

General conditions

3phase SPWM

$V_{GEon} = 15 \text{ V}$

$V_{GEoff} = -15 \text{ V}$

$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

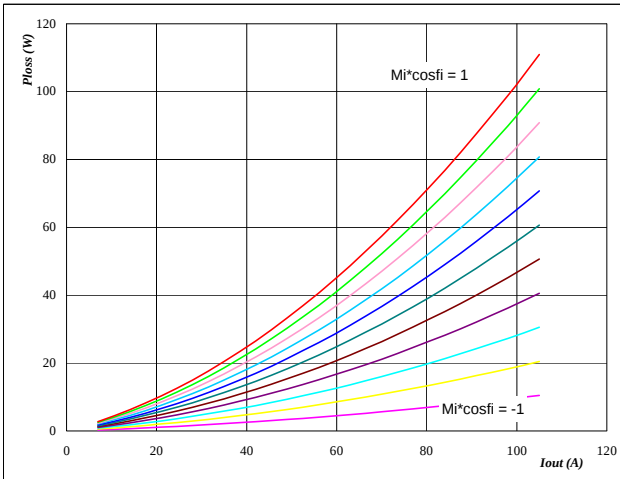
$R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 1

IGBT

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$



At

$T_j = 151 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

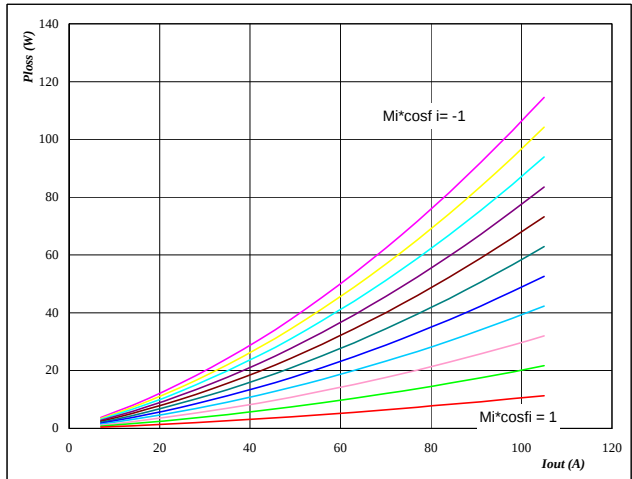
$M_i \cdot \cos \phi$ from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 2

FRED

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$



At

$T_j = 151 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

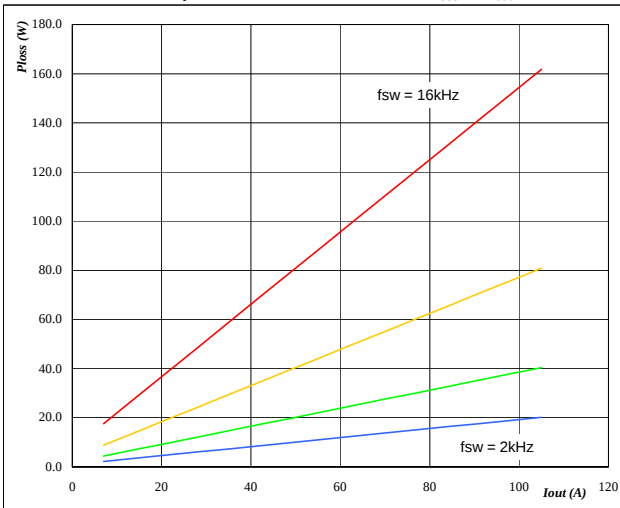
$M_i \cdot \cos \phi$ from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 3

IGBT

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$



At

$T_j = 151 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

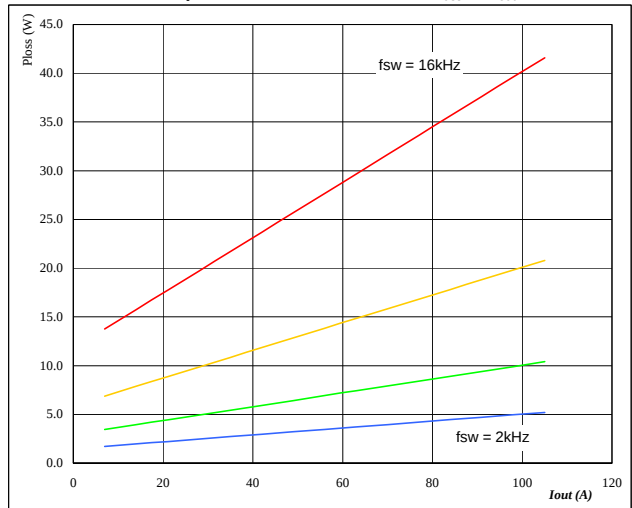
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 4

FRED

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$



At

$T_j = 151 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

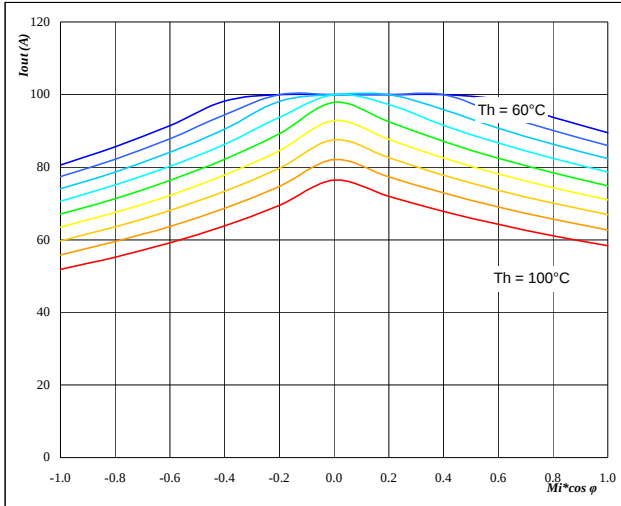
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 5

Phase

Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function $M_i \cos \phi$

$$I_{out} = f(M_i \cos \phi)$$



At

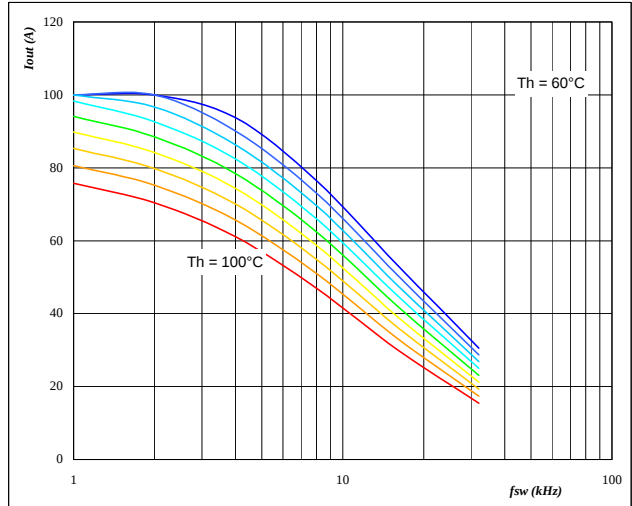
$T_j = 151$ °C
DC link = 600 V
 $f_{sw} = 4$ kHz
 T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C

Figure 6

Phase

Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function of switching frequency

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw})$$



At

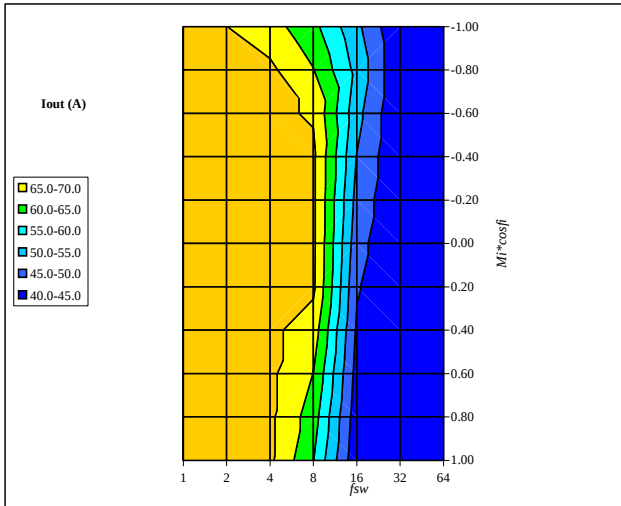
$T_j = 151$ °C
DC link = 600 V
 $M_i \cos \phi = 0.8$
 T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C

Figure 7

Phase

Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of
 $M_i \cos \phi$ and switching frequency

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw}, M_i \cos \phi)$$



At

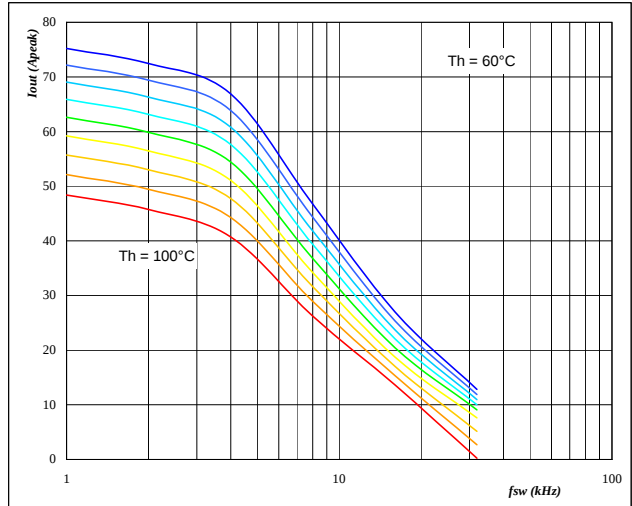
$T_j = 151$ °C
DC link = 600 V
 $T_h = 80$ °C

Figure 8

Phase

Typical available 0Hz output current as a function
of switching frequency

$$I_{outpeak} = f(f_{sw})$$



At

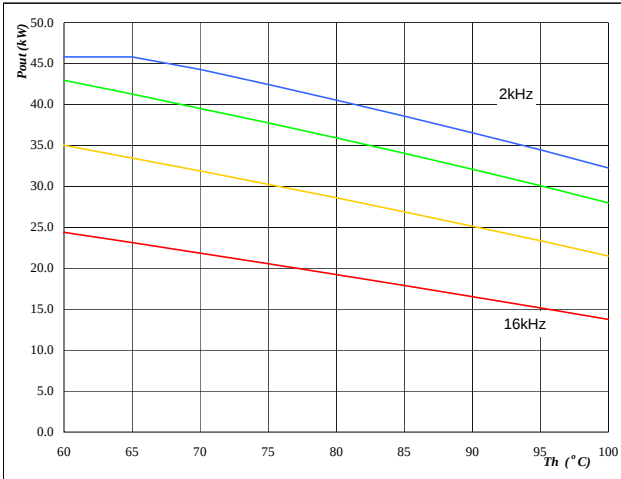
$T_j = 151$ °C
DC link = 600 V
 T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C
 $M_i = 0$

Figure 9

Inverter

Typical available peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{out}=f(T_h)$$



At

$T_j = 151$ °C

DC link = 600 V

Mi = 1

$\cos \varphi = 0.80$

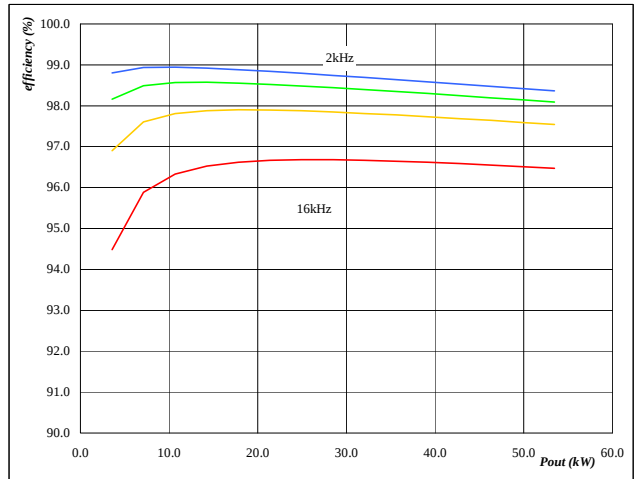
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 10

Inverter

Typical efficiency as a function of output power

$$\text{efficiency}=f(P_{out})$$



At

$T_j = 151$ °C

DC link = 600 V

Mi = 1

$\cos \varphi = 0.80$

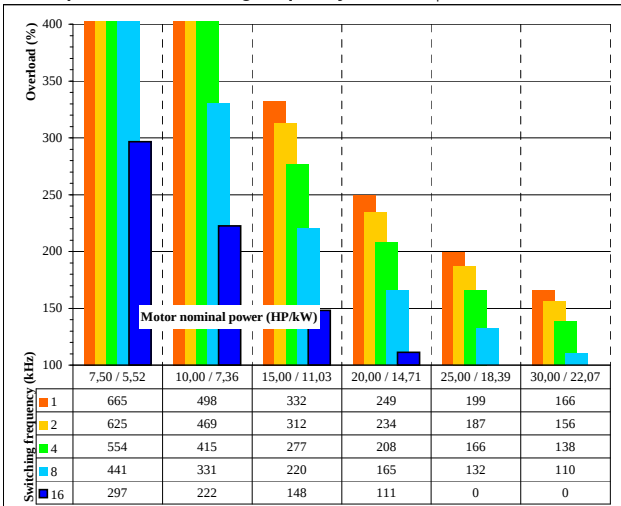
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 11

Inverter

Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power and switching frequency

$$P_{peak} / P_{nom}=f(P_{nom},f_{sw})$$



At

$T_j = 151$ °C

DC link = 600 V

Mi = 1

$\cos \varphi = 0.8$

f_{sw} from 1 kHz to 16kHz in steps of factor 2

$T_h = 80$ °C

Motor eff = 0.85