


GB10RF120K

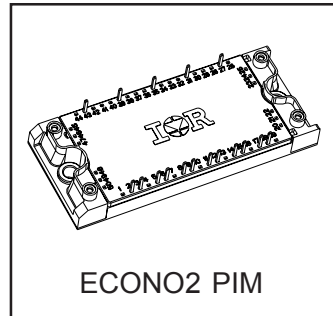
IGBT PIM MODULE

Features

- Low $V_{CE(on)}$ Non Punch Through IGBT Technology
- Low Diode V_F
- 10 μ s Short Circuit Capability
- Square RBSOA
- HEXFRED Antiparallel Diode with Ultrasoft Reverse Recovery Characteristics
- Positive $V_{CE(on)}$ Temperature Coefficient
- Ceramic DBC Substrate
- Low Stray Inductance Design
- TOTALLY LEAD-FREE

Benefits

- Benchmark Efficiency for Motor Control
- Rugged Transient Performance
- Low EMI, Requires Less Snubbing
- Direct Mounting to Heatsink
- PCB Solderable Terminals
- Low Junction to Case Thermal Resistance
- UL Approved E78996 

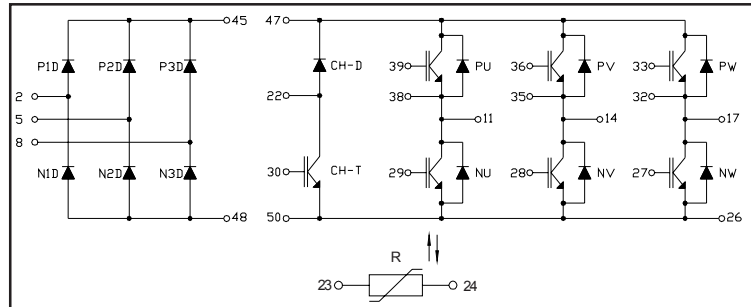


$$V_{CES} = 1200V$$

$$I_C = 13A @ T_C=80^\circ C$$

$$t_{sc} > 10\mu s @ T_J=150^\circ C$$

$$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.68V$$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Ratings	Units
Inverter	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}			1200	V
	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{GES}			± 20	
	Collector Current	I_C	Continuous	25°C / 80°C	20 / 13	A
			Pulsed	25°C	40	
	Diode Maximum Forward Current	I_{FM}	Pulsed	25°C	40	
Power Dissipation	P_D	One IGBT	25°C	88	W	
Input Rectifier	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}			1600	V
	Average Output Current	$I_{F(AV)}$	50/60Hz sine pulse	80°C	13	A
	Surge Current (Non Repetitive)	I_{FSM}	Rated V_{RRM} applied, 10ms,		120	
	$I^2 t$ (Non Repetitive)	$I^2 t$	sine pulse		72	A ² s
Brake	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}			1200	V
	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	V_{GES}			± 20	
	Collector Current	I_C	Continuous	25°C / 80°C	20 / 13	A
			Pulsed	25°C	40	
	Power Dissipation	P_D	One IGBT	25°C	88	W
	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	T_J			150	°C
	Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}			-40 to +125	
Isolation Voltage	V_{ISOL}	AC (1 min)		2500	V	

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Maximum	Units
Junction-to-Case Inverter IGBT Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JC}$	-	-	1.42	°C/W
Junction-to-Case Inverter FRED Thermal Resistance		-	-	1.97	
Junction-to-Case Brake DIODE Thermal Resistance		-	-	1.97	
Junction-to-Case Brake IGBT Thermal Resistance		-	-	1.42	
Junction-to-Case Input Rectifier Thermal Resistance		-	-	1.11	
Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	$R_{\theta CS}$	-	0.05	-	
Mounting Torque (M5)		2.7	-	3.3	Nm
Weight			170		g

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

		Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Inverter	BV _(CES)	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	-	-	V	V _{GE} = 0 I _C = 500μA
IGBT	ΔV _{(BR)CES} /ΔT _J	Temp. Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	-	1.33	-	V/°C	V _{GE} = 0 I _C = 1mA (25°C - 125°C)
	V _{CE(ON)}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	-	2.68	3.03	V	I _C = 10A V _{GE} = 15V
			-	3.68	4.55		I _C = 20A V _{GE} = 15V
			-	3.19	3.61		I _C = 10A V _{GE} = 15V T _J = 125°C
			-	4.52	5.17		I _C = 20A V _{GE} = 15V T _J = 125°C
	V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	4	-	6		V _{CE} = V _{GE} I _C = 250μA
	ΔV _{GE(th)} /ΔT _J	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	-	-9.7	-	mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} I _C = 1mA (25°C-125°C)
	I _{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	-	-	100	μA	V _{GE} = 0 V _{CE} = 1200V
			-	750	-		V _{GE} = 0 V _{CE} = 1200V T _J = 125°C
	I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	-	-	±200	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V
	Q _G	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	-	48	72		I _C = 10A
	Q _{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	-	8	15	nC	V _{CC} = 600A
	Q _{GC}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	-	22	33		V _{GE} = 15V
	E _{ON}	Turn-On Switching Loss	-	0.96	1.44	mJ	I _C = 10A V _{CC} = 600V
	E _{OFF}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	-	0.46	0.70		V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω L = 1mH
	E _{TOT}	Total Switching Loss	-	1.42	2.14		T _J = 25°C ¹
	E _{ON}	Turn-On Switching Loss	-	1.25	1.88	mJ	I _C = 10A V _{CC} = 600V
	E _{OFF}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	-	0.69	0.95		V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω L = 1mH
	E _{TOT}	Total Switching Loss	-	1.94	2.83		T _J = 125°C ¹
	t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	-	86	130	ns	I _C = 10A V _{CC} = 600V
	t _r	Rise time	-	21	32		V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω L = 1mH
	t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	-	118	180		T _J = 125°C
	t _f	Fall time	-	274	410		
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	-	750	1150	pF	V _{GE} = 0	
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	-	190	290		V _{CC} = 30V	
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	-	20	35		f = 1Mhz	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				T _J = 125°C I _C = 40A R _G = 22Ω V _{GE} = 15V to 0	
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	-	-	μs	T _J = 150°C V _{CC} = 960V V _P = 1200V R _G = 22Ω V _{GE} = 15V to 0	
Inverter IGBT	I _{rr}	Diode Peak Rev. Recovery Current	-	22	-	A	T _J = 125°C V _{CC} = 600V I _F = 10A L = 1mH V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω
	V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop		2.02	2.50	V	I _F = 10A
				2.53	3.35		I _F = 20A
				2.13	2.63		I _F = 10A T _J = 125°C
				2.81	3.57		I _F = 20A T _J = 125°C

