GS1574 HD-LINX ™ II
Adaptive Cable Equalizer

Features

- SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M compliant
- Automatic cable equalization
- Multi-standard operation from 143Mb/s to 1.485Gb/s
- Supports DVB-ASI at 270Mb/s
- Small footprint (4mm x 4mm)
- Pb-free and Green
- Pin compatible with the GS9074 Cable Equalizer
- Manual bypass (useful for low data rates with slow rise/fall times)
- Performance optimized for 270Mb/s and 1.485Gb/s
- Typical maximum equalized length of Belden 1694A cable: 140m at 1.485Gb/s, 350m at 270Mb/s
- 50Ω differential output (with internal 50Ω pull-ups)
- Manual output mute or programmable mute based on max cable length adjust
- Single 3.3V power supply operation
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to +70°C

Applications

- SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M Coaxial Cable Serial Digital Interfaces.

Description

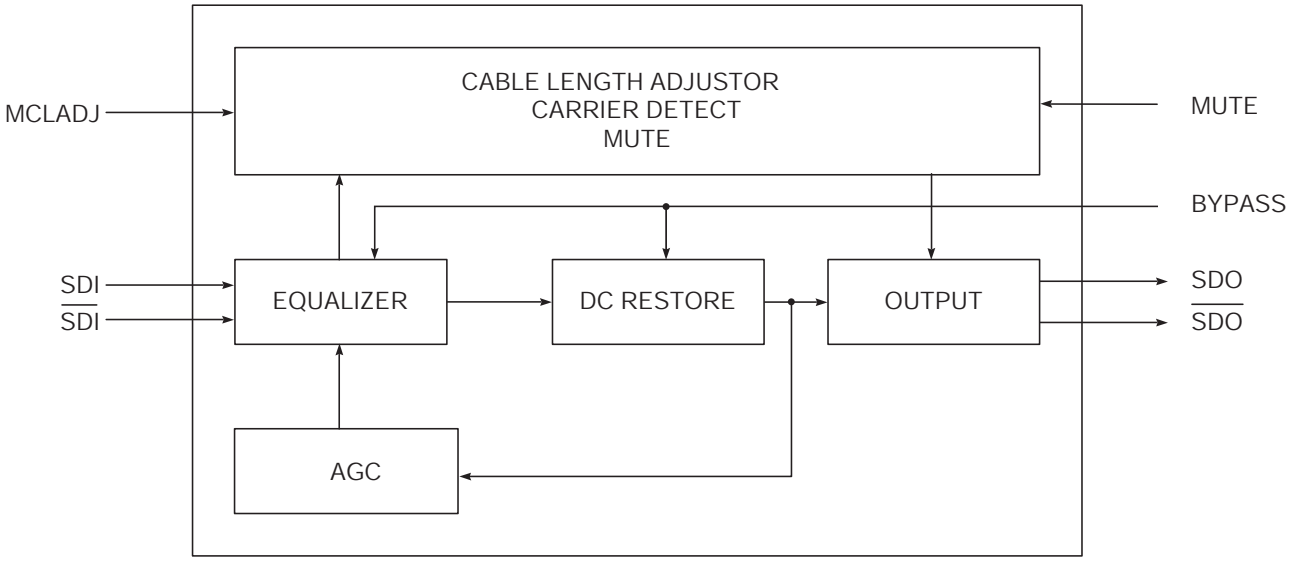
The GS1574 is a second-generation high-speed bipolar integrated circuit designed to equalize and restore signals received over 75Ω co-axial cable.

The GS1574 is designed to support SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M, and is optimized for performance at 270Mb/s and 1.485Gb/s.

The GS1574 features DC restoration to compensate for the DC content of SMPTE pathological test patterns.

A voltage programmable mute threshold (MCLADJ) is included to allow muting of the GS1574 output when an approximate selected cable length is reached for SMPTE 259M signals. This feature allows the GS1574 to distinguish between low amplitude SD-SDI signals and noise at the input of the device. The serial digital outputs of the GS1574 may be forced to a mute state by applying a voltage to the MUTE pin.

Power consumption is typically 270mW using a 3.3V power supply. The GS1574 is lead-free, and the encapsulation compound does not contain halogenated flame retardant.



