

2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit (x16) Multi-Purpose Flash

SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A

SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A



Data Sheet

FEATURES:

- **Organized as 128K x16 / 256K x16 / 512K x16**
- **Single Voltage Read and Write Operations**
 - 3.0-3.6V for SST39LF200A/400A/800A
 - 2.7-3.6V for SST39VF200A/400A/800A
- **Superior Reliability**
 - Endurance: 100,000 Cycles (typical)
 - Greater than 100 years Data Retention
- **Low Power Consumption**
 - Active Current: 20 mA (typical)
 - Standby Current: 3 μ A (typical)
- **Sector-Erase Capability**
 - Uniform 2 KWord sectors
- **Block-Erase Capability**
 - Uniform 32 KWord blocks
- **Fast Read Access Time**
 - 45 and 55 ns for SST39LF200A/400A
 - 55 ns for SST39LF800A
 - 70 and 90 ns for SST39VF200A/400A/800A
- **Latched Address and Data**
- **Fast Erase and Word-Program**
 - Sector-Erase Time: 18 ms (typical)
 - Block-Erase Time: 18 ms (typical)
 - Chip-Erase Time: 70 ms (typical)
 - Word-Program Time: 14 μ s (typical)
 - Chip Rewrite Time:
 - 2 seconds (typical) for SST39LF/VF200A
 - 4 seconds (typical) for SST39LF/VF400A
 - 8 seconds (typical) for SST39LF/VF800A
- **Automatic Write Timing**
 - Internal V_{PP} Generation
- **End-of-Write Detection**
 - Toggle Bit
 - Data# Polling
- **CMOS I/O Compatibility**
- **JEDEC Standard**
 - Flash EEPROM Pinouts and command sets
- **Packages Available**
 - 48-lead TSOP (12mm x 20mm)
 - 48-ball TFBGA (6mm x 8mm)

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A devices are 128K x16 / 256K x16 / 512K x16 CMOS Multi-Purpose Flash (MPF) manufactured with SST's proprietary, high performance CMOS SuperFlash technology. The split-gate cell design and thick oxide tunneling injector attain better reliability and manufacturability compared with alternate approaches. The SST39LF200A/400A/800A write (Program or Erase) with a 3.0-3.6V power supply. The SST39VF200A/400A/800A write (Program or Erase) with a 2.7-3.6V power supply. These devices conform to JEDEC standard pinouts for x16 memories.

Featuring high performance Word-Program, the SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A devices provide a typical Word-Program time of 14 μ sec. The devices use Toggle Bit or Data# Polling to detect the completion of the Program or Erase operation. To protect against inadvertent write, they have on-chip hardware and software data protection schemes. Designed, manufactured, and tested for a wide spectrum of applications, these devices are offered with a guaranteed endurance of 10,000 cycles. Data retention is rated at greater than 100 years.

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A devices are suited for applications that require convenient and economical updating of program, configuration, or data memory. For all system applications, they signifi-

cantly improve performance and reliability, while lowering power consumption. They inherently use less energy during Erase and Program than alternative flash technologies. When programming a flash device, the total energy consumed is a function of the applied voltage, current, and time of application. Since for any given voltage range, the SuperFlash technology uses less current to program and has a shorter erase time, the total energy consumed during any Erase or Program operation is less than alternative flash technologies. These devices also improve flexibility while lowering the cost for program, data, and configuration storage applications.

The SuperFlash technology provides fixed Erase and Program times, independent of the number of Erase/Program cycles that have occurred. Therefore the system software or hardware does not have to be modified or de-rated as is necessary with alternative flash technologies, whose Erase and Program times increase with accumulated Erase/Program cycles.

To meet surface mount requirements, the SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A are offered in both 48-lead TSOP packages and 48-ball TFBGA packages. See Figures 1 and 2 for pinouts.



Device Operation

Commands are used to initiate the memory operation functions of the device. Commands are written to the device using standard microprocessor write sequences. A command is written by asserting WE# low while keeping CE# low. The address bus is latched on the falling edge of WE# or CE#, whichever occurs last. The data bus is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE#, whichever occurs first.

Read

The Read operation of the SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A is controlled by CE# and OE#, both have to be low for the system to obtain data from the outputs. CE# is used for device selection. When CE# is high, the chip is deselected and only standby power is consumed. OE# is the output control and is used to gate data from the output pins. The data bus is in high impedance state when either CE# or OE# is high. Refer to the Read cycle timing diagram for further details (Figure 3).

Word-Program Operation

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A are programmed on a word-by-word basis. Before programming, one must ensure that the sector, in which the word which is being programmed exists, is fully erased. The Program operation consists of three steps. The first step is the three-byte load sequence for Software Data Protection. The second step is to load word address and word data. During the Word-Program operation, the addresses are latched on the falling edge of either CE# or WE#, whichever occurs last. The data is latched on the rising edge of either CE# or WE#, whichever occurs first. The third step is the internal Program operation which is initiated after the rising edge of the fourth WE# or CE#, whichever occurs first. The Program operation, once initiated, will be completed within 20 μ s. See Figures 4 and 5 for WE# and CE# controlled Program operation timing diagrams and Figure 16 for flowcharts. During the Program operation, the only valid reads are Data# Polling and Toggle Bit. During the internal Program operation, the host is free to perform additional tasks. Any commands issued during the internal Program operation are ignored.

Sector/Block-Erase Operation

The Sector- (or Block-) Erase operation allows the system to erase the device on a sector-by-sector (or block-by-block) basis. The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A offers both Sector-Erase and Block-Erase mode. The sector architecture is based on uniform sector size of 2 KWord. The Block-Erase mode is based on uniform block size of 32 KWord. The Sector-

Erase operation is initiated by executing a six-byte command sequence with Sector-Erase command (30H) and sector address (SA) in the last bus cycle. The Block-Erase operation is initiated by executing a six-byte command sequence with Block-Erase command (50H) and block address (BA) in the last bus cycle. The sector or block address is latched on the falling edge of the sixth WE# pulse, while the command (30H or 50H) is latched on the rising edge of the sixth WE# pulse. The internal Erase operation begins after the sixth WE# pulse. The End-of-Erase operation can be determined using either Data# Polling or Toggle Bit methods. See Figures 9 and 10 for timing waveforms. Any commands issued during the Sector- or Block-Erase operation are ignored.

Chip-Erase Operation

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A provide a Chip-Erase operation, which allows the user to erase the entire memory array to the "1" state. This is useful when the entire device must be quickly erased.

The Chip-Erase operation is initiated by executing a six-byte command sequence with Chip-Erase command (10H) at address 5555H in the last byte sequence. The Erase operation begins with the rising edge of the sixth WE# or CE#, whichever occurs first. During the Erase operation, the only valid read is Toggle Bit or Data# Polling. See Table 4 for the command sequence, Figure 8 for timing diagram, and Figure 19 for the flowchart. Any commands issued during the Chip-Erase operation are ignored.

Write Operation Status Detection

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A provide two software means to detect the completion of a write (Program or Erase) cycle, in order to optimize the system write cycle time. The software detection includes two status bits: Data# Polling (DQ₇) and Toggle Bit (DQ₆). The End-of-Write detection mode is enabled after the rising edge of WE#, which initiates the internal Program or Erase operation.

The actual completion of the nonvolatile write is asynchronous with the system; therefore, either a Data# Polling or Toggle Bit read may be simultaneous with the completion of the write cycle. If this occurs, the system may possibly get an erroneous result, i.e., valid data may appear to conflict with either DQ₇ or DQ₆. In order to prevent spurious rejection, if an erroneous result occurs, the software routine should include a loop to read the accessed location an additional two (2) times. If both reads are valid, then the device has completed the write cycle, otherwise the rejection is valid.



Data# Polling (DQ₇)

When the SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A are in the internal Program operation, any attempt to read DQ₇ will produce the complement of the true data. Once the Program operation is completed, DQ₇ will produce true data. The device is then ready for the next operation. During internal Erase operation, any attempt to read DQ₇ will produce a '0'. Once the internal Erase operation is completed, DQ₇ will produce a '1'. The Data# Polling is valid after the rising edge of fourth WE# (or CE#) pulse for Program operation. For Sector-, Block- or Chip-Erase, the Data# Polling is valid after the rising edge of sixth WE# (or CE#) pulse. See Figure 6 for Data# Polling timing diagram and Figure 17 for a flowchart.

Toggle Bit (DQ₆)

During the internal Program or Erase operation, any consecutive attempts to read DQ₆ will produce alternating 1s and 0s, i.e., toggling between 1 and 0. When the internal Program or Erase operation is completed, the DQ₆ bit will stop toggling. The device is then ready for the next operation. The Toggle Bit is valid after the rising edge of fourth WE# (or CE#) pulse for Program operation. For Sector-, Block- or Chip-Erase, the Toggle Bit is valid after the rising edge of sixth WE# (or CE#) pulse. See Figure 7 for Toggle Bit timing diagram and Figure 17 for a flowchart.

Data Protection

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A provide both hardware and software features to protect nonvolatile data from inadvertent writes.

Hardware Data Protection

Noise/Glitch Protection: A WE# or CE# pulse of less than 5 ns will not initiate a write cycle.

V_{DD} Power Up/Down Detection: The Write operation is inhibited when V_{DD} is less than 1.5V.

Write Inhibit Mode: Forcing OE# low, CE# high, or WE# high will inhibit the Write operation. This prevents inadvertent writes during power-up or power-down.

Software Data Protection (SDP)

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A provide the JEDEC approved Software Data Protection scheme for all data alteration operations, i.e., Program and Erase. Any Program operation requires the inclusion of the three-byte sequence. The three-byte load sequence is used to initiate the Program operation, providing optimal protection from inadvertent Write operations, e.g., during the system power-up or power-down. Any Erase operation requires the inclusion of six-byte sequence. This group of devices are shipped with the Software Data Protection permanently enabled. See Table 4 for the specific software command codes. During SDP command sequence, invalid commands will abort the device to Read mode within TRC. The contents of DQ₁₅-DQ₈ can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value, during any SDP command sequence.

Common Flash Memory Interface (CFI)

The SST39LF200A/400A/800A and SST39VF200A/400A/800A also contain the CFI information to describe the characteristics of the device. In order to enter the CFI Query mode, the system must write three-byte sequence, same as Software ID Entry command with 98H (CFI Query command) to address 5555H in the last byte sequence. Once the device enters the CFI Query mode, the system can read CFI data at the addresses given in Tables 5 through 9. The system must write the CFI Exit command to return to Read mode from the CFI Query mode.



Product Identification

The Product Identification mode identifies the devices as the SST39LF/VF200A, SST39LF/VF400A and SST39LF/VF800A and manufacturer as SST. This mode may be accessed by software operations. Users may use the Software Product Identification operation to identify the part (i.e., using the device ID) when using multiple manufacturers in the same socket. For details, see Table 4 for software operation, Figure 11 for the Software ID Entry and Read timing diagram, and Figure 18 for the Software ID Entry command sequence flowchart.

TABLE 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION TABLE

	Address	Data
Manufacturer's ID	0000H	00BFH
Device ID		
SST39LF/VF200A	0001H	2789H
SST39LF/VF400A	0001H	2780H
SST39LF/VF800A	0001H	2781H

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Product Identification Mode Exit/ CFI Mode Exit

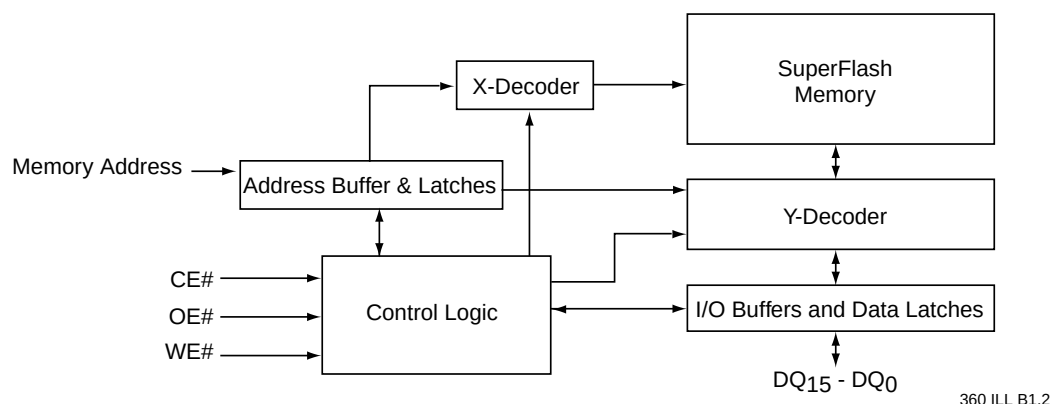
In order to return to the standard Read mode, the Software Product Identification mode must be exited. Exit is accomplished by issuing the Software ID Exit command sequence, which returns the device to the Read mode. This command may also be used to reset the device to the Read mode after any inadvertent transient condition that apparently causes the device to behave abnormally, e.g., not read correctly. Please note that the Software ID Exit/CFI Exit command is ignored during an internal Program or Erase operation. See Table 4 for software command codes, Figure 13 for timing waveform and Figure 18 for a flowchart.

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



SST39LF/VF800A SST39LF/VF400A SST39LF/VF200A

SST39LF/VF200A SST39LF/VF400A SST39LF/VF800A

A15	A15	A15
A14	A14	A14
A13	A13	A13
A12	A12	A12
A11	A11	A11
A10	A10	A10
A9	A9	A9
A8	A8	A8
NC	NC	NC
NC	NC	NC
WE#	WE#	WE#
NC	NC	NC
NC	NC	NC
NC	NC	NC
NC	NC	NC
A18	NC	NC
A17	A17	NC
A7	A7	A7
A6	A6	A6
A5	A5	A5
A4	A4	A4
A3	A3	A3
A2	A2	A2
A1	A1	A1

Standard Pinout
Top View
Die Up

48	A16	A16
47	NC	NC
46	VSS	VSS
45	DQ15	DQ15
44	DQ7	DQ7
43	DQ14	DQ14
42	DQ6	DQ6
41	DQ13	DQ13
40	DQ5	DQ5
39	DQ12	DQ12
38	DQ4	DQ4
37	VDD	VDD
36	DQ11	DQ11
35	DQ3	DQ3
34	DQ10	DQ10
33	DQ2	DQ2
32	DQ9	DQ9
31	DQ1	DQ1
30	DQ8	DQ8
29	DQ0	DQ0
28	OE#	OE#
27	VSS	VSS
26	CE#	CE#
25	A0	A0

SST39LF200A/400A/800A
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FIGURE 1: PIN ASSIGNMENTS FOR 48-LEAD TSOP



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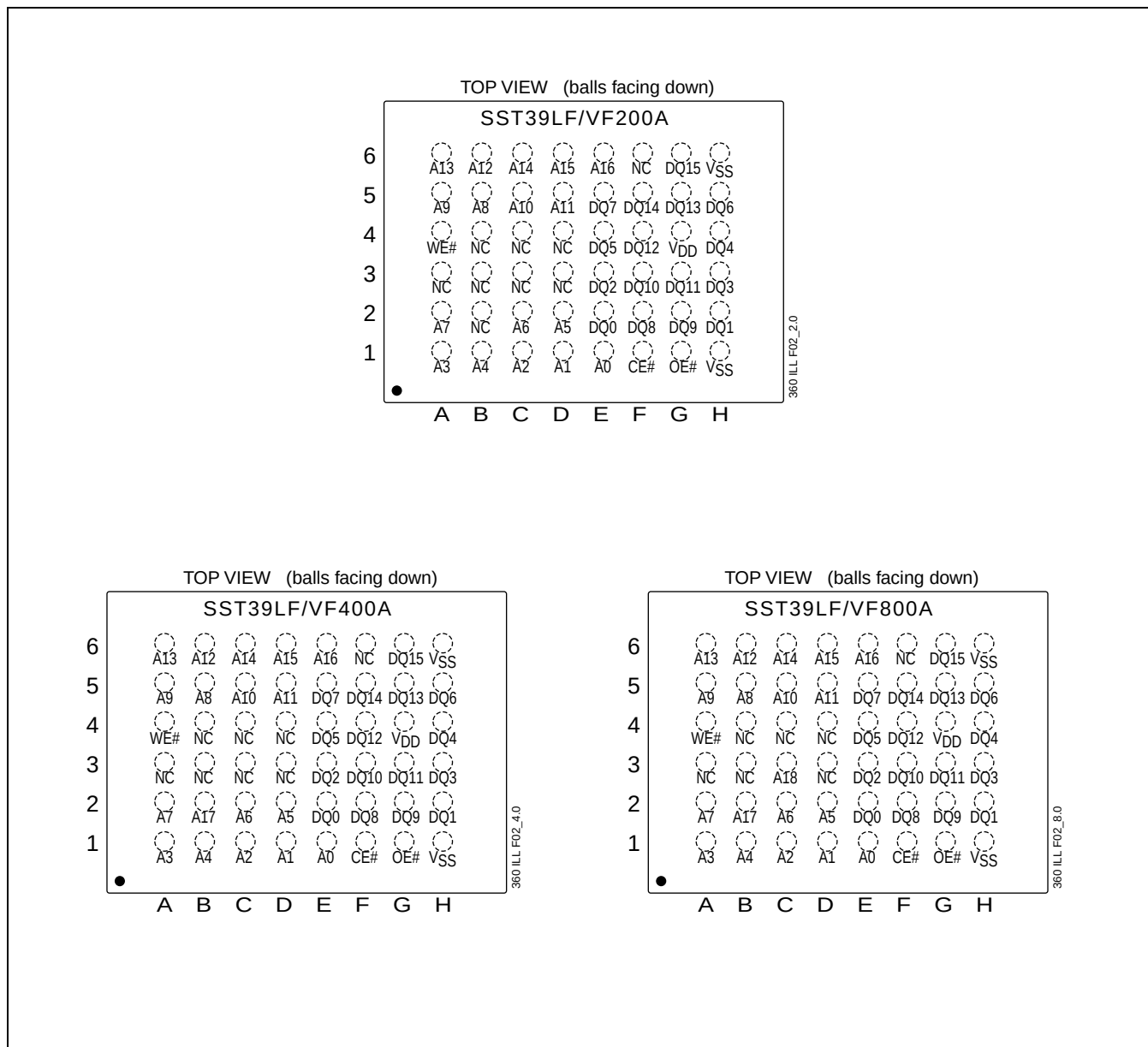


FIGURE 2: PIN ASSIGNMENTS FOR 48-BALL TFBGA

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SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A



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TABLE 2: PIN DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Pin Name	Functions
$A_{MS}^{1-A_0}$	Address Inputs	To provide memory addresses. During Sector-Erase $A_{MS}-A_{11}$ address lines will select the sector. During Block-Erase $A_{MS}-A_{15}$ address lines will select the block.
$DQ_{15}-DQ_0$	Data Input/output	To output data during Read cycles and receive input data during Write cycles. Data is internally latched during a Write cycle. The outputs are in tri-state when $OE\#$ or $CE\#$ is high.
$CE\#$	Chip Enable	To activate the device when $CE\#$ is low.
$OE\#$	Output Enable	To gate the data output buffers.
$WE\#$	Write Enable	To control the Write operations.
V_{DD}	Power Supply	To provide power supply voltage: 3.0-3.6V for SST39LF200A/400A/800A 2.7-3.6V for SST39VF200A/400A/800A
V_{SS}	Ground	
NC	No Connection	Unconnected pins.

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1. A_{MS} = Most significant address

$A_{MS} = A_{16}$ for SST39LF/VF200A, A_{17} for SST39LF/VF400A, and A_{18} for SST39LF/VF800A

TABLE 3: OPERATION MODES SELECTION

Mode	$CE\#$	$OE\#$	$WE\#$	DQ	Address
Read	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	D_{OUT}	A_{IN}
Program	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	D_{IN}	A_{IN}
Erase	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	X^1	Sector or Block address, XXH for Chip-Erase
Standby	V_{IH}	X	X	High Z	X
Write Inhibit	X	V_{IL}	X	High Z/ D_{OUT}	X
	X	X	V_{IH}	High Z/ D_{OUT}	X
Product Identification					
Software Mode	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}		See Table 4

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1. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} , but no other value.



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TABLE 4: SOFTWARE COMMAND SEQUENCE

Command Sequence	1st Bus Write Cycle		2nd Bus Write Cycle		3rd Bus Write Cycle		4th Bus Write Cycle		5th Bus Write Cycle		6th Bus Write Cycle	
	Addr ¹	Data ²	Addr ¹	Data ²	Addr ¹	Data ²	Addr ¹	Data ²	Addr ¹	Data ²	Addr ¹	Data ²
Word-Program	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	A0H	WA ³	Data				
Sector-Erase	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	80H	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	SA _X ⁴	30H
Block-Erase	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	80H	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	BA _X ⁴	50H
Chip-Erase	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	80H	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	10H
Software ID Entry ^{5,6}	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	90H						
CFI Query Entry ⁵	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	98H						
Software ID Exit ⁷ / CFI Exit	XXH	F0H										
Software ID Exit ⁷ / CFI Exit	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	F0H						

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- Address format A₁₄-A₀ (Hex),
Addresses A₁₅ and A₁₆ can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value, for the Command sequence for SST39LF/VF200A.
Addresses A₁₅, A₁₆, and A₁₇ can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value, for the Command sequence for SST39LF/VF400A.
Addresses A₁₅, A₁₆, A₁₇, and A₁₈ can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value, for the Command sequence for SST39LF/VF800A.
- DQ₁₅ - DQ₈ can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value, for the Command sequence
- WA = Program word address
- SA_X for Sector-Erase; uses A_{MS}-A₁₁ address lines
BA_X, for Block-Erase; uses A_{MS}-A₁₅ address lines
A_{MS} = Most significant address
A_{MS} = A₁₆ for SST39LF/VF200A, A₁₇ for SST39LF/VF400A and A₁₈ for SST39LF/VF800A
- The device does not remain in Software Product ID Mode if powered down.
- With A_{MS}-A₁ = 0; SST Manufacturer's ID = 00BFH, is read with A₀ = 0,
SST39LF/VF200A Device ID = 2789H, is read with A₀ = 1.
SST39LF/VF400A Device ID = 2780H, is read with A₀ = 1.
SST39LF/VF800A Device ID = 2781H, is read with A₀ = 1.
- Both Software ID Exit operations are equivalent

TABLE 5: CFI QUERY IDENTIFICATION STRING¹ FOR SST39LF200A/400A/800A AND SST39VF200A/400A/800A

Address	Data	Data
10H	0051H	Query Unique ASCII string "QRY"
11H	0052H	
12H	0059H	
13H	0001H	Primary OEM command set
14H	0007H	
15H	0000H	Address for Primary Extended Table
16H	0000H	
17H	0000H	Alternate OEM command set (00H = none exists)
18H	0000H	
19H	0000H	Address for Alternate OEM extended Table (00H = none exists)
1AH	0000H	

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- Refer to CFI publication 100 for more details.

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TABLE 6: SYSTEM INTERFACE INFORMATION FOR SST39LF200A/400A/800A AND SST39VF200A/400A/800A

Address	Data	Data
1BH	0027H ¹ 0030H ¹	V _{DD} Min. (Program/Erase) DQ ₇ -DQ ₄ : Volts, DQ ₃ -DQ ₀ : 100 millivolts
1CH	0036H	V _{DD} Max. (Program/Erase) DQ ₇ -DQ ₄ : Volts, DQ ₃ -DQ ₀ : 100 millivolts
1DH	0000H	V _{PP} min. (00H = no V _{PP} pin)
1EH	0000H	V _{PP} max. (00H = no V _{PP} pin)
1FH	0004H	Typical time out for Word-Program 2 ^N μs (2 ⁴ = 16 μs)
20H	0000H	Typical time out for min. size buffer program 2 ^N μs (00H = not supported)
21H	0004H	Typical time out for individual Sector/Block-Erase 2 ^N ms (2 ⁴ = 16 ms)
22H	0006H	Typical time out for Chip-Erase 2 ^N ms (2 ⁶ = 64 ms)
23H	0001H	Maximum time out for Word-Program 2 ^N times typical (2 ¹ x 2 ⁴ = 32 μs)
24H	0000H	Maximum time out for buffer program 2 ^N times typical
25H	0001H	Maximum time out for individual Sector/Block-Erase 2 ^N times typical (2 ¹ x 2 ⁴ = 32 ms)
26H	0001H	Maximum time out for Chip-Erase 2 ^N times typical (2 ¹ x 2 ⁶ = 128 ms)

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1. 0030H for SST39LF200A/400A/800A and 0027H for SST39VF200A/400A/800A

TABLE 7: DEVICE GEOMETRY INFORMATION FOR SST39LF/VF200A

Address	Data	Data
27H	0012H	Device size = 2 ^N Byte (12H = 18; 2 ¹⁸ = 256 KBytes)
28H 29H	0001H 0000H	Flash Device Interface description; 0001H = x16-only asynchronous interface
2AH 2BH	0000H	Maximum number of byte in multi-byte write = 2 ^N (00H = not supported)
2CH	0002H	Number of Erase Sector/Block sizes supported by device
2DH 2EH 2FH 30H	003FH 0000H 0010H 0000H	Sector Information (y + 1 = Number of sectors; z x 256B = sector size) y = 63 + 1 = 64 sectors (003FH = 63) z = 16 x 256 Bytes = 4 KBytes/sector (0010H = 16)
31H 32H 33H 34H	0003H 0000H 0000H 0001H	Block Information (y + 1 = Number of blocks; z x 256B = block size) y = 3 + 1 = 4 blocks (0003H = 3) z = 256 x 256 Bytes = 64 KBytes/block (0100H = 256)

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TABLE 8: DEVICE GEOMETRY INFORMATION FOR SST39LF/VF400A

Address	Data	Data
27H	0013H	Device size = 2^N Byte (13H = 19; 2^{19} = 512 KBytes)
28H	0001H	Flash Device Interface description; 0001H = x16-only asynchronous interface
29H	0000H	
2AH	0000H	Maximum number of byte in multi-byte write = 2^N (00H = not supported)
2BH	0000H	
2CH	0002H	Number of Erase Sector/Block sizes supported by device
2DH	007FH	Sector Information (y + 1 = Number of sectors; z x 256B = sector size)
2EH	0000H	
2FH	0010H	y = 127 + 1 = 128 sectors (007FH = 127)
30H	0000H	
31H	0007H	Block Information (y + 1 = Number of blocks; z x 256B = block size)
32H	0000H	
33H	0000H	y = 7 + 1 = 8 blocks (0007H = 7)
34H	0001H	
		z = 16 x 256 Bytes = 4 KBytes/sector (0010H = 16)
		z = 256 x 256 Bytes = 64 KBytes/block (0100H = 256)

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TABLE 9: DEVICE GEOMETRY INFORMATION FOR SST39LF/VF800A

Address	Data	Data
27H	0014H	Device size = 2^N Byte (14H = 20; 2^{20} = 1 MByte)
28H	0001H	Flash Device Interface description; 0001H = x16-only asynchronous interface
29H	0000H	
2AH	0000H	Maximum number of byte in multi-byte write = 2^N (00H = not supported)
2BH	0000H	
2CH	0002H	Number of Erase Sector/Block sizes supported by device
2DH	00FFH	Sector Information (y + 1 = Number of sectors; z x 256B = sector size)
2EH	0000H	
2FH	0010H	y = 255 + 1 = 256 sectors (00FFH = 255)
30H	0000H	
31H	000FH	Block Information (y + 1 = Number of blocks; z x 256B = block size)
32H	0000H	
33H	0000H	y = 15 + 1 = 16 blocks (000FH = 15)
34H	0001H	
		z = 16 x 256 Bytes = 4 KBytes/sector (0010H = 16)
		z = 256 x 256 Bytes = 64 KBytes/block (0100H = 256)

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Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings (Applied conditions greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions or conditions greater than those defined in the operational sections of this data sheet is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum stress rating conditions may affect device reliability.)

Temperature Under Bias -55°C to +125°C
 Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C
 D. C. Voltage on Any Pin to Ground Potential -0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
 Transient Voltage (<20 ns) on Any Pin to Ground Potential -1.0V to $V_{DD} + 1.0V$
 Voltage on A₉ Pin to Ground Potential -0.5V to 13.2V
 Package Power Dissipation Capability (Ta = 25°C) 1.0W
 Surface Mount Lead Soldering Temperature (3 Seconds) 240°C
 Output Short Circuit Current¹ 50 mA

1. Outputs shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.

OPERATING RANGE: SST39LF200A/400A/800A

Range	Ambient Temp	V _{DD}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	3.0-3.6V

OPERATING RANGE: SST39VF200A/400A/800A

Range	Ambient Temp	V _{DD}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	2.7-3.6V
Extended	-20°C to +85°C	2.7-3.6V
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	2.7-3.6V

AC CONDITIONS OF TEST

Input Rise/Fall Time	5 ns
Output Load	C _L = 30 pF for SST39LF200A/400A/800A
Output Load	C _L = 100 pF for SST39VF200A/400A/800A
See Figures 14 and 15	



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

Data Sheet

TABLE 10: DC OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{-}3.6\text{V}$ FOR SST39LF200A/400A/800A AND $2.7\text{-}3.6\text{V}$ FOR SST39VF200A/400A/800A

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Units	
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current				Address input = V_{IL}/V_{IH} , at $f=1/T_{RC}$ Min., $V_{DD}=V_{DD}$ Max.
	Read		30	mA	$CE\#=OE\#=V_{IL}$, $WE\#=V_{IH}$, all I/Os open
	Program and Erase		30	mA	$CE\#=WE\#=V_{IL}$, $OE\#=V_{IH}$
I_{SB}	Standby V_{DD} Current		20	μA	$CE\#=V_{IHC}$, $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Max.
I_{LI}	Input Leakage Current		1	μA	$V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{DD}$, $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Max.
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current		10	μA	$V_{OUT} = \text{GND to } V_{DD}$, $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Max.
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8		$V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Min.
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	$0.7V_{DD}$		V	$V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Max.
V_{IHC}	Input High Voltage (CMOS)	$V_{DD}-0.3$		V	$V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Max.
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage		0.2	V	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$, $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Min.
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$V_{DD}-0.2$		V	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$, $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$ Min.

T10.5 360

TABLE 11: RECOMMENDED SYSTEM POWER-UP TIMINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Units
$T_{PU-READ}^1$	Power-up to Read Operation	100	μs
$T_{PU-WRITE}^1$	Power-up to Program/Erase Operation	100	μs

T11.0 360

1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

TABLE 12: CAPACITANCE ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $f=1\text{ Mhz}$, other pins open)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Maximum
$C_{I/O}^1$	I/O Pin Capacitance	$V_{I/O} = 0\text{V}$	12 pF
C_{IN}^1	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$	6 pF

T12.0 360

1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

TABLE 13: RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum Specification	Units	Test Method
N_{END}^1	Endurance	10,000	Cycles	JEDEC Standard A117
T_{DR}^1	Data Retention	100	Years	JEDEC Standard A103
I_{LTH}^1	Latch Up	$100 + I_{DD}$	mA	JEDEC Standard 78

T13.1 360

1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.



AC CHARACTERISTICS

TABLE 14: READ CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{-}3.6\text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	SST39LF200A/400A-45		SST39LF200A/400A/800A-55		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
T_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	45		55		ns
T_{CE}	Chip Enable Access Time		45		55	ns
T_{AA}	Address Access Time		45		55	ns
T_{OE}	Output Enable Access Time		30		30	ns
T_{CLZ}^1	CE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T_{OLZ}^1	OE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T_{CHZ}^1	CE# High to High-Z Output		15		15	ns
T_{OHZ}^1	OE# High to High-Z Output		15		15	ns
T_{OH}^1	Output Hold from Address Change	0		0		ns

T14.7 360

1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

TABLE 15: READ CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{-}3.6\text{V}$

Symbol	Parameter	SST39VF200A/400A/800A-70		SST39VF200A/400A/800A-90		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
T_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	70		90		ns
T_{CE}	Chip Enable Access Time		70		90	ns
T_{AA}	Address Access Time		70		90	ns
T_{OE}	Output Enable Access Time		35		45	ns
T_{CLZ}^1	CE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T_{OLZ}^1	OE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T_{CHZ}^1	CE# High to High-Z Output		20		30	ns
T_{OHZ}^1	OE# High to High-Z Output		20		30	ns
T_{OH}^1	Output Hold from Address Change	0		0		ns

T15.6 360

1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash
SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A
SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

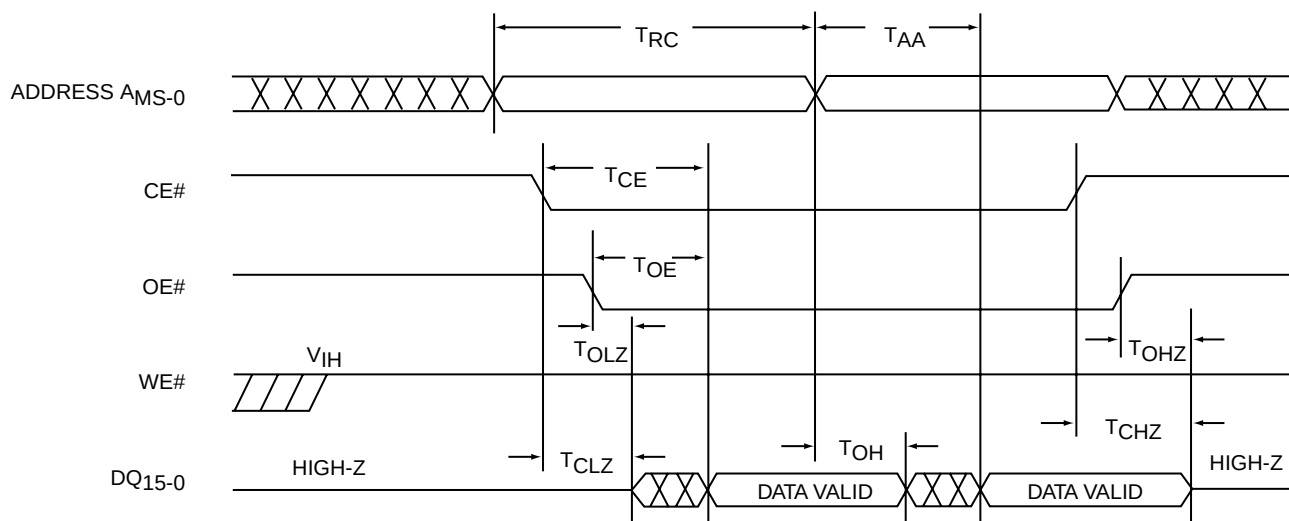
Data Sheet

TABLE 16: PROGRAM/ERASE CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
T _{BP}	Word-Program Time		20	μs
T _{AS}	Address Setup Time	0		ns
T _{AH}	Address Hold Time	30		ns
T _{CS}	WE# and CE# Setup Time	0		ns
T _{CH}	WE# and CE# Hold Time	0		ns
T _{OES}	OE# High Setup Time	0		ns
T _{OEH}	OE# High Hold Time	10		ns
T _{CP}	CE# Pulse Width	40		ns
T _{WP}	WE# Pulse Width	40		ns
T _{WPH} ¹	WE# Pulse Width High	30		ns
T _{CPH} ¹	CE# Pulse Width High	30		ns
T _{DS}	Data Setup Time	30		ns
T _{DH} ¹	Data Hold Time	0		ns
T _{IDA} ¹	Software ID Access and Exit Time		150	ns
T _{SE}	Sector-Erase		25	ms
T _{BE}	Block-Erase		25	ms
T _{SCE}	Chip-Erase		100	ms

T16.0 360

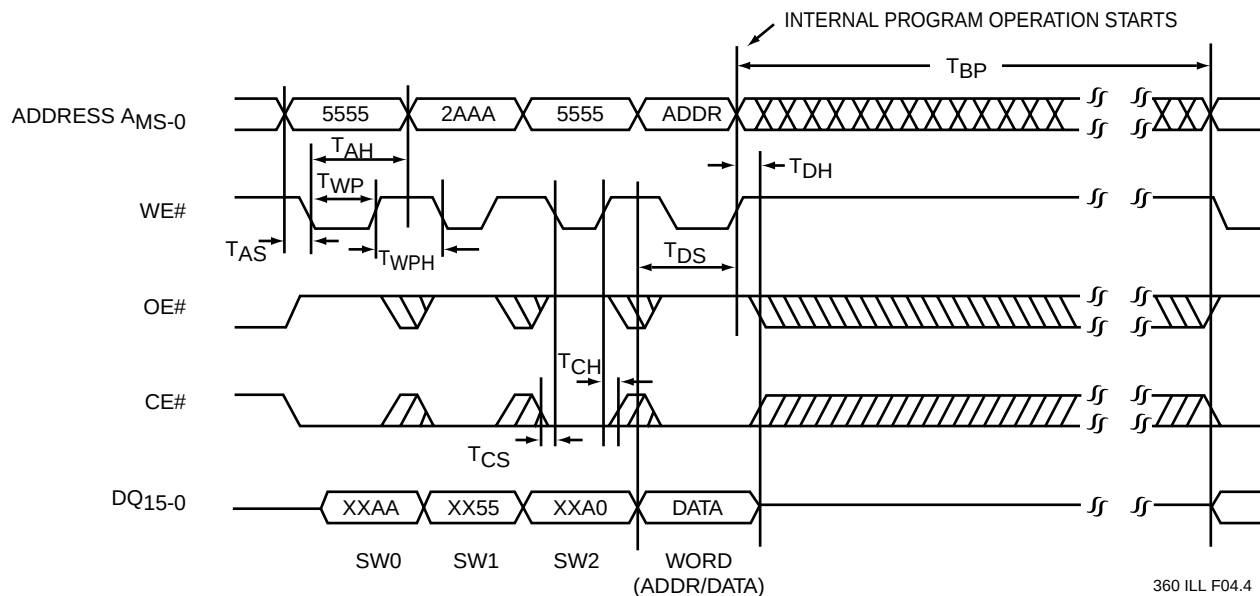
1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.



Note: A_{MS} = Most significant address
 $A_{MS} = A_{16}$ for SST39LF/VF200A, A_{17} for SST39LF/VF400A and A_{18} for SST39LF/VF800A

360 ILL F03.2

FIGURE 3: READ CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM



Note: A_{MS} = Most significant address
 $A_{MS} = A_{16}$ for SST39LF/VF200A, A_{17} for SST39LF/VF400A and A_{18} for SST39LF/VF800A
X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} , but no other value.

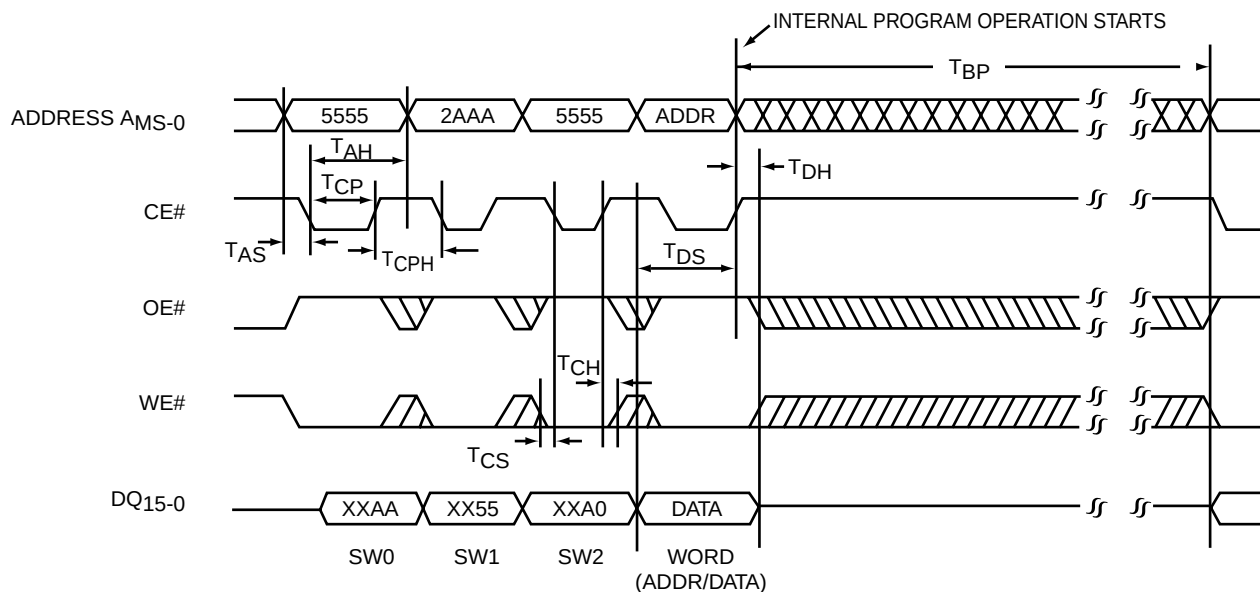
360 ILL F04.4

FIGURE 4: WE# CONTROLLED PROGRAM CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

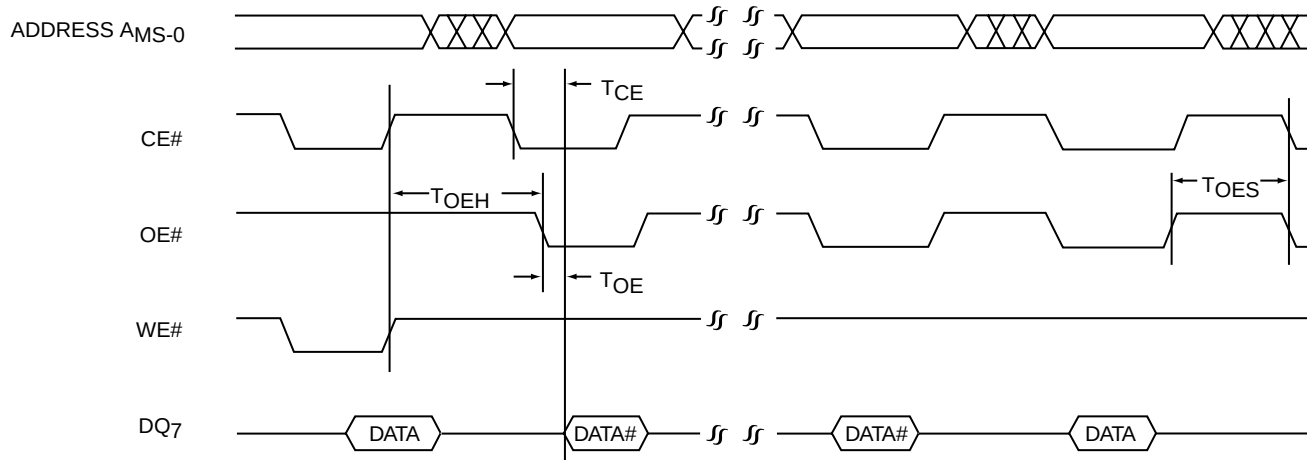
Data Sheet



Note: AMS = Most significant address
AMS = A₁₆ for SST39LF/VF200A, A₁₇ for SST39LF/VF400A and A₁₈ for SST39LF/VF800A
X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value.

360 ILL F05.4

FIGURE 5: CE# CONTROLLED PROGRAM CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM



Note: AMS = Most significant address
AMS = A₁₆ for SST39LF/VF200A, A₁₇ for SST39LF/VF400A and A₁₈ for SST39LF/VF800A

360 ILL F06.3

FIGURE 6: DATA# POLLING TIMING DIAGRAM

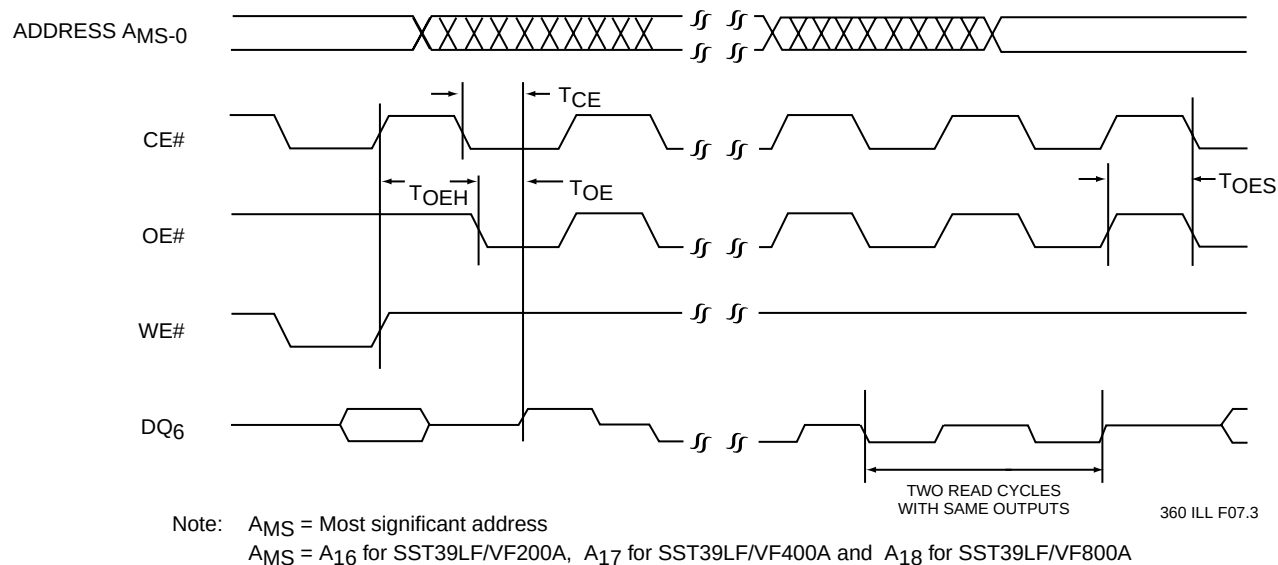


FIGURE 7: TOGGLE BIT TIMING DIAGRAM

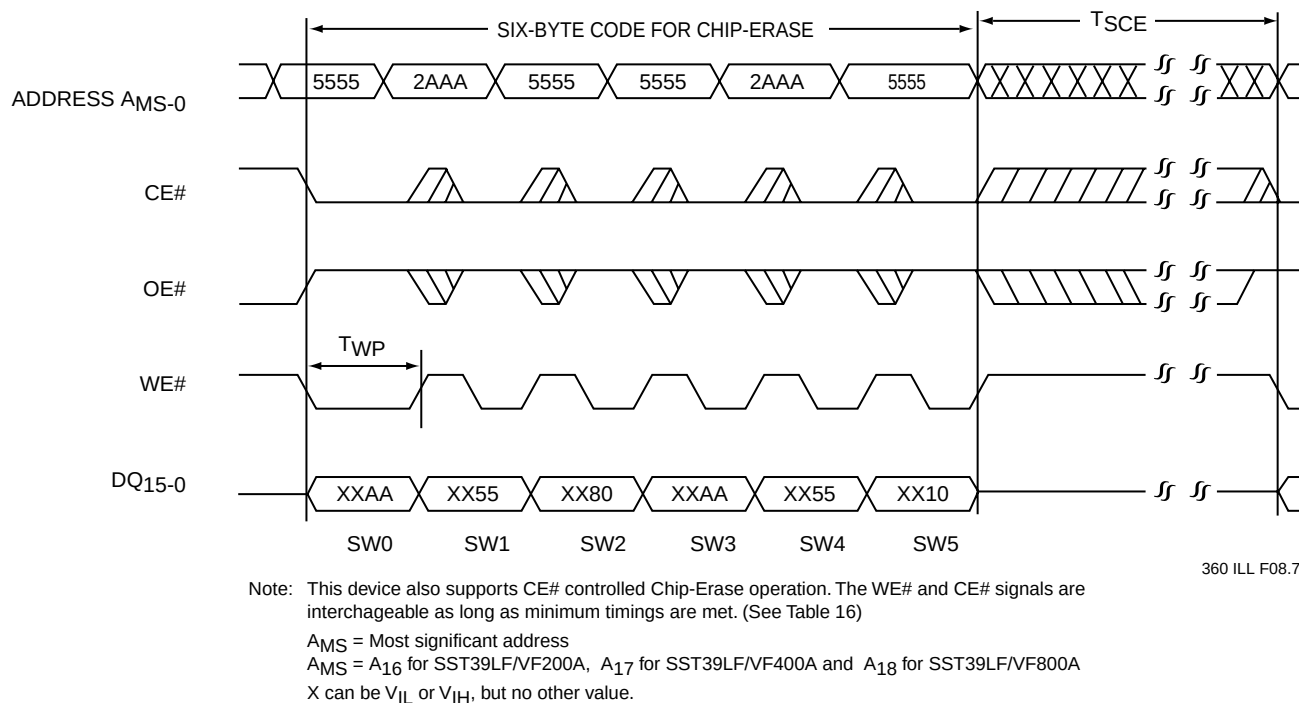
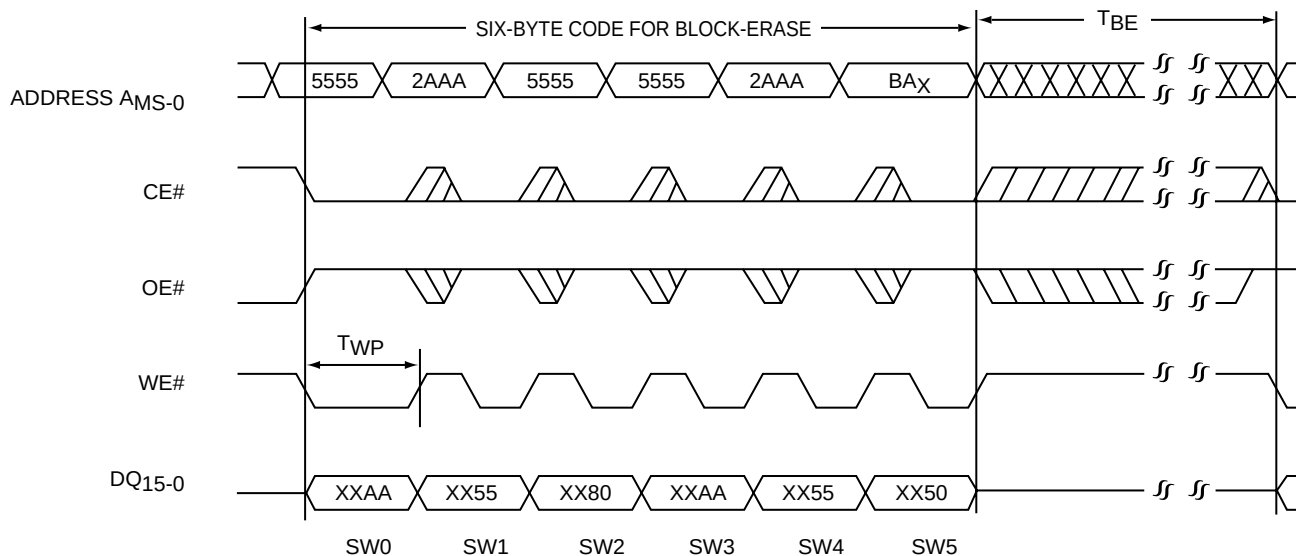


FIGURE 8: WE# CONTROLLED CHIP-ERASE TIMING DIAGRAM



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

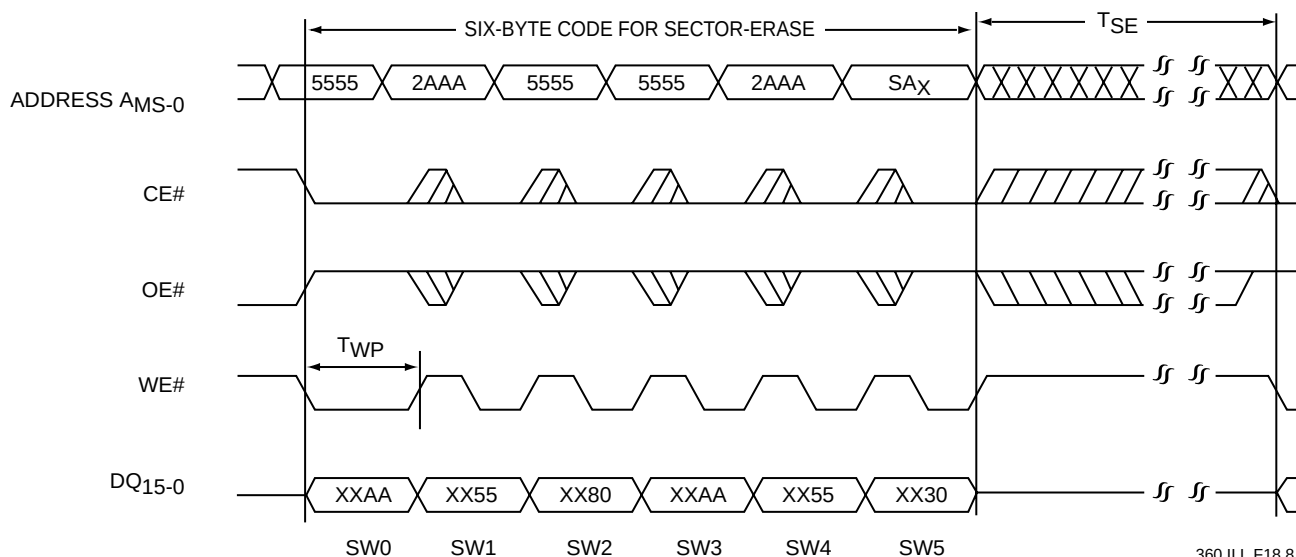
Data Sheet



360 ILL F17.9

Note: This device also supports CE# controlled Block-Erase operation. The WE# and CE# signals are interchangeable as long as minimum timings are met. (See Table 16)
BA_x = Block Address
A_{MS} = Most significant address
A_{MS} = A₁₆ for SST39LF/VF200A, A₁₇ for SST39LF/VF400A and A₁₈ for SST39LF/VF800A
X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value.

FIGURE 9: WE# CONTROLLED BLOCK-ERASE TIMING DIAGRAM



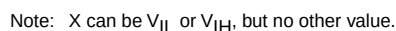
360 ILL F18.8

Note: This device also supports CE# controlled Sector-Erase operation. The WE# and CE# signals are interchangeable as long as minimum timings are met. (See Table 16)
SA_x = Sector Address
A_{MS} = Most significant address
A_{MS} = A₁₆ for SST39LF/VF200A, A₁₇ for SST39LF/VF400A and A₁₈ for SST39LF/VF800A
X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value.

FIGURE 10: WE# CONTROLLED SECTOR-ERASE TIMING DIAGRAM

Note: X can be V_{II} or V_{IH} , but no other value.

FIGURE 11: SOFTWARE ID ENTRY AND READ



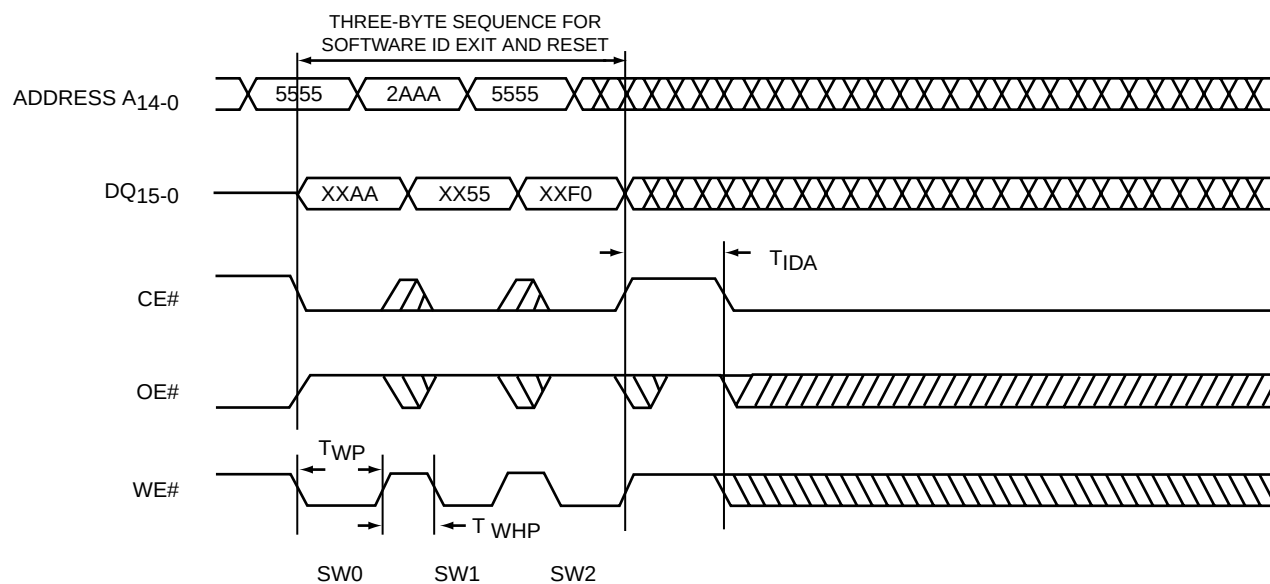
360 ILL F20.1

FIGURE 12: CFI QUERY ENTRY AND READ



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SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A
SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

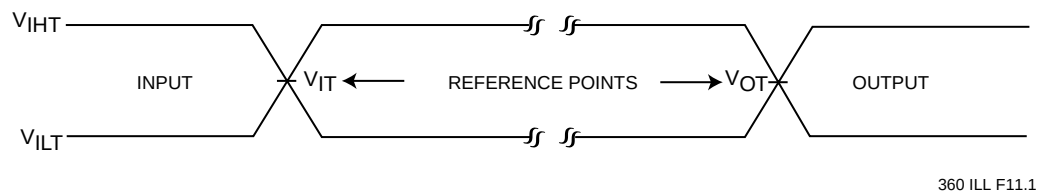
Data Sheet



Note: X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value.

360 ILL F10.1

FIGURE 13: SOFTWARE ID EXIT/CFI EXIT



AC test inputs are driven at V_{IHT} ($0.9 V_{DD}$) for a logic "1" and V_{ILT} ($0.1 V_{DD}$) for a logic "0". Measurement reference points for inputs and outputs are V_{IT} ($0.5 V_{DD}$) and V_{OT} ($0.5 V_{DD}$). Input rise and fall times ($10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%$) are <5 ns.

Note: V_{IT} - V_{INPUT} Test
 V_{OT} - V_{OUTPUT} Test
 V_{IHT} - V_{INPUT} HIGH Test
 V_{ILT} - V_{INPUT} LOW Test

FIGURE 14: AC INPUT/OUTPUT REFERENCE WAVEFORMS

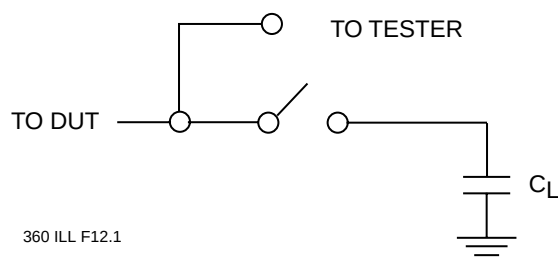


FIGURE 15: A TEST LOAD EXAMPLE

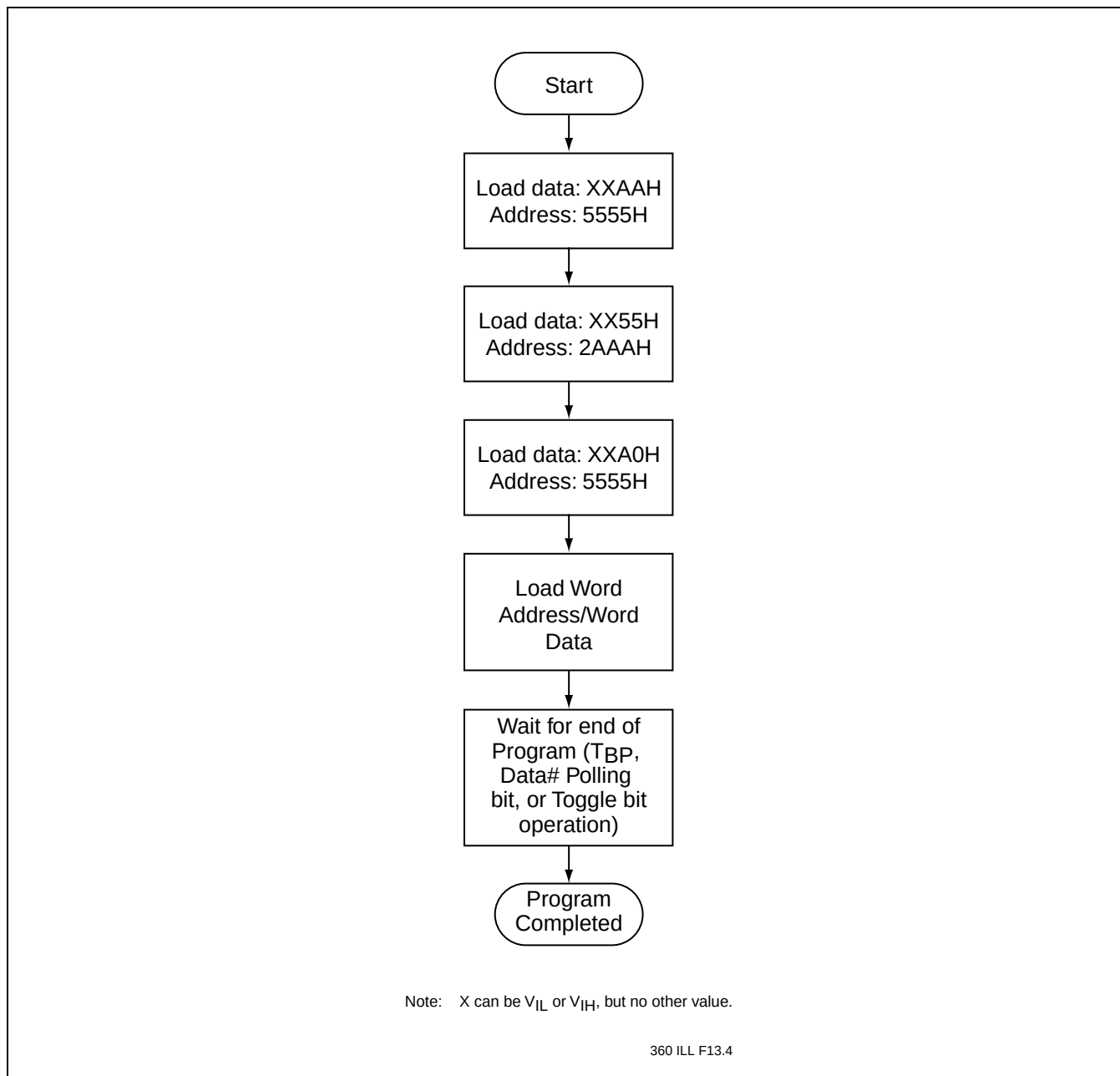
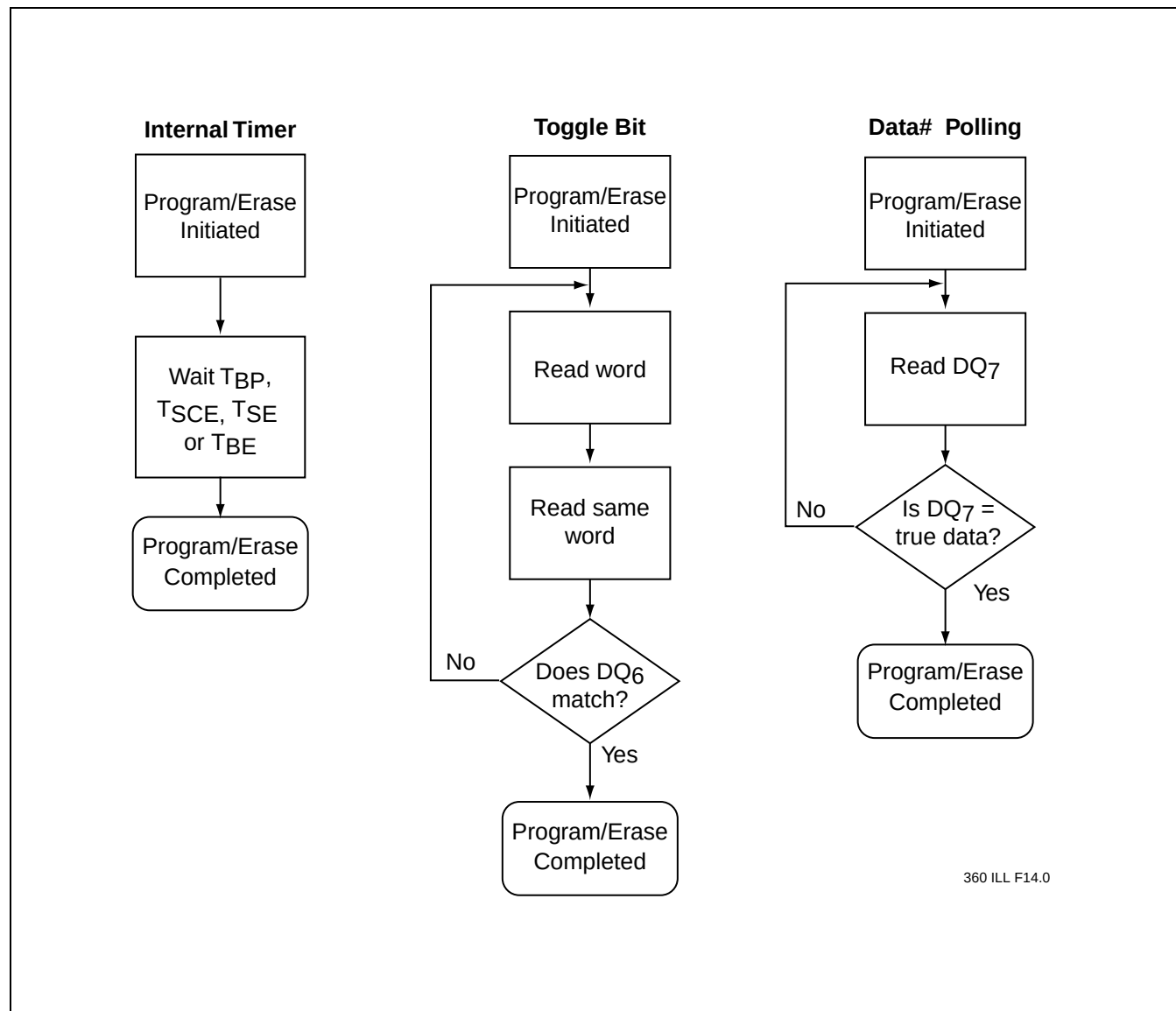


FIGURE 16: WORD-PROGRAM ALGORITHM



360 ILL F14.0

FIGURE 17: WAIT OPTIONS

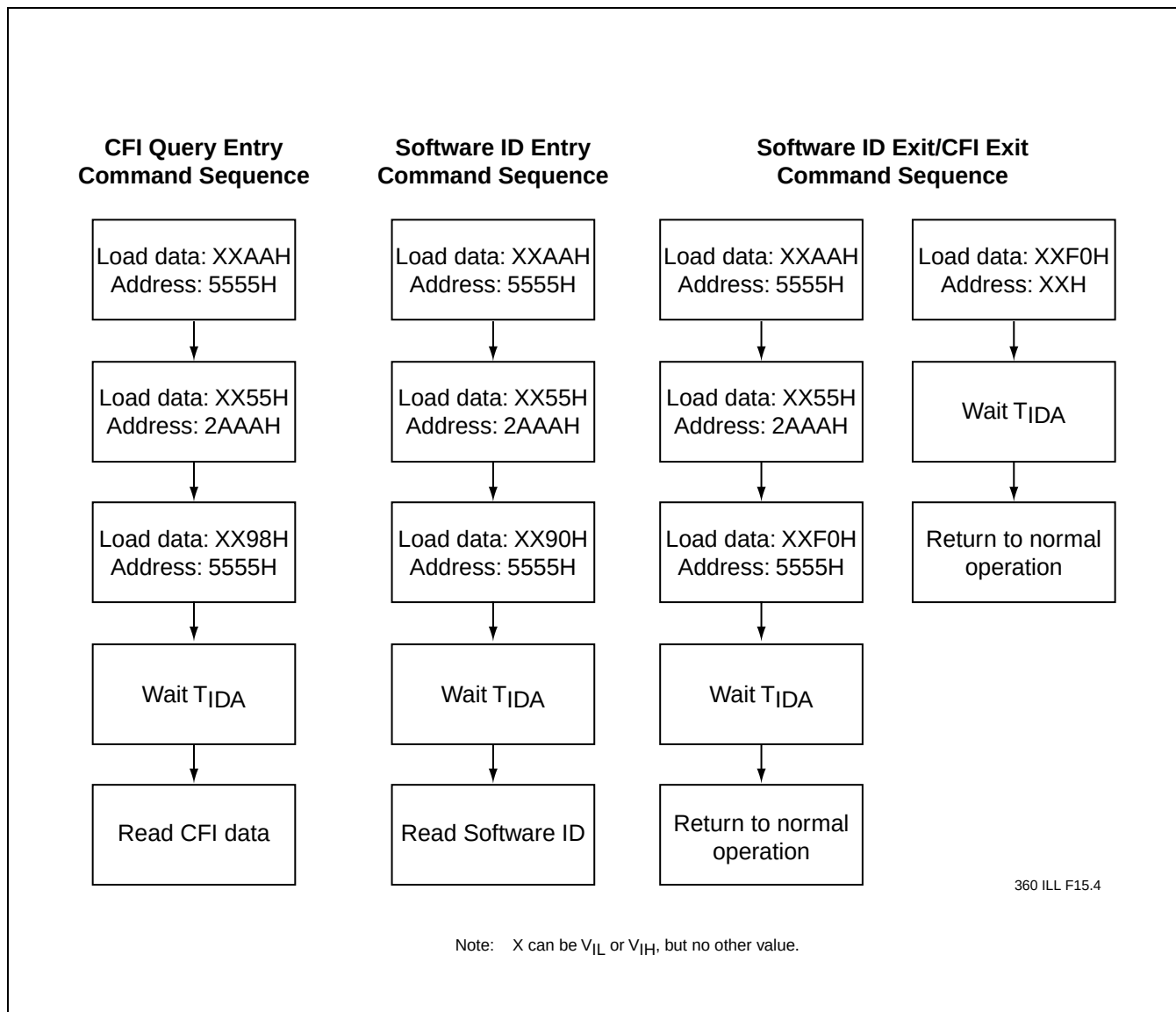


FIGURE 18: SOFTWARE ID/CFI COMMAND FLOWCHARTS

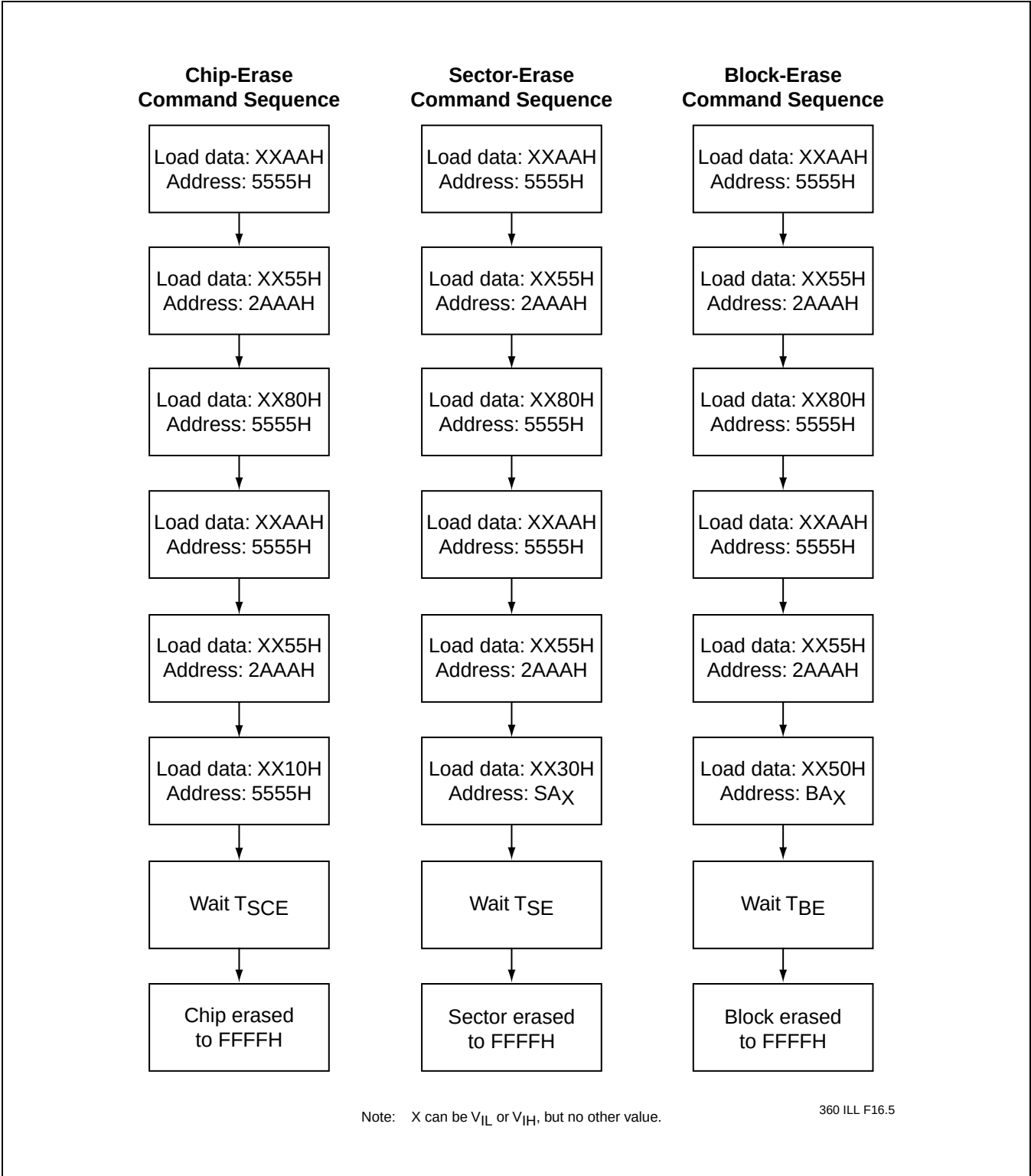


FIGURE 19: ERASE COMMAND SEQUENCE



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

Data Sheet

PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Speed	Suffix1	Suffix2
SST39x Fxxx A	- XX	- XX	- XX
			Package Modifier K = 48 leads or balls Numeric = Die modifier
			Package Type E = TSOP (12mm x 20mm) B3 = TFBGA (0.8mm pitch, 6mm x 8mm) U = Unencapsulated die
			Temperature Range C = Commercial = 0°C to +70°C E = Extended = -20°C to +85°C I = Industrial = -40°C to +85°C
			Minimum Endurance 4 = 10,000 cycles
			Read Access Speed 45 = 45 ns 55 = 55 ns 70 = 70 ns 90 = 90 ns
			Device Density 200 = 2 Megabit 400 = 4 Megabit 800 = 8 Megabit
			Voltage L = 3.0-3.6V V = 2.7-3.6V

2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash
SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A
SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A



Data Sheet

Valid combinations for SST39LF200A

SST39LF200A-45-4C-EK	SST39LF200A-45-4C-B3K
SST39LF200A-55-4C-EK	SST39LF200A-55-4C-B3K

Valid combinations for SST39VF200A

SST39VF200A-70-4C-EK	SST39VF200A-70-4C-B3K
SST39VF200A-90-4C-EK	SST39VF200A-90-4C-B3K
SST39VF200A-90-4C-U1	
SST39VF200A-70-4I-EK	SST39VF200A-70-4I-B3K
SST39VF200A-90-4I-EK	SST39VF200A-90-4I-B3K

Valid combinations for SST39LF400A

SST39LF400A-45-4C-EK	SST39LF400A-45-4C-B3K
SST39LF400A-55-4C-EK	SST39LF400A-55-4C-B3K

Valid combinations for SST39VF400A

SST39VF400A-70-4C-EK	SST39VF400A-70-4C-B3K
SST39VF400A-90-4C-EK	SST39VF400A-90-4C-B3K
SST39VF400A-90-4C-U1	
SST39VF400A-70-4I-EK	SST39VF400A-70-4I-B3K
SST39VF400A-90-4I-EK	SST39VF400A-90-4I-B3K

Valid combinations for SST39LF800A

SST39LF800A-55-4C-EK	SST39LF800A-55-4C-B3K
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Valid combinations for SST39VF800A

SST39VF800A-70-4C-EK	SST39VF800A-70-4C-B3K
SST39VF800A-90-4C-EK	SST39VF800A-90-4C-B3K
SST39VF800A-90-4C-U1	
SST39VF800A-70-4I-EK	SST39VF800A-70-4I-B3K
SST39VF800A-90-4I-EK	SST39VF800A-90-4I-B3K

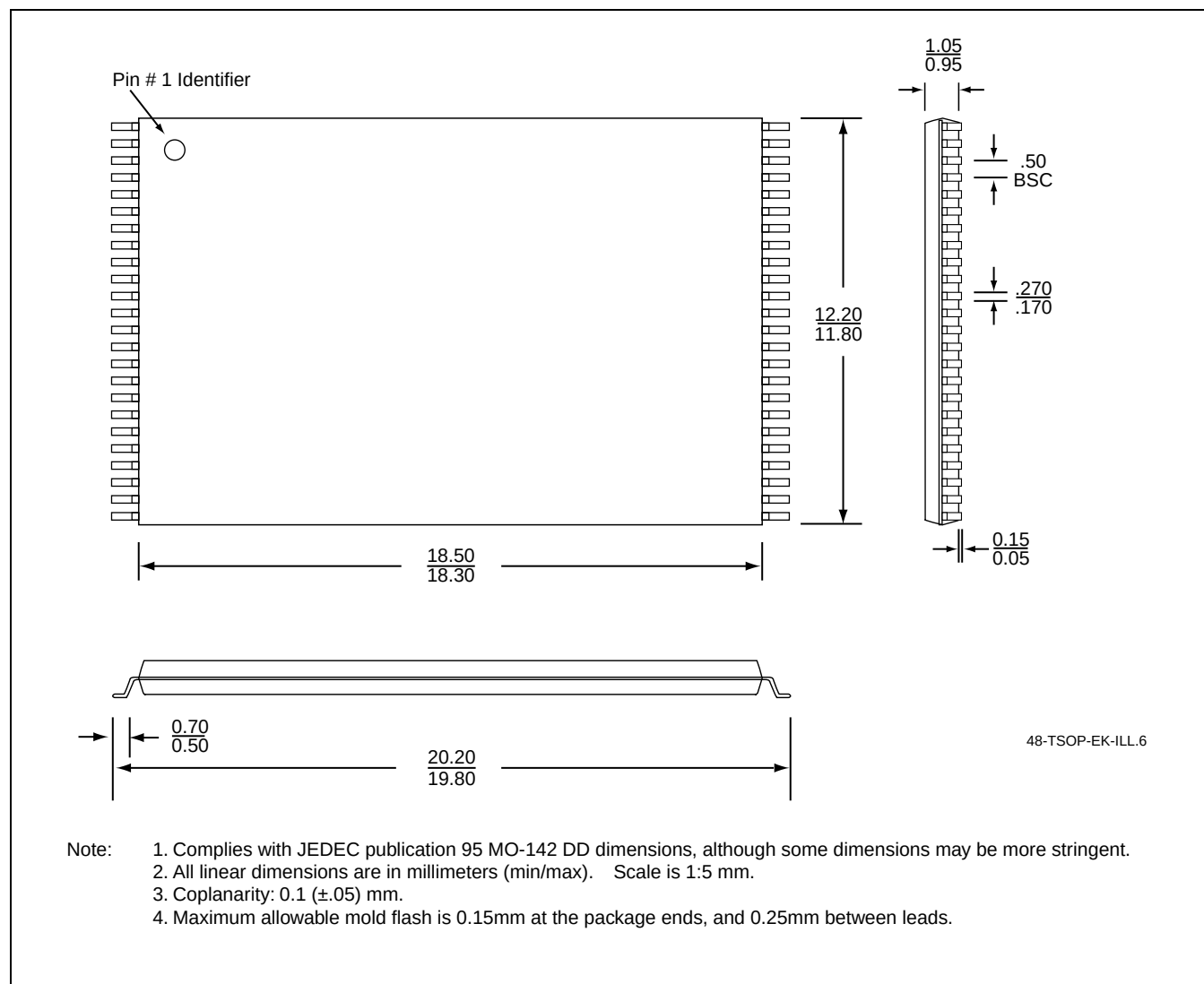
Note: Valid combinations are those products in mass production or will be in mass production. Consult your SST sales representative to confirm availability of valid combinations and to determine availability of new combinations.



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash
SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A
SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

Data Sheet

PACKAGING DIAGRAMS

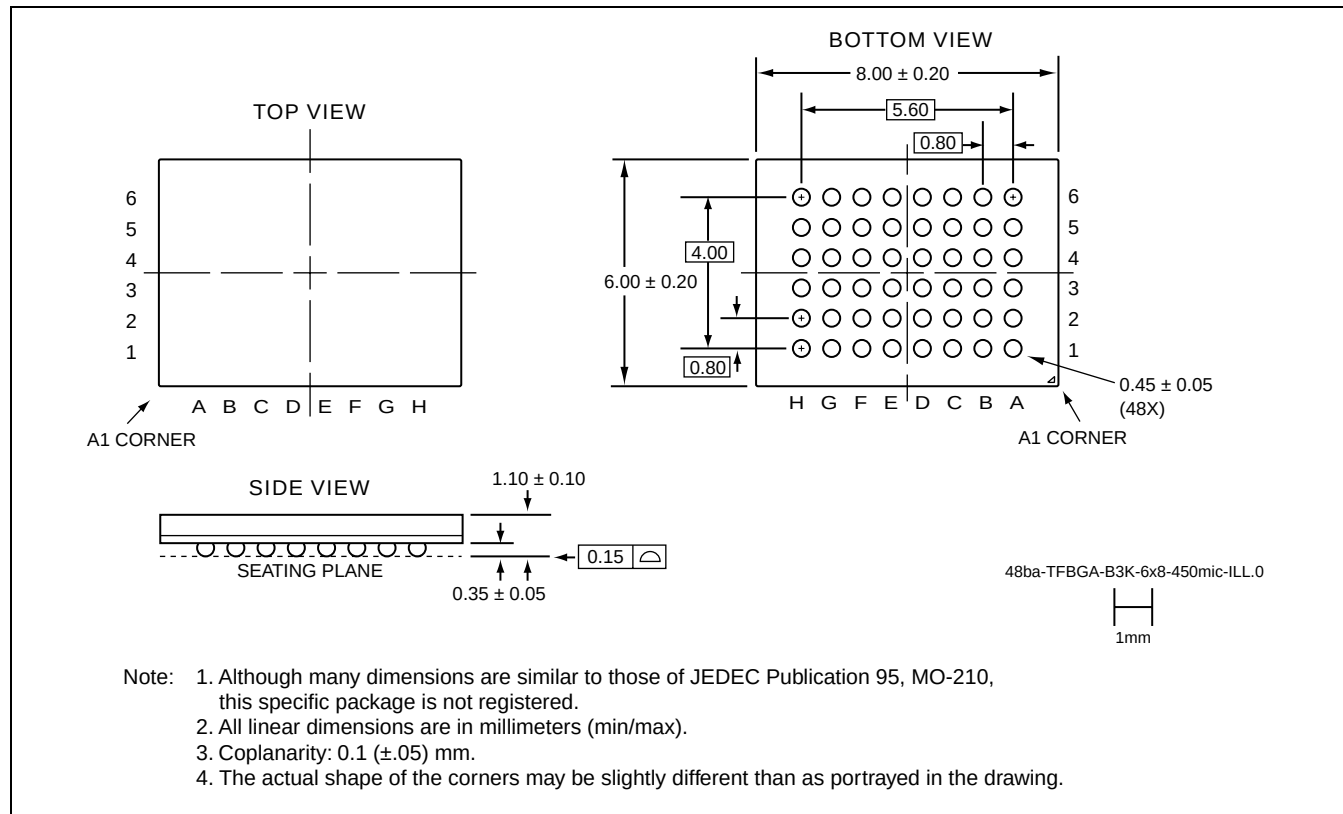


48-LEAD THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (TSOP) 12MM X 20MM
SST PACKAGE CODE: EK

2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash
SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A
SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A



Data Sheet



48-BALL THIN-PROFILE, FINE-PITCH BALL GRID ARRAY (TFBGA) 6MM X 8MM
SST PACKAGE CODE: B3K



2 Mbit / 4 Mbit / 8 Mbit Multi-Purpose Flash
SST39LF200A / SST39LF400A / SST39LF800A
SST39VF200A / SST39VF400A / SST39VF800A

Data Sheet