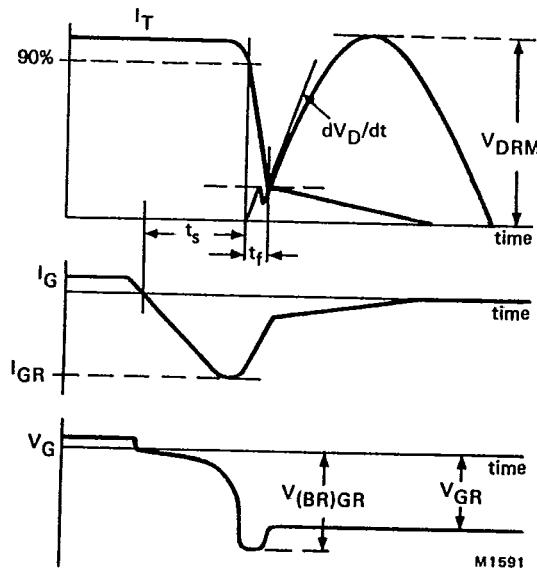
 $I_{GR} < 2.8 \text{ A}$ 

Fig.3 Waveforms

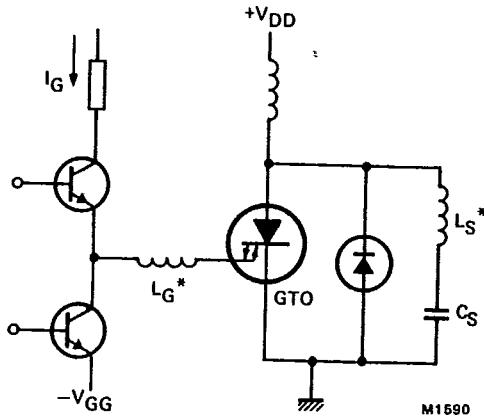


Fig.4 Inductive load test circuit

*Indicates stray series inductance only.

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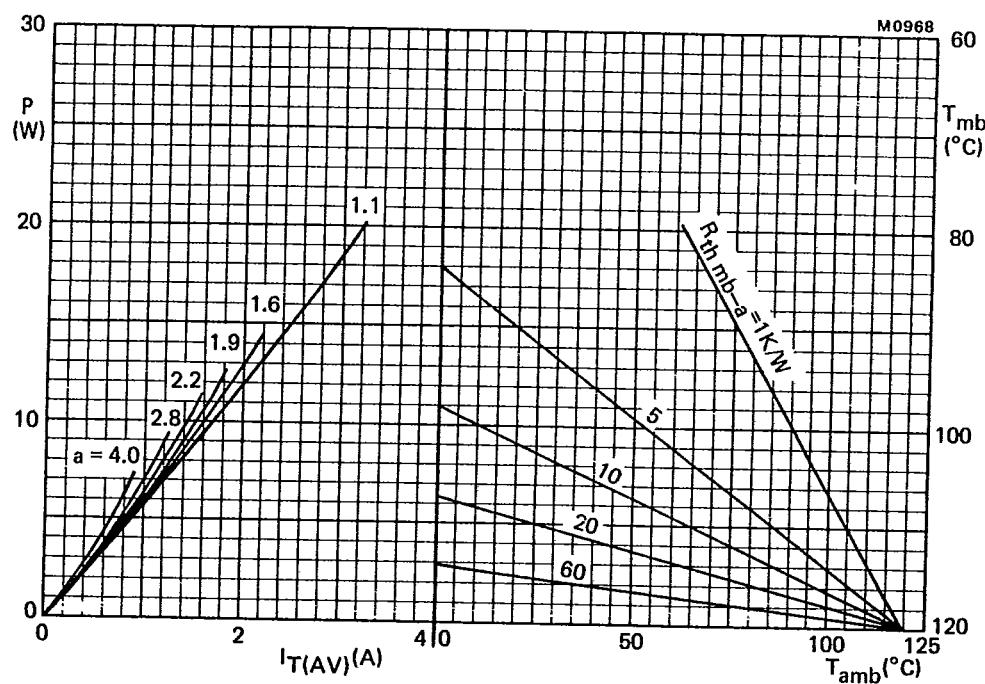


