

# TLV320AIC3204 Ultra Low Power Stereo Audio Codec

## 1 Features

- Stereo Audio DAC with 100dB SNR
- 4.1mW Stereo 48ksps DAC Playback
- Stereo Audio ADC with 93dB SNR
- 6.1mW Stereo 48ksps ADC Record
- PowerTune™
- Extensive Signal Processing Options
- Six Single-Ended or 3 Fully-Differential Analog Inputs
- Stereo Analog and Digital Microphone Inputs
- Stereo Headphone Outputs
- Stereo Line Outputs
- Very Low-Noise PGA
- Low Power Analog Bypass Mode
- Programmable Microphone Bias
- Programmable PLL
- Integrated LDO
- 5-mm × 5-mm, 32-Pin VOFN Package

## 2 Applications

- Portable Navigation Devices (PND)
- Portable Media Player (PMP)
- Mobile Handsets
- Communication
- Portable Computing

### 3 Description

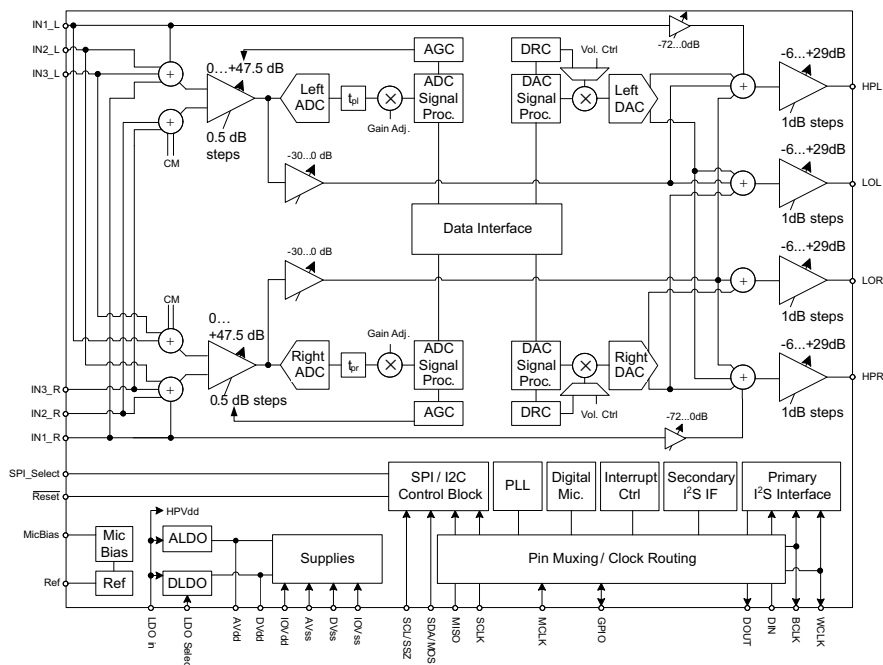
The TLV320AIC3204 (also called the AIC3204) is a flexible, low-power, low-voltage stereo audio codec with programmable inputs and outputs, PowerTune capabilities, fixed predefined and parameterizable signal-processing blocks, integrated PLL, integrated LDOs and flexible digital interfaces.

### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

| PART NUMBER   | PACKAGE   | BODY SIZE (NOM)   |
|---------------|-----------|-------------------|
| TLV320AIC3204 | VQFN (32) | 5.00 mm x 5.00 mm |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

### Simplified Block Diagram



An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.

## Table of Contents

|                                                                                               |           |                                                                  |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1 Features</b> .....                                                                       | <b>1</b>  | 7.18 SPI Interface Timing (See <a href="#">Figure 7</a> ) .....  | <b>22</b> |
| <b>2 Applications</b> .....                                                                   | <b>1</b>  | 7.19 Typical Characteristics .....                               | <b>23</b> |
| <b>3 Description</b> .....                                                                    | <b>1</b>  | 7.20 Typical Characteristics, FFT .....                          | <b>25</b> |
| <b>4 Revision History</b> .....                                                               | <b>2</b>  | <b>8 Parameter Measurement Information</b> .....                 | <b>25</b> |
| <b>5 Device Comparison Table</b> .....                                                        | <b>4</b>  | <b>9 Detailed Description</b> .....                              | <b>26</b> |
| <b>6 Pin Configuration and Functions</b> .....                                                | <b>5</b>  | 9.1 Overview .....                                               | <b>26</b> |
| <b>7 Specifications</b> .....                                                                 | <b>8</b>  | 9.2 Functional Block Diagram .....                               | <b>27</b> |
| 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .....                                                            | <b>8</b>  | 9.3 Feature Description .....                                    | <b>27</b> |
| 7.2 ESD Ratings .....                                                                         | <b>8</b>  | 9.4 Device Functional Modes .....                                | <b>35</b> |
| 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions .....                                                    | <b>8</b>  | 9.5 Register Map .....                                           | <b>35</b> |
| 7.4 Thermal Information .....                                                                 | <b>9</b>  | <b>10 Application and Implementation</b> .....                   | <b>40</b> |
| 7.5 Electrical Characteristics, ADC .....                                                     | <b>9</b>  | 10.1 Application Information .....                               | <b>40</b> |
| 7.6 Electrical Characteristics, Bypass Outputs .....                                          | <b>11</b> | 10.2 Typical Application .....                                   | <b>40</b> |
| 7.7 Electrical Characteristics, Microphone Interface .....                                    | <b>12</b> | <b>11 Power Supply Recommendations</b> .....                     | <b>44</b> |
| 7.8 Electrical Characteristics, Audio DAC Outputs .....                                       | <b>13</b> | <b>12 Layout</b> .....                                           | <b>44</b> |
| 7.9 Electrical Characteristics, LDO .....                                                     | <b>15</b> | 12.1 Layout Guidelines .....                                     | <b>44</b> |
| 7.10 Electrical Characteristics, Misc. ....                                                   | <b>16</b> | 12.2 Layout Example .....                                        | <b>45</b> |
| 7.11 Electrical Characteristics, Logic Levels .....                                           | <b>17</b> | <b>13 Device and Documentation Support</b> .....                 | <b>46</b> |
| 7.12 I <sup>2</sup> S LJF and RJF Timing in Master Mode (see <a href="#">Figure 1</a> ) ..... | <b>17</b> | 13.1 Documentation Support .....                                 | <b>46</b> |
| 7.13 I <sup>2</sup> S LJF and RJF Timing in Slave Mode (see <a href="#">Figure 2</a> ) .....  | <b>18</b> | 13.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates .....       | <b>46</b> |
| 7.14 DSP Timing in Master Mode (see <a href="#">Figure 3</a> ) .....                          | <b>19</b> | 13.3 Community Resources .....                                   | <b>46</b> |
| 7.15 DSP Timing in Slave Mode (see <a href="#">Figure 4</a> ) .....                           | <b>20</b> | 13.4 Trademarks .....                                            | <b>46</b> |
| 7.16 Digital Microphone PDM Timing (see <a href="#">Figure 5</a> ) .....                      | <b>20</b> | 13.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution .....                       | <b>46</b> |
| 7.17 I <sup>2</sup> C Interface Timing .....                                                  | <b>21</b> | 13.6 Glossary .....                                              | <b>46</b> |
|                                                                                               |           | <b>14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</b> ..... | <b>46</b> |

## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

| Changes from Revision D (May 2019) to Revision E                                                                          | Page      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| • Added BCLK to rise and fall time parameter names in <i>I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Master Mode</i> table ..... | <b>17</b> |
| • Added BCLK to rise and fall time parameter names in <i>I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Slave Mode</i> table .....  | <b>18</b> |
| • Added BCLK to rise and fall time parameter names in <i>DSP Timing in Master Mode</i> table .....                        | <b>19</b> |
| • Added BCLK to rise and fall time parameter names in <i>DSP Timing in Slave Mode</i> table .....                         | <b>20</b> |
| • Added CLK to rise and fall time parameter names in <i>Digital Microphone PDM Timing</i> table .....                     | <b>20</b> |

| Changes from Revision C (November 2014) to Revision D                                  | Page      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| • Changed <i>ESD Ratings</i> title and format to current standards .....               | <b>8</b>  |
| • Added footnote to <i>I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Slave Mode</i> table ..... | <b>18</b> |
| • Added footnote to <i>DSP Timing in Slave Mode</i> table .....                        | <b>20</b> |

| Changes from Revision B (October 2012) to Revision C                                                                                                                          | Page     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| • Added the Device information table, Handling Ratings table, Applications and Implementation section, Layout section, and the Device and Documentation Support section ..... | <b>1</b> |
| • Changed the pin description From: connect to DVss. To: D-LDO enable signal .....                                                                                            | <b>7</b> |
| • Added "DVDD" to LDOs disabled in operating conditions statement .....                                                                                                       | <b>8</b> |
| • Added "Audio input max ac signal swing" to the <a href="#">Recommended Operating Conditions</a> table .....                                                                 | <b>8</b> |

---

|                                                                                        |    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| • Added the <a href="#">Digital Microphone PDM Timing (see Figure 5)</a> section ..... | 20 |
| • Corrected $t_{hi}$ to $t_{h(DIN)}$ .....                                             | 22 |

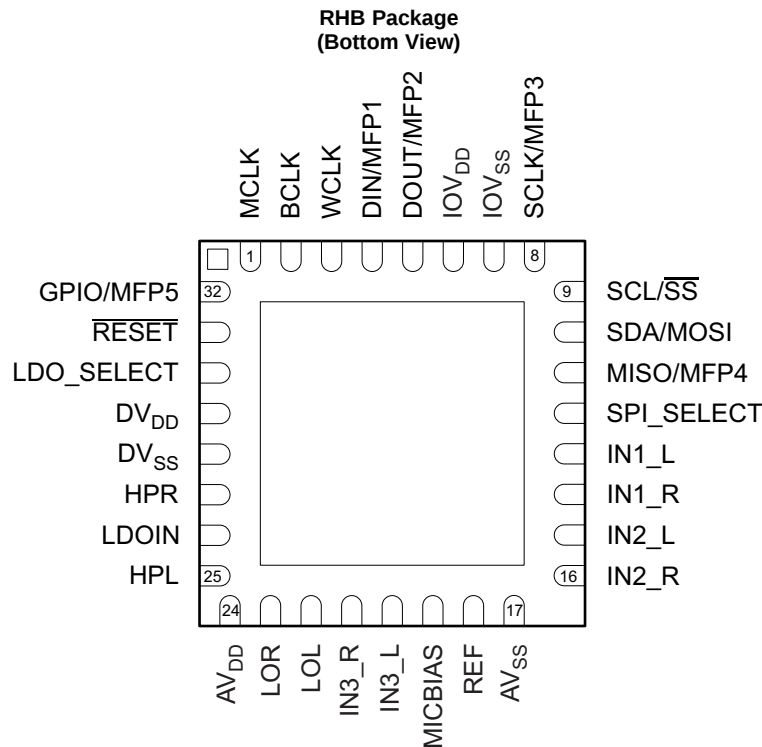
---

## 5 Device Comparison Table

| ORDER NUMBER                  | DESCRIPTION                                                         |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <a href="#">TLV320AIC3254</a> | Low power stereo audio codec with miniDSP.                          |
| <a href="#">TLV320AIC3204</a> | Same as TLV320AIC3204 but without miniDSP.                          |
| <a href="#">TLV320AIC3256</a> | Similar to TLV320AIC3254 but with ground centered headphone output. |
| <a href="#">TLV320AIC3206</a> | Same as TLV320AIC3256 but without miniDSP.                          |

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

This document describes signals that take on different names depending on how they are configured. In such cases, the different names are placed together and separated by slash (/) characters. For example, "SCL/SS". Active low signals are represented by overbars.



**Pin Functions**

| PIN | NAME              | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | MCLK              | DI                  | Master Clock Input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2   | BCLK              | DIO                 | Audio serial data bus (primary) bit clock                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3   | WCLK              | DIO                 | Audio serial data bus (primary) word clock                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 4   | DIN / MFP1        | DI                  | Primary function:<br>Audio serial data bus data input<br>Secondary function:<br>Digital Microphone Input<br>General Purpose Clock Input<br>General Purpose Input                                                                                                   |
| 5   | DOUT / MFP2       | DO                  | Primary function:<br>Audio serial data bus data output<br>Secondary function:<br>General Purpose Output<br>Clock Output<br>INT1 Output<br>INT2 Output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) bit clock output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) word clock output |
| 6   | IOV <sub>DD</sub> | Power               | IO voltage supply 1.1V – 3.6V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 7   | IOV <sub>SS</sub> | Ground              | IO ground supply                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

(1) DI (Digital Input), DO (Digital Output), DIO (Digital Input/Output), AI (Analog Input), AO (Analog Output), AIO (Analog Input/Output)

### Pin Functions (continued)

| PIN | NAME             | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8   | SCLK / MFP3      | DI                  | Primary function: (SPI_Select = 1)<br>SPI serial clock<br>Secondary function: (SPI_Select = 0)<br>Headphone-detect input<br>Digital microphone input<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) bit clock input<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) DAC or common word clock input<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) ADC word clock input<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) data input<br>General Purpose Input                    |
| 9   | SCL/SS           | DI                  | I <sup>2</sup> C interface serial clock (SPI_Select = 0)<br>SPI interface mode chip-select signal (SPI_Select = 1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10  | SDA/MOSI         | DI                  | I <sup>2</sup> C interface mode serial data input (SPI_Select = 0)<br>SPI interface mode serial data input (SPI_Select = 1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 11  | MISO / MFP4      | DO                  | Primary function: (SPI_Select = 1)<br>Serial data output<br>Secondary function: (SPI_Select = 0)<br>General purpose output<br>CLKOUT output<br>INT1 output<br>INT2 output<br>Audio serial data bus (primary) ADC word clock output<br>Digital microphone clock output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) data output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) bit clock output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) word clock output |
| 12  | SPI_SELECT       | DI                  | Control mode select pin ( 1 = SPI, 0 = I <sup>2</sup> C )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 13  | IN1_L            | AI                  | Multifunction Analog Input,<br>or Single-ended configuration: MIC 1 or Line 1 left<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line right, negative                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 14  | IN1_R            | AI                  | Multifunction Analog Input,<br>or Single-ended configuration: MIC 1 or Line 1 right<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line right, positive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 15  | IN2_L            | AI                  | Multifunction Analog Input,<br>or Single-ended configuration: MIC 2 or Line 2 left<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line left, positive                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 16  | IN2_R            | AI                  | Multifunction Analog Input,<br>or Single-ended configuration: MIC 2 or Line 2 right<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line left, negative                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 17  | AV <sub>SS</sub> | Ground              | Analog ground supply                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 18  | REF              | AO                  | Reference voltage output for filtering                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 19  | MICBIAS          | AO                  | Microphone bias voltage output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 20  | IN3_L            | AI                  | Multifunction Analog Input,<br>or Single-ended configuration: MIC3 or Line 3 left,<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line left, positive,<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line right, negative                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 21  | IN3_R            | AI                  | Multifunction Analog Input,<br>or Single-ended configuration: MIC3 or Line 3 right,<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line left, negative,<br>or Differential configuration: MIC or Line right, positive                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 22  | LOL              | AO                  | Left line output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 23  | LOR              | AO                  | Right line output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 24  | AV <sub>DD</sub> | Power               | Analog voltage supply 1.5V–1.95V<br>Input when A-LDO disabled,<br>Filtering output when A-LDO enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

### Pin Functions (continued)

| PIN         | NAME             | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 25          | HPL              | AO                  | Left high power output driver                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 26          | LDOIN / HPVDD    | Power               | LDO Input supply and Headphone Power supply 1.9V– 3.6V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 27          | HPR              | AO                  | Right high power output driver                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 28          | DV <sub>SS</sub> | Ground              | Digital Ground and Chip-substrate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 29          | DV <sub>DD</sub> | Power               | If LDO_SELECT Pin = 0 (D-LDO disabled)<br>Digital voltage supply 1.26V – 1.95V<br>If LDO_SELECT Pin = 1 (D-LDO enabled)<br>Digital voltage supply filtering output                                                                                                                                                   |
| 30          | LDO_SELECT       | DI                  | D-LDO enable signal (1 = D-LDO enable, 0 = D-LDO disabled)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 31          | <u>RESET</u>     | DI                  | Reset (active low)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 32          | GPIO / MFP5      | DI                  | Primary function:<br>General Purpose digital IO<br>Secondary function:<br>CLKOUT Output<br>INT1 Output<br>INT2 Output<br>Audio serial data bus ADC word clock output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) bit clock output<br>Audio serial data bus (secondary) word clock output<br>Digital microphone clock output |
| Thermal Pad | Thermal Pad      | N/A                 | Connect to PCB ground plane. Not internally connected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## 7 Specifications

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                                           |                                        | MIN  | MAX                     | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|------|
| Input voltage                             | AV <sub>DD</sub> to AV <sub>SS</sub>   | −0.3 | 2.2                     | V    |
|                                           | DV <sub>DD</sub> to DV <sub>SS</sub>   | −0.3 | 2.2                     | V    |
|                                           | IOV <sub>DD</sub> to IOV <sub>SS</sub> | −0.3 | 3.9                     | V    |
|                                           | LDOIN to AV <sub>SS</sub>              | −0.3 | 3.9                     | V    |
| Digital Input voltage to ground           |                                        | −0.3 | IOV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| Analog input voltage to ground            |                                        | −0.3 | AV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3  | V    |
| Operating temperature range               |                                        | −40  | 85                      | °C   |
| Junction temperature (T <sub>J</sub> Max) |                                        |      | 105                     | °C   |
| Storage temperature, T <sub>stg</sub>     |                                        | −55  | 125                     | °C   |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 7.2 ESD Ratings

|                    |                         |                                                                                          | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>              | ±2000 | V    |
|                    |                         | Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup> | ±750  |      |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

|                                 |                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                | MIN   | NOM   | MAX                              | UNIT              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| LDOIN                           | Power Supply Voltage Range                                                 | Referenced to AV <sub>SS</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                                  | 1.9   |       | 3.6                              | V                 |
| AV <sub>DD</sub>                |                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                | 1.5   | 1.8   | 1.95                             |                   |
| IOV <sub>DD</sub>               |                                                                            | Referenced to IOV <sub>SS</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                                 | 1.1   |       | 3.6                              |                   |
| DV <sub>DD</sub> <sup>(2)</sup> |                                                                            | Referenced to DV <sub>SS</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                                  | 1.26  | 1.8   | 1.95                             |                   |
|                                 | PLL Input Frequency                                                        | Clock divider uses fractional divide (D > 0), P = 1, DV <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 1.65V (Refer to the table in SLAA557, <i>Maximum TLV320AIC3204 Clock Frequencies</i> ) | 10    |       | 20                               | MHz               |
|                                 |                                                                            | Clock divider uses integer divide (D = 0), P = 1, DV <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 1.65V (Refer to the table in SLAA557, <i>Maximum TLV320AIC3204 Clock Frequencies</i> )    | 0.512 |       | 20                               | MHz               |
| MCLK                            | Master Clock Frequency                                                     | MCLK; Master Clock Frequency; DV <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 1.65V                                                                                                         |       |       | 50                               | MHz               |
|                                 |                                                                            | MCLK; Master Clock Frequency; DV <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 1.26V                                                                                                         |       |       | 25                               |                   |
| SCL                             | SCL Clock Frequency                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                |       |       | 400                              | kHz               |
|                                 | Audio input max ac signal swing (IN1_L, IN1_R, IN2_L, IN2_R, IN3_L, IN3_R) | CM = 0.75 V                                                                                                                                                    | 0     | 0.530 | 0.75 or AVDD-0.75 <sup>(3)</sup> | V <sub>peak</sub> |
|                                 |                                                                            | CM = 0.9 V                                                                                                                                                     | 0     | 0.707 | 0.9 or AVDD-0.9 <sup>(3)</sup>   | V <sub>peak</sub> |
| LOL, LOR                        | Stereo line output load resistance                                         |                                                                                                                                                                | 0.6   | 10    |                                  | kΩ                |
| HPL, HPR                        | Stereo headphone output load resistance                                    | Single-ended configuration                                                                                                                                     | 14.4  | 16    |                                  | Ω                 |
|                                 | Headphone output load resistance                                           | Differential configuration                                                                                                                                     | 24.4  | 32    |                                  | Ω                 |
| C <sub>Lout</sub>               | Digital output load capacitance                                            |                                                                                                                                                                |       | 10    |                                  | pF                |
| T <sub>OPR</sub>                | Operating Temperature Range                                                |                                                                                                                                                                | −40   |       | 85                               | °C                |

- (1) All grounds on board are tied together to prevent voltage differences of more than 0.2V maximum for any combination of ground signals.

