

**ARM<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0**  
**32-bit Microcontroller**

**NuMicro<sup>®</sup> Family**  
**M0519 Series**  
**Technical Reference Manual**

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## Table of Contents

|      |                                                                       |     |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 1    | GENERAL DESCRIPTION .....                                             | 10  |
| 2    | FEATURES .....                                                        | 11  |
| 3    | ABBREVIATIONS .....                                                   | 14  |
| 4    | PARTS INFORMATION LIST AND PIN CONFIGURATION .....                    | 16  |
| 4.1  | NuMicro® M0519 Selection Guide.....                                   | 16  |
| 4.2  | Pin Configuration.....                                                | 17  |
| 4.3  | Pin Description .....                                                 | 20  |
| 5    | BLOCK DIAGRAM .....                                                   | 40  |
| 6    | FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION.....                                           | 41  |
| 6.1  | ARM® Cortex®-M0 Core.....                                             | 41  |
| 6.2  | System Manager .....                                                  | 43  |
| 6.3  | Clock Controller .....                                                | 146 |
| 6.4  | Flash Memory Controller (FMC) .....                                   | 166 |
| 6.5  | General Purpose I/O (GPIO) .....                                      | 191 |
| 6.6  | Timer Controller (TIMER).....                                         | 215 |
| 6.7  | Basic PWM Generator and Capture Timer (BPWM) .....                    | 232 |
| 6.8  | Enhanced PWM Generator (EPWM) .....                                   | 261 |
| 6.9  | Enhanced Input Capture Timer (ECAP).....                              | 295 |
| 6.10 | Watchdog Timer (WDT).....                                             | 312 |
| 6.11 | Window Watchdog Timer (WWDT) .....                                    | 320 |
| 6.12 | Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART) .....              | 330 |
| 6.13 | I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Interface Controller (I <sup>2</sup> C) ..... | 383 |
| 6.14 | Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).....                                | 411 |
| 6.15 | Hardware Divider (HDIV) .....                                         | 445 |
| 6.16 | Enhanced Analog-to-Digital Converter (EADC).....                      | 452 |
| 6.17 | Analog Comparator (ACMP) .....                                        | 501 |
| 6.18 | OP Amplifier (OPA).....                                               | 511 |
| 7    | ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS .....                                      | 518 |
| 8    | PACKAGE DIMENSIONS .....                                              | 519 |
| 8.1  | LQFP 100L (14x14x1.4 mm footprint 2.0mm).....                         | 519 |
| 8.2  | LQFP 64L (7x7x1.4 mm footprint 2.0 mm).....                           | 520 |
| 8.3  | LQFP 48L (7x7x1.4mm footprint 2.0mm) .....                            | 521 |

9 REVISION HISTORY ..... 522

## List of Figures

|                                                                           |     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Figure 4-1 NuMicro® M0519 Selection Code .....                            | 16  |
| Figure 4-2 NuMicro® M0519VxxAE Series LQFP-100 Pin Diagram.....           | 17  |
| Figure 4-3 NuMicro® M0519SxxAE Series LQFP-64 Pin Diagram.....            | 18  |
| Figure 4-4 NuMicro® M0519LxxAE Series LQFP-48 Pin Diagram .....           | 19  |
| Figure 5-1 NuMicro® M0519 Series Block Diagram .....                      | 40  |
| Figure 6-1 Functional Controller Diagram .....                            | 41  |
| Figure 6-2 NuMicro® M0519 Series Power Distribution Diagram .....         | 44  |
| Figure 6-3 Clock Generator Block Diagram .....                            | 147 |
| Figure 6-4 Clock Generator Global View Diagram .....                      | 148 |
| Figure 6-5 System Clock Block Diagram.....                                | 149 |
| Figure 6-6 SysTick Clock Control Block Diagram.....                       | 149 |
| Figure 6-7 Clock Source of Frequency Divider .....                        | 150 |
| Figure 6-8 Block Diagram of Frequency Divider .....                       | 150 |
| Figure 6-9 Flash Memory Control Block Diagram .....                       | 167 |
| Figure 6-10 Flash Memory Organization.....                                | 169 |
| Figure 6-11 Example Flow of Boot Selection by BS Bit.....                 | 170 |
| Figure 6-12 Executable Range of Code with IAP Function Enabled .....      | 171 |
| Figure 6-13 Executing Range for boot from APROM and boot from LDROM ..... | 172 |
| Figure 6-14 ISP Procedure Example.....                                    | 174 |
| Figure 6-15 Flash Memory Structure (DFVSEN = 1).....                      | 175 |
| Figure 6-16 GPIO Controller Block Diagram .....                           | 192 |
| Figure 6-17 Push-Pull Output.....                                         | 193 |
| Figure 6-18 Open-Drain Output .....                                       | 193 |
| Figure 6-19 Quasi bi-directional I/O Mode .....                           | 194 |
| Figure 6-20 Enhanced PWM Output Driving Control.....                      | 195 |
| Figure 6-21 Timer Controller Block Diagram.....                           | 216 |
| Figure 6-22 Clock Source of Timer Controller .....                        | 216 |
| Figure 6-23 Continuous Counting Mode .....                                | 218 |
| Figure 6-24 External Capture Mode .....                                   | 219 |
| Figure 6-25 External Reset Counter Mode.....                              | 220 |
| Figure 6-26 BPWM Clock Source Control.....                                | 233 |
| Figure 6-27 BPWM Architecture Diagram .....                               | 233 |

|                                                                                              |     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Figure 6-28 Legend of Internal Comparator Output of BPWM-Timer .....                         | 234 |
| Figure 6-29 BPWM-Timer Operation Timing .....                                                | 235 |
| Figure 6-30 BPWM Edge-aligned Interrupt Generate Timing Waveform .....                       | 235 |
| Figure 6-31 Center-aligned Type Output Waveform .....                                        | 236 |
| Figure 6-32 BPWM Center-aligned Interrupt Generate Timing Waveform .....                     | 237 |
| Figure 6-33 BPWM Double Buffering Illustration.....                                          | 238 |
| Figure 6-34 BPWM Controller Output Duty Ratio.....                                           | 238 |
| Figure 6-35 Paired-BPWM Output with Dead-zone Generation Operation .....                     | 239 |
| Figure 6-36 Initial State and Polarity Control with Rising Edge Dead-zone Insertion<br>..... | 240 |
| Figure 6-37 BPWM Trigger EADC Timing Diagram .....                                           | 241 |
| Figure 6-38 Capture Operation Timing.....                                                    | 242 |
| Figure 6-39 BPWM Interrupt Architecture Diagram.....                                         | 243 |
| Figure 6-40 EPWM Block Diagram .....                                                         | 262 |
| Figure 6-41 EPWM Clock Source Control.....                                                   | 262 |
| Figure 6-42 PWM Time-base Generator .....                                                    | 263 |
| Figure 6-43 Edge-aligned PWM .....                                                           | 265 |
| Figure 6-44 PWM0 Edge aligned Waveform Output .....                                          | 265 |
| Figure 6-45 Edge-aligned Flow Diagram.....                                                   | 266 |
| Figure 6-46 Center-aligned Mode .....                                                        | 267 |
| Figure 6-47 Example PWM0 Center-aligned Waveform Output.....                                 | 268 |
| Figure 6-48 Center-aligned Flow Diagram (INT_TYPE = 0).....                                  | 269 |
| Figure 6-49 PWM Brake Function .....                                                         | 270 |
| Figure 6-50 PWM Brake Condition (Edge-aligned Mode) .....                                    | 271 |
| Figure 6-51 PWM Brake Condition (Center-aligned Mode).....                                   | 272 |
| Figure 6-52 PWM Output Driving Control.....                                                  | 272 |
| Figure 6-53 Dead-Time Insertion .....                                                        | 274 |
| Figure 6-54 Initial State and Polarity Control with Rising Edge Dead Time Insertion<br>..... | 275 |
| Figure 6-55 Illustration of Mask Control .....                                               | 276 |
| Figure 6-56 EPWM Trigger EADC Timing Diagram .....                                           | 278 |
| Figure 6-57 Architecture of Enhanced PWM Interrupts.....                                     | 279 |
| Figure 6-58 Input Capture Timer/Counter Clock Source Control .....                           | 295 |
| Figure 6-59 Input Capture Timer/Counter Architecture .....                                   | 296 |

|                                                                                                                       |     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Figure 6-60 Noise Filter Structure .....                                                                              | 296 |
| Figure 6-61 Noise Filter Sampling Clock Selection .....                                                               | 297 |
| Figure 6-62 Input Capture Timer/Counter Functions Block .....                                                         | 298 |
| Figure 6-63 Input Capture Units .....                                                                                 | 299 |
| Figure 6-64 Input Capture Timer/Counter Interrupt Architecture Diagram .....                                          | 300 |
| Figure 6-65 Watchdog Timer Block Diagram .....                                                                        | 312 |
| Figure 6-66 Watchdog Timer Clock Control .....                                                                        | 313 |
| Figure 6-67 Watchdog Timer Time-out Interval and Reset Period Timing .....                                            | 315 |
| Figure 6-68 Window Watchdog Timer Block Diagram .....                                                                 | 320 |
| Figure 6-69 Window Watchdog Timer Clock Control .....                                                                 | 321 |
| Figure 6-70 WWDT Reset and Reload Behavior .....                                                                      | 322 |
| Figure 6-71 UART Clock Control Diagram .....                                                                          | 331 |
| Figure 6-72 UART Block Diagram .....                                                                                  | 331 |
| Figure 6-73 Transmit Delay Time Operation .....                                                                       | 335 |
| Figure 6-74 UART nCTS Wake-up Case1 .....                                                                             | 335 |
| Figure 6-75 UART nCTS Wake-up Case2 .....                                                                             | 336 |
| Figure 6-76 Auto-Flow Control Block Diagram .....                                                                     | 338 |
| Figure 6-77 UART nCTS Auto-Flow Control Enabled .....                                                                 | 339 |
| Figure 6-78 UART nRTS Auto-Flow Control Enabled .....                                                                 | 339 |
| Figure 6-79 UART nRTS Auto-Flow with Software Control .....                                                           | 340 |
| Figure 6-80 IrDA Block Diagram .....                                                                                  | 340 |
| Figure 6-81 IrDA Timing Diagram .....                                                                                 | 342 |
| Figure 6-82 RS-485 nRTS Driving Level in Auto Direction Mode .....                                                    | 344 |
| Figure 6-83 RS-485 nRTS Driving Level with Software Control .....                                                     | 344 |
| Figure 6-84 Structure of RS-485 Frame .....                                                                           | 345 |
| Figure 6-85 Structure of LIN Frame .....                                                                              | 346 |
| Figure 6-86 Structure of LIN Byte .....                                                                               | 346 |
| Figure 6-87 Break detection in LIN mode .....                                                                         | 349 |
| Figure 6-88 LIN sync field measurement .....                                                                          | 352 |
| Figure 6-89 UA_BAUD update sequence in automatic resynchronization mode when<br>LINS_DUM_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[3]) = 1 ..... | 353 |
| Figure 6-90 UA_BAUD update sequence in automatic resynchronization mode when<br>LINS_DUM_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[3]) = 0 ..... | 353 |
| Figure 6-91 I <sup>2</sup> C Controller Block Diagram .....                                                           | 384 |

|                                                                                             |     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Figure 6-92 I <sup>2</sup> C Bus Timing .....                                               | 384 |
| Figure 6-93 I <sup>2</sup> C Protocol.....                                                  | 385 |
| Figure 6-94 START and STOP Condition .....                                                  | 386 |
| Figure 6-95 Bit Transfer on the I <sup>2</sup> C Bus .....                                  | 387 |
| Figure 6-96 Acknowledge on the I <sup>2</sup> C Bus .....                                   | 387 |
| Figure 6-97 Master Transmits Data to Slave.....                                             | 387 |
| Figure 6-98 Master Reads Data from Slave .....                                              | 388 |
| Figure 6-99 Control I <sup>2</sup> C Bus According to Current I <sup>2</sup> C Status ..... | 388 |
| Figure 6-100 Master Transmitter Mode Control Flow.....                                      | 389 |
| Figure 6-101 Master Receiver Mode Control Flow.....                                         | 390 |
| Figure 6-102 Slave Mode Control Flow.....                                                   | 392 |
| Figure 6-103 GC Mode .....                                                                  | 393 |
| Figure 6-104 Arbitration Lost.....                                                          | 394 |
| Figure 6-105 I <sup>2</sup> C Data Shifting Direction .....                                 | 396 |
| Figure 6-106 I <sup>2</sup> C Time out Count Block Diagram .....                            | 397 |
| Figure 6-107 EEPROM Random Read .....                                                       | 398 |
| Figure 6-108 Protocol of EEPROM Random Read .....                                           | 399 |
| Figure 6-109 SPI Block Diagram.....                                                         | 411 |
| Figure 6-110 SPI Clock Diagram .....                                                        | 413 |
| Figure 6-111 SPI Master Mode Application Block Diagram .....                                | 413 |
| Figure 6-112 SPI Slave Mode Application Block Diagram .....                                 | 414 |
| Figure 6-113 32-Bit in One Transaction .....                                                | 415 |
| Figure 6-114 Automatic Slave Selection (SS_LVL = 0, SP_CYCLE > 0x2) .....                   | 416 |
| Figure 6-115 Byte Reorder Function .....                                                    | 417 |
| Figure 6-116 Timing Waveform for Byte Suspend .....                                         | 418 |
| Figure 6-117 FIFO Threshold Comparator .....                                                | 419 |
| Figure 6-118 FIFO Mode Block Diagram .....                                                  | 420 |
| Figure 6-119 Transmit FIFO Buffer Example .....                                             | 421 |
| Figure 6-120 Receive FIFO Buffer Example .....                                              | 422 |
| Figure 6-121 SPI Timing in Master Mode.....                                                 | 424 |
| Figure 6-122 SPI Timing in Master Mode (Alternate Phase of SPI_CLK) .....                   | 425 |
| Figure 6-123 SPI Timing in Slave Mode.....                                                  | 426 |
| Figure 6-124 SPI Timing in Slave Mode (Alternate Phase of SPI bus clock) .....              | 427 |

|                                                                                 |     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Figure 6-125 HDIV Clock Source Control .....                                    | 445 |
| Figure 6-126 Hardware Divider Operation Flow .....                              | 446 |
| Figure 6-127 ADCA Converter Block Diagram .....                                 | 453 |
| Figure 6-128 ADCB Converter Block Diagram .....                                 | 454 |
| Figure 6-129 ADC Clock Control .....                                            | 454 |
| Figure 6-130 Single Sampling Mode Conversion Timing Diagram .....               | 456 |
| Figure 6-131 SAMPLEA0~3 and SAMPLEB0~3 Control Block Diagram .....              | 457 |
| Figure 6-132 SAMPLEA4~7 and SAMPLEB4~7 Control Block Diagram .....              | 458 |
| Figure 6-133 SAMPLE Conversion Priority Arbitrator Diagram .....                | 459 |
| Figure 6-134 $V_{BG}$ for Measuring $AV_{DD}$ Application Block Diagram .....   | 460 |
| Figure 6-135 PWM-triggered ADC Start .....                                      | 461 |
| Figure 6-136 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT0 Interrupt .....          | 463 |
| Figure 6-137 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT1 Interrupt .....          | 463 |
| Figure 6-138 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT2 Interrupt .....          | 464 |
| Figure 6-139 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT3 Interrupt .....          | 464 |
| Figure 6-140 Conversion Start Delay Timing Diagram .....                        | 465 |
| Figure 6-141 A/D Extend Sampling Timing Diagram .....                           | 466 |
| Figure 6-142 A/D Conversion Result Monitor Logics Diagram .....                 | 466 |
| Figure 6-143 A/D Controller Interrupts .....                                    | 467 |
| Figure 6-144 Analog Comparator Block Diagram .....                              | 502 |
| Figure 6-145 Analog Comparator Controller Interrupt .....                       | 503 |
| Figure 6-146 Comparator Hysteresis function .....                               | 504 |
| Figure 6-147 OP Amplifier Block Diagram .....                                   | 512 |
| Figure 6-148 OP Amplifier Interrupt Flags for Analog Comparator Interrupt ..... | 513 |

## List of Tables

|                                                                            |     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Table 6-1 Address Space Assignments for On-Chip Controllers .....          | 46  |
| Table 6-2 The protected register table. ....                               | 80  |
| Table 6-3 Exception Model .....                                            | 89  |
| Table 6-4 System Interrupt Map Vector Table .....                          | 90  |
| Table 6-5 Vector Table.....                                                | 91  |
| Table 6-6 Clock Stable Count Value Table .....                             | 146 |
| Table 6-7 Power-down mode Control Table.....                               | 153 |
| Table 6-8 Address Mapping Information .....                                | 168 |
| Table 6-9 ISP Mode Command.....                                            | 172 |
| Table 6-10 Brake Source, Condition and Action .....                        | 271 |
| Table 6-11 Even/Odd Outputs Drive Mode .....                               | 273 |
| Table 6-12 Watchdog Timer Time-out Interval Period Selection.....          | 314 |
| Table 6-13 WWDT Prescale Value Selection.....                              | 322 |
| Table 6-14 WWDT WINCMP Setting Limitation .....                            | 323 |
| Table 6-15 Baud Rate Equation Table .....                                  | 333 |
| Table 6-16 UART Controller Baud Rate Parameter Setting Example Table ..... | 334 |
| Table 6-17 UART Controller Baud Rate Register Setting Example Table.....   | 335 |
| Table 6-18 UART Interrupt Sources and Flags Table in Software Mode .....   | 337 |
| Table 6-19 UART Line Control of Word and Stop Length Setting .....         | 337 |
| Table 6-20 UART Line Control of Parity Bit Setting .....                   | 338 |
| Table 6-21 LIN Header selection in master mode.....                        | 347 |
| Table 6-22 I <sup>2</sup> C Status Code Description Table.....             | 397 |

## 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NuMicro® M0519 Series 32-bit microcontroller is embedded with the newest ARM® Cortex® -M0 core at a cost equivalent to traditional 8-bit microcontroller for industrial control and applications which need high performance.

The NuMicro® M0519 Series embedded with the Cortex®-M0 core runs up to 72 MHz and supports a variety of industrial control and applications which need high CPU performance. The NuMicro® M0519 Series provides 128K/64K bytes embedded flash, 4 Kbytes data flash, 8 Kbytes flash for the ISP, and 16K bytes embedded SRAM. This MCU includes advanced PWM function and input capture timer which are specially designed for motor driving application. It is also equipped with plenty of peripheral devices, such as Timers, Watchdog Timer, UART, SPI, I<sup>2</sup>C, PWM Timer, GPIO, 12-bit ADC, Low Voltage Detector and Brown-out detector. These useful functions make the NuMicro® M0519 Series powerful for a wide range of applications.

In addition, the NuMicro® M0519 Series is equipped with ISP (In-System Programming), ICP (In-Circuit Programming) functions and IAP (In-Application Programming) which allow user to update the program memory without removing the chip from the actual end product.

## 2 FEATURES

- Core
  - ARM® Cortex®-M0 core running up to 72 MHz
  - One 24-bit system timer
  - Supports Low Power Sleep mode by WFI instructions
  - Single-cycle 32-bit hardware multiplier
  - Supports programmable 4 level priorities of Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
  - Supports Serial Wire Debug (SWD) support with two watchpoints and four breakpoints
- Built-in LDO for wide operating voltage ranged from 2.5V to 5.5V
- Memory
  - 128K/64K bytes Flash for program memory (APROM)
  - 4KB Flash for data memory (Data Flash)
  - 8KB Flash for loader (LDROM)
  - Supports In-system program (ISP) and In-application program (IAP) application code update
  - Supports 2-wired ICP update through SWD/ICE interface
  - Supports fast parallel programming mode by external programmer
  - 16K bytes embedded SRAM
- Clock Control
  - Built-in 22.1184 MHz internal high speed RC oscillator (HIRC) for system operation (variation < 2% at -40°C ~ +105°C)
  - Built-in 10 kHz internal low speed RC oscillator (LIRC) for Watchdog Timer and wake-up operation
  - Built-in 4~24 MHz external high speed crystal oscillator (HXT) for precise timing operation
  - Supports one PLL up to 72 MHz for high performance system operation, sourced from HIRC and HXT
  - Supports clock output
- Hardware divider
  - Supports signed 32-bit dividend, 16-bit divisor operation
- GPIO port
  - Four I/O modes:
  - TTL/Schmitt trigger input selectable
  - Bit control available
  - I/O pin configured as interrupt source with edge/level trigger setting
  - Supports high driver and high sink current I/O (up to 16 mA at 5V)
  - INT0 and INT1 pins with individual interrupt vectors
  - Supports up to 82/51/38 GPIOs for LQFP100/64/48 respectively
- Timers
  - Supports 4 sets of 32-bit timers with 24-bit up-timer and one 8-bit prescale counter
  - Provides One-shot, Periodic, Toggle and Continuous Counting operation modes
  - Supports event counting function to count the event from external pin
- Watchdog Timer
  - Supports multiple clock sources from LIRC(default selection) and HCLK/2048
  - 8 selectable time-out period from 1.6ms ~ 26.0sec (depending on clock source)
  - Able to wake up from Power-down or Idle mode
  - Interrupt or reset selectable on watchdog time-out
  - Time-out reset delay period time can be selected
- Window Watchdog Timer

