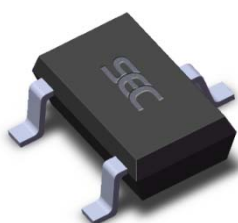


Packages



3 pin SOT23 (suffix SO)

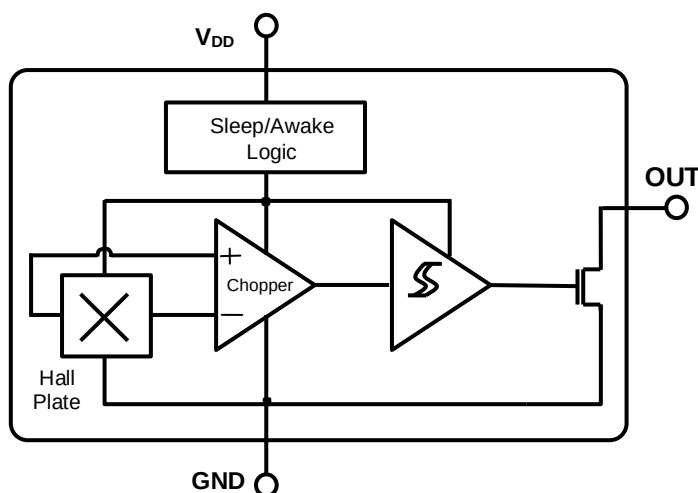


3 pin SIP (suffix UA)

Features and Benefits

- Operation down to 2.5V
- Micropower consumption for battery powered applications
- High sensitivity for direct reed switch replacement applications
- Omnipolar, output switches with absolute value of North or South pole from magnet

Functional Block Diagram



Application Examples

- Solid-state switch
- Handheld Wireless Handset Awake Switch
- Lid close sensor for battery powered devices
- Magnet proximity sensor for reed switch replacement in low duty cycle applications

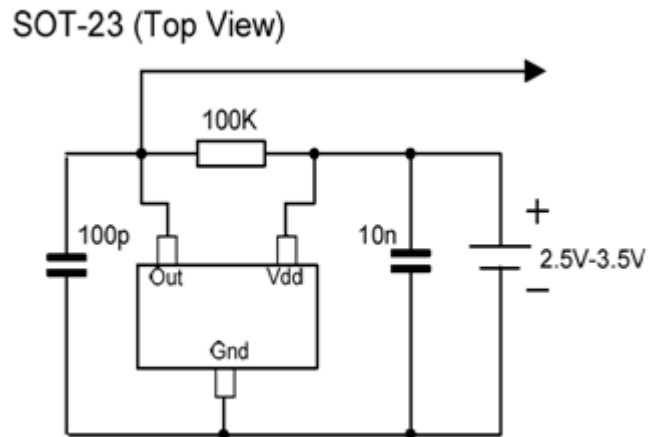
General Description

The SS239 Omnipolar Hall effect sensor IC is fabricated from mixed signal CMOS technology. It incorporates advanced chopper-stabilization techniques to provide accurate and stable magnetic switch points.

The circuit design provides an internally controlled clocking mechanism to cycle power to the Hall element and analog signal processing circuits. This serves to place the high current-consuming portions of the circuit into a “Sleep” mode. Periodically the device is “Awakened” by this internal logic and the magnetic flux from the Hall element is evaluated against the predefined thresholds. If the flux density is above or below the B_{OP}/B_{RP} thresholds then the output transistor is driven to change states accordingly. While in the “Sleep” cycle the output transistor is latched in its previous state. The design has been optimized for service in applications requiring extended operating lifetime in battery powered systems.

The output transistor of the SS239 will be latched on (B_{OP}) in the presence of a sufficiently strong South or North magnetic field facing the marked side of the package. The output will be latched off (B_{RP}) in the absence of a magnetic field.