GS1574 Functional Block Diagram

Contents

1. Pin Out

1.1 GS1574 Pin Assignment

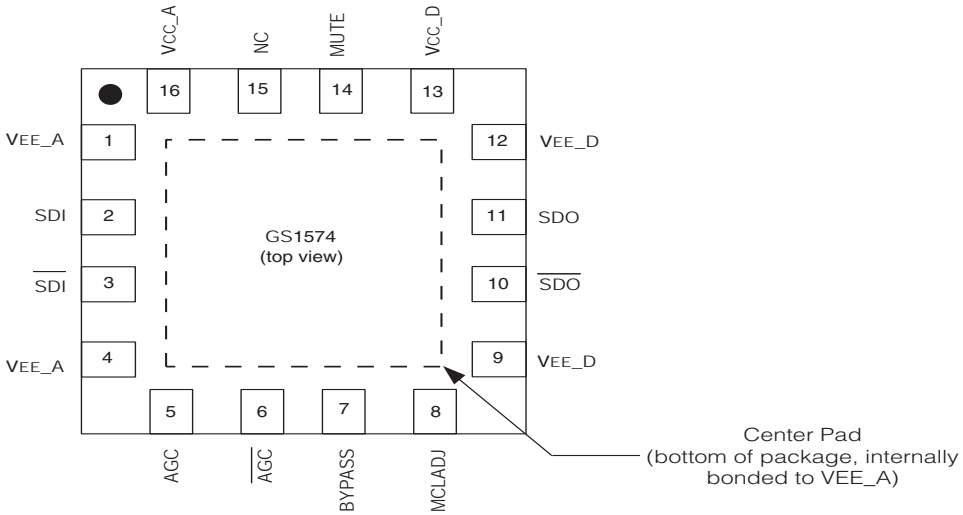


Figure 1-1: 16-Pin QFN

1.2 GS1574 Pin Descriptions

Table 1-1: GS1574 Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Type	Description
1, 4	VEE_A	Analog	Power	Most negative power supply for analog circuitry. Connect to analog GND.
2, 3	SDI, $\overline{\text{SDI}}$	Analog	Input	Serial digital differential input.
5, 6	AGC, $\overline{\text{AGC}}$	Analog	–	External AGC capacitor. Connect pin 5 and pin 6 together through a 1uF capacitor.
7	BYPASS	Not Synchronous	Input	Forces the Equalizing and DC RESTORE stages into bypass mode when HIGH. No equalization occurs in this mode.
8	MCLADJ	Analog	Input	Maximum cable length adjust. Adjusts the approximate maximum amount of cable to be equalized (from 0m to the maximum cable length). The output is muted (latched to the last state) when the maximum cable length is achieved. NOTE: MCLADJ is only recommended for data rates up to 360Mb/s.
9	VEE_D	Analog	Power	Most negative power supply for the digital circuitry and output buffer. Connect to digital GND.
10, 11	$\overline{\text{SDO}}$, SDO	Analog	Output	Equalized serial digital differential output.
12	VEE_D	Analog	Power	Most negative power supply for the digital circuitry and output buffer. Connect to digital GND.
13	VCC_D	Analog	Power	Most positive power supply for the digital I/O pins of the device. Connect to +3.3V DC.
14	MUTE	Not Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible. (3.3V Tolerant) When the MUTE pin is set HIGH by the application interface, the serial digital output of the device will be forced to a steady state. When the MUTE pin is set LOW, the serial digital output of the device will be active.
15	NC	–	–	No Connect.
16	VCC_A	Analog	Power	Most positive power supply for the analog circuitry of the device. Connect to +3.3V DC.
–	Center Pad	–	Power	Internally bonded to VEE_A.

2. Electrical Characteristics

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Supply Voltage	-0.5V to +3.6 V_{DC}
Input ESD Voltage (Human Body Model)	500V
Storage Temperature Range	-50°C < T_s < 125°C
Input Voltage Range (any input)	-0.3 to (V_{CC} +0.3)V
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to 70°C
Power Dissipation	300mW
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)	260°C

2.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-1: DC Electrical Characteristics

V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = 0°C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Levels	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	–	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	–	±5%
Power Consumption	P_D	T_A = 25°C	–	265	–	mW	2	–
Supply Current	I_s	T_A = 25°C	–	80	–	mA	1	–
Output Common Mode Voltage	V_{CMOUT}	T_A = 25°C	–	V_{CC} - ΔV_{SDO}/2	–	V	7	–
Input Common Mode Voltage	V_{CMIN}	T_A = 25°C	–	1.75	–	V	8	–
Floating MCLADJ DC Voltage	–	0m, T_A = 25°C	–	1.3	–	V	7	–
MCLADJ Range	–	T_A = 25°C	–	0.69	–	V	7	–
Mute Input Voltage Required to Force Outputs to Mute	V_{Mute}	Min to Mute	3.0	–	–	V	7	–
Mute Input Voltage Required to Force Outputs Active	V_{Mute}	Max to Activate	–	–	2.0	V	7	–

2.3 AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-2: AC Electrical Characteristics

V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = 0°C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Levels	Notes
Serial input data rate	DR_{SDO}	GS1574	143	–	1485	Mb/s	6	–
Input Voltage Swing	ΔV_{SDI}	T_A =25°C, differential	720	800	950	mV_{p-p}	2	1
Output Voltage Swing	ΔV_{SDO}	100Ω load, T_A =25°C, differential	–	750	–	mV_{p-p}	1	–
Maximum Equalized Cable Length	–	270Mb/s, Belden 1694A, 0.2UI Output Jitter	–	350	–	m	5	2
	–	270Mb/s, Belden 8281, 0.2UI Output Jitter	–	280	–	m	2	2
	–	540Mb/s, Belden 8281, 0.2UI Output Jitter	–	100	–	m	8	2
	–	1.485Gb/s, Belden 1694A, 0.25UI Output Jitter	–	140	–	m	5	2
	–	1.485Gb/s, Belden 8281, 0.25UI Output Jitter	–	100	–	m	2	2
Output Rise/Fall time	–	20% - 80%	–	80	220	ps	1	–
Mismatch in rise/fall time	–	–	–	–	30	ps	1	–
Duty cycle distortion	–	–	–	–	30	ps	1	1
Overshoot	–	–	–	–	10	%	7	–
Input Return Loss	–	–	15	–	–	dB	8	3
Input Resistance	–	single ended	–	1.64	–	kΩ	6	–
Input Capacitance	–	single ended	–	1	–	pF	6	–
Output Resistance	–	single ended	–	50	–	Ω	6	–

TEST LEVELS

1. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges.
2. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges using correlated test.
3. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage.
4. QA sample test.
5. Calculated result based on Level 1, 2, or 3.
6. Not tested. Guaranteed by design simulations.
7. Not tested. Based on characterization of nominal parts.
8. Not tested. Based on existing design/characterization data of similar product.
9. Indirect test.

NOTES:

1. 0m cable length.
2. Equalizer Pathological.
3. Tested on CB1574 board from 5MHz to 2GHz.

2.4 Solder Reflow Profiles

The device is manufactured with Matte-Sn terminations and is compatible with both standard eutectic and Pb-free solder reflow profiles. The recommended standard eutectic reflow profile is shown in Figure 2-1. MSL qualification was performed using the maximum Pb-free reflow profile shown in Figure 2-2.

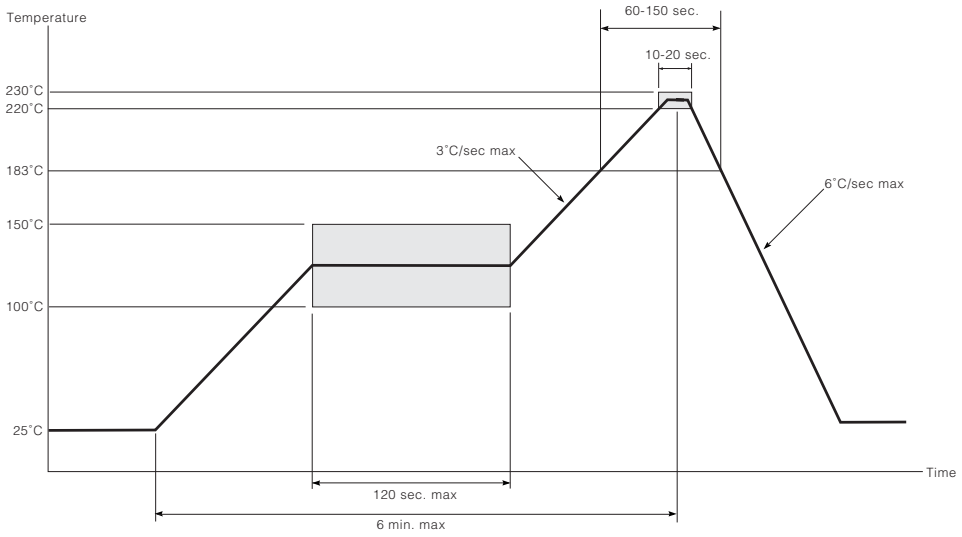


Figure 2-1: Standard Eutectic Solder Reflow Profile (Pb-free package)

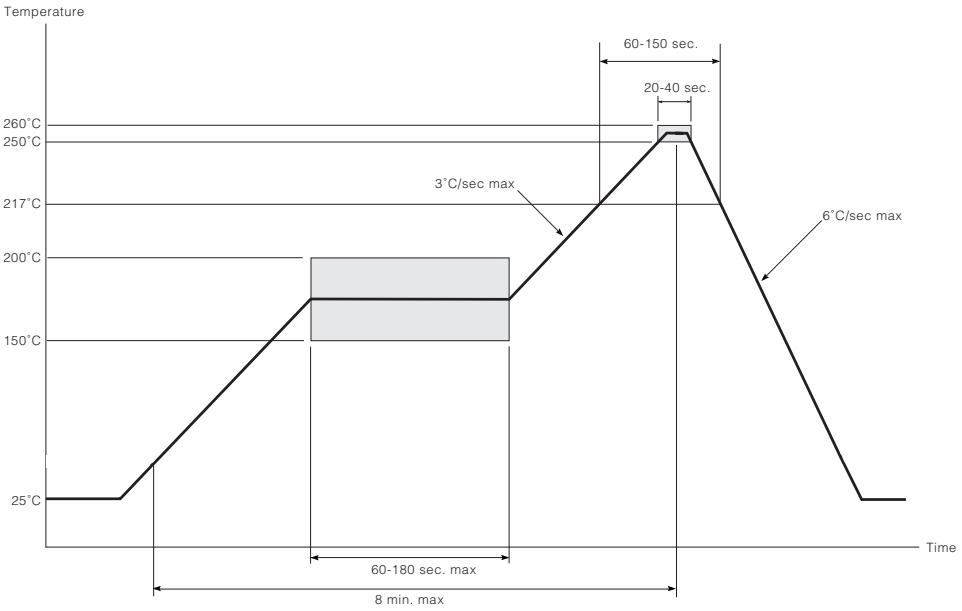


Figure 2-2: Maximum Pb-free Solder Reflow Profile (Pb-free package)

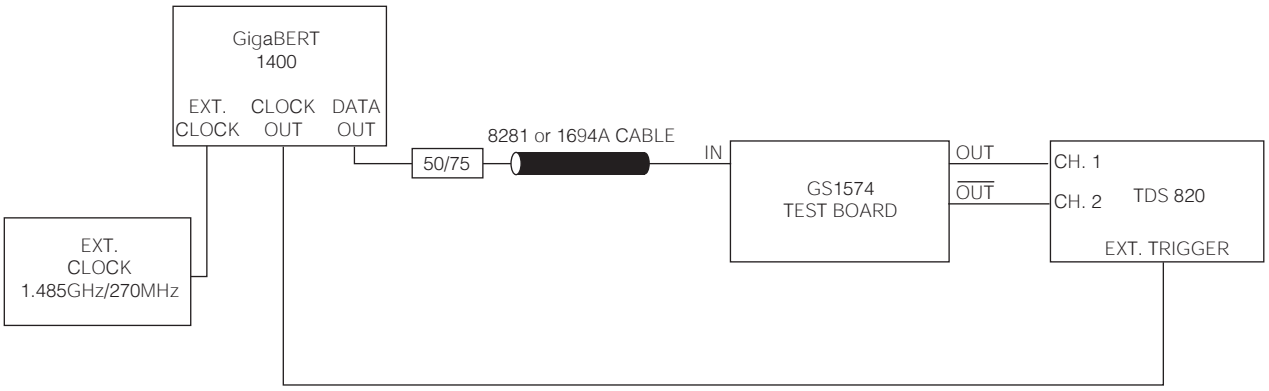


Figure 2-3: Test Circuit

3. Input / Output Circuits

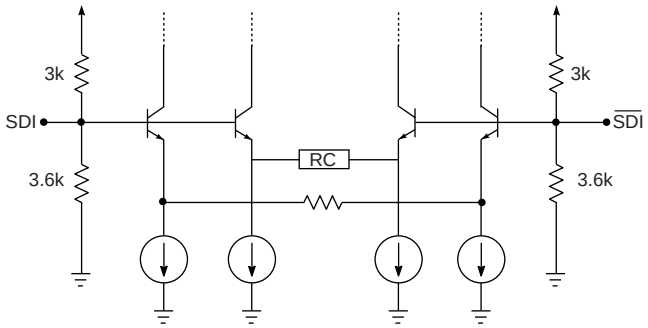


Figure 3-1: Input Equivalent Circuit

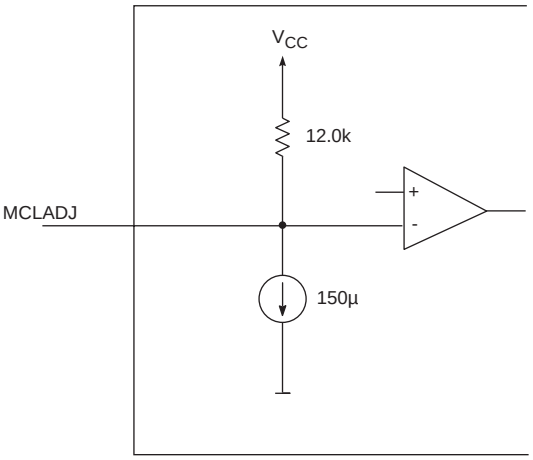


Figure 3-2: MCLADJ Equivalent Circuit

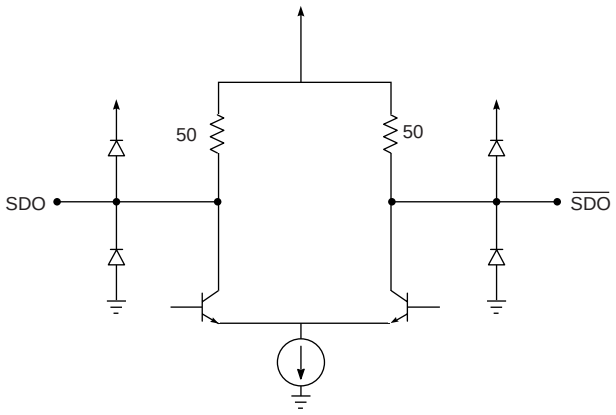


Figure 3-3: Output Circuit

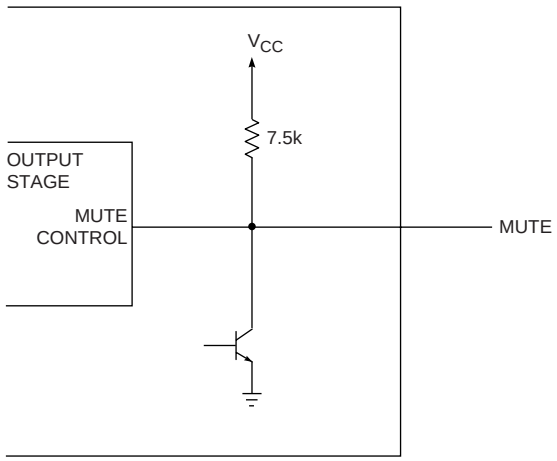


Figure 3-4: MUTE Circuit

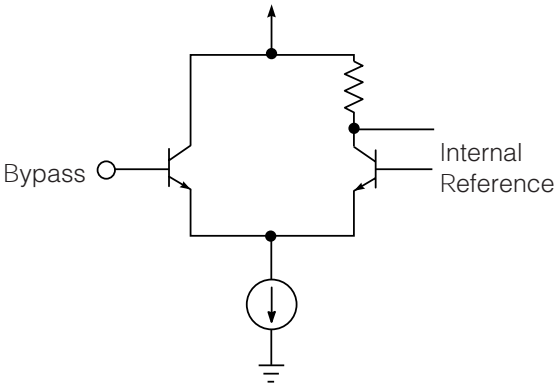


Figure 3-5: Bypass Circuit

4. Detailed Description

The GS1574 is a high speed bipolar IC designed to equalize serial digital signals.

The GS1574 can equalize both HD and SD serial digital signals, and will typically equalize greater than 140m of Belden 1694A cable at 1.485Gb/s and 350m at 270Mb/s.

The GS1574 is powered from a single +3.3V power supply and consumes approximately 270mW of power.

4.1 Serial Digital Inputs

The serial data signal may be connected to the input pins (SDI/$\overline{\text{SDI}}$) in either a differential or single ended configuration. AC coupling of the inputs is recommended, as the SDI and $\overline{\text{SDI}}$ inputs are internally biased at approximately 1.8V.

4.2 Cable Equalization

The input signal passes through a variable gain equalizing stage whose frequency response closely matches the inverse of the cable loss characteristic. In addition, the variation of the frequency response with control voltage imitates the variation of the inverse cable loss characteristic with cable length.

The edge energy of the equalized signal is monitored by a detector circuit which produces an error signal corresponding to the difference between the desired edge energy and the actual edge energy. This error signal is integrated by both an internal and an external AGC filter capacitor providing a steady control voltage for the gain stage. As the frequency response of the gain stage is automatically varied by the application of negative feedback, the edge energy of the equalized signal is kept at a constant level which is representative of the original edge energy at the transmitter. The equalized signal is also DC restored, effectively restoring the logic threshold of the equalized signal to its correct level independent of shifts due to AC coupling. The digital output signals have a nominal voltage of 750mV$_{pp}$ differential, or 375mV$_{pp}$ single ended when terminated with 50Ω as shown in Figure 4-1.

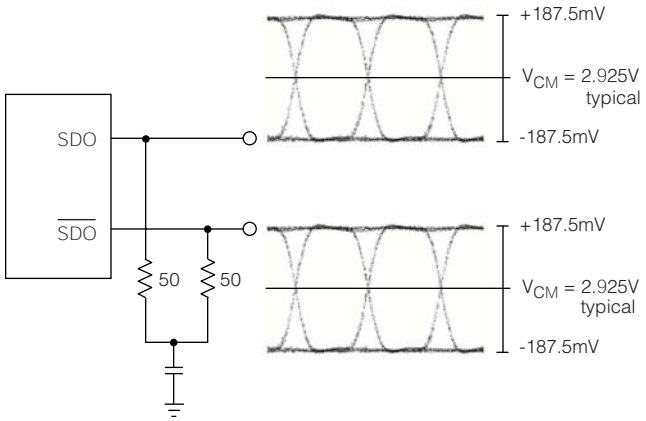


Figure 4-1: Typical Output Voltage Levels

4.3 Programmable Mute Output

For SMPTE 259M inputs, the GS1574 incorporates a programmable threshold output mute (MCLADJ).

