

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ST78C36/36A is a monolithic Parallel Port Interface for use with IBM PC compatible platforms. Operation as a standard Centronics printer port is the default, but software may re-configure the device to support bi-directional IBM PS/2 parallel port, Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP), or the Extended Capabilities Port (ECP, as defined by Hewlett Packard and Microsoft) modes. The ECP modes are supported by a 16 byte FIFO that may be accessed by programmed I/O or DMA cycles.

### APPLICATIONS

- Printers, Scanners and other peripherals
- ZIP Drives and back up drives
- Printer Server
- Embedded Applications

### FEATURES

- IBM AT bus compatible
- Bi-directional port capability
- 16 byte FIFO for ECP modes
- On-chip oscillator (ST78C36A, ST78C36Q64)
- Software selectable Interrupt (5, 7, or 9) and 8-bit DMA channel (ST78C36CQ64)

FIGURE 1. ST78C36/36A BLOCK DIAGRAM

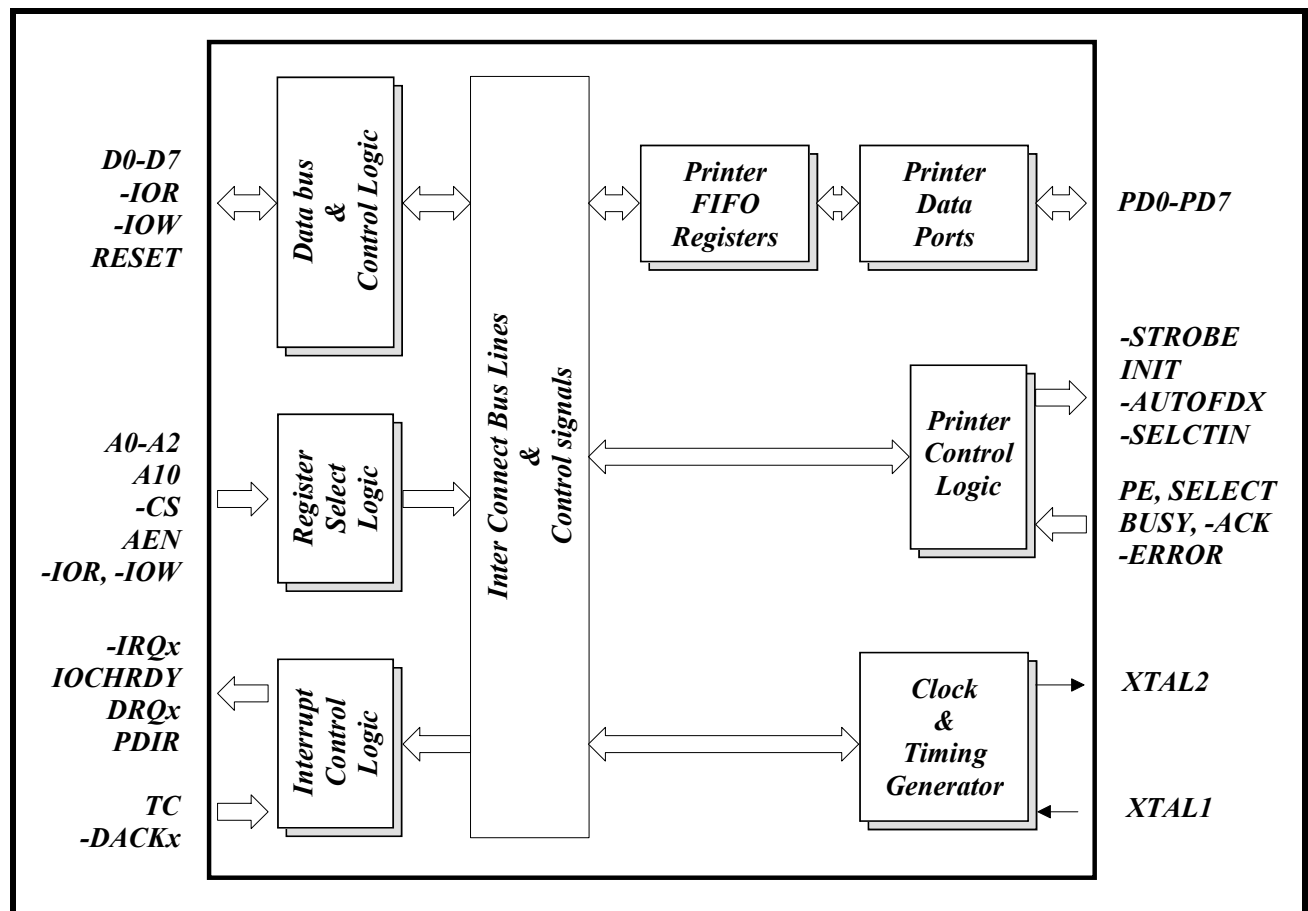
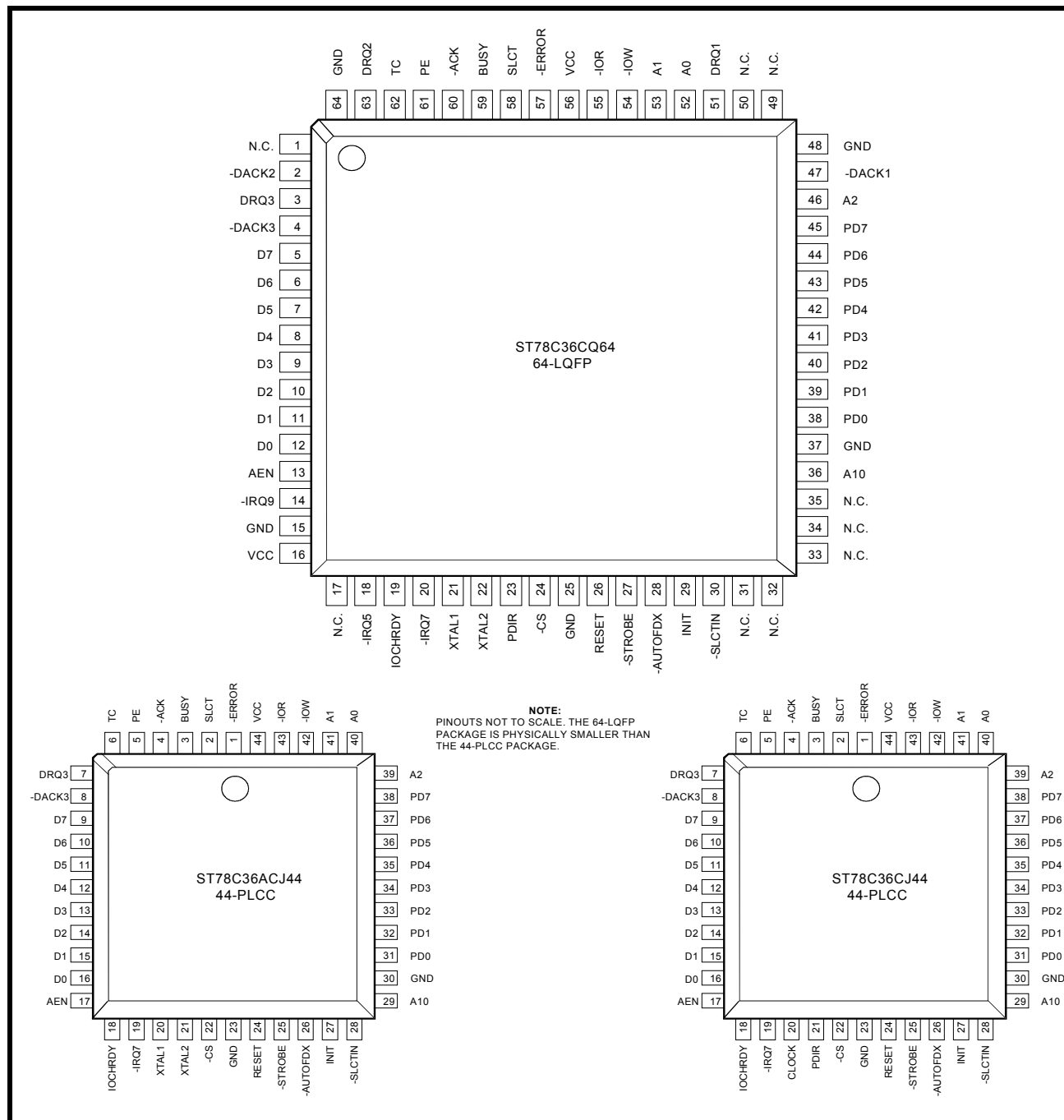


FIGURE 2. ST78C36/36A PIN OUT ASSIGNMENTS



## ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NUMBER  | PACKAGE | OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE | DEVICE STATUS |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| ST78C36CJ44  | 44-PLCC | 0°C to 70°C                 | Active        |
| ST78C36ACJ44 | 44-PLCC | 0°C to 70°C                 | Active        |
| ST78C36CQ64  | 64-LQFP | 0°C to 70°C                 | EOL           |