- (2) At DV<sub>DD</sub> values lower than 1.65V, the PLL does not function. Refer to the *Maximum TLV320AIC3204 Clock Frequencies* table in the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide (SLAA557)* for details on maximum clock frequencies.

- (3) Whichever is smaller.

## 7.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |                                              | TLV320AIC3204 | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|------|
|                               |                                              | RHB (32 PINS) |      |
| R <sub>θJA</sub>              | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 31.4          | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJctop</sub>           | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 21.4          | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJB</sub>              | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 5.4           | °C/W |
| ψ <sub>JT</sub>               | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 0.2           | °C/W |
| ψ <sub>JB</sub>               | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 5.4           | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJcbot</sub>           | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 0.9           | °C/W |

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 7.5 Electrical Characteristics, ADC

At 25°C, AV<sub>DD</sub>, DV<sub>DD</sub>, IOV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.3V, AV<sub>DD</sub> and DV<sub>DD</sub> LDO disabled, f<sub>s</sub> (Audio) = 48kHz, C<sub>ref</sub> = 10μF on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER |                                                     | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | MIN   | TYP | MAX | UNIT             |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|------------------|
| AUDIO ADC |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |       |     |     |                  |
|           | Input signal level (0dB)                            | Single-ended, CM = 0.9V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0.5   |     |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
|           | Device Setup                                        | 1kHz sine wave input , Single-ended Configuration<br>IN1_R to Right ADC and IN1_L to Left ADC,<br>R <sub>in</sub> = 20K, f <sub>s</sub> = 48kHz,<br>AOSR = 128, MCLK = 256 x f <sub>s</sub> ,<br>PLL Disabled; AGC = OFF, Channel Gain = 0dB,<br>Processing Block = PRB_R1,<br>Power Tune = PTM_R4                                        |       |     |     |                  |
| SNR       | Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | Inputs ac-short to ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 80    | 93  | dB  |                  |
|           |                                                     | IN2_R, IN3_R routed to Right ADC and ac-short to ground<br>IN2_L, IN3_L routed to Left ADC and ac-short to ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 93    |     |     |                  |
| DR        | Dynamic range A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>          | −60dB full-scale, 1-kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |       | 92  | dB  |                  |
| THD+N     | Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise                | −3 dB full-scale, 1-kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |       | −85 | −70 | dB               |
|           |                                                     | IN2_R, IN3_R routed to Right ADC<br>IN2_L, IN3_L routed to Left ADC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |       | −85 |     |                  |
|           |                                                     | −3dB full-scale, 1-kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |       |     |     |                  |
| AUDIO ADC |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |       |     |     |                  |
|           | Input signal level (0dB)                            | Single-ended, CM = 0.75V, AV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.5V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.375 |     |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
|           | Device Setup                                        | 1kHz sine wave input, Single-ended Configuration<br>IN1_R, IN2_R, IN3_R routed to Right ADC<br>IN1_L, IN2_L, IN3_L routed to Left ADC<br>R <sub>in</sub> = 20kΩ, f <sub>s</sub> = 48kHz,<br>AOSR = 128, MCLK = 256 x f <sub>s</sub> ,<br>PLL Disabled, AGC = OFF, Channel Gain = 0dB,<br>Processing Block = PRB_R1<br>Power Tune = PTM_R4 |       |     |     |                  |
| SNR       | Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | Inputs ac-short to ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |       | 91  | dB  |                  |
| DR        | Dynamic range A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>          | −60dB full-scale, 1-kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |       | 90  | dB  |                  |
| THD+N     | Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise                | −3dB full-scale, 1-kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |       | −80 | dB  |                  |

- (1) Ratio of output level with 1kHz full-scale sine wave input, to the output level with the inputs short circuited, measured A-weighted over a 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth using an audio analyzer.
- (2) All performance measured with 20kHz low-pass filter and, where noted, A-weighted filter. Failure to use such a filter may result in higher THD+N and lower SNR and dynamic range readings than shown in the Electrical Characteristics. The low-pass filter removes out-of-band noise, which, although not audible, may affect dynamic specification values.

## Electrical Characteristics, ADC (continued)

At 25°C,  $AV_{DD}$ ,  $DV_{DD}$ ,  $IOV_{DD}$  = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.3V,  $AV_{DD}$  and  $DV_{DD}$  LDO disabled,  $f_s$  (Audio) = 48kHz,  $C_{ref}$  = 10μF on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER        |                                                  | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNIT              |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------------------|
| <b>AUDIO ADC</b> |                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |       |     |                   |
|                  | Input signal level (0dB)                         | Differential Input, CM = 0.9V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     | 10    |     | mV                |
|                  | Device Setup                                     | 1kHz sine wave input, Differential configuration<br>IN1_L and IN1_R routed to Right ADC<br>IN2_L and IN2_R routed to Left ADC<br>$R_{in}$ = 10K, $f_s$ = 48kHz, AOSR = 128<br>MCLK = 256* $f_s$ PLL Disabled<br>AGC = OFF, Channel Gain = 40dB Processing Block = PRB_R1,<br>Power Tune = PTM_R4                                                               |     |       |     |                   |
| ICN              | Idle-Channel Noise, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | Inputs ac-short to ground, input referred noise                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | 2     |     | μV <sub>RMS</sub> |
| <b>AUDIO ADC</b> |                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |       |     |                   |
|                  | Gain Error                                       | 1kHz sine wave input, Single-ended configuration<br>$R_{in}$ = 20kΩ $f_s$ = 48kHz, AOSR = 128,<br>MCLK = 256 x $f_s$ , PLL Disabled<br>AGC = OFF, Channel Gain = 0dB<br>Processing Block = PRB_R1,<br>Power Tune = PTM_R4, CM = 0.9V                                                                                                                           |     | -0.05 |     | dB                |
|                  | Input Channel Separation                         | 1kHz sine wave input at -3dBFS<br>Single-ended configuration<br>IN1_L routed to Left ADC<br>IN1_R routed to Right ADC, $R_{in}$ = 20kΩ<br>AGC = OFF, AOSR = 128,<br>Channel Gain = 0dB, CM = 0.9V                                                                                                                                                              |     | 108   |     | dB                |
|                  | Input Pin Crosstalk                              | 1kHz sine wave input at -3dBFS on IN2_L, IN2_L internally not routed.<br>IN1_L routed to Left ADC<br>ac-coupled to ground<br><br>1kHz sine wave input at -3dBFS on IN2_R,<br>IN2_R internally not routed.<br>IN1_R routed to Right ADC<br>ac-coupled to ground<br><br>Single-ended configuration $R_{in}$ = 20kΩ,<br>AOSR = 128 Channel, Gain = 0dB, CM = 0.9V |     | 115   |     | dB                |
|                  | PSRR                                             | 217Hz, 100mVpp signal on $AV_{DD}$ ,<br>Single-ended configuration, $R_{in}$ = 20kΩ,<br>Channel Gain = 0dB; CM = 0.9V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |     | 55    |     | dB                |
|                  | ADC programmable gain amplifier gain             | Single-Ended, $R_{in}$ = 10kΩ, PGA gain set to 0dB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |     | 0     |     | dB                |
|                  |                                                  | Single-Ended, $R_{in}$ = 10kΩ, PGA gain set to 47.5dB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |     | 47.5  |     | dB                |
|                  |                                                  | Single-Ended, $R_{in}$ = 20kΩ, PGA gain set to 0dB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |     | -6    |     | dB                |
|                  |                                                  | Single-Ended, $R_{in}$ = 20kΩ, PGA gain set to 47.5dB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |     | 41.5  |     | dB                |
|                  |                                                  | Single-Ended, $R_{in}$ = 40kΩ, PGA gain set to 0dB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |     | -12   |     | dB                |
|                  |                                                  | Single-Ended, $R_{in}$ = 40kΩ, PGA gain set to 47.5dB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |     | 35.5  |     | dB                |
|                  | ADC programmable gain amplifier step size        | 1-kHz tone                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     | 0.5   |     | dB                |

## 7.6 Electrical Characteristics, Bypass Outputs

At 25°C, AV<sub>DD</sub>, DV<sub>DD</sub>, IOV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.3V, AV<sub>DD</sub> and DV<sub>DD</sub> LDO disabled, f<sub>s</sub> (Audio) = 48kHz, C<sub>ref</sub> = 10μF on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                                                |                                  | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNIT              |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------------------|
| <b>ANALOG BYPASS TO HEADPHONE AMPLIFIER, DIRECT MODE</b> |                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |     |      |     |                   |
|                                                          | Device Setup                     | Load = 16Ω (single-ended), 50pF;<br>Input and Output CM = 0.9V;<br>Headphone Output on LDOIN Supply;<br>IN1_L routed to HPL and IN1_R routed to HPR;<br>Channel Gain = 0dB                                                                                 |     |      |     |                   |
|                                                          | Gain Error                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |     | –0.8 |     | dB                |
|                                                          | Noise, A-weighted <sup>(1)</sup> | Idle Channel, IN1_L and IN1_R ac-shortcd to ground                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     | 3    |     | μV <sub>RMS</sub> |
| THD                                                      | Total Harmonic Distortion        | 446mVrms, 1kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | –89  |     | dB                |
| <b>ANALOG BYPASS TO LINE-OUT AMPLIFIER, PGA MODE</b>     |                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |     |      |     |                   |
|                                                          | Device Setup                     | Load = 10kΩ (single-ended), 56pF;<br>Input and Output CM = 0.9V;<br>LINE Output on LDOIN Supply;<br>IN1_L routed to ADCPGA_L and IN1_R routed to ADCPGA_R; R <sub>in</sub> = 20kΩ<br>ADCPGA_L routed to LOL and ADCPGA_R routed to LOR; Channel Gain = 0dB |     |      |     |                   |
|                                                          | Gain Error                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |     | 0.6  |     | dB                |
|                                                          | Noise, A-weighted <sup>(1)</sup> | Idle Channel,<br>IN1_L and IN1_R ac-shortcd to ground                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | 7    |     | μV <sub>RMS</sub> |
|                                                          |                                  | Channel Gain = 40dB,<br>Input Signal (0dB) = 5mV <sub>rms</sub><br>Inputs ac-shortcd to ground, Input Referred                                                                                                                                             |     | 3.4  |     | μV <sub>RMS</sub> |

- (1) All performance measured with 20kHz low-pass filter and, where noted, A-weighted filter. Testing without such a filter may result in higher THD+N and lower SNR and dynamic range readings than shown in the Electrical Characteristics. The low-pass filter removes out-of-band noise, which, although not audible, may affect dynamic specification values.

## 7.7 Electrical Characteristics, Microphone Interface

At 25°C,  $AV_{DD}$ ,  $DV_{DD}$ ,  $IOV_{DD} = 1.8V$ ,  $LDOIN = 3.3V$ ,  $AV_{DD}$  and  $DV_{DD}$  LDO disabled,  $f_s$  (Audio) = 48kHz,  $C_{ref} = 10\mu F$  on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER              |                  | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                        | MIN | TYP       | MAX | UNIT          |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|---------------|
| <b>MICROPHONE BIAS</b> |                  |                                                                                        |     |           |     |               |
| Bias voltage           |                  | Bias voltage $CM = 0.9V$ , $LDOIN = 3.3V$                                              |     |           |     |               |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 0, Connect to $AV_{DD}$ or $LDOIN$                                        |     | 1.25      |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 1, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | 1.7       |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 2, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | 2.5       |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 3, Connect to $AV_{DD}$                                                   |     | $AV_{DD}$ |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 3, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | $LDOIN$   |     | V             |
|                        |                  | $CM = 0.75V$ , $LDOIN = 3.3V$                                                          |     |           |     |               |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 0, Connect to $AV_{DD}$ or $LDOIN$                                        |     | 1.04      |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 1, Connect to $AV_{DD}$ or $LDOIN$                                        |     | 1.425     |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 2, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | 2.075     |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 3, Connect to $AV_{DD}$                                                   |     | $AV_{DD}$ |     | V             |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 3, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | $LDOIN$   |     | V             |
|                        | Output Noise     | $CM = 0.9V$ , Micbias Mode 2, A-weighted, 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth, Current load = 0mA. |     | 10        |     | $\mu V_{RMS}$ |
|                        | Current Sourcing | Micbias Mode 2, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | 3         |     | mA            |
| Inline Resistance      |                  | Micbias Mode 3, Connect to $AV_{DD}$                                                   |     | 140       |     | $\Omega$      |
|                        |                  | Micbias Mode 3, Connect to $LDOIN$                                                     |     | 87        |     |               |

## 7.8 Electrical Characteristics, Audio DAC Outputs

At 25°C, AV<sub>DD</sub>, DV<sub>DD</sub>, IOV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.3V, AV<sub>DD</sub> and DV<sub>DD</sub> LDO disabled, f<sub>s</sub> (Audio) = 48kHz, C<sub>ref</sub> = 10μF on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                                               |                                                     | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNIT             |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|------------------|
| <b>AUDIO DAC – STEREO SINGLE-ENDED LINE OUTPUT</b>      |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     |       |     |                  |
|                                                         | Device Setup                                        | Load = 10kΩ (single-ended), 56pF<br>Line Output on AV <sub>DD</sub> Supply<br>Input and Output CM = 0.9V<br>DOSR = 128, MCLK = 256 × f <sub>s</sub> ,<br>Channel Gain = 0dB, word length = 16 bits,<br>Processing Block = PRB_P1,<br>Power Tune = PTM_P3                            |     |       |     |                  |
|                                                         | Full scale output voltage (0dB)                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     | 0.5   |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR                                                     | Signal-to-noise ratio A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>  | All zeros fed to DAC input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 87  | 100   |     | dB               |
| DR                                                      | Dynamic range, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>         | –60dB 1kHz input full-scale signal, Word length = 20 bits                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |     | 100   |     | dB               |
| THD+N                                                   | Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise                | –3dB full-scale, 1kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     | –83   | –70 | dB               |
|                                                         | DAC Gain Error                                      | 0 dB, 1kHz input full scale signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     | 0.3   |     | dB               |
|                                                         | DAC Mute Attenuation                                | Mute                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | 119   |     | dB               |
|                                                         | DAC channel separation                              | –1 dB, 1kHz signal, between left and right HP out                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     | 113   |     | dB               |
|                                                         | DAC PSRR                                            | 100mVpp, 1kHz signal applied to AV <sub>DD</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     | 73    |     | dB               |
|                                                         |                                                     | 100mVpp, 217Hz signal applied to AV <sub>DD</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     | 77    |     | dB               |
| <b>AUDIO DAC – STEREO SINGLE-ENDED LINE OUTPUT</b>      |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     |       |     |                  |
|                                                         | Device Setup                                        | Load = 10kΩ (single-ended), 56pF<br>Line Output on AV <sub>DD</sub> Supply<br>Input and Output CM = 0.75V; AV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.5V<br>DOSR = 128<br>MCLK = 256 × f <sub>s</sub><br>Channel Gain = –2dB<br>word length = 20 bits<br>Processing Block = PRB_P1<br>Power Tune = PTM_P4 |     |       |     |                  |
|                                                         | Full scale output voltage (0dB)                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     | 0.375 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR                                                     | Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | All zeros fed to DAC input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |     | 99    |     | dB               |
| DR                                                      | Dynamic range, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>         | –60dB 1 kHz input full-scale signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     | 97    |     | dB               |
| THD+N                                                   | Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise                | –1 dB full-scale, 1-kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | –85   |     | dB               |
| <b>AUDIO DAC – STEREO SINGLE-ENDED HEADPHONE OUTPUT</b> |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     |       |     |                  |
|                                                         | Device Setup                                        | Load = 16Ω (single-ended), 50pF<br>Headphone Output on AV <sub>DD</sub> Supply,<br>Input and Output CM = 0.9V, DOSR = 128,<br>MCLK = 256 × f <sub>s</sub> , Channel Gain = 0dB<br>word length = 16 bits;<br>Processing Block = PRB_P1<br>Power Tune = PTM_P3                        |     |       |     |                  |
|                                                         | Full scale output voltage (0dB)                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |     | 0.5   |     | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR                                                     | Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | All zeros fed to DAC input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 87  | 100   |     | dB               |
| DR                                                      | Dynamic range, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>         | –60dB 1kHz input full-scale signal, Word Length = 20 bits, Power Tune = PTM_P4                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | 99    |     | dB               |
| THD+N                                                   | Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise                | –3dB full-scale, 1kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |     | –83   | –70 | dB               |
|                                                         | DAC Gain Error                                      | 0dB, 1kHz input full scale signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     | –0.3  |     | dB               |
|                                                         | DAC Mute Attenuation                                | Mute                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | 122   |     | dB               |

- (1) Ratio of output level with 1kHz full-scale sine wave input, to the output level with the inputs short circuited, measured A-weighted over a 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth using an audio analyzer.
- (2) All performance measured with 20kHz low-pass filter and, where noted, A-weighted filter. Testing without such a filter may result in higher THD+N and lower SNR and dynamic range readings than shown in the Electrical Characteristics. The low-pass filter removes out-of-band noise, which, although not audible, may affect dynamic specification values