In applications where there are multiple input channels using the GS1574, it is advantageous to have a programmable mute output to avoid signal crosstalk.

The output of the GS1574 can be muted when the input signal decreases below a certain input level. This threshold is determined using the input voltage applied to the MCLADJ pin. The MCLADJ pin may be left unconnected for applications where output muting is not required.

This feature has been designed for use in applications such as routers where signal crosstalk and circuit noise cause the equalizer to output erroneous data when no input signal is present. The use of a Carrier Detect function with a fixed internal reference does not solve this problem since the signal to noise ratio on the circuit board could be significantly less than the default signal detection level set by the on chip reference.

NOTE: MCLADJ is only recommended for data rates up to 360Mb/s.

4.4 Mute

In addition to the programmable mute output, the GS1574 includes a MUTE input pin that allows the application interface to mute the serial digital output at any time. Set the MUTE pin HIGH to mute SDO and $\overline{\text{SDO}}$.

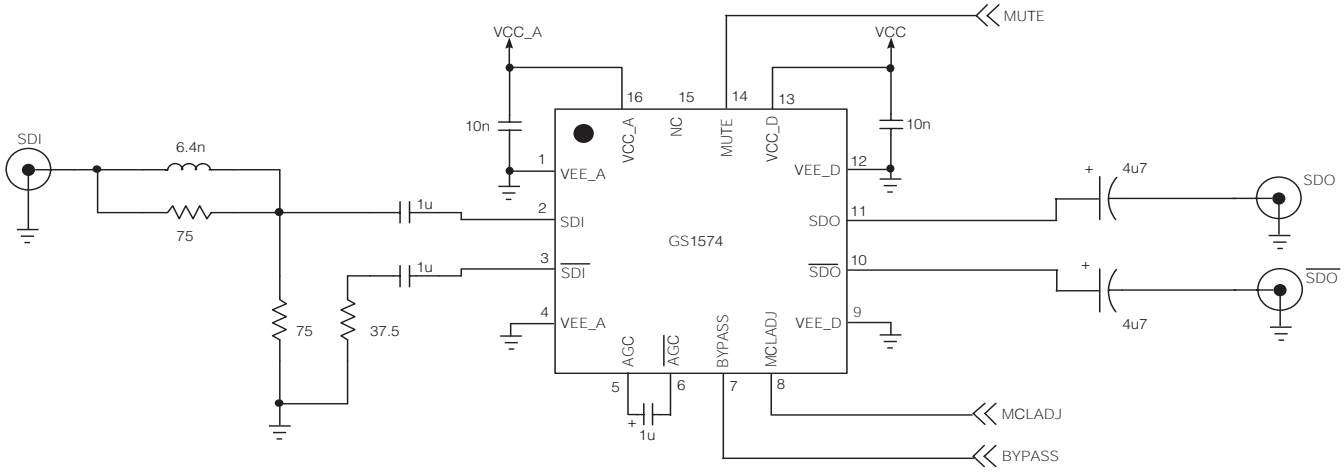
5. Application Information

5.1 PCB Layout

Special attention must be paid to component layout when designing serial digital interfaces for HDTV. An FR-4 dielectric can be used, however, controlled impedance transmission lines are required for PCB traces longer than approximately 1cm. Note the following PCB artwork features used to optimize performance:

- PCB trace width for HD rate signals is closely matched to SMT component width to minimize reflections due to change in trace impedance.
- The PCB ground plane is removed under the GS1574 input components to minimize parasitic capacitance.
- The PCB ground plane is removed under the GS1574 output components to minimize parasitic capacitance.
- High speed traces are curved to minimize impedance changes.