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| NAME                      | 44-PLCC<br>PIN # | 64-LQFP<br>PIN# | TYPE | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>DATA BUS INTERFACE</b> |                  |                 |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| A10                       | 29               | 36              | I    | Address Select Lines. A10 places the ECP control/status/data ports at 0x400 offset from the -CS decoded address.                                                                                                                                               |
| A2                        | 39               | 46              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| A1                        | 41               | 53              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| A0                        | 40               | 52              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D7                        | 9                | 5               | I/O  | Data bus. Bi-directional data port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| D6                        | 10               | 6               |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D5                        | 11               | 7               |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D4                        | 12               | 8               |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D3                        | 13               | 9               |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D2                        | 14               | 10              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D1                        | 15               | 11              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D0                        | 16               | 12              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| -IOR                      | 43               | 55              | I    | Active low AT bus I/O Read strobe.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| -IOW                      | 42               | 54              | I    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| -CS                       | 22               | 24              | I    | Chip select (active LOW). A LOW at this pin enables the parallel port / CPU data transfer operation.                                                                                                                                                           |
| IOCHRDY                   | 18               | 19              | O    | I/O Channel ready (internal pull-up / three stated active HIGH). This pin goes low when the device requires addition clock cycles for read and write.                                                                                                          |
| -IRQ9                     | -                | 14              | O    | Interrupt Request Lines (three stated active low).                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| -IRQ7                     | 19               | 20              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| -IRQ5                     | -                | 18              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| AEN                       | 17               | 13              | I    | DMA address enable (active HIGH). When this line is HIGH, the DMA controller has control of the address bus.                                                                                                                                                   |
| DRQ3                      | 7                | 3               | O    | Active high AT bus DMA ReQuest for channels 3, 2 and 1 (internal pull-down three stated active HIGH). A request is generated by bringing a DRQx line to a HIGH level. A DRQx line is held HIGH until the corresponding DMA acknowledge "DACKx*" line goes LOW. |
| DRQ2                      | -                | 63              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| DRQ1                      | -                | 51              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| -DACK3                    | 8                | 4               | I    | DMA Acknowledge signals for channels 3, 2 and 1 (internal pull-up /three stated active low).                                                                                                                                                                   |
| -DACK2                    | -                | 2               |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| -DACK1                    | -                | 47              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| TC                        | 6                | 62              | I    | Terminal Count (active HIGH). The ST78C36 terminates the DMA channel when a HIGH pulse is detected.                                                                                                                                                            |

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| NAME                          | 44-PLCC<br>PIN # | 64-LQFP<br>PIN# | TYPE | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>PRINTER PORT INTERFACE</b> |                  |                 |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD7                           | 38               | 45              | I/O  | Bi-directional parallel port (three-state) to transfer data in or out of the ST78C36 parallel port. PD[7:0] are latched during output mode. Output only for SPP and PPF modes, bi-directional for all other modes. |
| PD6                           | 37               | 44              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD5                           | 36               | 43              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD4                           | 35               | 42              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD3                           | 34               | 41              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD2                           | 33               | 40              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD1                           | 32               | 39              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PD0                           | 31               | 38              |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| -STROBE                       | 25               | 27              | O    | Data strobe output (internal pull-up / three stated active low). This output indicates to the printer that valid data is available at the printer port (PD0-PD7).                                                  |
| -AUTOFDX                      | 26               | 28              | O    | Automatic line feed (internal pull-up / three stated active low). When this signal is low the printer should automatically line feed after each line is printed.                                                   |
| INIT                          | 27               | 29              | O    | Initialize line printer (internal pull-up / three stated active low). When this signal is low, it causes the printer to be initialized.                                                                            |
| -SLCTIN                       | 28               | 30              | O    | Line printer select (internal pull-up / three stated active low). When this signal is low, it selects the printer.                                                                                                 |
| -ERROR                        | 1                | 57              | I    | Line printer error (internal pull-up / active low). This is an output from the printer to indicate an error by holding it low during error condition.                                                              |
| SLCT                          | 2                | 58              | I    | Line printer selected (internal pull-up / active high). This is an output from the printer to indicate that the line printer has been selected.                                                                    |
| BUSY                          | 3                | 59              | I    | Line printer busy (internal pull-up / active high). An output from the printer to indicate printer is not ready to accept data.                                                                                    |
| -ACK                          | 4                | 60              | I    | Line printer acknowledge (internal pull-up / active low). This input is pulsed low by the printer to indicate that data has been accepted successfully.                                                            |
| PE                            | 5                | 61              | I    | Line printer paper empty (internal pull-up / active high). An output from the printer to indicate out of paper.                                                                                                    |
| PDIR                          | 21               | 23              | O    | Printer port direction indicator. HIGH indicates device is in input mode, LOW indicates output mode. (ST78C36CJ44 and ST78C36CQ64 only).                                                                           |
| <b>SYSTEM SIGNALS</b>         |                  |                 |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| CLOCK/<br>XTAL1               | 20               | 21              | I    | Crystal oscillator input (ST78C36ACJ44, ST78C36CQ64) or External clock input (ST78C36CJ44), nominal 24 MHz.                                                                                                        |
| XTAL2                         | 21               | 22              | O    | Crystal oscillator output, nominal 24 MHz. ST78C36ACJ44 and ST78C36CQ64 only.                                                                                                                                      |
| RESET                         | 24               | 26              | I    | System RESET (active HIGH).                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| NAME | 44-PLCC<br>PIN # | 64-LQFP<br>PIN#          | TYPE | DESCRIPTION         |
|------|------------------|--------------------------|------|---------------------|
| VCC  | 44               | 16, 56                   | Pwr  | Power Supply (+5V). |
| GND  | 23,30            | 15, 25,<br>37, 48,<br>64 | Pwr  | Supply Ground.      |

### 1.0 OVERVIEW

This device is designed around the Hewlett Packard/Microsoft specification for Extended Capabilities Port Protocol with "ECR mode 100" defined as Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) mode. The internal timing engines were designed around a 24 MHz reference, which can be supplied from an external source or by the built-in oscillator circuit (ST78C36ACJ and ST78C36CQ64 only) with an appropriate crystal.

At system RESET, the device defaults to standard IBM PC compatible Centronics printer mode (output only). The bi-directional PS/2, EPP, and ECP modes can only be activated by programming the ECR mode field (this requires address bit A10 = 1, which is outside the normal ISA I/O space).

Optional capabilities of the ECP specification are set as follows:

- ECP defined interrupts are pulsed, LOW true (Centronics -ACK is non-pulsed, LOW true).
- PWord size is forced to 1 byte.
- There is 1 byte in the transmitter that does not affect the FIFO full bit (ECP modes).
- RLE compression is not supported in hardware.
- IRQ channel is selectable as 5, 7, or 9 (ST78C36CQ64 only).
- DMA channel is selectable as 1, 2, or 3 (ST78C36CQ64 only).
- FIFO THRESHOLD is set at 8 (used only for non-DMA access to the FIFO).

| PORT      | ADDRESS   | R/W | MODE     | FUNCTION                  |
|-----------|-----------|-----|----------|---------------------------|
| DATA      | 000       | R/W | 000, 001 | Data Register             |
| ECP-AFIFO | 000       | W   | 011      | ECP FIFO (Address)        |
| DSR       | 001       | R   | All      | Status Register           |
| DCR       | 002       | R/W | All      | Control Register          |
| EPP-APort | 003       | R/W | 100      | EPP Port (Address)        |
| EPP-DPort | 004 - 007 | R/W | 100      | EPP Port (Data)           |
| C-FIFO    | 400       | W   | 010      | Parallel Port Data FIFO   |
| ECP-DFIFO | 400       | R/W | 011      | ECP FIFO (Data)           |
| T-FIFO    | 400       | R/W | 110      | Test FIFO                 |
| Cnfg-A    | 400       | R   | 111      | Configuration Register A  |
| Cnfg-B    | 401       | R/W | 111      | Configuration Register B  |
| ECR       | 402       | R/W | All      | Extended Control Register |

## **2.0 STANDARD DEFINITIONS**

- **Forward direction only.**
  - Compatible Mode: “Centronics” or standard mode.
- **Reverse direction only.**
  - Nibble mode: 4 bits at a time using status lines for data “Hewlett Packard Bi-tronics”.
- **Bi-directional.**
  - EPP: Enhanced Parallel port-used primarily by non-printer peripherals.
  - ECP: Extended Capability Port-used primarily by new generation of printers and scanners.

## **3.0 INTERNAL REGISTERS**

### **3.1 DATA REGISTER (DATA )**

#### **DATA Bits 7-0:**

For host output cycles in SPP mode (ECR mode 000) or PS/2 mode (ECR mode 001), data from the host is registered at the trailing edge of -IOW. On host input cycles, data at the peripheral port is passed through to the host data bus.

### **3.2 ECP FIFO ADDRESS ( ECP-AFIFO )**

#### **ECP-AFIFO Bits 7-0:**

This port is only available for programmed I/O (non-DMA), and only has significance for host write. Data written to this port is stored in the FIFO if FIFO-F = 0 and will be lost if FIFO-F = 1. A 9th FIFO bit (tag) is set low on write. A read from this port is the same as a read at 400.

### **3.3 STATUS REGISTER ( DSR )**

This status register is read-only except for bit-0, and all bits are latched for the duration of -IOR.

#### **DSR Bit-0:**

If EPP mode is not selected, this bit returns logic one. During EPP mode, bit-0 will return a high if the EPP 10 msecond TimeOut elapsed during the last EPP read or write cycle (this TimeOut also aborts the EPP cycle). This status bit is cleared by exiting EPP mode or by the host writing a high to bit-0 of this register.

#### **DSR Bits 2-1:**

Reserved, logic one.

#### **DSR Bit-3:**

The true state of the -ERROR pad.

#### **DSR Bit-4:**

The true state of the SLCT pad.

#### **DSR Bit-5:**

The true state of the PE(mpty) pad.

#### **DSR Bit-6:**

The true state of the -ACK pad.

#### **DSR Bit-7:**

The complement of the BUSY pad.

### **3.4 CONTROL REGISTER ( DCR )**

#### **DCR Bit-0:**

The complement of this bit drives -STROBE, and the complement of the pad state is returned for read.

#### **DCR Bit-1:**

The complement of this bit drives -AUTOFD, and the complement of the pad state is returned for read.

#### **DCR Bit-2:**

This bit drives INIT, and the pad state is returned for read.

#### **DCR Bit-3:**

The complement of this bit drives -SLCTIN, and the complement of the pad state is returned for read.

#### **DCR Bit-4:**

Ack Interrupt Enable set to a high will generate an interrupt when -ACK is low. When either returns to a high state, this interrupt source will go in-active. This interrupt is not pulsed.

#### **DCR Bit-5:**

Peripheral port direction, OUT = 0 and IN = 1.

This bit is forced to logic zero by ECR modes 000 or 010. It can be written only in ECR mode 001, and will maintain that state if the ECR mode is changed to 011, 100, or 110. This bit must be set low for EPP mode, which allows the host to control direction with -IOR and -IOW. The final port direction also drives PDIR.

#### **DCR Bits 6-7:**

Reserved, logic zero.

