

# DELPHI SERIES



## FEATURES

- High Efficiency: 87.5%@1.5V/15A, 3.3V/15A
- Standard footprint: 57.9mmx36.8mmx8.5mm (2.28"×1.45"×0.33")
- Industry standard pin out
- 2:1 input voltage range
- Fixed frequency operation
- Fully protected: OTP, OCP, OVP, UVLO
- No minimum load required
- 1500 V isolation and Basic insulation
- Two independent power train and separate trim for each output
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000, OHSAS 18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950 (US & Canada) Recognized, and TUV (EN60950) Certified
- CE mark meets 73/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC directives

## Delphi Series Q48DR, 87W-100W, Quarter Brick Dual Output, DC/DC Power Modules: 48V in, 1.5V and 3.3V, 15A out each channel

The Delphi Series Q48DR Quarter Brick Dual, 48V input, dual output, isolated DC/DC converters are the latest offering from a world leader in power system and technology and manufacturing -- Delta Electronics, Inc. This product family provides up to 100 watts of power or 15A of output current (each channel simultaneously) in an industry standard footprint. Both output channels can be used independently of each other with option to trim each channel either in the same direction or in reversion direction. With creative design technology and optimized circuit, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. All the models are fully protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions. The Delphi Series converters meet all safety requirements with basic insulation.

## OPTIONS

- Optional second trim pin for independent trim of the two outputs.
- Positive On/Off logic
- Short pin lengths available

## APPLICATIONS

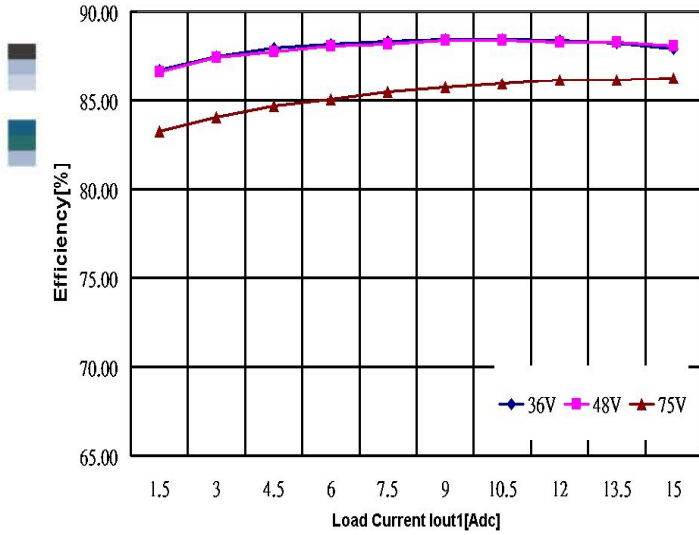
- Telecom/DataCom
- Wireless Networks
- Optical Network Equipment
- Server and Data Storage
- Industrial/Test Equipment

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, airflow rate=300 LFM, V<sub>in</sub>=48Vdc, nominal V<sub>out</sub> unless otherwise noted.)