## Electrical Characteristics, Audio DAC Outputs (continued)

At 25°C,  $AV_{DD}$ ,  $DV_{DD}$ ,  $IOV_{DD}$  = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.3V,  $AV_{DD}$  and  $DV_{DD}$  LDO disabled,  $f_s$  (Audio) = 48kHz,  $C_{ref}$  = 10μF on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                                        |                                                     | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNIT              |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------------------|
|                                                  | DAC channel separation                              | –1dB, 1kHz signal, between left and right HP out                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     | 110   |     | dB                |
|                                                  | DAC PSRR                                            | 100mVpp, 1kHz signal applied to AV <sub>DD</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     | 73    |     | dB                |
|                                                  |                                                     | 100mVpp, 217Hz signal applied to AV <sub>DD</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |     | 78    |     | dB                |
|                                                  | Power Delivered                                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω, Output Stage on AV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V<br>THDN < 1%, Input CM = 0.9V,<br>Output CM = 0.9V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     | 15    |     | mW                |
|                                                  |                                                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 16Ω Output Stage on LDOIN = 3.3V,<br>THDN < 1% Input CM = 0.9V,<br>Output CM = 1.65V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     | 64    |     |                   |
| AUDIO DAC – STEREO SINGLE-ENDED HEADPHONE OUTPUT |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     |       |     |                   |
|                                                  | Device Setup                                        | Load = 16Ω (single-ended), 50pF,<br>Headphone Output on AV <sub>DD</sub> Supply,<br>Input and Output CM = 0.75V; AV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.5V,<br>DOSR = 128, MCLK = 256 * f <sub>s</sub> ,<br>Channel Gain = –2dB, word length = 20-bits;<br>Processing Block = PRB_P1,<br>Power Tune = PTM_P4                                                              |     |       |     |                   |
|                                                  | Full scale output voltage (0dB)                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     | 0.375 |     | V <sub>RMS</sub>  |
| SNR                                              | Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | All zeros fed to DAC input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |     | 99    |     | dB                |
| DR                                               | Dynamic range, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>         | –60dB 1kHz input full-scale signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | 98    |     | dB                |
| THD+N                                            | Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise                | –1dB full-scale, 1kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | –83   |     | dB                |
| AUDIO DAC – MONO DIFFERENTIAL HEADPHONE OUTPUT   |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     |       |     |                   |
|                                                  | Device Setup                                        | Load = 32Ω (differential), 50pF,<br>Headphone Output on LDOIN Supply<br>Input CM = 0.75V, Output CM = 1.5V,<br>AV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.0V, DOSR = 128<br>MCLK = 256 * f <sub>s</sub> , Channel (headphone driver)<br>Gain = 5dB for full scale output signal,<br>word length = 16 bits,<br>Processing Block = PRB_P1,<br>Power Tune = PTM_P3 |     |       |     |                   |
|                                                  | Full scale output voltage (0dB)                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     | 1778  |     | mV <sub>RMS</sub> |
| SNR                                              | Signal-to-noise ratio, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup> | All zeros fed to DAC input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |     | 98    |     | dB                |
| DR                                               | Dynamic range, A-weighted <sup>(1)(2)</sup>         | –60dB 1kHz input full-scale signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | 96    |     | dB                |
| THD                                              | Total Harmonic Distortion                           | –3dB full-scale, 1kHz input signal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     | –82   |     | dB                |
|                                                  | Power Delivered                                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω, Output Stage on LDOIN = 3.3V,<br>THDN < 1%, Input CM = 0.9V,<br>Output CM = 1.65V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     | 136   |     | mW                |
|                                                  |                                                     | R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω Output Stage on LDOIN = 3.0V,<br>THDN < 1% Input CM = 0.9V,<br>Output CM = 1.5V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     | 114   |     | mW                |

## 7.9 Electrical Characteristics, LDO

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                           |  | TEST CONDITIONS                 | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| <b>LOW DROPOUT REGULATOR (AVdd)</b> |  |                                 |     |      |     |      |
| Output Voltage                      |  | LDO Mode = 1, LDOIN > 1.95V     |     | 1.67 |     | V    |
|                                     |  | LDO Mode = 0, LDOIN > 2.0V      |     | 1.72 |     |      |
|                                     |  | LDO Mode = 2, LDOIN > 2.05V     |     | 1.77 |     |      |
| Output Voltage Accuracy             |  |                                 |     | ±2%  |     |      |
| Load Regulation                     |  | Load current range 0 to 50mA    |     | 15   |     | mV   |
| Line Regulation                     |  | Input Supply Range 1.9V to 3.6V |     | 5    |     | mV   |
| Decoupling Capacitor                |  |                                 | 1   |      |     | μF   |
| Bias Current                        |  |                                 |     | 60   |     | μA   |
| <b>LOW DROPOUT REGULATOR (DVdd)</b> |  |                                 |     |      |     |      |
| Output Voltage                      |  | LDO Mode = 1, LDOIN > 1.95V     |     | 1.67 |     | V    |
|                                     |  | LDO Mode = 0, LDOIN > 2.0V      |     | 1.72 |     |      |
|                                     |  | LDO Mode = 2, LDOIN > 2.05V     |     | 1.77 |     |      |
| Output Voltage Accuracy             |  |                                 |     | ±%2  |     |      |
| Load Regulation                     |  | Load current range 0 to 50mA    |     | 15   |     | mV   |
| Line Regulation                     |  | Input Supply Range 1.9V to 3.6V |     | 5    |     | mV   |
| Decoupling Capacitor                |  |                                 | 1   |      |     | μF   |
| Bias Current                        |  |                                 |     | 60   |     | μA   |

## 7.10 Electrical Characteristics, Misc.

At 25°C, AV<sub>DD</sub>, DV<sub>DD</sub>, IOV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V, LDOIN = 3.3V, AV<sub>DD</sub> and DV<sub>DD</sub> LDO disabled, f<sub>s</sub> (Audio) = 48kHz, C<sub>ref</sub> = 10μF on REF pin, PLL disabled unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER               |                            | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                            | MIN | TYP  | MAX | UNIT                |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|---------------------|
| <b>REFERENCE</b>        |                            |                                                                                                            |     |      |     |                     |
|                         | Reference Voltage Settings | CMMode = 0 (0.9V)                                                                                          |     | 0.9  |     | V                   |
|                         |                            | CMMode = 1 (0.75V)                                                                                         |     | 0.75 |     |                     |
|                         | Reference Noise            | CM = 0.9V, A-weighted, 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth, C <sub>ref</sub> = 10μF                                    |     | 1    |     | μV <sub>RfCMS</sub> |
|                         | Decoupling Capacitor       |                                                                                                            | 1   | 10   |     | μF                  |
|                         | Bias Current               |                                                                                                            |     | 120  |     | μA                  |
| <b>Shutdown Current</b> |                            |                                                                                                            |     |      |     |                     |
|                         | Device Setup               | Coarse AV <sub>DD</sub> supply turned off, LDO_select held at ground, No external digital input is toggled |     |      |     |                     |
|                         | I(DV <sub>DD</sub> )       |                                                                                                            |     | 0.9  |     | μA                  |
|                         | I(AV <sub>DD</sub> )       |                                                                                                            |     | <0.9 |     | μA                  |
|                         | I(LDOIN)                   |                                                                                                            |     | <0.9 |     | μA                  |
|                         | I(IOVDD)                   |                                                                                                            |     | 13   |     | nA                  |

## 7.11 Electrical Characteristics, Logic Levels<sup>(1)</sup>

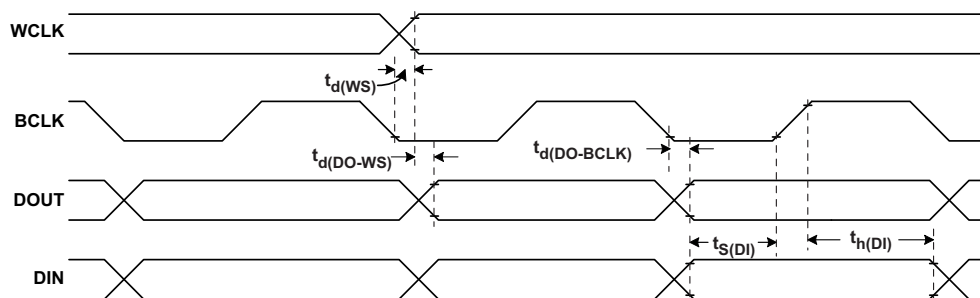
At 25°C, AV<sub>DD</sub>, DV<sub>DD</sub>, IOV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V

| PARAMETER                  | TEST CONDITIONS                                         | MIN                     | TYP                     | MAX                     | UNIT |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| <b>LOGIC FAMILY (CMOS)</b> |                                                         |                         |                         |                         |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>            | I <sub>IH</sub> = 5 μA, IOV <sub>DD</sub> > 1.6V        | 0.7 × IOV <sub>DD</sub> |                         |                         | V    |
|                            | I <sub>IH</sub> = 5 μA, 1.2V ≤ IOV <sub>DD</sub> < 1.6V | 0.9 × IOV <sub>DD</sub> |                         |                         | V    |
|                            | I <sub>IH</sub> = 5 μA, IOV <sub>DD</sub> < 1.2V        | IOV <sub>DD</sub>       |                         |                         | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>            | I <sub>IL</sub> = 5 μA, IOV <sub>DD</sub> > 1.6V        | –0.3                    | 0.3 × IOV <sub>DD</sub> |                         | V    |
|                            | I <sub>IL</sub> = 5 μA, 1.2V ≤ IOV <sub>DD</sub> < 1.6V |                         | 0.1 × IOV <sub>DD</sub> |                         | V    |
|                            | I <sub>IL</sub> = 5 μA, IOV <sub>DD</sub> < 1.2V        |                         | 0                       |                         | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>            | I <sub>OH</sub> = 2 TTL loads                           | 0.8 × IOV <sub>DD</sub> |                         |                         | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>            | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 TTL loads                           |                         |                         | 0.1 × IOV <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
|                            | Capacitive Load                                         |                         | 10                      |                         | pF   |

(1) Applies to all DI, DO, and DIO pins shown in [Pin Configuration and Functions](#).

## 7.12 I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Master Mode (see [Figure 1](#))

|                         |                                        | IOVDD = 1.8 V |     | IOVDD = 3.3 V |     | UNIT |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------|-----|---------------|-----|------|
|                         |                                        | MIN           | MAX | MIN           | MAX |      |
| t <sub>d(WS)</sub>      | WCLK delay                             |               | 30  |               | 20  | ns   |
| t <sub>d(DO-WS)</sub>   | WCLK to DOUT delay (For LJF Mode only) |               | 20  |               | 20  | ns   |
| t <sub>d(DO-BCLK)</sub> | BCLK to DOUT delay                     |               | 22  |               | 20  | ns   |
| t <sub>s(DI)</sub>      | DIN setup                              | 8             |     | 8             |     | ns   |
| t <sub>h(DI)</sub>      | DIN hold                               | 8             |     | 8             |     | ns   |
| t <sub>r</sub>          | BCLK rise time                         |               | 24  |               | 12  | ns   |
| t <sub>f</sub>          | BCLK fall time                         |               | 24  |               | 12  | ns   |


All specifications at 25°C, DV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V

**Figure 1. I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Master Mode**

### 7.13 I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Slave Mode (see Figure 2)

|                  |                                        | IOVDD = 1.8V |                  | IOVDD = 3.3V |                  | UNIT |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|------|
|                  |                                        | MIN          | MAX              | MIN          | MAX              |      |
| $t_{H(BCLK)}$    | BCLK high period                       | 35           |                  | 35           |                  | ns   |
| $t_{L(BCLK)}$    | BCLK low period                        | 35           |                  | 35           |                  | ns   |
| $t_{s(WS)}$      | WCLK setup                             | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_{h(WS)}$      | WCLK hold                              | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_{d(DO-WS)}$   | WCLK to DOUT delay (For LJF mode only) |              | 20               |              | 20               | ns   |
| $t_{d(DO-BCLK)}$ | BCLK to DOUT delay                     |              | 22               |              | 22               | ns   |
| $t_{s(DI)}$      | DIN setup                              | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_{h(DI)}$      | DIN hold                               | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_r$            | BCLK rise time                         |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> | ns   |
| $t_f$            | BCLK fall time                         |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> | ns   |

(1) The BCLK maximum rise and fall time can be as high as 10 ns, if the BCLK high and low period are greater than 50 ns.

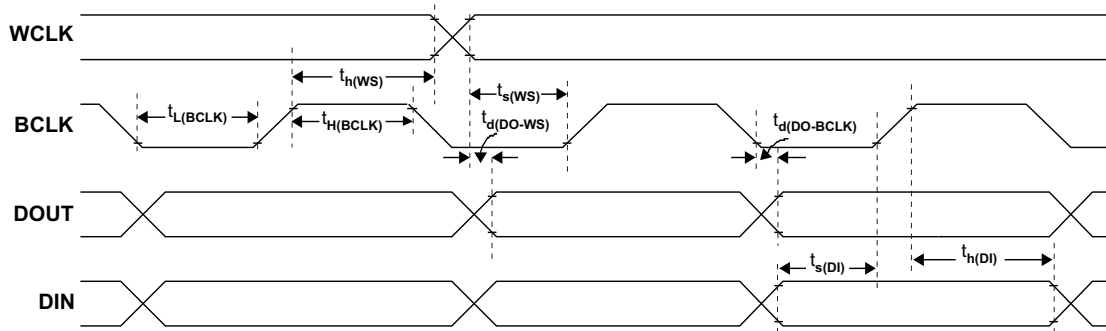
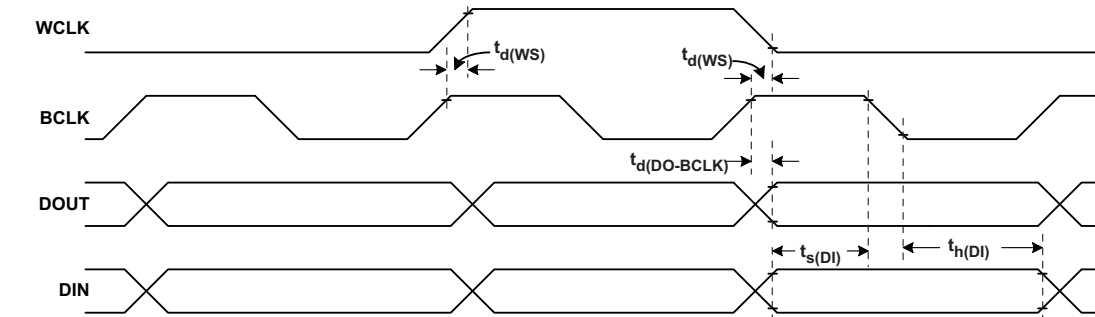


Figure 2. I<sup>2</sup>S LJF and RJF Timing in Slave Mode

## 7.14 DSP Timing in Master Mode (see [Figure 3](#))

|                  |                    | IOVDD = 1.8V |     | IOVDD = 3.3V |     | UNIT |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|------|
|                  |                    | MIN          | MAX | MIN          | MAX |      |
| $t_{d(WS)}$      | WCLK delay         |              | 30  |              | 20  | ns   |
| $t_{d(DO-BCLK)}$ | BCLK to DOUT delay |              | 22  |              | 20  | ns   |
| $t_{s(DI)}$      | DIN setup          | 8            |     | 8            |     | ns   |
| $t_{h(DI)}$      | DIN hold           | 8            |     | 8            |     | ns   |
| $t_r$            | BCLK rise time     |              | 24  |              | 12  | ns   |
| $t_f$            | BCLK fall time     |              | 24  |              | 12  | ns   |



All specifications at 25°C, DVdd = 1.8V

**Figure 3. DSP Timing in Master Mode**

## 7.15 DSP Timing in Slave Mode (see Figure 4)

|                  |                    | IOVDD = 1.8V |                  | IOVDD = 3.3V |                  | UNIT |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|------|
|                  |                    | MIN          | MAX              | MIN          | MAX              |      |
| $t_{H(BCLK)}$    | BCLK high period   | 35           |                  | 35           |                  | ns   |
| $t_{L(BCLK)}$    | BCLK low period    | 35           |                  | 35           |                  | ns   |
| $t_{s(WS)}$      | WCLK setup         | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_{h(WS)}$      | WCLK hold          | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_{d(DO-BCLK)}$ | BCLK to DOUT delay |              | 22               |              | 22               | ns   |
| $t_{s(DI)}$      | DIN setup          | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_{h(DI)}$      | DIN hold           | 8            |                  | 8            |                  | ns   |
| $t_r$            | BCLK rise time     |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> | ns   |
| $t_f$            | BCLK fall time     |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> |              | 4 <sup>(1)</sup> | ns   |

(1) The BCLK maximum rise and fall time can be as high as 10 ns, if the BCLK high and low period are greater than 50 ns.

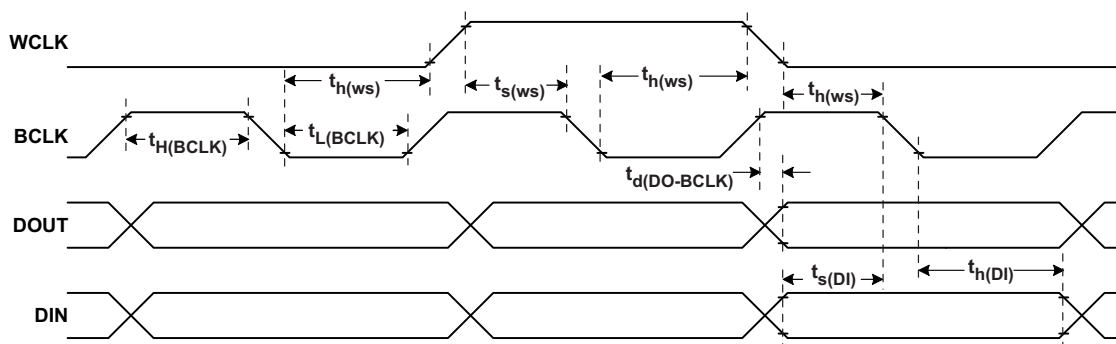


Figure 4. DSP Timing in Slave Mode

## 7.16 Digital Microphone PDM Timing (see Figure 5)

Based on design simulation. Not tested in actual silicon.

|       |               | IOVDD = 1.8V |     | IOVDD = 3.3V |     | UNIT |
|-------|---------------|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|------|
|       |               | MIN          | MAX | MIN          | MAX |      |
| $t_s$ | DIN setup     | 20           |     | 20           |     | ns   |
| $t_h$ | DIN hold      | 5            |     | 5            |     | ns   |
| $t_r$ | CLK rise time |              | 4   |              | 4   | ns   |
| $t_f$ | CLK fall time |              | 4   |              | 4   | ns   |

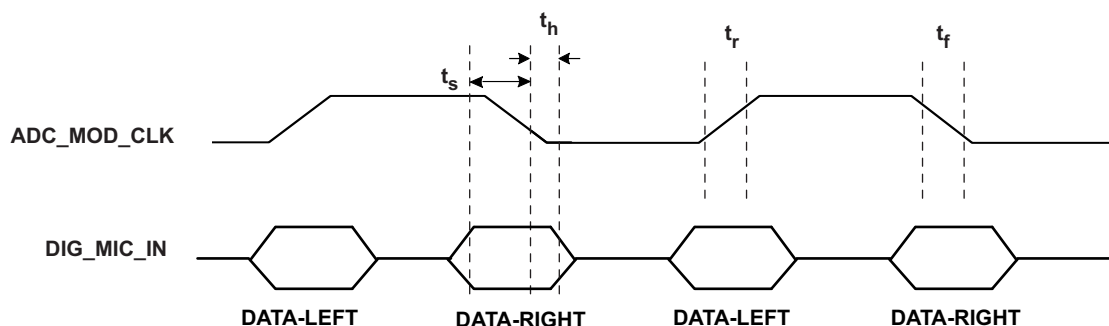


Figure 5. PDM Input Timing

## 7.17 I<sup>2</sup>C Interface Timing

|              |                                                                                              | Standard-Mode |     |      | Fast-Mode   |     |     | UNIT    |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|------|-------------|-----|-----|---------|
|              |                                                                                              | MIN           | TYP | MAX  | MIN         | TYP | MAX |         |
| $f_{SCL}$    | SCL clock frequency                                                                          | 0             |     | 100  | 0           |     | 400 | kHz     |
| $t_{HD;STA}$ | Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated. | 4.0           |     |      | 0.8         |     |     | $\mu$ S |
| $t_{LOW}$    | LOW period of the SCL clock                                                                  | 4.7           |     |      | 1.3         |     |     | $\mu$ S |
| $t_{HIGH}$   | HIGH period of the SCL clock                                                                 | 4.0           |     |      | 0.6         |     |     | $\mu$ S |
| $t_{SU;STA}$ | Setup time for a repeated START condition                                                    | 4.7           |     |      | 0.8         |     |     | $\mu$ S |
| $t_{HD;DAT}$ | Data hold time: For I2C bus devices                                                          | 0             |     | 3.45 | 0           |     | 0.9 | $\mu$ S |
| $t_{SU;DAT}$ | Data set-up time                                                                             | 250           |     |      | 100         |     |     | ns      |
| $t_r$        | SDA and SCL Rise Time                                                                        |               |     | 1000 | $20+0.1C_b$ |     | 300 | ns      |
| $t_f$        | SDA and SCL Fall Time                                                                        |               |     | 300  | $20+0.1C_b$ |     | 300 | ns      |
| $t_{SU;STO}$ | Set-up time for STOP condition                                                               | 4.0           |     |      | 0.8         |     |     | $\mu$ S |
| $t_{BUF}$    | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition                                             | 4.7           |     |      | 1.3         |     |     | $\mu$ S |
| $C_b$        | Capacitive load for each bus line                                                            |               |     | 400  |             |     | 400 | pF      |