### **3.5 EPP ADDRESS PORT ( EPP-APort )**

When EPP mode is enabled, a host read or write with this port will result in a data transfer directly to/from the peripheral with -SLCTIN active. Direction is set by host read/write and will drive -STROBE low during a write if DCR bit 5 (DIR) is not set high.

### **3.6 EPP DATA PORT (EPP-DPort )**

When EPP mode is enabled, a host read or write with this port will result in a data transfer directly to/from the peripheral with -AUTOFD active. Direction is set by host read/write and will drive -STROBE low during a write if DCR bit 5 (DIR) is not set high.

### **3.7 PARALLEL PORT DATA ( C-FIFO )**

This port is available for programmed I/O and DMA access. Data written to this port is stored in the FIFO if FIFO-F = 0 and will be lost if FIFO-F = 1.

Data written to this port will be automatically transferred to the peripheral with -STROBE handshaking with BUSY. This port is only defined for write, host reads will interfere with FIFO read sequencing.

### **3.8 ECP DATA FIFO ( ECP-DFIFO )**

This port is available for programmed I/O and DMA access. Data written to this port is stored in the FIFO if FIFO-F = 0 and will be lost if FIFO-F = 1. A 9th FIFO bit (tag) is set high on write.

Data read from this port will undergo de-compression if the FIFO tag bit and data bit-7 are both low. The byte containing the RLE count is loaded into the RLE counter and the succeeding byte in the FIFO will be returned to the host RLE count + 1 times before the FIFO read address is incremented. If a FIFO under-run is incurred during host read, the last data byte is returned and FIFO-E remains coherent.

### 3.9 TEST FIFO ( T-FIFO )

This port is available for programmed I/O and DMA access. Data written to this port is stored in the FIFO if FIFO-F = 0 and will be lost if FIFO-F = 1. During a read cycle from this port a FIFO under-run will return last data read and FIFO-E remains coherent.

### 3.10 CONFIGURATION REGISTER A ( Cnfg-A )

This read-only register is available in ECR mode 111 only.

#### Cnfg-A Bits 1-0:

Forced to logic zero, this field is don't care for PWord = 1 byte.

#### Cnfg-A Bit-2:

When transmitting, there is 1 byte waiting to be transmitted that does not affect FIFO-F.

#### Cnfg-A Bit-3:

Reserved, logic zero.

#### Cnfg-A Bits 6-4:

Indicates PWord = 1 byte (8-bit implementation).

#### Cnfg-A Bit-7:

Indicates ECP interrupts are pulsed.

### 3.11 CONFIGURATION REGISTER B ( Cnfg-B )

This register is available in ECR mode 111 only, and returns bits 0-5 as logic zero for the ST78C36CJ44. The ST78C36CQ64 will allow programmed selection of the Interrupt and DMA channels after a system RESET state of 001011 (bits 0-5).

#### Cnfg-B Bits 2-0:

With bit 2 forced low, select an 8-bit DMA channel per the following table:

**TABLE 1: DMA CHANNEL SELECTION: CNFG-B BITS[2:0]**

| WRITE TO FIFO | READ FROM FIFO | DMA CHANNEL |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| X00           | 000            | 3           |
| X01           | 001            | 1           |
| X10           | 010            | 2           |
| X11           | 011            | 3 (Default) |

**Cnfg-B Bits 5-3:**

Select an IRQ channel per the following table:

**TABLE 2: IRQ SELECTION: CNFG-B BITS[5:3]**

| WRITE TO FIFO | READ FROM FIFO | IRQ         |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| 000           | 001            | 7           |
| 001           | 001            | 7 (Default) |
| 010           | 010            | 9           |
| 011           | 001            | 7           |
| 100           | 001            | 7           |
| 101           | 001            | 7           |
| 110           | 001            | 7           |
| 111           | 111            | 5           |

**Cnfg-B Bit-6:**

Returns the true value of the selected IRQ pad.

**Cnfg-B Bit-7:**

Indicates RLE compression is not supported.

**3.12 EXTENDED CONTROL REGISTER ( ECR )**

The Extended Control Register has a system RESET state of 10010101. The significance of the bits is defined by the ECP specification as:

**ECR Bit-0:**

This read-only bit returns FIFO empty status (FIFO-E) and is forced high unless PPF, ECP, or TST mode is selected.

0 = At least one byte of data contains in the FIFO.

1 = FIFO is empty.

**ECR Bit-1:**

This read-only bit returns FIFO full status (FIFO-F) and is forced low unless PPF, ECP, or TST mode is selected.

0 = At least one empty location is available in the FIFO.

1 = FIFO is full.

**ECP/EPP PARALLEL PRINTER PORT WITH 16-BYTE FIFO****ECR Bit-2:**

When low, this bit (ServiceIntr) enables a pulsed interrupt and enables DMA requests (if bit-3 is set). If the enabled interrupt occurs, this bit is automatically returned to a high. The interrupt conditions are:

ECR Bit-3 = DMA

DCR Bit-5 = DIRection

**TABLE 3: DMA CONDITION**

| DMA | DIR | CONDITION                  |
|-----|-----|----------------------------|
| 0   | 0   | 8 empty bytes in the FIFO  |
| 0   | 1   | 8 filled bytes in the FIFO |
| 1   | X   | DMA Terminal Count (TC).   |

**ECR BIT-3:**

This bit disables DMA when set low. When set high, a low on ServiceIntr will enable DMA requests.

0 = DMA disabled, DRQx pin is three-stated.

1 = DMA enabled

**ECR Bit-4:**

When low, this bit (-ErrIntrEn) enables a pulsed interrupt if -ERROR (-Fault) is low. The interrupt is only enabled in ECP mode.

**ECR Bits 7-5:**

This field can be set to any value if the current value is 000 or 001. If the current value is not 000 or 001, then the field can only be written to 000 or 001. The modes are defined as:

**TABLE 4: DESCRIPTION OF PARALLEL PORT MODES**

| MODE | NAME | DESCRIPTION                                                                         |
|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 000  | SPP  | Standard Centronics, output only. DCR bit-5 is forced to "0".                       |
| 001  | PS2  | Bi-directional PS/2 parallel port. FIFO is disabled                                 |
| 010  | PPF  | FIFOed, output only. DCR Bit-5 is forced to "0".                                    |
| 011  | ECP  | ECP FIFOed port with RLE de-compression. FIFO direction is controlled by DCR Bit-5. |
| 100  | EPP  | EPP mode.                                                                           |
| 101  | -    | Reserved.                                                                           |
| 110  | TST  | FIFO test mode. FIFO is accessible via TFIFO register.                              |
| 111  | CFG  | Configuration A/B register enable.                                                  |

## **4.0 DEVICE OPERATION**

### **4.1 SPP MODE**

This is ECR mode 000 (system RESET mode).

In this output-only mode the host data is registered to PD[7:0] at the trailing edge of -IOW; PDIR is driven low; -STROBE, -AUTOFD, INIT, and -SLCTIN are open-drain; and all timing is managed by the host through DSR and DCR registers.

### **4.2 PS2 MODE**

This is ECR mode 001.

In this bi-directional mode the host output data is registered to PD[7:0] at the trailing edge of -IOW, PDIR is driven by DIR to allow peripheral data input, -AUTOFD, INIT, and -SLCTIN are totem-pole, and all timing is managed by the host through DSR and DCR registers.

### **4.3 PPF MODE**

This is ECR mode 010.

In this output-only mode the host data is written to the FIFO with I/O writes to address 400 or by DMA writes; PDIR is driven low; -AUTOFD, INIT, and -SLCTIN are totem-pole.

FIFO data is automatically registered to PD[7:0] whenever the FIFO-E bit is low (data available), and timing is generated by controller logic that handshakes -STROBE (controller) with BUSY (peripheral).

### **4.4 ECP MODE**

This is ECR mode 011.

In this bi-directional mode the host data is written to the FIFO with I/O writes to address 000, 400 or DMA; PDIR is driven by DIR (can only be set in ECR mode 001); -AUTOFD, INIT, and -SLCTIN are totem-pole. I/O writes to address 000 will write a low into the FIFO tag bit, while I/O writes to address 400 or DMA will insert a high.

#### **4.4.1 ECP FORWARD MODE (PDIR = 0)**

FIFO data is automatically registered to PD[7:0] whenever the FIFO-E bit is low (data available), and timing is generated by controller logic that handshakes -STROBE (controller) with BUSY (peripheral). Data from the FIFO tag bit is output on -AUTOFD after being registered simultaneous with FIFO data.

#### **4.4.2 ECP REVERSE MODE (PDIR = 1)**

PD[7:0] data and BUSY are latched into the FIFO and tag bit respectively at the trailing edge of -AUTOFD if FIFO-F = 0. Timing is generated by controller logic that handshakes -ACK (peripheral) with -AUTOFD (controller).

#### **4.5 EPP MODE**

This is ECR mode 100.

In this bi-directional mode, I/O writes will latch host output data at the trailing edge of -IOW, and peripheral input data will be latched at the trailing edge of -SLCTIN or -AUTOFD. PDIR, and -STROBE are driven by the state of -IOW (DCR bits 5 and 0 must be set low); -AUTOFD, INIT, and -SLCTIN are totem-pole.

EPP mode allows buffered access between the PC bus and the peripheral with timing provided by the peripheral via BUSY handshake into IOCHRDY. I/O cycles with address 003 - 007 will immediately drive IOCHRDY low. -STROBE will go low and PD[7:0] is allowed to change (write cycles) after BUSY has been low for at least 60n second. (this delay may have elapsed prior to cycle initiation), immediately followed by a low driven on -SLCTIN for address 003 or -AUTOFD (DATASTB\*) for address 004 - 007 (read and write cycles). When BUSY returns high for a minimum of 60n second, IOCHRDY and the active strobe will be driven high - allowing the host to complete the I/O transaction.

To prevent a system stall, a 10 msecond Timeout aborts the cycle if it expires before BUSY returns high. This Timeout also sets bit 0 of DCR, which is cleared by disabling EPP mode or writing a high to DCR bit 0.

#### **4.6 TST MODE**

This is ECR mode 110.