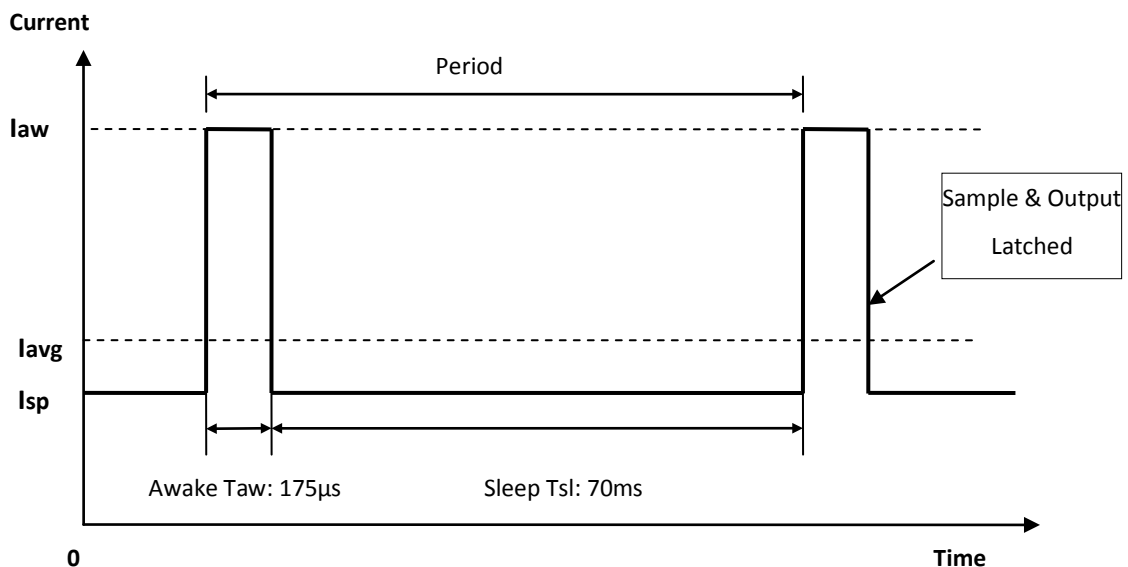
Typical Application Circuit



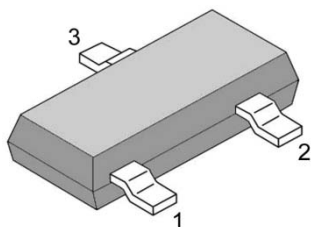
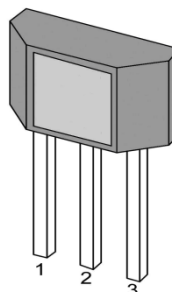
SEC's pole-independent sensing technique allows for operation with either a north pole or south pole magnet orientation, enhancing the manufacturability of the device. The state-of-the-art technology provides the same output polarity for either pole face.

It is strongly recommended that an external bypass be connected (in close proximity to the Hall sensor) between the supply and ground of the device to reduce both external noise and noise generated by the chopper-stabilization technique. This is especially true due to the relatively high impedance of battery supplies.

Internal Timing Circuit



Pin Definitions and Descriptions



SOT Pin №	SIP Pin №	Name	Type	Function
1	1	V _{DD}	Supply	Supply Voltage pin
2	3	OUT	Output	Open Drain Output pin
3	2	GND	Ground	Ground pin

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Supply Voltage (operating)	V _{DD}	6	V
Supply Current	I _{DD}	5	mA
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	6	V
Output Current	I _{OUT}	5	mA
Operating Temperature Range	T _A	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _S	-50 to 150	°C
ESD Sensitivity	-	4000	V

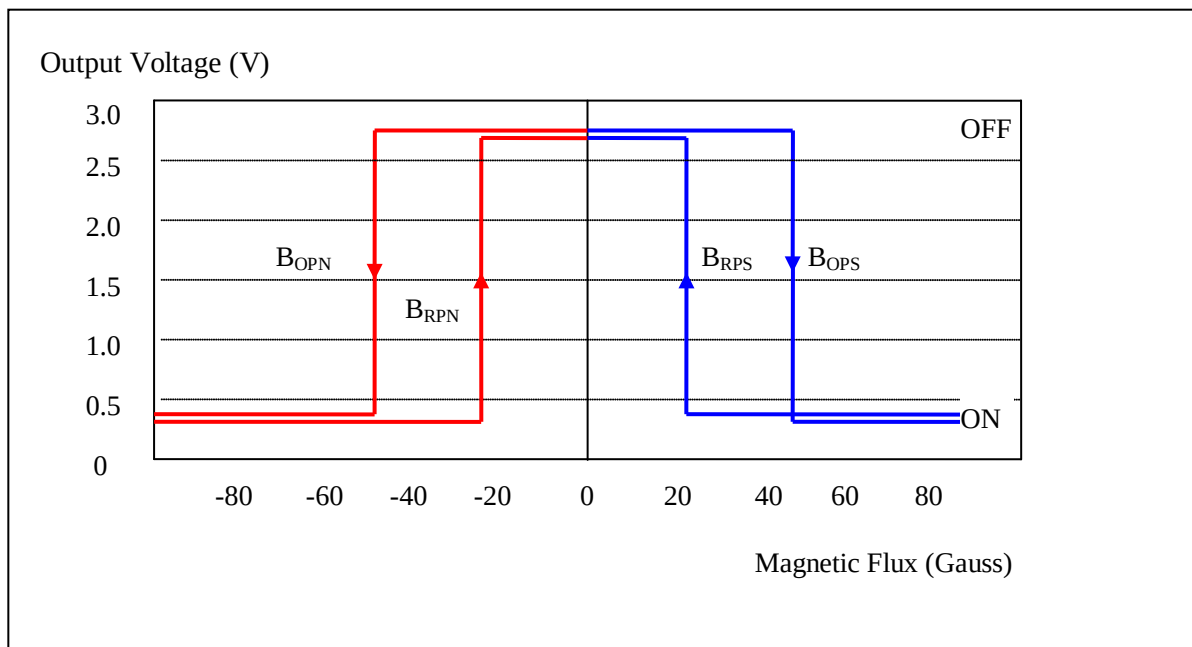
Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Electrical Characteristics