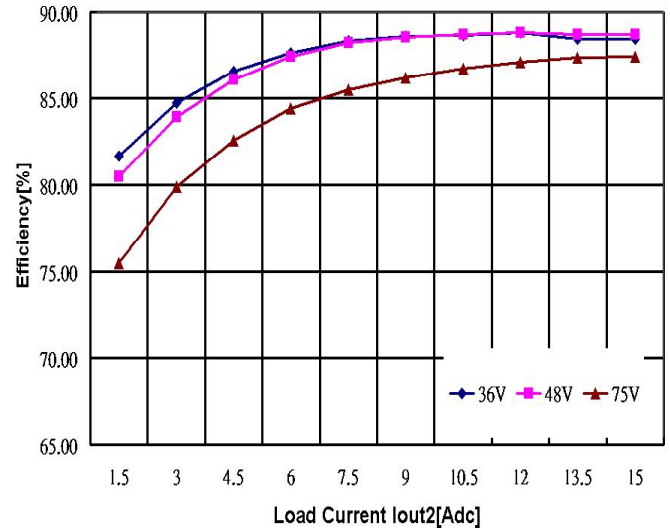
| PARAMETER                              | NOTES and CONDITIONS                           |        | Q48DR1R533NRFA |       |       |                  |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|-------|-------|------------------|
|                                        |                                                |        | Min.           | Typ.  | Max.  | Units            |
| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS               |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Input Voltage                          |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Continuous                             |                                                |        |                |       | 80    | Vdc              |
| Transient (100ms)                      | <100ms                                         |        |                |       | 100   | Vdc              |
| Operating Temperature                  | Please refer to figure 27 for measuring point  |        | -40            |       | 120   | °C               |
| Storage Temperature                    |                                                |        | -55            |       | 125   | °C               |
| Input/Output Isolation Voltage         |                                                |        | 1500           |       |       | Vdc              |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS                  |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Operating Input Voltage                |                                                |        | 36             | 48    | 75    | Vdc              |
| Input Under-Voltage Lockout            |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Turn-On Voltage Threshold              |                                                |        | 33             | 34    | 35    | Vdc              |
| Turn-Off Voltage Threshold             |                                                |        | 31             | 32    | 33    | Vdc              |
| Lockout Hysteresis Voltage             |                                                |        | 1              | 2     | 3     | Vdc              |
| Maximum Input Current                  | 100%load, 36Vin                                |        |                |       | 2.7   | A                |
| No-Load Input Current                  |                                                |        |                | 100   | 150   | mA               |
| Off Converter Input Current            |                                                |        |                | 5     | 10    | mA               |
| Inrush Current(I <sup>4</sup> )        |                                                |        |                | 0.015 |       | A <sup>2</sup> s |
| Input Reflected-Ripple Current         | P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz           |        |                | 10    |       | mA               |
| Input Voltage Ripple Rejection         | 120Hz                                          |        |                | 50    |       | dB               |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS                 |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Output Voltage Set Point               | Vin=48V, Io=Io.max, Tc=25°C                    | Vout 1 | 1.476          | 1.500 | 1.524 | Vdc              |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 | 3.247          | 3.300 | 3.353 |                  |
| Output Voltage Regulation              |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Over Load                              | Io1=Io, min to Io, max, Io2=0A                 | Vout 1 |                | ±5    | ±10   | mV               |
|                                        | Io2=Io, min to Io, max, Io1=0A                 | Vout 2 |                |       |       |                  |
| Over Line                              | Vin=36V to 75V, Io1=Io2=full load              | Vout 1 |                | ±3    | ±10   | V                |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 |                |       |       |                  |
| Cross Regulation                       | Worse Case                                     |        |                | ±5    | ±10   | mV               |
| Over Temperature                       | Tc=-40 °C to 85 °C                             |        |                | ±15   | ±50   |                  |
| Total Output Voltage Range             | Over sample load, line and temperature         | Vout 1 | 1.455          |       | 1.545 | V                |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 | 3.201          |       | 3.399 | V                |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise        | 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth                         |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Peak-to-Peak                           | Io1, Io2 Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalun | Vout 1 |                | 40    | 80    | mV               |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 |                | 40    | 80    |                  |
| RMS                                    | Io1, Io2 Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum | Vout 1 |                | 10    | 30    | mV               |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 |                | 10    | 30    |                  |
| Operating Output Current Range         |                                                | Vout 1 | 0              |       | 15    | A                |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 | 0              |       | 15    |                  |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception      |                                                | Vout 1 | 100%           |       | 150%  |                  |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 | 100%           |       | 150%  |                  |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS                |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Output Voltage Current Transient       | 48V, 10µF Tan & 1µF Ceramic load cap, 0.1A/µs  |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Positive Step Change in Output Current | Iout1from 50% Io, max to 75% Io, max           | Vout 1 |                | 100   |       | mV               |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 |                | 100   |       |                  |
| Negative Step Change in Output Current | Iout2 from 75% Io, max to 50% Io, max          | Vout 1 |                | 100   |       | mV               |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 |                | 100   |       |                  |
| Cross dynamic                          | Each channel independence                      |        |                |       | 20    | mV               |
| Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal) |                                                |        |                | 150   |       | US               |
| Turn-On Transient                      |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Start-up Time, From On/Off Control     |                                                |        |                | 10    | 15    | MS               |
| Start-up Time, From Input              |                                                |        |                | 10    | 15    | mS               |
| Maximum Output Capacitance             | Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup     | Vout 1 |                |       | 10000 | µF               |
|                                        |                                                | Vout 2 |                |       | 10000 |                  |
| EFFICIENCY                             |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| 100% Load                              | Iout1, Iout2 full load, 48vdc Vin              |        |                | 87.5  |       | %                |
| 60% Load                               | Iout1, Iout2 60% of full load, 48vdc Vin       |        |                | 88    |       | %                |
| ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS              |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Input to Output                        |                                                |        | 1500           |       |       | Vdc              |
| Isolation Resistance                   |                                                |        | 10             |       |       | MΩ               |
| Isolation Capacitance                  |                                                |        |                | 3000  |       | pF               |
| FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS                |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Switching Frequency                    |                                                |        |                | 350   |       | kHz              |
| ON/OFF Control, (Logic Low-Module ON)  |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| Logic Low                              | Von/off at Ion/off=1.0mA                       |        | 0              |       | 0.8   | V                |
| Logic High                             | Von/off at Ion/off=0.0 µA                      |        |                |       | 18    | V                |
| ON/OFF Current                         | Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V                        |        |                |       | 1     | mA               |
| Leakage Current                        | Logic High, Von/off=15V                        |        |                |       | 50    | uA               |
| Output Voltage Trim Range              | Pout ≤ max rated power                         |        | -10            |       | +10   | %                |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection         | Over full temp range; %of nominal Vout         |        | 115            | 122   | 130   | %                |
| GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS                 |                                                |        |                |       |       |                  |
| MTBF                                   | Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C 300LFM              |        |                | 2.5   |       | Mhours           |
| Weight                                 |                                                |        |                | 26.5  |       | grams            |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown              | Please refer to figure 27 for measuring point  |        |                | 128   |       | °C               |



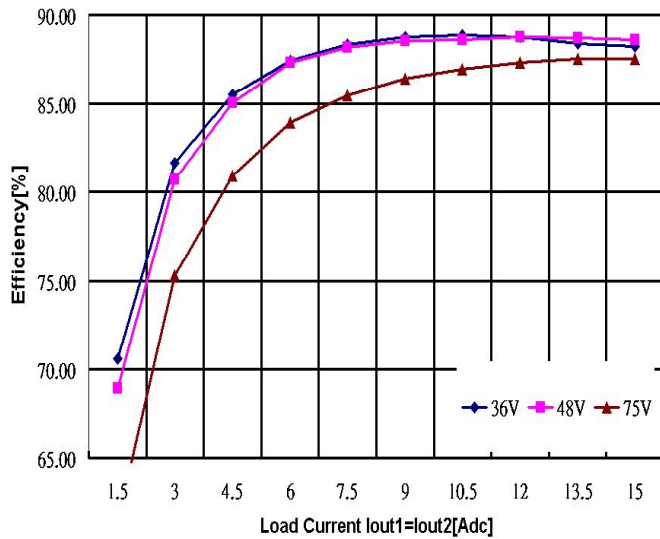
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



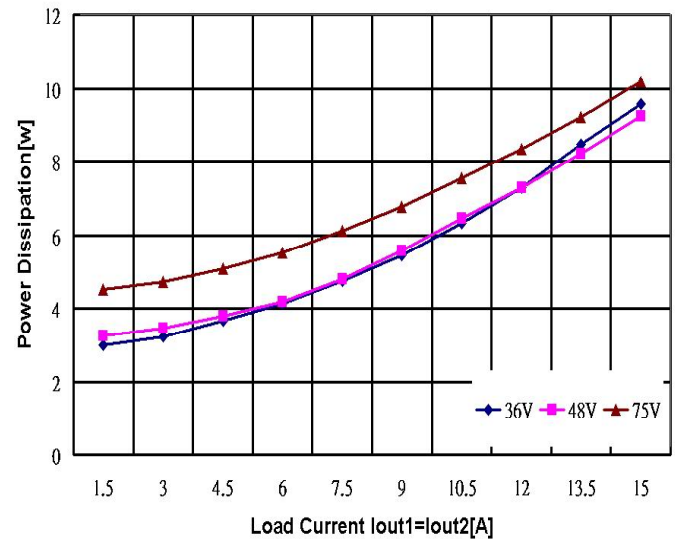
**Figure 1:** Efficiency vs. load current Iout1 for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C, for Iout2=7.5A.



**Figure 2:** Efficiency vs. load current Iout2 for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C, for Iout1=7.5A.



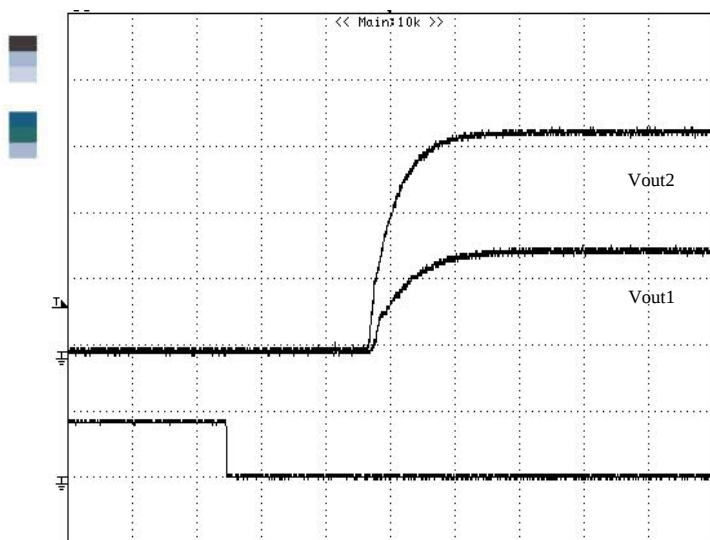
**Figure 3:** Efficiency vs. load current Iout1 and Iout2 for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C, for Iout1=Iout2



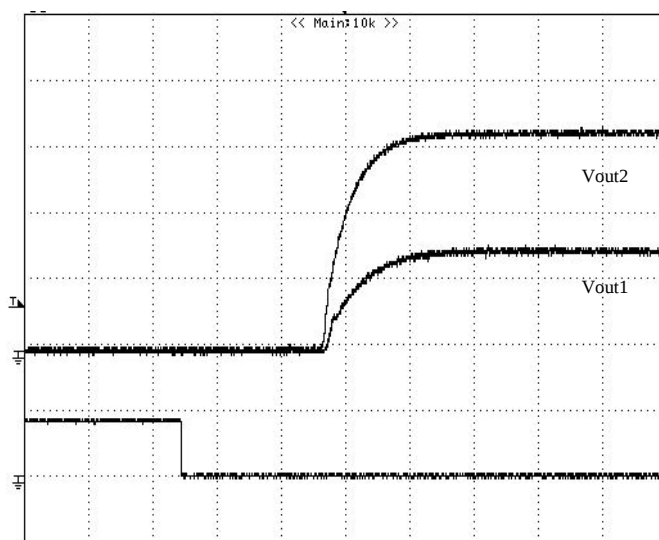
**Figure 4:** Power dissipation vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C, for Iout1=Iout2



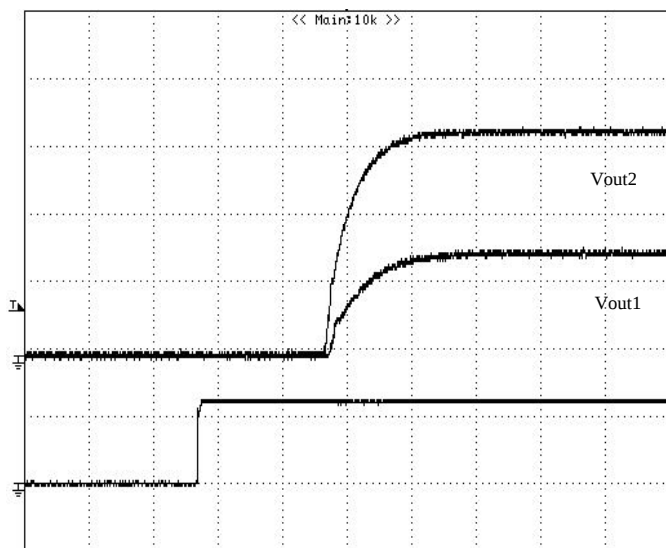
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



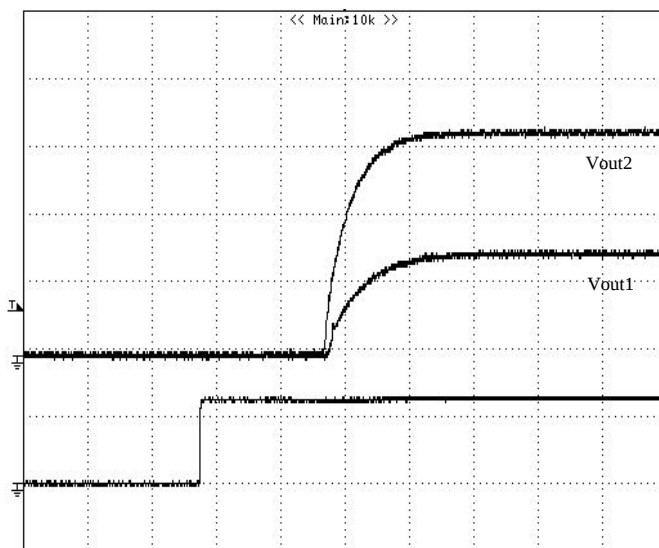
**Figure 5:** Turn-on transient at zero load current (2ms/div).  $V_{in}=48V$ . Negative logic turn on. Top Trace: Vout; 1V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input: 5V/div



**Figure 6:** Turn-on transient at full rated load current (resistive load) (2 ms/div).  $V_{in}=48V$ . Negative logic turn on. Top Trace: Vout; 1V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input: 5V/div



