

# ELM832xC 20 $\mu$ A Low power CMOS operational amplifier

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## ■General description

ELM832xC is a low current consumption-Typ.20 $\mu$ A CMOS OP-AMP provided with a wide common mode input voltage range. It has a quasi rail-to-rail input stage and a push-pull rail-to-rail output stage. ELM832xC can operate down to 1.2V. ELM832xC is suitable for portable devices which require low power and a single voltage source.

## ■Features

- Operation from a single power source
- Low voltage operation :  $1.2V \leq V_{dd} \leq 6.0V$
- Low current consumption : Typ.21 $\mu$ A( $V_{dd}=3.0V$ )
- N-channel depletion differential input
  - : No gm dependence on input operating points
- Common-mode input voltage range
  - : Quasi rail-to-rail input
  - $V_{ss}$  to  $V_{dd}-0.3V$ ( $V_{dd}=1.5V$ )
  - $V_{ss}$  to  $V_{dd}-0.1V$ ( $V_{dd}=3.0V$ )
- Output stage : Push-pull rail-to-rail output
- Unity gain bandwidth : Typ.150kHz( $V_{dd} \geq 1.5V$ )
- Package : SOT-25, SC-70-5(SOT-353)

## ■Application

- Battery-operated portable devices
- Micropower signal process
- Low voltage analog circuit

## ■Maximum absolute ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{dd}$	7.0	V
Input voltage	$V_{in}$	$V_{ss}-0.3$ to $V_{dd}+0.3$	V
Output voltage	$V_{out}$	$V_{ss}-0.3$ to $V_{dd}+0.3$	V
Output short circuit		Continuous	Sec.
Power dissipation	$P_d$	300 (SOT-25)	mW
		150 (SC-70-5(SOT-353))	
Operating temperature	$T_{op}$	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	°C

## ■Selection guide

ELM832xC-X

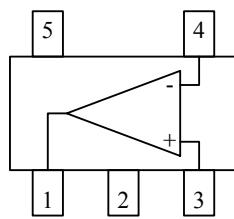
Symbol		
a	Package	B: SOT-25 C: SC-70-5(SOT-353)
b	Product version	C
c	Taping direction	S, N: Refer to PKG file

ELM832 x C - x  
↑↑↑  
a b c

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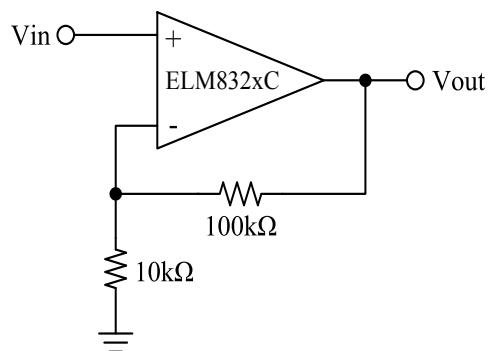
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## ■Pin configuration

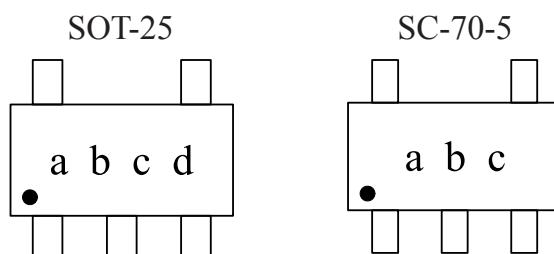


Pin No.	Pin name
1	OUT
2	VDD
3	IN+
4	IN-
5	VSS

## ■Standard circuit



## ■Marking



Symbol	Mark	Content
a, b	5 B	ELM832BC (SOT-25)
	> 1	ELM832CC (SC-70-5)
c	0 to 9 and A to Z (I, O, X excepted.)	Lot No.
d	0 to 9 and A to Z (I, O, X excepted.)	Lot No.