DC Operating Parameters: T_A = 25°C, V_{DD} = 2.75V.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	Operating	2.5	3	5.5	V
Supply Current	I _{DD}	Average		5		μA
Output Current	I _{OUT}				1.0	mA
Saturation Voltage	V _{SAT}	I _{OUT} = 1mA			0.4	V
Awake mode time	T _{AW}	Operating		175		μs
Sleep mode time	T _{SL}	Operating			70	ms

Magnetic Characteristics



Operating Parameters: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 2.75V_{DC}$

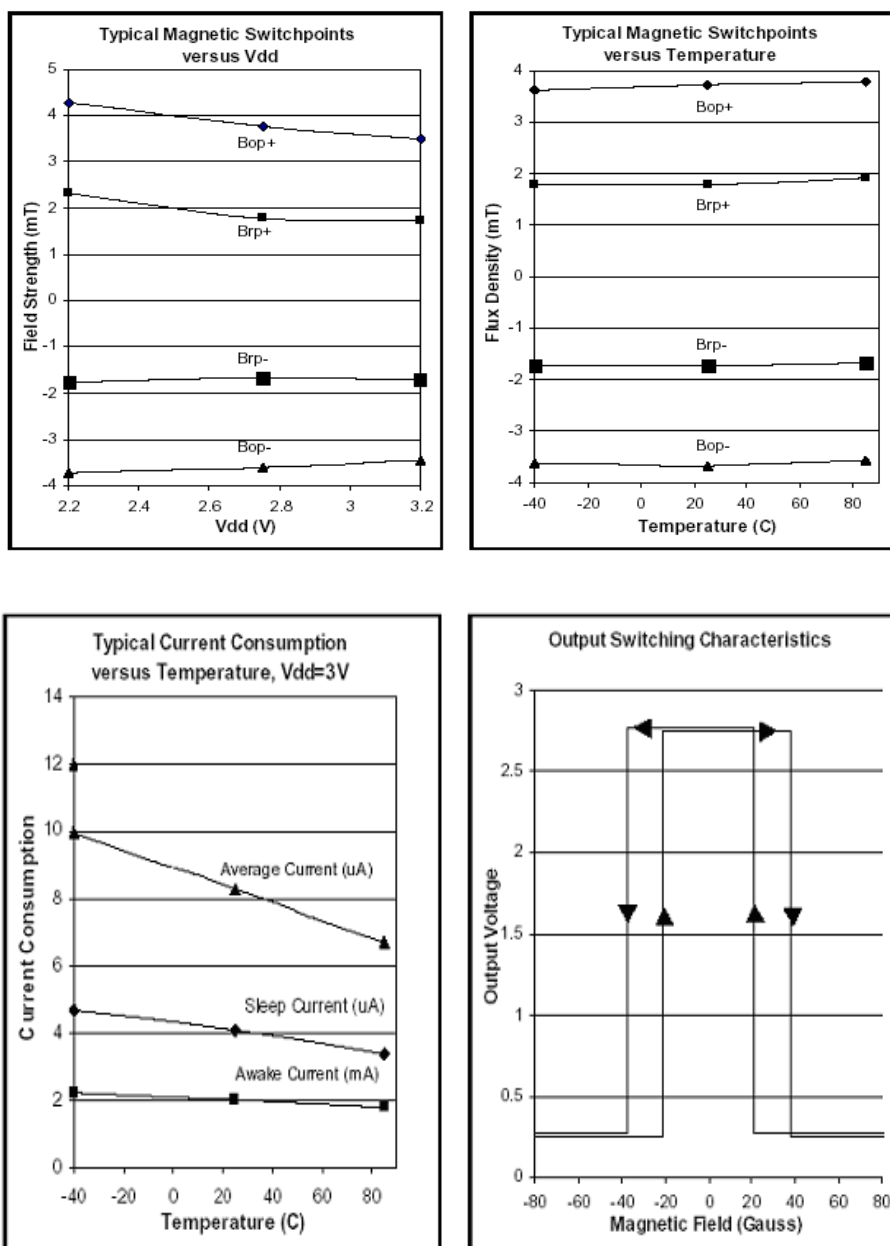
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Units
Operating Point	B_{OP}	-	+/-35	+/-60	Gs
Release Point	B_{RP}	+/-5	+/-21	-	Gs
Hysteresis	B_{HYST}	-	14	-	Gs

ESD Protection

Human Body Model (HBM) tests according to: Mil. Std. 883F method 3015.7

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max		
ESD Voltage	V_{ESD}		± 4	kV	

Performance Characteristics



Unique Features

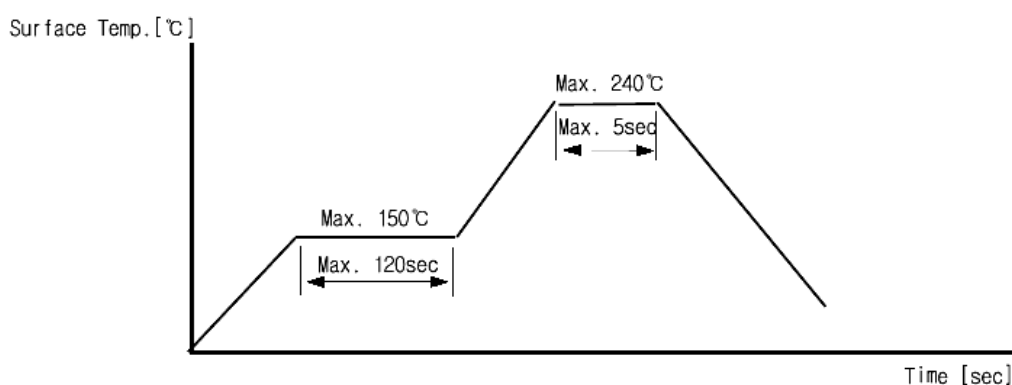
CMOS Hall IC Technology

The chopper stabilized amplifier uses switched capacitor techniques to eliminate the amplifier offset voltage, which, in bipolar devices, is a major source of temperature sensitive drift. CMOS makes this advanced technique possible. The CMOS chip is also much smaller than a bipolar chip, allowing very sophisticated circuitry to be placed in less space. The small chip size also contributes to lower physical stress and less power consumption.

Installation Comments

Consider temperature coefficients of Hall IC and magnetic, as well as air gap and life time variations. Observe temperature limits during wave soldering. Typical IR solder-reflow profile:

- No Rapid Heating and Cooling.
- Recommended Preheating for max. 2minutes at 150°C
- Recommended Reflowing for max. 5seconds at 240°C



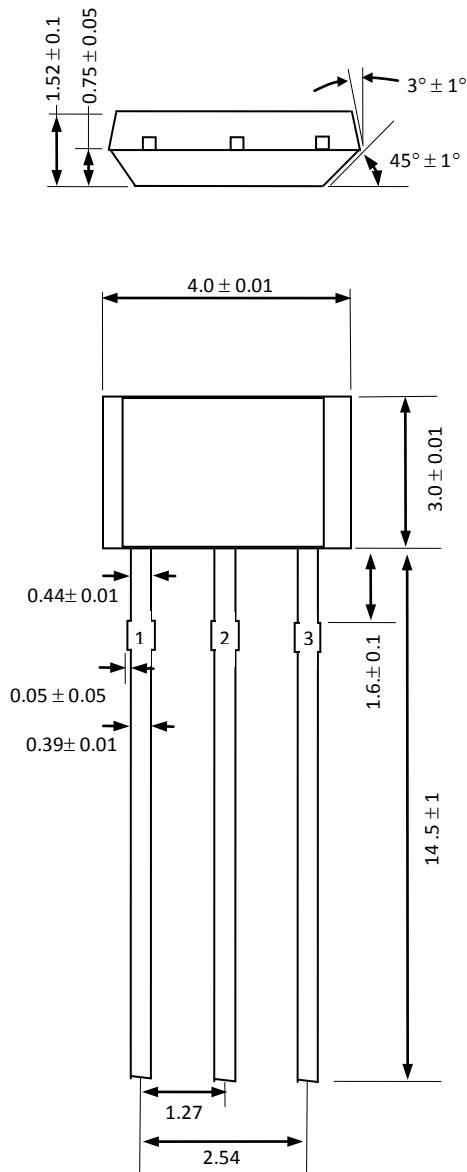
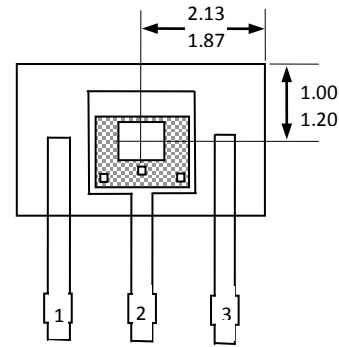
ESD Precautions

Electronic semiconductor products are sensitive to Electro Static Discharge (ESD).