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

		Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Input Rectifier	V _{FM}	Maximum Forward Voltage Drop	-	-	1.12	V	I _F = 10A
	I _{RM}	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current	-	-	0.05	mA	T _J = 25°C V _R = 1600V
			-	-	1.0		T _J = 150°C V _R = 1600V
	r _T	Forward Slope Resistance	-	-	18.1	mΩ	T _J = 150°C
V _{F(TO)}	Conduction Thresold Voltage	-	-	0.78	V		
Brake IGBT	BV _(CES)	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	-	-	V	V _{GE} = 0 I _C = 500μA
	ΔV _{(BR)CES/ΔT_J}	Temp. Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	-	1.33	-	V/°C	V _{GE} = 0 I _C = 1mA (25°C - 125°C)
	V _{CE(ON)}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	-	2.68	3.03	V	I _C = 10A V _{GE} = 15V
			-	3.68	4.55		I _C = 20A V _{GE} = 15V
			-	3.19	3.61		I _C = 10A V _{GE} = 15V T _J = 125°C
			-	4.52	5.17		I _C = 20A V _{GE} = 15V T _J = 125°C
	V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	-	6.0		V _{CE} = V _{GE} I _C = 250μA
	ΔV _{GE(th)/ΔT_J}	Thresold Voltage temp. coefficient	-	-9.7	-	mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} I _C = 1mA (25°C-125°C)
	I _{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	-	-	100	μA	V _{GE} = 0 V _{CE} = 1200V
			-	750	-		V _{GE} = 0 V _{CE} = 1200V T _J = 125°C
	I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	-	-	±200	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V
	Q _G	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	-	48	72	nC	I _C = 10A
	Q _{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	-	8	15		V _{CC} = 600A
	Q _{GC}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	-	22	33		V _{GE} = 15V
	E _{ON}	Turn-On Switching Loss	-	0.96	1.44	mJ	I _C = 10A V _{CC} = 600V
	E _{OFF}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	-	0.46	0.70		V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω L = 1mH
	E _{TOT}	Total Switching Loss	-	1.42	2.14		T _J = 25°C ¹
	E _{ON}	Turn-On Switching Loss	-	1.25	1.88	mJ	I _C = 10A V _{CC} = 600V
	E _{OFF}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	-	0.69	0.95		V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω L = 1mμH
	E _{TOT}	Total Switching Loss	-	1.94	2.830		T _J = 125°C ¹
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On delay time	-	86	130	ns	I _C = 10A V _{CC} = 600V	
t _r	Risetime	-	21	32		V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω L = 1mH	
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off delay time	-	118	180		T _J = 125°C	
t _f	Fall time	-	274	410			
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	-	750	1150	pF	V _{GE} = 0	
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	-	190	290		V _{CC} = 30V	
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	-	20	35		f = 1Mhz	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				T _J = 125°C I _C = 40A R _G = 22Ω V _{GE} = 15V to 0	
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	-	-	μs	T _J = 150°C V _{CC} = 960V, V _P = 1200V R _G = 22Ω V _{GE} = 15V to 0	
Brake Diode	I _{rr}	Diode Peak Rev. Recovery Current	-	22	-	A	T _J = 125°C V _{CC} = 600V I _F = 10A L = 1mH V _{GE} = 15V R _G = 22Ω
	V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	-	2.02	2.5	V	I _F = 10A
-	-	-	2.53	3.35	I _F = 20A		
-	-	-	2.13	2.63	I _F = 10A T _J = 125°C		
-	-	-	2.81	3.57	I _F = 20A T _J = 125°C		
NTC	R	Resistance	-	5000	-	Ω	T _J = 25°C
	-	-	-	493.3	-		T _J = 100°C
B	B Value	-	3375	-	K	T _J = 25°C / 50°C	