Fig.5 The right-hand part shows the interrelationship between the power (derived from the left-hand part) and the maximum permissible temperatures.

$$a = \text{form factor} = \frac{I_T(\text{RMS})}{I_T(\text{AV})}$$

P = Power excluding switching losses

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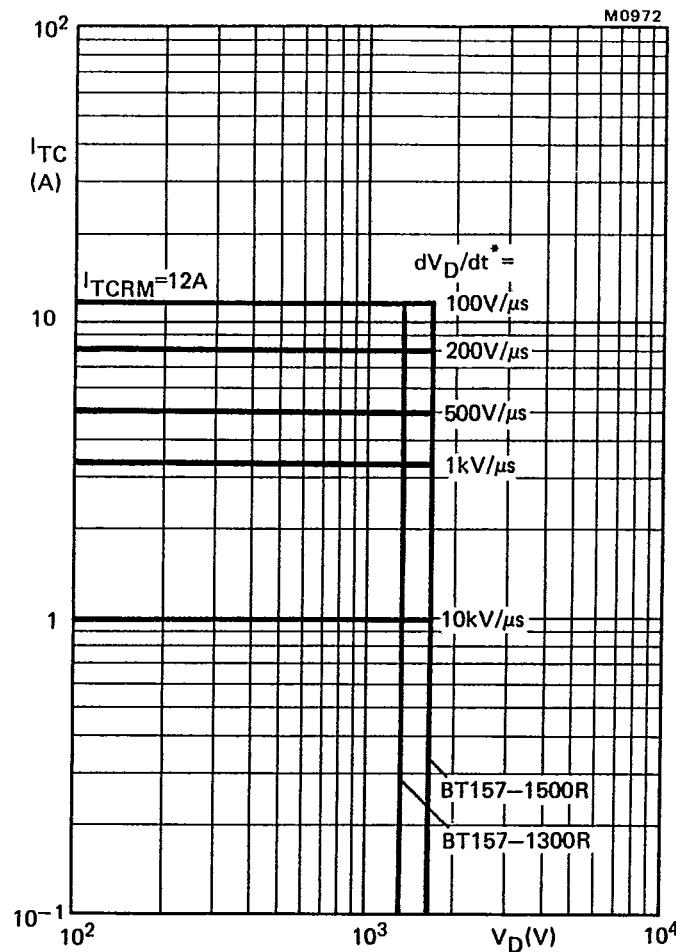


Fig.6 Anode current which can be turned off versus anode voltage;
inductive load, $V_{GR} = 10$ V; $L_G \leq 1.5 \mu$ H; $L_S \leq 0.25 \mu$ H; $T_j = 85$ °C
* dV_D/dt is calculated from I_T/C_S .

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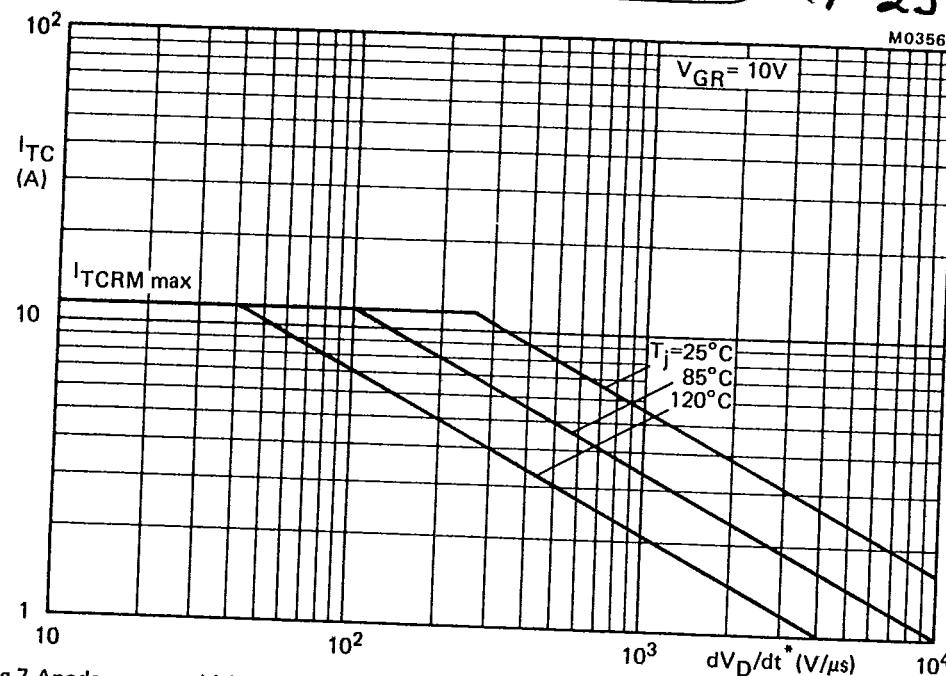