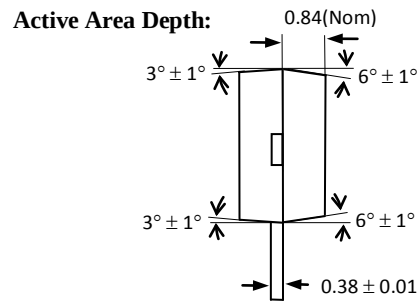
Always observe Electro Static Discharge control procedures whenever handling semiconductor products.

Package Information

Package UA, 3-Pin SIP:



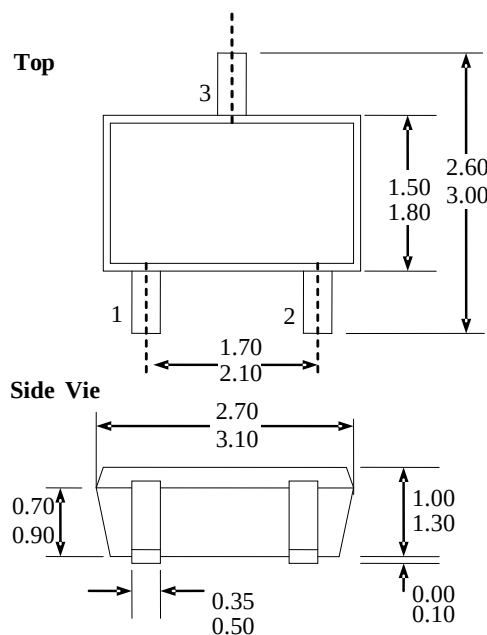
Sensor Location



Notes:

- 1). Controlling dimension : mm ;
- 2). Leads must be free of flash and plating voids ;
- 3). Do not bend leads within 1 mm of lead to package interface ;
- 4). PINOUT: Pin 1 V_{DD}
Pin 2 GND
Pin 3 Output

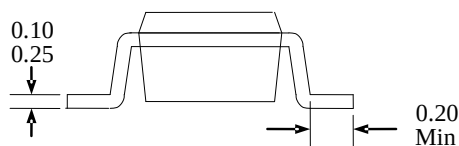
Package SO, 3-Pin SOT-23:



Notes

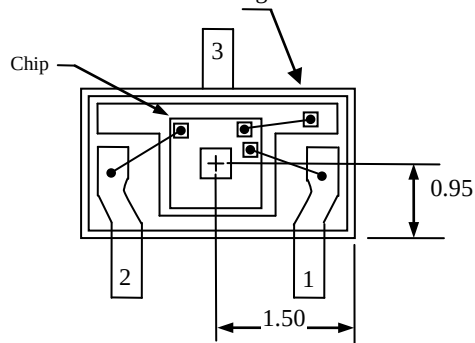
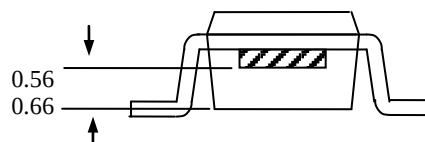
- 1). PINOUT: Pin 1 V_{DD}
Pin 2 Output
Pin 3 GND
- 2). All dimensions are in millimeters;

End



SOT-23 Package Hall Location:

Bottom View of SOT-23 Package



Ordering Information

Part No.	Pb-free	Temperature Code	Package Code	Packing
SS239ESOT	YES	-40°C to 85°C	SOT-23	7-in. reel, 3000 pieces/reel
SS239EUA	YES	-40°C to 85°C	TO-92	Bulk, 1000 pieces/bag
SS239KSOT	YES	-40°C to 125°C	SOT-23	7-in. reel, 3000 pieces/reel
SS239KUA	YES	-40°C to 125°C	TO-92	Bulk, 1000 pieces/bag
SS239LSOT	YES	-40°C to 150°C	SOT-23	7-in. reel, 3000 pieces/reel
SS239LUA	YES	-40°C to 150°C	TO-92	Bulk, 1000 pieces/bag