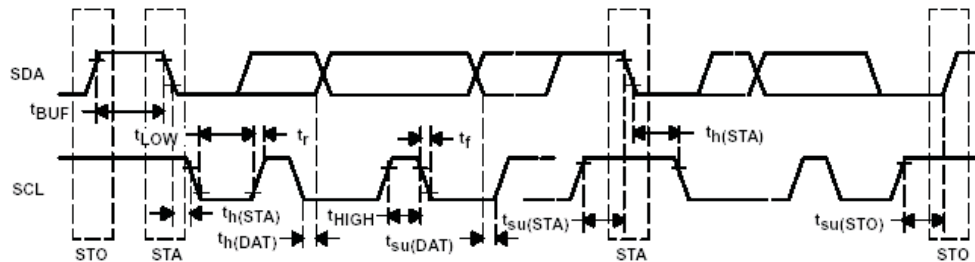
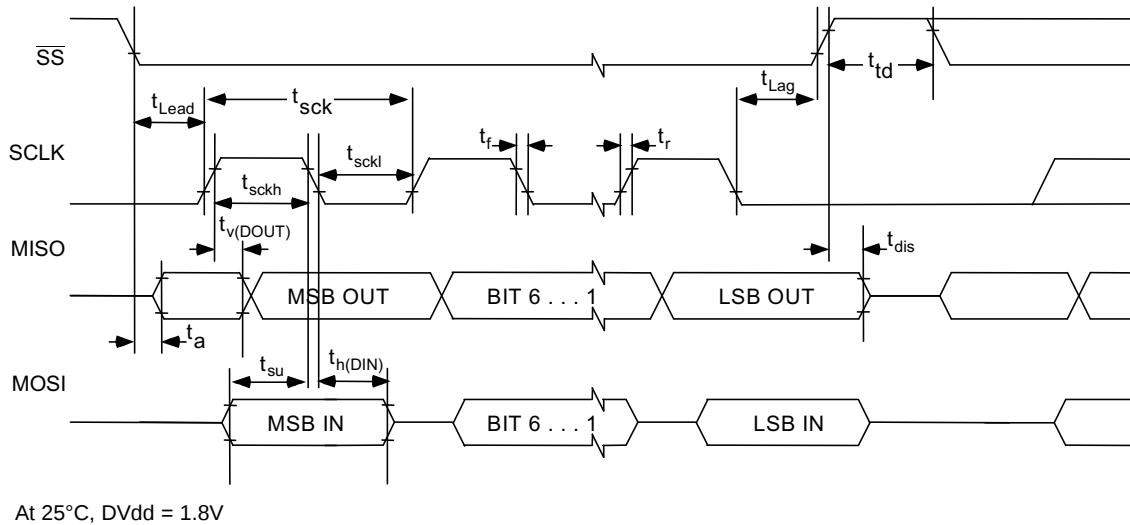


Figure 6. I<sup>2</sup>C Interface Timing

## 7.18 SPI Interface Timing (See Figure 7)

|                |                            | IOVDD = 1.8V |     |     | IOVDD = 3.3V |     |     | UNIT |
|----------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----|-----|------|
|                |                            | MIN          | TYP | MAX | MIN          | TYP | MAX |      |
| $t_{sck}$      | SCLK Period <sup>(1)</sup> | 100          |     |     | 50           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{sckh}$     | SCLK Pulse width High      | 50           |     |     | 25           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{sckl}$     | SCLK Pulse width Low       | 50           |     |     | 25           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{lead}$     | Enable Lead Time           | 30           |     |     | 20           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{trail}$    | Enable Trail Time          | 30           |     |     | 20           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{d;seqxfr}$ | Sequential Transfer Delay  | 40           |     |     | 20           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_a$          | Slave DOUT access time     |              |     | 40  |              |     | 20  | ns   |
| $t_{dis}$      | Slave DOUT disable time    |              |     | 40  |              |     | 20  | ns   |
| $t_{su}$       | DIN data setup time        | 15           |     |     | 10           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{h(DIN)}$   | DIN data hold time         | 15           |     |     | 10           |     |     | ns   |
| $t_{v(DOUT)}$  | DOUT data valid time       |              |     | 25  |              |     | 18  | ns   |
| $t_r$          | SCLK Rise Time             |              |     | 4   |              |     | 4   | ns   |
| $t_f$          | SCLK Fall Time             |              |     | 4   |              |     | 4   | ns   |

(1) These parameters are based on characterization and are not tested in production.



**Figure 7. SPI Interface Timing Diagram**

## 7.19 Typical Characteristics

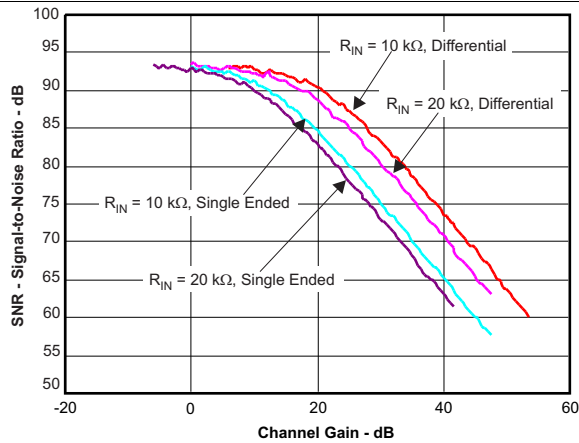


Figure 8. ADC SNR vs Channel Gain

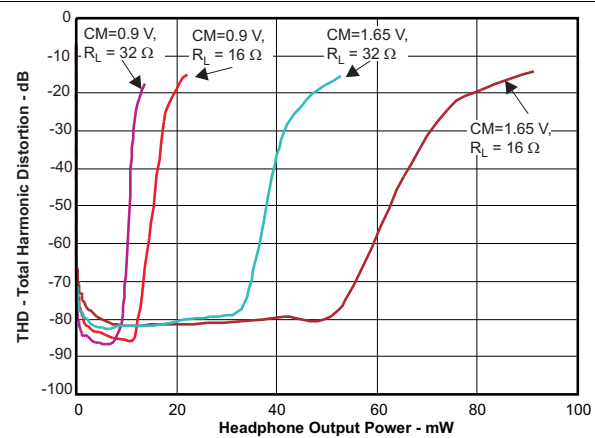


Figure 9. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Headphone Output Power

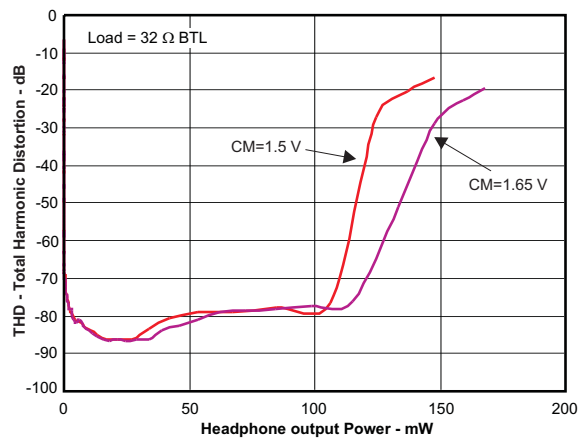


Figure 10. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Headphone Output Power

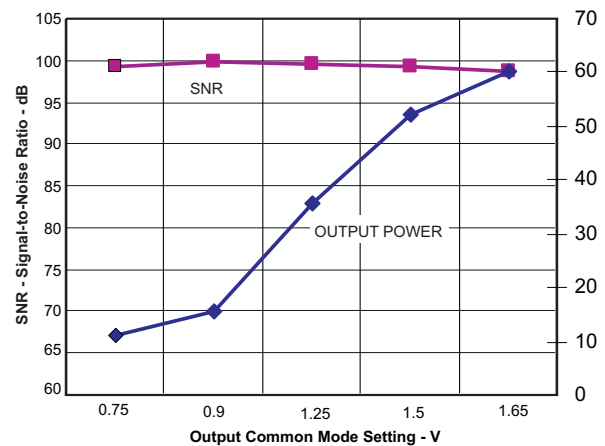


Figure 11. Headphone SNR and Output Power vs Output Common Mode Setting

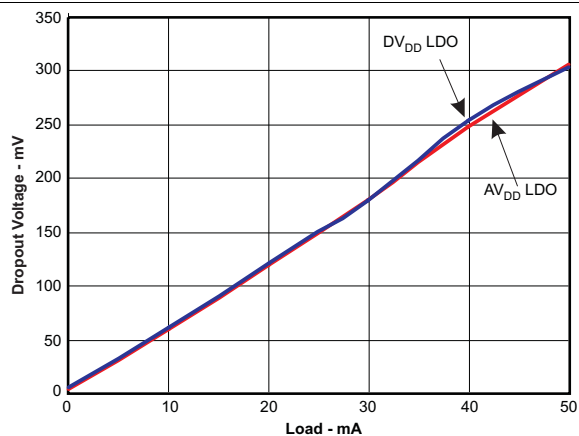


Figure 12. LDO Dropout Voltage vs Load Current

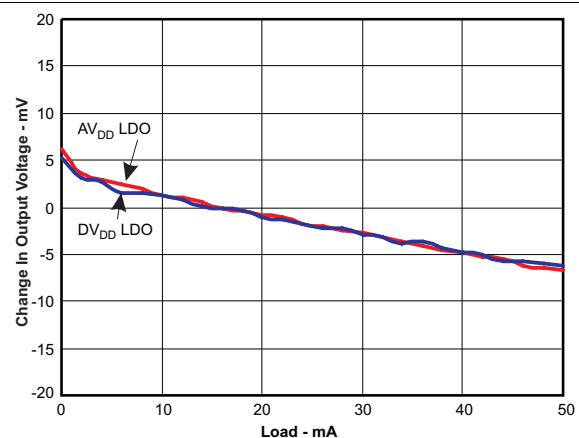
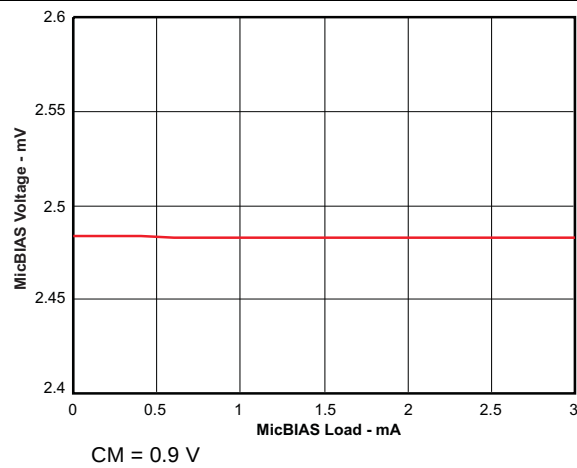


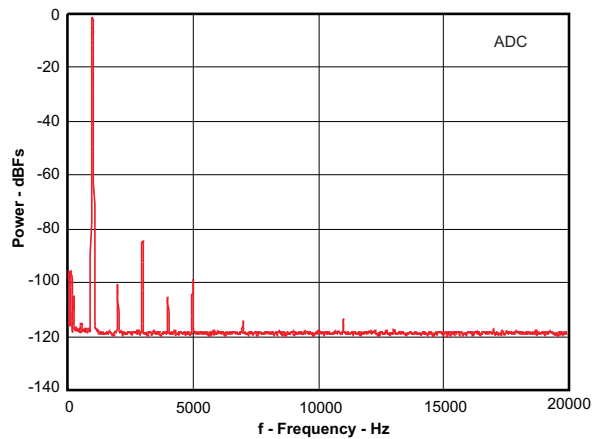
Figure 13. LDO Load Response

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

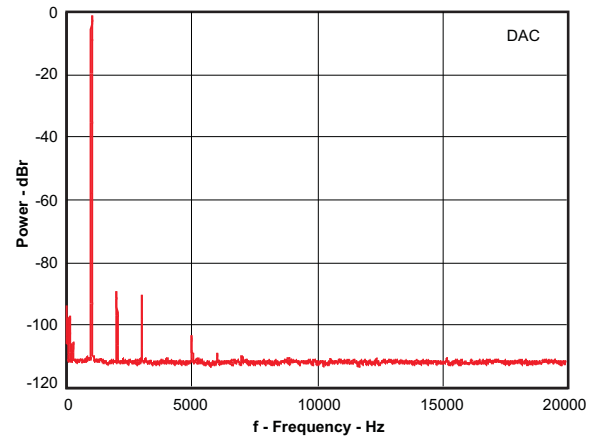


**Figure 14. MICBIAS Mode 2, LDOIN OP Stage vs MICBIAS Load Current**

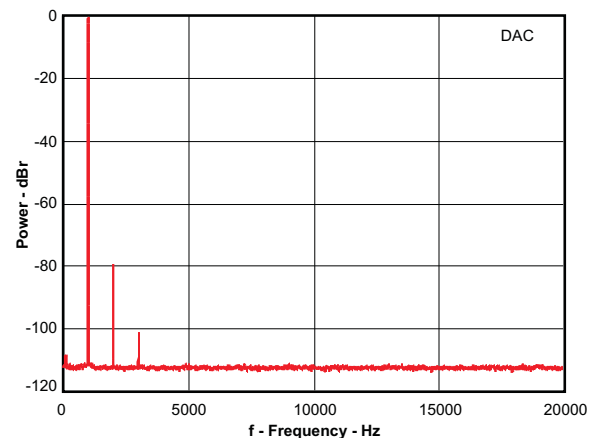
## 7.20 Typical Characteristics, FFT



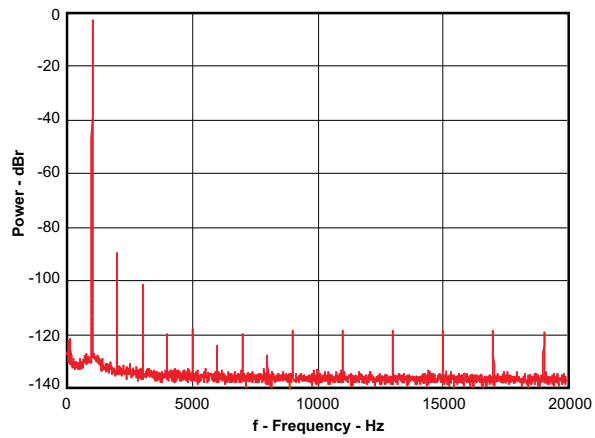
**Figure 15. Single Ended Line Input to ADC FFT at -1dBr vs Frequency**



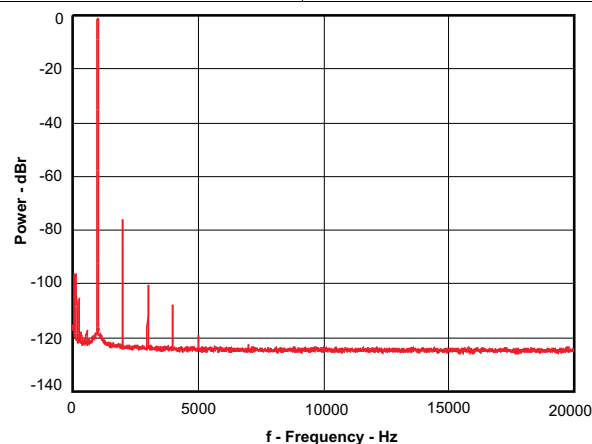
**Figure 16. DAC Playback to Headphone FFT at -1dBFS vs Frequency**



**Figure 17. DAC Playback to Line-out FFT at -1dBFS vs Frequency**



**Figure 18. Line Input to Headphone FFT at 446mVrms vs Frequency**



**Figure 19. Line Input to Line-out FFT at 446mVrms vs Frequency**

## 8 Parameter Measurement Information

All parameters are measured according to the conditions described in the [Specifications](#) section.

## 9 Detailed Description

### 9.1 Overview

The TLV320AIC3204 includes extensive register-based control of power, input/output channel configuration, gains, effects, pin-multiplexing and clocks, allowing precise targeting of the device to its application. Combined with the advanced PowerTune technology, the device covers operations from 8 kHz mono voice playback to audio stereo 192kHz DAC playback, making it ideal for portable battery-powered audio and telephony applications.

The record path of the TLV320AIC3204 covers operations from 8kHz mono to 192kHz stereo recording, and contains programmable input channel configurations covering single-ended and differential setups, as well as floating or mixing input signals. It also includes a digitally-controlled stereo microphone preamplifier and integrated microphone bias. Digital signal processing blocks can remove audible noise that may be introduced by mechanical coupling, e.g. optical zooming in a digital camera.

The playback path offers signal-processing blocks for filtering and effects, and supports flexible mixing of DAC and analog input signals as well as programmable volume controls. The playback path contains two high-power output drivers as well as two fully-differential outputs. The high-power outputs can be configured in multiple ways, including stereo and mono BTL.

The integrated PowerTune technology allows the device to be tuned to an optimum power-performance trade-off. Mobile applications frequently have multiple use cases requiring very low power operation while being used in a mobile environment. When used in a docked environment power consumption typically is less of a concern, while minimizing noise is important. With PowerTune, the TLV320AIC3204 addresses both cases.

The voltage supply range for the TLV320AIC3204 for analog is 1.5V–1.95V, and for digital it is 1.26V–1.95V. To ease system-level design, integrated LDOs generate the appropriate analog or digital supply from input voltages ranging from 1.8V to 3.6V. The device supports digital I/O voltages in the range of 1.1V–3.6V.

The required internal clock of the TLV320AIC3204 can be derived from multiple sources, including the MCLK pin, the BCLK pin, the GPIO pin or the output of the internal PLL, where the input to the PLL again can be derived from the MCLK pin, the BCLK or GPIO pins. Although using the PLL ensures the availability of a suitable clock signal, PLL use is not recommended for the lowest power settings. The PLL is highly programmable and can accept available input clocks in the range of 512 kHz to 50 MHz.

## 9.2 Functional Block Diagram

Figure 20 shows the basic functional blocks of the device.