- Supports multiple clock sources from HCLK/2048 (default selection) and LIRC
- Window set by 6-bit counter with 11-bit prescale
- Able to wake up from Power-down or Idle mode
- Basic PWM
  - 1 unit of 16-bit basic PWM, up to 2ch output
  - Alternative function as input capture timer
- Enhanced PWM
  - 2 units of 16-bit enhanced PWM, up to 6ch output with dead-zone control, brake and polarity control for motor drive
  - Default tri-state during any reset
- Enhanced Input Capture
  - Up to 2 units of 24-bit input capture
  - Each unit has 3 inputs: ECAPx\_IC0, ECAPx\_IC1 and ECAPx\_IC2
- UART
  - Up to two 16550 compatible UART devices
  - Programmable baud-rate generator
  - Buffered receiving and transmitting, each with 16 bytes FIFO
  - Supports flow control (TX, RX, CTS and RTS)
  - Supports IrDA(SIR) function
  - Supports RS-485
- SPI
  - Up to three sets of SPI device
  - Supports SPI master/slave mode
  - Full duplex synchronous serial data transfer
  - Variable length of transfer data from 8 to 32 bits
  - MSB or LSB first data transfer
  - Rx and Tx on both rising or falling edge of serial clock independently
  - Supports Byte Suspend mode in 32-bit transmission
- I<sup>2</sup>C
  - Master/Slave up to 1 Mbit/s
  - Bi-directional data transfer between masters and slaves
  - Multi-master bus (no central master)
  - Arbitration between simultaneously transmitting masters
  - Programmable clocks allow versatile rate control
  - Multiple address recognition (four slave address with mask option)
- ADC
  - Two A/D converters
  - Each ADC with up to 8 channel, 12-bit resolution with 10-bit accuracy
  - 16 result registers
  - Sampling rate up to 800ksps
  - Two operating modes:
    - ◆ Single Sampling mode: Only one specified channel can be sampled at one time
    - ◆ Simultaneous Sampling mode: Allowing two ADC channels to be sampled simultaneously
  - Two converting result digital comparators.
  - Conversion start by software, external pins, or linked with Timer 0~3 or PWM module.
  - Channel 7 supports 3 input sources: external analog voltage, internal band-gap voltage and Internal temperature sensor output
- Up to three Analog Comparators

- Eternal input or internal band-gap voltage selectable at negative node
    - Interrupt when compared results change
- Up to two OPA (operational amplifier)
- Brown-out detector
  - 4 levels: 4.4V/3.7V/2.7V/2.2V
  - Optional brown-out interrupt or reset
- Built-in LDO for Wide Operating Voltage Range: 2.5V to 5.5V
- Low Voltage Reset
- 96-bit unique ID
- Operating Temperature: -40°C~105°C
- Develop tools: parallel writer or In-Circuit Programming (ICP) writer
- Packages:
  - All Green package (RoHS)
  - LQFP 100/64/48-pin

### 3 ABBREVIATIONS

| Acronym | Description                                     |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------|
| ACMP    | Analog Comparator Controller                    |
| ADC     | Analog-to-Digital Converter                     |
| AES     | Advanced Encryption Standard                    |
| APB     | Advanced Peripheral Bus                         |
| AHB     | Advanced High-Performance Bus                   |
| BOD     | Brown-out Detection                             |
| CAN     | Controller Area Network                         |
| DAP     | Debug Access Port                               |
| DES     | Data Encryption Standard                        |
| EBI     | External Bus Interface                          |
| EPWM    | Enhanced Pulse Width Modulation                 |
| FIFO    | First In, First Out                             |
| FMC     | Flash Memory Controller                         |
| FPU     | Floating-point Unit                             |
| GPIO    | General-Purpose Input/Output                    |
| HCLK    | The Clock of Advanced High-Performance Bus      |
| HIRC    | 22.1184 MHz Internal High Speed RC Oscillator   |
| HXT     | 4~24 MHz External High Speed Crystal Oscillator |
| IAP     | In Application Programming                      |
| ICP     | In Circuit Programming                          |
| ISP     | In System Programming                           |
| LDO     | Low Dropout Regulator                           |
| LIN     | Local Interconnect Network                      |
| LIRC    | 10 kHz internal low speed RC oscillator (LIRC)  |
| MPU     | Memory Protection Unit                          |
| NVIC    | Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller            |
| PCLK    | The Clock of Advanced Peripheral Bus            |
| PDMA    | Peripheral Direct Memory Access                 |
| PLL     | Phase-Locked Loop                               |
| PWM     | Pulse Width Modulation                          |
| QEI     | Quadrature Encoder Interface                    |
| SDIO    | Secure Digital Input/Output                     |
| SPI     | Serial Peripheral Interface                     |

|      |                                             |
|------|---------------------------------------------|
| SPS  | Samples per Second                          |
| TDES | Triple Data Encryption Standard             |
| TMR  | Timer Controller                            |
| UART | Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter |
| UCID | Unique Customer ID                          |
| USB  | Universal Serial Bus                        |
| WDT  | Watchdog Timer                              |
| WWDT | Window Watchdog Timer                       |

## 4 PARTS INFORMATION LIST AND PIN CONFIGURATION

### 4.1 NuMicro® M0519 Selection Guide

#### 4.1.1 NuMicro® M0519 Selection Guide

| Part Number | APROM (KB) | RAM (KB) | Data Flash (KB) | LDROM (KB) | I/O | Timer (32-Bit) | Connectivity |     |                  |     | Capture | PWM | ADC (12-Bit) | OPA | Comp. | ISP/ICP/IAP | Package |
|-------------|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|-----|----------------|--------------|-----|------------------|-----|---------|-----|--------------|-----|-------|-------------|---------|
|             |            |          |                 |            |     |                | UART         | SPI | I <sup>2</sup> C | LIN |         |     |              |     |       |             |         |
| M0519LD3AE  | 64         | 16       | 4               | 8          | 38  | 4              | 2            | 1   | 1                | 2   | -       | 6   | x2,<br>16-ch | 2   | 2     | v           | LQFP48  |
| M0519LE3AE  | 128        | 16       | Config.         | 8          | 38  | 4              | 2            | 1   | 1                | 2   | -       | 6   | x2,<br>16-ch | 2   | 2     | v           | LQFP48  |
| M0519SD3AE  | 64         | 16       | 4               | 8          | 51  | 4              | 2            | 2   | 1                | 2   | -       | 10  | x2,<br>16-ch | 2   | 2     | v           | LQFP64  |
| M0519SE3AE  | 128        | 16       | Config.         | 8          | 51  | 4              | 2            | 2   | 1                | 2   | -       | 10  | x2,<br>16-ch | 2   | 2     | v           | LQFP64  |
| M0519VE3AE  | 128        | 16       | Config.         | 8          | 82  | 4              | 2            | 3   | 1                | 2   | 6       | 14  | x2,<br>16-ch | 2   | 3     | v           | LQFP100 |

#### 4.1.2 NuMicro® M0519 Naming Rule

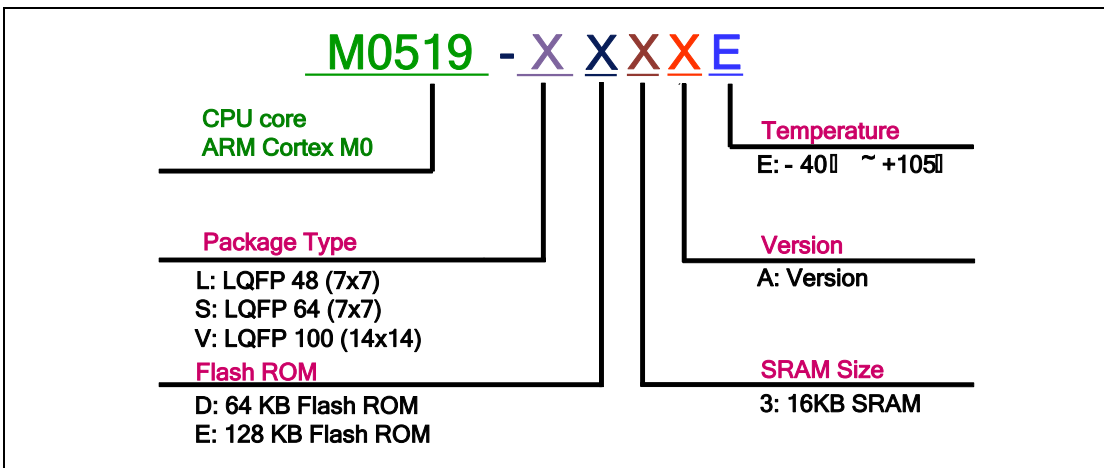


Figure 4-1 NuMicro® M0519 Selection Code

## 4.2 Pin Configuration

### 4.2.1 LQFP 100-pin

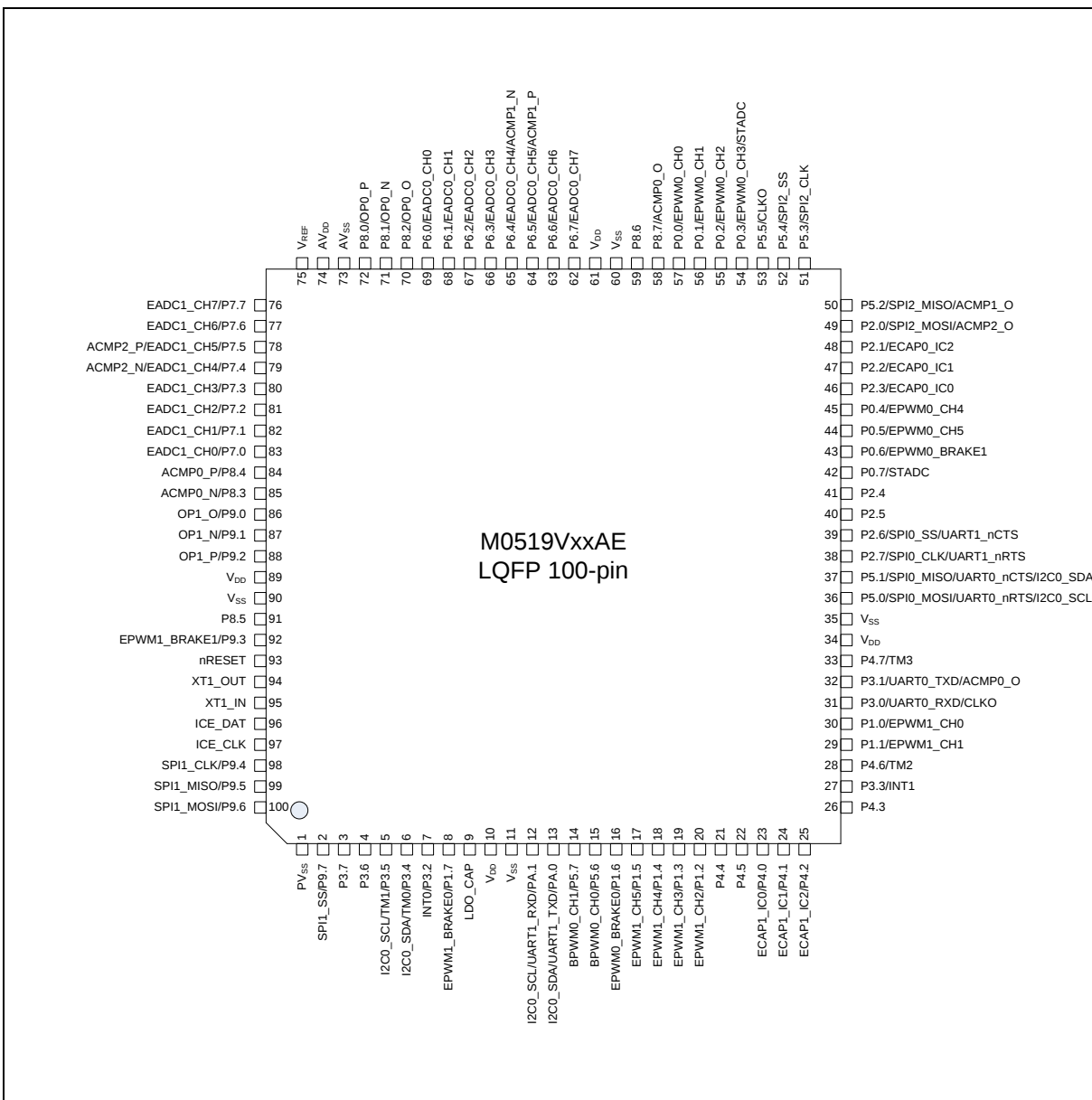


Figure 4-2 NuMicro® M0519VxxAE Series LQFP-100 Pin Diagram

## 4.2.2 LQFP 64-pin

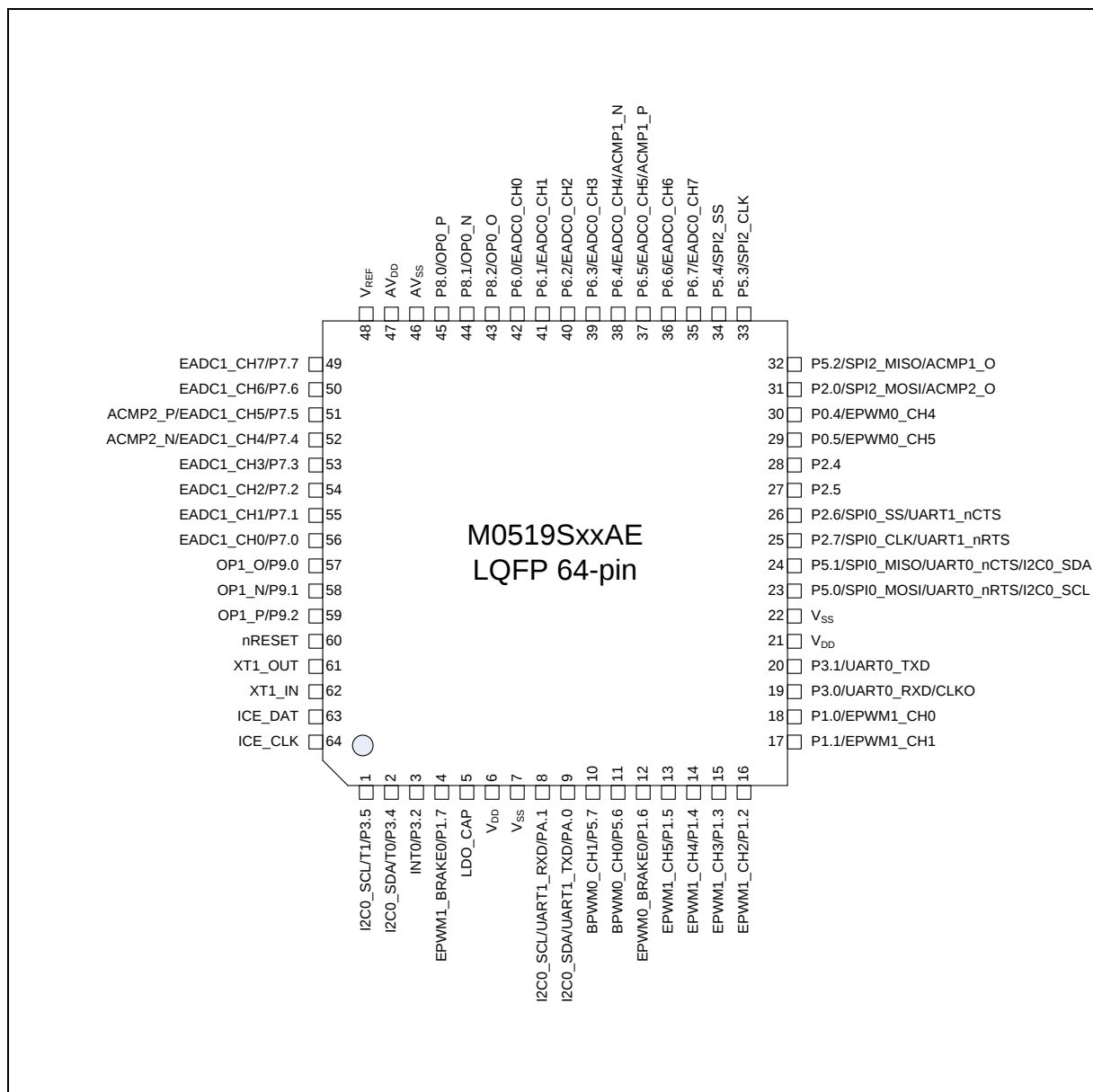


Figure 4-3 NuMicro® M0519SxxAE Series LQFP-64 Pin Diagram

### 4.2.3 LQFP 48-pin

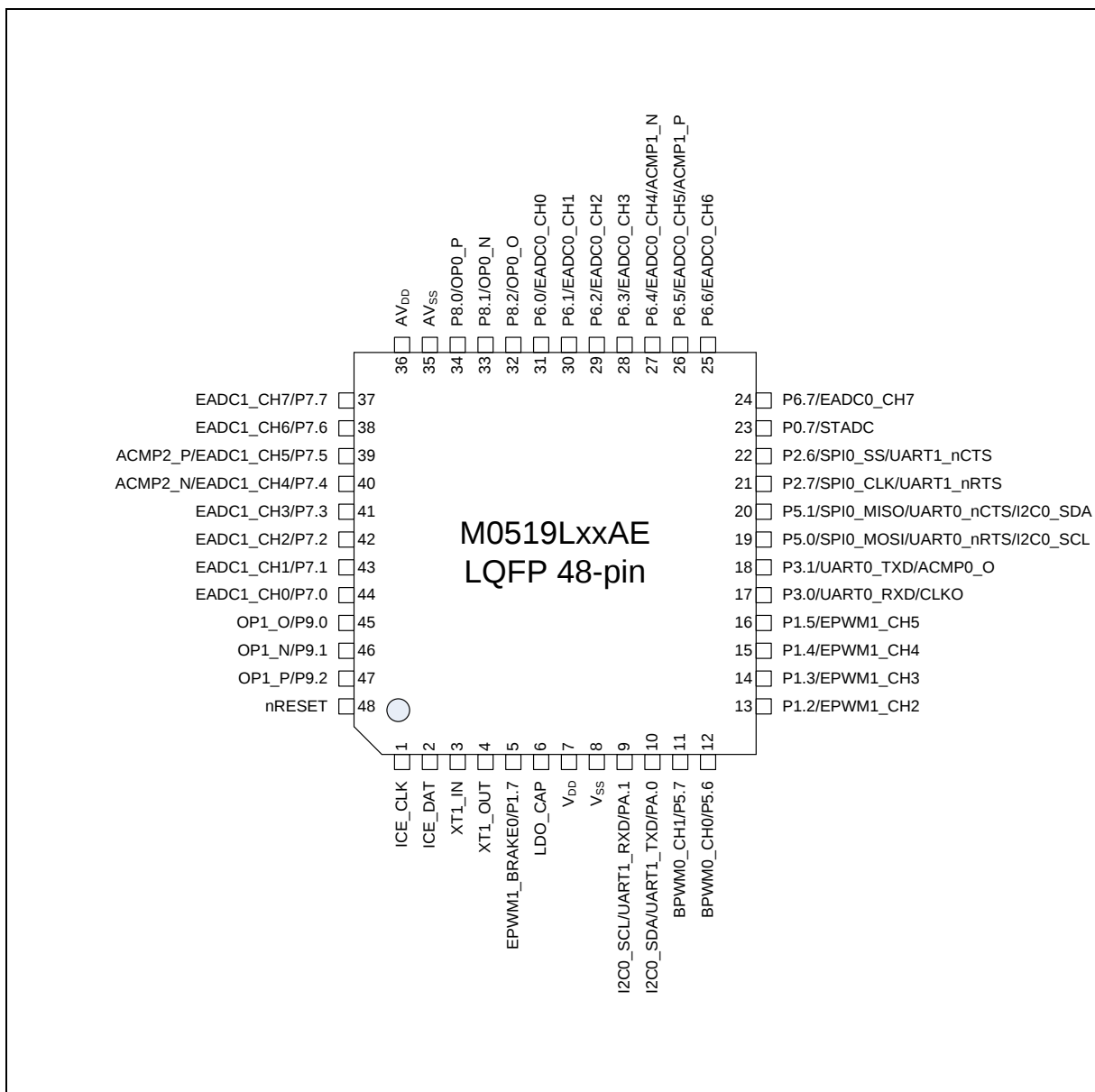


Figure 4-4 NuMicro® M0519LxxAE Series LQFP-48 Pin Diagram

### 4.3 Pin Description

#### 4.3.1 M0519 LQFP100 Pin Description

MFP\* = Multi-function pin. (Refer to section Px\_MFP)

P1.7 MFP0 means P1\_MFP[7] = 0.

PA.1 MFP3 means (PA\_MFP[9], PA\_MFP[1]) = (1,1).

| Pin No. | Pin Name        | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | V <sub>SS</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 2       | P9.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI1_SS         | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI1 slave select pin.                                                      |
| 3       | P3.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
| 4       | P3.6            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
| 5       | P3.5            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | TM1             | I/O  | MFP1 | Timer1 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output.                |
|         | I2C0_SCL        | I/O  | MFP2 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 6       | P3.4            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | TM0             | I/O  | MFP1 | Timer0 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output.                |
|         | I2C0_SDA        | I/O  | MFP2 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 7       | P3.2            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | INT0            | I    | MFP1 | External interrupt0 input pin.                                                  |
| 8       | P1.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_BRAKE0    | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM1.                                                     |
| 9       | LDO_CAP         | A    | MFP0 | LDO output pin.                                                                 |
| 10      | V <sub>DD</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 11      | V <sub>SS</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 12      | PA.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_RXD       | O    | MFP1 | Data receiver input pin for UART1.                                              |
|         | I2C0_SCL        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 13      | PA.0            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_TXD       | I    | MFP1 | Data transmitter output pin for UART1.                                          |
|         | I2C0_SDA        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 14      | P5.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |

| Pin No. | Pin Name     | Type | MFP* | Description                                                      |
|---------|--------------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | BPWM0_CH1    | I/O  | MFP1 | BPWM0 channel1 output/capture input.                             |
| 15      | P5.6         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | BPWM0_CH0    | I/O  | MFP1 | BPWM0 channel0 output/capture input.                             |
| 16      | P1.6         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM0_BRAKE0 | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM0.                                      |
| 17      | P1.5         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM1_CH5    | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel5 output.                                           |
| 18      | P1.4         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM1_CH4    | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel4 output.                                           |
| 19      | P1.3         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM1_CH3    | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel3 output.                                           |
| 20      | P1.2         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM1_CH2    | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel2 output.                                           |
| 21      | P4.4         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
| 22      | P4.5         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
| 23      | P4.0         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | ECAP1_IC0    | I    | MFP1 | Input 0 of enhanced capture unit 1.                              |
| 24      | P4.1         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | ECAP1_IC1    | I    | MFP1 | Input 1 of enhanced capture unit 1.                              |
| 25      | P4.2         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | ECAP1_IC2    | I    | MFP1 | Input 2 of enhanced capture unit 1.                              |
| 26      | P4.3         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
| 27      | P3.3         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | INT1         | I    | MFP1 | External interrupt1 input pin.                                   |
| 28      | P4.6         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | TM2          | I/O  | MFP1 | Timer2 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output. |
| 29      | P1.1         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM1_CH1    | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel1 output.                                           |
| 30      | P1.0         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |
|         | EPWM1_CH0    | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel0 output.                                           |
| 31      | P3.0         | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                 |

| Pin No. | Pin Name        | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | UART0_RXD       | O    | MFP1 | Data receiver input pin for UART0.                                              |
|         | CLKO            | O    | MFP2 | Clock Output.                                                                   |
| 32      | P3.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART0_TXD       | I    | MFP1 | Data transmitter output pin for UART0.                                          |
|         | ACMP0_O         | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator0 output.                                                      |
| 33      | P4.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | TM3             | I/O  | MFP1 | Timer3 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output.                |
| 34      | V <sub>DD</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 35      | V <sub>SS</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 36      | P5.0            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_MOSI       | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI0 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                                       |
|         | UART0_nRTS      | O    | MFP2 | Request to Send output pin for UART0.                                           |
|         | I2C0_SCL        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 37      | P5.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_MISO       | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI0 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                                       |
|         | UART0_nCTS      | I    | MFP2 | Clear to Send input pin for UART0.                                              |
|         | I2C0_SDA        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 38      | P2.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_CLK        | O    | MFP2 | SPI0 serial clock pin.                                                          |
|         | UART1_nRTS      | O    | MFP3 | Request to Send output pin for UART1.                                           |
| 39      | P2.6            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_SS         | I/O  | MFP2 | 1st SPI0 slave select pin.                                                      |
|         | UART1_nCTS      | I    | MFP3 | Clear to Send input pin for UART1.                                              |
| 40      | P2.5            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
| 41      | P2.4            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
| 42      | P0.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | STADC           | I    | MFP1 | ADC external trigger input.                                                     |
| 43      | P0.6            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM0_BRAKE1    | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 1 of EPWM0.                                                     |
| 44      | P0.5            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM0_CH5       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel5 output.                                                          |

| Pin No. | Pin Name  | Type | MFP* | Description                               |
|---------|-----------|------|------|-------------------------------------------|
| 45      | P0.4      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | EPWM0_CH4 | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel4 output.                    |
| 46      | P2.3      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | ECAP0_IC0 | I    | MFP1 | Input 0 of enhanced capture unit 0.       |
| 47      | P2.2      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | ECAP0_IC1 | I    | MFP1 | Input 1 of enhanced capture unit 0.       |
| 48      | P2.1      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | ECAP0_IC2 | I    | MFP1 | Input 2 of enhanced capture unit 0.       |
| 49      | P2.0      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | SPI2_MOSI | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI2 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin. |
|         | ACMP2_O   | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator2 output.                |
| 50      | P5.2      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | SPI2_MISO | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI2 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin. |
|         | ACMP1_O   | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator1 output.                |
| 51      | P5.3      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | SPI2_CLK  | O    | MFP1 | SPI2 serial clock pin.                    |
| 52      | P5.4      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | SPI2_SS   | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI2 slave select pin.                |
| 53      | P5.5      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | CLKO      | O    | MFP1 | Clock Output.                             |
| 54      | P0.3      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | EPWM0_CH3 | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel3 output.                    |
|         | STADC     | I    | MFP3 | ADC external trigger input.               |
| 55      | P0.2      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | EPWM0_CH2 | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel2 output.                    |
| 56      | P0.1      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | EPWM0_CH1 | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel1 output.                    |
| 57      | P0.0      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | EPWM0_CH0 | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel0 output.                    |
| 58      | P8.7      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |
|         | ACMP0_O   | O    | MFP1 | Analog comparator0 output.                |
| 59      | P8.6      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.          |

| Pin No. | Pin Name             | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|----------------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 60      | V <sub>SS</sub>      | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 61      | V <sub>DD</sub>      | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 62      | P6.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH7            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel7 analog input.                                                    |
| 63      | P6.6                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH6            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel6 analog input.                                                    |
| 64      | P6.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH5 or ACMP1_P | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel5 analog input or Analog comparator1 positive input pin.           |
| 65      | P6.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH4 or ACMP1_N | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel4 analog input or Analog comparator1 negative input pin.           |
| 66      | P6.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH3            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel3 analog input.                                                    |
| 67      | P6.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH2            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel2 analog input.                                                    |
| 68      | P6.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH1            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel1 analog input.                                                    |
| 69      | P6.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC0_CH0            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel0 analog input.                                                    |
| 70      | P8.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | OP0_O                | O    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier output pin.                                               |
| 71      | P8.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | OP0_N                | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                                       |
| 72      | P8.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | OP0_P                | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                                       |
| 73      | AV <sub>SS</sub>     | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for analog circuit.                                                  |
| 74      | AV <sub>DD</sub>     | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for internal analog circuit.                                       |
| 75      | V <sub>REF</sub>     | I    | MFP0 | Voltage reference input for ADC.                                                |
| 76      | P7.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH7            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel7 analog input.                                                    |

| Pin No. | Pin Name             | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|----------------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 77      | P7.6                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH6            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel6 analog input.                                                    |
| 78      | P7.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH5 or ACMP2_P | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel5 analog input or Analog comparator2 positive input pin.           |
| 79      | P7.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH4 or ACMP2_N | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel4 analog input or Analog comparator2 negative input pin.           |
| 80      | P7.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH3            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel3 analog input.                                                    |
| 81      | P7.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH2            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel2 analog input.                                                    |
| 82      | P7.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH1            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel1 analog input.                                                    |
| 83      | P7.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EADC1_CH0            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel0 analog input.                                                    |
| 84      | P8.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | ACMP0_P              | A    | MFP1 | Analog comparator0 positive input pin.                                          |
| 85      | P8.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | ACMP0_N              | A    | MFP1 | Analog comparator0 negative input pin.                                          |
| 86      | P9.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | OP1_O                | O    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier output pin.                                               |
| 87      | P9.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | OP1_N                | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                                       |
| 88      | P9.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | OP1_P                | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                                       |
| 89      | V <sub>DD</sub>      | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 90      | V <sub>SS</sub>      | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 91      | P8.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
| 92      | P9.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_BRAKE1         | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 1 of EPWM1.                                                     |

| Pin No. | Pin Name  | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                                          |
|---------|-----------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 93      | nRESET    | I    | MFP0 | External reset input: active LOW, with an internal pull-up. Set this pin low reset to initial state. |
| 94      | XT1_OUT   | O    | MFP0 | External 4~24 MHz (high speed) crystal output pin.                                                   |
| 95      | XT1_IN    | I    | MFP0 | External 4~24 MHz (high speed) crystal input pin.                                                    |
| 96      | ICE_DAT   | I/O  | MFP0 | Serial wired debugger data pin.                                                                      |
| 97      | ICE_CLK   | I    | MFP0 | Serial wired debugger clock pin.                                                                     |
| 98      | P9.4      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | SPI1_CLK  | O    | MFP1 | SPI1 serial clock pin.                                                                               |
| 99      | P9.5      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | SPI1_MISO | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI1 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                                                            |
| 100     | P9.6      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | SPI1_MOSI | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI1 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                                                            |

### 4.3.2 M0519 LQFP64 Pin Description

MFP\* = Multi-function pin. (Refer to section Px\_MFP)

P1.7 MFP0 means P1\_MFP[7] = 0.

PA.1 MFP3 means (PA\_MFP[9], PA\_MFP[1]) = (1,1).

| Pin No. | Pin Name        | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | P3.5            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | TM1             | I/O  | MFP1 | Timer1 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output.                |
|         | I2C0_SCL        | I/O  | MFP2 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 2       | P3.4            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | TM0             | I/O  | MFP1 | Timer0 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output.                |
|         | I2C0_SDA        | I/O  | MFP2 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 3       | P3.2            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | INT0            | I    | MFP1 | External interrupt0 input pin.                                                  |
| 4       | P1.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_BRAKE0    | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM1.                                                     |
| 5       | LDO_CAP         | A    | MFP0 | LDO output pin.                                                                 |
| 6       | V <sub>DD</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 7       | V <sub>SS</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 8       | PA.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_RXD       | O    | MFP1 | Data receiver input pin for UART1.                                              |
|         | I2C0_SCL        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 9       | PA.0            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_TXD       | I    | MFP1 | Data transmitter output pin for UART1.                                          |
|         | I2C0_SDA        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 10      | P5.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | BPWM0_CH1       | I/O  | MFP1 | BPWM0 channel1 output/capture input.                                            |
| 11      | P5.6            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | BPWM0_CH0       | I/O  | MFP1 | BPWM0 channel0 output/capture input.                                            |
| 12      | P1.6            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM0_BRAKE0    | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM0.                                                     |
| 13      | P1.5            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |

| Pin No. | Pin Name        | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | EPWM1_CH5       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel5 output.                                                          |
| 14      | P1.4            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH4       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel4 output.                                                          |
| 15      | P1.3            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH3       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel3 output.                                                          |
| 16      | P1.2            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH2       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel2 output.                                                          |
| 17      | P1.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH1       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel1 output.                                                          |
| 18      | P1.0            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH0       | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel0 output.                                                          |
| 19      | P3.0            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART0_RXD       | O    | MFP1 | Data receiver input pin for UART0.                                              |
|         | CLKO            | O    | MFP2 | Clock Output.                                                                   |
| 20      | P3.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART0_TXD       | I    | MFP1 | Data transmitter output pin for UART0.                                          |
|         | ACMP0_O         | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator0 output.                                                      |
| 21      | V <sub>DD</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 22      | V <sub>SS</sub> | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 23      | P5.0            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_MOSI       | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI0 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                                       |
|         | UART0_nRTS      | O    | MFP2 | Request to Send output pin for UART0.                                           |
|         | I2C0_SCL        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 24      | P5.1            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_MISO       | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI0 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                                       |
|         | UART0_nCTS      | I    | MFP2 | Clear to Send input pin for UART0.                                              |
|         | I2C0_SDA        | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 25      | P2.7            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | SPI0_CLK        | O    | MFP2 | SPI0 serial clock pin.                                                          |
|         | UART1_nRTS      | O    | MFP3 | Request to Send output pin for UART1.                                           |
| 26      | P2.6            | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |

| Pin No. | Pin Name             | Type | MFP* | Description                                                           |
|---------|----------------------|------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | SPI0_SS              | I/O  | MFP2 | 1st SPI0 slave select pin.                                            |
|         | UART1_nCTS           | I    | MFP3 | Clear to Send input pin for UART1.                                    |
| 27      | P2.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
| 28      | P2.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
| 29      | P0.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EPWM0_CH5            | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel5 output.                                                |
| 30      | P0.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EPWM0_CH4            | O    | MFP1 | EPWM0 channel4 output.                                                |
| 31      | P2.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI2_MOSI            | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI2 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                             |
|         | ACMP2_O              | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator2 output.                                            |
| 32      | P5.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI2_MISO            | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI2 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                             |
|         | ACMP1_O              | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator1 output.                                            |
| 33      | P5.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI2_CLK             | O    | MFP1 | SPI2 serial clock pin.                                                |
| 34      | P5.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI2_SS              | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI2 slave select pin.                                            |
| 35      | P6.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH7            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel7 analog input.                                          |
| 36      | P6.6                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH6            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel6 analog input.                                          |
| 37      | P6.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH5 or ACMP1_P | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel5 analog input or Analog comparator1 positive input pin. |
| 38      | P6.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH4 or ACMP1_N | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel4 analog input or Analog comparator1 negative input pin. |
| 39      | P6.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH3            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel3 analog input.                                          |
| 40      | P6.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH2            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel2 analog input.                                          |

| Pin No. | Pin Name             | Type | MFP* | Description                                                           |
|---------|----------------------|------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 41      | P6.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH1            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel1 analog input.                                          |
| 42      | P6.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH0            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel0 analog input.                                          |
| 43      | P8.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | OP0_O                | O    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier output pin.                                     |
| 44      | P8.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | OP0_N                | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                             |
| 45      | P8.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | OP0_P                | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                             |
| 46      | AV <sub>SS</sub>     | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for analog circuit.                                        |
| 47      | AV <sub>DD</sub>     | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for internal analog circuit.                             |
| 48      | V <sub>REF</sub>     | I    | MFP0 | Voltage reference input for ADC.                                      |
| 49      | P7.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH7            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel7 analog input.                                          |
| 50      | P7.6                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH6            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel6 analog input.                                          |
| 51      | P7.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH5 or ACMP2_P | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel5 analog input or Analog comparator2 positive input pin. |
| 52      | P7.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH4 or ACMP2_N | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel4 analog input or Analog comparator2 negative input pin. |
| 53      | P7.3                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH3            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel3 analog input.                                          |
| 54      | P7.2                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH2            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel2 analog input.                                          |
| 55      | P7.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH1            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel1 analog input.                                          |
| 56      | P7.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC1_CH0            | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel0 analog input.                                          |
| 57      | P9.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                                          |
|---------|----------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | OP1_O    | O    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier output pin.                                                                    |
| 58      | P9.1     | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | OP1_N    | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                                                            |
| 59      | P9.2     | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | OP1_P    | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                                                            |
| 60      | nRESET   | I    | MFP0 | External reset input: active LOW, with an internal pull-up. Set this pin low reset to initial state. |
| 61      | XT1_OUT  | O    | MFP0 | External 4~24 MHz (high speed) crystal output pin.                                                   |
| 62      | XT1_IN   | I    | MFP0 | External 4~24 MHz (high speed) crystal input pin.                                                    |
| 63      | ICE_DAT  | I/O  | MFP0 | Serial wired debugger data pin.                                                                      |
| 64      | ICE_CLK  | I    | MFP0 | Serial wired debugger clock pin.                                                                     |

### 4.3.3 M0519 LQFP48 Pin Description

MFP\* = Multi-function pin. (Refer to section Px\_MFP)

P1.7 MFP0 means P1\_MFP[7] = 0.

PA.1 MFP3 means (PA\_MFP[9], PA\_MFP[1]) = (1,1).

| Pin No. | Pin Name              | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | ICE_CLK               | I    | MFP0 | Serial wired debugger clock pin.                                                |
| 2       | ICE_DAT               | I/O  | MFP0 | Serial wired debugger data pin.                                                 |
| 3       | XT1_IN                | I    | MFP0 | External 4~24 MHz (high speed) crystal input pin.                               |
| 4       | XT1_OUT               | O    | MFP0 | External 4~24 MHz (high speed) crystal output pin.                              |
| 5       | P1.7                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_BRAKE0          | I    | MFP1 | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM1.                                                     |
| 6       | LDO_CAP               | A    | MFP0 | LDO output pin.                                                                 |
| 7       | V <sub>DD</sub>       | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for I/O ports and LDO source for internal PLL and digital circuit. |
| 8       | V <sub>SS</sub>       | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for digital circuit.                                                 |
| 9       | PA.1                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_RXD             | O    | MFP1 | Data receiver input pin for UART1.                                              |
|         | I <sup>2</sup> C0_SCL | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                                    |
| 10      | PA.0                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_TXD             | I    | MFP1 | Data transmitter output pin for UART1.                                          |
|         | I <sup>2</sup> C0_SDA | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                                        |
| 11      | P5.7                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | BPWM0_CH1             | I/O  | MFP1 | BPWM0 channel1 output/capture input.                                            |
| 12      | P5.6                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | BPWM0_CH0             | I/O  | MFP1 | BPWM0 channel0 output/capture input.                                            |
| 13      | P1.2                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH2             | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel2 output.                                                          |
| 14      | P1.3                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH3             | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel3 output.                                                          |
| 15      | P1.4                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH4             | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel4 output.                                                          |
| 16      | P1.5                  | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                |
|         | EPWM1_CH5             | O    | MFP1 | EPWM1 channel5 output.                                                          |

| Pin No. | Pin Name             | Type | MFP* | Description                                                           |
|---------|----------------------|------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17      | P3.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | UART0_RXD            | O    | MFP1 | Data receiver input pin for UART0.                                    |
|         | CLKO                 | O    | MFP2 | Clock Output.                                                         |
| 18      | P3.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | UART0_TXD            | I    | MFP1 | Data transmitter output pin for UART0.                                |
|         | ACMP0_O              | O    | MFP2 | Analog comparator0 output.                                            |
| 19      | P5.0                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI0_MOSI            | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI0 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                             |
|         | UART0_nRTS           | O    | MFP2 | Request to Send output pin for UART0.                                 |
|         | I2C0_SCL             | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock pin.                                          |
| 20      | P5.1                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI0_MISO            | I/O  | MFP1 | 1st SPI0 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                             |
|         | UART0_nCTS           | I    | MFP2 | Clear to Send input pin for UART0.                                    |
|         | I2C0_SDA             | I/O  | MFP3 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 data input/output pin.                              |
| 21      | P2.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI0_CLK             | O    | MFP2 | SPI0 serial clock pin.                                                |
|         | UART1_nRTS           | O    | MFP3 | Request to Send output pin for UART1.                                 |
| 22      | P2.6                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | SPI0_SS              | I/O  | MFP2 | 1st SPI0 slave select pin.                                            |
|         | UART1_nCTS           | I    | MFP3 | Clear to Send input pin for UART1.                                    |
| 23      | P0.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | STADC                | I    | MFP1 | ADC external trigger input.                                           |
| 24      | P6.7                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH7            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel7 analog input.                                          |
| 25      | P6.6                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH6            | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel6 analog input.                                          |
| 26      | P6.5                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH5 or ACMP1_P | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel5 analog input or Analog comparator1 positive input pin. |
| 27      | P6.4                 | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                      |
|         | EADC0_CH4 or ACMP1_N | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel4 analog input or Analog comparator1 negative input pin. |

| Pin No. | Pin Name                | Type | MFP* | Description                                                              |
|---------|-------------------------|------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 28      | P6.3                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC0_CH3               | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel3 analog input.                                             |
| 29      | P6.2                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC0_CH2               | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel2 analog input.                                             |
| 30      | P6.1                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC0_CH1               | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel1 analog input.                                             |
| 31      | P6.0                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC0_CH0               | A    | MFP1 | EADC0 channel0 analog input.                                             |
| 32      | P8.2                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | OP0_O                   | O    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier output pin.                                        |
| 33      | P8.1                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | OP0_N                   | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                                |
| 34      | P8.0                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | OP0_P                   | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                                |
| 35      | AV <sub>SS</sub>        | P    | MFP0 | Ground pin for analog circuit.                                           |
| 36      | AV <sub>DD</sub>        | P    | MFP0 | Power supply for internal analog circuit.                                |
| 37      | P7.7                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH7               | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel7 analog input.                                             |
| 38      | P7.6                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH6               | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel6 analog input.                                             |
| 39      | P7.5                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH5 or<br>ACMP2_P | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel5 analog input or<br>Analog comparator2 positive input pin. |
| 40      | P7.4                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH4 or<br>ACMP2_N | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel4 analog input or<br>Analog comparator2 negative input pin. |
| 41      | P7.3                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH3               | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel3 analog input.                                             |
| 42      | P7.2                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH2               | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel2 analog input.                                             |
| 43      | P7.1                    | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                         |
|         | EADC1_CH1               | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel1 analog input.                                             |

| Pin No. | Pin Name  | Type | MFP* | Description                                                                                          |
|---------|-----------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 44      | P7.0      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | EADC1_CH0 | A    | MFP1 | EADC1 channel0 analog input.                                                                         |
| 45      | P9.0      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | OP1_O     | O    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier output pin.                                                                    |
| 46      | P9.1      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | OP1_N     | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                                                            |
| 47      | P9.2      | I/O  | MFP0 | General purpose digital I/O pin.                                                                     |
|         | OP1_P     | A    | MFP1 | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                                                            |
| 48      | nRESET    | I    | MFP0 | External reset input: active LOW, with an internal pull-up. Set this pin low reset to initial state. |

#### 4.3.4 GPIO Multi-function Pin Summary

| Group | Pin Name  | GPIO | MFP* | Type | Description                            |
|-------|-----------|------|------|------|----------------------------------------|
| ACMP0 | ACMP0_N   | P8.3 | MFP1 | A    | Analog comparator0 negative input pin. |
|       | ACMP0_O   | P3.1 | MFP2 | O    | Analog comparator0 output.             |
|       | ACMP0_O   | P8.7 | MFP1 | O    | Analog comparator0 output.             |
|       | ACMP0_P   | P8.4 | MFP1 | A    | Analog comparator0 positive input pin. |
| ACMP1 | ACMP1_O   | P5.2 | MFP2 | O    | Analog comparator1 output.             |
|       | ACMP1_P   | P6.5 | MFP1 | A    | Analog comparator1 positive input pin. |
|       | ACMP1_N   | P6.4 | MFP1 | A    | Analog comparator1 negative input pin. |
| ACMP2 | ACMP2_O   | P2.0 | MFP2 | O    | Analog comparator2 output.             |
|       | ACMP2_P   | P7.5 | MFP1 | A    | Analog comparator2 positive input pin. |
|       | ACMP2_N   | P7.4 | MFP1 | A    | Analog comparator2 negative input pin. |
| BPWM0 | BPWM0_CH0 | P5.6 | MFP1 | I/O  | BPWM0 channel0 output/capture input.   |
|       | BPWM0_CH1 | P5.7 | MFP1 | I/O  | BPWM0 channel1 output/capture input.   |
| CLKO  | CLKO      | P3.0 | MFP2 | O    | Clock Output.                          |
|       | CLKO      | P5.5 | MFP1 | O    | Clock Output.                          |
| EADC0 | EADC0_CH0 | P6.0 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel0 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH1 | P6.1 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel1 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH2 | P6.2 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel2 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH3 | P6.3 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel3 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH6 | P6.6 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel6 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH7 | P6.7 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel7 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH4 | P6.4 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel4 analog input.           |
|       | EADC0_CH5 | P6.5 | MFP1 | A    | EADC0 channel5 analog input.           |
| EADC1 | EADC1_CH0 | P7.0 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel0 analog input.           |
|       | EADC1_CH1 | P7.1 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel1 analog input.           |
|       | EADC1_CH2 | P7.2 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel2 analog input.           |
|       | EADC1_CH3 | P7.3 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel3 analog input.           |
|       | EADC1_CH6 | P7.6 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel6 analog input.           |
|       | EADC1_CH7 | P7.7 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel7 analog input.           |
|       | EADC1_CH4 | P7.4 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel4 analog input.           |

| Group | Pin Name     | GPIO | MFP* | Type | Description                         |
|-------|--------------|------|------|------|-------------------------------------|
|       | EADC1_CH5    | P7.5 | MFP1 | A    | EADC1 channel5 analog input.        |
| ECAP0 | ECAP0_IC0    | P2.3 | MFP1 | I    | Input 0 of enhanced capture unit 0. |
|       | ECAP0_IC1    | P2.2 | MFP1 | I    | Input 1 of enhanced capture unit 0. |
|       | ECAP0_IC2    | P2.1 | MFP1 | I    | Input 2 of enhanced capture unit 0. |
| ECAP1 | ECAP1_IC0    | P4.0 | MFP1 | I    | Input 0 of enhanced capture unit 1. |
|       | ECAP1_IC0    | P0.0 | MFP3 | I    | Input 0 of enhanced capture unit 1. |
|       | ECAP1_IC1    | P4.1 | MFP1 | I    | Input 1 of enhanced capture unit 1. |
|       | ECAP1_IC1    | P0.1 | MFP3 | I    | Input 1 of enhanced capture unit 1. |
|       | ECAP1_IC2    | P4_2 | MFP1 | I    | Input 2 of enhanced capture unit 1. |
|       | ECAP1_IC2    | P0.2 | MFP3 | I    | Input 2 of enhanced capture unit 1. |
| EPWM0 | EPWM0_BRAKE0 | P1.6 | MFP1 | I    | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM0.         |
|       | EPWM0_BRAKE1 | P0.6 | MFP1 | I    | Brake input pin 1 of EPWM0.         |
|       | EPWM0_CH0    | P0.0 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM0 channel0 output.              |
|       | EPWM0_CH1    | P0.1 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM0 channel1 output.              |
|       | EPWM0_CH2    | P0.2 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM0 channel2 output.              |
|       | EPWM0_CH3    | P0.3 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM0 channel3 output.              |
|       | EPWM0_CH4    | P0.4 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM0 channel4 output.              |
|       | EPWM0_CH5    | P0.5 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM0 channel5 output.              |
| EPWM1 | EPWM1_BRAKE0 | P1.7 | MFP1 | I    | Brake input pin 0 of EPWM1.         |
|       | EPWM1_BRAKE1 | P9.3 | MFP1 | I    | Brake input pin 1 of EPWM1.         |
|       | EPWM1_CH0    | P1.0 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM1 channel0 output.              |
|       | EPWM1_CH1    | P1.1 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM1 channel1 output.              |
|       | EPWM1_CH2    | P1.2 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM1 channel2 output.              |
|       | EPWM1_CH3    | P1.3 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM1 channel3 output.              |
|       | EPWM1_CH4    | P1.4 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM1 channel4 output.              |
|       | EPWM1_CH5    | P1.5 | MFP1 | O    | EPWM1 channel5 output.              |
| I2C0  | I2C0_SCL     | P3.5 | MFP2 | I/O  | I2C0 clock pin.                     |
|       | I2C0_SCL     | PA.1 | MFP3 | I/O  | I2C0 clock pin.                     |
|       | I2C0_SCL     | P5.0 | MFP3 | I/O  | I2C0 clock pin.                     |
|       | I2C0_SDA     | P3.4 | MFP2 | I/O  | I2C0 data input/output pin.         |
|       | I2C0_SDA     | PA.0 | MFP3 | I/O  | I2C0 data input/output pin.         |
|       | I2C0_SDA     | P5.1 | MFP3 | I/O  | I2C0 data input/output pin.         |

| Group | Pin Name   | GPIO | MFP* | Type | Description                                                      |
|-------|------------|------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| INT0  | INT0       | P3.2 | MFP1 | I    | External interrupt0 input pin.                                   |
| INT1  | INT1       | P3.3 | MFP1 | I    | External interrupt1 input pin.                                   |
| OP0   | OP0_N      | P8.1 | MFP1 | A    | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                        |
|       | OP0_O      | P8.2 | MFP1 | O    | Operational amplifier output pin.                                |
|       | OP0_P      | P8.0 | MFP1 | A    | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                        |
| OP1   | OP1_N      | P9.1 | MFP1 | A    | Operational amplifier negative input pin.                        |
|       | OP1_O      | P9.0 | MFP1 | O    | Operational amplifier output pin.                                |
|       | OP1_P      | P9.2 | MFP1 | A    | Operational amplifier positive input pin.                        |
| SPI0  | SPI0_CLK   | P2.7 | MFP2 | O    | SPI0 serial clock pin.                                           |
|       | SPI0_MISO  | P5.1 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI0 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                        |
|       | SPI0_MOSI  | P5.0 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI0 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                        |
|       | SPI0_SS    | P2.6 | MFP2 | I/O  | 1st SPI0 slave select pin.                                       |
| SPI1  | SPI1_CLK   | P9.4 | MFP1 | O    | SPI1 serial clock pin.                                           |
|       | SPI1_MISO  | P9.5 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI1 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                        |
|       | SPI1_MOSI  | P9.6 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI1 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                        |
|       | SPI1_SS    | P9.7 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI1 slave select pin.                                       |
| SPI2  | SPI2_CLK   | P5.3 | MFP1 | O    | SPI2 serial clock pin.                                           |
|       | SPI2_MISO  | P5.2 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI2 MISO (Master In, Slave Out) pin.                        |
|       | SPI2_MOSI  | P2.0 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI2 MOSI (Master Out, Slave In) pin.                        |
|       | SPI2_SS    | P5.4 | MFP1 | I/O  | 1st SPI2 slave select pin.                                       |
| STADC | STADC      | P0.7 | MFP1 | I    | ADC external trigger input.                                      |
|       | STADC      | P0.3 | MFP3 | I    | ADC external trigger input.                                      |
| TM0   | TM0        | P3.4 | MFP1 | I/O  | Timer0 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output. |
| TM1   | TM1        | P3.5 | MFP1 | I/O  | Timer1 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output. |
| TM2   | TM2        | P4.6 | MFP1 | I/O  | Timer2 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output. |
| TM3   | TM3        | P4.7 | MFP1 | I/O  | Timer3 event counter input/external capture input/toggle output. |
| UART0 | UART0_RXD  | P3.0 | MFP1 | O    | Data receiver input pin for UART0.                               |
|       | UART0_TXD  | P3.1 | MFP1 | I    | Data transmitter output pin for UART0.                           |
|       | UART0_nCTS | P5.1 | MFP2 | I    | Clear to Send input pin for UART0.                               |
|       | UART0_nRTS | P5.0 | MFP2 | O    | Request to Send output pin for UART0.                            |

| Group | Pin Name   | GPIO | MFP* | Type | Description                            |
|-------|------------|------|------|------|----------------------------------------|
| UART1 | UART1_RXD  | PA.1 | MFP1 | O    | Data receiver input pin for UART1.     |
|       | UART1_TXD  | PA.0 | MFP1 | I    | Data transmitter output pin for UART1. |
|       | UART1_nCTS | P2.6 | MFP3 | I    | Clear to Send input pin for UART1.     |
|       | UART1_nRTS | P2.7 | MFP3 | O    | Request to Send output pin for UART1.  |

## 5 BLOCK DIAGRAM

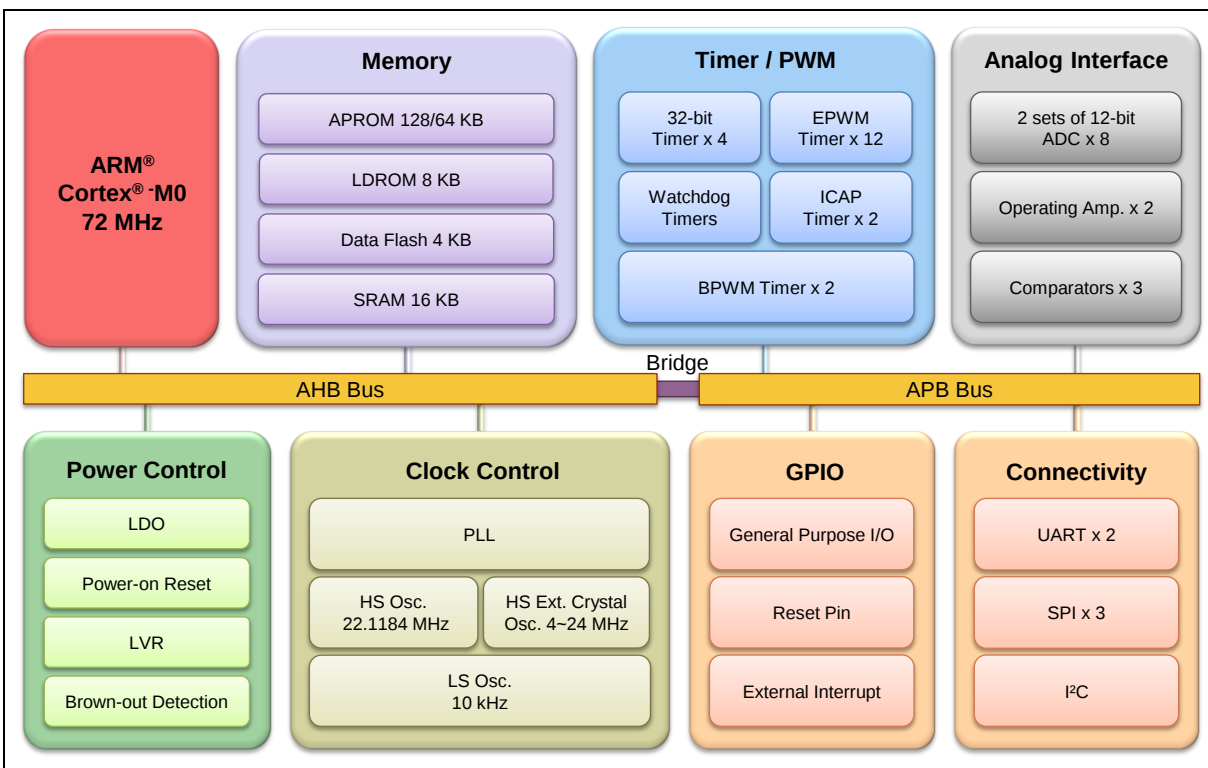


Figure 5-1 NuMicro® M0519 Series Block Diagram

## 6 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### 6.1 ARM® Cortex®-M0 Core

The Cortex®-M0 processor is a configurable, multistage, 32-bit RISC processor, which has an AMBA AHB-Lite interface and includes an NVIC component. It also has optional hardware debug functionality. The processor can execute Thumb code and is compatible with other Cortex®-M profile processor. The profile supports two modes -Thread mode and Handler mode. Handler mode is entered as a result of an exception. An exception return can only be issued in Handler mode. Thread mode is entered on Reset, and can be entered as a result of an exception return.

Figure 6-1 shows the functional controller of processor.

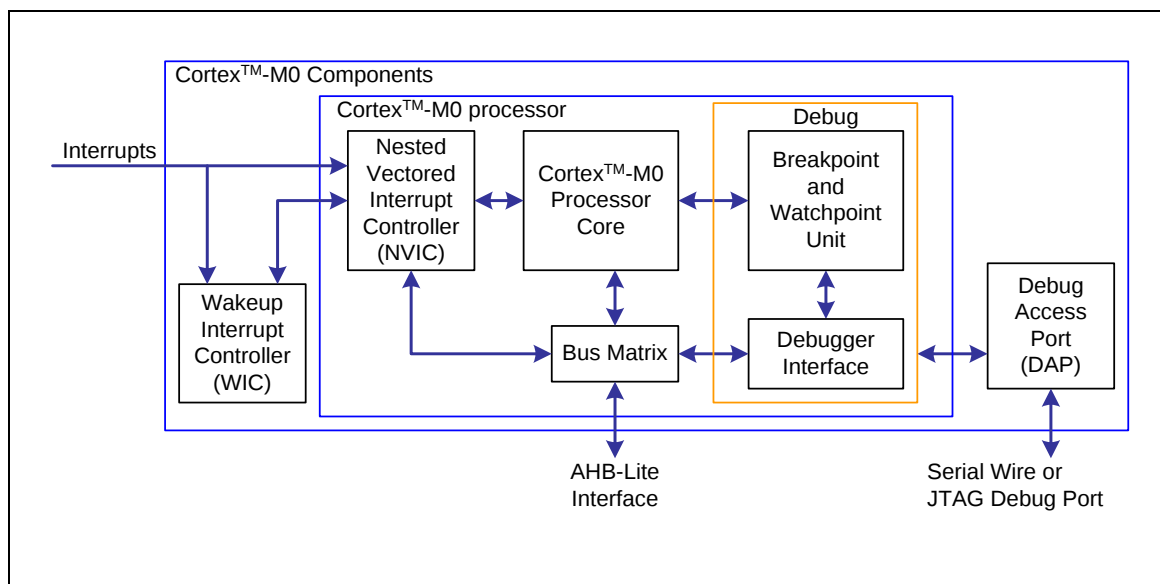


Figure 6-1 Functional Controller Diagram

The implemented device provides the following components and features:

- A low gate count processor:
  - ARMv6-M Thumb® instruction set
  - Thumb-2 technology
  - ARMv6-M compliant 24-bit SysTick timer
  - A 32-bit hardware multiplier
  - System interface supported with little-endian data accesses
  - Ability to have deterministic, fixed-latency, interrupt handling
  - Load/store-multiples and multicycle-multiplies that can be abandoned and restarted to facilitate rapid interrupt handling
  - C Application Binary Interface compliant exception model. This is the ARMv6-M, C Application Binary Interface (C-ABI) compliant exception model that enables the use of pure C functions as interrupt handlers
  - Low Power Sleep mode entry using Wait For Interrupt (WFI), Wait For Event (WFE) instructions, or the return from interrupt sleep-on-exit feature

- NVIC:
  - 32 external interrupt inputs, each with four levels of priority
  - Dedicated Non-maskable Interrupt (NMI) input
  - Supports for both level-sensitive and pulse-sensitive interrupt lines
  - Supports Wake-up Interrupt Controller (WIC) and, providing Ultra-low Power Sleep mode
- Debug support
  - Four hardware breakpoints
  - Two watchpoints
  - Program Counter Sampling Register (PCSR) for non-intrusive code profiling
  - Single step and vector catch capabilities
- Bus interfaces:
  - Single 32-bit AMBA-3 AHB-Lite system interface that provides simple integration to all system peripherals and memory
  - Single 32-bit slave port that supports the DAP (Debug Access Port)

## 6.2 System Manager

### 6.2.1 Overview

System management includes the following sections:

- System Resets
- System Power Distribution
- System Memory Map
- System management registers for Part Number ID, chip reset and on-chip controllers reset , multi-functional pin control
- System Timer (SysTick)
- Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- System Control registers

### 6.2.2 System Reset

The system reset can be issued by one of the following listed events. For these reset event flags can be read by RSTSRC register.

- Hardware Reset
  - Power-on Reset (POR)
  - Low level on the Reset pin (nRESET)
  - Watchdog Time-out Reset (WDT)
  - Low Voltage Reset (LVR)
  - Brown-out Detector Reset (BOD)
- Software Reset
  - SYS Reset - SYSRESETREQ (AIRCR[2])
  - Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 Core One-shot Reset - CPU\_RST (IPRSTC1[1])
  - Chip One-shot Reset - CHIP\_RST (IPRSTC1[0])

Power-on Reset or CHIP\_RST (IPRST1[0]) reset the whole chip including all peripherals, external crystal circuit and BS (ISPCON[1]) bit.

SYSRESETREQ (AIRCR[2]) reset the whole chip including all peripherals, but does not reset external crystal circuit and BS (ISPCON[1]) bit.

### 6.2.3 System Power Distribution

In this chip, the power distribution is divided into two segments.

- Analog power from  $AV_{DD}$  and  $AV_{SS}$  provides the power for analog components operation.
- Digital power from  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  supplies the power to the I/O pins and internal regulator which provides a fixed 1.8V power for digital operation.

The output of internal voltage regulators, LDO\_CAP, requires an external capacitor which should be located close to the corresponding pin. Analog power ( $AV_{DD}$ ) should be the same voltage level of the digital power ( $V_{DD}$ ).

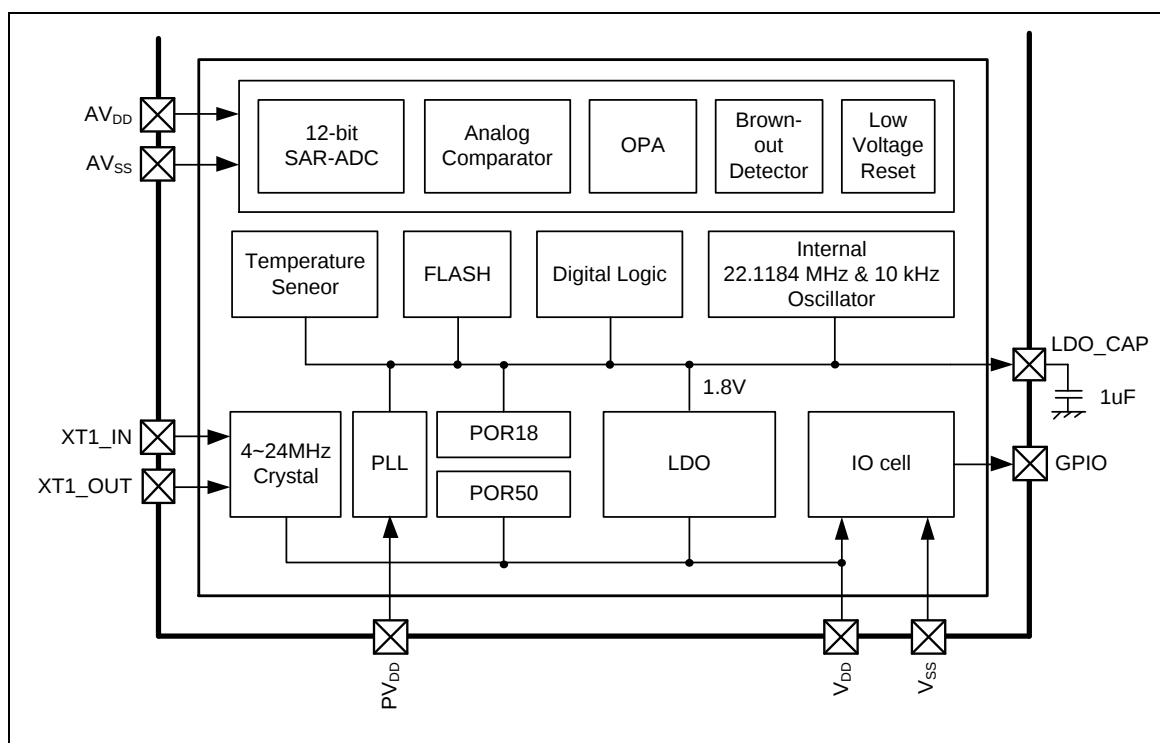


Figure 6-2 NuMicro® M0519 Series Power Distribution Diagram

## 6.2.4 System Memory Map

The NuMicro® M0519 Series provides 4G-byte addressing space. The memory locations assigned to each on-chip controllers are shown in Table 6-1. The detailed register definition, memory space, and programming detailed will be described in the following sections for each on-chip peripheral. The NuMicro® M0519 Series only supports little-endian data format.

| Address Space                                             | Token    | Controllers                                                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Flash and SRAM Memory Space</b>                        |          |                                                            |
| 0x0000_0000 – 0x0001_FFFF                                 | FLASH_BA | FLASH Memory Space (128 KB)                                |
| 0x2000_0000 – 0x2000_3FFF                                 | SRAM_BA  | SRAM Memory Space (16 KB)                                  |
| <b>AHB Controllers Space (0x5000_0000 – 0x501F_FFFF)</b>  |          |                                                            |
| 0x5000_0000 – 0x5000_01FF                                 | GCR_BA   | System Global Control Registers                            |
| 0x5000_0200 – 0x5000_02FF                                 | CLK_BA   | Clock Control Registers                                    |
| 0x5000_0300 – 0x5000_03FF                                 | INT_BA   | Interrupt Multiplexer Control Registers                    |
| 0x5000_4000 – 0x5000_7FFF                                 | GPIO_BA  | GPIO Control Registers                                     |
| 0x5000_C000 – 0x5000_FFFF                                 | FMC_BA   | Flash Memory Control Registers                             |
| 0x5001_4000 – 0x5001_7FFF                                 | HDIV_BA  | Hardware Divider Register                                  |
| <b>APB1 Controllers Space (0x4000_0000 ~ 0x400F_FFFF)</b> |          |                                                            |
| 0x4000_4000 – 0x4000_7FFF                                 | WDT_BA   | Watchdog Timer Control Registers                           |
| 0x4000_4100 – 0x4000_7FFF                                 | WWDT_BA  | Window Watchdog Timer Control Registers                    |
| 0x4001_0000 – 0x4001_3FFF                                 | TMR01_BA | Timer0/Timer1 Control Registers                            |
| 0x4002_0000 – 0x4002_3FFF                                 | I2C0_BA  | I <sup>2</sup> C0 Interface Control Registers              |
| 0x4003_0000 – 0x4003_3FFF                                 | SPI0_BA  | SPI0 with master/slave function Control Registers          |
| 0x4003_4000 – 0x4003_7FFF                                 | SPI1_BA  | SPI1 with master/slave function Control Registers          |
| 0x4004_0000 – 0x4004_3FFF                                 | BPWM0_BA | Basic PWM0 Control Registers                               |
| 0x4005_0000 – 0x4005_3FFF                                 | UART0_BA | UART0 Control Registers                                    |
| 0x400D_0000 – 0x400D_3FFF                                 | ACMP_BA  | Analog Comparator Control Registers                        |
| 0x400E_0000 – 0x400E_3FFF                                 | EADC_BA  | Enhanced Analog-Digital-Converter (EADC) Control Registers |
| 0x400F_0000 – 0x400F_3FFF                                 | OPA_BA   | Operation Amplifier Control Registers                      |
| <b>APB2 Controllers Space (0x4010_0000 ~ 0x401F_FFFF)</b> |          |                                                            |
| 0x4011_0000 – 0x4011_3FFF                                 | TMR23_BA | Timer2/Timer3 Control Registers                            |
| 0x4013_0000 – 0x4013_3FFF                                 | SPI2_BA  | SPI2 with master/slave function Control Registers          |
| 0x4015_0000 – 0x4015_3FFF                                 | UART1_BA | UART1 Control Registers                                    |
| Reserved                                                  | Reserved | Reserved                                                   |
| 0x4019_0000 – 0x4019_3FFF                                 | EPWM0_BA | Enhanced PWM0 Control Registers                            |
| 0x4019_4000 – 0x4019_7FFF                                 | EPWM1_BA | Enhanced PWM1 Control Registers                            |

| Address Space                                               | Token    | Controllers                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 0x401B_0000 – 0x401B_3FFF                                   | ECAP0_BA | Enhanced Input Capture 0 Control Registers      |
| 0x401B_4000 – 0x401B_7FFF                                   | ECAP1_BA | Enhanced Input Capture 1 Control Registers      |
| Reserved                                                    | Reserved | Reserved                                        |
| Reserved                                                    | Reserved | Reserved                                        |
| Reserved                                                    | Reserved | Reserved                                        |
| <b>System Controllers Space (0xE000_E000 ~ 0xE000_EFFF)</b> |          |                                                 |
| 0xE000_E010 – 0xE000_E01F                                   | SYST_BA  | System Timer Control Registers                  |
| 0xE000_E100 – 0xE000_E4EF                                   | NVIC_BA  | External Interrupt Controller Control Registers |
| 0xE000_ED00 – 0xE000_ED3F                                   | SCS_BA   | System Control Registers                        |

Table 6-1 Address Space Assignments for On-Chip Controllers

## 6.2.5 System Manager Controller Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                  | Offset       | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| GCR Base Address:<br>GCR_BA = 0x5000_0000 |              |     |                                                      |             |
| PDID                                      | GCR_BA+0x00  | R   | Part Device Identification Number Register           | 0x0035_X0XX |
| RSTSRC                                    | GCR_BA+0x04  | R/W | System Reset Source Register                         | 0x0000_00XX |
| IPRSTC1                                   | GCR_BA+0x08  | R/W | Peripheral Reset Control Register1                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| IPRSTC2                                   | GCR_BA+0x0C  | R/W | Peripheral Reset Control Register2                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| BODCR                                     | GCR_BA+0x18  | R/W | Brown-out Detector Control Register                  | 0x0000_008X |
| TEMPCR                                    | GCR_BA+0x1C  | R/W | Temperature Sensor Control Register                  | 0x0000_0000 |
| PORCR                                     | GCR_BA+0x24  | R/W | Power-on Reset Controller Register                   | 0x0000_00XX |
| P0_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x30  | R/W | P0 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x34  | R/W | P1 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x38  | R/W | P2 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x3C  | R/W | P3 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x40  | R/W | P4 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x44  | R/W | P5 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x48  | R/W | P6 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x4C  | R/W | P7 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x50  | R/W | P8 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x54  | R/W | P9 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_MFP                                    | GCR_BA+0x58  | R/W | PA Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| REGWRPROT                                 | GCR_BA+0x100 | R/W | Register Write-Protection Control Register           | 0x0000_0000 |

## 6.2.6 Register Description

### Part Device Identification Number Register (PDID)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                | Reset Value                |
|----------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| PDID     | GCR_BA+0x00 | R   | Part Device Identification Number Register | 0x0035_X0XX <sup>[1]</sup> |

[1] Every part number has a unique default reset value.

|      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31   | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| PDID |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23   | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PDID |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15   | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PDID |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7    | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PDID |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <b>PDID</b><br><b>Part Device Identification Number</b><br>This register reflects device part number code. Software can read this register to identify which device is used. |

### System Reset Source Register (RSTSRC)

This register provides specific information for software to identify this chip's reset source from last operation.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| RSTSRC   | GCR_BA+0x04 | R/W | System Reset Source Register | 0x0000_00XX |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |            |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|
| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28       | 27       | 26       | 25         | 24       |
| Reserved |          |          |          |          |          |            |          |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20       | 19       | 18       | 17         | 16       |
| Reserved |          |          |          |          |          |            |          |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10       | 9          | 8        |
| Reserved |          |          |          |          |          |            |          |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2        | 1          | 0        |
| RSTS_CPU | Reserved | RSTS_SYS | RSTS_BOD | RSTS_LVR | RSTS_WDT | RSTS_RESET | RSTS_POR |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [7]    | <b>RSTS_CPU</b><br><b>CPU Reset Flag</b><br>The RSTS_CPU flag is set by hardware if software writes CPU_RST (IPRSTC1[1]) 1 to reset Cortex®-M0 core and Flash memory controller (FMC).<br>0 = No reset from CPU.<br>1 = Cortex®-M0 CPU kernel and FMC are reset by software setting CPU_RST(IPRSTC1[1]) to 1.<br><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.                                                                                                                        |
| [6]    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [5]    | <b>RSTS_SYS</b><br><b>SYS Reset Flag</b><br>The RSTS_SYS flag is set by the "Reset Signal" from the Cortex®-M0 kernel to indicate the previous reset source.<br>0 = No reset from Cortex®-M0.<br>1 = The Cortex®-M0 had issued the reset signal to reset the system by writing 1 to bit SYSRESETREQ (AIRC[2], Application Interrupt and Reset Control Register, address = 0xE00ED0C) in system control registers of Cortex®-M0 core.<br><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0. |
| [4]    | <b>RSTS_BOD</b><br><b>Brown-out Detector Reset Flag</b><br>The RSTS_BOD flag is set by the "Reset Signal" from the Brown-out Detector to indicate the previous reset source.<br>0 = No reset from BOD.<br>1 = The BOD had issued the reset signal to reset the system.<br><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.                                                                                                                                                               |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [3]  | RSTS_LVR    | <p><b>Low Voltage Reset Flag</b></p> <p>The RSTS_LVR flag is set by the “Reset Signal” from the Low-Voltage-Reset controller to indicate the previous reset source.</p> <p>0 = No reset from LVR.</p> <p>1 = The LVR controller had issued the reset signal to reset the system.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [2]  | RSTS_WDT    | <p><b>Watchdog Timer Reset Flag</b></p> <p>The RSTS_WDT flag is set by the “Reset Signal” from the watchdog timer or window watchdog timer to indicate the previous reset source.</p> <p>0 = No reset from watchdog timer or window watchdog timer.</p> <p>1 = The watchdog timer or window watchdog timer had issued the reset signal to reset the system.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> Watchdog Timer register WTRF(WTCR[2]) bit is set if the system has been reset by WDT time-out reset. Window Watchdog Timer register WWDTRF(WWDTSR) bit is set if the system has been reset by WWDTSR time-out reset.</p> |
| [1]  | RSTS_RESET  | <p><b>Reset Pin Reset Flag</b></p> <p>The RSTS_RESET flag is set by the “Reset Signal” from the nRESET pin to indicate the previous reset source.</p> <p>0 = No reset from the nRESET pin.</p> <p>1 = The nRESET pin had issued the reset signal to reset the system.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [0]  | RSTS_POR    | <p><b>Power-on Reset Flag</b></p> <p>The RSTS_POR flag is set by the “Reset Signal” from the Power-on Reset (POR) controller or bit CHIP_RST (IPRSTC1[0]) to indicate the previous reset source.</p> <p>0 = No reset from POR or CHIP_RST (IPRSTC1[0]).</p> <p>1 = Power-on Reset (POR) or CHIP_RST (IPRSTC1[0]) had issued the reset signal to reset the system.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### Peripheral Reset Control Register1 (IPRSTC1)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| IPRSTC1  | GCR_BA+0x08 | R/W | Peripheral Reset Control Register1 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |          |          |    |         |          |
|----------|----|----|----------|----------|----|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28       | 27       | 26 | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |          |          |    |         |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20       | 19       | 18 | 17      | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |          |          |    |         |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12       | 11       | 10 | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |          |          |    |         |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4        | 3        | 2  | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    | HDIV_RST | Reserved |    | CPU_RST | CHIP_RST |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:5] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [4]    | HDIV_RST    | <b>HDIV Controller Reset (Write Protect)</b><br>Setting this bit to 1 will generate a reset signal to the hardware divider. User need to set this bit to 0 to release from the reset state.<br>0 = Hardware divider controller normal operation.<br>1 = Hardware divider controller reset.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.                                                                                                            |
| [3:2]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [1]    | CPU_RST     | <b>Cortex®-M0 Core One-shot Reset (Write Protect)</b><br>Setting this bit will only reset the CPU kernel and Flash Memory Controller (FMC), and this bit will automatically return 0 after the two clock cycles.<br>0 = CPU normal operation.<br>1 = CPU one-shot reset.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.                                                                                                                              |
| [0]    | CHIP_RST    | <b>Chip One-shot Reset (Write Protect)</b><br>Setting this bit will reset the whole chip, including CPU kernel and all peripherals, and this bit will automatically return to 0 after the 2 clock cycles.<br>The CHIP_RST is the same as the POR reset. All the chip controllers are reset and the chip setting from flash are also reload.<br>0 = Chip normal operation.<br>1 = Chip one-shot reset.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |

## Peripheral Reset Control Register2 (IPRSTC2)

Setting these bits 1 will generate asynchronous reset signals to the corresponding module. Users need to set these bits to 0 to release corresponding module from reset state.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| IPRSTC2  | GCR_BA+0x0C | R/W | Peripheral Reset Control Register2 | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31       | 30       | 29        | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Reserved |          | OPA_RST   | EADC_RST  | ECAP1_RST | ECAP0_RST | Reserved  |           |
| 23       | 22       | 21        | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| Reserved | ACMP_RST | EPWM1_RST | EPWM0_RST | BPWM0_RST | Reserved  | UART1_RST | UART0_RST |
| 15       | 14       | 13        | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved | SPI2_RST | SPI1_RST  | SPI0_RST  | Reserved  |           |           | I2C0_RST  |
| 7        | 6        | 5         | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| Reserved |          | TMR3_RST  | TMR2_RST  | TMR1_RST  | TMR0_RST  | GPIO_RST  | Reserved  |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:26] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                       |
| [29]    | OPA_RST     | <b>OPA0 and OPA1 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = OPA0 and OPA1 controller normal operation.<br>1 = OPA0 and OPA1 controller reset.                                  |
| [28]    | EADC_RST    | <b>EADC Controller Reset</b><br>0 = EADC controller normal operation.<br>1 = EADC controller reset.                                                             |
| [27]    | ECAP1_RST   | <b>Enhanced Input Capture 1 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Enhanced input capture 1 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Enhanced input capture 1 controller reset. |
| [26]    | ECAP0_RST   | <b>Enhanced Input Capture 0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Enhanced input capture 0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Enhanced input capture 0 controller reset. |
| [25:23] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                       |
| [23]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                       |
| [22]    | ACMP_RST    | <b>Analog Comparator Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Analog Comparator controller normal operation.<br>1 = Analog Comparator controller reset.                      |
| [21]    | EPWM1_RST   | <b>Enhanced PWM1 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = EPWM1 controller normal operation.<br>1 = EPWM1 controller reset.                                                  |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                               |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [20]   | EPWM0_RST   | <b>Enhanced PWM0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = EPWM0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = EPWM0 controller reset.                |
| [19]   | BPWM0_RST   | <b>Basic PWM0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Basic PWM0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Basic PWM0 controller reset.         |
| [18]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                     |
| [17]   | UART1_RST   | <b>UART1 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = UART1 controller normal operation.<br>1 = UART1 controller reset.                        |
| [16]   | UART0_RST   | <b>UART0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = UART0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = UART0 controller reset.                        |
| [15]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                     |
| [14]   | SPI2_RST    | <b>SPI2 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = SPI2 controller normal operation.<br>1 = SPI2 controller reset.                           |
| [13]   | SPI1_RST    | <b>SPI1 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = SPI1 controller normal operation.<br>1 = SPI1 controller reset.                           |
| [12]   | SPI0_RST    | <b>SPI0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = SPI0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = SPI0 controller reset.                           |
| [11:9] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                     |
| [8]    | I2C0_RST    | <b>I2C0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = I <sup>2</sup> C0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = I <sup>2</sup> C0 controller reset. |
| [7:6]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                     |
| [5]    | TMR3_RST    | <b>Timer3 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Timer3 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Timer3 controller reset.                     |
| [4]    | TMR2_RST    | <b>Timer2 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Timer2 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Timer2 controller reset.                     |
| [3]    | TMR1_RST    | <b>Timer1 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Timer1 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Timer1 controller reset.                     |
| [2]    | TMR0_RST    | <b>Timer0 Controller Reset</b><br>0 = Timer0 controller normal operation.<br>1 = Timer0 controller reset.                     |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                     |
|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1]  | GPIO_RST    | <b>GPIO Controller Reset</b><br>0 = GPIO controller normal operation.<br>1 = GPIO controller reset. |
| [0]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                           |

### Brown-out Detector Control Register (BODCR)

Partial of the BODCR control registers values are initiated by the flash configuration and partial bits are write-protected bit. Programming write-protected bits needs to write “59h”, “16h”, “88h” to address 0x5000\_0100 to disable register protection. Refer the register REGWRPROT at address GCR\_BA+0x100.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                         | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| BODCR    | GCR_BA+0x18 | R/W | Brown-out Detector Control Register | 0x0000_008X |

|          |         |         |          |           |        |    |        |
|----------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|----|--------|
| 31       | 30      | 29      | 28       | 27        | 26     | 25 | 24     |
| Reserved |         |         |          |           |        |    |        |
| 23       | 22      | 21      | 20       | 19        | 18     | 17 | 16     |
| Reserved |         |         |          |           |        |    |        |
| 15       | 14      | 13      | 12       | 11        | 10     | 9  | 8      |
| Reserved |         |         |          |           |        |    |        |
| 7        | 6       | 5       | 4        | 3         | 2      | 1  | 0      |
| LVR_EN   | BOD_OUT | BOD_LPM | BOD_INTF | BOD_RSTEN | BOD_VL |    | BOD_EN |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [7]    | LVR_EN      | <b>Low Voltage Reset Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>The LVR function reset the chip when the input power voltage is lower than LVR circuit setting. LVR function is enabled by default.<br>0 = Low Voltage Reset function Disabled.<br>1 = Low Voltage Reset function Enabled – After enabling the bit, the LVR function will be active with 100us delay for LVR output stable (default).<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |
| [6]    | BOD_OUT     | <b>Brown-out Detector Output Status</b><br>0 = Brown-out Detector output status is 0. It means the detected voltage is higher than BOD_VL setting or BOD_EN is 0.<br>1 = Brown-out Detector output status is 1. It means the detected voltage is lower than BOD_VL setting. If the BOD_EN is 0, BOD function disabled, this bit always responds to 0.                                                                                                                      |
| [5]    | BOD_LPM     | <b>Brown-out Detector Low Power Mode (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = BOD operated in Normal mode (default).<br>1 = BOD Low Power mode Enabled.<br><b>Note1:</b> The BOD consumes about 100 uA in Normal mode, and the low power mode can reduce the current to about 1/10 but slow the BOD response.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.                                                                                             |

| Bits  | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [4]   | BOD_INTF    | <p><b>Brown-out Detector Interrupt Flag</b></p> <p>0 = Brown-out Detector does not detect any voltage draft at <math>V_{DD}</math> down through or up through the voltage of BOD_VL setting.</p> <p>1 = When Brown-out Detector detects the <math>V_{DD}</math> is dropped down through the voltage of BOD_VL setting or the <math>V_{DD}</math> is raised up through the voltage of BOD_VL setting, this bit is set to 1 and the Brown-out interrupt is requested if Brown-out interrupt is enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [3]   | BOD_RSTEN   | <p><b>Brown-out Reset Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>0 = Brown-out "INTERRUPT" function Enabled.</p> <p>While the BOD function is enabled (BOD_EN high) and BOD interrupt function is enabled (BOD_RSTEN low), BOD will assert an interrupt if BOD_OUT is high. BOD interrupt will keep till to the BOD_EN set to 0. BOD interrupt can be blocked by disabling the NVIC BOD interrupt or disabling BOD function (set BOD_EN low).</p> <p>1 = Brown-out "RESET" function Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> While the Brown-out Detector function is enabled (BOD_EN high) and BOD reset function is enabled (BOD_RSTEN high), BOD will assert a signal to reset chip when the detected voltage is lower than the threshold (BOD_OUT high).</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> The default value is set by flash controller user configuration register CBRST (Config0[20]).</p> <p><b>Note3:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> |
| [2:1] | BOD_VL      | <p><b>Brown-out Detector Threshold Voltage Select (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>The default value is set by flash controller user configuration register CBOV (Config0[22:21]) bits.</p> <p>00 = Brown-out voltage is 2.2V.</p> <p>01 = Brown-out voltage is 2.7V.</p> <p>10 = Brown-out voltage is 3.7V.</p> <p>11 = Brown-out voltage is 4.4V.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [0]   | BOD_EN      | <p><b>Brown-out Detector Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>The default value is set by flash controller user configuration register CBODEN (Config0[23]) bit.</p> <p>0 = Brown-out Detector function Disabled.</p> <p>1 = Brown-out Detector function Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

### Temperature Sensor Control Register (TEMPCR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                         | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| TEMPCR   | GCR_BA+0x1C | R/W | Temperature Sensor Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | VTEMP_EN |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [0]    | <p><b>Temperature Sensor Enable Bit</b></p> <p>This bit is used to enable/disable temperature sensor function.</p> <p>0 = Temperature sensor function Disabled (default).</p> <p>1 = Temperature sensor function Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> After this bit is set to 1, the value of temperature sensor output can be obtained from the ADC conversion result. Please refer to the EADC chapter for detailed ADC conversion functional description.</p> |

### Power-on Reset Control Register (PORCR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| PORCR    | GCR_BA+0x24 | R/W | Power-on Reset Controller Register | 0x0000_00XX |

|              |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31           | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23           | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15           | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| POR_DIS_CODE |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7            | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| POR_DIS_CODE |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [15:0]  | <p><b>Power-on Reset Enable Bits (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>When powered on, the POR circuit generates a reset signal to reset the whole chip function, but noise on the power may cause the POR active again. User can disable internal POR circuit to avoid unpredictable noise to cause chip reset by writing 0x5AA5 to this field.</p> <p>The POR function will be active again when this field is set to another value or chip is reset by other reset source, including:</p> <p>nRESET, Watchdog Timer reset, Window Watchdog Timer reset, LVR reset, BOD reset, ICE reset command and the software-chip reset function.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> |

### P0 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P0\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x30 | R/W | P0 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|--------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27     | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19     | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| P0_TYPE  |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11     | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    | P0_ALT |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3      | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| P0_MFP   |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |

| Bits               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24]            | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [m+16]<br>m=0,1..7 | <b>P0_TYPE[m]</b><br><b>Port 0 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bits</b><br>0 = Port 0 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 0 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled. |
| [15:12]            | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [11]               | <b>P0_ALT[3]</b><br><b>P0.3 Alternative Function</b><br>See P0_MFP[3].                                                                                                                        |
| [10]               | <b>P0_ALT[2]</b><br><b>P0.2 Alternative Function</b><br>See P0_MFP[2].                                                                                                                        |
| [9]                | <b>P0_ALT[1]</b><br><b>P0.1 Alternative Function</b><br>See P0_MFP[1].                                                                                                                        |
| [8]                | <b>P0_ALT[0]</b><br><b>P0.0 Alternative Function</b><br>See P0_MFP[0].                                                                                                                        |
| [7]                | <b>P0_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P0.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P0.7 is selected.<br>1 = The STADC function is selected.                                                             |
| [6]                | <b>P0_MFP[6]</b><br><b>P0.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P0.6 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM0_BRAKE1 function is selected.                                                      |
| [5]                | <b>P0_MFP[5]</b><br><b>P0.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P0.5 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM0_CH5 function is selected.                                                         |

| Bits | Description      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [4]  | <b>P0_MFP[4]</b> | <b>P0.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P0.4 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM0_CH4 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [3]  | <b>P0_MFP[3]</b> | <b>P0.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P0_ALT[3] and P0_MFP[3] determine the P0.3 function.<br>(P0_ALT[3], P0_MFP[3]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P0.3 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The EPWM0_CH3 function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The STADC function selected.     |
| [2]  | <b>P0_MFP[2]</b> | <b>P0.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P0_ALT[2] and P0_MFP[2] determine the P0.2 function.<br>(P0_ALT[2], P0_MFP[2]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P0.2 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The EPWM0_CH2 function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The ECAP1_IC2 function selected. |
| [1]  | <b>P0_MFP[1]</b> | <b>P0.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P0_ALT[1] and P0_MFP[1] determine the P0.1 function.<br>(P0_ALT[2], P0_MFP[2]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P0.1 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The EPWM0_CH1 function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The ECAP1_IC1 function selected. |
| [0]  | <b>P0_MFP[0]</b> | <b>P0.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P0_ALT[0] and P0_MFP[0] determine the P0.0 function.<br>(P0_ALT[0], P0_MFP[0]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P0.0 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The EPWM0_CH0 function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The ECAP1_IC0 function selected. |

**P1 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P1\_MFP)**

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P1_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x34 | R/W | P1 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| P1_TYPE  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| P1_MFP   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24]            | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [m+16]<br>m=0,1..7 | <b>P1_TYPE[m]</b><br><b>Port 1 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bits</b><br>0 = Port 1 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 1 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled. |
| [15:8]             | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [7]                | <b>P1_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P1.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.7 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_BRAKE0 function is selected.                                                      |
| [6]                | <b>P1_MFP[6]</b><br><b>P1.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.6 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM0_BRAKE0 function is selected.                                                      |
| [5]                | <b>P1_MFP[5]</b><br><b>P1.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.5 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_CH5 function is selected.                                                         |
| [4]                | <b>P1_MFP[4]</b><br><b>P1.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.4 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_CH4 function is selected.                                                         |
| [3]                | <b>P1_MFP[3]</b><br><b>P1.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.3 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_CH3 function is selected.                                                         |
| [2]                | <b>P1_MFP[2]</b><br><b>P1.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.2 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_CH2 function is selected.                                                         |

| Bits | Description      |                                                                                                                   |
|------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1]  | <b>P1_MFP[1]</b> | <b>P1.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.1 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_CH1 function is selected. |
| [0]  | <b>P1_MFP[0]</b> | <b>P1.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P1.0 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_CH0 function is selected. |

## P2 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P2\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P2_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x38 | R/W | P2 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30        | 29        | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22        | 21        | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P2_TYPE   |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| P2_ALT[7] | P2_ALT[6] | P2_ALT[5] | P2_ALT[4] | Reserved  |           |           | P2_ALT[0] |
| 7         | 6         | 5         | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P2_MFP[7] | P2_MFP[6] | P2_MFP[5] | P2_MFP[4] | P2_MFP[3] | P2_MFP[2] | P2_MFP[1] | P2_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [23:16] | <b>P2_TYPE</b><br><b>Port 2 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bits</b><br>0 = Port 2 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 2 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7.                                                                                                                                      |
| [15]    | <b>P2_ALT[7]</b><br><b>P2.7 Alternative Function</b><br>See P2_MFP[7].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [14]    | <b>P2_ALT[6]</b><br><b>P2.6 Alternative Function</b><br>See P2_MFP[6].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [13]    | <b>P2_ALT[5]</b><br><b>P2.5 Alternative Function</b><br>See P2_MFP[5].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [12]    | <b>P2_ALT[4]</b><br><b>P2.4 Alternative Function</b><br>See P2_MFP[4].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [11:9]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [8]     | <b>P2_ALT[0]</b><br><b>P2.0 Alternative Function</b><br>See P2_MFP[0].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [7]     | <b>P2_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P2.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P2_ALT[7] and P2_MFP[7] determine the P2.7 function.<br>(P2_ALT[7], P2_MFP[7]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P2.7 function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The SPI0_CLK function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The UAT1_nRTS function selected. |

| Bits | Description      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [6]  | <b>P2_MFP[6]</b> | <b>P2.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P2_ALT[6] and P2_MFP[6] determine the P2.6 function.<br>(P2_ALT[6], P2_MFP[6]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P2.6 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = Reserved.<br>(1, 0) = The SPI0_SS function selected.<br>(1, 1) = The UART1_nCTS function selected. |
| [5]  | <b>P2_MFP[5]</b> | <b>P2.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P2_ALT[5] and P2_MFP[5] determine the P2.5 function.<br>(P2_ALT[5], P2_MFP[5]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P2.5 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = Reserved.<br>(1, 1) = Reserved.                                                                    |
| [4]  | <b>P2_MFP[4]</b> | <b>P2.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P2_ALT[4] and P2_MFP[4] determine the P2.4 function.<br>(P2_ALT[4], P2_MFP[4]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P2.4 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = Reserved.<br>(1, 1) = Reserved.                                                                    |
| [3]  | <b>P2_MFP[3]</b> | <b>P2.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P2.3 is selected.<br>1 = The ECAP0_IC0 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [2]  | <b>P2_MFP[2]</b> | <b>P2.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P2.2 is selected.<br>1 = The ECAP0_IC1 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [1]  | <b>P2_MFP[1]</b> | <b>P2.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P2.1 is selected.<br>1 = The ECAP0_IC2 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]  | <b>P2_MFP[0]</b> | <b>P2.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P2_ALT[0] and P2_MFP[0] determine the P2.0 function.<br>(P2_ALT[0], P2_MFP[0]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P2.0 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The SPI2_MOSI function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The ACMP2_O function is selected.                  |

### P3 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P3\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P3_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x3C | R/W | P3 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30        | 29        | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22        | 21        | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P3_TYPE   |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved  |           | P3_ALT[5] | P3_ALT[4] | Reserved  |           | P3_ALT[1] | P3_ALT[0] |
| 7         | 6         | 5         | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P3_MFP[7] | P3_MFP[6] | P3_MFP[5] | P3_MFP[4] | P3_MFP[3] | P3_MFP[2] | P3_MFP[1] | P3_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [23:16] | <b>P3_TYPE</b><br><b>Port 3 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Port 3 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 3 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7. |
| [15:14] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [13]    | <b>P3_ALT[5]</b><br><b>P3.5 Alternative Function</b><br>See P3_MFP[5].                                                                                                                                 |
| [12]    | <b>P3_ALT[4]</b><br><b>P3.4 Alternative Function</b><br>See P3_MFP[4].                                                                                                                                 |
| [11:10] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [9]     | <b>P3_ALT[1]</b><br><b>P3.1 Alternative Function</b><br>See P3_MFP[1].                                                                                                                                 |
| [8]     | <b>P3_ALT[0]</b><br><b>P3.0 Alternative Function</b><br>See P3_MFP[0].                                                                                                                                 |
| [7]     | <b>P3_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P3.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Should be 0 for GPIO P3.7.                                                                                                                 |
| [6]     | <b>P3_MFP[6]</b><br><b>P3.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Should be 0 for GPIO P3.6.                                                                                                                 |

| Bits | Description      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [5]  | <b>P3_MFP[5]</b> | <b>P3.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P3_ALT[5] and P3_MFP[5] determine the P3.5 function.<br>(P3_ALT[5], P3_MFP[5]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P3.5 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The TM1 function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The I2C0_SCL function is selected.      |
| [4]  | <b>P3_MFP[4]</b> | <b>P3.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P3_ALT[4] and P3_MFP[4] determine the P3.4 function.<br>(P3_ALT[4], P3_MFP[4]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P3.4 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The TM0 function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The I2C0_SDA function is selected.      |
| [3]  | <b>P3_MFP[3]</b> | <b>P3.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P3.3 is selected.<br>1 = The INT1 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [2]  | <b>P3_MFP[2]</b> | <b>P3.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P3.2 is selected.<br>1 = The INT0 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [1]  | <b>P3_MFP[1]</b> | <b>P3.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P3_ALT[1] and P3_MFP[1] determine the P3.1 function.<br>(P3_ALT[1], P3_MFP[1]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P3.1 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The UART0_TXD function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The ACMP0_O function is selected. |
| [0]  | <b>P3_MFP[0]</b> | <b>P3.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P3_ALT[0] and P3_MFP[0] determine the P3.0 function.<br>(P3_ALT[0], P3_MFP[0]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P3.0 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The UART0_RXD function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The CLK0 function is selected.    |

**P4 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P4\_MFP)**

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P4_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x40 | R/W | P4 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |           |           |           |          |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30        | 29        | 28        | 27       | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |          |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22        | 21        | 20        | 19       | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P4_TYPE   |           |           |           |          |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11       | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved  | P4_ALT[6] | Reserved  |           |          |           |           |           |
| 7         | 6         | 5         | 4         | 3        | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P4_MFP[7] | P4_MFP[6] | P4_MFP[5] | P4_MFP[4] | Reserved | P4_MFP[2] | P4_MFP[1] | P4_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [23:16] | <b>P4_TYPE</b><br><b>Port 4 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Port 4 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 4 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7.                                                                                                           |
| [15]    | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [14]    | <b>P4_ALT[6]</b><br><b>P4.6 Alternative Function</b><br>See P4_MFP[6].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [13:8]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [7]     | <b>P4_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P4.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P4.7 is selected.<br>1 = The TM3 function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [6]     | <b>P4_MFP[6]</b><br><b>P4.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P4_ALT[6] and P4_MFP[6] determine the P4.6 function.<br>(P4_ALT[6], P4_MFP[6]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P4.6 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The TM2 function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = Reserved. |
| [5]     | <b>P4_MFP[5]</b><br><b>P4.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P4.5 is selected.<br>1 = Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]     | <b>P4_MFP[4]</b><br><b>P4.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P4.4 is selected.<br>1 = Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [3]     | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

| Bits | Description      |                                                                                                                   |
|------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [2]  | <b>P4_MFP[2]</b> | <b>P4.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P4.2 is selected.<br>1 = The ECAP1_IC2 function is selected. |
| [1]  | <b>P4_MFP[1]</b> | <b>P4.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P4.1 is selected.<br>1 = The ECAP1_IC1 function is selected. |
| [0]  | <b>P4_MFP[0]</b> | <b>P4.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P4.0 is selected.<br>1 = The ECAP1_IC0 function is selected. |

### P5 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P5\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P5_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x44 | R/W | P5 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |        |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|--------|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26     | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |        |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18     | 17 | 16 |
| P5_TYPE  |    |    |    |    |        |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10     | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | P5_ALT |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2      | 1  | 0  |
| P5_MFP   |    |    |    |    |        |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [23:16] | P5_TYPE[m]  | <b>Port 5 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Port 5 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 5 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7. |
| [15:11] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [10]    | P5_ALT[2]   | <b>P5.2 Alternative Function</b><br>See P5_MFP[2].                                                                                                                                   |
| [9]     | P5_ALT[1]   | <b>P5.1 Alternative Function</b><br>See P5_MFP[1].                                                                                                                                   |
| [8]     | P5_ALT[0]   | <b>P5.0 Alternative Function</b><br>See P5_MFP[0].                                                                                                                                   |
| [7]     | P5_MFP[7]   | <b>P5.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P5.7 is selected.<br>1 = The BPWM0_CH1 function is selected.                                                                    |
| [6]     | P5_MFP[6]   | <b>P5.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P5.6 is selected.<br>1 = The BPWM0_CH0 function is selected.                                                                    |
| [5]     | P5_MFP[5]   | <b>P5.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P5.5 is selected.<br>1 = The CLK0 function is selected.                                                                         |
| [4]     | P5_MFP[4]   | <b>P5.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P5.4 is selected.<br>1 = The SPI2_SS function is selected.                                                                      |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [3]  | P5_MFP[3]   | <b>P5.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P5.3 is selected.<br>1 = The SPI2_CLK function is selected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [2]  | P5_MFP[2]   | <b>P5.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P5_ALT[2] and P5_MFP[2] determine the P5.2 function.<br>(P5_ALT[2], P5_MFP[2]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P5.2 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The SPI2_MISO function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The ACMP1_O function is selected.                                                                                                                    |
| [1]  | P5_MFP[1]   | <b>P5.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits P5_ALT[1] and P5_MFP[1] determine the P5.1 function.<br>(P5_ALT[1], P5_MFP[1]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P5.1 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The SPI0_MISO function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The UART0_nCTS function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The I2C0_SDA function is selected.                                                                  |
| [0]  | P5_MFP[0]   | <b>P5.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>This bit combined with P5_ALT[0] selects P5.0 multi-function.<br>Bits P5_ALT[0] and P5_MFP[0] determine the P5.0 function.<br>(P5_ALT[0], P5_MFP[0]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO P5.0 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The SPI0_MOSI function is selected.<br>(1, 0) = The UART0_nRTS function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The I2C0_SCL function is selected. |

### P6 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P6\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P6_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x48 | R/W | P6 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30        | 29        | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22        | 21        | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P6_TYPE   |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 7         | 6         | 5         | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P6_MFP[7] | P6_MFP[6] | P6_MFP[5] | P6_MFP[4] | P6_MFP[3] | P6_MFP[2] | P6_MFP[1] | P6_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [23:16] | P6_TYPE     | <b>Port 6 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Port 6 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 6 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7. |
| [15:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [7]     | P6_MFP[7]   | <b>P6.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.7 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH7 function is selected.                                                                    |
| [6]     | P6_MFP[6]   | <b>P6.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.6 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH6 function is selected.                                                                    |
| [5]     | P6_MFP[5]   | <b>P6.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.5 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH5 or ACMP1_P function is selected.                                                         |
| [4]     | P6_MFP[4]   | <b>P6.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.4 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH4 or ACMP1_N function is selected.                                                         |
| [3]     | P6_MFP[3]   | <b>P6.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.3 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH3 function is selected.                                                                    |
| [2]     | P6_MFP[2]   | <b>P6.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.2 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH2 function is selected.                                                                    |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                   |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1]  | P6_MFP[1]   | <b>P6.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.1 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH1 function is selected. |
| [0]  | P6_MFP[0]   | <b>P6.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P6.0 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC0_CH0 function is selected. |

### P7 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P7\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P7_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x4C | R/W | P7 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30        | 29        | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22        | 21        | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P7_TYPE   |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 7         | 6         | 5         | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P7_MFP[7] | P7_MFP[6] | P7_MFP[5] | P7_MFP[4] | P7_MFP[3] | P7_MFP[2] | P7_MFP[1] | P7_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [23:16] | <b>P7_TYPE</b><br><b>Port 7 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Port 7 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 7 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7. |
| [15:8]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [7]     | <b>P7_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P7.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.7 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH7 function is selected.                                                                  |
| [6]     | <b>P7_MFP[6]</b><br><b>P7.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.6 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH6 function is selected.                                                                  |
| [5]     | <b>P7_MFP[5]</b><br><b>P7.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.5 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH5 or ACMP2_P function is selected.                                                       |
| [4]     | <b>P7_MFP[4]</b><br><b>P7.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.4 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH4 or ACMP2_N function is selected.                                                       |
| [3]     | <b>P7_MFP[3]</b><br><b>P7.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.3 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH3 function is selected.                                                                  |
| [2]     | <b>P7_MFP[2]</b><br><b>P7.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.2 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH2 function is selected.                                                                  |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                   |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1]  | P7_MFP[1]   | <b>P7.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.1 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH1 function is selected. |
| [0]  | P7_MFP[0]   | <b>P7.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P7.0 is selected.<br>1 = The EADC1_CH0 function is selected. |

### P8 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P8\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P8_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x50 | R/W | P8 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |          |    |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|----------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30       | 29 | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |          |    |           |           |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22       | 21 | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P8_TYPE   |          |    |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14       | 13 | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved  |          |    |           |           |           |           |           |
| 7         | 6        | 5  | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P8_MFP[7] | Reserved |    | P8_MFP[4] | P8_MFP[3] | P8_MFP[2] | P8_MFP[1] | P8_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [23:16] | <b>P8_TYPE[m]</b><br><b>Port 8 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bits</b><br>0 = Port 8 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 8 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7. |
| [15:8]  | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [7]     | <b>P8_MFP[7]</b><br><b>P8.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P8.7 is selected.<br>1 = The ACMP0_O function is selected.                                                                        |
| [6:5]   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [4]     | <b>P8_MFP[4]</b><br><b>P8.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P8.4 is selected.<br>1 = The ACMP0_P function is selected.                                                                        |
| [3]     | <b>P8_MFP[3]</b><br><b>P8.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P8.3 is selected.<br>1 = The ACMP0_N function is selected.                                                                        |
| [2]     | <b>P8_MFP[2]</b><br><b>P8.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P8.2 is selected.<br>1 = The OP0_O function is selected.                                                                          |
| [1]     | <b>P8_MFP[1]</b><br><b>P8.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P8.1 is selected.<br>1 = The OP0_N function is selected.                                                                          |
| [0]     | <b>P8_MFP[0]</b><br><b>P8.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P8.0 is selected.<br>1 = The OP0_P function is selected.                                                                          |

### P9 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (P9\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P9_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x54 | R/W | P9 Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31        | 30        | 29        | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 23        | 22        | 21        | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| P9_TYPE   |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15        | 14        | 13        | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| 7         | 6         | 5         | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| P9_MFP[7] | P9_MFP[6] | P9_MFP[5] | P9_MFP[4] | P9_MFP[3] | P9_MFP[2] | P9_MFP[1] | P9_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [23:16] | P9_TYPE     | <b>Port 9 Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bits</b><br>0 = Port 9 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port 9 bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1..7. |
| [15:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [7]     | P9_MFP[7]   | <b>P9.7 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.7 is selected.<br>1 = The SPI1_SS function is selected.                                                                       |
| [6]     | P9_MFP[6]   | <b>P9.6 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.6 is selected.<br>1 = The SPI1_MOSI function is selected.                                                                     |
| [5]     | P9_MFP[5]   | <b>P9.5 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.5 is selected.<br>1 = The SPI1_MISO function is selected.                                                                     |
| [4]     | P9_MFP[4]   | <b>P9.4 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.4 is selected.<br>1 = The SPI1_CLK function is selected.                                                                      |
| [3]     | P9_MFP[3]   | <b>P9.3 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.3 is selected.<br>1 = The EPWM1_BRAKE1 function is selected.                                                                  |
| [2]     | P9_MFP[2]   | <b>P9.2 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.2 is selected.<br>1 = The OP1_P function is selected.                                                                         |

| Bits | Description      |                                                                                                               |
|------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1]  | <b>P9_MFP[1]</b> | <b>P9.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.1 is selected.<br>1 = The OP1_N function is selected. |
| [0]  | <b>P9_MFP[0]</b> | <b>P9.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>0 = The GPIO P9.0 is selected.<br>1 = The OP1_O function is selected. |

### PA Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register (PA\_MFP)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| PA_MFP   | GCR_BA+0x58 | R/W | PA Multiple Function and Input Type Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17        | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | PA_TYPE   |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | PA_ALT[1] | PA_ALT[0] |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1         | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | PA_MFP[1] | PA_MFP[0] |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:18] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [23:16] | PA_TYPE     | <b>Port a Schmitt Trigger Input Enable Bits</b><br>0 = Port A bit m Schmitt trigger input function Disabled.<br>1 = Port A bit m Schmitt trigger input function Enabled.<br>m=0,1.                                                                                                                                          |
| [15:10] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [9]     | PA_ALT[1]   | <b>PA.1 Alternative Function</b><br>See PA_MFP[1].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [8]     | PA_ALT[0]   | <b>PA.0 Alternative Function</b><br>See PA_MFP[0].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [7:2]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [1]     | PA_MFP[1]   | <b>PA.1 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits PA_ALT[1] and PA_MFP[1] determine the PA.1 function.<br>(PA_ALT[1], PA_MFP[1]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO PA.1 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The UART1_RXD function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The I2C0_SCL function is selected. |
| [0]     | PA_MFP[0]   | <b>PA.0 Multi-function Selection</b><br>Bits PA_ALT[0] and PA_MFP[0] determine the PA.0 function.<br>(PA_ALT[0], PA_MFP[0]) value and function mapping is as following list.<br>(0, 0) = The GPIO PA.0 function is selected.<br>(0, 1) = The UART1_TXD function is selected.<br>(1, 1) = The I2C0_SDA function is selected. |

### Register Write-Protection Control Register (REGWRPROT)

Some of the system control registers need to be protected to avoid inadvertent write and disturb the chip operation. These system control registers are protected after the power on reset till user to disable register protection. For user to program these protected registers, a register protection disable sequence needs to be followed by a special programming. The register protection disable sequence is writing the data “59h”, “16h” “88h” to the register REGWRPROT address at 0x5000\_0100 continuously. Any different data value, different sequence or any other write to other address during these three data writing will abort the whole sequence.

After the protection is disabled, user can check the protection disable bit at address 0x5000\_0100 bit0, “1” is protection disable, “0” is protection enable. Then user can update the target protected register value and then write any data to the address “0x5000\_0100” to enable register protection.

The protected registers are listed as following table:

| Register | Bit                 | Description                                                  |
|----------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| IPRSTC1  | [4] HDIV_RST        | HDIV Controller Reset (Write Protect)                        |
| IPRSTC1  | [1] CPU_RST         | Cortex®-M0 Core One-shot Reset (Write Protect)               |
| IPRSTC1  | [0] CHIP_RST        | Chip One-shot Reset (Write Protect)                          |
| BODCR    | [7] LVR_EN          | Low Voltage Reset Enable Bit (Write Protect)                 |
| BODCR    | [5] BOD_LPM         | Brown-out Detector Low Power Mode (Write Protect)            |
| BODCR    | [3] BOD_RSTEN       | Brown-out Reset Enable Bit (Write Protect)                   |
| BODCR    | [2:1] BOD_VL        | Brown-out Detector Threshold Voltage Select (Write Protect)  |
| BODCR    | [0] BOD_EN          | Brown-out Detector Enable Bit (Write Protect)                |
| PORCR    | [15:0] POR_DIS_CODE | Power-on Reset Enable Bits (Write Protect)                   |
| NMI_SEL  | [8] NMI_EN          | NMI Interrupt Enable Bit (Write Protect)                     |
| PWRCON   | [5] PD_WU_INT_EN    | Power-down Mode Wake-up Interrupt Enable Bit (Write Protect) |
| PWRCON   | [3] OSC10K_EN       | Internal 10 kHz Oscillator Enable Bit (Write Protect)        |
| PWRCON   | [2] OSC22M_EN       | Internal 22.1184 MHz Oscillator Enable Bit (Write Protect)   |
| PWRCON   | [0] XTL12M_EN       | External 4~24 MHz Crystal Enable Bit (Write Protect)         |
| APBCLK   | [0] WDT_EN          | Watchdog Timer Clock Enable Bit (Write Protect)              |
| CLKSEL0  | [5:3] STCLK_S       | Cortex®-M0 SysTick Clock Source Selection (Write Protect)    |
| CLKSEL0  | [2:0] HCLK_S        | HCLK Clock Source Selection (Write Protect)                  |
| CLKSEL1  | [1:0] WDT_S         | Watchdog Timer Clock Source Selection (Write Protect)        |
| ISPCON   | [6] ISPFF           | ISP Fail Flag (Write Protect)                                |
| ISPCON   | [5] LDUEN           | LDROM Update Enable Bit (Write Protect)                      |
| ISPCON   | [4] CFGUEN          | Config-bits Update Enable Bit (Write Protect)                |
| ISPCON   | [3] APUEN           | APROM Update Enable Bit (Write Protect)                      |
| ISPCON   | [1] BS              | Boot Select (Write Protect)                                  |

|         |                 |                                                         |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| ISPCON  | [0] ISPEN       | ISP Enable Bit (Write Protect)                          |
| ISPTRG  | [0] ISPGO       | ISP Start Trigger (Write Protect)                       |
| FATCON  | [6] FOM_SEL[1]  | Chip Frequency Optimization Mode Select (Write Protect) |
| FATCON  | [4] FOM_SEL[0]  | Chip Frequency Optimization Mode Select (Write Protect) |
| ISPSTA  | [6] ISPPF       | ISP Fail Flag (Write Protect)                           |
| TCSR0   | [31] DBGACK_TMR | ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)      |
| TCSR1   | [31] DBGACK_TMR | ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)      |
| TCSR2   | [31] DBGACK_TMR | ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)      |
| TCSR3   | [31] DBGACK_TMR | ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)      |
| WTCR    | [31] DBGACK_WDT | ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)      |
| WTCR    | [10:8] WTIS     | WDT Time-out Interval Selection (Write Protect)         |
| WTCR    | [7] WTE         | WDT Enable Bit (Write Protect)                          |
| WTCR    | [6] WTIE        | WDT Time-out Interrupt Enable Bit (Write Protect)       |
| WTCR    | [5] WTWKF       | WDT Time-out Wake-up Flag (Write Protect)               |
| WTCR    | [4] WTWKE       | WDT Time-out Wake-up Function Control (Write Protect)   |
| WTCR    | [1] WTRE        | WDT Time-out Reset Enable Bit (Write Protect)           |
| WTCRALT | [1:0] WTRDSEL   | WDT Reset Delay Selection (Write Protect)               |

Table 6-2 The protected register table.

