VCC | OPTOELECTRONICS
lighting:theway

STANDARD LAMP

VAOL-3HCE4

Feature

- Low Power Consumption
- I.C. compatible

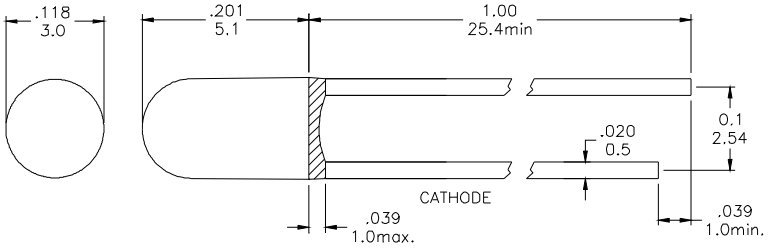
Applications

- Commercial Outdoor Sign Board
- Front Panel Indicator
- Dot-Matrix Module
- LED Bulb

Description

- These LEDs are Based on GaAsP/GaP Material Technology
- Emitted color:Yellow
- Water Transparent Lens

Package Dimension



* Tolerance: 0.01 / 0.25 Unit: inch / mm

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta＝25℃

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Unit
PD	Power Dissipation	120	mW
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	V
IAF	Average Forward Current	30	mA
IPF	Peak Forward Current（Duty＝0.1，1kHz）	100	mA
—	Derating Linear Form 25℃	0.4	mA／℃
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	－40 to ＋ 85	℃
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	－40 to ＋ 100	℃
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm（0.063inch）From Body] 260℃ For 5 Seconds.			

Electrical / Optical Characteristics and Curves at Ta＝25℃

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
VF	Forward Voltage	IF＝ 20 mA		1.8	2.0	V
IR	Reverse Current	VR＝ 5 V			50	μA
△θ	Half Intensity Angle	IF＝ 20 mA		30		Deg.
IV	Luminous Intensity	IF＝ 20 mA		150		mcd.
λd	Dominant Wavelength	IF＝ 20 mA		590		nm

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RoHS
ISO 9001 Registered

Electrical Characteristics at Ta＝25℃

Symbol	Iv		VF		λ D	
Parameter	Luminous Intensity		Forward Voltage		Dominant Wavelength	
Condition	IF＝20mA		IF＝20mA		IF＝20mA	
Unit	mcd		V		nm	
Binning	Grade	Range	Grade	Range	Grade	Range
	--	--	A	1.7~1.8	Y3	587~589
	--	--	B	1.8~1.9	Y4	589~591
			C	1.9~2.0	Y5	591~593

Intensit : Tolerance of minimum and maximum = ± 15%
Vf: Tolerance of minimum and maximum = ± 0.05v

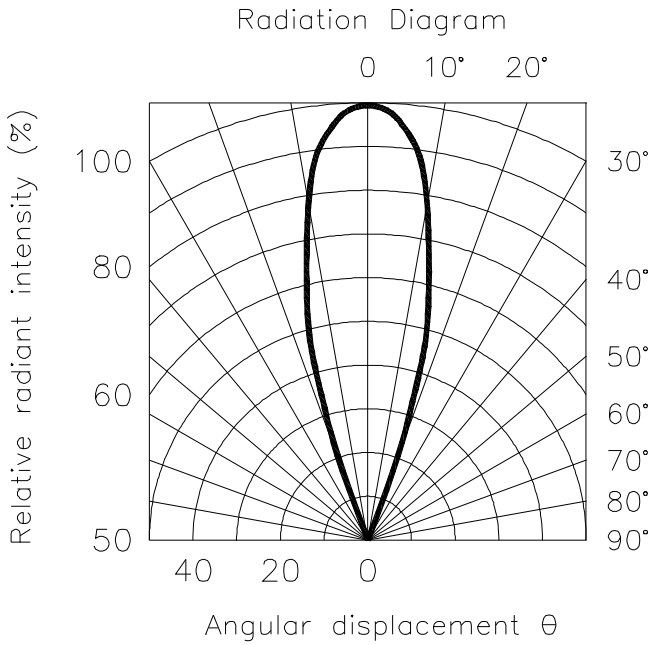
NOTE:

1. Static electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a anti-static wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handing the LEDs. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

2.Specific binning requirements- please contact our home office

Radiation Diagram

IF=20 mA 50% Power Angle Angle =30˚



YELLOW

Typical Electro-optical Characteristic Curves
(25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)

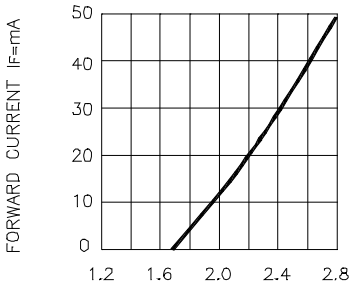


Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS FORWARD VOLTAGE

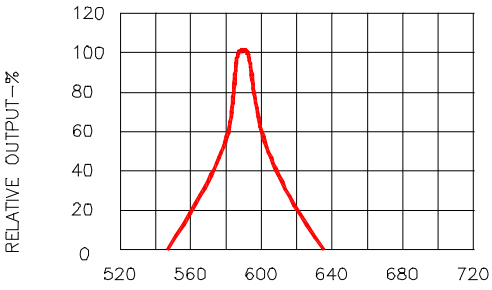


Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE

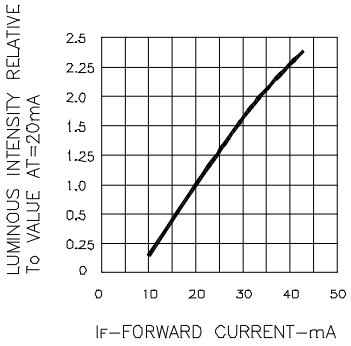


Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

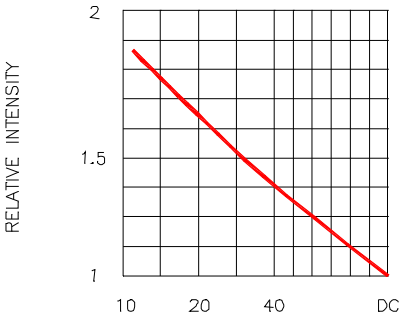


Fig.4 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS.DUTY CYCLE

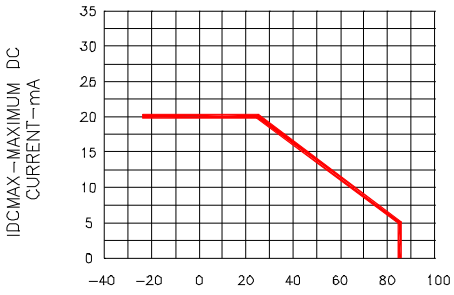


Fig .5 MAXIMUN ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT VS. A FUNCITION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

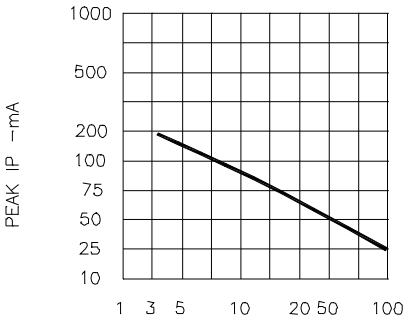


Fig.6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE f=1KHz)