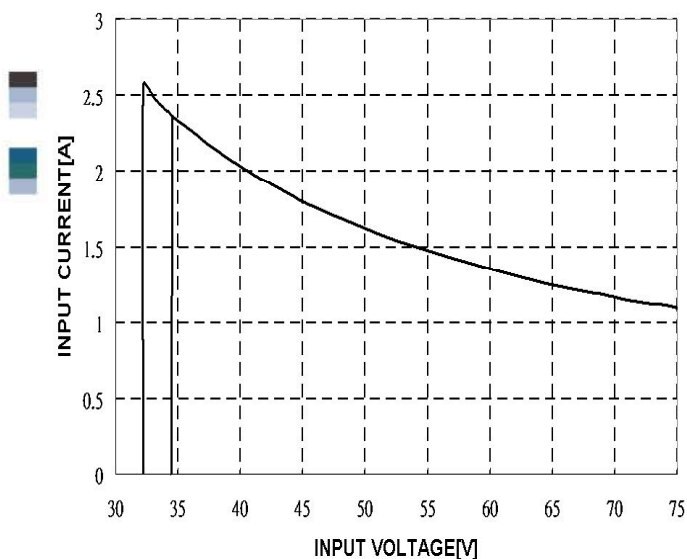
**Figure 7:** Turn-on transient at zero load current (2ms/div).  $V_{in}=48V$ . Positive logic turns on. Top Trace: Vout; 1V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input: 5V/div



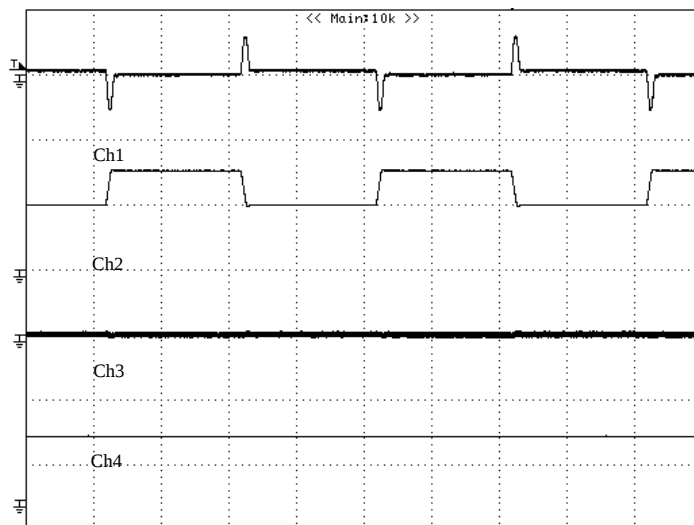
**Figure 8:** Turn-on transient at full load current (2ms/div).  $V_{in}=48V$ . Positive logic turns on. Top Trace: Vout; 1V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input: 5V/div



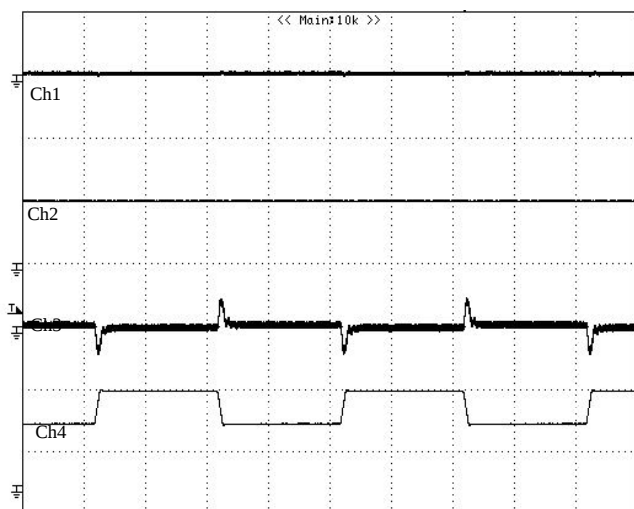
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



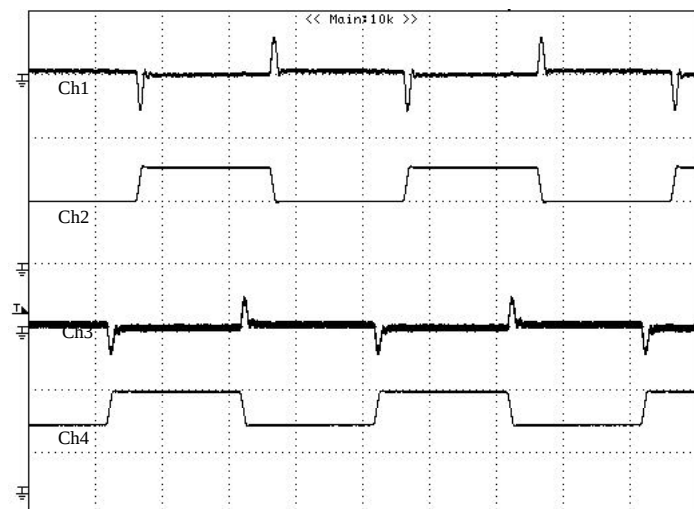
**Figure 9:** Typical full load input characteristics at room temperature



**Figure 10:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current lout2 (75%-50%-75% of  $I_o$ , max;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ ) at lout1=7.5A. Load cap:  $10\mu F$ , tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Ch1=Vout2 (100mV/div), Ch2=lout2 (7.5A/div), Ch3=Vout1 (100mV/div), Ch4=lout1 (7.5A/div) Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



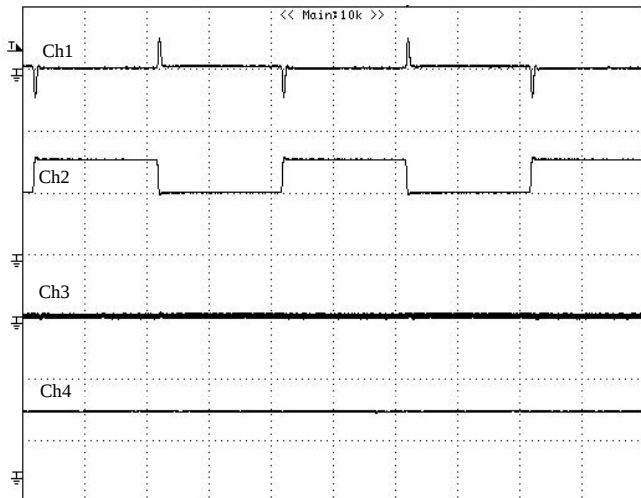
**Figure 11:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current lout1 (75%-50%-75% of  $I_o$ , max;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ ) at lout2=7.5A. Load cap:  $10\mu F$ , tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Ch1=Vout2 (100mV/div), Ch2=lout2 (7.5A/div), Ch3=Vout1 (100mV/div), Ch4=lout1 (7.5A/div) Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



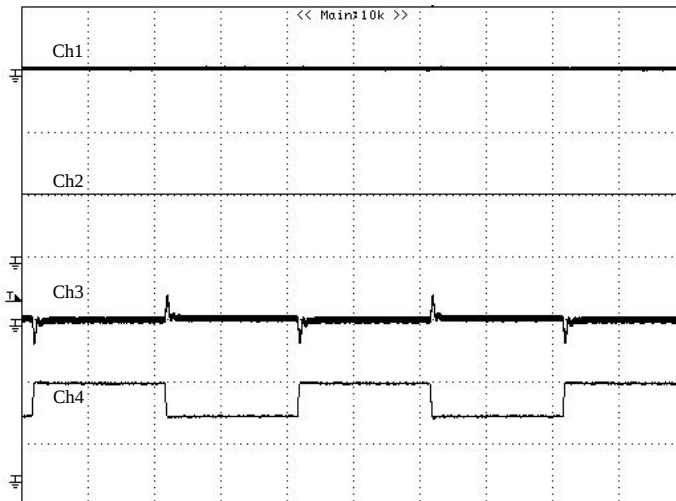
**Figure 12:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current lout2 and lout1 (75%-50%-75% of  $I_o$ , max;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ ). Load cap:  $10\mu F$ , tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Ch1=Vout2 (100mV/div), Ch2=lout2 (7.5A/div), Ch3=Vout1 (100mV/div), Ch4=lout1 (7.5A/div) Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



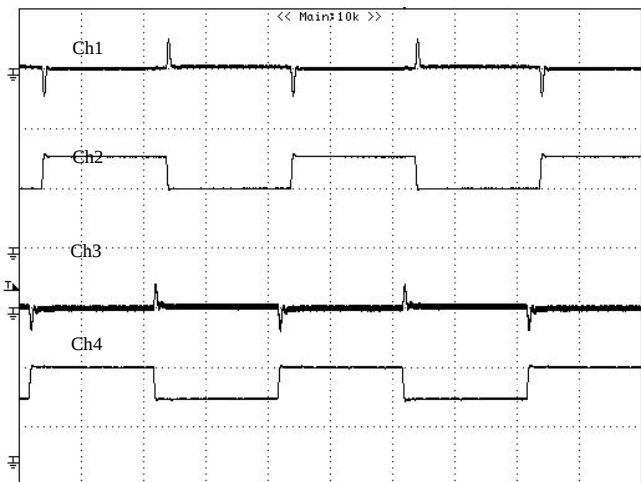
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



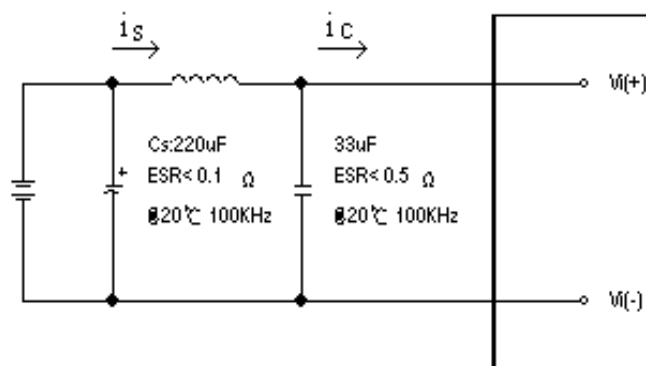
**Figure 13:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current Iout2 (75%-50%-75% of Io, max; di/dt = 2.5A/μs) at Iout1=7.5A. Load cap: 470μF, 35mΩ ESR solid electrolytic capacitor and 1μF ceramic capacitor. Ch1=Vout2 (200mV/div), Ch2=Iout2 (7.5A/div), Ch3=Vout1 (200mV/div), Ch4=Iout1 (7.5A/div) Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



**Figure 14:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current Iout1 (75%-50%-75% of Io, max; di/dt = 2.5A/μs) at Iout2=7.5A. Load cap: 470μF, 35mΩ ESR solid electrolytic capacitor and 1μF ceramic capacitor. Ch1=Vout2 (200mV/div), Ch2=Iout2 (7.5A/div), Ch3=Vout1 (200mV/div), Ch4=Iout1 (7.5A/div) Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



**Figure 15:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current Iout2 and Iout1 (75%-50%-75% of Io, max; di/dt = 2.5A/μs). Load cap: 470μF, 35mΩ ESR solid electrolytic capacitor and 1μF ceramic capacitor. Ch1=Vout2 (200mV/div), Ch2=Iout2 (7.5A/div), Ch3=Vout1 (200mV/div), Ch4=Iout1 (7.5A/div) Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.