Fig.7 Anode current which can be turned off versus applied dV_D/dt^* ; inductive load; $V_{GR} = 10V$;
 $L_G \leq 1.5 \mu H$; $L_S \leq 0.25 \mu H$; * dV_D/dt is calculated from I_T/C_S .

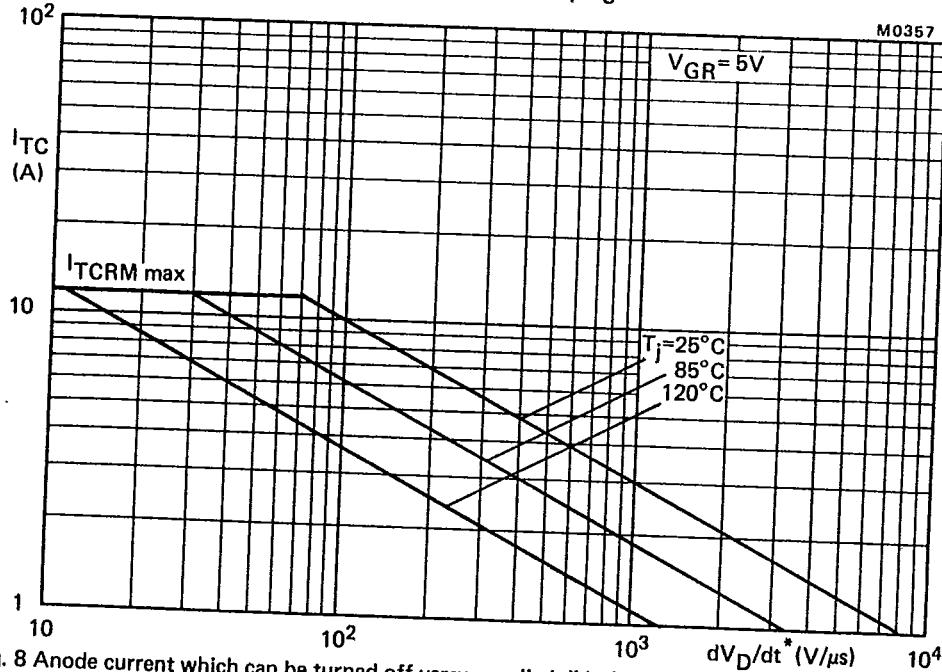


Fig. 8 Anode current which can be turned off versus applied dV_D/dt ; inductive load; $V_{GR} = 5V$.
 $L_G \leq 1.5 \mu H$; $L_S \leq 0.25 \mu H$; * dV_D/dt is calculated from I_T/C_S .

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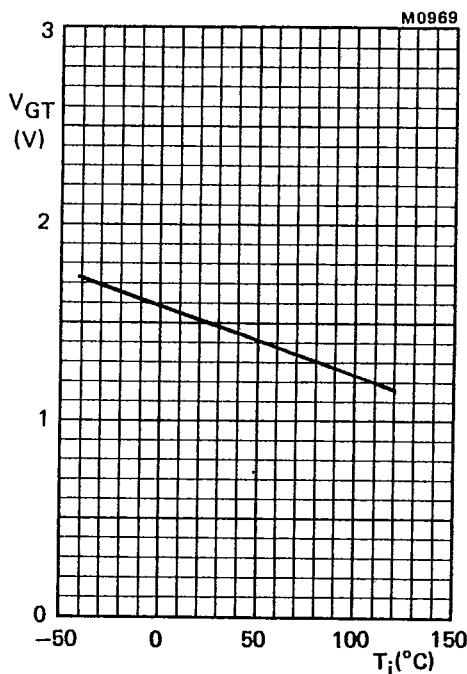


Fig.9 Minimum gate voltage that will trigger all devices as a function of junction temperature; $V_D = 12$ V.

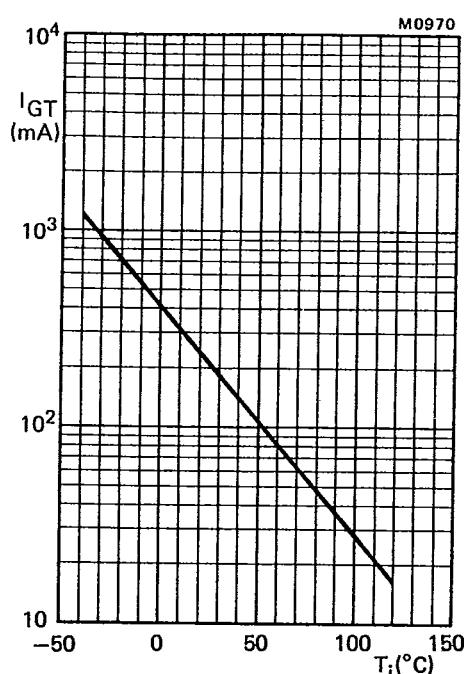


Fig.10 Minimum gate current that will trigger all devices as a function of junction temperature; $V_D = 12$ V.

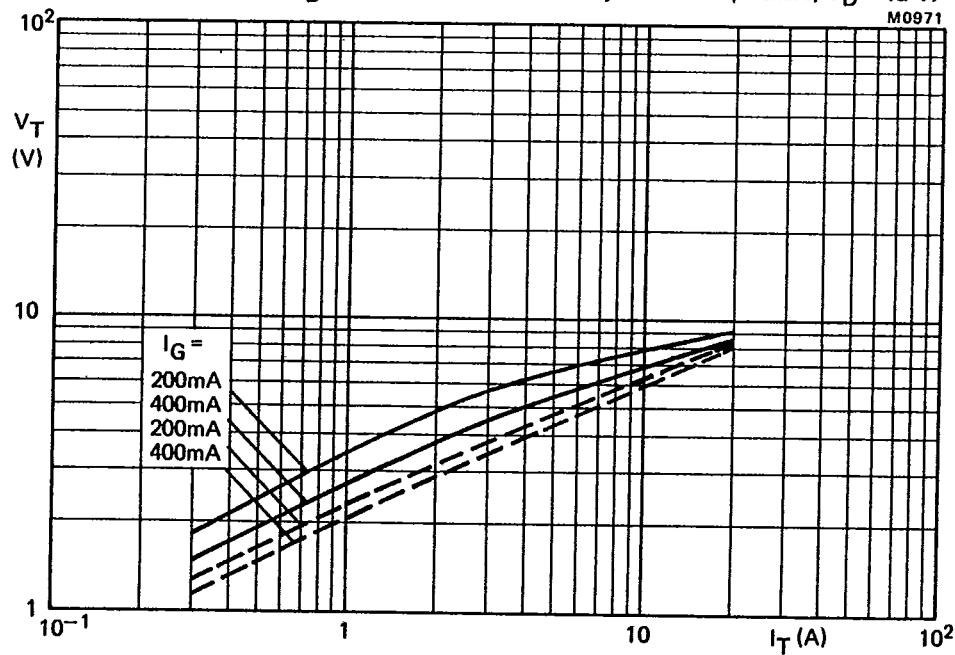


Fig.11 Maximum V_T versus I_T ; — $T_j = 25$ °C; - - - $T_j = 120$ °C.

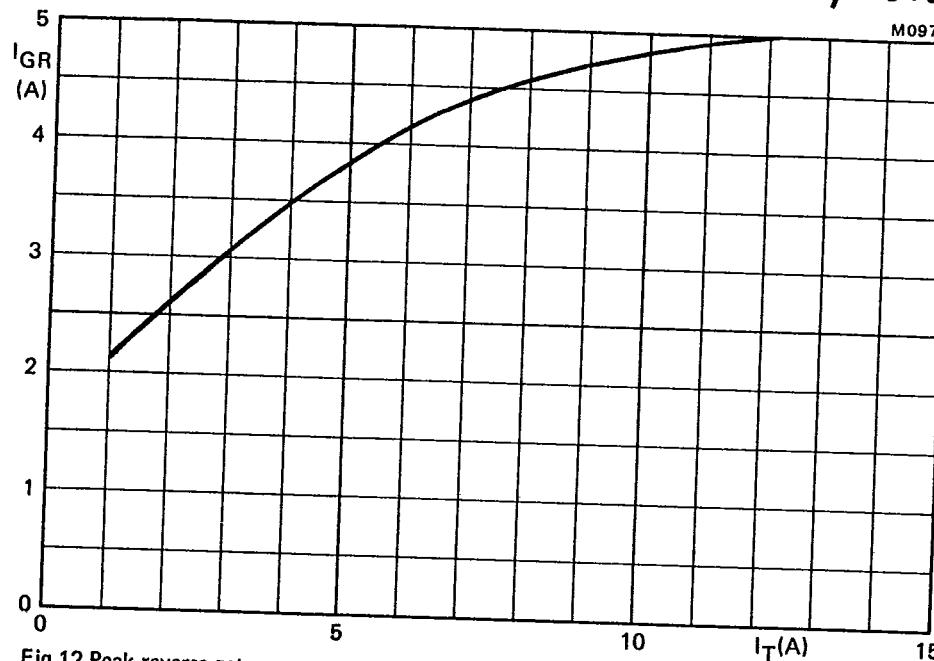
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Fig.12 Peak reverse gate current versus anode current at turn-off; inductive load; $V_{GR} = 10$ V;
 $I_G = 0.2$ A; $L_G = 0.8 \mu\text{H}$; $T_j = 120$ °C; maximum values.

