

SD - 303 · SD - 306

The SD - 303, 306 are position sensors for automatic focusing of camera.

FEATURES

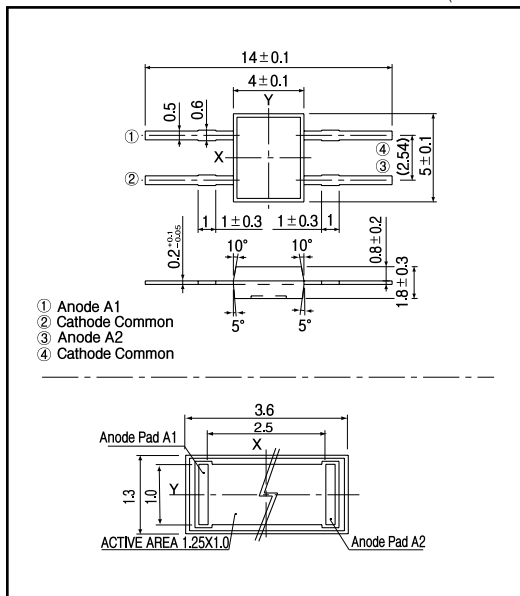
- Laser beam focusing/positioning is best performed
- High performance
- High reliability in demanding environments

APPLICATIONS

- Automatic focusing of camera

DIMENSIONS

(Unit : mm)



MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Reverse voltage	V_R	30	V
Power dissipation	P_D	30	mW
Operating temp.	$T_{opr.}$	- 25 ~ +85	
Storage temp.	$T_{stg.}$	- 30 ~ +100	

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	SD - 303			SD - 306			Unit.
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Reverse voltage	V_R	$I_R = 10 \mu A$	30			30			V
Dark current	I_d	$V_R = 1V$		0.2	5		0.2	5	nA
Light current	I_L^{*1}	$V_R = 1V, E = 1000lx^5$	10	13		10	13		μA
Spectral sensitivity			720~1100			720~1100			nm
Peak wavelength	λ_p		940			940			nm
Switching speeds	t_r, t_f	$V_R = 1V, R_L = 1k$	2			2			$\mu sec.$
Capacitance	C_t	$V_R = 1V, f = 1MHz$	10			14			pF
Resistance	R_s^{*2}	$V_R = 1V, V_a = 0.5V$	230	280	350	100	140	190	K
Signal slope	*3	$V_R = 1V$	0.08			0.08			-
Light current difference	I_1/I_2^{*4}		± 2			± 2			%

*1. $I_1 = I_1 + I_2$ (I_1 = Light current of A1, I_2 = Light current of A2)

*2. V_a = Voltage of Anode A1, A2

*3. $= 1(I_1 - I_2) / (I_1 + I_2) \times 100$

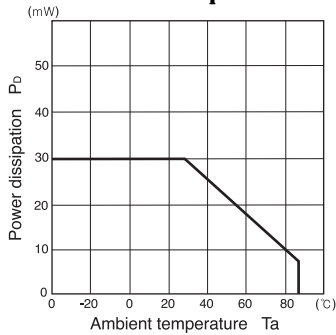
*4. $L = I_1 - I_2$

*5. Color temp. = 2856K standard Tungsten lamp

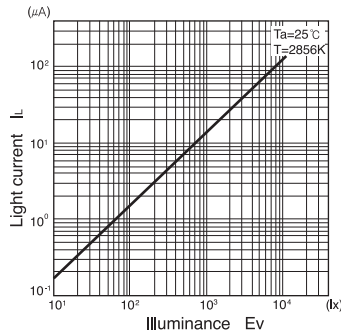
Position Sensitive Diode

SD - 303 · SD - 306

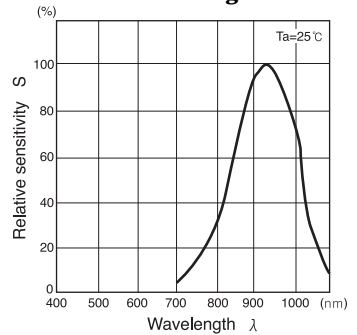
Power dissipation Vs. Ambient temperature



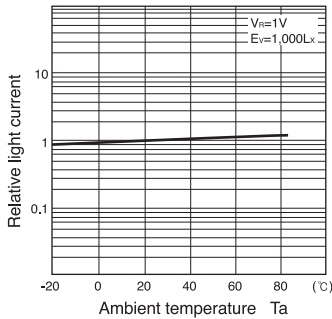
Light current Vs. Illuminance



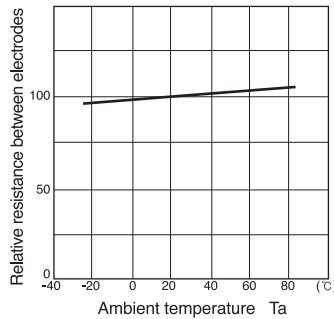
Relative sensitivity Vs. Wavelength



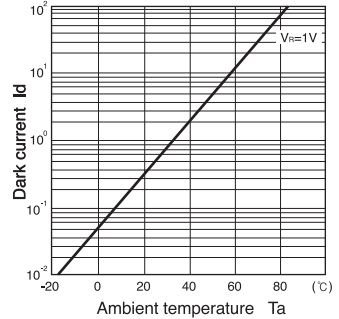
Relative light current Vs. Ambient temperature



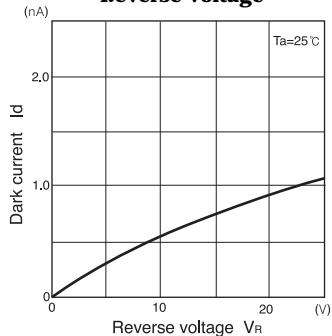
Relative resistance between electrodes Vs. Ambient temperature



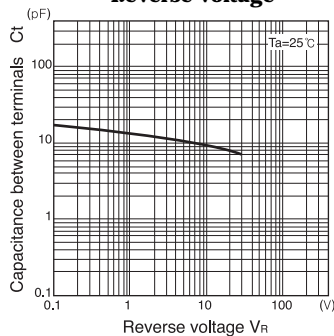
Dark current Vs. Ambient temperature



Dark current Vs. Reverse voltage



Capacitance between terminals Vs. Reverse voltage



Relative light current Vs. Position