5.2 Typical Application Circuit A

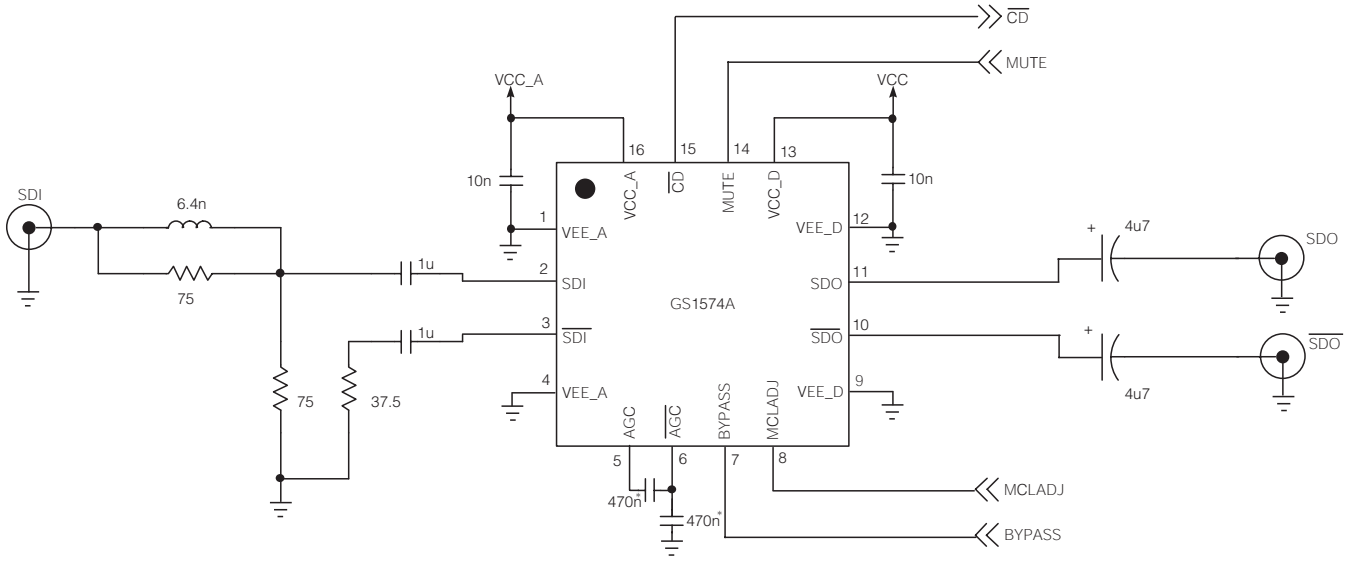


NOTE: All resistors in Ohms, capacitors in Farads, and inductors in Henrys, unless otherwise noted.

Figure 5-1: GS1574 Typical Application Circuit

5.3 Typical Application Circuit B

This application circuit should be used for future compatibility with the GS1574A. This circuit will work with GS1574 as well as the GS1574A and is recommended for all new designs.