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## ■Electrical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operating voltage	Vdd		1.2		6.0	V

Vdd=1.5V

Vss=0V, Top=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input offset voltage	Vio	Vcm=Vdd/2, Unity gain follower			±6	mV
Input bias current	Iib				1.0	nA
Common-mode input voltage range	Vcmr	For CMRR≥50dB	0.00		1.20	V
Maximum output voltage swing	Voutsh	Vid=100mV, RL=10kΩ to Vss	1.40			V
Minimum output voltage swing	Voutsl	Vid=100mV, RL=10kΩ to Vdd			0.10	V
Source current	Isource	Vout=1.2V, Vid=100mV	0.4	1.0		mA
Sink current	Isink	Vout=0.3V, Vid=100mV	1.0	2.5		mA
Large-signal voltage gain	Avd	RL=10kΩ to Vss, Vcm=0.75V		100		dB
Common-mode rejection ratio	CMRR	RL=10kΩ to Vss, Vcm=0.75V		80		dB
Supply voltage rejection ratio	PSRR	RL=10kΩ to Vss, Vcm=0.75V		85		dB
Current consumption	Iss	Vcm=Vdd/2, Unity gain follower		20	40	µA
Short current	Ishortp	Vout to Vss shrot, Vid=100mV		1.4		mA
	Ishortn	Vout to Vdd shrot, Vid=100mV		4.0		mA
Unity gain bandwidth	GBW			150		kHz
Slew rate	SR	RL=100kΩ, CL=20pF	80	190		mV/µs

Vdd=3.0V

Vss=0V, Top=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input offset voltage	Vio	Vcm=Vdd/2, Unity gain follower			±6	mV
Input bias current	Iib				1.0	nA
Common-mode input voltage range	Vcmr	For CMRR≥50dB	0.00		2.90	V
Maximum output voltage swing	Voutsh	Vid=100mV, RL=10kΩ to Vss	2.90			V
Minimum output voltage swing	Voutsl	Vid=100mV, RL=10kΩ to Vdd			0.10	V
Source current	Isource	Vout=2.7V, Vid=100mV	1.5	4.0		mA
Sink current	Isink	Vout=0.3V, Vid=100mV	3.0	7.5		mA
Large-signal voltage gain	Avd	RL=10kΩ to Vss, Vcm=1.5V		105		dB
Common-mode rejection ratio	CMRR	RL=10kΩ to Vss, Vcm=1.5V		85		dB
Supply voltage rejection ratio	PSRR	RL=10kΩ to Vss, Vcm=1.5V		100		dB
Current consumption	Iss	Vcm=Vdd/2, Unity gain follower		21	45	µA
Short current	Ishortp	Vout to Vss shrot, Vid=100mV		14		mA
	Ishortn	Vout to Vdd shrot, Vid=100mV		25		mA
Unity gain bandwidth	GBW			150		kHz
Slew rate	SR	RL=100kΩ, CL=20pF	80	200		mV/µs

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## ■Note

### 1) Common mode input voltage range

ELM832xC common mode input voltage range is fixed under the condition of  $CMRR \geq 50dB$ ; ELM832xC is able to accept the input above its specification if the degradation of CMRR is not considered. Even if the input voltage exceeds either positive or negative power voltage, troubles such as reverse of output will not occur.

As maximum absolute rating, the input voltage is possible within  $(V_{ss}-0.3)V$  to  $(V_{dd}+0.3)V$ .

### 2) Operation from single power source

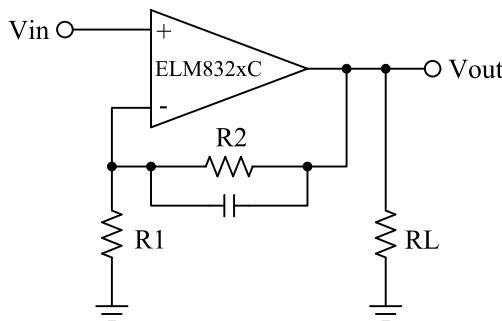
ELM832xC is designed to be most suitable for single power source, ELM832xC is able to share power supply with logic circuit one. Meanwhile, ELM832xC can also operate from double power sources. To protect power supplies of ELM832xC and logic circuit from noise, please separate wire from power supply and use decoupling (bypass) capacitor. Using the capacitor can improve PSRR characteristics, especially on 10kHz to 100kHz or more.

### 3) Feedback

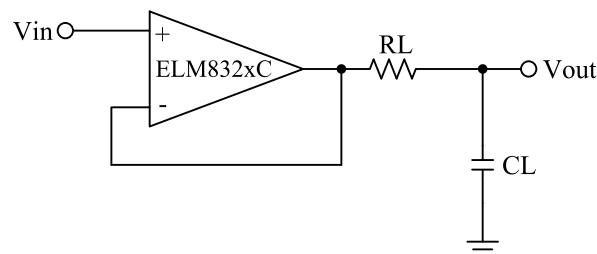
When OP-AMP circuit is used with feedback resistor, oscillation may happen in the circuit with loop-gain like unity gain follower.