Writing this register to disable/enable register protection, and reading it to get the REGPROTDIS status.

| Register  | Offset       | R/W | Description                                | Reset Value |
|-----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| REGWRPROT | GCR_BA+0x100 | R/W | Register Write-Protection Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |    |    |    |    |    |    |            |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------------|
| 31        | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24         |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |    |    |            |
| 23        | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16         |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |    |    |            |
| 15        | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8          |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |    |    |            |
| 7         | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0          |
| REGWRPROT |    |    |    |    |    |    | REGPROTDIS |

| Bits | Description |
|------|-------------|
|------|-------------|

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [7:1]   | REGWRPROT   | <b>Register Write-protection Code (Write Only)</b><br>Some registers have write-protection function. Writing these registers have to disable the protected function by writing the sequence value "59h", "16h", "88h" to this field. After this sequence is completed, the REGPROTDIS bit will be set to 1 and write-protection registers can be normal write.                             |
| [0]     | REGPROTDIS  | <b>Register Write-protection Disable Index (Read Only)</b><br>0 = Write-protection Enabled for writing protected registers. Any write to the protected register is ignored.<br>1 = Write-protection Disabled for writing protected registers.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.<br>Please refer to Table 6-3 The protected register table. |

### 6.2.7 System Timer (SysTick)

The Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 includes an integrated system timer, SysTick, which provides a simple, 24-bit clear-on-write, decrementing, wrap-on-zero counter with a flexible control mechanism. The counter can be used as a Real Time Operating System (RTOS) tick timer or as a simple counter.

When system timer is enabled, it will count down from the value in the SysTick Current Value Register (SYST\_CVR) to 0, and reload (wrap) to the value in the SysTick Reload Value Register (SYST\_RVR) on the next clock cycle, then decrement on subsequent clocks. When the counter transitions to 0, the COUNTFLAG status bit is set. The COUNTFLAG bit clears on reads.

The SYST\_CVR value is UNKNOWN on reset. Software should write to the register to clear it to 0 before enabling the feature. This ensures the timer will count from the SYST\_RVR value rather than an arbitrary value when it is enabled.

If the SYST\_RVR is 0, the timer will be maintained with a current value of 0 after it is reloaded with this value. This mechanism can be used to disable the feature independently from the timer enable bit.

For more detailed information, please refer to the “ARM<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 Technical Reference Manual” and “ARM<sup>®</sup> v6-M Architecture Reference Manual”.

### 6.2.7.1 System Timer Control Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                    | Offset       | R/W | Description                         | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| SYST Base Address:<br>SYST_BA = 0xE000_E010 |              |     |                                     |             |
| SYST_CSR                                    | SYST_BA+0x00 | R/W | SysTick Control and Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| SYST_RVR                                    | SYST_BA+0x04 | R/W | SysTick Reload Value Register       | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| SYST_CVR                                    | SYST_BA+0x08 | R/W | SysTick Current Value Register      | 0xFFFF_XXXX |

6.2.7.2 System Timer Control Register Description

### SysTick Control and Status (SYST\_CSR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                         | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| SYST_CSR | SYST_BA+0x00 | R/W | SysTick Control and Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |        |         |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|--------|---------|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26     | 25      | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |        |         |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18     | 17      | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |        |         | COUNTFLAG |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10     | 9       | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |        |         |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2      | 1       | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | CLKSRC | TICKINT | ENABLE    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:17] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [16]    | <b>COUNTFLAG</b><br><b>System Tick Counter Flag</b><br>Returns 1 if timer counted to 0 since last time this register was read.<br>COUNTFLAG is set by a count transition from 1 to 0.<br>COUNTFLAG is cleared on read or by a write to the Current Value register (SYST_CVR).                                                                                                              |
| [15:3]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [2]     | <b>CLKSRC</b><br><b>System Tick Clock Source Selection</b><br>0 = Clock source is optional, refer to STCLK_S (CLKSEL0[5:3]).<br>1 = Core clock used for SysTick timer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [1]     | <b>TICKINT</b><br><b>System Tick Interrupt Enabled</b><br>0 = Counting down to 0 does not cause the SysTick exception to be pended. Software can use COUNTFLAG to determine if a count to 0 has occurred.<br>1 = Counting down to 0 will cause the SysTick exception to be pended. Clearing the SysTick Current Value register by a write in software will not cause SysTick to be pended. |
| [0]     | <b>ENABLE</b><br><b>System Tick Counter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SysTick counter Disabled.<br>1 = SysTick counter Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### SysTick Reload Value Register ( SYST\_RVR )

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| SYST_RVR | SYST_BA+0x04 | R/W | SysTick Reload Value Register | 0xFFFF_FFFF |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| RELOAD   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| RELOAD   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| RELOAD   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved<br>Reserved.                                                                                           |
| [23:0]  | RELOAD<br>System Tick Reload Value<br>Value to load into the Current Value register when the counter reaches 0. |

### SysTick Current Value Register (SYST\_CVR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| SYST_CVR | SYST_BA+0x08 | R/W | SysTick Current Value Register | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| CURRENT  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CURRENT  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CURRENT  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [23:0]  | CURRENT     | <b>System Tick Current Value</b><br>Current counter value. This is the value of the counter at the time it is sampled. The counter does not provide read-modify-write protection. The register is write-clear. A software write of any value will clear the register to 0. |

### 6.2.8 Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)

The Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 provides an interrupt controller as an integral part of the exception mode, named as “Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)”, which is closely coupled to the processor core and provides following features:

- Nested and Vectored interrupt support
- Automatic processor state saving and restoration
- Reduced and deterministic interrupt latency

The NVIC prioritizes and handles all supported exceptions. All exceptions are handled in “Handler Mode”. This NVIC architecture supports 32 (IRQ[31:0]) discrete interrupts with 4 levels of priority. All of the interrupts and most of the system exceptions can be configured to different priority levels. When an interrupt occurs, the NVIC will compare the priority of the new interrupt to the current running one’s priority. If the priority of the new interrupt is higher than the current one, the new interrupt handler will override the current handler.

When an interrupt is accepted, the starting address of the interrupt service routine (ISR) is fetched from a vector table in memory. There is no need to determine which interrupt is accepted and branch to the starting address of the correlated ISR by software. While the starting address is fetched, NVIC will also automatically save processor state including the registers “PC, PSR, LR, R0~R3, R12” to the stack. At the end of the ISR, the NVIC will restore the mentioned registers from stack and resume the normal execution. Thus it will take less and deterministic time to process the interrupt request.

The NVIC supports “Tail Chaining” which handles back-to-back interrupts efficiently without the overhead of states saving and restoration and therefore reduces delay time in switching to pending ISR at the end of current ISR. The NVIC also supports “Late Arrival” which improves the efficiency of concurrent ISRs. When a higher priority interrupt request occurs before the current ISR starts to execute (at the stage of state saving and starting address fetching), the NVIC will give priority to the higher one without delay penalty. Thus it advances the real-time capability.

For more detailed information, please refer to the “ARM<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 Technical Reference Manual” and “ARM<sup>®</sup> v6-M Architecture Reference Manual”.

### 6.2.8.1 Exception Model and System Interrupt Map

Table 6-3 lists the exception model supported by the NuMicro® M0519 Series. Software can set four levels of priority on some of these exceptions as well as on all interrupts. The highest user-configurable priority is denoted as “0” and the lowest priority is denoted as “3”. The default priority of all the user-configurable interrupts is “0”. Note that priority “0” is treated as the fourth priority on the system, after three system exceptions “Reset”, “NMI” and “Hard Fault”.

| Exception Name           | Vector Number | Priority     |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Reset                    | 1             | -3           |
| NMI                      | 2             | -2           |
| Hard Fault               | 3             | -1           |
| Reserved                 | 4 ~ 10        | Reserved     |
| SVCALL                   | 11            | Configurable |
| Reserved                 | 12 ~ 13       | Reserved     |
| PendSV                   | 14            | Configurable |
| SysTick                  | 15            | Configurable |
| Interrupt (IRQ0 ~ IRQ31) | 16 ~ 47       | Configurable |

Table 6-3 Exception Model

| Exception Number | Vector Address | Interrupt Number (Bit In Interrupt Registers) | Interrupt Name   | Source Module              | Exception Description                                             | Power Down Wake-Up |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 ~ 15           |                | -                                             | -                | -                          | System exceptions                                                 | -                  |
| 16               | 0x40           | 0                                             | <b>BOD_INT</b>   | Brown-out                  | Brown-out low voltage detected interrupt                          | Yes                |
| 17               | 0x44           | 1                                             | <b>WDT_INT</b>   | WDT                        | Watchdog Timer interrupt                                          | Yes                |
| 18               | 0x48           | 2                                             | <b>EINT0_INT</b> | P3.2                       | External signal interrupt from P3.2 pin                           | Yes                |
| 19               | 0x4C           | 3                                             | <b>EINT1_INT</b> | P3.3                       | External signal interrupt from P3.3 pin                           | Yes                |
| 20               | 0x50           | 4                                             | <b>GPG0_INT</b>  | P0~P4 except P3.2 and P3.3 | External interrupt from GPIO group 0 (P0~P4) except P3.2 and P3.3 | Yes                |
| 21               | 0x54           | 5                                             | <b>GPG1_INT</b>  | P5~PA                      | External interrupt from GPIO group 1 (P5~PA)                      | Yes                |
| 22               | 0x58           | 6                                             | <b>BPWM0_INT</b> | BPWM0                      | Basic PWM0 interrupt                                              | No                 |
| 23               | 0x5C           | 7                                             | <b>EADC0_INT</b> | EADC0                      | EADC0 interrupt                                                   | No                 |
| 24               | 0x60           | 8                                             | <b>TMR0_INT</b>  | TMR0                       | Timer 0 interrupt                                                 | No                 |
| 25               | 0x64           | 9                                             | <b>TMR1_INT</b>  | TMR1                       | Timer 1 interrupt                                                 | No                 |
| 26               | 0x68           | 10                                            | <b>TMR2_INT</b>  | TMR2                       | Timer 2 interrupt                                                 | No                 |
| 27               | 0x6C           | 11                                            | <b>TMR3_INT</b>  | TMR3                       | Timer 3 interrupt                                                 | No                 |
| 28               | 0x70           | 12                                            | <b>UART0_INT</b> | UART0                      | UART0 interrupt                                                   | Yes                |

| Exception Number | Vector Address | Interrupt Number (Bit In Interrupt Registers) | Interrupt Name | Source Module     | Exception Description                                              | Power Down Wake-Up              |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 29               | 0x74           | 13                                            | UART1_INT      | UART1             | UART1 interrupt                                                    | Yes                             |
| 30               | 0x78           | 14                                            | SPI0_INT       | SPI0              | SPI0 interrupt                                                     | No                              |
| 31               | 0x7C           | 15                                            | SPI1_INT       | SPI1              | SPI1 interrupt                                                     | No                              |
| 32               | 0x80           | 16                                            | SPI2_INT       | SPI2              | SPI2 interrupt                                                     | No                              |
| 33               | 0x84           | 17                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 33               | 0x84           | 17                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | No                              |
| 34               | 0x88           | 18                                            | I2C0_INT       | I <sup>2</sup> C0 | I <sup>2</sup> C0 interrupt                                        | Yes                             |
| 35               | 0x8C           | 19                                            | CKD_INT        | CKD               | CKD interrupt                                                      | No                              |
| 36               | 0x90           | 20                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 36               | 0x90           | 20                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 37               | 0x94           | 21                                            | EPWM0_INT      | EPWM0             | Enhanced PWM0 interrupt                                            | No                              |
| 38               | 0x98           | 22                                            | EPWM1_INT      | EPWM1             | Enhanced PWM1 interrupt                                            | No                              |
| 39               | 0x9C           | 23                                            | ECAP0_INT      | ECAP0             | Enhanced input capture 0 interrupt                                 | No                              |
| 40               | 0xA0           | 24                                            | ECAP1_INT      | ECAP1             | Enhanced input capture 1 interrupt                                 | No                              |
| 41               | 0xA4           | 25                                            | ACMP_INT       | ACMP              | Analog Comparator 0 or 1, or OP Amplifier digital output interrupt | Yes (only by analog comparator) |
| 42               | 0xA8           | 26                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 43               | 0xAC           | 27                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 42               | 0xA8           | 26                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 43               | 0xAC           | 27                                            | Reserved       | Reserved          | Reserved                                                           | -                               |
| 44               | 0xB0           | 28                                            | PWRWU_INT      | CLKC              | Clock controller interrupt for chip wake up from power-down state  | -                               |
| 45               | 0xB4           | 29                                            | EADC1_INT      | EADC1             | EADC1 interrupt                                                    | No                              |
| 46               | 0xB8           | 30                                            | EADC2_INT      | EADC2             | EADC2 interrupt                                                    | No                              |
| 47               | 0xBC           | 31                                            | EADC3_INT      | EADC3             | EADC3 interrupt                                                    | No                              |

Table 6-4 System Interrupt Map Vector Table

### 6.2.8.2 Vector Table

When an interrupt is accepted, the processor will automatically fetch the starting address of the interrupt service routine (ISR) from a vector table in memory. For ARMv6-M, the vector table base address is fixed at 0x00000000. The vector table contains the initialization value for the stack pointer on reset, and the entry point addresses for all exception handlers. The vector number on previous page defines the order of entries in the vector table associated with exception handler entry as illustrated in previous section.

| Vector Table Word Offset (Bytes) | Description                                      |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| 0                                | SP_main – The Main stack pointer                 |
| Vector Number                    | Exception Entry Pointer using that Vector Number |

Table 6-5 Vector Table

### 6.2.8.3 Operation Description

NVIC interrupts can be enabled and disabled by writing to their corresponding Interrupt Set-Enable or Interrupt Clear-Enable register bit-field. The registers use a write-1-to-enable and write-1-to-clear policy, both registers reading back the current enabled state of the corresponding interrupts. When an interrupt is disabled, interrupt assertion will cause the interrupt to become Pending, however, the interrupt will not be activated. If an interrupt is Active when it is disabled, it remains in its Active state until cleared by reset or an exception return. Clearing the enable bit prevents new activations of the associated interrupt.

NVIC interrupts can be pended/un-pended using a complementary pair of registers to those used to enable/disable the interrupts, named the Set-Pending Register and Clear-Pending Register respectively. The registers use a write-1-to-enable and write-1-to-clear policy, both registers reading back the current pended state of the corresponding interrupts. The Clear-Pending Register has no effect on the execution status of an Active interrupt.

NVIC interrupts are prioritized by updating an 8-bit field within a 32-bit register (each register supporting four interrupts).

The general registers associated with the NVIC are all accessible from a block of memory in the System Control Space and will be described in next section.

#### 6.2.8.4 NVIC Control Registers

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                    | Offset        | R/W | Description                                       | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC Base Address:<br>NVIC_BA = 0xE000_E100 |               |     |                                                   |             |
| NVIC_ISER                                   | NVIC_BA+0x000 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Set-Enable Control Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_ICER                                   | NVIC_BA+0x080 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Clear-Enable Control Register        | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_ISPR                                   | NVIC_BA+0x100 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Set-Pending Control Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_ICPR                                   | NVIC_BA+0x180 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Clear-Pending Control Register       | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR0                                   | NVIC_BA+0x300 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ3 Interrupt Priority Control Register   | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR1                                   | NVIC_BA+0x304 | R/W | IRQ4 ~ IRQ7 Interrupt Priority Control Register   | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR2                                   | NVIC_BA+0x308 | R/W | IRQ8 ~ IRQ11 Interrupt Priority Control Register  | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR3                                   | NVIC_BA+0x30C | R/W | IRQ12 ~ IRQ15 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR4                                   | NVIC_BA+0x310 | R/W | IRQ16 ~ IRQ19 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR5                                   | NVIC_BA+0x314 | R/W | IRQ20 ~ IRQ23 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR6                                   | NVIC_BA+0x318 | R/W | IRQ24 ~ IRQ27 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| NVIC_IPR7                                   | NVIC_BA+0x31C | R/W | IRQ28 ~ IRQ31 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

**IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Set-Enable Control Register (NVIC\_IUSER)**

| Register   | Offset        | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|------------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IUSER | NVIC_BA+0x000 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Set-Enable Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|        |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31     | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| SETENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| SETENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| SETENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| SETENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>SETENA</b></p> <p><b>Interrupt Enable Register</b><br/>           Enable one or more interrupts. Each bit represents an interrupt number from IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 (Vector number from 16 ~ 47).<br/>           Write Operation:<br/>           0 = No effect.<br/>           1 = Write 1 to enable associated interrupt.<br/>           Read Operation:<br/>           0 = Associated interrupt status Disabled.<br/>           1 = Associated interrupt status Enabled.<br/> <b>Note:</b> Read value indicates the current enable status.</p> |

**IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Clear-Enable Control Register (NVIC\_ICER)**

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_ICER | NVIC_BA+0x080 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Clear-Enable Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|        |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31     | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| CLRENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| CLRENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CLRENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CLRENA |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>CLRENA</b></p> <p><b>Interrupt Clear Enable Bits</b><br/> Disable one or more interrupts. Each bit represents an interrupt number from IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 (Vector number from 16 ~ 47).<br/> Write Operation:<br/> 0 = No effect.<br/> 1 = Write 1 to disable associated interrupt.<br/> Read Operation:<br/> 0 = Associated interrupt status Disabled.<br/> 1 = Associated interrupt status Enabled.<br/> <b>Note:</b> Read value indicates the current enable status.</p> |

# IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Set-Pending Control Register (NVIC\_ISPR)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_ISPR | NVIC_BA+0x100 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Set-Pending Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31      | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| SETPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23      | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| SETPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15      | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| SETPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| SETPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>SETPEND</b></p> <p><b>Interrupt Set-pending</b><br/> The ISPR forces interrupts into the pending state, and shows the interrupts that are pending. Each bit represents an IRQ number from IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 (Vector number from 16 ~ 47).</p> <p>Write Operation:<br/> 0 = No effect.<br/> 1 = Write 1 to set pending state.</p> <p>Read Operation:<br/> 0 = Associated interrupt in not in pending status.<br/> 1 = Associated interrupt is in pending status.</p> <p>Read value indicates the current pending status.</p> |

IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Clear-Pending Control Register (NVIC\_ICPR)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                 | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_ICPR | NVIC_BA+0x180 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 Clear-Pending Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31      | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| CLRPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23      | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| CLRPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15      | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CLRPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CLRPEND |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>Interrupt Clear-pending</b></p> <p>The ICPR removes the pending state from interrupts, and shows the interrupts that are pending. Each bit represents an IRQ number from IRQ0 ~ IRQ31 (Vector number from 16 ~ 47).</p> <p>Write Operation:</p> <p>0 = No effect.</p> <p>1 = Write 1 to clear pending state.</p> <p>Read Operation:</p> <p>0 = Associated interrupt in not in pending status.</p> <p>1 = Associated interrupt is in pending status.</p> <p>Read value indicates the current pending status.</p> |

### IRQ0 ~ IRQ3 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR0)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                     | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR0 | NVIC_BA+0x300 | R/W | IRQ0 ~ IRQ3 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31    | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|-------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_3 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23    | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_2 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15    | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_1 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7     | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_0 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                              |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_3       | <b>Priority of IRQ3</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [23:22] | PRI_2       | <b>Priority of IRQ2</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [15:14] | PRI_1       | <b>Priority of IRQ1</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [7:6]   | PRI_0       | <b>Priority of IRQ0</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |

### IRQ4 ~ IRQ7 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR1)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                     | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR1 | NVIC_BA+0x304 | R/W | IRQ4 ~ IRQ7 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31    | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|-------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_7 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23    | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_6 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15    | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_5 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7     | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_4 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                              |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_7       | <b>Priority of IRQ7</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [23:22] | PRI_6       | <b>Priority of IRQ6</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [15:14] | PRI_5       | <b>Priority of IRQ5</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [7:6]   | PRI_4       | <b>Priority of IRQ4</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                    |

### IRQ8 ~ IRQ11 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR2)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                      | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR2 | NVIC_BA+0x308 | R/W | IRQ8 ~ IRQ11 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31     | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|--------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_11 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_10 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_9  |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_8  |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                        |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_11      | Priority of IRQ11<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |
| [23:22] | PRI_10      | Priority of IRQ10<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |
| [15:14] | PRI_9       | Priority of IRQ9<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority.  |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |
| [7:6]   | PRI_8       | Priority of IRQ8<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority.  |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |

### IRQ12 ~ IRQ15 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR3)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                       | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR3 | NVIC_BA+0x30C | R/W | IRQ12 ~ IRQ15 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31     | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|--------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_15 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_14 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_13 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_12 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_15      | <b>Priority of IRQ15</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [23:22] | PRI_14      | <b>Priority of IRQ14</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [15:14] | PRI_13      | <b>Priority of IRQ13</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [7:6]   | PRI_12      | <b>Priority of IRQ12</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |

### IRQ16 ~ IRQ19 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR4)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                       | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR4 | NVIC_BA+0x310 | R/W | IRQ16 ~ IRQ19 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31     | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|--------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_19 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_18 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_17 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_16 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_19      | <b>Priority of IRQ19</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [23:22] | PRI_18      | <b>Priority of IRQ18</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [15:14] | PRI_17      | <b>Priority of IRQ17</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [7:6]   | PRI_16      | <b>Priority of IRQ16</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |

**IRQ20 ~ IRQ23 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR5)**

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                       | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR5 | NVIC_BA+0x314 | R/W | IRQ20 ~ IRQ23 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|        |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31     | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| PRI_23 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_22 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_21 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_20 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_23      | <b>Priority of IRQ23</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [23:22] | PRI_22      | <b>Priority of IRQ22</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [15:14] | PRI_21      | <b>Priority of IRQ21</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [7:6]   | PRI_20      | <b>Priority of IRQ20</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |

### IRQ24 ~ IRQ27 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR6)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                       | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR6 | NVIC_BA+0x318 | R/W | IRQ24 ~ IRQ27 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31     | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|--------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_27 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_26 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_25 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_24 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                        |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_27      | Priority of IRQ27<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |
| [23:22] | PRI_26      | Priority of IRQ26<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |
| [15:14] | PRI_25      | Priority of IRQ25<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |
| [7:6]   | PRI_24      | Priority of IRQ24<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                              |

**IRQ28 ~ IRQ31 Interrupt Priority Register (NVIC\_IPR7)**

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                                       | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NVIC_IPR7 | NVIC_BA+0x31C | R/W | IRQ28 ~ IRQ31 Interrupt Priority Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31     | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|--------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| PRI_31 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_30 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PRI_29 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PRI_28 |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_31      | <b>Priority of IRQ31</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [23:22] | PRI_30      | <b>Priority of IRQ30</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [21:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [15:14] | PRI_29      | <b>Priority of IRQ29</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [13:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |
| [7:6]   | PRI_28      | <b>Priority of IRQ28</b><br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes lowest priority. |
| [5:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                     |

### 6.2.8.5 Interrupt Source Control Registers

Besides the interrupt control registers associated with the NVIC, NuMicro® M0519 Series also implement some specific control registers to facilitate the interrupt functions, including “interrupt source identification”, “NMI source selection” and “interrupt test mode”, as described below.