This mode allows data to be transferred (read or write in any direction) between the FIFO and host at address 400 or DMA without activating the control interface (no data is transferred to/from the peripheral). PDIR is driven by DIR (can only be set in ECR mode 001); -AUTOFD, INIT, and -SLCTIN are totem-pole.

Performing I/O cycles in this mode allows software to test for the value of FIFOThreshold (FT) for both output and input directions.

#### **4.7 CFG MODE**

This is ECR mode 111.

This mode enables I/O access to the configuration registers CONF-A and CONF-B and disables I/O access to the FIFO.

##### **4.7.1 IRQ**

The module has four sources of interrupt which may be directed to -IRQ5, -IRQ7, -IRQ9 (see CONF-B) or externally jumpered.

1. When DCR bit 4 (AIE) is high and -ACK is low the interrupt is active.
2. When ECP mode is active, if ECR bit 4 is low when ERROR transitions low or ECR bit 4 transitions low when -Fault is low an interrupt pulse of at least 200n seconds will be generated.
3. In FIFO modes (PPF, ECP, or TST) with ECR bit 3 (DMA) low, an interrupt pulse of at least 200n seconds will be generated when ECR bit 2 (SI) is set low if there are at least 8 empty bytes in the FIFO and PDIR = 0 or there are at least 8 filled bytes in the FIFO and PDIR = 1. This interrupt will automatically disable itself by setting ECR bit 2 high.
4. In FIFO modes (PPF, ECP, or TST) with (DMA request enabled), an interrupt pulse of at least 200n seconds will be generated when TC is received if PD-ACK is low.

This interrupt will automatically disable itself and the DMA request by setting ECR bit 2 high.

#### 4.7.2 DMA

DMA cycles occur only between the host and the FIFO data port (address 400) for PPF, ECP, or TST modes. The selected DRQ(1, 2, or 3) will be driven high if ECR bit 3 (DMA) is high and ECR bit 2 (SI) is low when {PDIR = 0 and FIFO-F = 0} or {PDIR = 1 and FIFO-E = 0} or TST mode is active.

When the selected D-ACK(1, 2, or 3) is low, -IOW will transfer host data to the FIFO and -IOR will transfer FIFO data to the host.

The selected DRQ will be driven low to terminate the DMA channel when {PDIR = 0 and FIFO-F = 1} or {PDIR = 1 and FIFO-E = 1} or ECR bit 2 (SI) goes high (interrupt condition 4 above) or more than 32 consecutive DMA data cycles (read or write) have occurred.

FIFO-F and FIFO-E terminated cycles will automatically restart when their state returns low. Consecutive cycle termination will automatically restart because the counter is reset when the selected D-ACK goes high. TC terminated cycles can only be restarted by the host setting ECR bit 2 (SI) low again.

#### 4.7.3 RLE

The module does not support RLE compression (indicated by the "0" in CONF-B bit 7) but is required to support RLE de-compression.

The host may send compressed data to the peripheral by writing the RLE length byte (bit 7 = 0) to address 000 (NOTE: DMA cannot be used for this byte) which will place a zero into the FIFO tag bit. This must be followed immediately by the data byte being written to the FIFO at address 400. These bytes will be transferred to the peripheral in the normal manner.

De-compression takes place if PDIR = 1 when data is read from the FIFO at address 000, 400 or DMA. When a byte is read from the FIFO, bits 0-6 (length) are placed in a counter if data bit-7 and the FIFO tag bit are both low. The subsequent byte in the FIFO (data) is presented to the host count + 1 times before the FIFO read pointer is advanced.

**TABLE 5: INTERNAL REGISTERS DESCRIPTION**

| A10 | A2 | A1 | A0 | REGISTER                 | D7              | D6            | D5            | D4              | D3            | D2             | D1           | D0            |
|-----|----|----|----|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | Data Port ,<br>ECP-AFIFO | PD7             | PD6           | PD5           | PD4             | PD3           | PD2            | PD1          | PD0           |
| 0   | 0  | 0  | 1  | DSR                      | BUSY            | -ACK          | PE            | SLCT            | ERROR         | 1              | 1            | 1             |
| 0   | 0  | 1  | 0  | DCR                      | 0               | 0             | DIR           | INT<br>enable   | -SLCTIN       | INIT           | -AUTO-<br>FD | -STROBE       |
| 0   | 0  | 1  | 1  | EPP-APort                | AP-7            | AP-6          | AP-5          | AP-4            | AP-3          | AP-2           | AP-1         | AP-0          |
| 1   | 0  | 0  | 0  | EPP-DPort                | PDA-7           | PDA-6         | PDA-5         | PDA-4           | PDA-3         | PDA-2          | PDA-1        | PDA-0         |
| 0   | 1  | 0  | 1  | EPP-DPort                | PDB-7           | PDB-6         | PDB-5         | PDB-4           | PDB-3         | PDB-2          | PDB-1        | PDB-0         |
| 0   | 1  | 1  | 0  | EPP-DPort                | PDC-7           | PDC-6         | PDC-5         | PDC-4           | PDC-3         | PDC-2          | PDC-1        | PDC-0         |
| 0   | 1  | 1  | 1  | EPP-DPort                | PDD-7           | PDD-6         | PDD-5         | PDD-4           | PDD-3         | PDD-2          | PDD-1        | PDD-0         |
| 1   | X  | 0  | 0  | CONF-A                   | ECP<br>INT type | 0             | 0             | 1               | 0             | FIFO-F         | 0            | 0             |
| 1   | X  | 0  | 1  | CONF-B                   | RLE             | IRQ<br>Input  | IRQ<br>Sel-2  | IRQ<br>Sel-1    | IRQ<br>Sel-0  | DMA<br>Sel-2   | DMA<br>Sel-1 | DMA<br>Sel-0  |
| 1   | X  | 1  | 0  | ECR                      | MODE<br>Sel-2   | MODE<br>Sel-1 | MODE<br>Sel-0 | FAULT<br>enable | DMA<br>En/Dis | Service<br>INT | FIFO<br>full | FIFO<br>empty |

**ECP/EPP PARALLEL PRINTER PORT WITH 16-BYTE FIFO****5.0 SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS IN VARIOUS MODES****TABLE 6: "CENTRONICS, SPP" SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS**

| SIGNAL NAME | SIGNAL TYPE | DESCRIPTION                                                                                     |
|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| -STROBE     | O           | Active low. Indicates valid data is on the data lines.                                          |
| -AUTOFD     | O           | Active low. Instructs the printer to automatically insert a line feed for each carriage return. |
| -SLCTIN     | O           | Active low. Used to indicate to the printer that it is selected.                                |
| INIT        | O           | Active low. Used to reset the printer                                                           |
| -ACK        | I           | A low asserted pulse used to indicate that the last character was received.                     |
| BUSY        | I           | A high signal asserted by the printer to indicate that it is busy and cannot take data.         |
| PE          | I           | A high signal indicated that printer Paper is empty.                                            |
| SLCT        | I           | A high signal indicates that printer is online.                                                 |
| -ERROR      | I           | Asserted low to indicate that some error condition exists.                                      |
| PD0-PD7     | O           | Data.                                                                                           |

TABLE 7: "NIBBLE MODE" SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

| SIGNAL NAME | SIGNAL TYPE | NIBBLE MODE NAME | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                     |
|-------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| -STROBE     | O           | -STROBE          | Not used for reverse data transfer.                                                                                             |
| -AUTOFD     | O           | HostBusy         | Host nibble mode handshake signal. Set low to indicate host is ready for nibble. Set high to indicate nibble has been received. |
| -SLCTIN     | O           | 1284Active       | Set high when host is in a 1284 transfer mode.                                                                                  |
| INIT        | O           | INIT             | Not used for reverse data transfer.                                                                                             |
| -ACK        | I           | PtrClk           | Set low to indicate valid nibble data, set high in response to "HostBusy" going high.                                           |
| BUSY        | I           | PtrBusy          | Used for Data Bit-3, then Bit-7.                                                                                                |
| PE          | I           | AckDataReq       | Used for Data Bit-2, then Bit-6.                                                                                                |
| SLCT        | I           | Xflag            | Used for Data Bit-1, then Bit-5.                                                                                                |
| -ERROR      | I           | -DataAvail       | Used for Data Bit-0, then Bit-4.                                                                                                |
| PD0-PD7     | O           | N/A              | Not used.                                                                                                                       |

### 5.1 NIBBLE Mode Data Transfer Cycle

- Host signals ability to take data by asserting HostBusy low.
- Peripheral responds by placing first nibble on status lines.
- Peripheral signals valid nibble by asserting PtrClk low.
- Host sets HostBusy high to indicate that it has received the nibble and is not ready for another nibble.
- Peripheral sets PtrClk high to acknowledge host.

TABLE 8: "EPP MODE" SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

| SIGNAL NAME | SIGNAL TYPE | EPP MODE NAME | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                     |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| -STROBE     | O           | -Write        | Active low. Indicates a write operation, high for a read cycle                                                                  |
| -AUTOFD     | O           | -DataStb      | Active low. Indicates a Data-Read or Data-Write operation is in process.                                                        |
| -SLCTIN     | O           | -AddrStb      | Active low. Indicates an Address-Read or Address-Write operation is in process.                                                 |
| INIT        | O           | -Reset        | Active low. Peripheral reset.                                                                                                   |
| -ACK        | I           | -Intr         | Peripheral interrupt. Used to generate an interrupt to the host.                                                                |
| BUSY        | I           | -Wait         | Handshake signal. When low it indicates that is okay to start a cycle, when high it indicates that it is okay to end the cycle. |
| PE          | I           | User defined  |                                                                                                                                 |
| SLCT        | I           | User defined  |                                                                                                                                 |
| -ERROR      | I           | User defined  |                                                                                                                                 |
| PD0-PD7     | O           | AD0-AD7       | Bi-directional address / data lines.                                                                                            |

### 5.2 EPP Mode Data Transfer Cycle

- Program executes an I/O write cycle to EPP Data Port-4.
- The -Write line is asserted and the data is output to the parallel port.
- The -DataStb is asserted, since -Write is asserted low.
- The port waits for the acknowledge from the peripheral, -Write deasserted.
- The -DataStr is deasserted and EPP cycle ends.
- -Write is asserted low to indicate that the next cycle may begin.