¹ Energy Losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery

Inverter

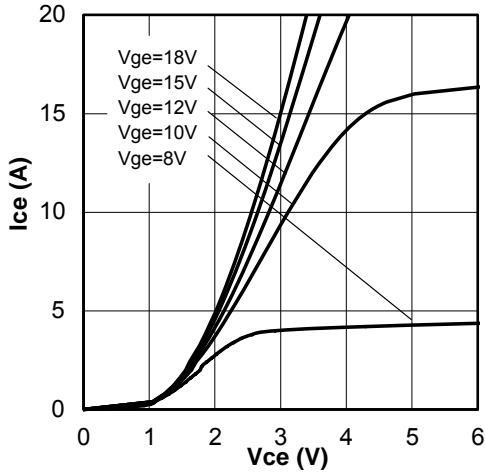


Fig. 1 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

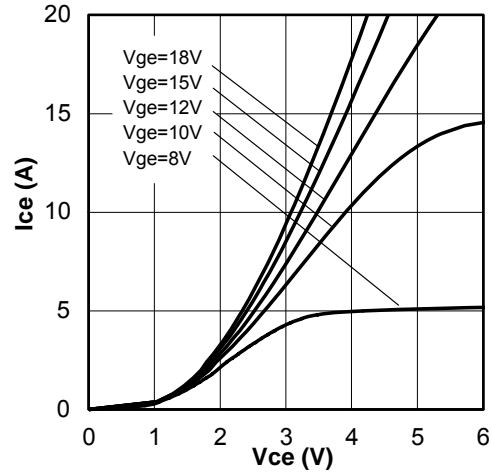


Fig. 2 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

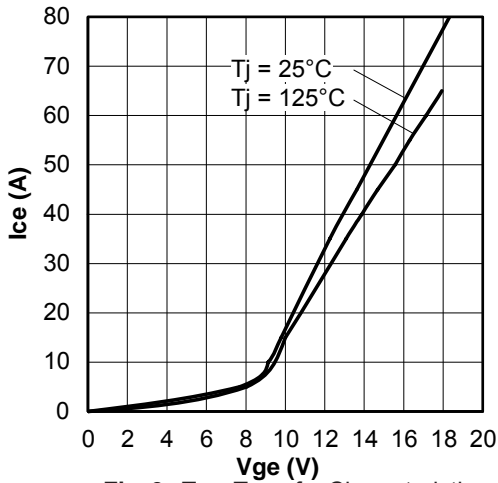


Fig. 3 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$

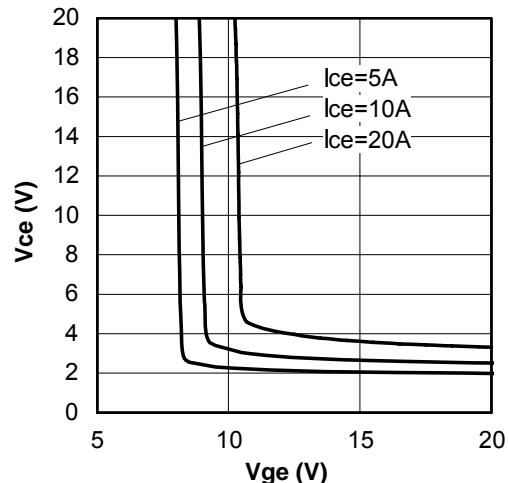


Fig. 4 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

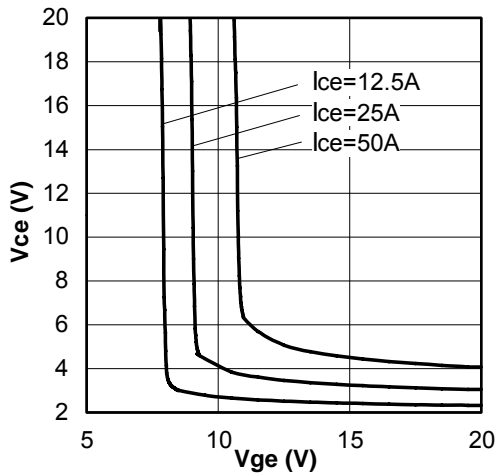


Fig. 5 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

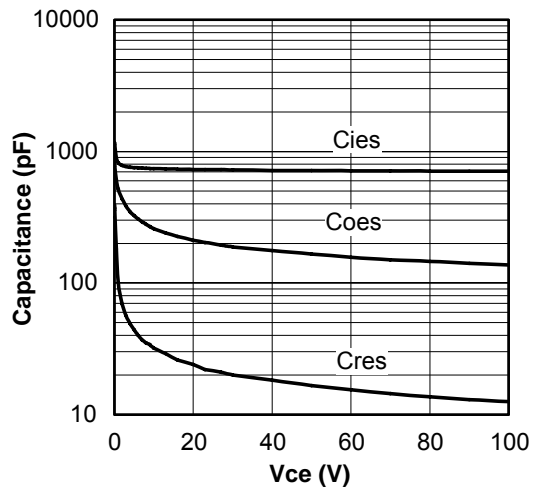


Fig. 6 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

Inverter

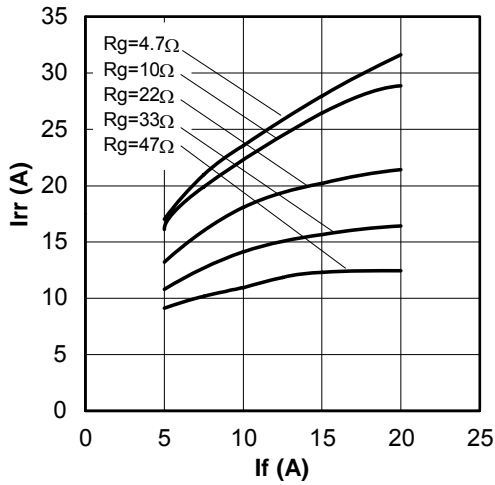


Fig. 13 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

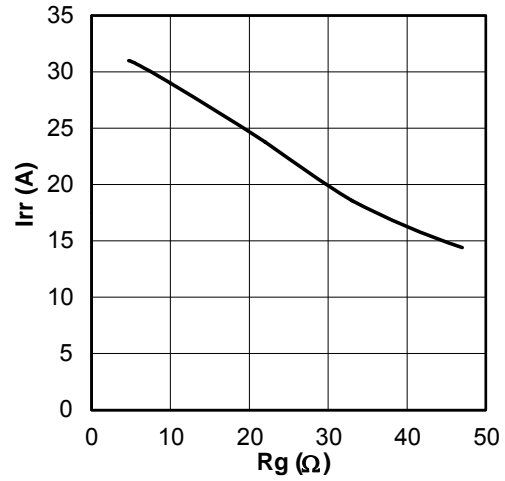


Fig. 14 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 10\text{A}$

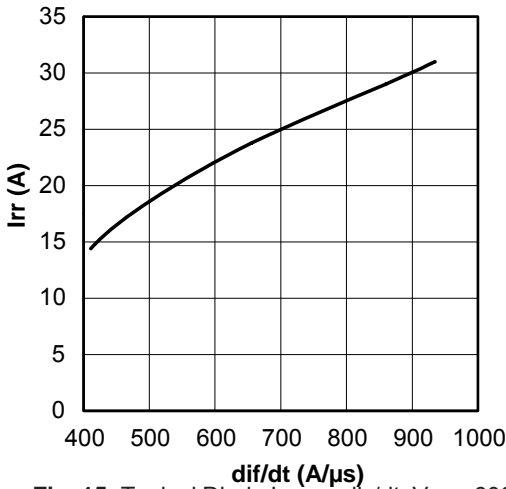


Fig. 15 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt ; $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$;
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; I_{CE} = 10\text{A}; T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

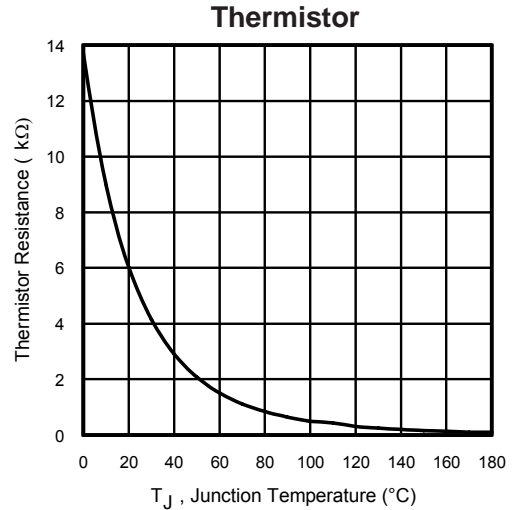


Fig. 16 - Thermistor Resistance vs. Temperature

Input Rectifier

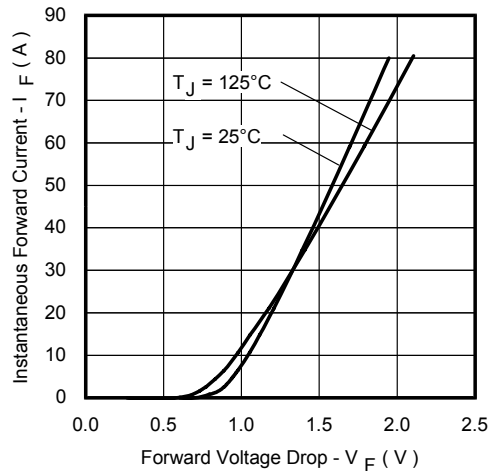


Fig. 17- Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

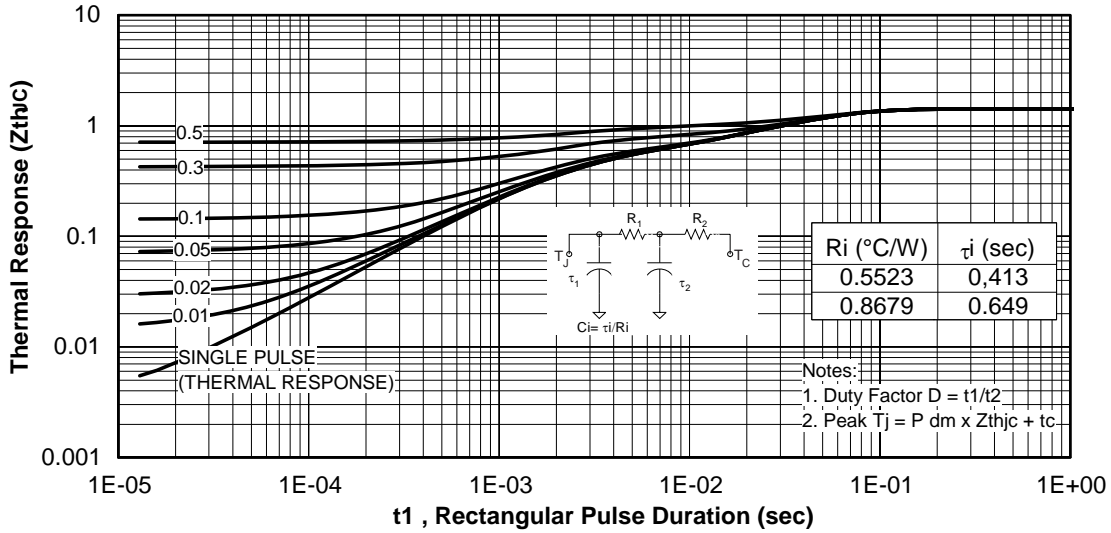


Fig 18. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

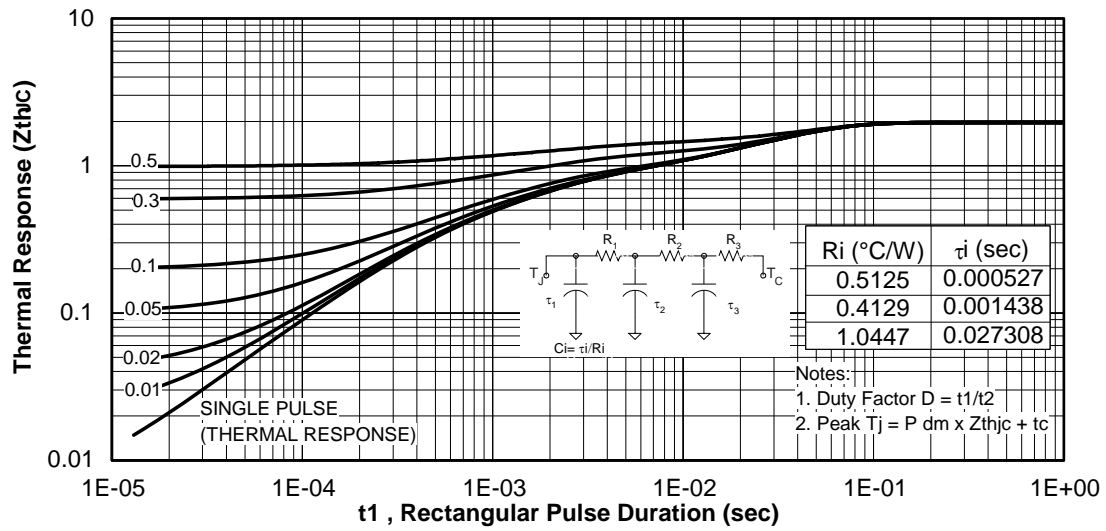


Fig 19. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

Brake

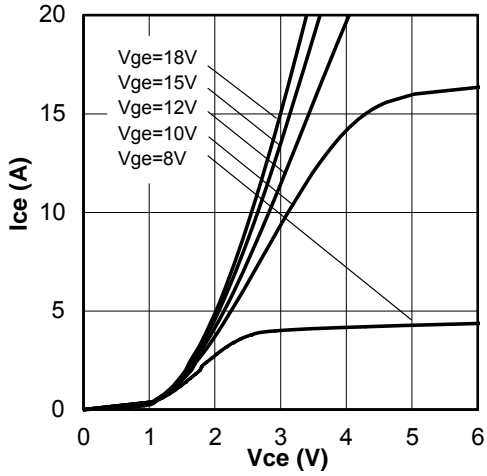


Fig. 20 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

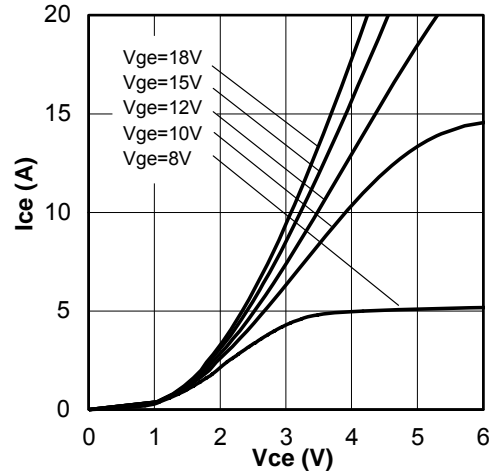


Fig. 21 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$

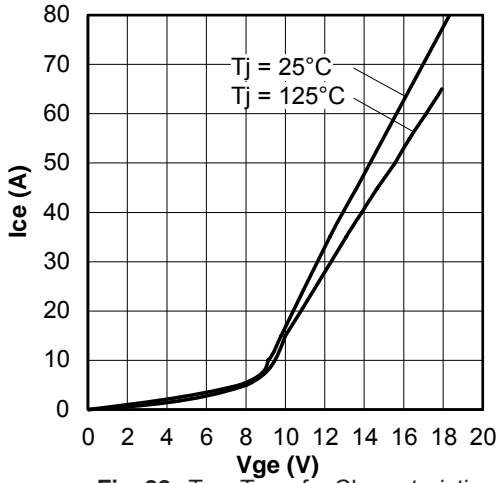


Fig. 22 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$

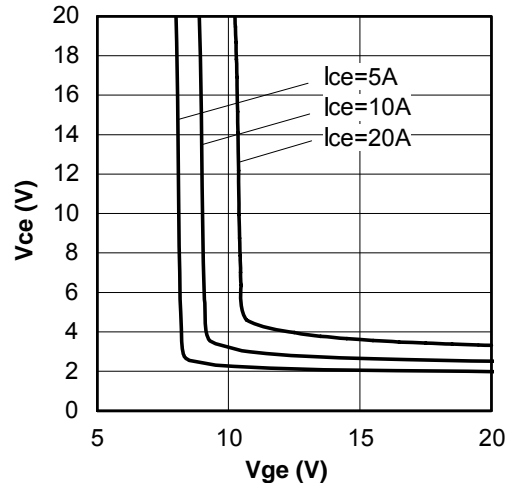


Fig. 23 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

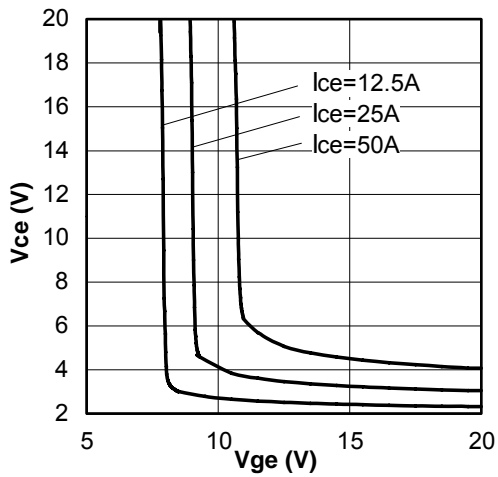


Fig. 24 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

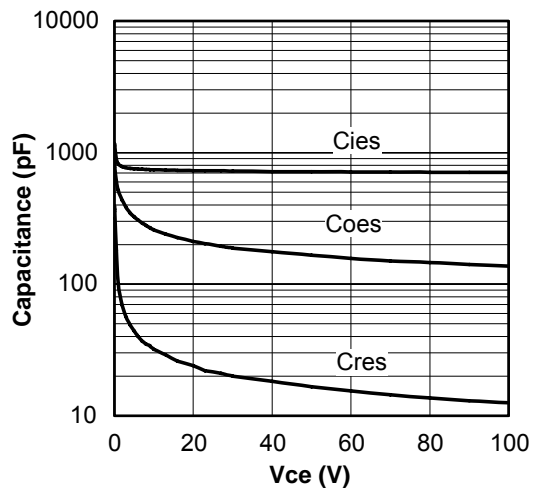


Fig. 25 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

Brake

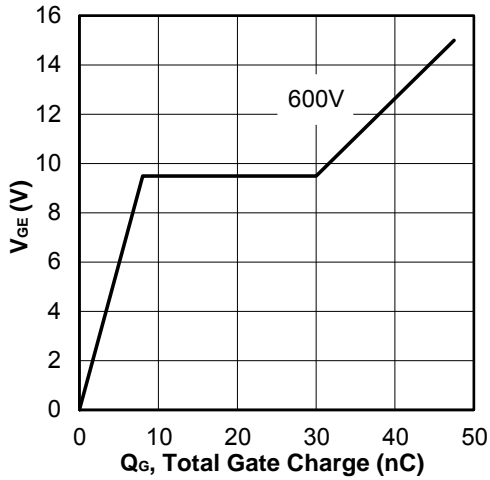


Fig. 26 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 10A$

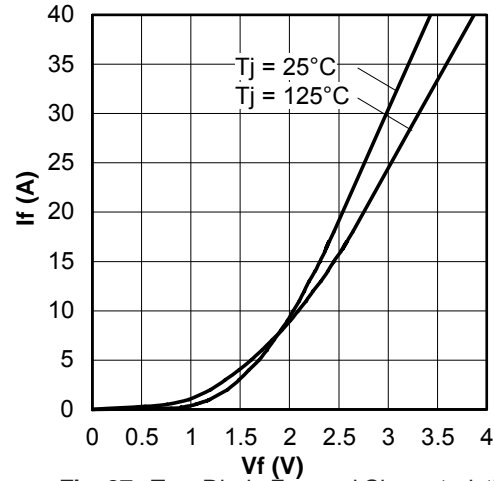


Fig. 27 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 80\mu s$

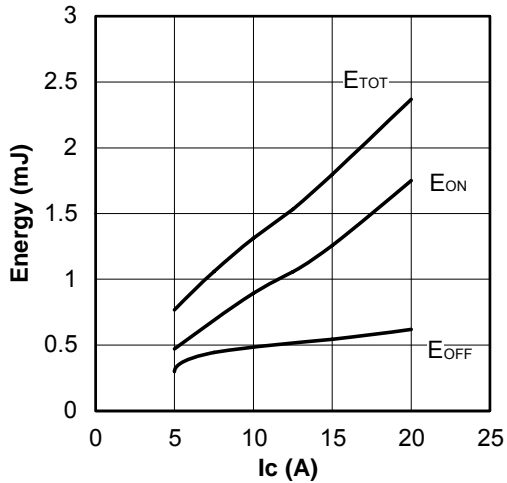


Fig. 28 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 1mH$; $V_{CE} = 600V$; $R_G = 22\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

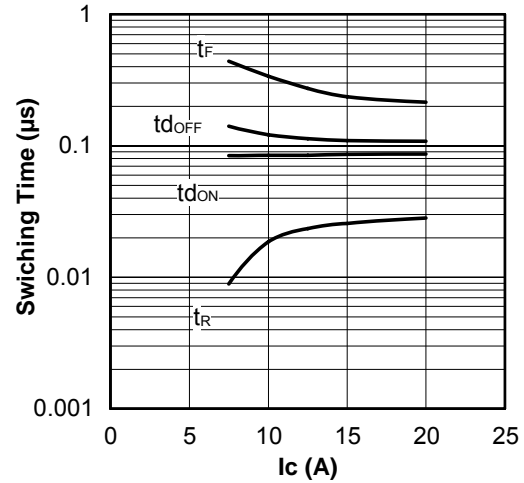


Fig. 29 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 1mH$; $V_{CE} = 600V$; $R_G = 22\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

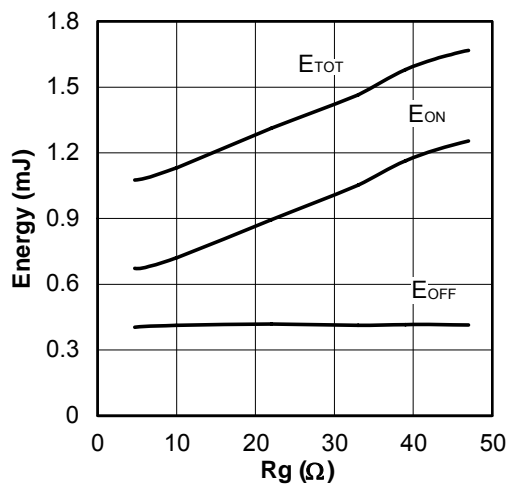


Fig. 30 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 1mH$; $V_{CE} = 600V$; $I_{CE} = 10A$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

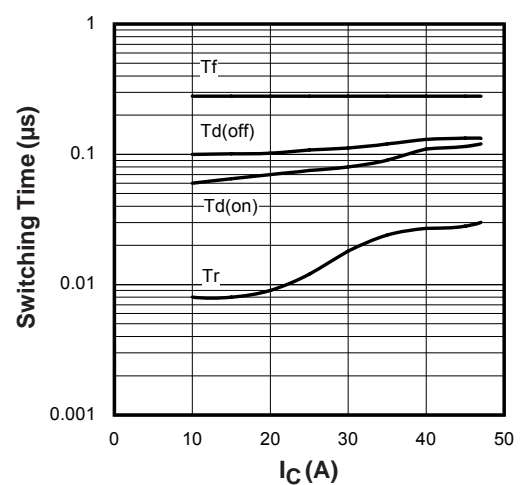


Fig. 31 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ C$; $L = 1mH$; $V_{CE} = 600V$; $I_{CE} = 10A$; $V_{GE} = 15V$

Brake

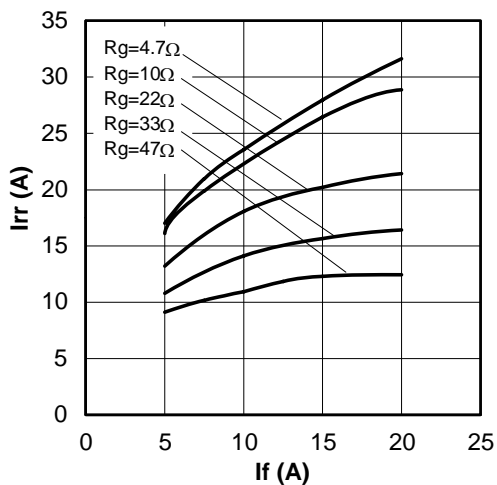


Fig. 32 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

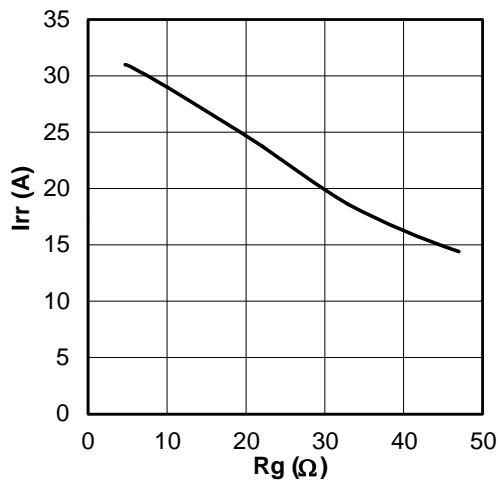


Fig. 33 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $I_F = 10\text{A}$

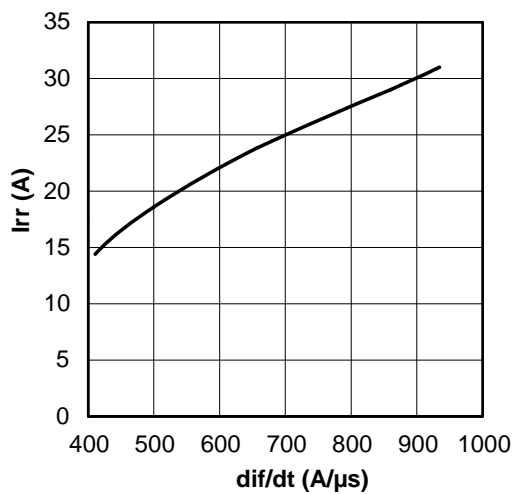


Fig. 34- Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt ; $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$;
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 10\text{A}$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

Brake

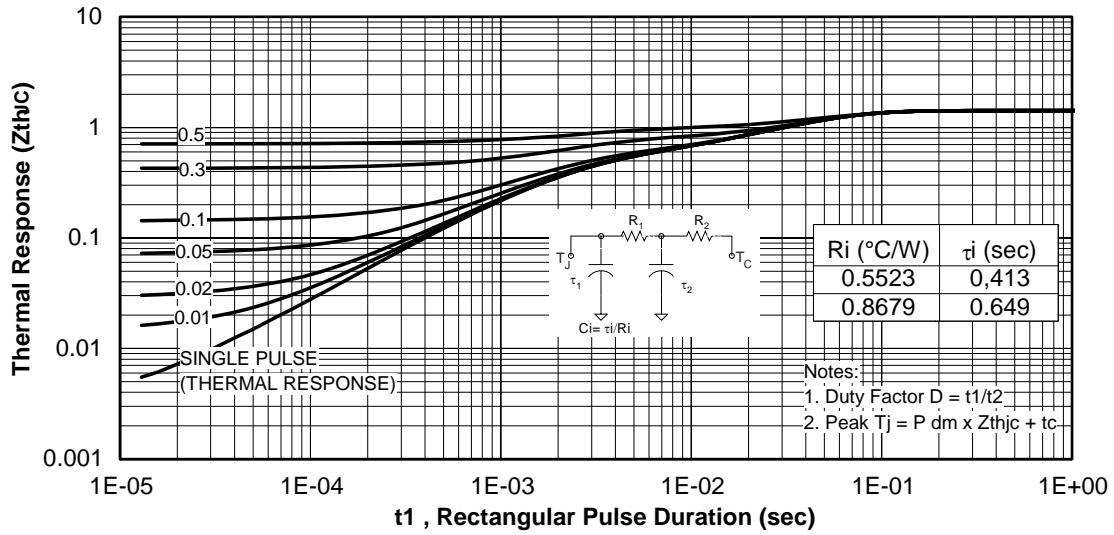


Fig. 35 - Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Brake IGBT)

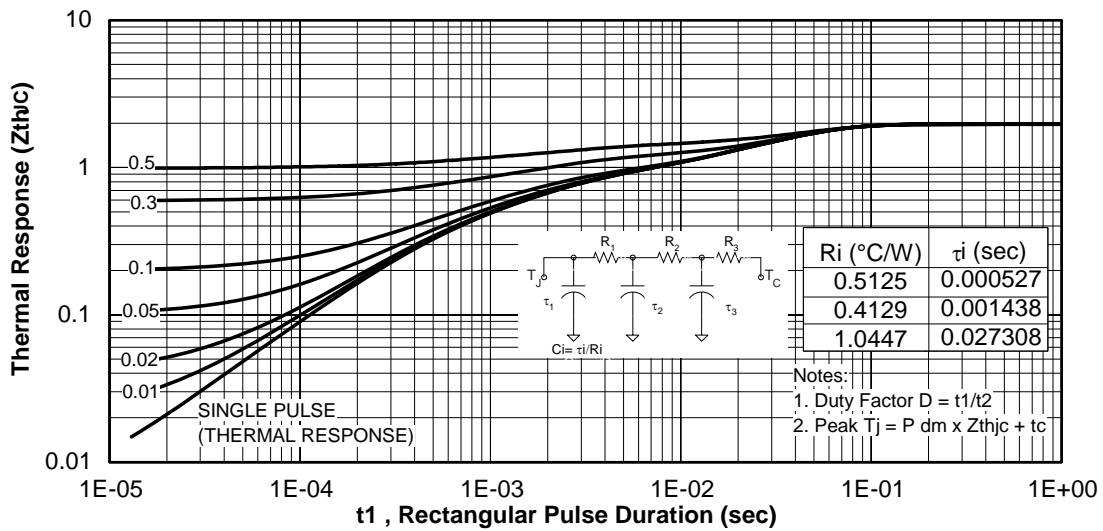


Fig. 36 - Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Brake DIODE)

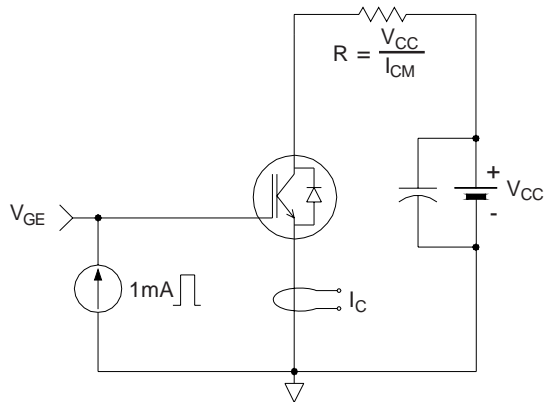


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

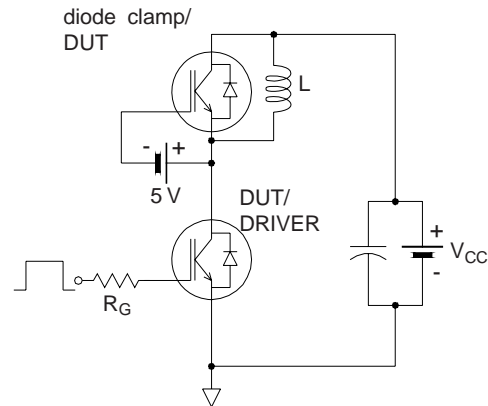


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

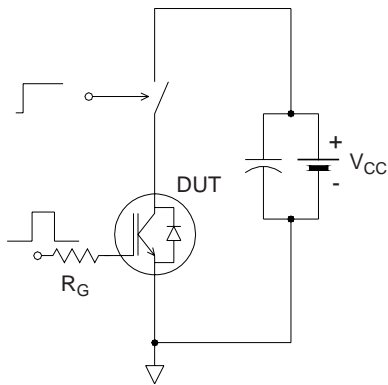


Fig.C.T.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit

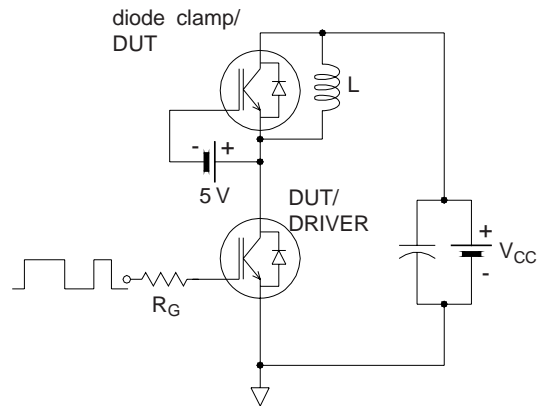


Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

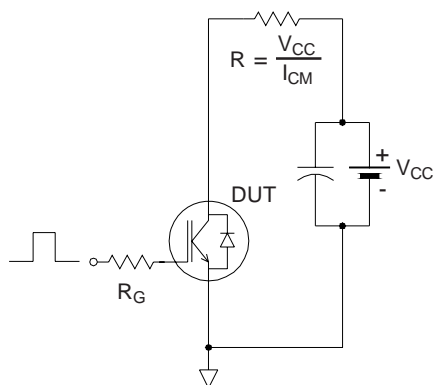


Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit