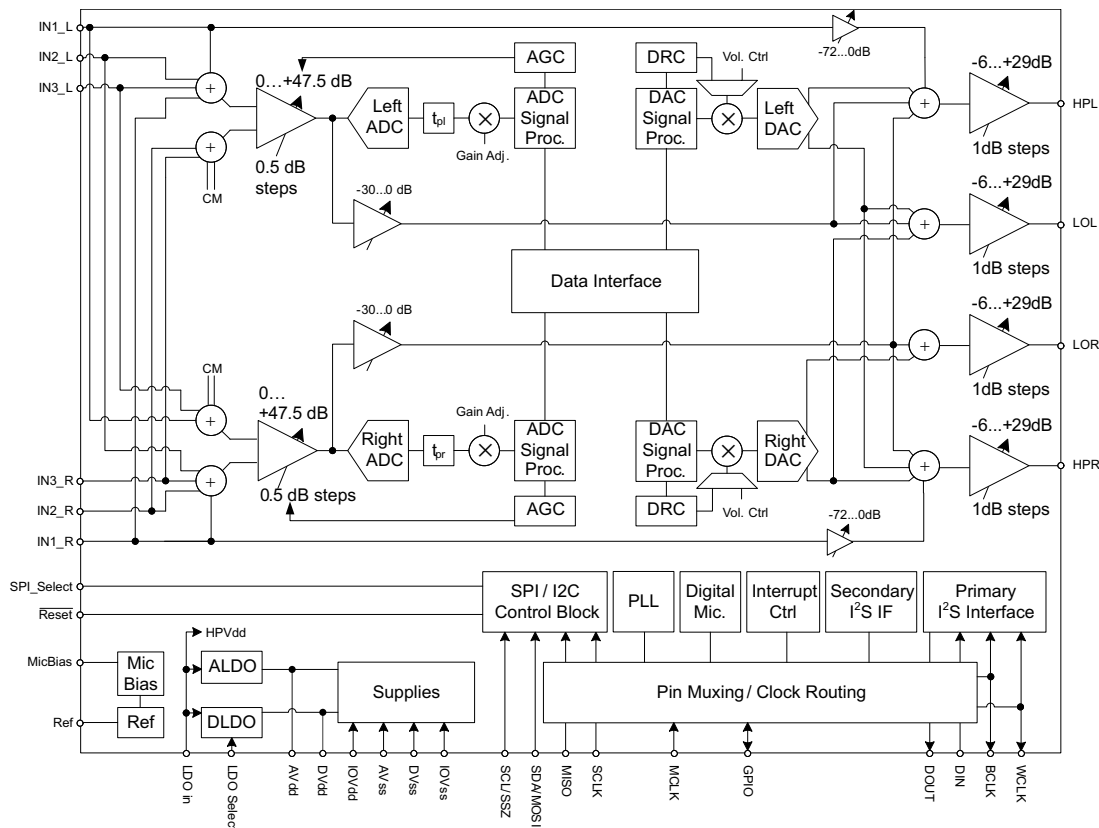


Figure 20. Block Diagram

## 9.3 Feature Description

### 9.3.1 Device Connections

#### 9.3.1.1 Digital Pins

Only a small number of digital pins are dedicated to a single function; whenever possible, the digital pins have a default function, and also can be reprogrammed to cover alternative functions for various applications.

The fixed-function pins are  $\overline{\text{Reset}}$ , LDO\_Select and the SPI\_Select pin, which are HW control pins. Depending on the state of SPI\_Select, the two control-bus pins SCL/SS and SDA/MOSI are configured for either I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI protocol.

Other digital IO pins can be configured for various functions via register control. An overview of available functionality is given in [Multifunction Pins](#).

##### 9.3.1.1.1 Multifunction Pins

Table 1 shows the possible allocation of pins for specific functions. The PLL input, for example, can be programmed to be any of 4 pins (MCLK, BCLK, DIN, GPIO).

## Feature Description (continued)

**Table 1. Multifunction Pin Assignments**

|          |                                       | 1                                   | 2                | 3    | 4           | 5            | 6                       | 7                       | 8                |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
|          | Pin Function                          | MCLK                                | BCLK             | WCLK | DIN<br>MFP1 | DOUT<br>MFP2 | DMDIN/<br>MFP3/<br>SCLK | DMCLK/<br>MFP4/<br>MISO | GPIO<br>MFP5     |
| <b>A</b> | PLL Input                             | S <sup>(1)</sup>                    | S <sup>(2)</sup> |      | E           |              |                         |                         | S <sup>(3)</sup> |
| <b>B</b> | Codec Clock Input                     | S <sup>(1)</sup> , D <sup>(4)</sup> | S <sup>(2)</sup> |      |             |              |                         |                         | S <sup>(3)</sup> |
| <b>C</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S BCLK input           |                                     | S, D             |      |             |              |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>D</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S BCLK output          |                                     | E <sup>(5)</sup> |      |             |              |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>E</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S WCLK input           |                                     |                  | E, D |             |              |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>F</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S WCLK output          |                                     |                  | E    |             |              |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>G</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S ADC word clock input |                                     |                  |      |             |              | E                       |                         | E                |
| <b>H</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S ADC WCLK out         |                                     |                  |      |             |              |                         | E                       | E                |
| <b>I</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S DIN                  |                                     |                  |      | E, D        |              |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>J</b> | I <sup>2</sup> S DOUT                 |                                     |                  |      |             | E, D         |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>K</b> | General Purpose Output I              |                                     |                  |      |             | E            |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>K</b> | General Purpose Output II             |                                     |                  |      |             |              |                         | E                       |                  |
| <b>K</b> | General Purpose Output III            |                                     |                  |      |             |              |                         |                         | E                |
| <b>L</b> | General Purpose Input I               |                                     |                  |      | E           |              |                         |                         |                  |
| <b>L</b> | General Purpose Input II              |                                     |                  |      |             |              | E                       |                         |                  |
| <b>L</b> | General Purpose Input III             |                                     |                  |      |             |              |                         |                         | E                |
| <b>M</b> | INT1 output                           |                                     |                  |      |             | E            |                         | E                       | E                |
| <b>N</b> | INT2 output                           |                                     |                  |      |             | E            |                         | E                       | E                |
| <b>O</b> | Digital Microphone Data Input         |                                     |                  |      | E           |              | E                       |                         | E                |
| <b>P</b> | Digital Microphone Clock Output       |                                     |                  |      |             |              |                         | E                       | E                |
| <b>Q</b> | Secondary I <sup>2</sup> S BCLK input |                                     |                  |      |             |              | E                       |                         | E                |
| <b>R</b> | Secondary I <sup>2</sup> S WCLK in    |                                     |                  |      |             |              | E                       |                         | E                |
| <b>S</b> | Secondary I <sup>2</sup> S DIN        |                                     |                  |      |             |              | E                       |                         | E                |
| <b>T</b> | Secondary I <sup>2</sup> S DOUT       |                                     |                  |      |             |              |                         | E                       |                  |
| <b>U</b> | Secondary I <sup>2</sup> S BCLK OUT   |                                     |                  |      |             | E            |                         | E                       | E                |
| <b>V</b> | Secondary I <sup>2</sup> S WCLK OUT   |                                     |                  |      |             | E            |                         | E                       | E                |
| <b>W</b> | Headphone Detect Input                |                                     |                  |      |             |              | E                       |                         |                  |
| <b>X</b> | Aux Clock Output                      |                                     |                  |      |             | E            |                         | E                       | E                |

(1) S<sup>(1)</sup>: The MCLK pin can drive the PLL and Codec Clock inputs **simultaneously**.

(2) S<sup>(2)</sup>: The BCLK pin can drive the PLL and Codec Clock and audio interface bit clock inputs **simultaneously**.

(3) S<sup>(3)</sup>: The GPIO/MFP5 pin can drive the PLL and Codec Clock inputs simultaneously.

(4) D: Default Function

(5) E: The pin is **exclusively** used for this function, no other function can be implemented with the same pin. (If GPIO/MFP5 has been allocated for General Purpose Output, it cannot be used as the INT1 output at the same time.)

### 9.3.1.2 Analog Pins

Analog functions can also be configured to a large degree. For minimum power consumption, analog blocks are powered down by default. The blocks can be powered up with fine granularity according to the application needs.

### 9.3.2 Analog Audio IO

The analog IO path of the TLV320AIC3204 features a large set of options for signal conditioning as well as signal routing:

- 6 analog inputs which can be mixed and-or multiplexed in single-ended and-or differential configuration
- 2 programmable gain amplifiers (PGA) with a range of 0 to +47.5dB
- 2 mixer amplifiers for analog bypass
- 2 low power analog bypass channels
- Mute function
- Automatic gain control (AGC)
- Built in microphone bias
- Stereo digital microphone interface
- Channel-to-channel phase adjustment
- Fast charge of ac-coupling capacitors
- Anti thump

#### 9.3.2.1 Analog Low Power Bypass

The TLV320AIC3204 offers two analog-bypass modes. In either of the modes, an analog input signal can be routed from an analog input pin to an amplifier driving an analog output pin. Neither the ADC nor the DAC resources are required for such operation; this configuration supports low-power operation during analog-bypass mode.

In analog low-power bypass mode, line-level signals can be routed directly from the analog inputs IN1\_L to the left headphone amplifier (HPL) and IN1\_R to HPR.

#### 9.3.2.2 ADC Bypass Using Mixer Amplifiers

In addition to the analog low-power bypass mode, another bypass mode uses the programmable gain amplifiers of the input stage in conjunction with a mixer amplifier. With this mode, microphone-level signals can be amplified and routed to the line or headphone outputs, fully bypassing the ADC and DAC.

To enable this mode, the mixer amplifiers are powered on via software command.

#### 9.3.2.3 Headphone Outputs

The stereo headphone drivers on pins HPL and HPR can drive loads with impedances down to 16Ω in single-ended AC-coupled headphone configurations, or loads down to 32Ω in differential mode, where a speaker is connected between HPL and HPR. In single-ended drive configuration these drivers can drive up to 15mW power into each headphone channel while operating from 1.8V analog supplies. While running from the AV<sub>DD</sub> supply, the output common-mode of the headphone driver is set by the common-mode setting of analog inputs in Page 1, Register 10, Bit D6, to allow maximum utilization of the analog supply range while simultaneously providing a higher output-voltage swing. In cases when higher output-voltage swing is required, the headphone amplifiers can run directly from the higher supply voltage on LDOIN input (up to 3.6V). To use the higher supply voltage for higher output signal swing, the output common-mode can be adjusted to either 1.25V, 1.5V or 1.65V by configuring Page 1, Register 10, Bits D5-D4. When the common-mode voltage is configured at 1.65V and LDOIN supply is 3.3V, the headphones can each deliver up to 40mW power into a 16Ω load.

The headphone drivers are capable of driving a mixed combination of DAC signal, left and right ADC PGA signal and line-bypass from analog input IN1\_L and IN1\_R by configuring Page 1, Register 12 and Page 1, Register 13 respectively. The ADC PGA signals can be attenuated up to 30dB before routing to headphone drivers by configuring Page 1, Register 24 and Page 1, Register 25. The analog line-input signals can be attenuated up to 72dB before routing by configuring Page 1, Register 22 and 23. The level of the DAC signal can be controlled using the digital volume control of the DAC in Page 0, Reg 65 and 66. To control the output-voltage swing of headphone drivers, the digital volume control provides a range of –6.0dB to +29.0dB <sup>(1)</sup> in steps of 1dB. These can be configured by programming Page 1, Register 16 and 17. These level controls are not meant to be used as dynamic volume control, but to set output levels during initial device configuration. Refer to for recommendations for using headphone volume control for achieving 0dB gain through the DAC channel with various configurations.

(1) If the device must be placed into 'mute' from the –6.0dB setting, set the device at a gain of –5.0dB first, then place the device into mute.

### 9.3.2.4 Line Outputs

The stereo line level drivers on LOL and LOR pins can drive a wide range of line level resistive impedances in the range of 600Ω to 10kΩ. The output common modes of line level drivers can be configured to equal either the analog input common-mode setting or to 1.65V. With output common-mode setting of 1.65V and DRVdd\_HP supply at 3.3V the line-level drivers can drive up to 1Vrms output signal. The line-level drivers can drive out a mixed combination of DAC signal and attenuated ADC PGA signal. Signal mixing is register-programmable.

### 9.3.3 ADC

The TLV320AIC3204 includes a stereo audio ADC, which uses a delta-sigma modulator with a programmable oversampling ratio, followed by a digital decimation filter. The ADC supports sampling rates from 8kHz to 192kHz. In order to provide optimal system power management, the stereo recording path can be powered up one channel at a time, to support the case where only mono record capability is required.

The ADC path of the TLV320AIC3204 features a large set of options for signal conditioning as well as signal routing:

- Two ADCs
- Six analog inputs which can be mixed and-or multiplexed in single-ended and-or differential configuration
- Two programmable gain amplifiers (PGA) with a range of 0 to +47.5dB
- Two mixer amplifiers for analog bypass
- Two low power analog bypass channels
- Fine gain adjustment of digital channels with 0.1dB step size
- Digital volume control with a range of -12 to +20dB
- Mute function
- Automatic gain control (AGC)

In addition to the standard set of ADC features the TLV320AIC3204 also offers the following special functions:

- Built in microphone bias
- Stereo digital microphone interface
- Channel-to-channel phase adjustment
- Fast charge of ac-coupling capacitors
- Anti thump
- Adaptive filter mode

#### 9.3.3.1 ADC Processing

The TLV320AIC3204 ADC channel includes a built-in digital decimation filter to process the oversampled data from the sigma-delta modulator to generate digital data at Nyquist sampling rate with high dynamic range. The decimation filter can be chosen from three different types, depending on the required frequency response, group delay and sampling rate.

##### 9.3.3.1.1 ADC Processing Blocks

The TLV320AIC3204 offers a range of processing blocks which implement various signal processing capabilities along with decimation filtering. These processing blocks give users the choice of how much and what type of signal processing they may use and which decimation filter is applied.

The choice between these processing blocks is part of the PowerTune strategy to balance power conservation and signal-processing flexibility. Less signal-processing capability reduces the power consumed by the device. [Table 2](#) gives an overview of the available processing blocks and their properties. The Resource Class Column (RC) gives an approximate indication of power consumption.

The signal processing blocks available are:

- First-order IIR
- Scalable number of biquad filters
- Variable-tap FIR filter
- AGC

The processing blocks are tuned for common cases and can achieve high anti-alias filtering or low group delay in combination with various signal processing effects such as audio effects and frequency shaping. The available first order IIR, BiQuad and FIR filters have fully user-programmable coefficients. The Resource Class Column (RC) gives an approximate indication of power consumption.

**Table 2. ADC Processing Blocks**

| Processing Blocks     | Channel | Decimation Filter | 1st Order IIR Available | Number BiQuads | FIR    | Required AOSR Value | Resource Class |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------|---------------------|----------------|
| PRB_R1 <sup>(1)</sup> | Stereo  | A                 | Yes                     | 0              | No     | 128,64              | 6              |
| PRB_R2                | Stereo  | A                 | Yes                     | 5              | No     | 128,64              | 8              |
| PRB_R3                | Stereo  | A                 | Yes                     | 0              | 25-Tap | 128,64              | 8              |
| PRB_R4                | Right   | A                 | Yes                     | 0              | No     | 128,64              | 3              |
| PRB_R5                | Right   | A                 | Yes                     | 5              | No     | 128,64              | 4              |
| PRB_R6                | Right   | A                 | Yes                     | 0              | 25-Tap | 128,64              | 4              |
| PRB_R7                | Stereo  | B                 | Yes                     | 0              | No     | 64                  | 3              |
| PRB_R8                | Stereo  | B                 | Yes                     | 3              | No     | 64                  | 4              |
| PRB_R9                | Stereo  | B                 | Yes                     | 0              | 20-Tap | 64                  | 4              |
| PRB_R10               | Right   | B                 | Yes                     | 0              | No     | 64                  | 2              |
| PRB_R11               | Right   | B                 | Yes                     | 3              | No     | 64                  | 2              |
| PRB_R12               | Right   | B                 | Yes                     | 0              | 20-Tap | 64                  | 2              |
| PRB_R13               | Stereo  | C                 | Yes                     | 0              | No     | 32                  | 3              |
| PRB_R14               | Stereo  | C                 | Yes                     | 5              | No     | 32                  | 4              |
| PRB_R15               | Stereo  | C                 | Yes                     | 0              | 25-Tap | 32                  | 4              |
| PRB_R16               | Right   | C                 | Yes                     | 0              | No     | 32                  | 2              |
| PRB_R17               | Right   | C                 | Yes                     | 5              | No     | 32                  | 2              |
| PRB_R18               | Right   | C                 | Yes                     | 0              | 25-Tap | 32                  | 2              |

(1) Default

For more detailed information see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

### 9.3.4 DAC

The TLV320AIC3204 includes a stereo audio DAC supporting data rates from 8kHz to 192kHz. Each channel of the stereo audio DAC consists of a signal-processing engine with fixed processing blocks, a digital interpolation filter, multi-bit digital delta-sigma modulator, and an analog reconstruction filter. The DAC is designed to provide enhanced performance at low sampling rates through increased oversampling and image filtering, thereby keeping quantization noise generated within the delta-sigma modulator and signal images strongly suppressed within the audio band to beyond 20kHz. To handle multiple input rates and optimize power dissipation and performance, the TLV320AIC3204 allows the system designer to program the oversampling rates over a wide range from 1 to 1024. The system designer can choose higher oversampling ratios for lower input data rates and lower oversampling ratios for higher input data rates.

The TLV320AIC3204 DAC channel includes a built-in digital interpolation filter to generate oversampled data for the sigma-delta modulator. The interpolation filter can be chosen from three different types depending on required frequency response, group delay and sampling rate.

The DAC path of the TLV320AIC3204 features many options for signal conditioning and signal routing:

- 2 headphone amplifiers
  - Usable in single-ended or differential mode
  - Analog volume setting with a range of -6 to +29dB
  - Class-D mode
- 2 line-out amplifiers
  - Usable in single-ended or differential mode
  - Analog volume setting with a range of -6 to +29dB
- Digital volume control with a range of -63.5 to +24dB
- Mute function
- Dynamic range compression (DRC)

In addition to the standard set of DAC features the TLV320AIC3204 also offers the following special features:

- Built in sine wave generation (beep generator)
- Digital auto mute
- Adaptive filter mode

#### 9.3.4.1 DAC Processing Blocks

The TLV320AIC3204 implements signal processing capabilities and interpolation filtering via processing blocks. These fixed processing blocks give users the choice of how much and what type of signal processing they may use and which interpolation filter is applied.

The choice between these processing blocks is part of the PowerTune strategy balancing power conservation and signal processing flexibility. Less signal processing capability will result in less power consumed by the device. [Table 3](#) gives an overview over all available processing blocks of the DAC channel and their properties. The Resource Class Column (RC) gives an approximate indication of power consumption.

The signal processing blocks available are:

- First-order IIR
- Scalable number of biquad filters
- 3D – Effect
- Beep Generator

The processing blocks are tuned for typical cases and can achieve high image rejection or low group delay in combination with various signal processing effects such as audio effects and frequency shaping. The available first-order IIR and biquad filters have fully user-programmable coefficients. The Resource Class Column (RC) gives an approximate indication of power consumption.

**Table 3. Overview – DAC Predefined Processing Blocks**

| Processing Block No.  | Interpolation Filter | Channel | 1st Order IIR Available | Num. of Biquads | DRC | 3D  | Beep Generator | Resource Class |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|----------------|----------------|
| PRB_P1 <sup>(1)</sup> | A                    | Stereo  | No                      | 3               | No  | No  | No             | 8              |
| PRB_P2                | A                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 6               | Yes | No  | No             | 12             |
| PRB_P3                | A                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 6               | No  | No  | No             | 10             |
| PRB_P4                | A                    | Left    | No                      | 3               | No  | No  | No             | 4              |
| PRB_P5                | A                    | Left    | Yes                     | 6               | Yes | No  | No             | 6              |
| PRB_P6                | A                    | Left    | Yes                     | 6               | No  | No  | No             | 6              |
| PRB_P7                | B                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 0               | No  | No  | No             | 6              |
| PRB_P8                | B                    | Stereo  | No                      | 4               | Yes | No  | No             | 8              |
| PRB_P9                | B                    | Stereo  | No                      | 4               | No  | No  | No             | 8              |
| PRB_P10               | B                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 6               | Yes | No  | No             | 10             |
| PRB_P11               | B                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 6               | No  | No  | No             | 8              |
| PRB_P12               | B                    | Left    | Yes                     | 0               | No  | No  | No             | 3              |
| PRB_P13               | B                    | Left    | No                      | 4               | Yes | No  | No             | 4              |
| PRB_P14               | B                    | Left    | No                      | 4               | No  | No  | No             | 4              |
| PRB_P15               | B                    | Left    | Yes                     | 6               | Yes | No  | No             | 6              |
| PRB_P16               | B                    | Left    | Yes                     | 6               | No  | No  | No             | 4              |
| PRB_P17               | C                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 0               | No  | No  | No             | 3              |
| PRB_P18               | C                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 4               | Yes | No  | No             | 6              |
| PRB_P19               | C                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 4               | No  | No  | No             | 4              |
| PRB_P20               | C                    | Left    | Yes                     | 0               | No  | No  | No             | 2              |
| PRB_P21               | C                    | Left    | Yes                     | 4               | Yes | No  | No             | 3              |
| PRB_P22               | C                    | Left    | Yes                     | 4               | No  | No  | No             | 2              |
| PRB_P23               | A                    | Stereo  | No                      | 2               | No  | Yes | No             | 8              |
| PRB_P24               | A                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 5               | Yes | Yes | No             | 12             |
| PRB_P25               | A                    | Stereo  | Yes                     | 5               | Yes | Yes | Yes            | 12             |

(1) Default

For more detailed information see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

### 9.3.5 PowerTune

The TLV320AIC3204 features PowerTune, a mechanism to balance power-versus-performance trade-offs at the time of device configuration. The device can be tuned to minimize power dissipation, to maximize performance, or to an operating point between the two extremes to best fit the application. The TLV320AIC3204 PowerTune modes are called PTM\_R1 to PTM\_R4 for the recording (ADC) path and PTM\_P1 to PTM\_P4 for the playback (DAC) path.

For more detailed information see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

### 9.3.6 Digital Audio IO Interface

Audio data flows between the host processor and the TLV320AIC3204 on the digital audio data serial interface, or audio bus. This very flexible bus includes left or right-justified data options, support for I<sup>2</sup>S or PCM protocols, programmable data length options, a TDM mode for multichannel operation, very flexible master-slave configurability for each bus clock line, and the ability to communicate with multiple devices within a system directly.

The audio bus of the TLV320AIC3204 can be configured for left or right-justified, I<sup>2</sup>S, DSP, or TDM modes of operation, where communication with standard telephony PCM interfaces is supported within the TDM mode. These modes are all MSB-first, with data width programmable as 16, 20, 24, or 32 bits by configuring Page 0, Register 27, D(5:4). In addition, the word clock and bit clock can be independently configured in either Master or Slave mode, for flexible connectivity to a wide variety of processors. The word clock is used to define the beginning of a frame, and may be programmed as either a pulse or a square-wave signal. The frequency of this clock corresponds to the maximum of the selected ADC and DAC sampling frequencies.

The bit clock is used to clock in and clock out the digital audio data across the serial bus. When in Master mode, this signal can be programmed to generate variable clock pulses by controlling the bit-clock divider in Page 0, Register 30. The number of bit-clock pulses in a frame may need adjustment to accommodate various word lengths, and to support the case when multiple TLV320AIC3204s may share the same audio bus.

The TLV320AIC3204 also includes a feature to offset the position of start of data transfer with respect to the word-clock. Control the offset in terms of number of bit-clocks by programming Page 0, Register 28.

The TLV320AIC3204 also has the feature to invert the polarity of the bit-clock used to transfer the audio data as compared to the default clock polarity used. This feature can be used independently of the mode of audio interface chosen. Page 0, Register 29, D(3) configures bit clock polarity.

The TLV320AIC3204 further includes programmability (Page 0, Register 27, D(0)) to place the DOUT line into a hi-Z (3-state) condition during all bit clocks when valid data is not being sent. By combining this capability with the ability to program at what bit clock in a frame the audio data begins, time-division multiplexing (TDM) can be accomplished, enabling the use of multiple codecs on a single audio serial data bus. When the audio serial data bus is powered down while configured in master mode, the pins associated with the interface are put into a hi-Z output condition.

By default when the word-clocks and bit-clocks are generated by the TLV320AIC3204, these clocks are active only when the codec (ADC, DAC or both) are powered up within the device. This intermittent clock operation reduces power consumption. However, it also supports a feature when both the word clocks and bit-clocks can be active even when the codec in the device is powered down. This continuous clock feature is useful when using the TDM mode with multiple codecs on the same bus, or when word-clock or bit-clocks are used in the system as general-purpose clocks.

### 9.3.7 Clock Generation and PLL

The TLV320AIC3204 supports a wide range of options for generating clocks for the ADC and DAC sections as well as interface and other control blocks. The clocks for ADC and DAC require a source reference clock. This clock can be provided on variety of device pins such as MCLK, BCLK or GPI pins. The CODEC\_CLKIN can then be routed through highly-flexible clock dividers to generate the various clocks required for the ADC and DAC sections. In the event that the desired audio clocks cannot be generated from the reference clocks on MCLK, BCLK or GPIO, the TLV320AIC3204 also provides the option of using the on-chip PLL which supports a wide range of fractional multiplication values to generate the required clocks. Starting from CODEC\_CLKIN the TLV320AIC3204 provides several programmable clock dividers to help achieve a variety of sampling rates for ADC, DAC and clocks for the processing block.

To minimize power consumption, the system ideally provides a master clock that is a suitable integer multiple of the desired sampling frequencies. In such cases, internal dividers can be programmed to set up the required internal clock signals at very low power consumption. For cases where such master clocks are not available, the built-in PLL can be used to generate a clock signal that serves as an internal master clock. In fact, this master clock can also be routed to an output pin and may be used elsewhere in the system. The clock system is flexible enough that it even allows the internal clocks to be derived directly from an external clock source, while the PLL is used to generate some other clock that is only used outside the TLV320AIC3204.

For more detailed information see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

### 9.3.8 Control Interfaces

The TLV320AIC3204 control interface supports SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C communication protocols, with the protocol selectable using the SPI\_SELECT pin. For SPI, SPI\_SELECT should be tied high; for I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI\_SELECT should be tied low. Changing the state of SPI\_SELECT during device operation is not recommended.

### 9.3.8.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Control

The TLV320AIC3204 supports the I<sup>2</sup>C control protocol, and will respond to the I<sup>2</sup>C address of 0011000. I<sup>2</sup>C is a two-wire, open-drain interface supporting multiple devices and masters on a single bus. Devices on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus only drive the bus lines LOW by connecting them to ground; they never drive the bus lines HIGH. Instead, the bus wires are pulled HIGH by pullup resistors, so the bus wires are HIGH when no device is driving them LOW. This circuit prevents two devices from conflicting; if two devices drive the bus simultaneously, there is no driver contention.

### 9.3.8.2 SPI Control

In the SPI control mode, the TLV320AIC3204 uses the pins  $\overline{\text{SCL}}/\overline{\text{SS}}$  as  $\overline{\text{SS}}$ , SCLK as SCLK, MISO as MISO, SDA/MOSI as MOSI; a standard SPI port with clock polarity setting of 0 (typical microprocessor SPI control bit CPOL = 0). The SPI port allows full-duplex, synchronous, serial communication between a host processor (the master) and peripheral devices (slaves). The SPI master (in this case, the host processor) generates the synchronizing clock (driven onto SCLK) and initiates transmissions. The SPI slave devices (such as the TLV320AIC3204) depend on a master to start and synchronize transmissions. A transmission begins when initiated by an SPI master. The byte from the SPI master begins shifting in on the slave MOSI pin under the control of the master serial clock (driven onto SCLK). As the byte shifts in on the MOSI pin, a byte shifts out on the MISO pin to the master shift register.

For more detailed information see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

## 9.4 Device Functional Modes

The following special functions are available to support advanced system requirements:

- Headset detection
- Interrupt generation
- Flexible pin multiplexing

For more detailed information see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

## 9.5 Register Map

**Table 4. Summary of Register Map**

| Decimal  |          | Hex      |           | DESCRIPTION                                  |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------------------------------------------|
| PAGE NO. | REG. NO. | PAGE NO. | REG. NO.  |                                              |
| 0        | 0        | 0x00     | 0x00      | Page Select Register                         |
| 0        | 1        | 0x00     | 0x01      | Software Reset Register                      |
| 0        | 2        | 0x00     | 0x02      | Reserved Register                            |
| 0        | 3        | 0x00     | 0x03      | Reserved Register                            |
| 0        | 4        | 0x00     | 0x04      | Clock Setting Register 1, Multiplexers       |
| 0        | 5        | 0x00     | 0x05      | Clock Setting Register 2, PLL P&R Values     |
| 0        | 6        | 0x00     | 0x06      | Clock Setting Register 3, PLL J Values       |
| 0        | 7        | 0x00     | 0x07      | Clock Setting Register 4, PLL D Values (MSB) |
| 0        | 8        | 0x00     | 0x08      | Clock Setting Register 5, PLL D Values (LSB) |
| 0        | 9-10     | 0x00     | 0x09-0x0A | Reserved Register                            |
| 0        | 11       | 0x00     | 0x0B      | Clock Setting Register 6, NDAC Values        |
| 0        | 12       | 0x00     | 0x0C      | Clock Setting Register 7, MDAC Values        |
| 0        | 13       | 0x00     | 0x0D      | DAC OSR Setting Register 1, MSB Value        |
| 0        | 14       | 0x00     | 0x0E      | DAC OSR Setting Register 2, LSB Value        |
| 0        | 15       | 0x00     | 0x0F      | Reserved Register                            |
| 0        | 16       | 0x00     | 0x10      | Reserved Register                            |
| 0        | 17       | 0x00     | 0x11      | Reserved Register                            |
| 0        | 18       | 0x00     | 0x12      | Clock Setting Register 8, NADC Values        |
| 0        | 19       | 0x00     | 0x13      | Clock Setting Register 9, MADC Values        |

## Register Map (continued)

**Table 4. Summary of Register Map (continued)**

| Decimal  |          | Hex      |           | DESCRIPTION                                                   |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| PAGE NO. | REG. NO. | PAGE NO. | REG. NO.  |                                                               |
| 0        | 20       | 0x00     | 0x14      | ADC Oversampling (AOSR) Register                              |
| 0        | 21       | 0x00     | 0x15      | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 22       | 0x00     | 0x16      | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 23       | 0x00     | 0x17      | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 24       | 0x00     | 0x18      | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 25       | 0x00     | 0x19      | Clock Setting Register 10, Multiplexers                       |
| 0        | 26       | 0x00     | 0x1A      | Clock Setting Register 11, CLKOUT M divider value             |
| 0        | 27       | 0x00     | 0x1B      | Audio Interface Setting Register 1                            |
| 0        | 28       | 0x00     | 0x1C      | Audio Interface Setting Register 2, Data offset setting       |
| 0        | 29       | 0x00     | 0x1D      | Audio Interface Setting Register 3                            |
| 0        | 30       | 0x00     | 0x1E      | Clock Setting Register 12, BCLK N Divider                     |
| 0        | 31       | 0x00     | 0x1F      | Audio Interface Setting Register 4, Secondary Audio Interface |
| 0        | 32       | 0x00     | 0x20      | Audio Interface Setting Register 5                            |
| 0        | 33       | 0x00     | 0x21      | Audio Interface Setting Register 6                            |
| 0        | 34       | 0x00     | 0x22      | Digital Interface Misc. Setting Register                      |
| 0        | 35       | 0x00     | 0x23      | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 36       | 0x00     | 0x24      | ADC Flag Register                                             |
| 0        | 37       | 0x00     | 0x25      | DAC Flag Register 1                                           |
| 0        | 38       | 0x00     | 0x26      | DAC Flag Register 2                                           |
| 0        | 39-41    | 0x00     | 0x27-0x29 | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 42       | 0x00     | 0x2A      | Sticky Flag Register 1                                        |
| 0        | 43       | 0x00     | 0x2B      | Interrupt Flag Register 1                                     |
| 0        | 44       | 0x00     | 0x2C      | Sticky Flag Register 2                                        |
| 0        | 45       | 0x00     | 0x2D      | Sticky Flag Register 3                                        |
| 0        | 46       | 0x00     | 0x2E      | Interrupt Flag Register 2                                     |
| 0        | 47       | 0x00     | 0x2F      | Interrupt Flag Register 3                                     |
| 0        | 48       | 0x00     | 0x30      | INT1 Interrupt Control Register                               |
| 0        | 49       | 0x00     | 0x31      | INT2 Interrupt Control Register                               |
| 0        | 50-51    | 0x00     | 0x32-0x33 | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 52       | 0x00     | 0x34      | GPIO/MFP5 Control Register                                    |
| 0        | 53       | 0x00     | 0x35      | DOOUT/MFP2 Function Control Register                          |
| 0        | 54       | 0x00     | 0x36      | DIN/MFP1 Function Control Register                            |
| 0        | 55       | 0x00     | 0x37      | MISO/MFP4 Function Control Register                           |
| 0        | 56       | 0x00     | 0x38      | SCLK/MFP3 Function Control Register                           |
| 0        | 57-59    | 0x00     | 0x39-0x3B | Reserved Registers                                            |
| 0        | 60       | 0x00     | 0x3C      | DAC Signal Processing Block Control Register                  |
| 0        | 61       | 0x00     | 0x3D      | ADC Signal Processing Block Control Register                  |
| 0        | 62       | 0x00     | 0x3E      | Reserved Register                                             |
| 0        | 63       | 0x00     | 0x3F      | DAC Channel Setup Register 1                                  |
| 0        | 64       | 0x00     | 0x40      | DAC Channel Setup Register 2                                  |
| 0        | 65       | 0x00     | 0x41      | Left DAC Channel Digital Volume Control Register              |
| 0        | 66       | 0x00     | 0x42      | Right DAC Channel Digital Volume Control Register             |
| 0        | 67       | 0x00     | 0x43      | Headset Detection Configuration Register                      |
| 0        | 68       | 0x00     | 0x44      | DRC Control Register 1                                        |
| 0        | 69       | 0x00     | 0x45      | DRC Control Register 2                                        |

## Register Map (continued)

**Table 4. Summary of Register Map (continued)**

| Decimal  |          | Hex      |           | DESCRIPTION                                    |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|------------------------------------------------|
| PAGE NO. | REG. NO. | PAGE NO. | REG. NO.  |                                                |
| 0        | 70       | 0x00     | 0x46      | DRC Control Register 3                         |
| 0        | 71       | 0x00     | 0x47      | Beep Generator Register 1                      |
| 0        | 72       | 0x00     | 0x48      | Beep Generator Register 2                      |
| 0        | 73       | 0x00     | 0x49      | Beep Generator Register 3                      |
| 0        | 74       | 0x00     | 0x4A      | Beep Generator Register 4                      |
| 0        | 75       | 0x00     | 0x4B      | Beep Generator Register 5                      |
| 0        | 76       | 0x00     | 0x4C      | Beep Generator Register 6                      |
| 0        | 77       | 0x00     | 0x4D      | Beep Generator Register 7                      |
| 0        | 78       | 0x00     | 0x4E      | Beep Generator Register 8                      |
| 0        | 79       | 0x00     | 0x4F      | Beep Generator Register 9                      |
| 0        | 80       | 0x00     | 0x50      | Reserved Register                              |
| 0        | 81       | 0x00     | 0x51      | ADC Channel Setup Register                     |
| 0        | 82       | 0x00     | 0x52      | ADC Fine Gain Adjust Register                  |
| 0        | 83       | 0x00     | 0x53      | Left ADC Channel Volume Control Register       |
| 0        | 84       | 0x00     | 0x54      | Right ADC Channel Volume Control Register      |
| 0        | 85       | 0x00     | 0x55      | ADC Phase Adjust Register                      |
| 0        | 86       | 0x00     | 0x56      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 1            |
| 0        | 87       | 0x00     | 0x57      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 2            |
| 0        | 88       | 0x00     | 0x58      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 3            |
| 0        | 89       | 0x00     | 0x59      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 4            |
| 0        | 90       | 0x00     | 0x5A      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 5            |
| 0        | 91       | 0x00     | 0x5B      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 6            |
| 0        | 92       | 0x00     | 0x5C      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 7            |
| 0        | 93       | 0x00     | 0x5D      | Left Channel AGC Control Register 8            |
| 0        | 94       | 0x00     | 0x5E      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 1           |
| 0        | 95       | 0x00     | 0x5F      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 2           |
| 0        | 96       | 0x00     | 0x60      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 3           |
| 0        | 97       | 0x00     | 0x61      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 4           |
| 0        | 98       | 0x00     | 0x62      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 5           |
| 0        | 99       | 0x00     | 0x63      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 6           |
| 0        | 100      | 0x00     | 0x64      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 7           |
| 0        | 101      | 0x00     | 0x65      | Right Channel AGC Control Register 8           |
| 0        | 102      | 0x00     | 0x66      | DC Measurement Register 1                      |
| 0        | 103      | 0x00     | 0x67      | DC Measurement Register 2                      |
| 0        | 104      | 0x00     | 0x68      | Left Channel DC Measurement Output Register 1  |
| 0        | 105      | 0x00     | 0x69      | Left Channel DC Measurement Output Register 2  |
| 0        | 106      | 0x00     | 0x6A      | Left Channel DC Measurement Output Register 3  |
| 0        | 107      | 0x00     | 0x6B      | Right Channel DC Measurement Output Register 1 |
| 0        | 108      | 0x00     | 0x6C      | Right Channel DC Measurement Output Register 2 |
| 0        | 109      | 0x00     | 0x6D      | Right Channel DC Measurement Output Register 3 |
| 0        | 110-127  | 0x00     | 0x6E-0x7F | Reserved Register                              |
| 1        | 0        | 0x01     | 0x00      | Page Select Register                           |
| 1        | 1        | 0x01     | 0x01      | Power Configuration Register                   |
| 1        | 2        | 0x01     | 0x02      | LDO Control Register                           |
| 1        | 3        | 0x01     | 0x03      | Playback Configuration Register 1              |

## Register Map (continued)

**Table 4. Summary of Register Map (continued)**

| Decimal  |          | Hex       |           | DESCRIPTION                                                         |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PAGE NO. | REG. NO. | PAGE NO.  | REG. NO.  |                                                                     |
| 1        | 4        | 0x01      | 0x04      | Playback Configuration Register 2                                   |
| 1        | 5-8      | 0x01      | 0x05-0x08 | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 9        | 0x01      | 0x09      | Output Driver Power Control Register                                |
| 1        | 10       | 0x01      | 0x0A      | Common Mode Control Register                                        |
| 1        | 11       | 0x01      | 0x0B      | Over Current Protection Configuration Register                      |
| 1        | 12       | 0x01      | 0x0C      | HPL Routing Selection Register                                      |
| 1        | 13       | 0x01      | 0x0D      | HPR Routing Selection Register                                      |
| 1        | 14       | 0x01      | 0x0E      | LOL Routing Selection Register                                      |
| 1        | 15       | 0x01      | 0x0F      | LOR Routing Selection Register                                      |
| 1        | 16       | 0x01      | 0x10      | HPL Driver Gain Setting Register                                    |
| 1        | 17       | 0x01      | 0x11      | HPR Driver Gain Setting Register                                    |
| 1        | 18       | 0x01      | 0x12      | LOL Driver Gain Setting Register                                    |
| 1        | 19       | 0x01      | 0x13      | LOR Driver Gain Setting Register                                    |
| 1        | 20       | 0x01      | 0x14      | Headphone Driver Startup Control Register                           |
| 1        | 21       | 0x01      | 0x15      | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 22       | 0x01      | 0x16      | IN1_L to HPL Volume Control Register                                |
| 1        | 23       | 0x01      | 0x17      | IN1_R to HPR Volume Control Register                                |
| 1        | 24       | 0x01      | 0x18      | Mixer Amplifier Left Volume Control Register                        |
| 1        | 25       | 0x01      | 0x19      | Mixer Amplifier Right Volume Control Register                       |
| 1        | 26-50    | 0x01      | 0x1A-0x32 | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 51       | 0x01      | 0x33      | MICBIAS Configuration Register                                      |
| 1        | 52       | 0x01      | 0x34      | Left MICPGA Positive Terminal Input Routing Configuration Register  |
| 1        | 53       | 0x01      | 0x35      | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 54       | 0x01      | 0x36      | Left MICPGA Negative Terminal Input Routing Configuration Register  |
| 1        | 55       | 0x01      | 0x37      | Right MICPGA Positive Terminal Input Routing Configuration Register |
| 1        | 56       | 0x01      | 0x38      | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 57       | 0x01      | 0x39      | Right MICPGA Negative Terminal Input Routing Configuration Register |
| 1        | 58       | 0x01      | 0x3A      | Floating Input Configuration Register                               |
| 1        | 59       | 0x01      | 0x3B      | Left MICPGA Volume Control Register                                 |
| 1        | 60       | 0x01      | 0x3C      | Right MICPGA Volume Control Register                                |
| 1        | 61       | 0x01      | 0x3D      | ADC Power Tune Configuration Register                               |
| 1        | 62       | 0x01      | 0x3E      | ADC Analog Volume Control Flag Register                             |
| 1        | 63       | 0x01      | 0x3F      | DAC Analog Gain Control Flag Register                               |
| 1        | 64-70    | 0x01      | 0x40-0x46 | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 71       | 0x01      | 0x47      | Analog Input Quick Charging Configuration Register                  |
| 1        | 72-122   | 0x01      | 0x48-0x7A | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 1        | 123      | 0x01      | 0x7B      | Reference Power-up Configuration Register                           |
| 1        | 124-127  | 0x01      | 0x7C-0x7F | Reserved Register                                                   |
| 8        | 0        | 0x08      | 0x00      | Page Select Register                                                |
| 8        | 1        | 0x08      | 0x01      | ADC Adaptive Filter Configuration Register                          |
| 8        | 2-7      | 0x08      | 0x02-0x07 | Reserved                                                            |
| 8        | 8-127    | 0x08      | 0x08-0x7F | ADC Coefficients Buffer-A C(0:29)                                   |
| 9-16     | 0        | 0x09-0x10 | 0x00      | Page Select Register                                                |
| 9-16     | 1-7      | 0x09-0x10 | 0x01-0x07 | Reserved                                                            |
| 9-16     | 8-127    | 0x09-0x10 | 0x08-0x7F | ADC Coefficients Buffer-A C(30:255)                                 |

## Register Map (continued)

**Table 4. Summary of Register Map (continued)**

| Decimal  |          | Hex       |           | DESCRIPTION                                |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------------------|
| PAGE NO. | REG. NO. | PAGE NO.  | REG. NO.  |                                            |
| 26-34    | 0        | 0x1A-0x22 | 0x00      | Page Select Register                       |
| 26-34    | 1-7      | 0x1A-0x22 | 0x01-0x07 | Reserved.                                  |
| 26-34    | 8-127    | 0x1A-0x22 | 0x08-0x7F | ADC Coefficients Buffer-B C(0:255)         |
| 44       | 0        | 0x2C      | 0x00      | Page Select Register                       |
| 44       | 1        | 0x2C      | 0x01      | DAC Adaptive Filter Configuration Register |
| 44       | 2-7      | 0x2C      | 0x02-0x07 | Reserved                                   |
| 44       | 8-127    | 0x2C      | 0x08-0x7F | DAC Coefficients Buffer-A C(0:29)          |
| 45-52    | 0        | 0x2D-0x34 | 0x00      | Page Select Register                       |
| 45-52    | 1-7      | 0x2D-0x34 | 0x01-0x07 | Reserved.                                  |
| 45-52    | 8-127    | 0x2D-0x34 | 0x08-0x7F | DAC Coefficients Buffer-A C(30:255)        |
| 62-70    | 0        | 0x3E-0x46 | 0x00      | Page Select Register                       |
| 62-70    | 1-7      | 0x3E-0x46 | 0x01-0x07 | Reserved.                                  |
| 62-70    | 8-127    | 0x3E-0x46 | 0x08-0x7F | DAC Coefficients Buffer-B C(0:255)         |

## 10 Application and Implementation

### NOTE

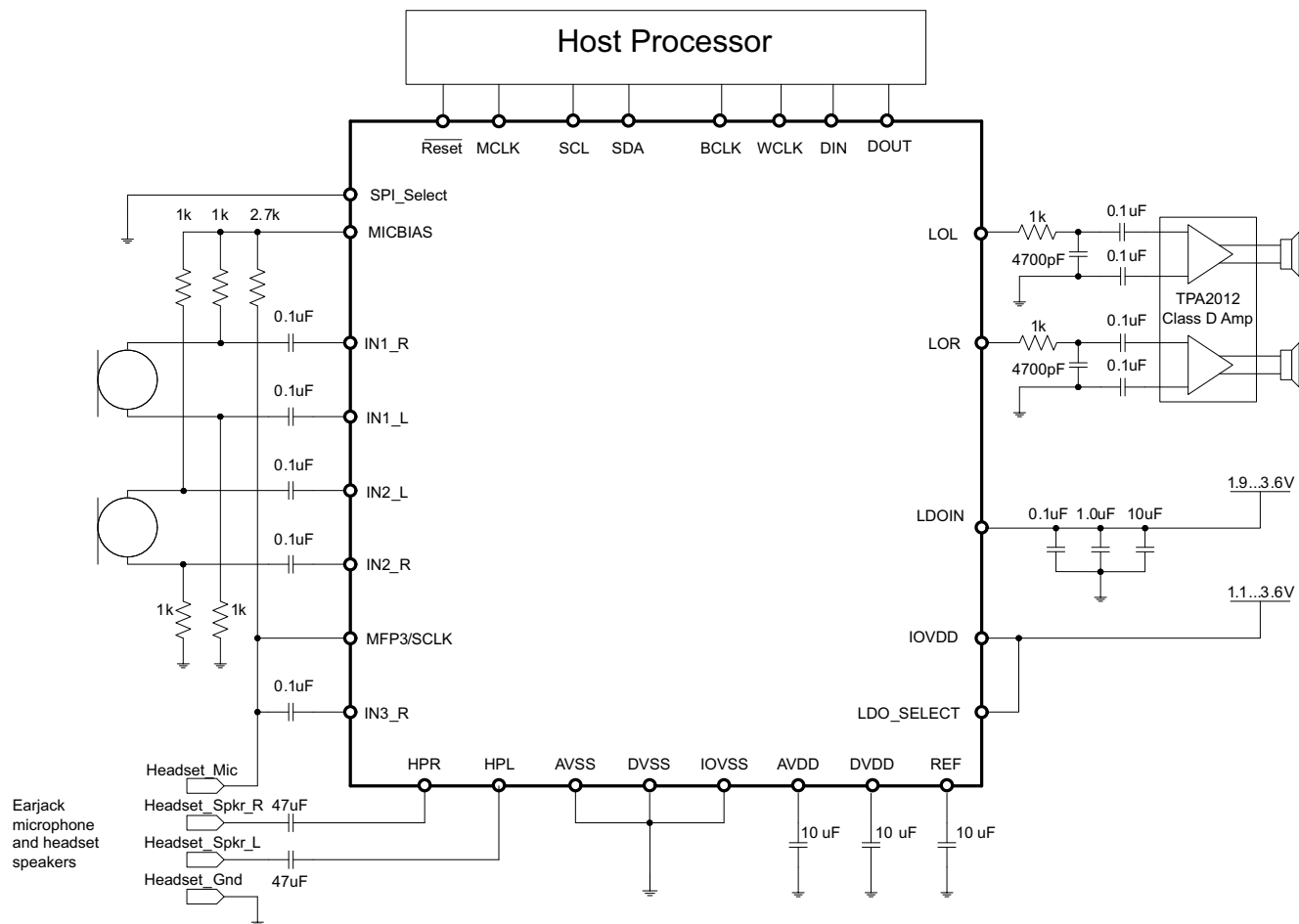
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 10.1 Application Information

The TLV320AIC3204 is a highly integrated stereo audio codec with integrated processing blocks and flexible digital audio interface options. It enables many different types of audio platforms having a need for stereo audio record and playback and needing to interface with other devices in the system over a digital audio interface.

### 10.2 Typical Application

Figure 21 shows a typical circuit configuration for a system using the TLV320AIC3204.



**Figure 21. Typical Circuit Configuration**

## Typical Application (continued)

### 10.2.1 Design Requirements

#### 10.2.1.1 Reference Filtering Capacitor

The TLV320AIC3204 has a built-in bandgap used to generate reference voltages and currents for the device. To achieve high SNR, the reference voltage on REF should be filtered using a 10-μF capacitor from REF terminal to ground.

#### 10.2.1.2 MICBIAS

The TLV320AIC3204 has a built-in bias voltage output for biasing of microphones. No intentional capacitors should be connected directly to the MICBIAS output for filtering.

### 10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedures

#### 10.2.2.1 Analog Input Connection

The analog inputs to TLV320AIC3204 should be ac-coupled to the device terminals to allow decoupling of signal source's common mode voltage with that of TLV320AIC3204's common mode voltage. The input coupling capacitor in combination with the selected input impedance of TLV320AIC3204 forms a high-pass filter.

$$F_c = 1/(2 \times \pi \times R_{eq} C_c) \quad (1)$$

$$C_c = 1/(2 \times \pi \times R_{eq} F_c) \quad (2)$$

For high fidelity audio recording application it is desirable to keep the cutoff frequency of the high pass filter as low as possible. For single-ended input mode, the equivalent input resistance  $R_{eq}$  can be calculated as

$$R_{eq} = R_{in} \times (1 + 2g)/(1+g) \quad (3)$$

where  $g$  is the analog PGA gain calculated in linear terms.

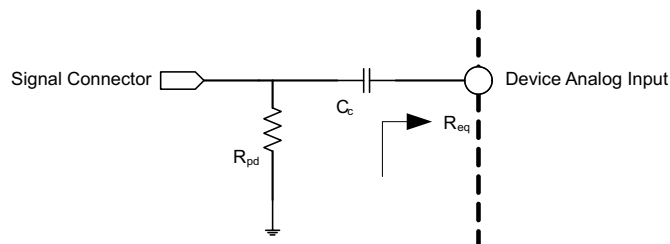
$$g = 10000 \times 2^{\text{floor}(G/6)}/R_{in} \quad (4)$$

where  $G$  is the analog PGA gain programmed in P1\_R59-R60 (in dB) and  $R_{in}$  is the value of the resistor programmed in P1\_R52-R57 and assumes  $R_{in} = R_{cm}$  (as defined in P1\_R52-R57).

For differential input mode,  $R_{eq}$  of the half circuit can be calculated as:

$$R_{eq} = R_{in} \quad (5)$$

where  $R_{in}$  is the value of the resistor programmed in P1\_R52-R57, assuming symmetrical inputs.



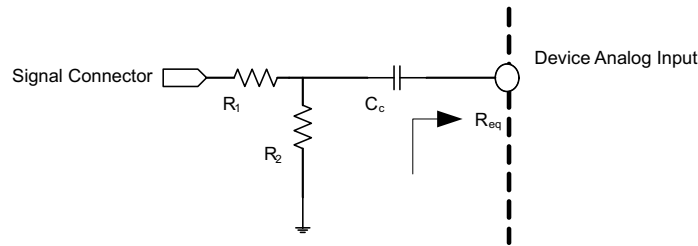
**Figure 22. Analog Input Connection With Pull-down Resistor**

When the analog signal is connected to the system through a connector such as audio jack, it is recommended to put a pull-down resistor on the signal as shown in Figure 22. The pulldown resistor helps keep the signal grounded and helps improve noise immunity when no source is connected to the connector. The pulldown resistor value should be chosen large enough to avoid loading of signal source.

Each analog input of the TLV320AIC3204 is capable of handling signal amplitude of 0.5 Vrms. If the input signal source can drive signals higher than the maximum value, an external resistor divider network as shown in Figure 23 should be used to attenuate the signal to less than 0.5Vrms before connecting the signal to the device. The resistor values of the network should be chosen to provide desired attenuation as well as Equation 6.

$$R_1 || R_2 \ll R_{eq} \quad (6)$$

## Typical Application (continued)



**Figure 23. Analog Input Connection With Resistor Divider Network**

Whenever any of the analog input terminals IN1\_L, IN2\_L, IN3\_L, IN1\_R, IN2\_R or IN3\_R are not used in an application, it is recommended to short the unused input terminals together (if convenient) and connect them to ground using a small capacitor (example 0.1  $\mu$ F).

### 10.2.2.2 Analog Output Connection

The line outputs of the TLV320AIC3204 drive a signal biased around the device common mode voltage. To avoid loading the common mode with the load, it is recommended to connect the single-ended load through an ac-coupling capacitor. The ac-coupling capacitor in combination with the load impedance forms a high pass filter.

$$F_c = 1/(2 \times \pi \times R_L C_c) \quad (7)$$

$$C_c = 1/(2 \times \pi \times R_L F_c) \quad (8)$$

For high fidelity playback, the cutoff frequency of the resultant high-pass filter should be kept low. For example with  $R_L$  of 10 k $\Omega$ , using 1- $\mu$ F coupling capacitor results in a cut-off frequency of 8 Hz.

For differential lineout configurations, the load should be directly connected between the differential outputs, with no coupling capacitor.

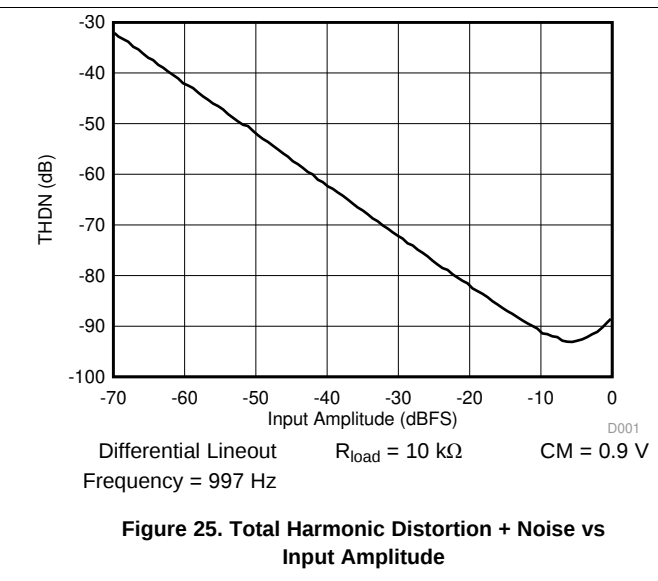
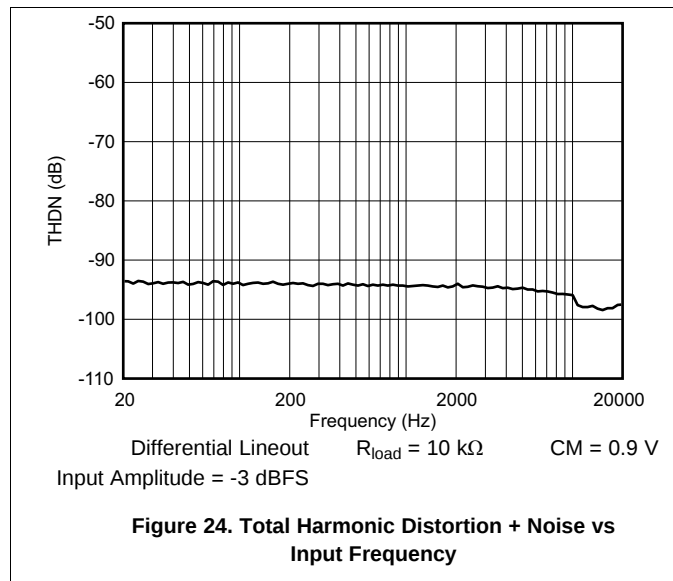
Whenever any of the analog output terminals LOL, LOR, HPL or HPR are not used in an application, they should be left open or not connected.

## Typical Application (continued)

### 10.2.3 Application Curves

Figure 24 shows the excellent low-distortion performance of the TLV320AIC3204 in a system over the 20-Hz to 20-kHz audio spectrum.

Figure 25 shows the distortion performance of the TLV320AIC3204 in a system over the input amplitude range.



## 11 Power Supply Recommendations

Device power consumption largely depends on PowerTune configuration.

The TLV320AIC3204 needs several power supplies for its operation.

The AVDD and LDOIN power inputs are used to power the analog circuits including analog to digital converters, digital to analog converters, programmable gain amplifiers, headphone amplifiers etc. The analog blocks in TLV320AIC3204 have high power supply rejection ratio, however it is recommended that these supplies be powered by well regulated power supplies like low dropout regulators (LDO) for optimal performance. When these power terminals are driven from a common power source, the current drawn from the source will depend upon blocks enabled inside the device. However as an example when all the internal blocks powered are enabled the source should be able to deliver 150mA of current.

The DVDD powers the digital core of TLV320AIC3204, including the audio serial interface, control interfaces (SPI or I2C), clock generation and PLL. The DVDD power can be driven by high efficiency switching regulators or low drop out regulators. When the PRB modes are used then the peak current load on DVDD supply source could be approximately 20 mA.

The IOVDD powers the digital input and digital output buffers of TLV320AIC3204. The current consumption of this power depends on configuration of digital terminals as inputs or outputs. When the digital terminals are configured as outputs, the current consumption would depend on switching frequency of the signal and the load on the output terminal, which depends on board design and input capacitance of other devices connected to the signal.

Refer to [Figure 21](#) for recommendations on decoupling capacitors.

Refer to the application note [SLAA492](#) for power supply sequencing information.

For more detailed information, see the *TLV320AIC3204 Application Reference Guide*, [SLAA557](#).

## 12 Layout

### 12.1 Layout Guidelines

Each system design and PCB layout is unique. The layout should be carefully reviewed in the context of a specific PCB design. However, the following guidelines can optimize TLV320AIC3204 performance:

- Connect the thermal pad to ground.
- The decoupling capacitors for the power supplies should be placed close to the device terminals. [Figure 21](#) shows the recommended decoupling capacitors for the TLV320AIC3204.
- The TLV320AIC3204 internal voltage references must be filtered using external capacitors. Place the filter capacitors on REF near the device terminals for optimal performance.
- For analog differential audio signals, the signals should be routed differentially on the PCB for better noise immunity. Avoid crossing of digital and analog signals to avoid undesirable crosstalk.

