PWM Off-Line Switching Regulator ICs

Features and Benefits

- Current mode PWM control
- Brown-In and Brown-Out function: auto-restart, prevents excess input current and heat rise at low input voltage
- Auto Standby function: improves efficiency by Burst mode operation in light load
  - Normal load operation: PWM mode
  - Light load operation: Burst mode
- No load power consumption < 30 mW
- Operating frequency, $f_{OSC(AVG)}$(typ) = 67 kHz
- Random Switching function: reduces EMI noise, and simplifies EMI filters
- Slope Compensation function: avoids subharmonic oscillation
- Leading Edge Blanking function

Continued on the next page…

Package: TO-220F-6L



Not to scale

Description

The STR-W6051S, STR-W6052S, and STR-W6053S are power ICs for switching power supplies, incorporating a power MOSFET and a current mode PWM controller IC in one package.

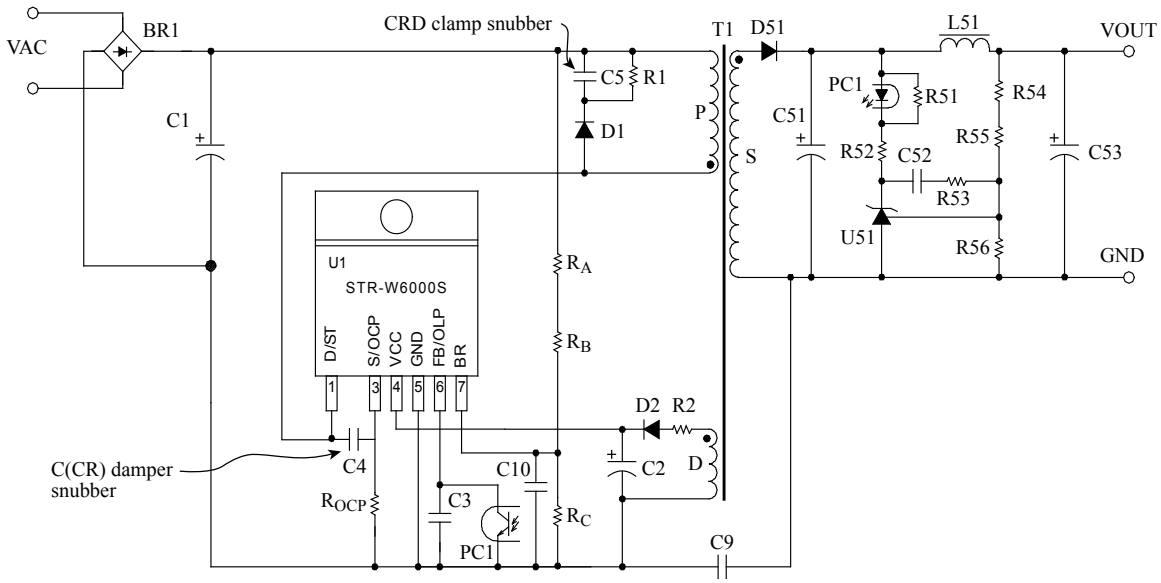
To achieve low power consumption, these products include a startup circuit and a standby function in the controller. The switching modes are automatically changed according to load conditions: in normal operation, PWM mode, and in light load conditions, burst mode. The rich set of protection features helps to realize low component counts, and high performance-to-cost power supply.

Applications:

Switching power supplies for electronic devices such as:

- Home appliances
- Digital appliances
- Office automation (OA) equipment
- Industrial apparatus
- Communication facilities

Typical Application Circuit



Features and Benefits (continued)

- Audible Noise Suppression function during Standby mode
- Protection features
  - Overcurrent protection (OCP): pulse-by-pulse, with input compensation function
  - Overvoltage protection (OVP): auto-restart
  - Overload protection (OLP): auto-restart, with timer
  - Thermal shutdown protection (TSD): auto-restart

Selection Guide

Part Number	Power MOSFET		Output Power*, P_{OUT} (W)	
	V_{DSS}(min) (V)	$R_{DS(ON)}$(max) (Ω)	230 VAC	85 to 265 VAC
STR-W6051S	650	3.95	45	30
STR-W6052S	650	2.8	60	40
STR-W6053S	650	1.9	90	60

*The listed output power is based on the thermal ratings, and the peak output power can be 120% to 140% of the value stated here. At low output voltage and short duty cycle, the output power may be less than the value stated here.

The polarity value for current specifies a sink as "+," and a source as "−," referencing the IC.

Absolute Maximum Ratings Unless otherwise specified, T_A = 25°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions		Pins	Rating	Unit
Drain Peak Current[1]	I_{DPEAK}	STR-W6051S	Single pulse	1 − 3	5.0	A
		STR-W6052S			7.0	A
		STR-W6053S			9.5	A
Maximum Switching Current[2]	I_{DMAX}	STR-W6051S	Single pulse, T_A = –20°C to 125°C	1 − 3	5.0	A
		STR-W6052S			7.0	A
		STR-W6053S			9.5	A
Avalanche Energy[3]	E_{AS}	STR-W6051S	Single pulse, V_{DD} = 99 V, L = 20 mH, I_{LPEAK} = 2 A	1 − 3	47	mJ
		STR-W6052S	Single pulse, V_{DD} = 99 V, L = 20 mH, I_{LPEAK} = 2.3 A		62	mJ
		STR-W6053S	Single pulse, V_{DD} = 99 V, L = 20 mH, I_{LPEAK} = 2.7 A		86	mJ
S/OCP Pin Voltage	V_{OCP}			3 − 5	−2 to 6	V
Control Part Input Voltage	V_{CC}			4 − 5	32	V
FB/OLP Pin Voltage	V_{FB}			6 − 5	−0.3 to 14	V
FB/OLP Pin Sink Current	I_{FB}			6 − 5	1.0	mA
BR Pin Voltage	V_{BR}			7 − 5	−0.3 to 7	V
BR Pin Sink Current	I_{BR}			7 − 5	1.0	mA
Power Dissipation of MOSFET[4]	P_{D1}	STR-W6051S	With infinite heatsink	1 − 3	22.3	W
		STR-W6052S			23.6	W
		STR-W6053S			26.5	W
		Without heatsink			1.3	W
Power Dissipation of Control Part	P_{D2}	$V_{CC} \times I_{CC}$		4 − 5	0.13	W
Internal Frame Temperature in Operation[5]	T_F			–	−20 to 115	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_{OP}			–	−20 to 115	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}			–	−40 to 125	°C
Channel Temperature	T_{ch}			–	150	°C

[1]Refer to MOSFET Safe Operating Area Curve.

[2]The maximum switching current is the drain current determined by the drive voltage of the IC and threshold voltage (V_{th}) of the MOSFET.

[3]Refer to MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve.

[4]Refer to MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve.

[5]The recommended internal frame temperature, T_F, is 105°C (max).

Electrical Characteristics of Control Part Unless otherwise specified, T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 18 V

Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions	Pins	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operation Start Voltage	$V_{CC(ON)}$		4 – 5	13.8	15.3	16.8	V
Operation Stop Voltage*	$V_{CC(OFF)}$		4 – 5	7.3	8.1	8.9	V
Circuit Current in Operation	$I_{CC(ON)}$	V_{CC} = 12 V	4 – 5	–	–	2.5	mA
Minimum Start Voltage	$V_{ST(ON)}$		4 – 5	–	40	–	V
Startup Current	$I_{STARTUP}$	V_{CC} = 13.5 V	4 – 5	−3.9	−2.5	−1.1	mA
Startup Current Threshold Biasing Voltage*	$V_{CC(BIAS)}$	I_{CC} = −100 µA	4 – 5	8.5	9.5	10.5	V
Average Operation Frequency	$f_{OSC(AVG)}$		1 – 5	60	67	74	kHz
Frequency Modulation Deviation	Δf		1 – 5	–	5	–	kHz
Maximum Duty Cycle	D_{MAX}		1 – 5	63	71	79	%
Leading Edge Blanking Time	t_{BW}		–	–	390	–	ns
OCP Compensation Coefficient	DPC		–	–	18	–	mV/µs
OCP Compensation Duty Cycle Limit	D_{DPC}		–	–	36	–	%
OCP Threshold Voltage at Zero Duty Cycle	$V_{OCP(L)}$		3 – 5	0.70	0.78	0.86	V
OCP Threshold Voltage at 36% Duty Cycle	$V_{OCP(H)}$	V_{CC} = 32 V	3 – 5	0.79	0.88	0.97	V
Maximum Feedback Current	$I_{FB(MAX)}$	V_{CC} = 12 V	6 – 5	−340	−230	−150	µA
Minimum Feedback Current	$I_{FB(MIN)}$		6 – 5	−30	−15	−7	µA
FB/OLP Pin Oscillation Stop Threshold Voltage	$V_{FB(STB)}$		6 – 5	0.85	0.95	1.05	V
OLP Threshold Voltage	$V_{FB(OLP)}$		6 – 5	7.3	8.1	8.9	V
OLP Delay Time	t_{OLP}		6 – 5	54	68	82	ms
OLP Operation Current	$I_{CC(OLP)}$	V_{CC} = 12 V	4 – 5	–	300	–	µA
FB/OLP Pin Clamp Voltage	$V_{FB(CLAMP)}$		6 – 5	11	12.8	14	V
Brown-In Threshold Voltage	$V_{BR(IN)}$	V_{CC} = 32 V	7 – 5	5.2	5.6	6	V
Brown-Out Threshold Voltage	$V_{BR(OUT)}$	V_{CC} = 32 V	7 – 5	4.45	4.8	5.15	V
BR Pin Clamp Voltage	$V_{BR(CLAMP)}$	V_{CC} = 32 V	7 – 5	6	6.4	7	V
BR Function Disabling Threshold Voltage	$V_{BR(DIS)}$	V_{CC} = 32 V	7 – 5	0.3	0.48	0.7	V
VCC Pin OVP Threshold Voltage	$V_{CC(OVP)}$		4 – 5	26	29	32	V
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	$T_{j(TSD)}$		–	130	–	–	°C

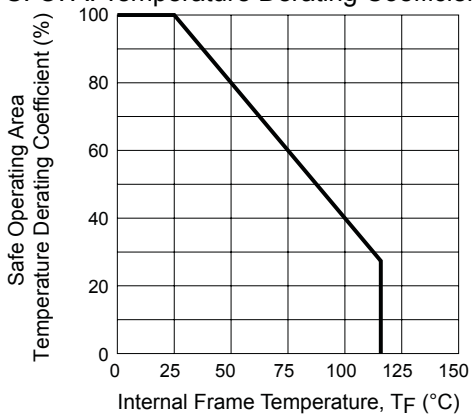
*$V_{CC(BIAS)}$ > $V_{CC(OFF)}$ always.

Electrical Characteristics of MOSFET Unless otherwise specified, T_A is 25°C

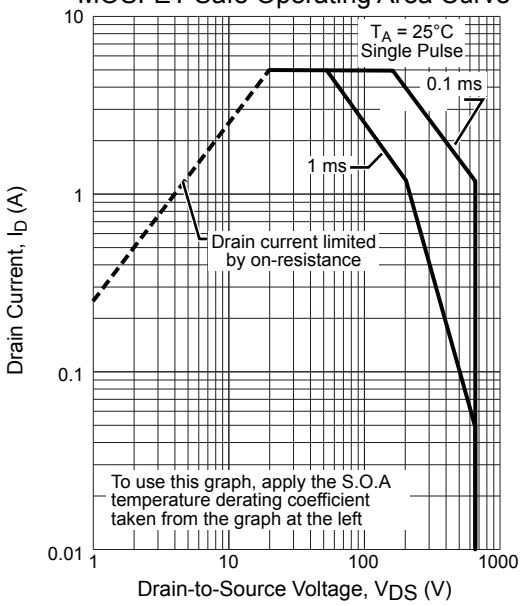
Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions		Pins	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DSS}			1 – 3	650	–	–	V
Drain Leakage Current	I_{DSS}			1 – 3	–	–	300	μA
On-Resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	STR-W6051S		1 – 3	–	–	3.95	Ω
		STR-W6052S			–	–	2.8	Ω
		STR-W6053S			–	–	1.9	Ω
Switching Time	t_f			1 – 3	–	–	250	ns
Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta ch-F}$	STR-W6051S	The thermal resistance between the channels of the MOSFET and the internal frame.	–	–	–	2.63	°C/W
		STR-W6052S			–	–	2.26	°C/W
		STR-W6053S			–	–	1.95	°C/W

Characteristic Performance
STR-W6051S

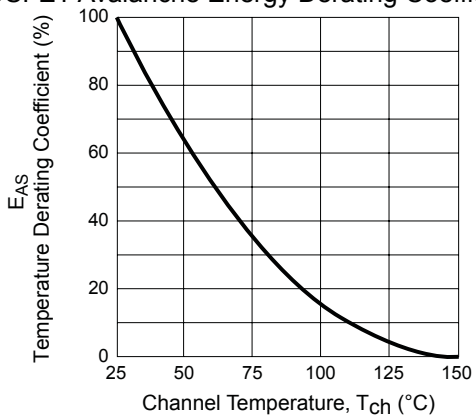
S. O. A. Temperature Derating Coefficient Curve



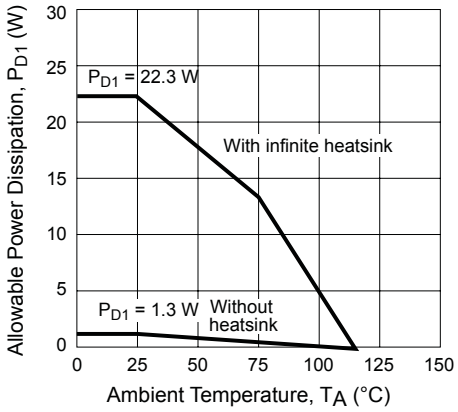
MOSFET Safe Operating Area Curve



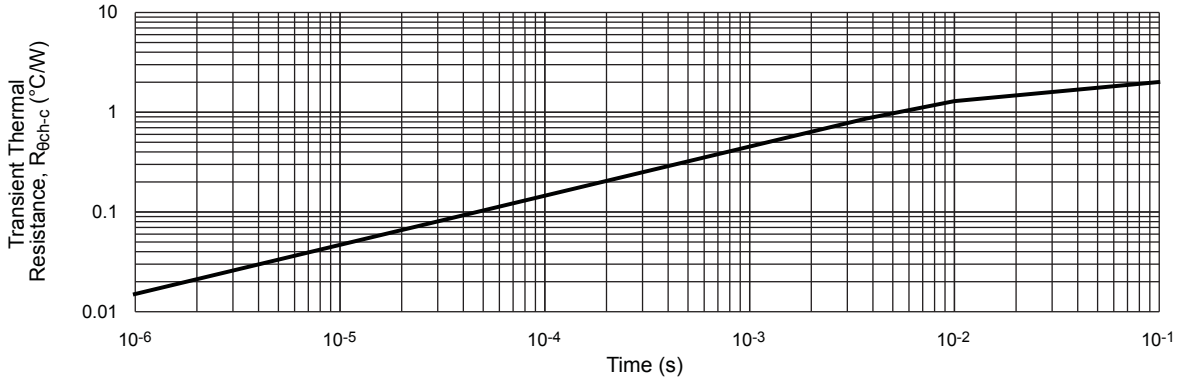
MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve



MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve

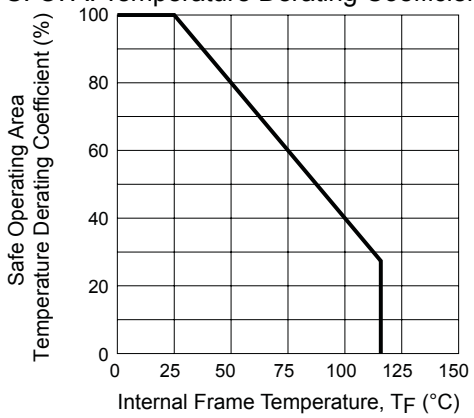


Transient Thermal Resistance Curve

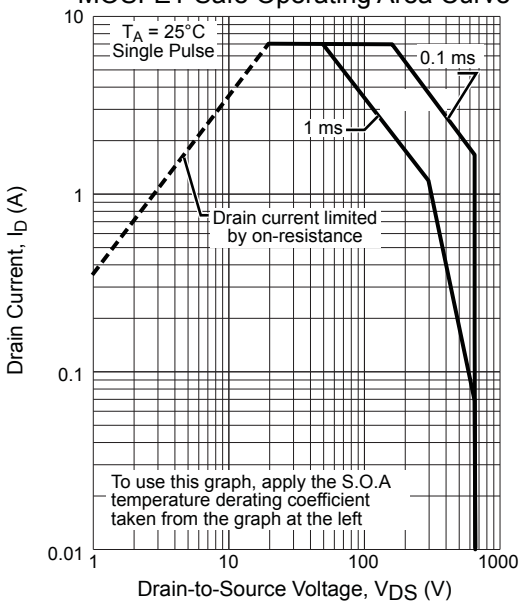


Characteristic Performance
STR-W6052S

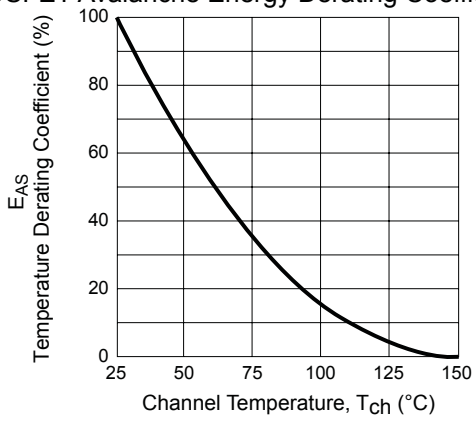
S. O. A. Temperature Derating Coefficient Curve



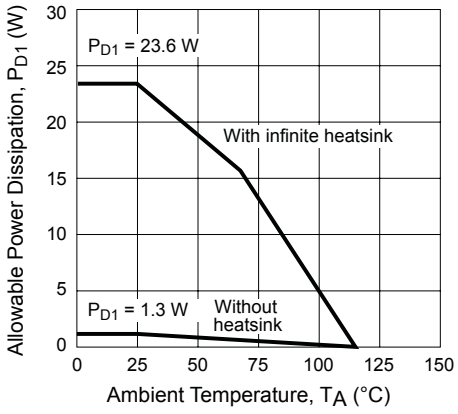
MOSFET Safe Operating Area Curve



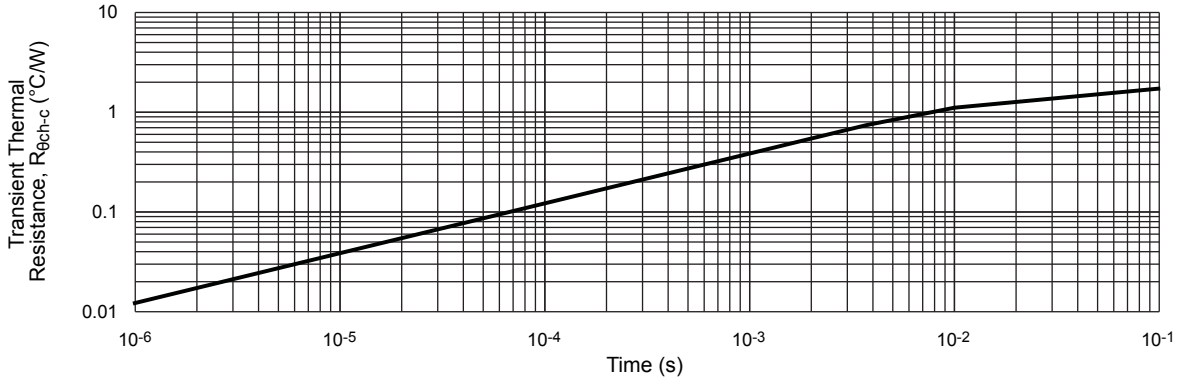
MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve



MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve

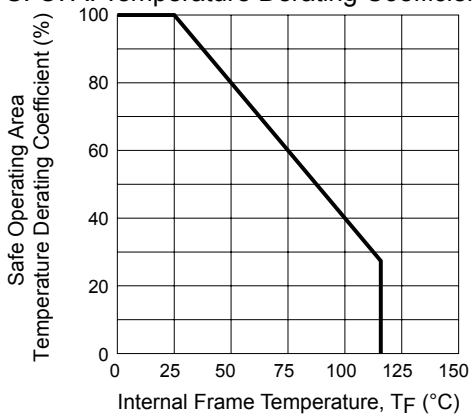


Transient Thermal Resistance Curve

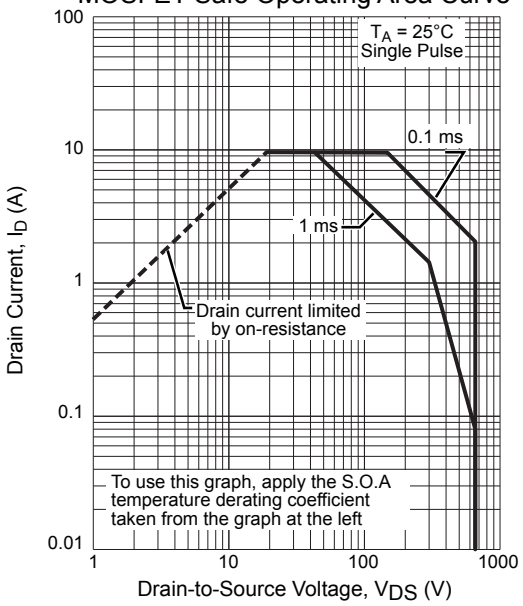


Characteristic Performance
STR-W6053S

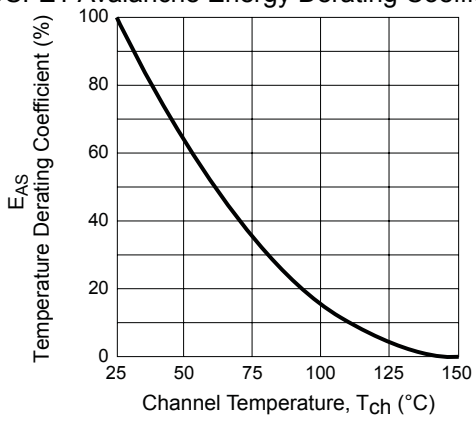
S. O. A. Temperature Derating Coefficient Curve



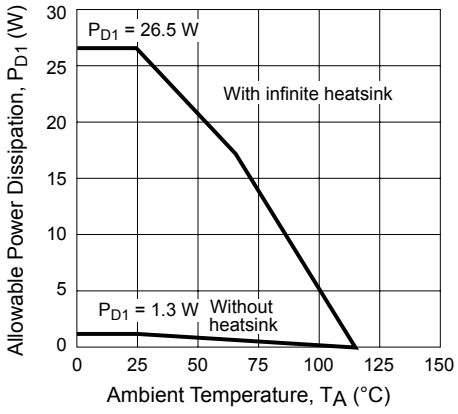
MOSFET Safe Operating Area Curve



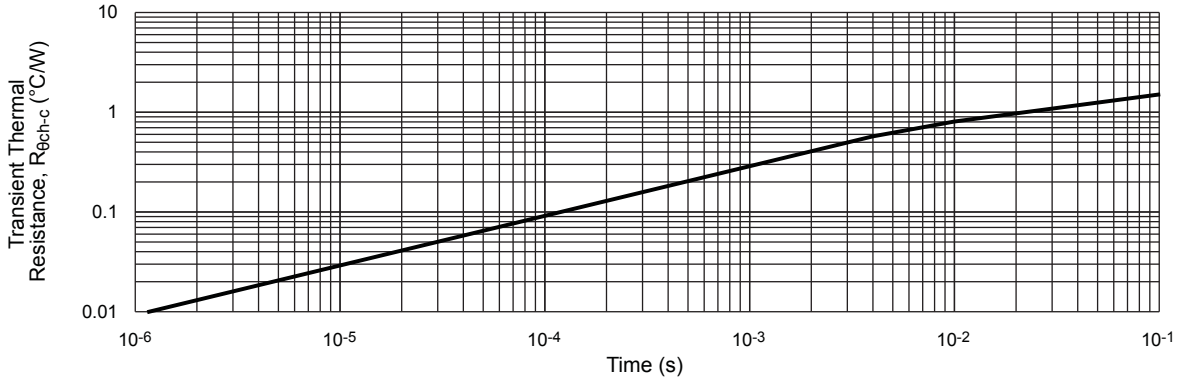
MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve



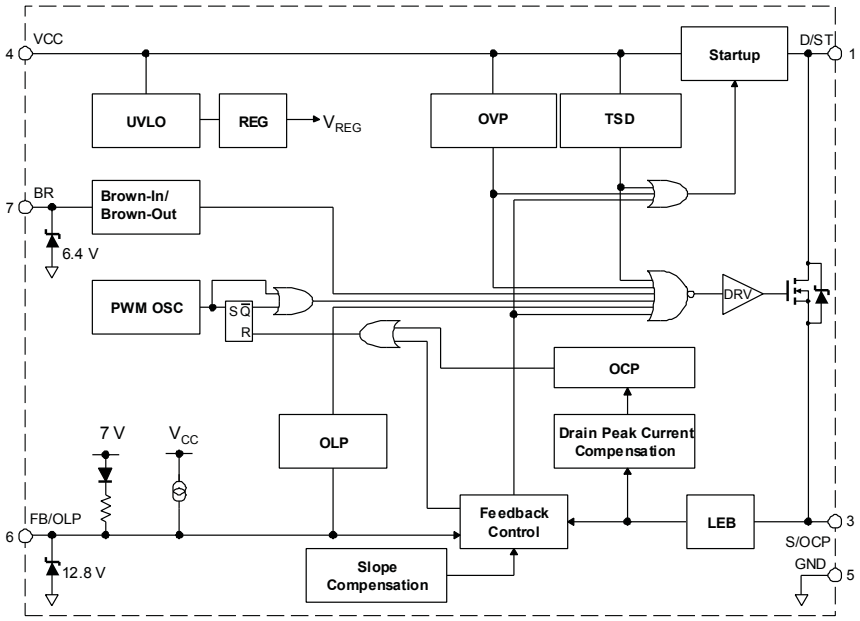
MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve



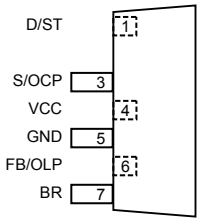
Transient Thermal Resistance Curve



Functional Block Diagram



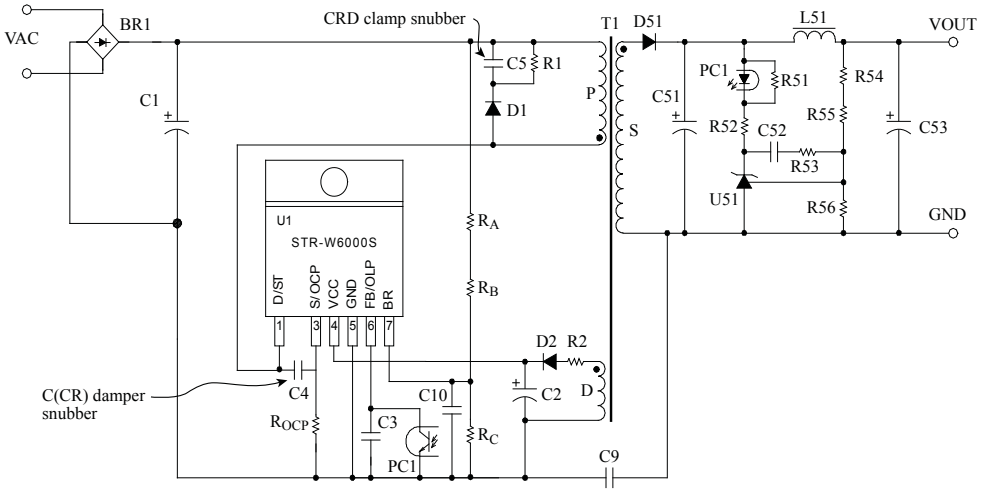
Pin List Table



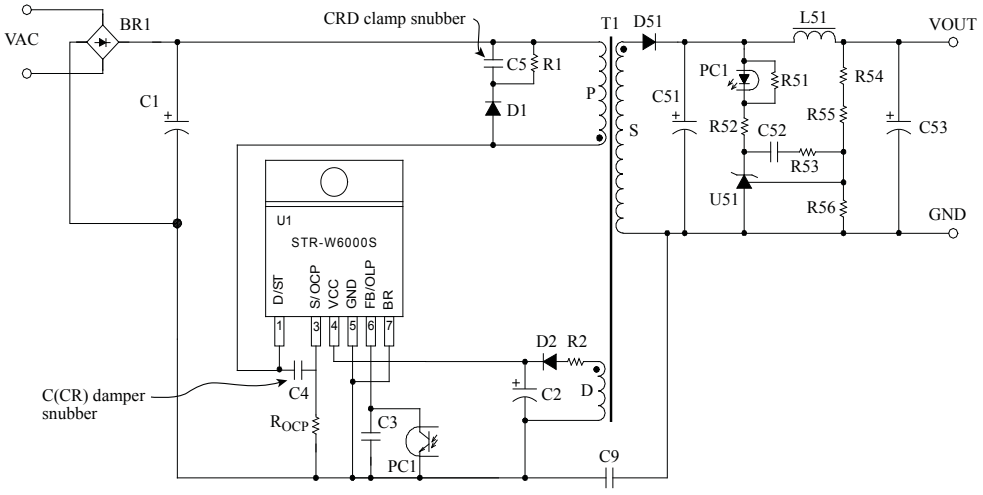
(LF2003)

Number	Name	Function
1	D/ST	MOSFET drain, and input of the startup current
2	–	(Pin removed)
3	S/OCP	MOSFET source, and input of Overcurrent Protection (OCP) signal
4	VCC	Power supply voltage input for Control Part, and input of Overvoltage Protection (OVP) signal
5	GND	Ground
6	FB/OLP	Feedback signal input for constant voltage control signal, and input of Overload Protection (OLP) signal
7	BR	Input of Brown-In and Brown-Out detection voltage

Typical Application Circuits



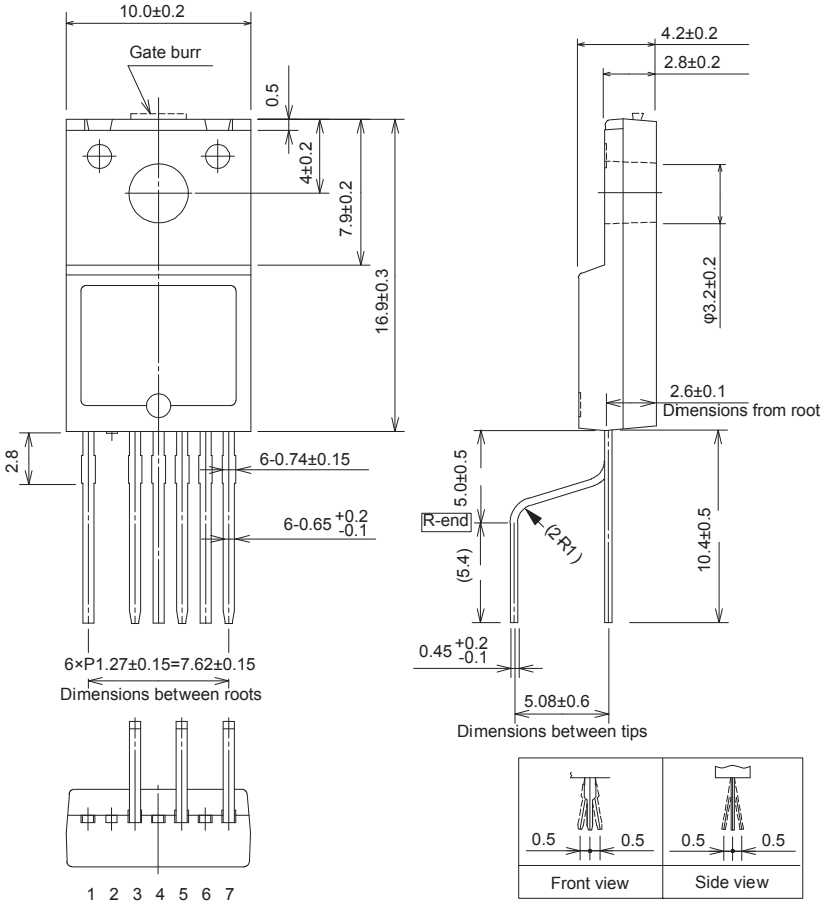
Typical application circuit example, enabled Brown-In/Brown-Out function (DC line detection)



Typical application circuit example, disabled Brown-In/Brown-Out function

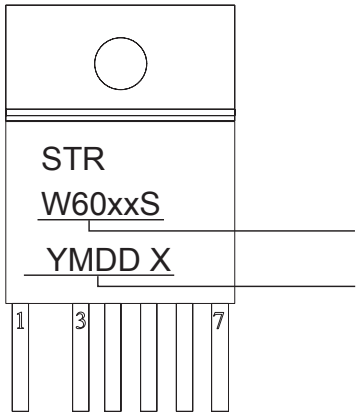
Package Diagram

- TO-220F-6L package
- The pin 2 is removed to provide greater creepage and clearance isolation between the high voltage pin (pin 1: D/ST) and the low voltage pin (pin 3: S/OCP).



Unit: mm
Leadform: LF No.2003
Gate burr indicates protrusion of 0.3 mm (max).
Pin treatment Pb-free. Device composition compliant with the RoHS directive.

Marking Diagram



Part Number

Lot Number
Y is the last digit of the year (0 to 9)
M is the month (1 to 9, O, N, or D)
DD is the day (01 to 31)
X is the Sanken Control Symbol

Operating Precautions

In the case that you use Sanken products or design your products by using Sanken products, the reliability largely depends on the degree of derating to be made to the rated values. Derating may be interpreted as a case that an operation range is set by derating the load from each rated value or surge voltage or noise is considered for derating in order to assure or improve the reliability. In general, derating factors include electric stresses such as electric voltage, electric current, electric power etc., environmental stresses such as ambient temperature, humidity etc. and thermal stress caused due to self-heating of semiconductor products. For these stresses, instantaneous values, maximum values and minimum values must be taken into consideration. In addition, it should be noted that since power devices or IC's including power devices have large self-heating value, the degree of derating of junction temperature affects the reliability significantly.

Because reliability can be affected adversely by improper storage environments and handling methods, please observe the following cautions.

Cautions for Storage

• Ensure that storage conditions comply with the standard temperature (5 to 35°C) and the standard relative humidity (around 40 to 75%); avoid storage locations that experience extreme changes in temperature or humidity.

• Avoid locations where dust or harmful gases are present and avoid direct sunlight.

• Reinspect for rust on leads and solderability of the products that have been stored for a long time.

Cautions for Testing and Handling

When tests are carried out during inspection testing and other standard test periods, protect the products from power surges from the testing device, shorts between the product pins, and wrong connections. Ensure all test parameters are within the ratings specified by Sanken for the products.

Remarks About Using Silicone Grease with a Heatsink

• When silicone grease is used in mounting the products on a heatsink, it shall be applied evenly and thinly. If more silicone grease than required is applied, it may produce excess stress.

• Volatile-type silicone greases may crack after long periods of time, resulting in reduced heat radiation effect. Silicone greases with low consistency (hard grease) may cause cracks in the mold resin when screwing the products to a heatsink.

Our recommended silicone greases for heat radiation purposes, which will not cause any adverse effect on the product life, are indicated below:

Type	Suppliers
G746	Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.
YG6260	Momentive Performance Materials Inc.
SC102	Dow Corning Toray Co., Ltd.

Cautions for Mounting to a Heatsink

• When the flatness around the screw hole is insufficient, such as when mounting the products to a heatsink that has an extruded (burred) screw hole, the products can be damaged, even with a lower than recommended screw torque. For mounting the products, the mounting surface flatness should be 0.05 mm or less.

• Please select suitable screws for the product shape. Do not use a flat-head machine screw because of the stress to the products. Self-tapping screws are not recommended. When using self-tapping screws, the screw may enter the hole diagonally, not vertically, depending on the conditions of hole before threading or the work situation. That may stress the products and may cause failures.

• Recommended screw torque: 0.588 to 0.785 N • m
(6 to 8 kgf • cm).

• For tightening screws, if a tightening tool (such as a driver) hits the products, the package may crack, and internal stress fractures may occur, which shorten the lifetime of the electrical elements and can cause catastrophic failure. Tightening with an air driver makes a substantial impact. In addition, a screw torque higher than the set torque can be applied and the package may be damaged. Therefore, an electric driver is recommended.

When the package is tightened at two or more places, first pre-tighten with a lower torque at all places, then tighten with the specified torque. When using a power driver, torque control is mandatory.

Soldering

• When soldering the products, please be sure to minimize the working time, within the following limits:

260 ± 5 °C 10 ± 1 s (Flow, 2 times)

380 ± 10 °C 3.5 ± 0.5 s (Soldering iron, 1 time)

• Soldering should be at a distance of at least 2.0 mm from the body of the products.

Electrostatic Discharge

• When handling the products, the operator must be grounded. Grounded wrist straps worn should have at least 1MΩ of resistance from the operator to ground to prevent shock hazard, and it should be placed near the operator.

• Workbenches where the products are handled should be grounded and be provided with conductive table and floor mats.

• When using measuring equipment such as a curve tracer, the equipment should be grounded.

• When soldering the products, the head of soldering irons or the solder bath must be grounded in order to prevent leak voltages generated by them from being applied to the products.

• The products should always be stored and transported in Sanken shipping containers or conductive containers, or be wrapped in aluminum foil.

IMPORTANT NOTES

• The contents in this document are subject to changes, for improvement and other purposes, without notice. Make sure that this is the latest revision of the document before use.

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• Although Sanken undertakes to enhance the quality and reliability of its products, the occurrence of failure and defect of semiconductor products at a certain rate is inevitable. Users of Sanken products are requested to take, at their own risk, preventative measures including safety design of the equipment or systems against any possible injury, death, fires or damages to the society due to device failure or malfunction.

• Sanken products listed in this document are designed and intended for the use as components in general purpose electronic equipment or apparatus (home appliances, office equipment, telecommunication equipment, measuring equipment, etc.).

When considering the use of Sanken products in the applications where higher reliability is required (transportation equipment and its control systems, traffic signal control systems or equipment, fire/crime alarm systems, various safety devices, etc.), and whenever long life expectancy is required even in general purpose electronic equipment or apparatus, please contact your nearest Sanken sales representative to discuss, prior to the use of the products herein.

The use of Sanken products without the written consent of Sanken in the applications where extremely high reliability is required (aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, life support systems, etc.) is strictly prohibited.

• When using the products specified herein by either (i) combining other products or materials therewith or (ii) physically, chemically or otherwise processing or treating the products, please duly consider all possible risks that may result from all such uses in advance and proceed therewith at your own responsibility.

• Anti radioactive ray design is not considered for the products listed herein.

• Sanken assumes no responsibility for any troubles, such as dropping products caused during transportation out of Sanken's distribution network.

• The contents in this document must not be transcribed or copied without Sanken's written consent.