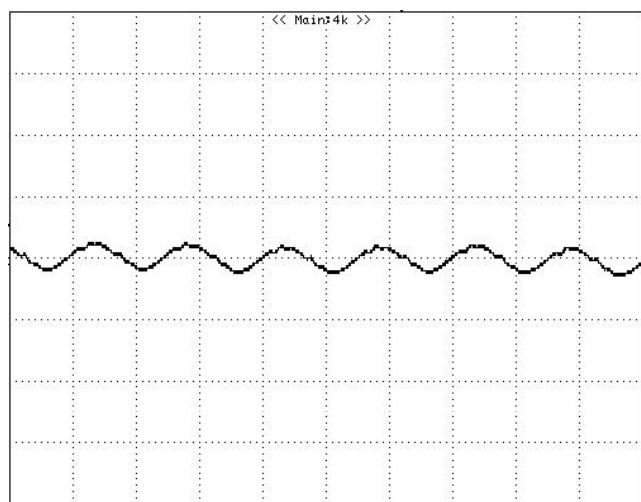


**Figure 16:** Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current.

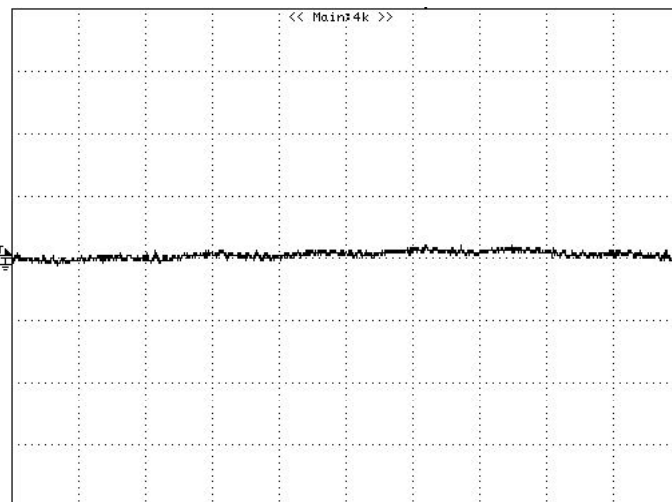
Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance ( $L_{TEST}$ ) of 12 μH. Capacitor Cs offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above



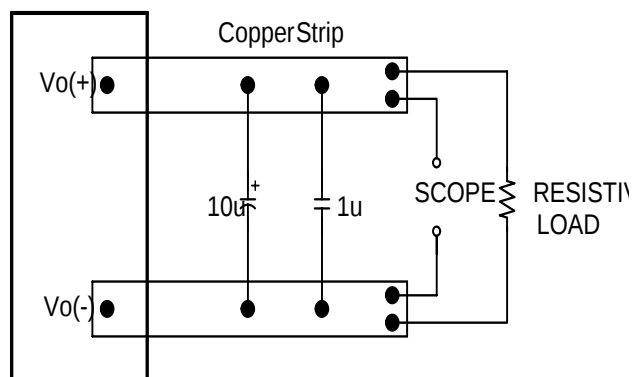
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



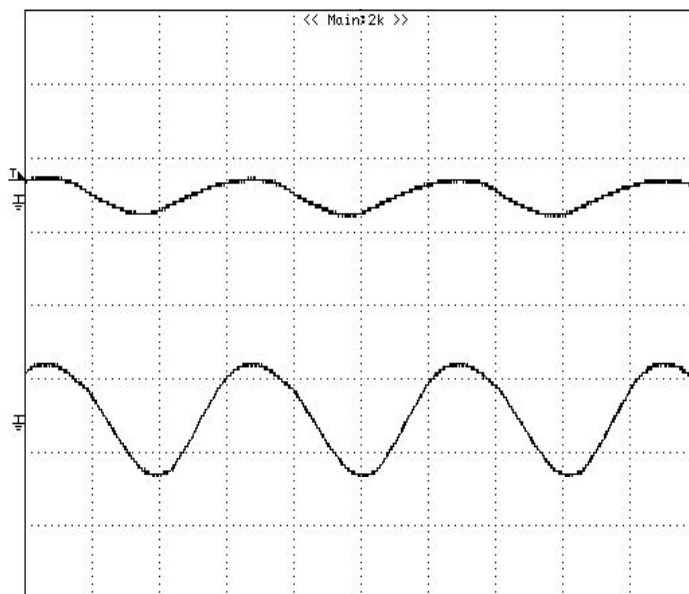
**Figure 17:** Input Terminal Ripple Current- $i_c$ , at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with  $12\mu\text{H}$  source impedance and  $33\mu\text{F}$  electrolytic capacitor (500 mA/div, 2us/div).



**Figure 18:** Input reflected ripple current- $i_s$ , through a  $12\mu\text{H}$  source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (20 mA/div, 2us/div).



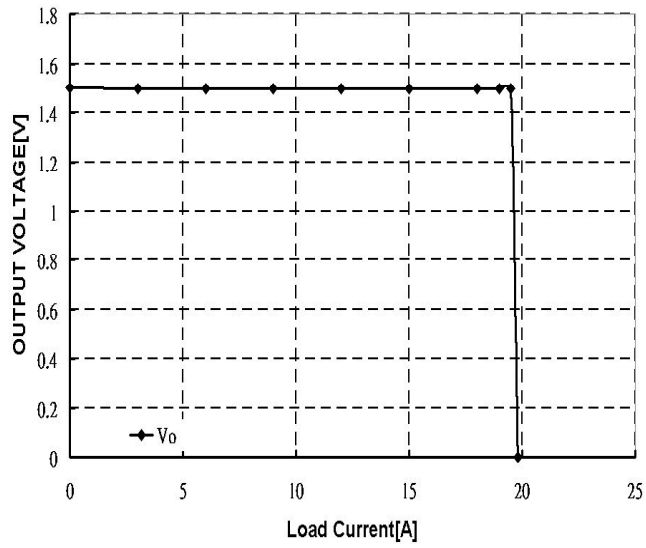
**Figure 19:** Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup



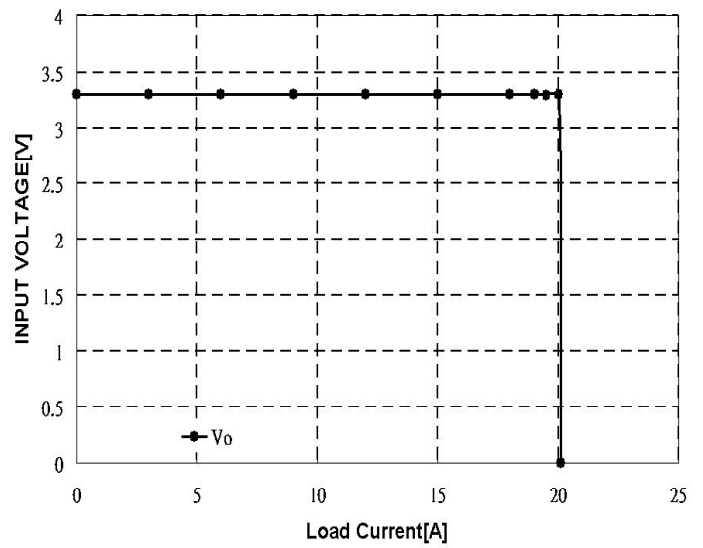
**Figure 20:** Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current ( $I_{out1}=I_{out2}=15\text{A}$ ) (20 mV/div, 1us/div). Top trace: Vout2(20mV/div), Bottom trace(20mV/div)  
Load capacitance:  $1\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor and  $10\mu\text{F}$  tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. Scope measurements should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES



**Figure 21:** Output voltage vs. load current lout1 showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.



**Figure 22:** Output voltage vs. load current lout2 showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.



## DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

### Input Source Impedance

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few  $\mu\text{H}$ , we advise adding a 10 to 100  $\mu\text{F}$  electrolytic capacitor ( $\text{ESR} < 0.7 \Omega$  at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

### Layout and EMC Considerations

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design. Application notes to assist designers in addressing these issues are pending release.

### Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 and EN60950: 2000 and IEC60950-1999, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

When the input source is 60 Vdc or below, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from any hazardous voltages, including the ac mains, with reinforced insulation.
- One  $V_i$  pin and one  $V_o$  pin are grounded, or all the input and output pins are kept floating.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- If the metal baseplate is grounded the output must be also grounded.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

Do not ground one of the input pins without grounding one of the output pins. This connection may allow a non-SELV voltage to appear between the output pin and ground.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a normal-blow fuse with 7A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

### Soldering and Cleaning Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.



## FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

### Over-Current Protection

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will automatically shut down (hiccup mode).

The modules will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

### Over-Voltage Protection

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the module will shut down.

The module will try to restart after shutdown. If the over-voltage condition still exists during restart, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the output voltage is within specification.

### Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down.

The module will try to restart after shutdown. If the over-temperature condition still exists during restart, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the temperature is within specification.

### Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the  $V_i(-)$  terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to  $V_i(-)$ . For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin to floating.

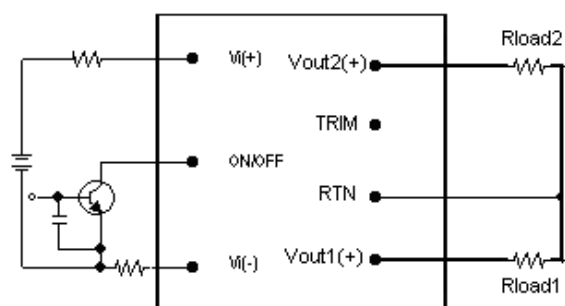


Figure 23: Remote on/off implementation

### Output Voltage Adjustment (TRIM)

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, the modules may be connected with an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either  $V_{out1}(+)$  or RTN. The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

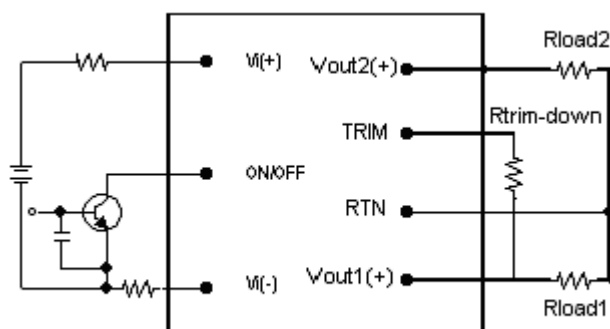
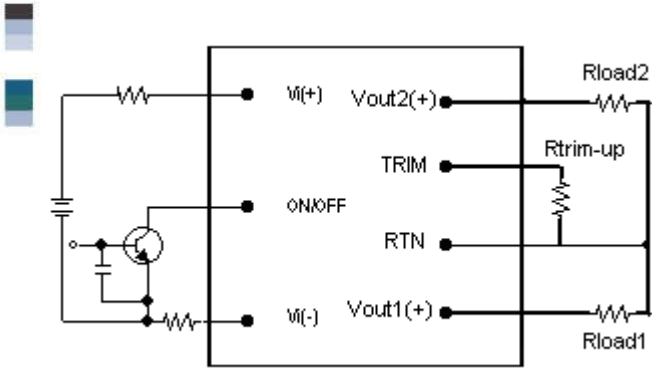


Figure 24: Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and  $V_{out1}(+)$  pin, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 24). The external resistor value is from the table below.



## FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)



**Figure 25:** Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and RTN, the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 25). The external resistor value is from table below.

| Trim Resistor<br>(Vout Increase) |                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| $\Delta$ [%]                     | Rtrim-up [K $\Omega$ ] |
| 1                                | 57.4                   |
| 2                                | 25.5                   |
| 3                                | 14.9                   |
| 4                                | 9.57                   |
| 5                                | 6.38                   |
| 6                                | 4.26                   |
| 7                                | 2.47                   |
| 8                                | 1.60                   |
| 9                                | 709                    |
| 10                               | 0                      |

| Trim Resistor<br>(Vout Decrease) |                          |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| $\Delta$ [%]                     | Rtrim-down [K $\Omega$ ] |
| 1                                | 70.2                     |
| 2                                | 31.2                     |
| 3                                | 18.2                     |
| 4                                | 11.7                     |
| 5                                | 7.80                     |
| 6                                | 5.20                     |
| 7                                | 3.34                     |
| 8                                | 1.95                     |
| 9                                | 867                      |
| 10                               | 0                        |

The output voltage can be increased by the trim pin, When using trim; the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.

## THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

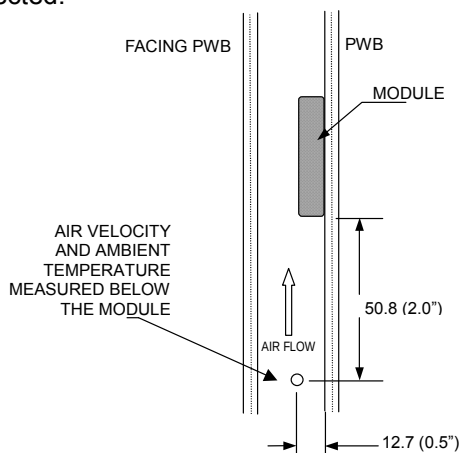
### Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").

### Thermal Derating

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. The module's hottest spot is less than + 120°C. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 26: Wind tunnel test setup

## THERMAL CURVES

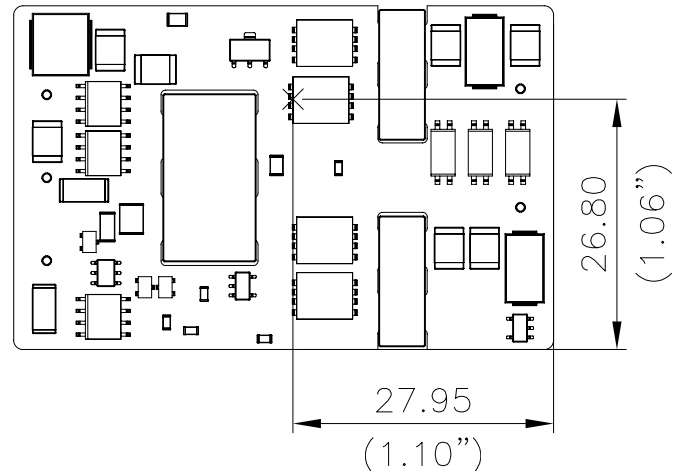


Figure 27: Hot spot temperature measured point  
\*The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 120°C

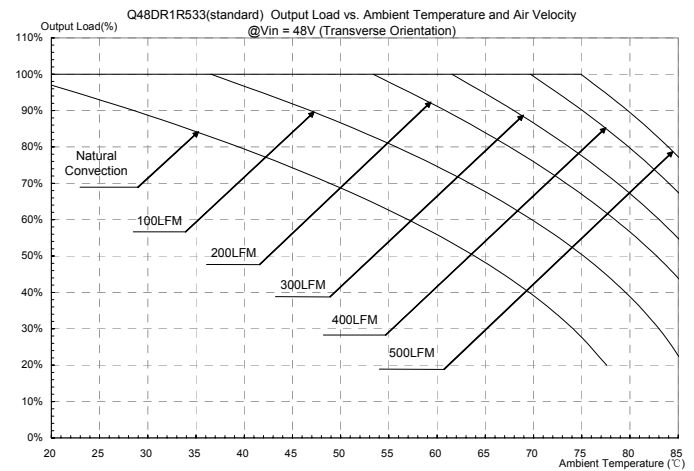
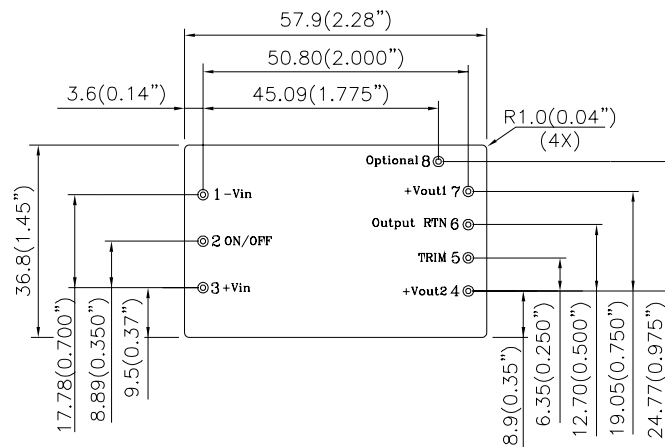


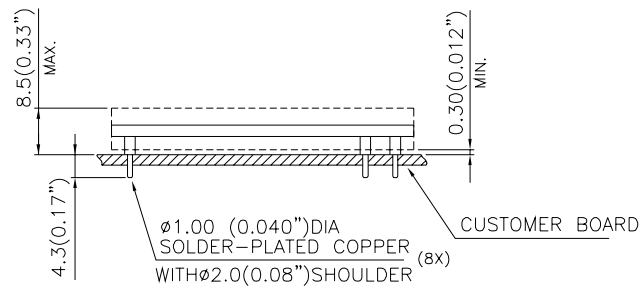
Figure 28: Output load vs. ambient temperature and air velocity  
@Vin=48V(Transverse Orientation)



## MECHANICAL DRAWING



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW

NOTES:  
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)  
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm $\pm$ 0.5mm(X.XX in. $\pm$ 0.02 in.)  
X.XXmm $\pm$ 0.25mm(X.XXX in. $\pm$ 0.010 in.)  
OPTIONAL: Vout2 Trim (Optional: Omit for Single Trim Pin Option)

| Pin No. | Name       | Function                 |
|---------|------------|--------------------------|
| 1       | -Vin       | Negative input voltage   |
| 2       | ON/OFF     | Remote ON/OFF            |
| 3       | +Vin       | Positive input voltage   |
| 4       | +Vout2     | Positive output voltage2 |
| 5       | TRIM       | Output voltage trim      |
| 6       | Output RTN |                          |
| 7       | +Vout1     | Positive output voltage1 |
| 8       | Optional   | Trim 2                   |

### Notes:

- Pins 1-8 are 1.00mm (0.040") diameter
- All pins are copper with Tin plating.

## PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

| Q                 | 48            | D                 | R              | 1R5                                          | 33                 | N                                  | R                                          | F                       | A                                                            |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Form Factor       | Input Voltage | Number of Outputs | Product Series | Output Voltage 1                             | Output Voltage 2   | ON/OFF Logic                       | Pin Length                                 |                         | Option Code                                                  |
| Q – Quarter Brick | 36V~75V       | D- Dual Output    | R-Open frame   | 1R5-1.5V<br>1R8-1.8V<br>2R5-2.5V<br>3R3-3.3V | 33-3.3V<br>50-5.0V | N-Negative (Default)<br>P-Positive | R-0.170" (Default)<br>N-0.145"<br>K-0.110" | F- RoHS 6/6 (Lead Free) | A - Standard Functions (Default)<br>B - with second trim pin |

## MODEL LIST

| MODEL NAME     | INPUT   |      | OUTPUT   |          | EFF @ Full Load |
|----------------|---------|------|----------|----------|-----------------|
| Q48DR1R533NRFA | 36V~75V | 2.8A | 1.5V/15A | 3.3V/15A | 87.5%           |
| Q48DR1R833NRFA | 36V~75V | 2.9A | 1.8V/15A | 3.3V/15A | 88.0%           |
| Q48DR2R533NRFA | 36V~75V | 3.3A | 2.5V/15A | 3.3V/15A | 88.0%           |
| Q48DR3R350NRFA | 36V~75V | 3.8A | 3.3V/15A | 5.0V/10A | 88.5%           |

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