- a) When large feedback resistance is used, the phase margin is decreased by its combination with the parasitic capacitance of the input part of OP-AMP. In this situation, please connect small capacitor in parallel with feedback resistor as shown in fig-1.
- b) For capacitive load, external resistor in series connection will be effective as shown in fig-2.  
( $RL=300$  to  $500\Omega$ )
- c) Being used as an unity gain follow, ELM832xC is able to drive capacitive load of 100pF directly without oscillation.

a) fig-1



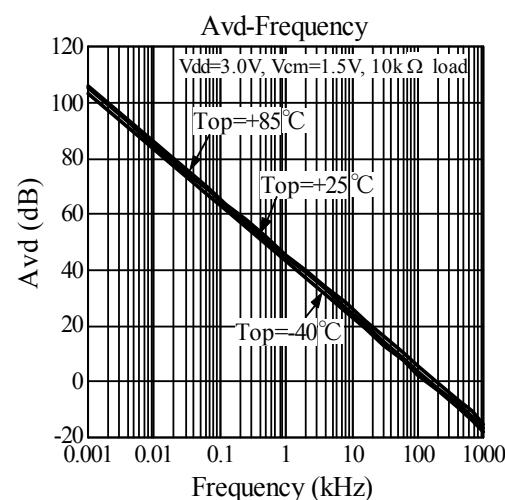
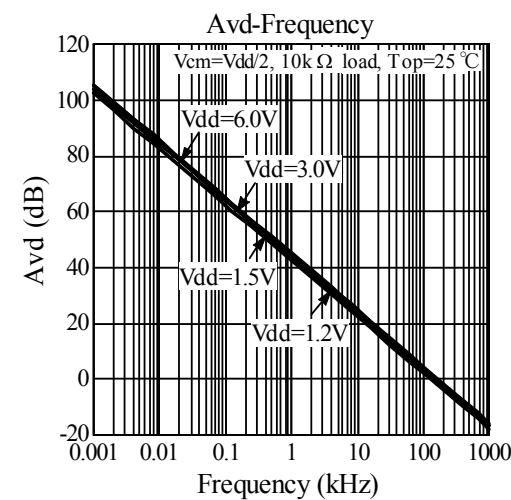
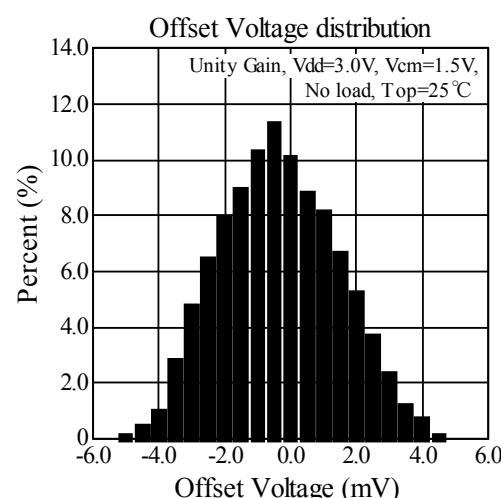
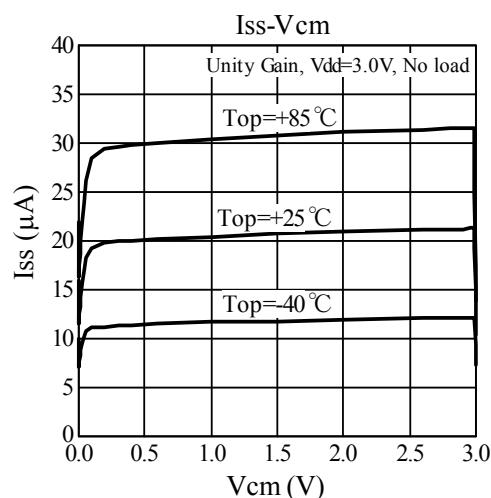
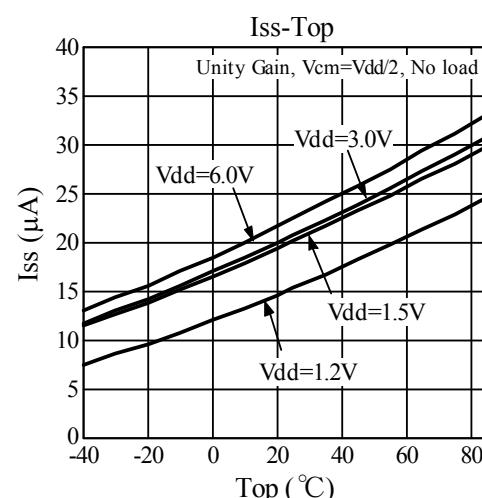
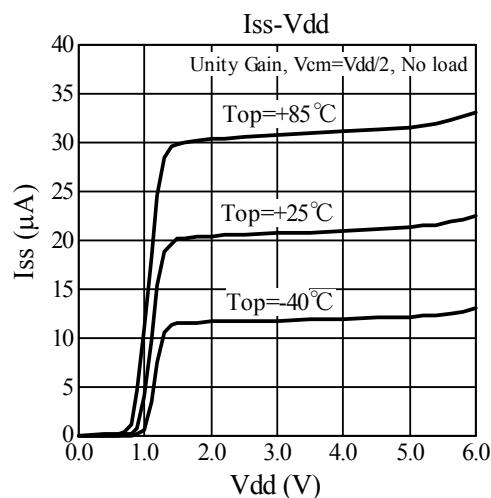
b) fig-2



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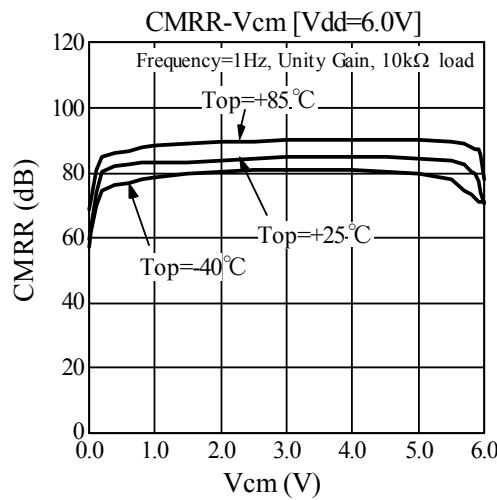
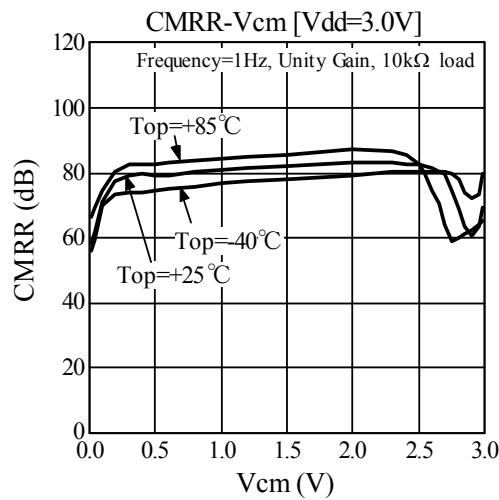
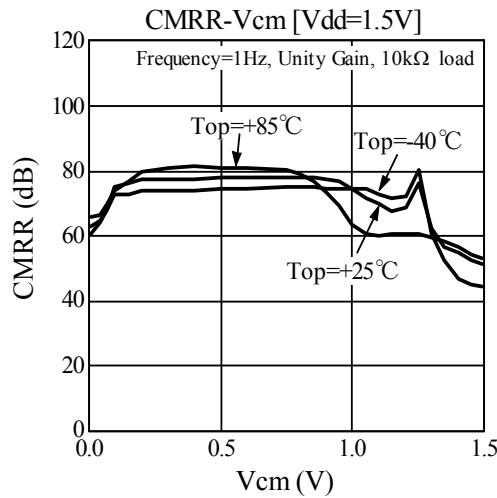
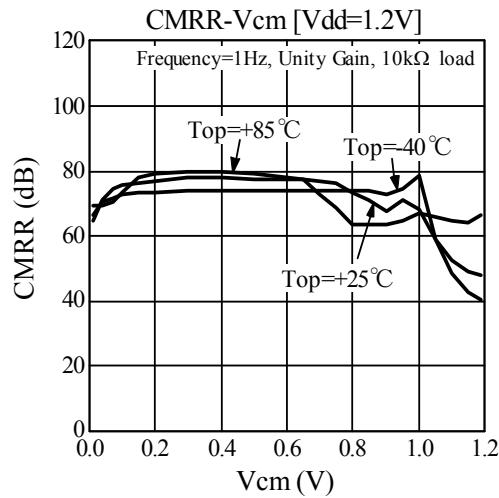
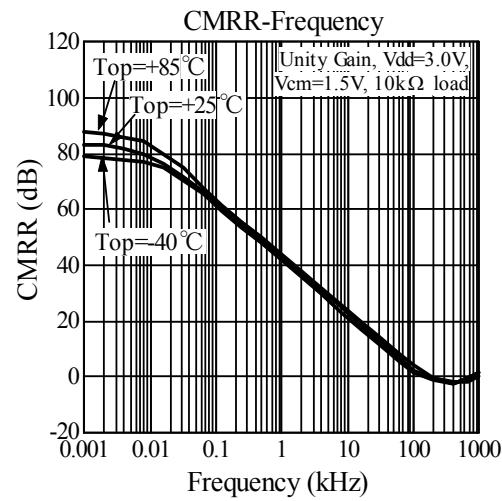
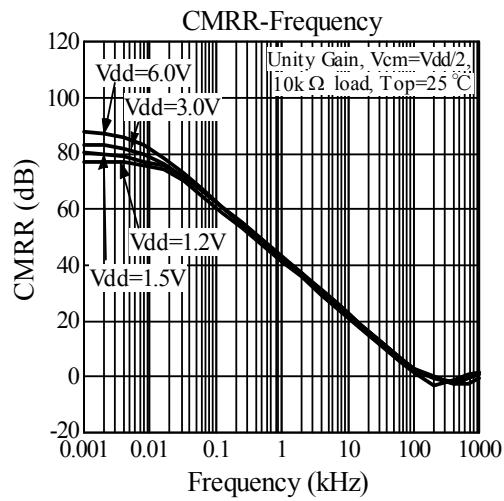
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## ■Typical characteristics



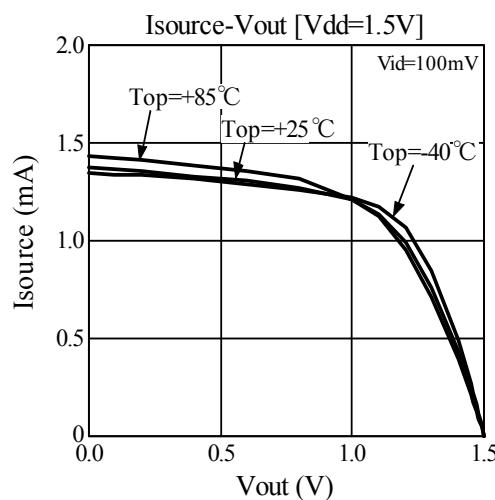
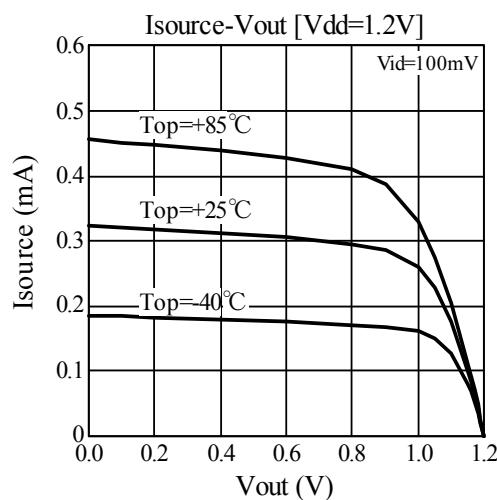
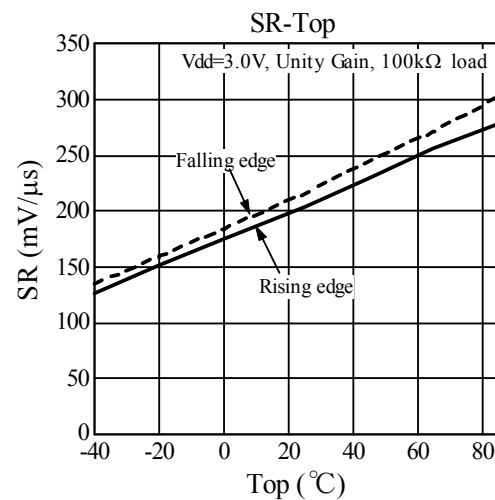
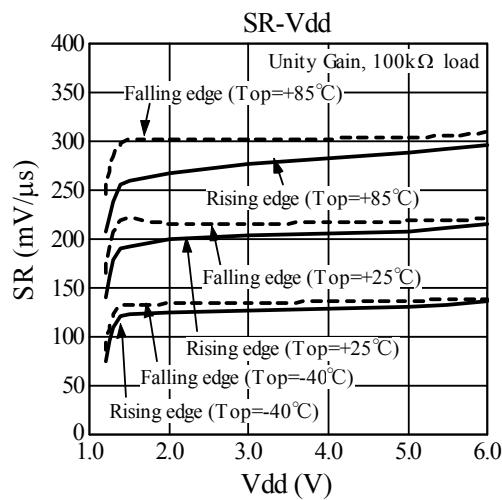
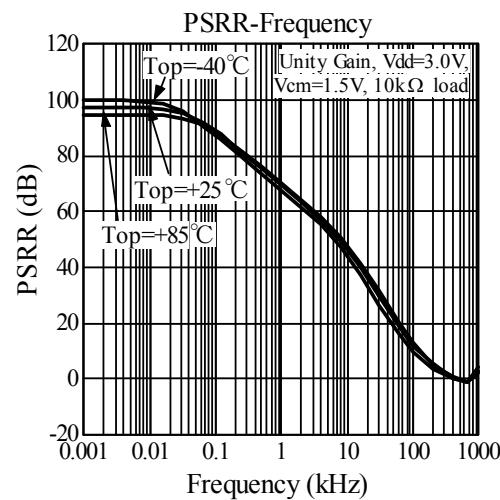
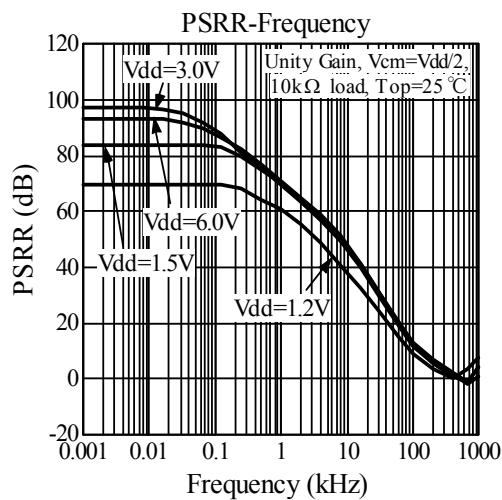
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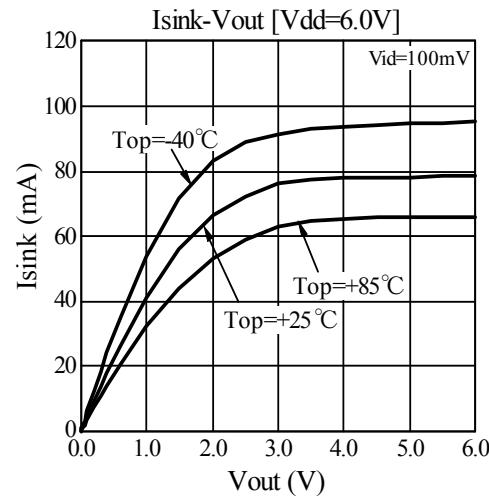
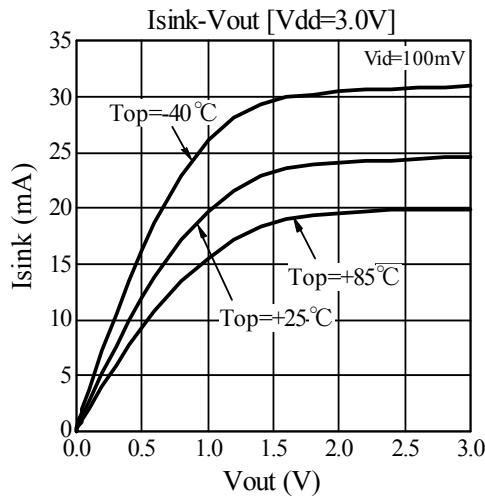
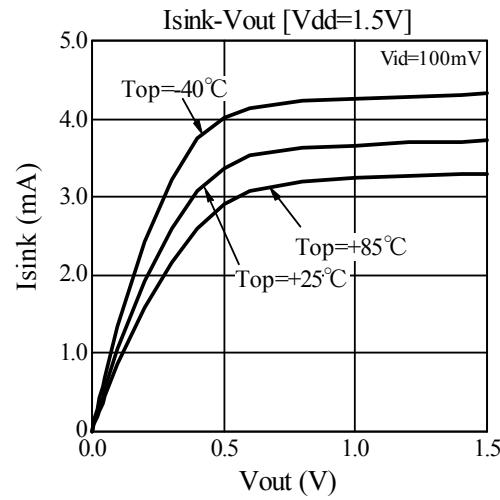
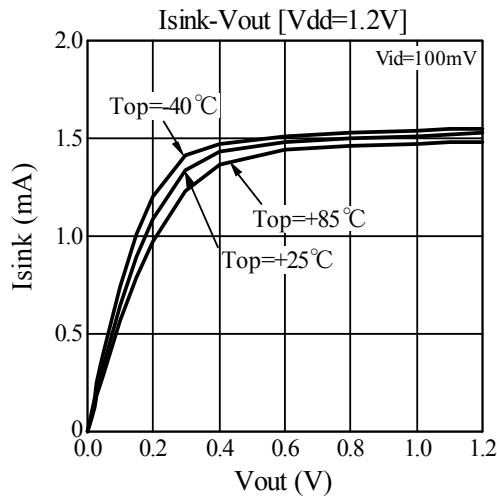
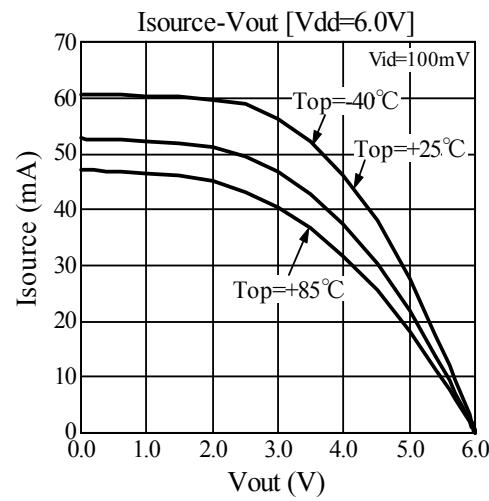
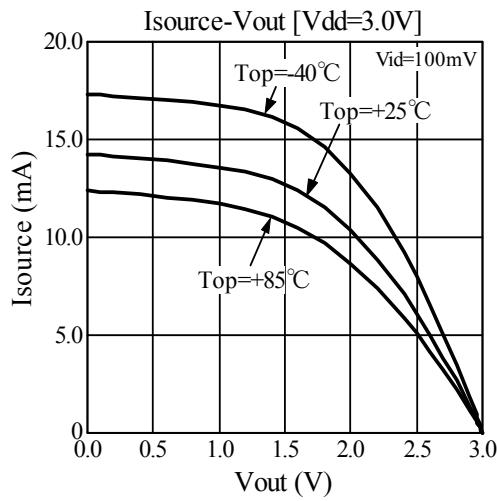
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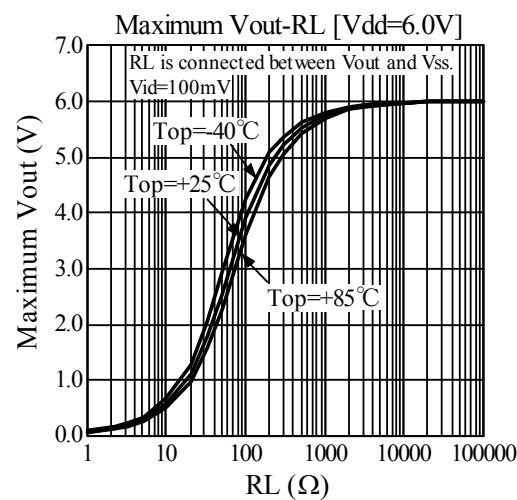
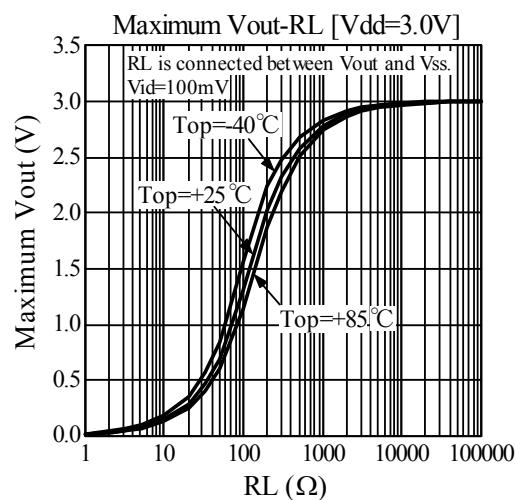