## 12.2 Layout Example

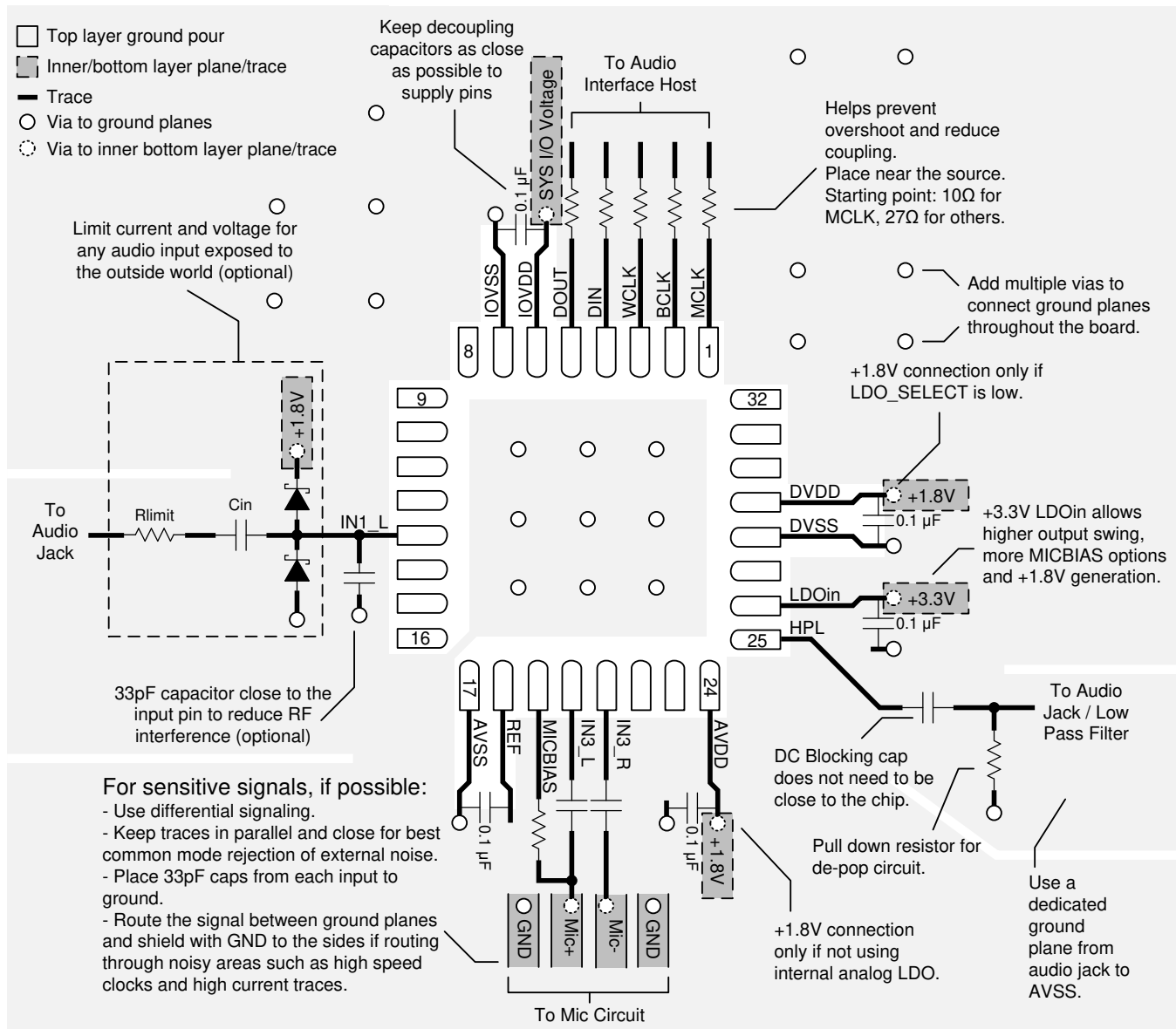


Figure 26. TLV320AIC3204 Layout

Example layout views can be found in the EVM User Guide:

- <http://www.ti.com/tool/TLV320AIC3204EVM-K>

## 13 Device and Documentation Support

### 13.1 Documentation Support

#### 13.1.1 Related Documentation

Texas Instruments, [TLV320AIC32x4 Power Supply Sequencing application report](#)

Texas Instruments, [Core Voltage Accumulation application report](#)

### 13.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 13.3 Community Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

### 13.4 Trademarks

PowerTune, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 13.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 13.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device   | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish<br>(6) | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples                 |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| HPA021971RHBR      | ACTIVE        | VQFN         | RHB                | 32   | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | NIPDAU                  | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | AIC<br>3204             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TLV320A3204IRHBRG4 | ACTIVE        | VQFN         | RHB                | 32   | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | NIPDAU                  | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | AIC<br>3204             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TLV320AIC3204IRHBR | ACTIVE        | VQFN         | RHB                | 32   | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | NIPDAU                  | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | AIC<br>3204             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| TLV320AIC3204IRHBT | ACTIVE        | VQFN         | RHB                | 32   | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | NIPDAU                  | Level-3-260C-168 HR  | -40 to 85    | AIC<br>3204             | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

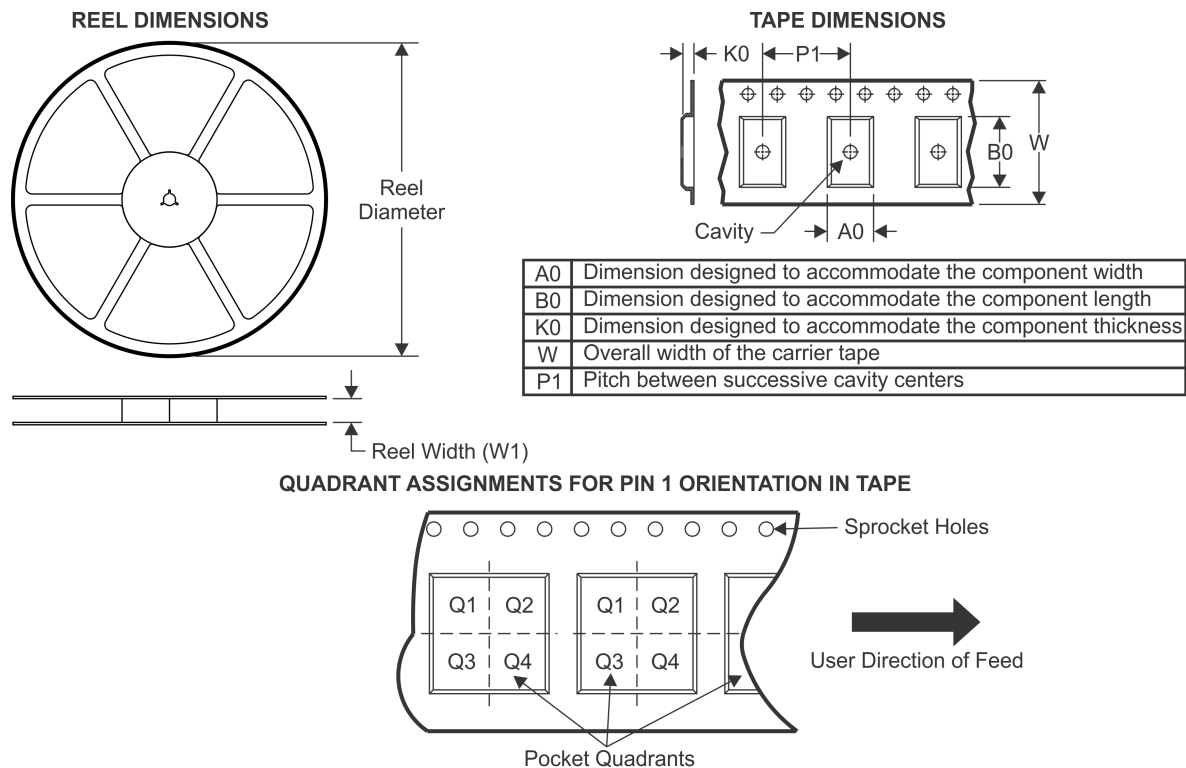
(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and

---

continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

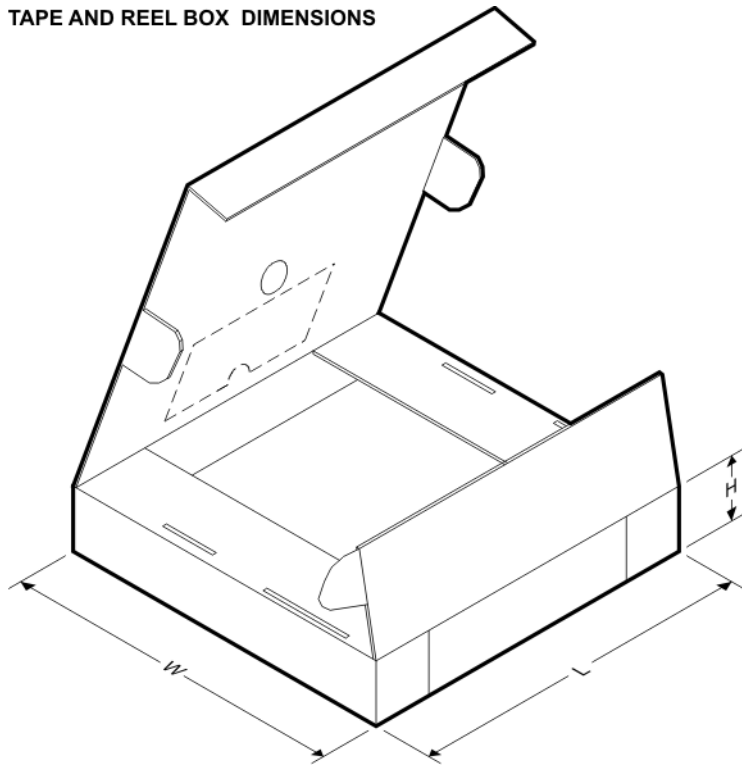
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device             | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TLV320AIC3204IRHBR | VQFN         | RHB             | 32   | 3000 | 330.0              | 12.4               | 5.3     | 5.3     | 1.1     | 8.0     | 12.0   | Q2            |
| TLV320AIC3204IRHBT | VQFN         | RHB             | 32   | 250  | 180.0              | 12.4               | 5.3     | 5.3     | 1.1     | 8.0     | 12.0   | Q2            |

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device             | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TLV320AIC3204IRHBR | VQFN         | RHB             | 32   | 3000 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |
| TLV320AIC3204IRHBT | VQFN         | RHB             | 32   | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |

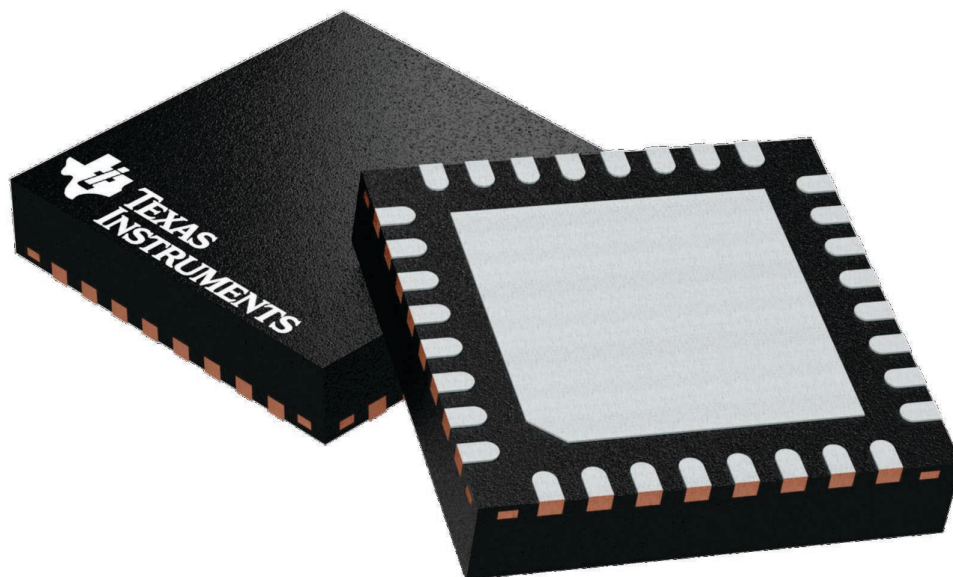
## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

**RHB 32**

**VQFN - 1 mm max height**

5 x 5, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

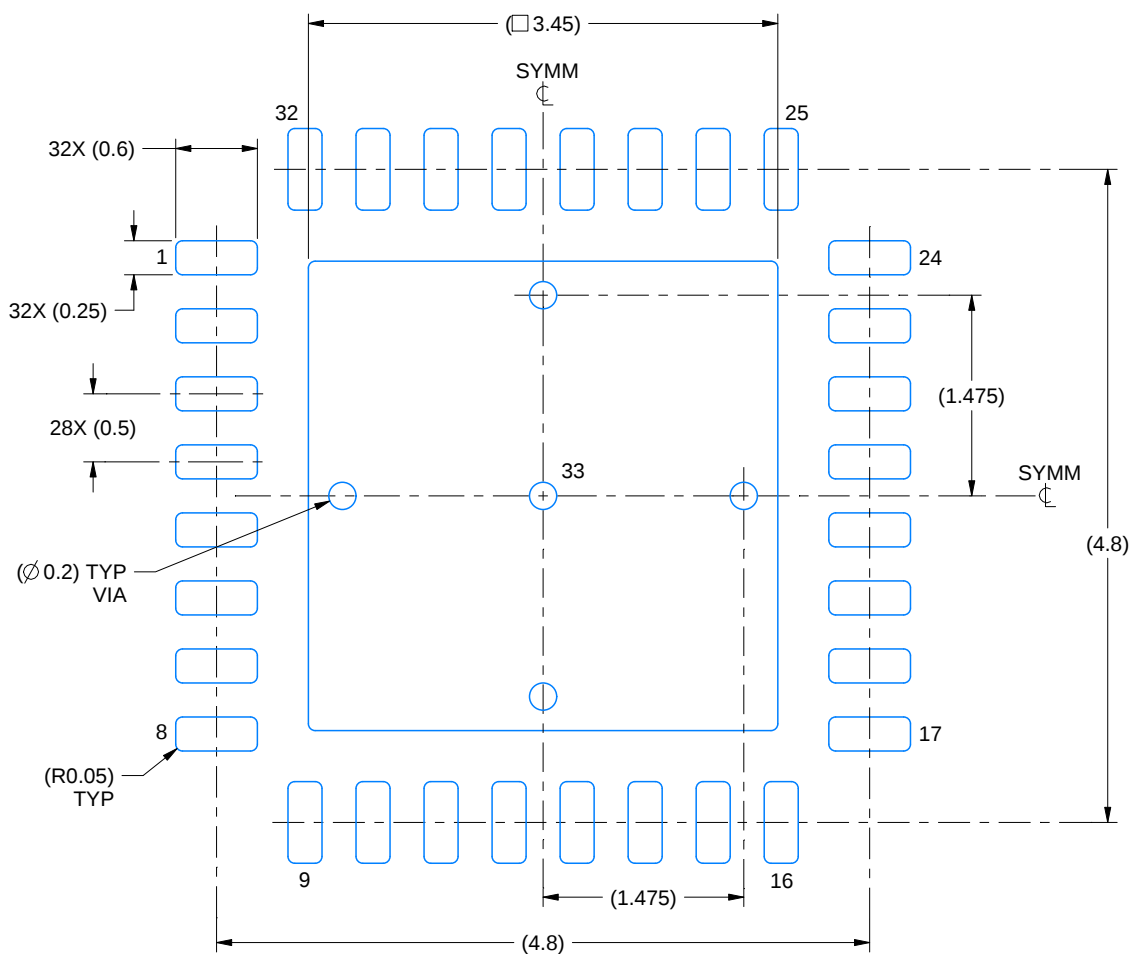
4224745/A

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

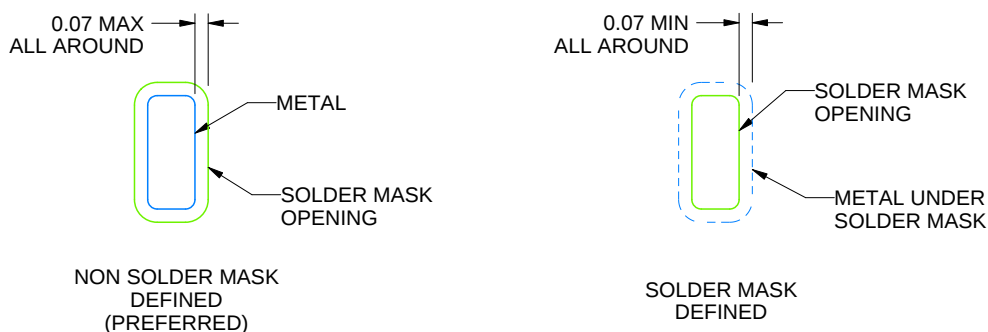
**RHB0032E**

### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:18X



## SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4223442/B 08/2019

NOTES: (continued)

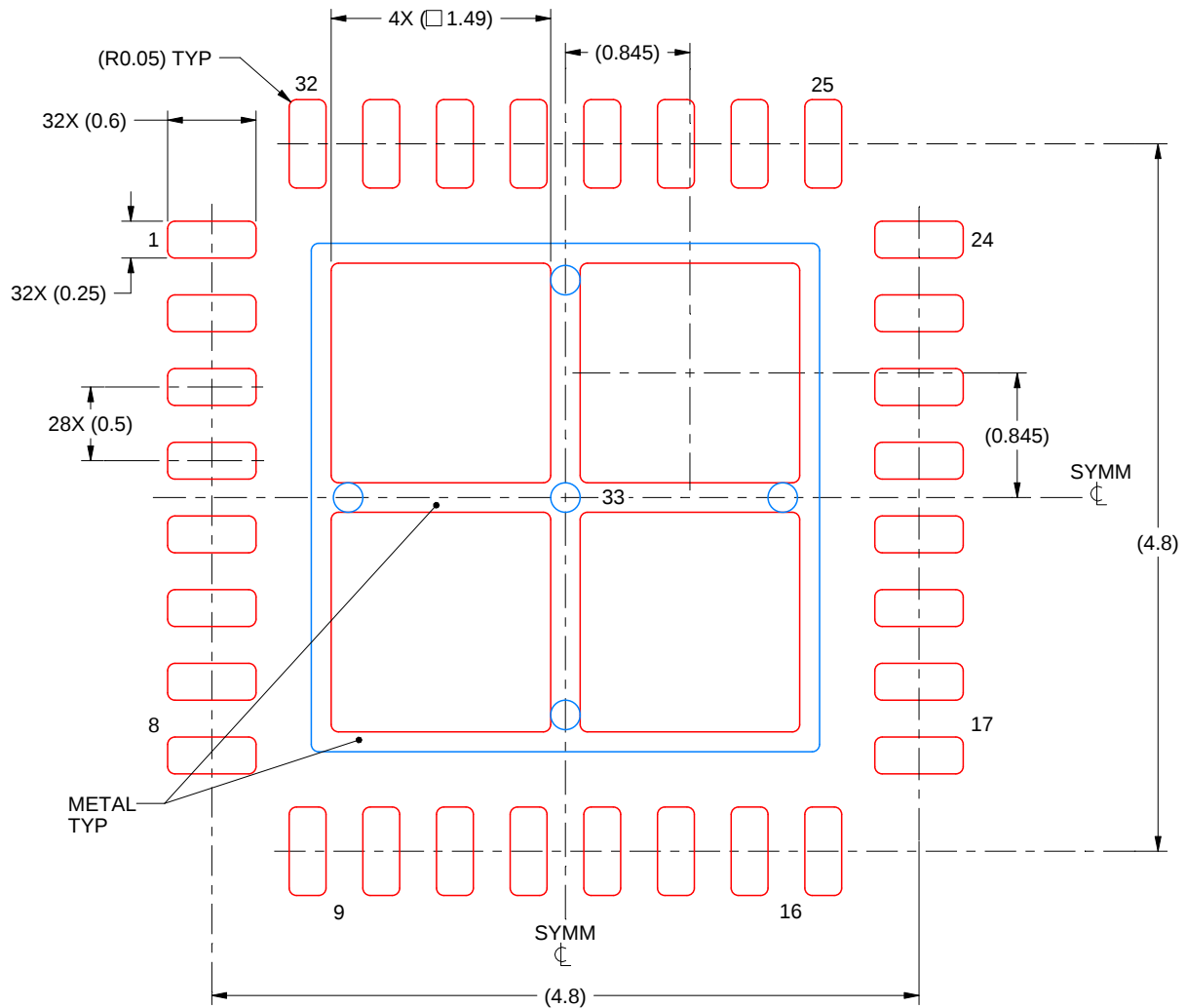
4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/slua271](http://www.ti.com/lit/slua271)).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RHB0032E

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



**SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE**  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 33:  
75% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE  
SCALE:20X

4223442/B 08/2019

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale ([www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html](http://www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html)) or other applicable terms available either on [ti.com](http://ti.com) or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265  
Copyright © 2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated