

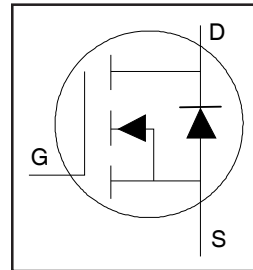
HEXFET® Power MOSFET

Applications

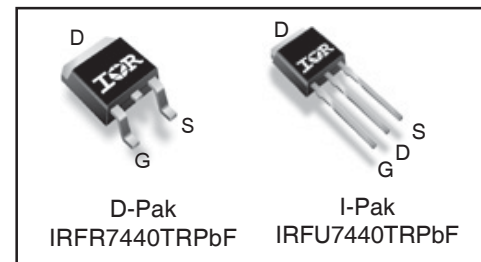
- Brushed Motor drive applications
- BLDC Motor drive applications
- PWM Inverterized topologies
- Battery powered circuits
- Half-bridge and full-bridge topologies
- Electronic ballast applications
- Synchronous rectifier applications
- Resonant mode power supplies
- OR-ing and redundant power switches
- DC/DC and AC/DC converters

Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dI/dt Capability
- Lead-Free
- RoHS Compliant containing no Lead, no Bromide, and no Halogen



V_{DS}	40V
$R_{DS(on)}$ typ. max.	1.9mΩ 2.4mΩ
I_D (Silicon Limited)	180A①
I_D (Package Limited)	90A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Ordering Information

Orderable part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Complete Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRFR7440PbF	D-PAK	Tube/Bulk	75	IRFR7440PbF
IRFR7440TRPbF	D-PAK	Tape and Reel	2000	IRFR7440TRPbF
IRFU7440PbF	I-PAK	Tube/Bulk	75	IRFU7440PbF

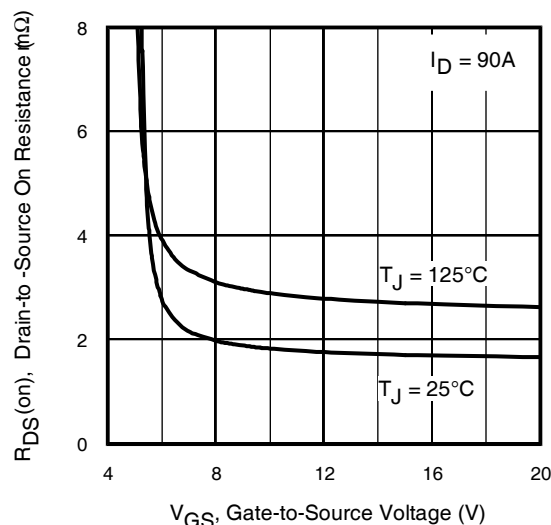


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

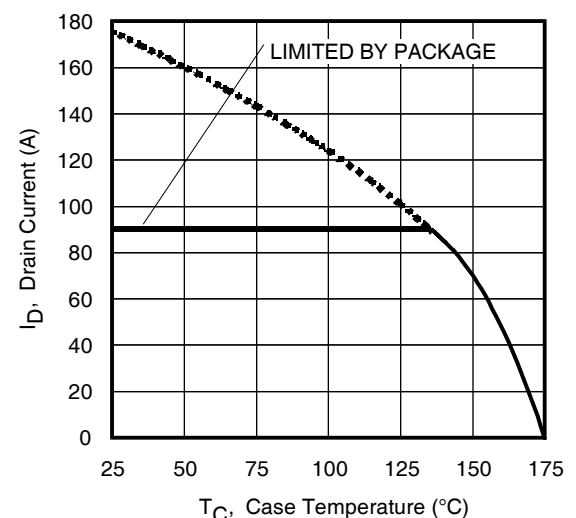


Fig 2. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	180 ^①	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	125 ^①	
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Wire Bond Limited)	90	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ^②	760	
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	140	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.95	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ^④	4.4	V/ns
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	

Avalanche Characteristics

E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^③	160	mJ
E_{AS} (tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ^⑩	220	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ^②	See Fig 15,16, 23a, 23b	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ^②		mJ

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ^⑨	—	1.05	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) ^⑨	—	50	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ^⑨	—	110	

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ ^②
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	28	—	mV/°C	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	1.9	2.4	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10V$, $I_D = 90A$ ^⑤
		—	2.8	—	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 6.0V$, $I_D = 50A$ ^⑤
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.2	3.0	3.9	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 100\mu\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	1	μA	$V_{DS} = 40V$, $V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	150	μA	$V_{DS} = 40V$, $V_{GS} = 0V$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
R_G	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.6	—	Ω	

Notes:

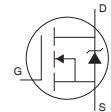
- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 90A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by T_{Jmax} , starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.04\text{mH}$
 $R_G = 50\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 90A$, $V_{GS} = 10V$.
- ④ $I_{SD} \leq 100A$, $di/dt \leq 1306A/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$.
- ⑤ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑥ C_{OSS} eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑦ C_{OSS} eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ⑨ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .
- ⑩ This value determined from sample failure population, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.04\text{mH}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 90A$, $V_{GS} = 10V$.

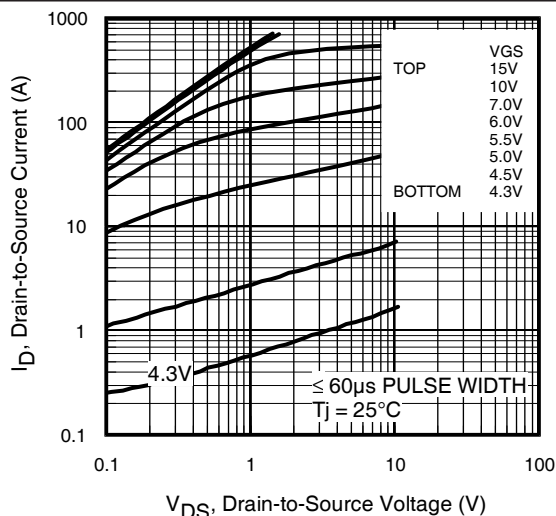
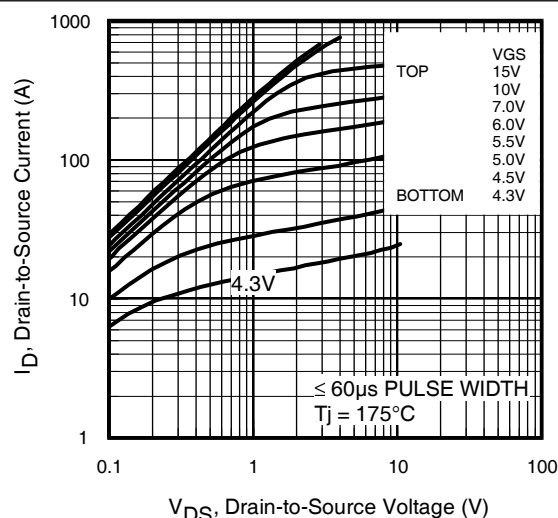
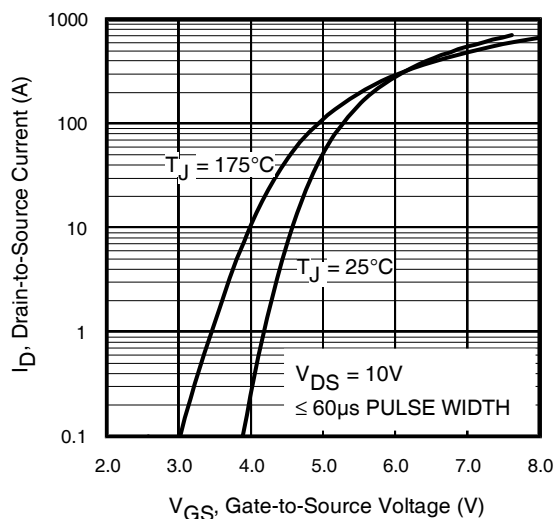
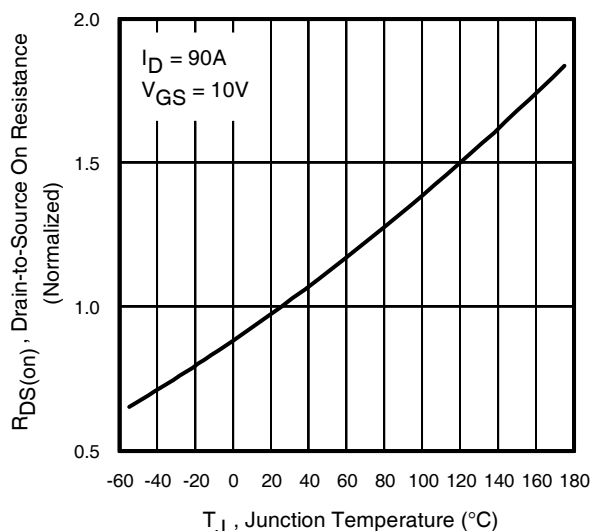
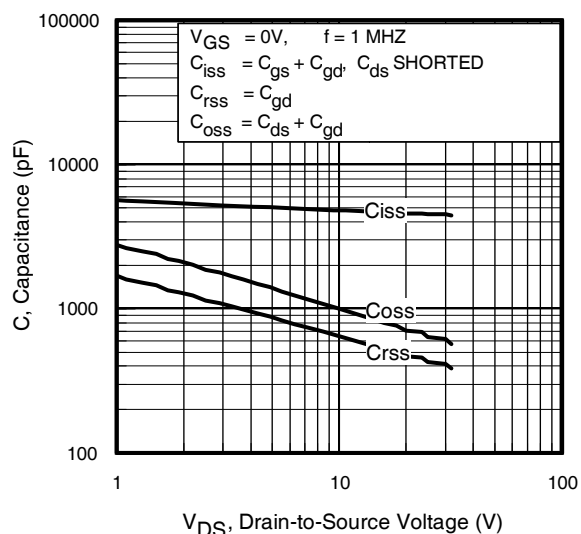
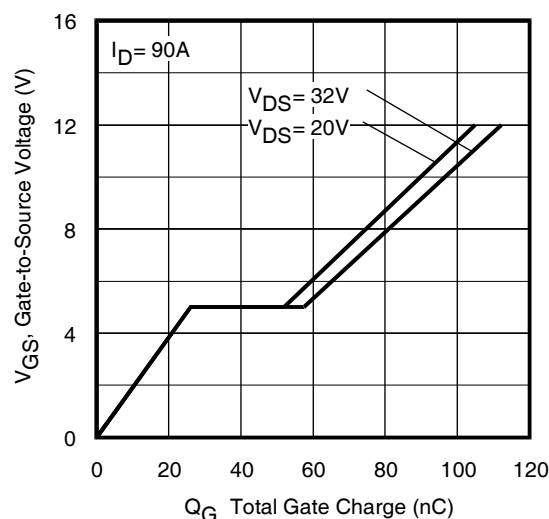
Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	280	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 90\text{A}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	89	134	nC	$I_D = 90\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	26	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 20\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	26	—		$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ⑤
Q_{sync}	Total Gate Charge Sync. ($Q_g - Q_{gd}$)	—	63	—		$I_D = 90\text{A}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	11	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 20\text{V}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	39	—		$I_D = 30\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	51	—		$R_G = 2.7\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	34	—		$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ⑤
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4610	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	690	—		$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	460	—		$f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$, See Fig. 5
$C_{oss\text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	855	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to 32V ⑦ See Fig. 12
$C_{oss\text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1210	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to 32V ⑥

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	180①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	760	A	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	0.9	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 90\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	34 35	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 34\text{V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 90\text{A}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	33 34	—	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ⑤
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	1.8	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$




Fig 3. Typical Output Characteristics

Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics

Fig 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

Fig 6. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

Fig 7. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

Fig 8. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

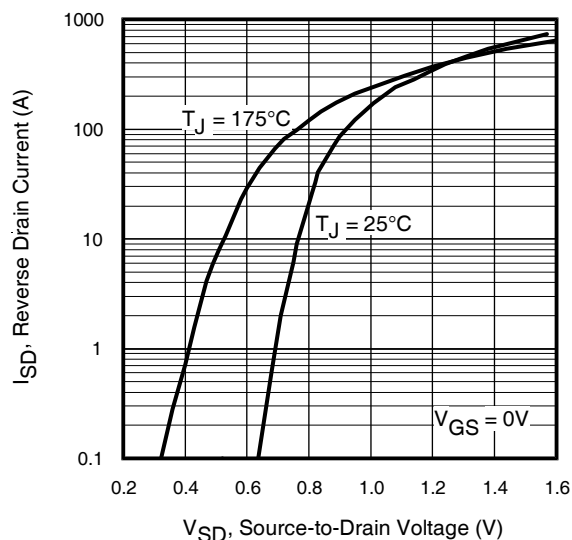


Fig 9. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

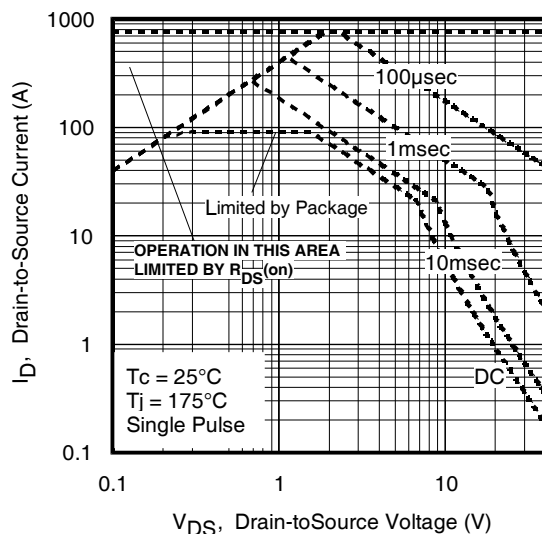


Fig 10. Maximum Safe Operating Area

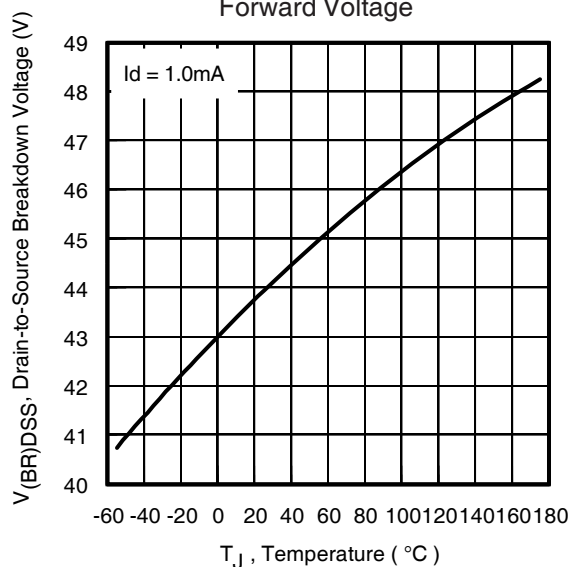


Fig 11. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

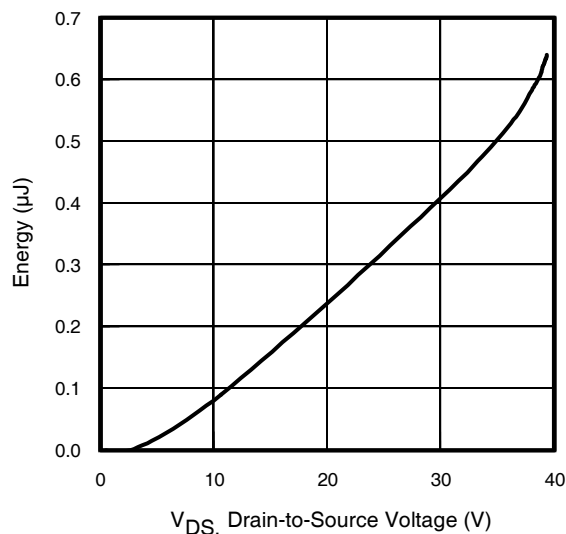


Fig 12. Typical C_{OSS} Stored Energy

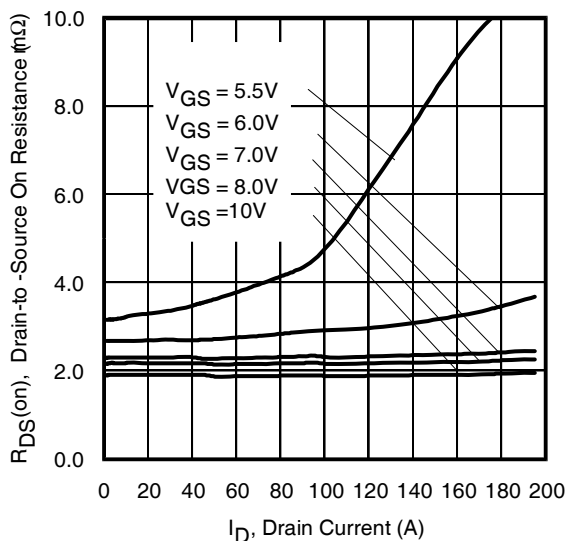


Fig 13. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

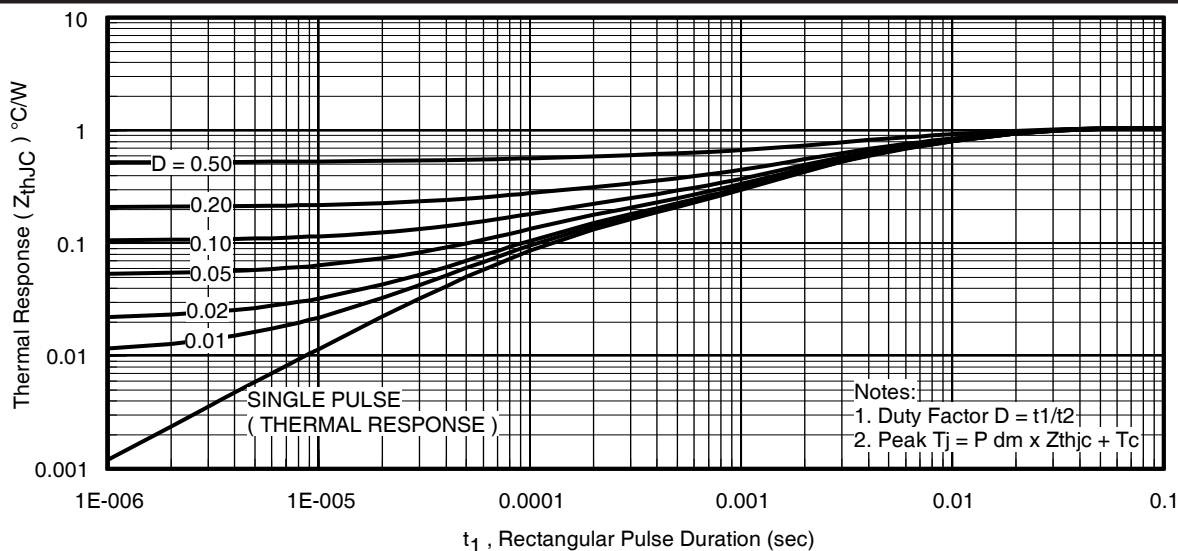


Fig 14. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

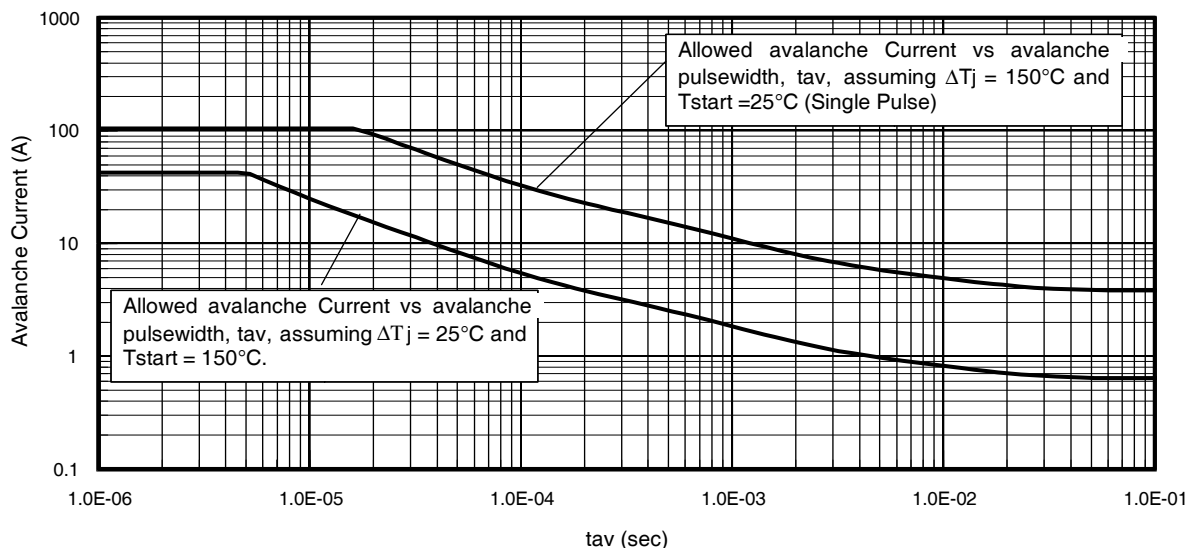


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth

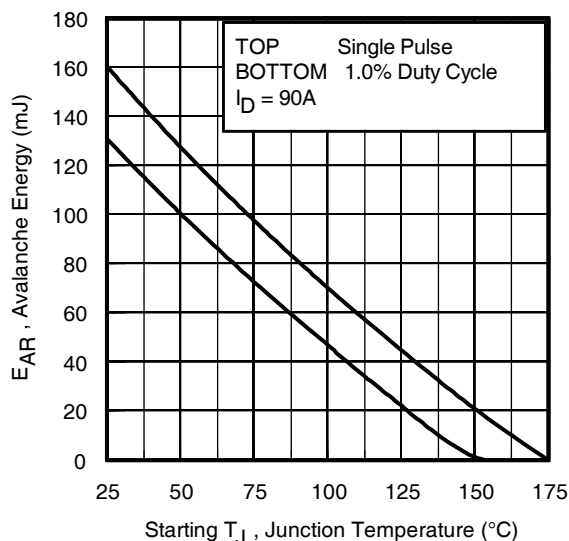


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

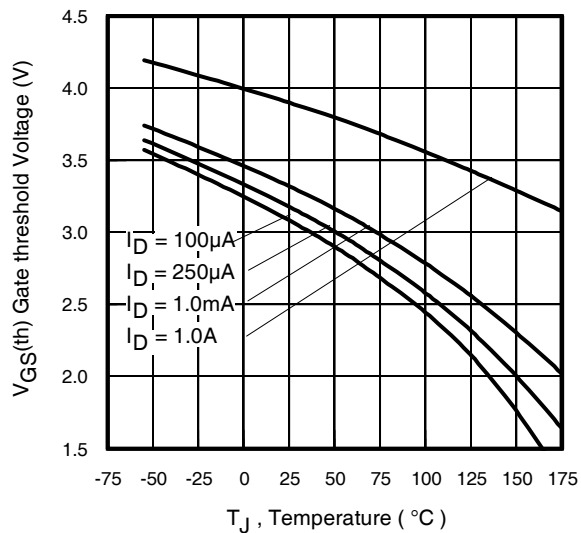
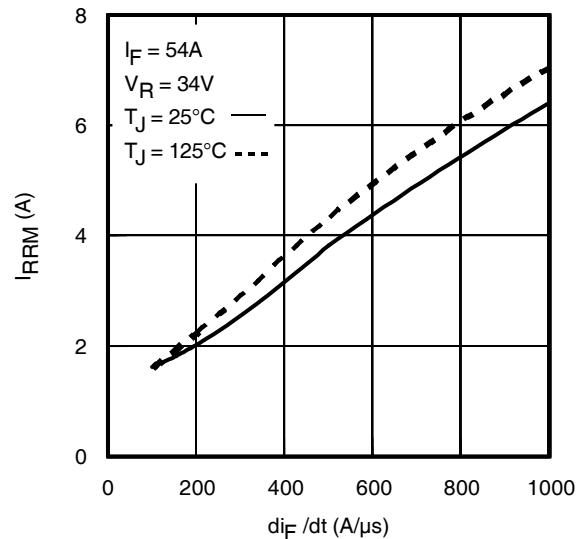
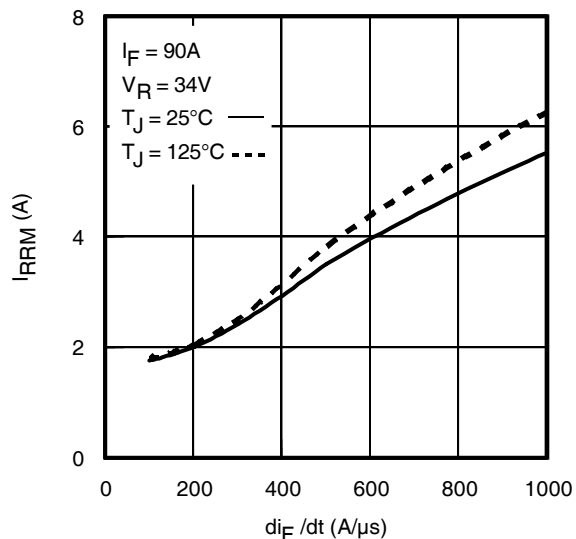
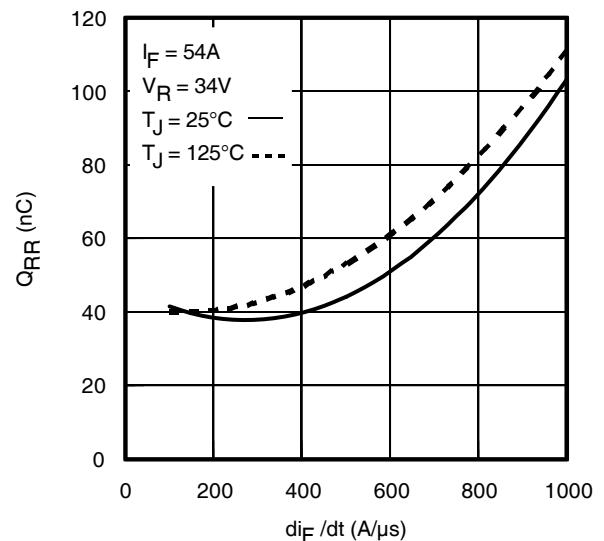
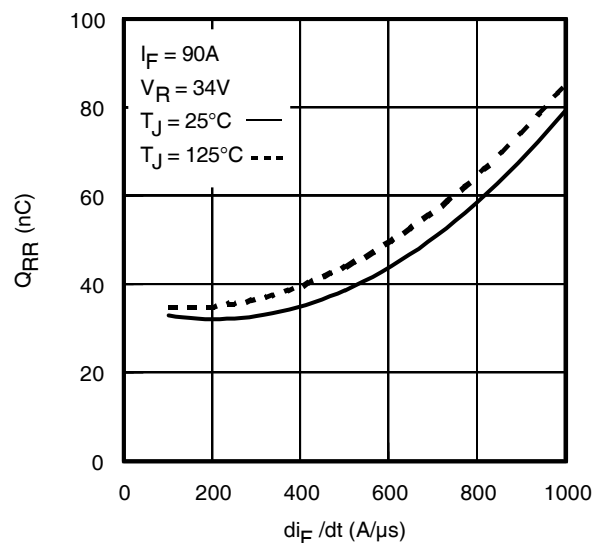
Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves, Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 23a, 23b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 14)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$


Fig 17. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_F/dt

Fig. 19 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_F/dt

Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_F/dt

Fig. 21 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_F/dt

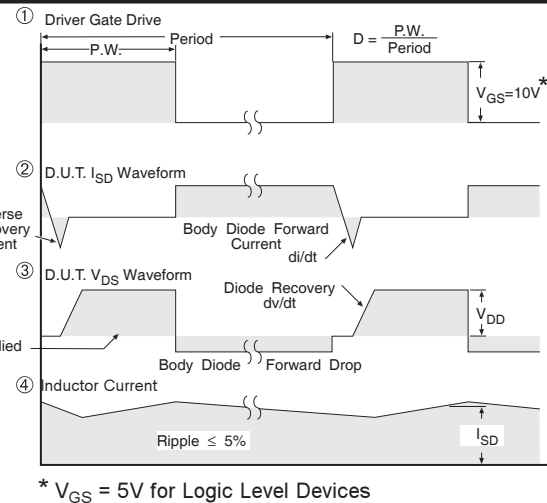
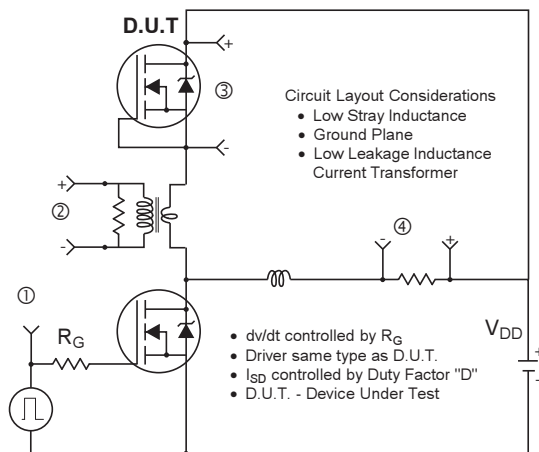


Fig 22. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

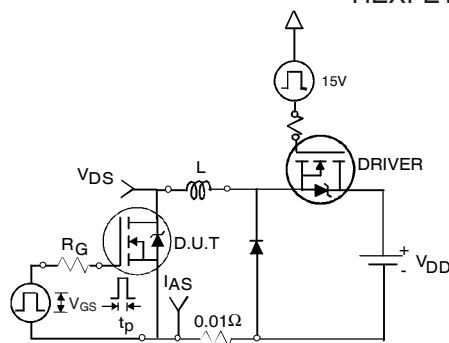


Fig 23a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

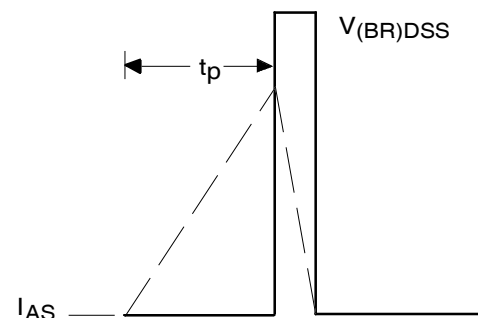


Fig 23b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

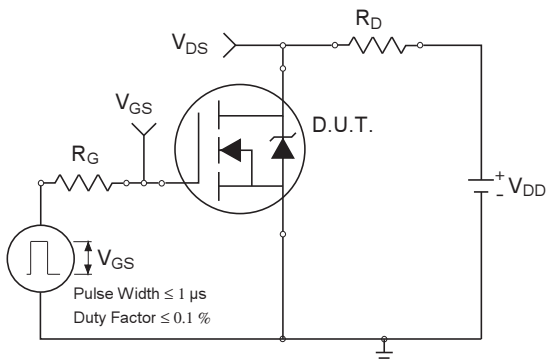


Fig 24a. Switching Time Test Circuit

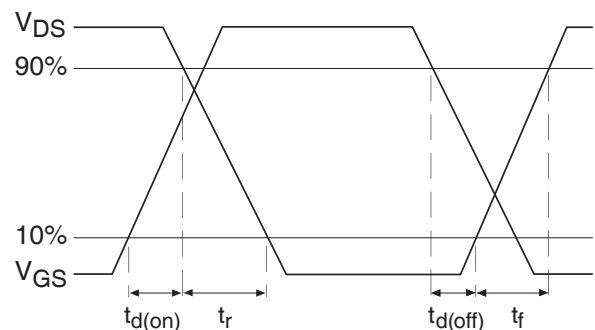


Fig 24b. Switching Time Waveforms

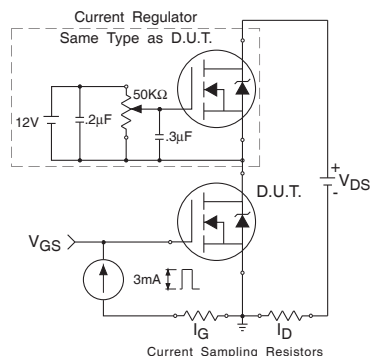


Fig 25a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

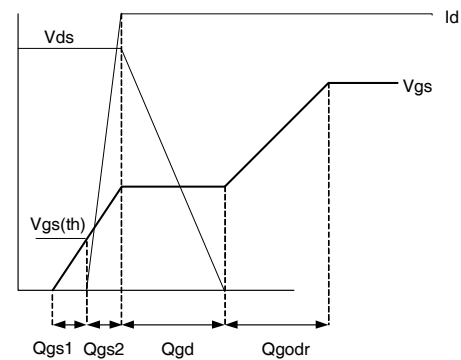
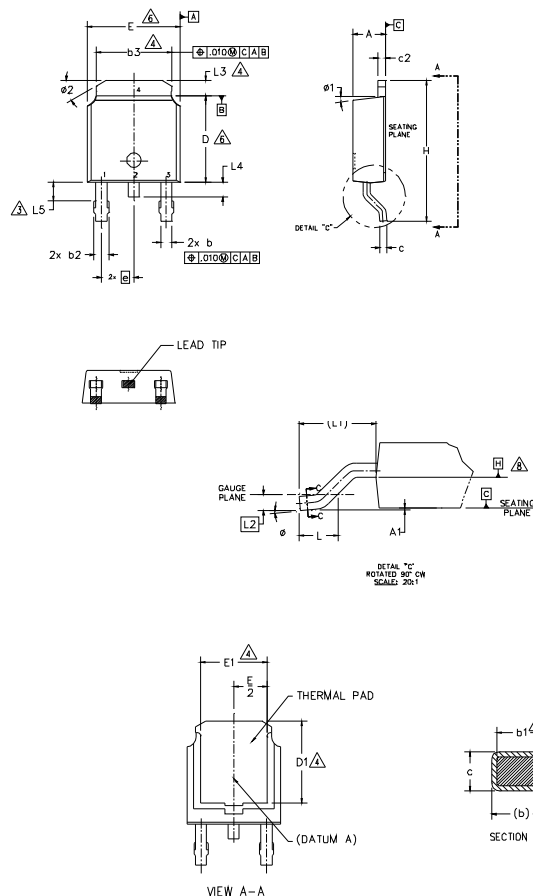


Fig 25b. Gate Charge Waveform

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L5.
- 4.- DIMENSION D1, E1, L3 & b3 ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR THERMAL PAD.
- 5.- SECTION C-C DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .005 AND 0.10 [0.13 AND 0.25] FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- 6.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 7.- DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLIED TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 8.- DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	—	0.13	—	.005	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	7
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b3	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	4
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	7
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	6
D1	5.21	—	.205	—	4
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	6
E1	4.32	—	.170	—	4
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
H	9.40	10.41	.370	.410	
L	1.40	1.78	.055	.070	
L1	2.74 BSC		.108 REF.		
L2	0.51 BSC		.020 BSC		
L3	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L4	—	1.02	—	.040	
L5	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	3
ø	0"	10"	0"	10"	
ø1	0"	15"	0"	15"	
ø2	25"	35"	25"	35"	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBT & CoPAK

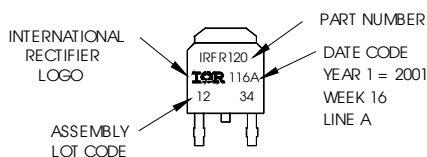
- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

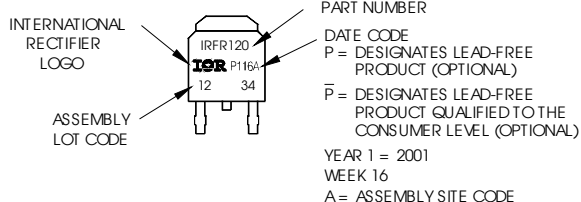
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 1234
ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 2001
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead-Free"

"P" in assembly line position indicates
"Lead-Free" qualification to the consumer-level



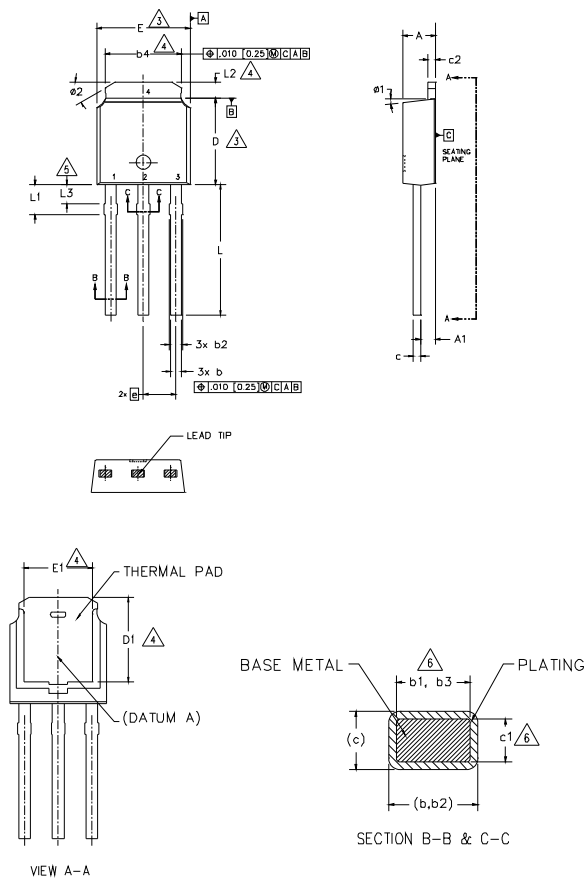
OR



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSION ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 3.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 4.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTION WITHIN DIMENSION b4, L2, E1 & D1.
- 5.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L3.
- 6.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 7.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-251AA (Date 06/02).
- 8.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.

S Y M B O L	DIMENSIONS				N O T E S
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	6
A1	0.89	1.14	.035	.045	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	6
b3	0.76	1.04	.030	.041	
b4	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	6
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	
D1	5.21	—	.205	—	
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	4
E1	4.32	—	.170	—	
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
L	8.89	9.65	.350	.380	
L1	1.91	2.29	.045	.090	4
L2	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	
L3	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	
ø1	0°	15°	0°	15°	
ø2	25°	35°	25°	35°	5

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

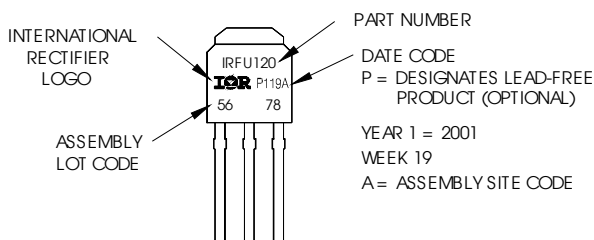
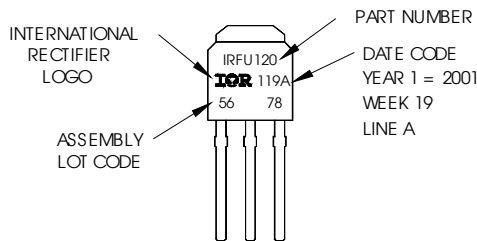
- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFU120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5678
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2001
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

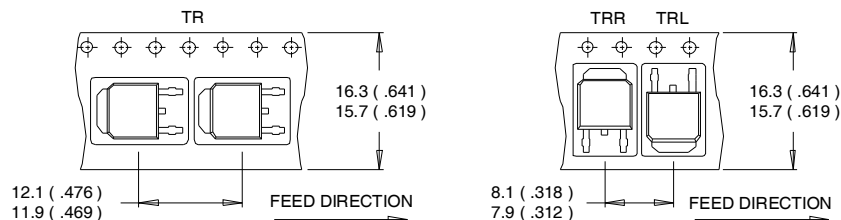
Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates Lead-Free

OR



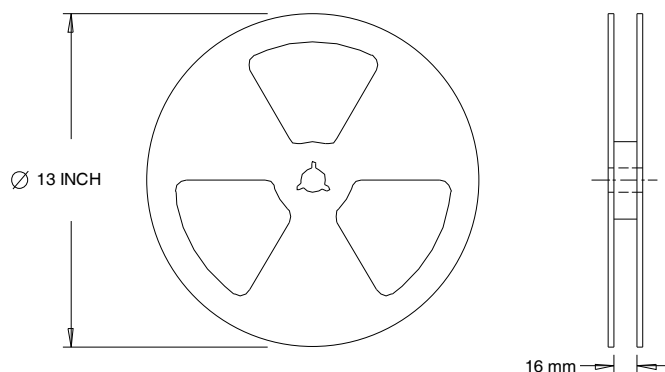
D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Qualification information[†]

Qualification level	Industrial ^{††}	
	(per JEDEC JESD47F ^{†††} guidelines)	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	D-PAK	MSL1
	I-PAK	(per JEDEC J-STD-020D ^{†††}) Not applicable
RoHS compliant	Yes	

[†] Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/>

^{††} Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information: <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/salesrep/>

^{†††} Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Revision History

Date	Comments
10/17/2012	Added I-Pak -All pages

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International
 Rectifier

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