TABLE 9: “ECP MODE” SIGNAL DESCRIPTION

| SIGNAL NAME | SIGNAL TYPE | ECP MODE NAME | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| -STROBE     | O           | HostClk       | Used with PeriphAck to transfer data or address information in the forward direction.                                                        |
| -AUTOFD     | O           | HostAck       | Provides Command / Data status in the forward direction. Used with PeriphClk to transfer data in the reverse direction.                      |
| -SLCTIN     | O           | 1284Active    | Set high when host is in a 1284 transfer mode.                                                                                               |
| INIT        | O           | -ReverseReq   | Driven low to put the channel in reverse direction.                                                                                          |
| -ACK        | I           | PeriphClk     | Used with HostAck to transfer data in the reverse direction.                                                                                 |
| BUSY        | I           | PeriphAck     | Used with HostClk to transfer data or address information in the forward direction. Provides Command / Data status in the reverse direction. |
| PE          | I           | -AckReverse   | Driven low to acknowledge ReverseRequest.                                                                                                    |
| SLCT        | I           | Xflag         | Extensibility flag.                                                                                                                          |
| -ERROR      | I           | -PeriphReq    | Set low by peripheral to indicate that reverse dat is available.                                                                             |
| PD0-PD7     | I/O         | D0-D7         | Bi-directional data lines.                                                                                                                   |

### 5.3 ECP Mode Forward Data and Command Transfer Cycle

- Host places data on the data lines and indicates a data cycle by setting HostAck high.
- Host asserts HostClk low to indicate valid data.
- Peripheral acknowledge host by setting PeriphAck high.
- Host sets HostClk high. This is the edge that should be used to clock the data in to the peripheral.
- Peripheral sets PeriphAck low to indicate that it is ready for the next byte.
- The cycle repeats, but this time it is command cycle because HostAck is low.

### 5.4 ECP Mode Reverse Data and Command Transfer Cycle

- The Host requests a reverse channel transfer by setting -ReverseReq low.
- The peripheral signals that it is okay to proceed by setting -AckReverse low.
- The peripheral places data on the data lines and indicates a data cycle by setting PeriphAck high.
- Peripheral asserts PeriphClk low to indicate valid data.
- Host acknowledges by setting HostAck high.
- Peripheral sets PeriphClk high. This is the edge that should be used to clock the data in to the host.
- Host sets HostAck low to indicate that it is ready for the next byte.
- The cycle repeats, but this time it is a Command cycle because PeriphAck is low.

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C} - 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V} \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER                                                       | LIMITS |     |     | UNITS |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|
|        |                                                                 | MIN    | TYP | MAX |       |
| T1     | AEN setup to command active                                     | 40     |     |     | ns    |
| T2     | Command width                                                   | 150    |     |     | ns    |
| T3     | AEN hold from command inactive                                  | 60     |     |     | ns    |
| T4     | Data access from -IOR active                                    |        |     | 100 | ns    |
| T5     | Data setup to -IOW inactive                                     | 40     |     |     | ns    |
| T6     | Data hold from command inactive                                 | 60     |     |     | ns    |
| T7     | PD7-0, -STROBE, -AUTOFD, INIT, -SLCTIN delay from -IOW inactive |        |     | 100 | ns    |
| T8     | Interrupt delay from -ACK                                       |        |     | 60  | ns    |
| T9     | Interrupt pre-charge pulse at release                           |        |     | 10  | ns    |
| T10    | TC pulse width                                                  | 60     |     |     | ns    |
| T11    | TC active to DRQx inactive                                      |        |     | 100 | ns    |
| T12    | DRQx active to -DACKx active                                    | 0      |     |     | ns    |
| T13    | DRQx inactive delay from -DACKx active                          |        |     | 100 | ns    |
| T14    | PD7-0 setup to -STROBE active                                   |        | 600 |     | ns    |
| T15    | -STROBE width                                                   |        | 600 |     | ns    |
| T16    | PD7-0 hold from -STROBE inactive                                |        | 450 |     | ns    |
| T17    | PD7-0 hold from BUSY inactive                                   |        | 80  |     | ns    |
| T18    | -STROBE active to BUSY active (handshake)                       |        |     | 500 | ns    |
| T19    | BUSY inactive to -STROBE active (cycle delay)                   |        | 680 |     | ns    |
| T20    | PD7-0, -AUTOFD setup to -STROBE active                          |        | 0   | 60  | ns    |
| T21    | PD7-0, -AUTOFD hold from BUSY active                            |        | 80  | 180 | ns    |
| T22    | -STROBE inactive to BUSY inactive                               |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T23    | BUSY inactive to -STROBE active                                 |        | 80  | 200 | ns    |
| T24    | -STROBE active to BUSY active                                   |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T25    | BUSY active to -STROBE inactive                                 |        | 80  | 180 | ns    |
| T26    | PD7-0, BUSY setup to -ACK active                                |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T27    | PD7-0 data hold from -AUTOFD active                             |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T28    | -ACK inactive to -AUTOFD active                                 |        | 80  | 200 | ns    |
| T29    | -AUTOFD active to -ACK active                                   |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T30    | -ACK active to -AUTOFD inactive                                 |        | 80  | 200 | ns    |

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C} - 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V} \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER                                           | LIMITS |     |     | UNITS |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|
|        |                                                     | MIN    | TYP | MAX |       |
| T31    | -AUTOFD inactive to -ACK inactive                   |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T32    | Host address setup to -IOW active                   |        | 40  |     | ns    |
| T33    | Host address hold from -IOW active                  |        | 60  |     | ns    |
| T34    | Host data setup to -IOW active                      |        | 0   | 20  | ns    |
| T35    | Host data hold from -IOW active                     |        | 50  |     | ns    |
| T36    | -IOW active to IOCHRDY low                          |        | 0   | 20  | ns    |
| T37    | IOCHRDY high to Host terminate (-IOW inactive)      |        | 10  |     | ns    |
| T38    | -IOW inactive to Host command active (-IOW or -IOR) |        | 40  |     | ns    |
| T39    | IOCHRDY pre-charge width at release                 |        |     | 10  | ns    |
| T40    | Host address setup to -IOR active                   |        | 40  |     | ns    |
| T41    | Host address hold from -IOR active                  |        | 10  |     | ns    |
| T42    | Host data setup to -IOR inactive                    |        | 0   | 20  | ns    |
| T43    | Host data hold from -IOR inactive                   |        | 0   |     | ns    |
| T44    | -IOR active to IOCHRDY low                          |        | 0   | 20  | ns    |
| T45    | IOCHRDY high to Host terminate (-IOR inactive)      |        | 10  |     | ns    |
| T46    | -IOR inactive to Host command active (-IOW or -IOR) |        | 40  |     | ns    |

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C} - 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V} \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL     | PARAMETER                         | LIMITS |     |     | UNIT          | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                               |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            |                                   | MIN    | TYP | MAX |               |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $V_{ILCK}$ | Clock Input Low level             | -0.5   |     | 0.6 | V             |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $V_{IHCK}$ | Clock Input High level            | 3.0    |     | VCC | V             |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $V_{IL}$   | Input Low level                   | -0.5   |     | 0.8 | V             |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $V_{IH}$   | Input High level                  | 2.0    |     | VCC | V             |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $V_{OL}$   | Output Low level                  |        |     | 0.4 | V             | DRQ1-3, IOCHRDY: $I_{OL} = 14\text{ mA}$<br>D0-D7: $I_{OL} = 12\text{ mA}$<br>PDIR: $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$<br>All other outputs: $I_{OL} = 20\text{ mA}$ |
| $V_{OH}$   | Output High level                 | 2.4    |     |     | V             | D0-D7: $I_{OH} = -12\text{ mA}$<br>PDIR: $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$<br>All other outputs: $I_{OH} = -20\text{ mA}$                                          |
| ICC        | Avg. power supply current         |        | 7   | 9   | mA            |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $I_{IL}$   | Input leakage                     |        |     | 10  | $\mu\text{A}$ |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $I_{CL}$   | Clock leakage                     |        |     | 10  | $\mu\text{A}$ |                                                                                                                                                          |
| $I_R$      | Internal pull up resistor current | -85    |     | -30 | $\mu\text{A}$ | For inputs -DACK1-3, -ERROR, SLCT, BUSY, -ACK and PE                                                                                                     |

**NOTE:** Hewlett Packard / Microsoft compliance testing requires all ECP mode drivers to be push-pull and that they have an impedance controlled series resistor of at least 20 Ohms and that the typical on resistance of the combination of the driver-resistor pair is in the 45-65 Ohm range.