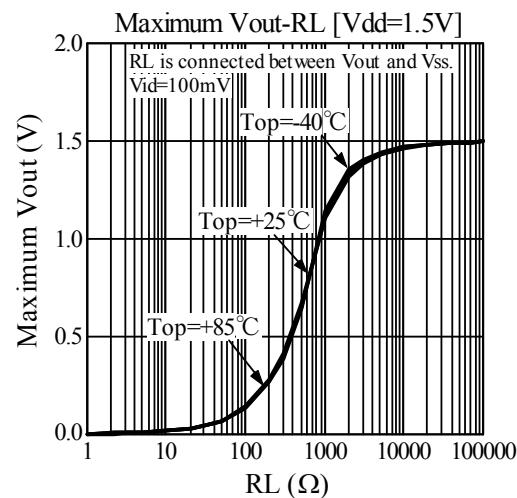
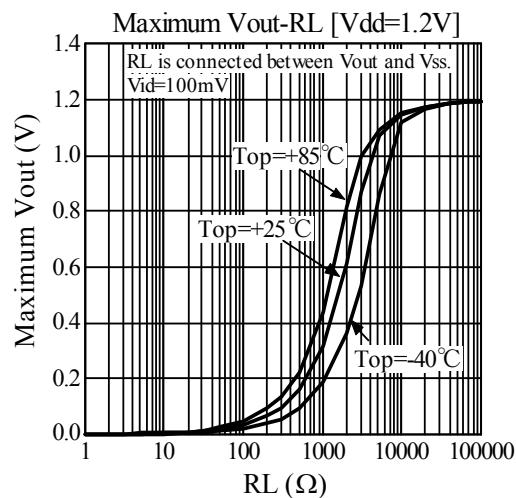
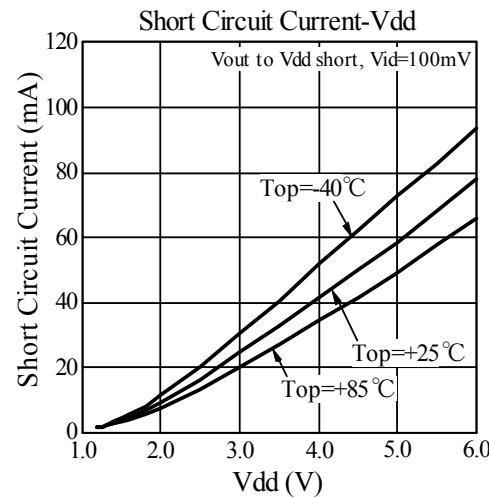
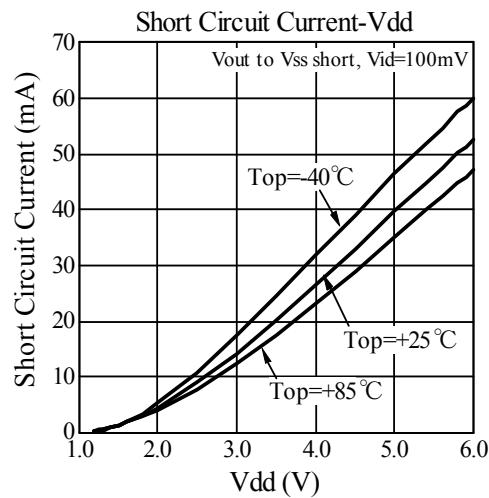
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