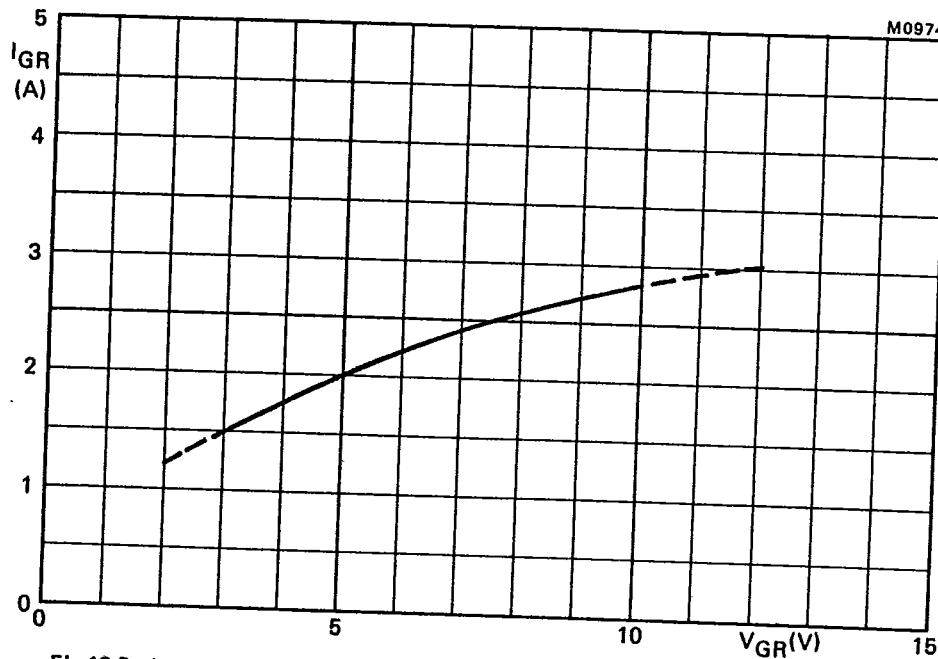


Fig.13 Peak reverse gate current versus applied gate voltage; inductive load; $I_T = 2.5$ A;
 $I_G = 0.2$ A; $L_G = 0.8 \mu\text{H}$; $T_j = 120$ °C; maximum values.

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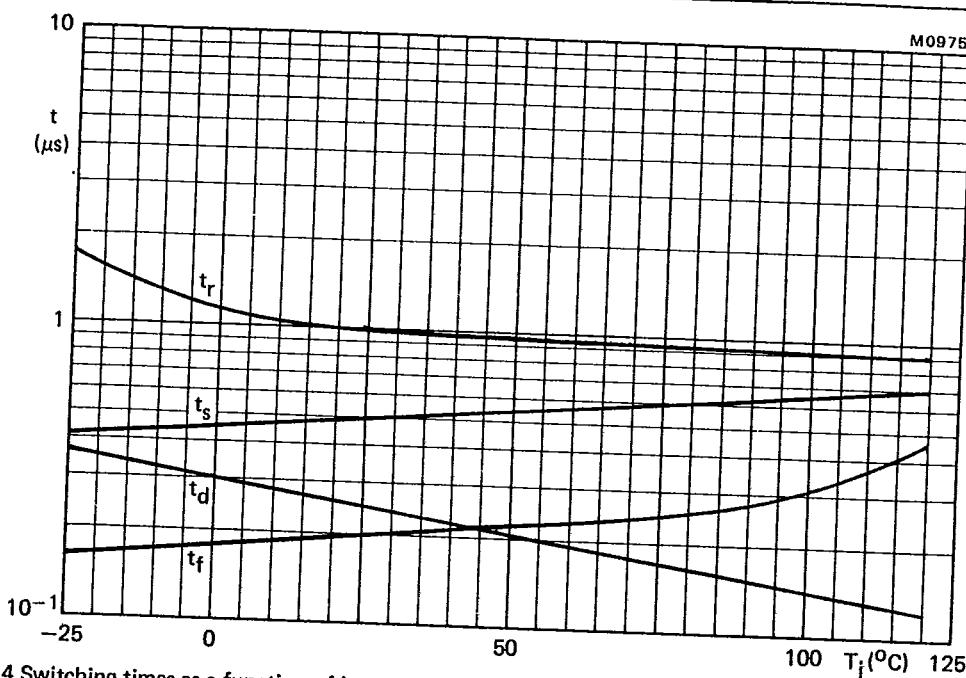


Fig.14 Switching times as a function of junction temperature; V_D ≥ 250 V; I_T = 2.5 A; I_{GF} = 0.4 A; I_G = 0.2 A; V_{GR} = 10 V; L_G = 0.8 μH; maximum values.

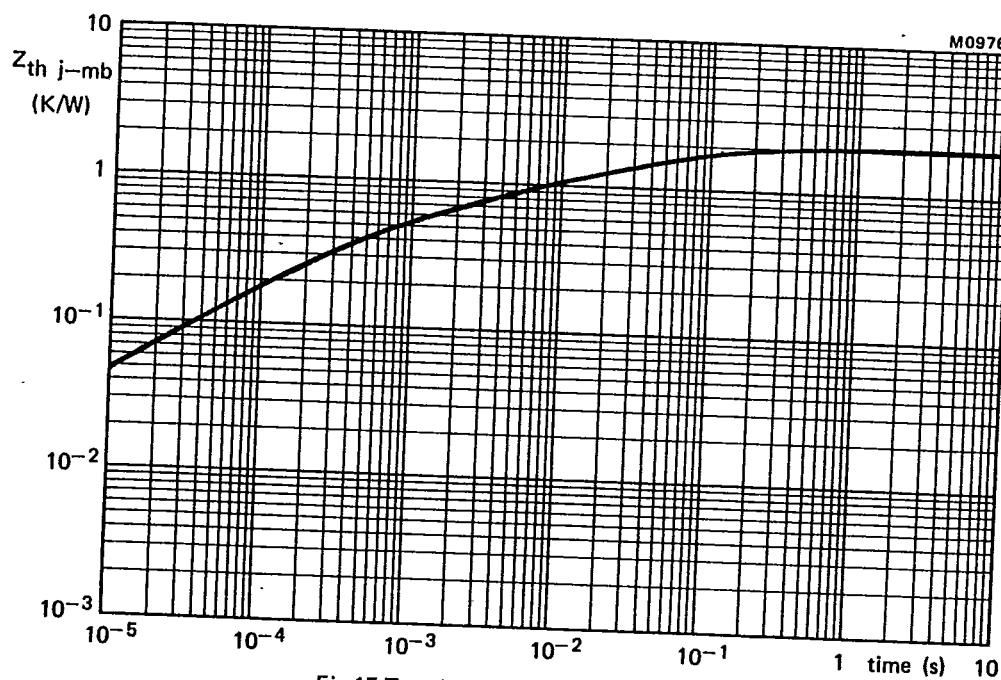


Fig.15 Transient thermal impedance.

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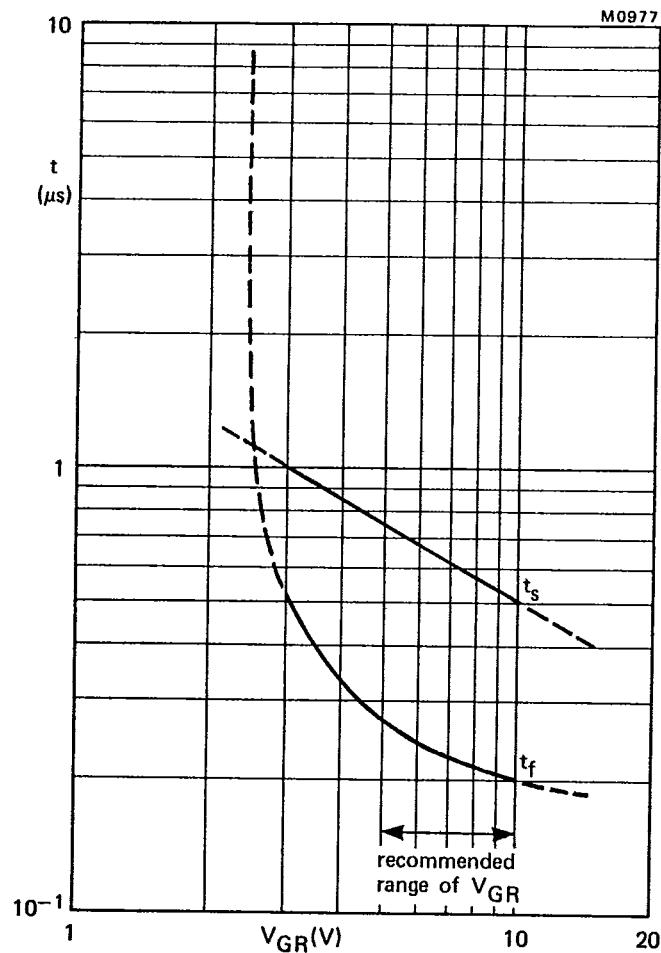


Fig.16 Storage and fall times versus applied reverse gate voltage;
inductive load; $I_T = 2.5 \text{ A}$; $L_G = 0.8 \mu\text{H}$; $I_G = 0.2 \text{ A}$; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$;
maximum values.

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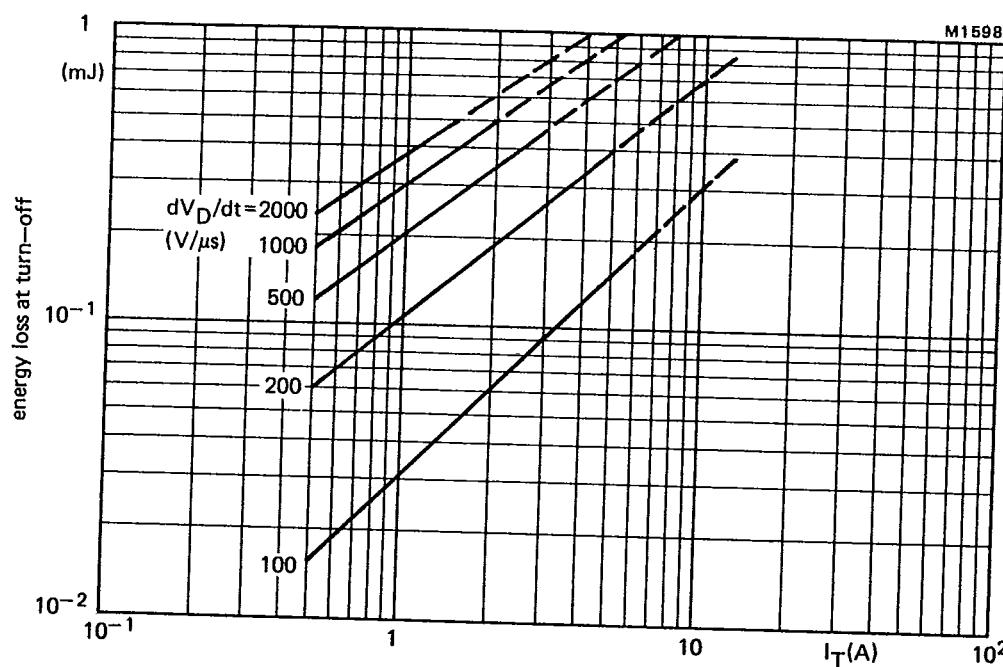


Fig.17 Maximum energy loss at turn-off (per cycle) as a function of anode current and applied dV_D/dt (calculated from I_T/C_S); reapplied voltage sinusoidal up to $V_{DRM} = 1200$ V; $V_{GR} = 10$ V; $I_G = 0.2$ A; $L_G \leq 1.5 \mu$ H; $L_S \leq 0.25 \mu$ H; $T_j = 120$ °C.

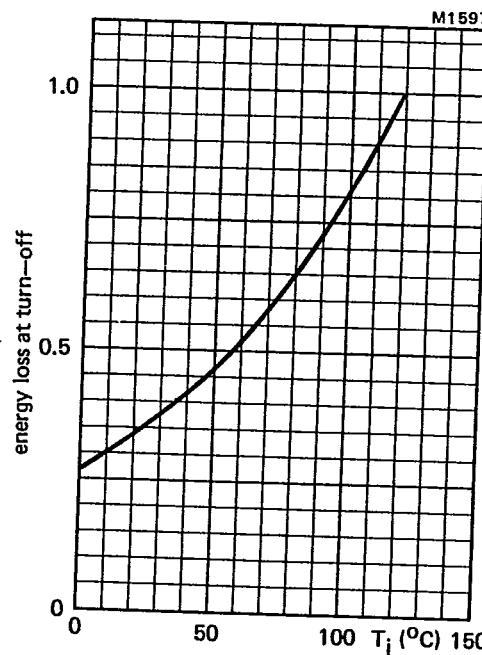


Fig.18 Energy loss at turn off as a function of junction temperature; $I_G = 0.2$ A; $V_{GR} = 10$ V. Normalised to $T_j = 120$ °C.