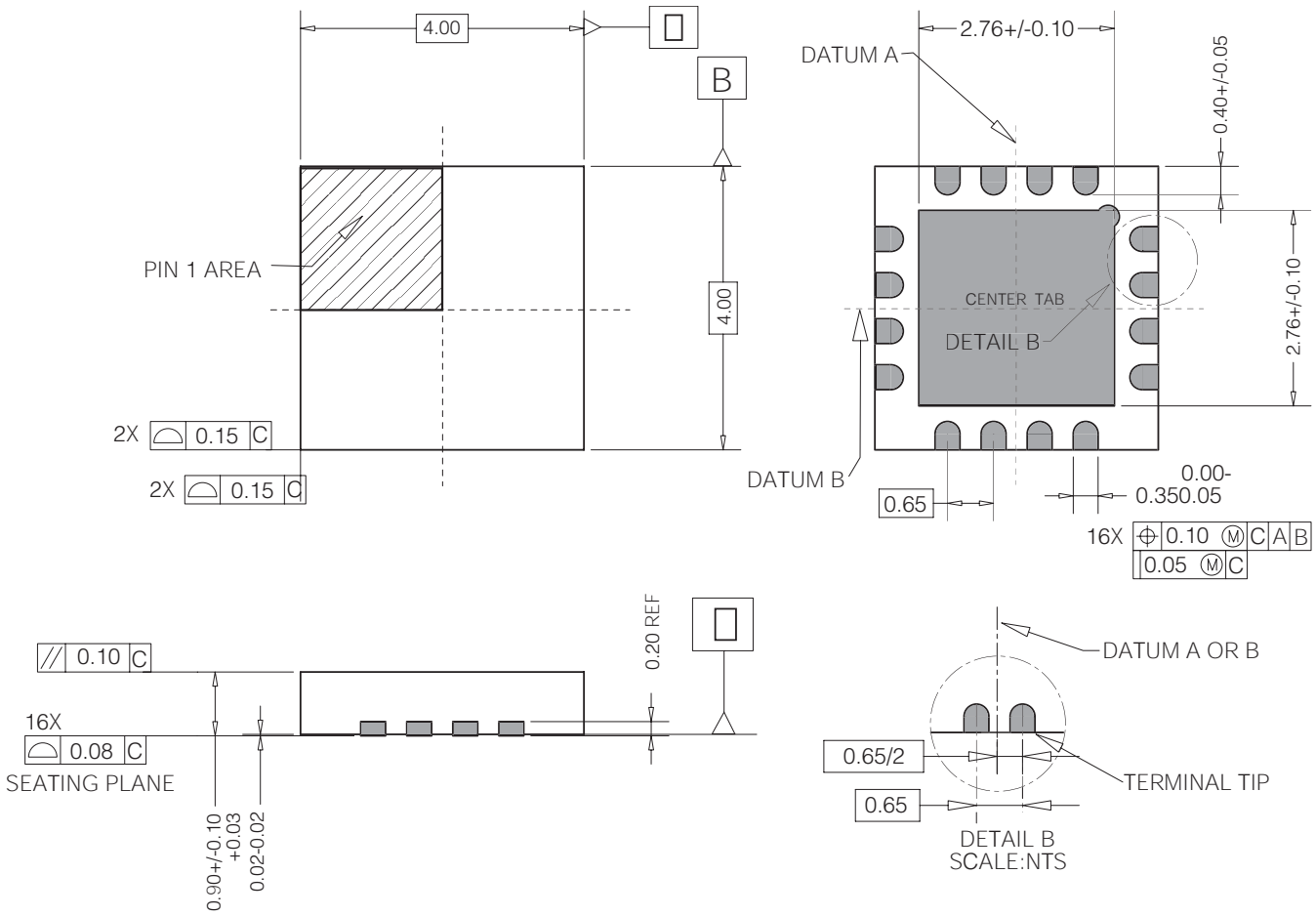


* Value subject to change.

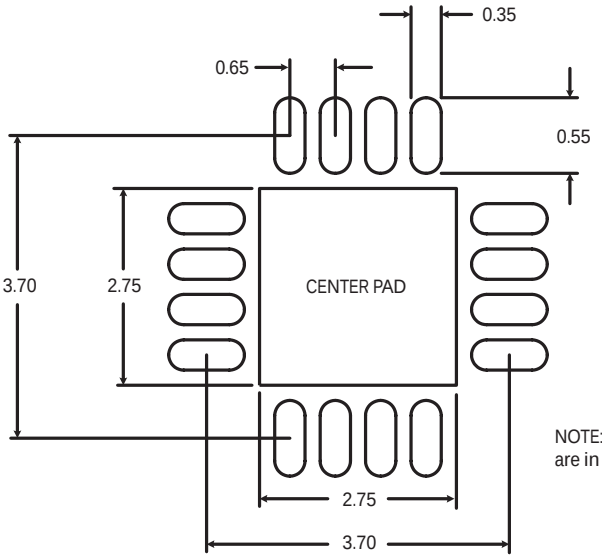
NOTE: All resistors in Ohms, capacitors in Farads, and inductors in Henrys, unless otherwise noted.

6. Package & Ordering Information

6.1 Package Dimensions



6.2 Land Information



The Center Pad should be connected to the most negative power supply plane for analog circuitry in the device (VEE_A) by a minimum of 5 vias.

NOTE: Suggested dimensions only. Final dimensions should conform to customer design rules and process optimizations.

6.3 Packaging Data

Parameter	Value
Package Type	4mm x 4mm 16-pin QFN
Package Drawing Reference	JEDEC M0220
Moisture Sensitivity Level	3
Junction to Case Thermal Resistance, θ_{j-c}	31.0°C/W
Junction to Air Thermal Resistance, θ_{j-a} (at zero airflow)	43.8°C/W
Psi	11.0°C/W
Pb-free and Green	Yes

6.4 Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Temperature Range
GS1574-CNE3	Pb-free 16-pin QFN	0°C to 70°C

7. Revision History

Version	ECR	Date	Changes and/or Modifications
B	133285	March 2004	Updated AIN to include information on the GS9074.
0	134166	August 2004	Upgrade to preliminary data sheet. Remove all information on the GS9074. Expand detailed description information. AC/DC parameters updated. Add Pb-free and conventional solder reflow profiles. Edit pin descriptions.
1	134891	November 2004	Added packaging data section. Added Pad Layout information. Updated Packaging Dimensions diagram. Corrected minor typing errors.
2	135370	December 2004	Added Typical Application Circuit section with application information for future drop-in compatibility with GS1574A part.

CAUTION
ELECTROSTATIC
SENSITIVE DEVICES

DO NOT OPEN PACKAGES OR HANDLE
EXCEPT AT A STATIC-FREE WORKSTATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION
PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET
The product is in a preproduction phase and specifications are subject to change without notice.

GENNUM CORPORATION
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 489, Stn. A, Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7R 3Y3
Tel. +1 (905) 632-2996 Fax. +1 (905) 632-5946
Shipping Address: 970 Fraser Drive, Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7L 5P5

GENNUM JAPAN CORPORATION
Shinjuku Green Tower Building 27F, 6-14-1, Nishi Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku,
Tokyo, 160-0023 Japan
Tel. +81 (03) 3349-5501, Fax. +81 (03) 3349-5505

GENNUM UK LIMITED
25 Long Garden Walk, Farnham, Surrey, England GU9 7HX
TEL. +44 (0)1252 747 000 FAX +44 (0)1252 726 523

Gennum Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuits described herein and makes no representations that they are free from patent infringement.

www.gennum.com