FIGURE 3. GENERAL READ/WRITE TIMING

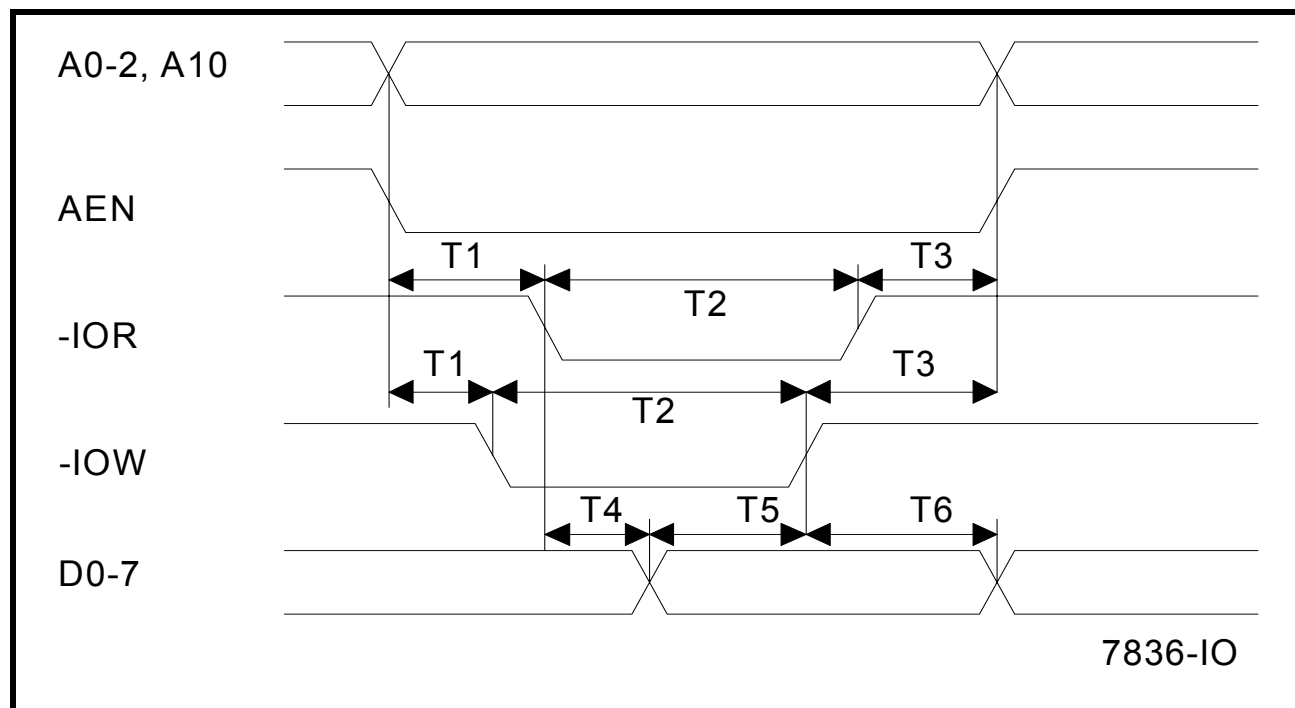


FIGURE 4. PARALLEL PORT TIMING IN SPP, PS/2 MODES

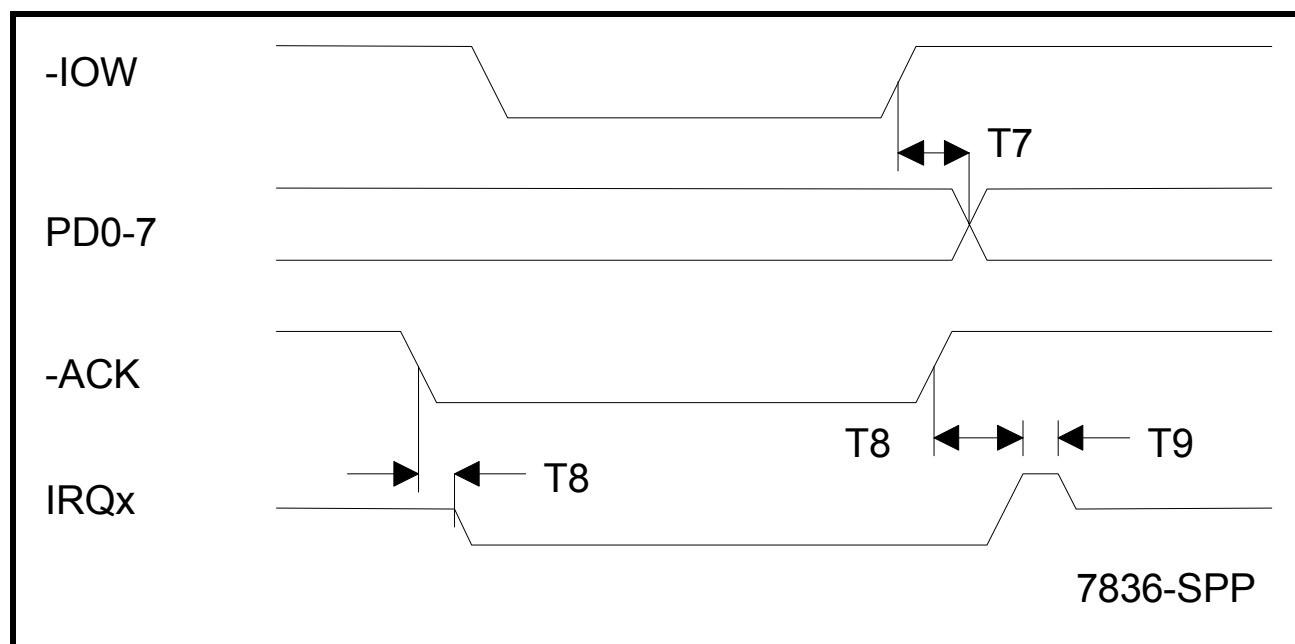


FIGURE 5. HOST DMA TIMING IN ECP MODE

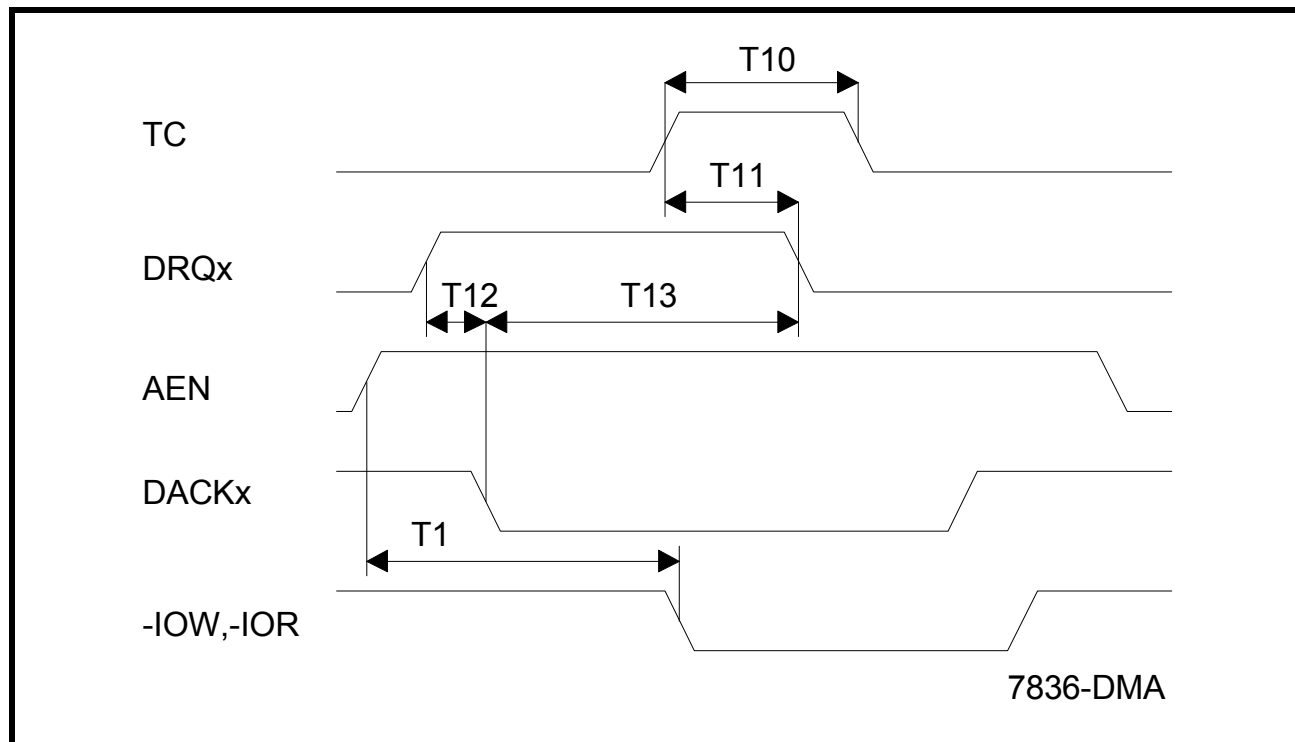


FIGURE 6. PARALLEL PORT FIFO TIMING

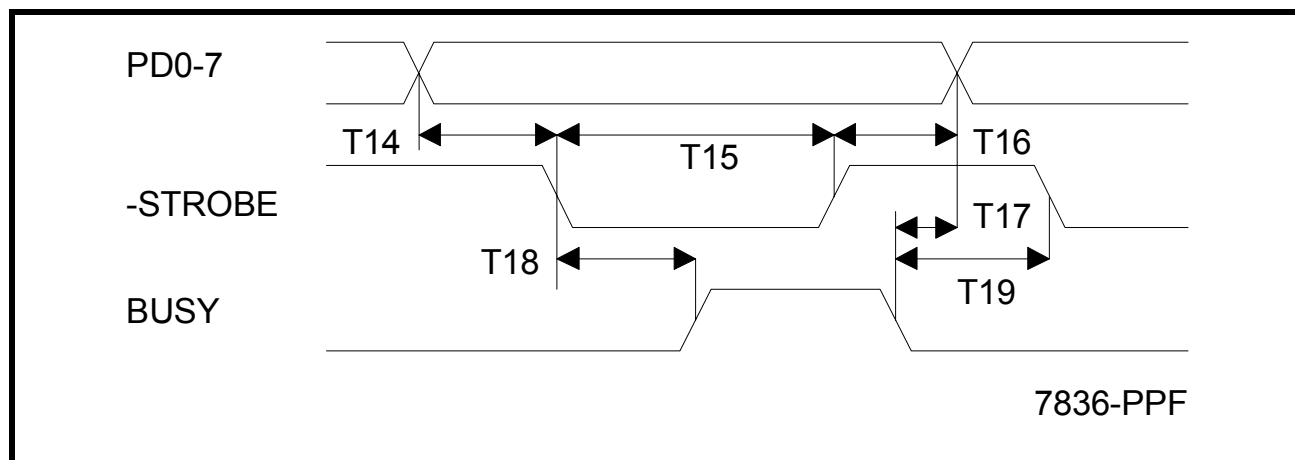


FIGURE 7. PARALLEL PORT FORWARD TIMING IN ECP MODE

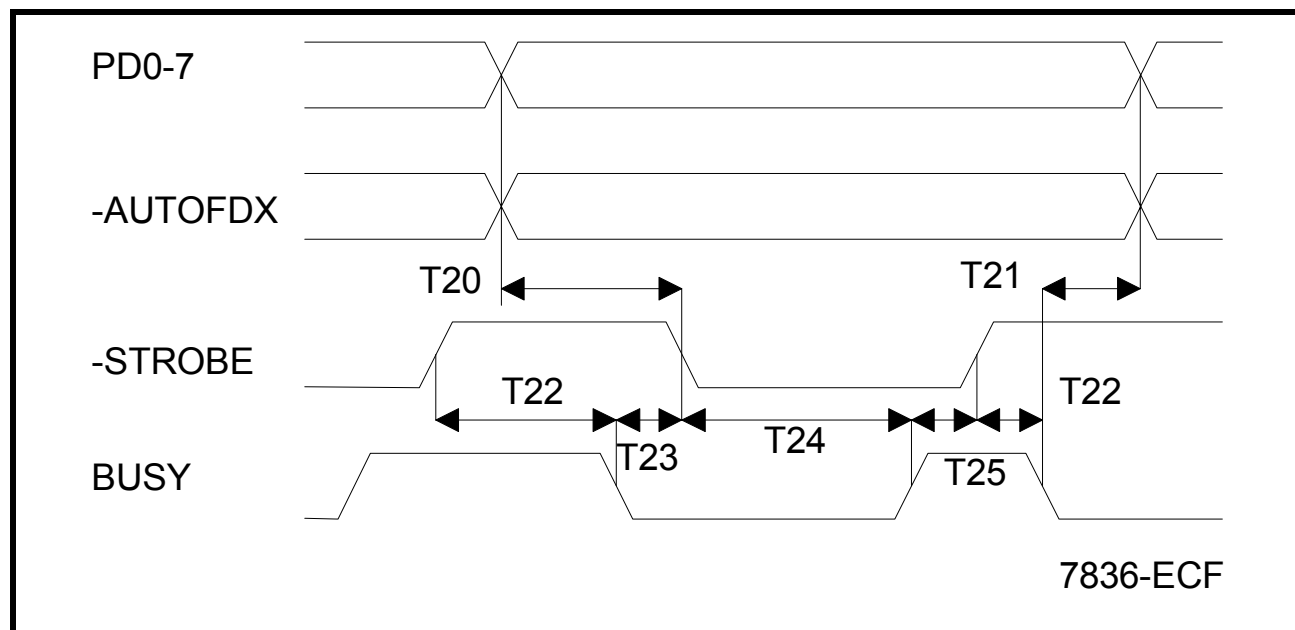


FIGURE 8. PARALLEL PORT REVERSE TIMING IN ECP MODE

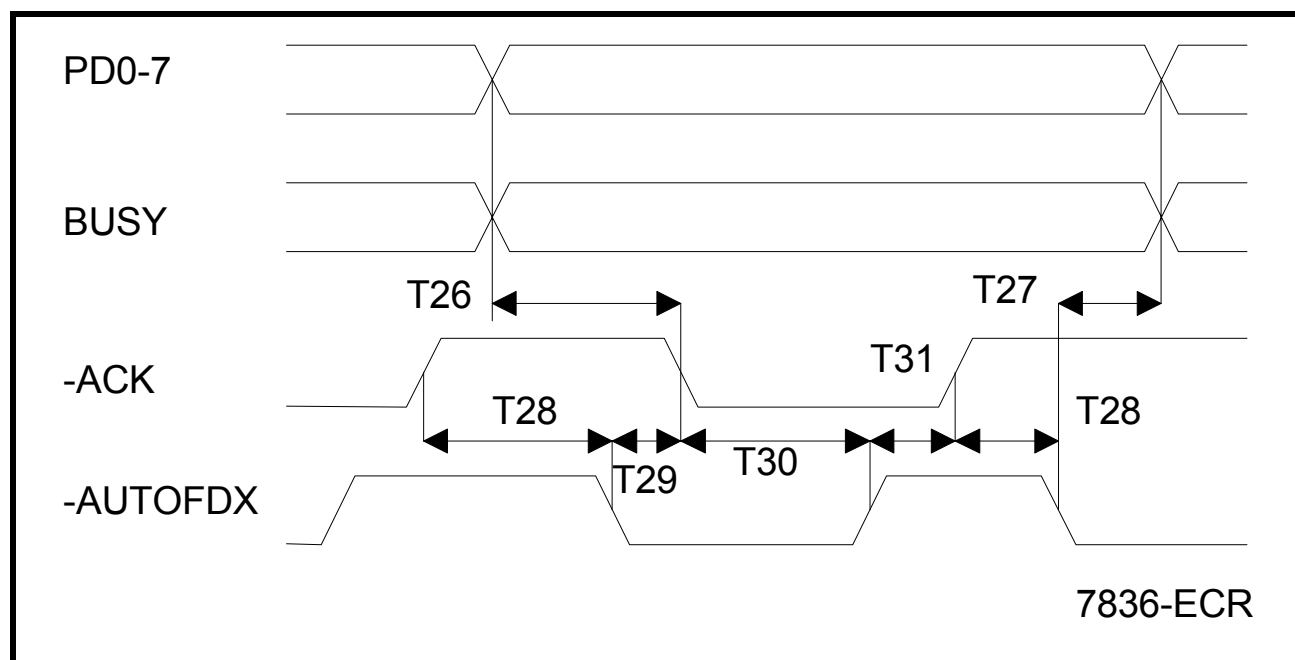


FIGURE 9. ADDRESS OR DATA WRITE TIMING IN EPP MODE

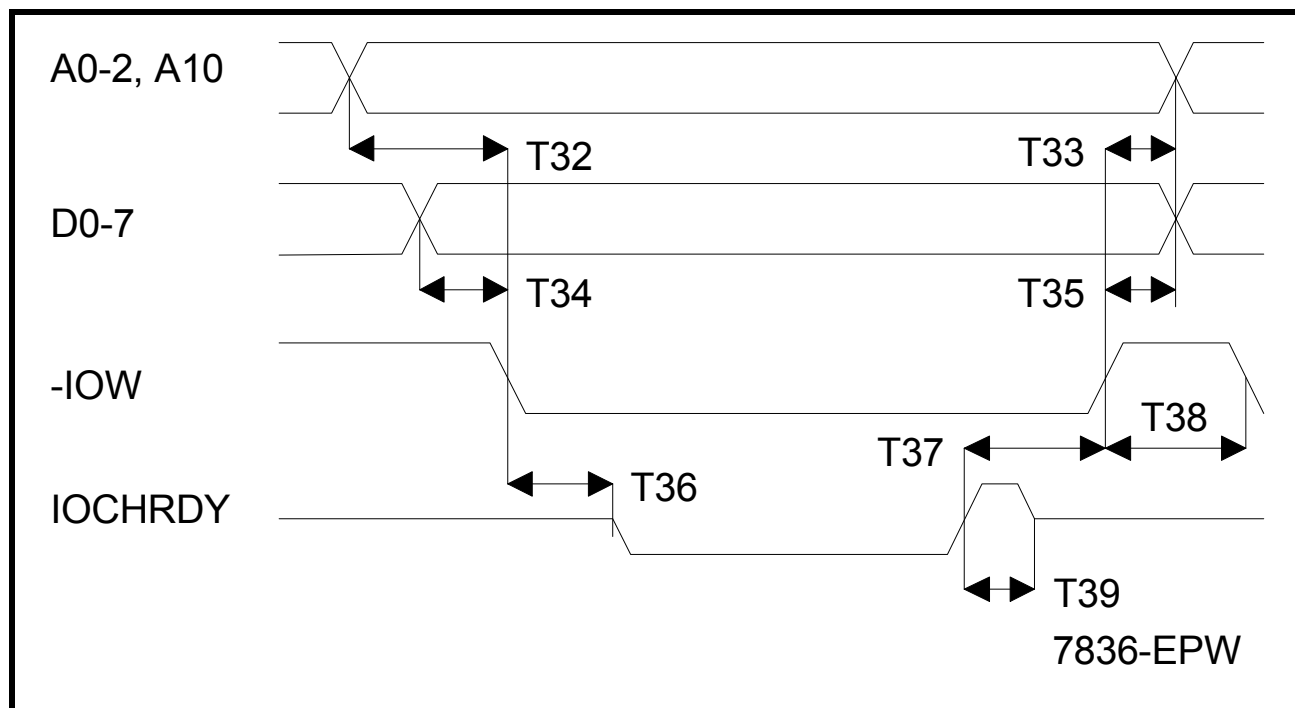
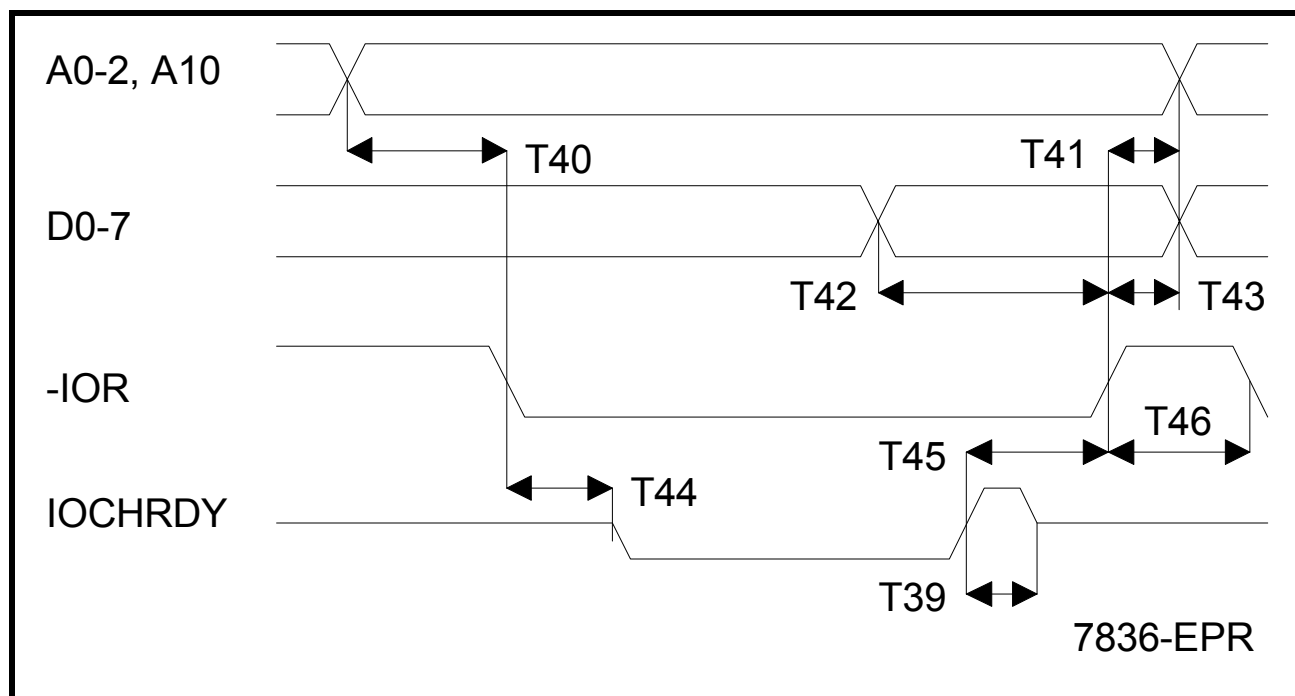
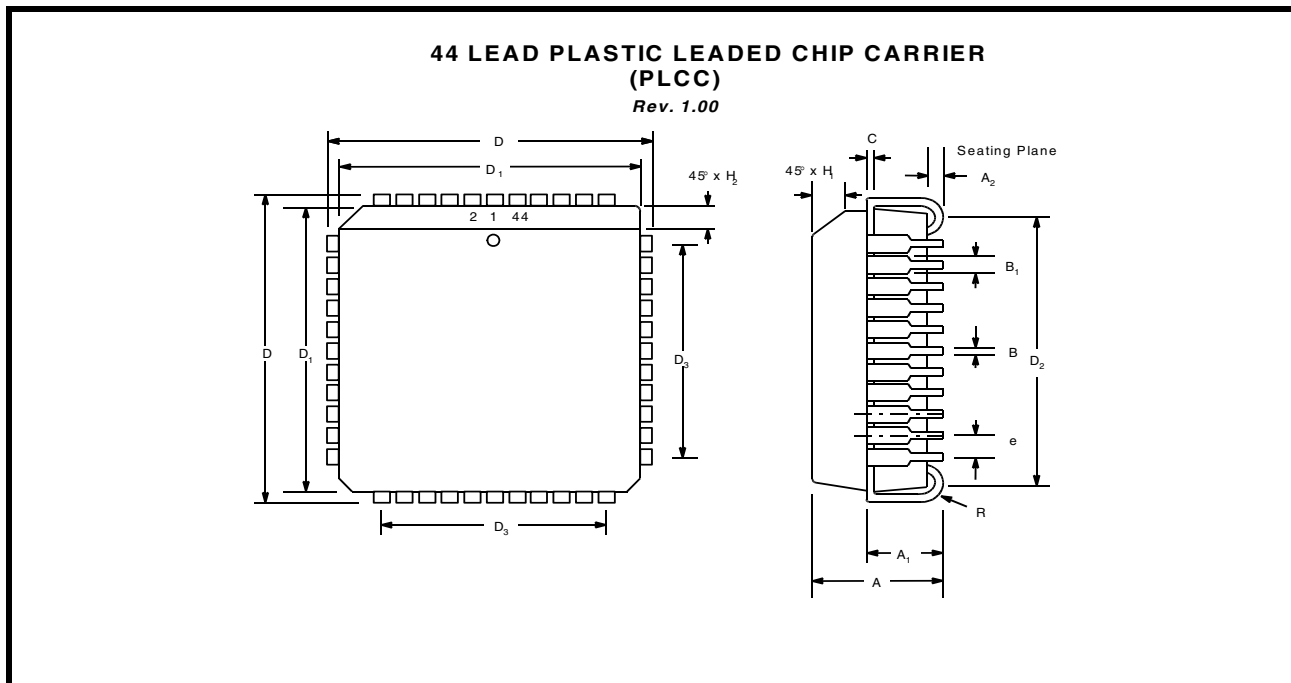


FIGURE 10. ADDRESS OR DATA READ TIMING IN EPP MODE

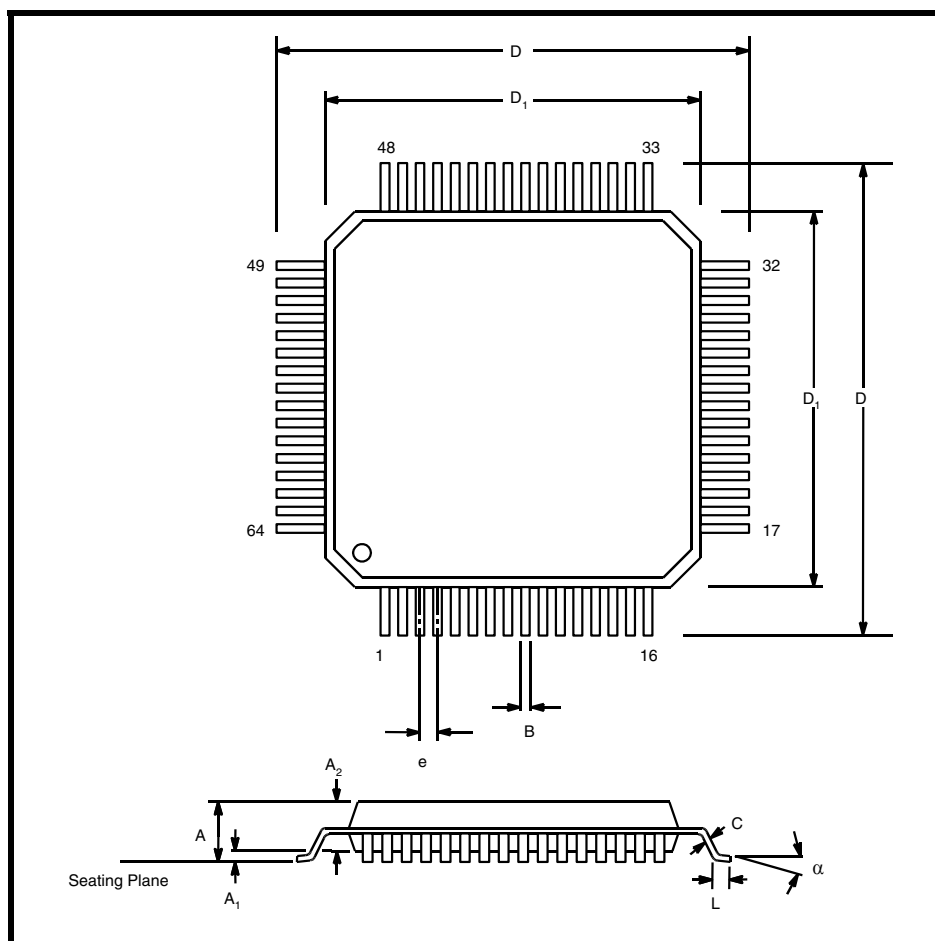


**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (44 PIN PLCC)**


*Note: The control dimension is the millimeter column*

| SYMBOL         | INCHES     |       | MILLIMETERS |       |
|----------------|------------|-------|-------------|-------|
|                | MIN        | MAX   | MIN         | MAX   |
| A              | 0.165      | 0.180 | 4.19        | 4.57  |
| A <sub>1</sub> | 0.090      | 0.120 | 2.29        | 3.05  |
| A <sub>2</sub> | 0.020      | ---   | 0.51        | ---   |
| B              | 0.013      | 0.021 | 0.33        | 0.53  |
| B <sub>1</sub> | 0.026      | 0.032 | 0.66        | 0.81  |
| C              | 0.008      | 0.013 | 0.19        | 0.32  |
| D              | 0.685      | 0.695 | 17.40       | 17.65 |
| D <sub>1</sub> | 0.650      | 0.656 | 16.51       | 16.66 |
| D <sub>2</sub> | 0.590      | 0.630 | 14.99       | 16.00 |
| D <sub>3</sub> | 0.500 typ. |       | 12.70 typ.  |       |
| e              | 0.050 BSC  |       | 1.27 BSC    |       |
| H <sub>1</sub> | 0.042      | 0.056 | 1.07        | 1.42  |
| H <sub>2</sub> | 0.042      | 0.048 | 1.07        | 1.22  |
| R              | 0.025      | 0.045 | 0.64        | 1.14  |

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (64-LQFP)



Note: The control dimension is the millimeter column

| SYMBOL         | INCHES    |       | MILLIMETERS |       |
|----------------|-----------|-------|-------------|-------|
|                | MIN       | MAX   | MIN         | MAX   |
| A              | 0.055     | 0.063 | 1.40        | 1.60  |
| A <sub>1</sub> | 0.002     | 0.006 | 0.05        | 0.15  |
| A <sub>2</sub> | 0.053     | 0.057 | 1.35        | 1.45  |
| B              | 0.005     | 0.009 | 0.13        | 0.23  |
| C              | 0.004     | 0.008 | 0.09        | 0.20  |
| D              | 0.465     | 0.480 | 11.80       | 12.20 |
| D <sub>1</sub> | 0.390     | 0.398 | 9.90        | 10.10 |
| e              | 0.020 BSC |       | 0.50 BSC    |       |
| L              | 0.018     | 0.030 | 0.45        | 0.75  |
| a              | 0°        | 7°    | 0°          | 7°    |

**REVISION HISTORY**

| DATE          | REVISION  | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| December 2003 | Rev 5.0.0 | Changed to standard style format. Added Revision History. Added Device Status to Ordering Information. Updated DC Electrical Characteristics. |
| February 2004 | Rev 5.0.1 | Corrected the signal type of the -AUTOFDX pin from I (input) to O (output).                                                                   |
| August 2005   | Rev 5.0.2 | Updated the 1.4mm-thick Quad Flat pack package description from "TQFP" to "LQFP" to be consistent with the JEDEC and Industry norms.          |
| April 2010    | Rev 5.1.0 | Updated AC Timing specs for T3, T6, T33, and T35. Changed status of ST78C36CQ64 to "EOL" per PDN 090507-01.                                   |

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