**R**: read only, **W**: write only, **R/W**: both read and write

| Register                    | Offset      | R/W | Description                                         | Reset Value |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>INT Base Address:</b>    |             |     |                                                     |             |
| <b>INT_BA = 0x5000_0300</b> |             |     |                                                     |             |
| <b>IRQ0_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x00 | R   | IRQ0 (BOD) Interrupt Source Identity                | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ1_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x04 | R   | IRQ1 (WDT) Interrupt Source Identity                | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ2_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x08 | R   | IRQ2 (EINT0) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ3_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x0C | R   | IRQ3 (EINT1) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ4_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x10 | R   | IRQ4 (P0-P4) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ5_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x14 | R   | IRQ5 (P5-PA) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ6_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x18 | R   | IRQ6 (BPWM0) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ7_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x1C | R   | IRQ7 (EADC0) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ8_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x20 | R   | IRQ8 (TMR0) Interrupt Source Identity               | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ9_SRC</b>             | INT_BA+0x24 | R   | IRQ9 (TMR1) Interrupt Source Identity               | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ10_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x28 | R   | IRQ10 (TMR2) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ11_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x2C | R   | IRQ11 (TMR3) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ12_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x30 | R   | IRQ12 (UART0) Interrupt Source Identity             | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ13_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x34 | R   | IRQ13 (UART1) Interrupt Source Identity             | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ14_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x38 | R   | IRQ14 (SPI0) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ15_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x3C | R   | IRQ15 (SPI1) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ16_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x40 | R   | IRQ16 (SPI2) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ18_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x48 | R   | IRQ18 (I <sup>2</sup> C0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ19_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x4C | R   | IRQ19 (CKD) interrupt Source Identity               | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ21_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x54 | R   | IRQ21 (EPWM0) Interrupt Source Identity             | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ22_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x58 | R   | IRQ22 (EPWM1) Interrupt Source Identity             | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ23_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x5C | R   | IRQ23 (ECAP0) Interrupt Source Identity             | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ24_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x60 | R   | IRQ24 (ECAP1) Interrupt Source Identity             | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ25_SRC</b>            | INT_BA+0x64 | R   | IRQ25 (ACMP) Interrupt Source Identity              | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|                  |             |     |                                              |             |
|------------------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>IRQ28_SRC</b> | INT_BA+0x70 | R   | IRQ28 (PWRWU) Interrupt Source Identity      | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ29_SRC</b> | INT_BA+0x74 | R   | IRQ29 (EADC1) Interrupt Source Identity      | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ30_SRC</b> | INT_BA+0x78 | R   | IRQ30 (EADC2) Interrupt Source Identity      | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>IRQ31_SRC</b> | INT_BA+0x7C | R   | IRQ31 (EADC3) Interrupt Source Identity      | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>NMI_SEL</b>   | INT_BA+0x80 | R/W | NMI Interrupt Source Select Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>MCU_IRQ</b>   | INT_BA+0x84 | R/W | MCU Interrupt Request Source Register        | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>MCU_IRQCR</b> | INT_BA+0x88 | R/W | MCU Interrupt Request Control Register       | 0x0000_0000 |

### IRQ0 (BOD) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ0\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ0_SRC | INT_BA+0x00 | R   | IRQ0 (BOD) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | BOD_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ0 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ0 source is not from BOD interrupt (BOD_INT).<br>1 = IRQ0 source is from BOD interrupt (BOD_INT). |

### IRQ1 (WDT) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ1\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ1_SRC | INT_BA+0x04 | R   | IRQ1 (WDT) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |          |         |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----------|---------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25       | 24      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          |         |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17       | 16      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          |         |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9        | 8       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          |         |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1        | 0       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | WWDT_INT | WDT_INT |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                         |
| [1]    | WWDT_INT    | <b>IRQ1 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ1 source is not from window-watchdog interrupt (WWDT_INT).<br>1 = IRQ1 source is from window-watchdog interrupt (WWDT_INT). |
| [0]    | WDT_INT     | <b>IRQ1 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ1 source is not from watchdog interrupt (WDT_INT).<br>1 = IRQ1 source is from watchdog interrupt (WDT_INT).                 |

**IRQ2 (EINT0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ2\_SRC)**

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ2_SRC | INT_BA+0x08 | R   | IRQ2 (EINT0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EINT0 |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | EINT0       | <b>IRQ2 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ2 source is not from external signal interrupt 0 from P3.2 (EINT0).<br>1 = IRQ2 source is from external signal interrupt 0 from P3.2 (EINT0). |

### IRQ3 (EINT1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ3\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ3_SRC | INT_BA+0x0C | R   | IRQ3 (EINT1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EINT1 |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ3 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ3 source is not from external signal interrupt 1 from P3.3 (EINT1).<br>1 = IRQ3 source is from external signal interrupt 1 from P3.3 (EINT1). |

### IRQ4 (P0-P4) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ4\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ4_SRC | INT_BA+0x10 | R   | IRQ4 (P0-P4) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |        |        |        |        |        |
|----------|----|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28     | 27     | 26     | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |        |        |        |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20     | 19     | 18     | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |        |        |        |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12     | 11     | 10     | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |        |        |        |        |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4      | 3      | 2      | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    | P4_INT | P3_INT | P2_INT | P1_INT | P0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:5] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                         |
| [4]    | <b>P4_INT</b><br><b>IRQ4 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ4 source is not from P4 interrupt (P4_INT).<br>1 = IRQ4 source is from P4 interrupt (P4_INT). |
| [3]    | <b>P3_INT</b><br><b>IRQ4 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ4 source is not from P3 interrupt (P3_INT).<br>1 = IRQ4 source is from P3 interrupt (P3_INT). |
| [2]    | <b>P2_INT</b><br><b>IRQ4 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ4 source is not from P2 interrupt (P2_INT).<br>1 = IRQ4 source is from P2 interrupt (P2_INT). |
| [1]    | <b>P1_INT</b><br><b>IRQ4 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ4 source is not from P1 interrupt (P1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ4 source is from P1 interrupt (P1_INT). |
| [0]    | <b>P0_INT</b><br><b>IRQ4 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ4 source is not from P0 interrupt (P0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ4 source is from P0 interrupt (P0_INT). |

### IRQ5 (P5-PA) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ5\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ5_SRC | INT_BA+0x14 | R   | IRQ5 (P5-PA) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|----------|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29     | 28     | 27     | 26     | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21     | 20     | 19     | 18     | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13     | 12     | 11     | 10     | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5      | 4      | 3      | 2      | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    | PA_INT | P9_INT | P8_INT | P7_INT | P6_INT | P5_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                         |
| [5]    | <b>PA_INT</b><br><b>IRQ5 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ5 source is not from PA interrupt (PA_INT).<br>1 = IRQ5 source is from PA interrupt (PA_INT). |
| [4]    | <b>P9_INT</b><br><b>IRQ5 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ5 source is not from P9 interrupt (P9_INT).<br>1 = IRQ5 source is from P9 interrupt (P9_INT). |
| [3]    | <b>P8_INT</b><br><b>IRQ5 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ5 source is not from P8 interrupt (P8_INT).<br>1 = IRQ5 source is from P8 interrupt (P8_INT). |
| [2]    | <b>P7_INT</b><br><b>IRQ5 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ5 source is not from P7 interrupt (P7_INT).<br>1 = IRQ5 source is from P7 interrupt (P7_INT). |
| [1]    | <b>P6_INT</b><br><b>IRQ5 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ5 source is not from P6 interrupt (P6_INT).<br>1 = IRQ5 source is from P6 interrupt (P6_INT). |
| [0]    | <b>P5_INT</b><br><b>IRQ5 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ5 source is not from P5 interrupt (P5_INT).<br>1 = IRQ5 source is from P5 interrupt (P5_INT). |

### IRQ6 (BPWM0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ6\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ6_SRC | INT_BA+0x18 | R   | IRQ6 (BPWM0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25        | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17        | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9         | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1         | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | BPCH1_INT | BPCH0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                            |
| [1]    | <b>BPCH1_INT</b><br><b>IRQ6 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ6 source is not from BPWM0 channel 1 interrupt (BPCH1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ6 source is from BPWM0 channel 1 interrupt (BPCH1_INT). |
| [0]    | <b>BPCH0_INT</b><br><b>IRQ6 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ6 source is not from BPWM0 channel 0 interrupt (BPCH0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ6 source is from BPWM0 channel 0 interrupt (BPCH0_INT). |

### IRQ7 (EADC0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ7\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ7_SRC | INT_BA+0x1C | R   | IRQ7 (EADC0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EADC0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                        |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ7 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ7 source is not from EADC0 interrupt (EADC0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ7 source is from EADC0 interrupt (EADC0_INT). |

### IRQ8 (TMR0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ8\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                           | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ8_SRC | INT_BA+0x20 | R   | IRQ8 (TMR0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | TMR0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                        |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ8 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ8 source is not from Timer0 interrupt (TMR0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ8 source is from Timer0 interrupt (TMR0_INT). |

### IRQ9 (TMR1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ9\_SRC)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                           | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ9_SRC | INT_BA+0x24 | R   | IRQ9 (TMR1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | TMR1_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                        |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ9 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ9 source is not from Timer1 interrupt (TMR1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ9 source is from Timer1 interrupt (TMR1_INT). |

**IRQ10 (TMR2) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ10\_SRC)**

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ10_SRC | INT_BA+0x28 | R   | IRQ10 (TMR2) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | TMR2_INT |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                          |
| [0]    | TMR2_INT    | <b>IRQ10 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ10 source is not from Timer2 interrupt (TMR2_INT).<br>1 = IRQ10 source is from Timer2 interrupt (TMR2_INT). |

### IRQ11 (TMR3) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ11\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ11_SRC | INT_BA+0x2C | R   | IRQ11 (TMR3) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | TMR3_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ11 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ11 source is not from Timer3 interrupt (TMR3_INT).<br>1 = IRQ11 source is from Timer3 interrupt (TMR3_INT). |

### IRQ12 (UART0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ12\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ12_SRC | INT_BA+0x30 | R   | IRQ12 (UART0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | UART0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ12 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ12 source is not from UART0 interrupt (UART0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ12 source is from UART0 interrupt (UART0_INT). |

### IRQ13 (UART1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ13\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ13_SRC | INT_BA+0x34 | R   | IRQ13 (UART1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | UART1_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ13 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ13 source is not from UART1 interrupt (UART1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ13 source is from UART1 interrupt (UART1_INT). |

### IRQ14 (SPI0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ14\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ14_SRC | INT_BA+0x38 | R   | IRQ14 (SPI0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | SPI0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                       |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ14 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ14 source is not from SPI0 interrupt (SPI0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ14 source is from SPI0 interrupt (SPI0_INT). |

### IRQ15 (SPI1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ15\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ15_SRC | INT_BA+0x3C | R   | IRQ15 (SPI1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | SPI1_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                       |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ15 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ15 source is not from SPI1 interrupt (SPI1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ15 source is from SPI1 interrupt (SPI1_INT). |

### IRQ16 (SPI2) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ16\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ16_SRC | INT_BA+0x40 | R   | IRQ16 (SPI2) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | SPI2_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                       |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ16 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ16 source is not from SPI2 interrupt (SPI2_INT).<br>1 = IRQ16 source is from SPI2 interrupt (SPI2_INT). |

### IRQ18 (I2C) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ18\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ18_SRC | INT_BA+0x48 | R   | IRQ18 (I2C0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | I2C0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ18 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ18 source is not from I <sup>2</sup> C0 interrupt (I2C0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ18 source is from I <sup>2</sup> C0 interrupt (I2C0_INT). |

### IRQ19 (CKD) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ19\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                           | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ19_SRC | INT_BA+0x4C | R   | IRQ19 (CKD) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |         |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | CKD_INT |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                  |
| [0]    | CKD_INT     | <b>IRQ19 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ19 source is not from CKD interrupt (CKD_INT).<br>1 = IRQ19 source is from CKD interrupt (CKD_INT). |

### IRQ21 (EPWM0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ21\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ21_SRC | INT_BA+0x54 | R   | IRQ21 (EPWM0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EPWM0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ21 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ21 source is not from EPWM0 interrupt (EPWM0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ21 source is from EPWM0 interrupt (EPWM0_INT). |

### IRQ22 (EPWM1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ22\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ22_SRC | INT_BA+0x58 | R   | IRQ22 (EPWM1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EPWM1_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ22 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ22 source is not from EPWM1 interrupt (EPWM1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ22 source is from EPWM1 interrupt (EPWM1_INT). |

### IRQ23 (ECAP0) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ23\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ23_SRC | INT_BA+0x5C | R   | IRQ23 (ECAP0) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | ECAP0_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ23 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ23 source is not from ECAP0 interrupt (ECAP0_INT).<br>1 = IRQ23 source is from ECAP0 interrupt (ECAP0_INT). |

**IRQ24 (ECAP1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ24\_SRC)**

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ24_SRC | INT_BA+0x60 | R   | IRQ24 (ECAP1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | ECAP1_INT |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                          |
| [0]    | ECAP1_INT   | <b>IRQ24 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ24 source is not from ECAP1 interrupt (ECAP1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ24 source is from ECAP1 interrupt (ECAP1_INT). |

### IRQ25 (ACMP) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ25\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ25_SRC | INT_BA+0x64 | R   | IRQ25 (ACMP) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | ACMP_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                       |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ25 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ25 source is not from ACMP interrupt (ACMP_INT).<br>1 = IRQ25 source is from ACMP interrupt (ACMP_INT). |

### IRQ28 (PWRWU) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ28\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ28_SRC | INT_BA+0x70 | R   | IRQ28 (PWRWU) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | PWRWU_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ28 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ28 source is not from PWRWU interrupt (PWRWU_INT).<br>1 = IRQ28 source is from PWREU interrupt (PWRWU_INT). |

### IRQ29 (EADC1) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ29\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ29_SRC | INT_BA+0x74 | R   | IRQ29 (EADC1) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EADC1_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ29 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ29 source is not from EADC1 interrupt (EADC1_INT).<br>1 = IRQ29 source is from EADC1 interrupt (EADC1_INT). |

### IRQ30 (EADC2) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ30\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ30_SRC | INT_BA+0x78 | R   | IRQ30 (EADC2) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EADC2_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ30 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ30 source is not from EADC2 interrupt (EADC2_INT).<br>1 = IRQ30 source is from EADC2 interrupt (EADC2_INT). |

### IRQ31 (EADC3) Interrupt Source Identity (IRQ31\_SRC)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| IRQ31_SRC | INT_BA+0x7C | R   | IRQ31 (EADC3) Interrupt Source Identity | 0XXXXX_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |           |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | EADC3_INT |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]    | <b>IRQ31 Source Identity</b><br>0 = IRQ31 source is not from EADC3 interrupt (EADC3_INT).<br>1 = IRQ31 source is from EADC3 interrupt (EADC3_INT). |

**NMI Interrupt Source Select Control Register (NMI\_SEL)**

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                  | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| NMI_SEL  | INT_BA+0x80 | R/W | NMI Interrupt Source Select Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |         |    |    |        |
|----------|----|----|----|---------|----|----|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27      | 26 | 25 | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |         |    |    |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19      | 18 | 17 | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |         |    |    |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11      | 10 | 9  | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |         |    |    | NMI_EN |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3       | 2  | 1  | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    |    | NMI_SEL |    |    |        |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:9] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [8]    | NMI_EN      | <b>NMI Interrupt Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = IRQ0~31 assigned to NMI Disabled. (NMI still can be software triggered by setting its pending flag.)<br>1 = IRQ0~31 assigned to NMI Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |
| [7:5]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [4:0]  | NMI_SEL     | <b>NMI Interrupt Source Selection</b><br>The NMI interrupt to Cortex®-M0 can be selected from one of IRQ0~IRQ31 by setting NMI_SEL with IRQ number. The default NMI interrupt is assigned as IRQ0 interrupt if NMI is enabled by setting NMI_SEL[8].                                  |

### MCU Interrupt Request Source Register (MCU\_IRQ)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                           | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| MCU_IRQ  | INT_BA+0x84 | R/W | MCU Interrupt Request Source Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31      | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| MCU_IRQ |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23      | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| MCU_IRQ |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15      | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| MCU_IRQ |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| MCU_IRQ |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>MCU IRQ Source Register</b></p> <p>The MCU_IRQ collects all the interrupts from the peripherals and generates the synchronous interrupt to Cortex®-M0.</p> <p>The MCU_IRQ collects all interrupts from each peripheral and synchronizes them and then interrupts the Cortex®-M0.</p> <p>When the MCU_IRQ[n] is 0, it means no interrupt is assert.</p> <p>Write 1 to generate an interrupt to Cortex®-M0 NVIC[n].</p> <p>When the MCU_IRQ[n] is 1, it means an interrupt is assert.</p> <p>Write 1 to clear the interrupt and MCU_IRQ[n].</p> |

### MCU Interrupt Request Control Register (MCU\_IRQCR)

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| MCU_IRQCR | INT_BA+0x88 | R/W | MCU Interrupt Request Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | FAST_IRQ |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [0]    | <b>Fast IRQ Latency Enable Bit</b><br>0 = MCU IRQ latency is fixed at 13 HCLK, MCU will enter IRQ handler after this fixed latency when interrupt happened.<br>1 = MCU IRQ latency will not fixed, MCU will enter IRQ handler as soon as possible when interrupt happened. |

### 6.2.9 System Control Block Register

Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 status and operating mode control are managed by System Control Block Registers including CPUID, Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 interrupt priority and Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 power management.

**R**: read only, **W**: write only, **R/W**: both read and write

| Register                                  | Offset      | R/W | Description                                      | Reset Value |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| SCB Base Address:<br>SCB_BA = 0xE000_ED00 |             |     |                                                  |             |
| CPUID                                     | SCB_BA+0x00 | R   | CPUID Register                                   | 0x410C_C200 |
| ICSR                                      | SCB_BA+0x04 | R/W | Interrupt Control State Register                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| AIRCR                                     | SCB_BA+0x0C | R/W | Application Interrupt and Reset Control Register | 0xFA05_0000 |
| SCR                                       | SCB_BA+0x10 | R/W | System Control Register                          | 0x0000_0000 |
| SHPR2                                     | SCB_BA+0x1C | R/W | System Handler Priority Register 2               | 0x0000_0000 |
| SHPR3                                     | SCB_BA+0x20 | R/W | System Handler Priority Register 3               | 0x0000_0000 |

**CPUID Register (CPUID)**

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description    | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------|-------------|
| CPUID    | SCB_BA+0x00 | R   | CPUID Register | 0x410C_C200 |

|             |    |    |    |          |    |    |    |
|-------------|----|----|----|----------|----|----|----|
| 31          | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27       | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| IMPLEMENTER |    |    |    |          |    |    |    |
| 23          | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19       | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved    |    |    |    | PART     |    |    |    |
| 15          | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11       | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PARTNO      |    |    |    |          |    |    |    |
| 7           | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3        | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PARTNO      |    |    |    | REVISION |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | IMPLEMENTER | <b>Implementer Code Assigned by ARM®</b><br>Implementer code assigned by ARM®. (ARM® = 0x41).. |
| [23:20] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                      |
| [19:16] | PART        | <b>Architecture of the Processor</b><br>Read as 0xC corresponding to ARMv6-M architecture.     |
| [15:4]  | PARTNO      | <b>Part Number of the Processor</b><br>Reads as 0xC20 corresponding to Cortex®-M0              |
| [3:0]   | REVISION    | <b>Revision Number</b><br>Reads as 0x0.                                                        |

## Interrupt Control State Register (ICSR)

The ICSR provides (1)a set-pending bit for the NMI exception, and (2)set-pending and clear-pending bits for the PendSV and SysTick exceptions. And the ICSR also indicates (1)the exception number of the exception being processed, (2)whether there are preempted active exceptions, (3)the exception number of the highest priority pending exception, and (4)whether any interrupts are pending.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| ICSR     | SCB_BA+0x04 | R/W | Interrupt Control State Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31          | 30         | 29         | 28        | 27        | 26        | 25          | 24       |
|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| NMIPENDSET  | Reserved   |            | PENDSVSET | PENDSVCLR | PENDSTSET | PENDSTCLR   | Reserved |
| 23          | 22         | 21         | 20        | 19        | 18        | 17          | 16       |
| Reserved    | ISRPENDING | Reserved   |           |           |           | VECTPENDING |          |
| 15          | 14         | 13         | 12        | 11        | 10        | 9           | 8        |
| VECTPENDING |            |            |           | Reserved  |           |             |          |
| 7           | 6          | 5          | 4         | 3         | 2         | 1           | 0        |
| Reserved    |            | VECTACTIVE |           |           |           |             |          |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31]    | NMIPENDSET  | <b>NMI Set-pending Bit</b><br>Because NMI is the highest-priority exception, normally the processor enters the NMI exception handler as soon as it detects a write of 1 to this bit. Entering the handler then clears this bit to 0. This means a read of this bit by the NMI exception handler returns 1 only if the NMI signal is reasserted while the processor is executing that handler.<br>Write Operation:<br>0 = no effect.<br>1 = changes NMI exception state to pending.<br>Read Operation:<br>0 = NMI exception is not pending.<br>1 = NMI exception is pending. |
| [30:29] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [28]    | PENDSVSET   | <b>PendSV Set-pending Bit</b><br>Write Operation:<br>0 = no effect.<br>1 = changes PendSV exception state to pending.<br>Read Operation:<br>0 = PendSV exception is not pending.<br>1 = PendSV exception is pending.<br>Writing 1 to this bit is the only way to set the PendSV exception state to pending.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [27]    | PENDSVCLR   | <b>PendSV Clear-pending Bit (Write Only)</b><br>0 = no effect.<br>1 = removes the pending state from the PendSV exception.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

| Bits    | Description         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [26]    | <b>PENDSTSET</b>    | <b>SysTick Exception Set-pending Bit</b><br>Write Operation:<br>0 = no effect.<br>1 = changes SysTick exception state to pending.<br>Read Operation:<br>0 = SysTick exception is not pending.<br>1 = SysTick exception is pending.                             |
| [25]    | <b>PENDSTCLR</b>    | <b>SysTick Exception Clear-pending Bit (Write Only)</b><br>0 = no effect.<br>1 = removes the pending state from the SysTick exception.                                                                                                                         |
| [24:23] | <b>Reserved</b>     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [22]    | <b>ISR_PENDING</b>  | <b>Interrupt Pending Flag (Read Only)</b><br>Indicates if an external configurable (NVIC generated) interrupt is pending.<br>0 = interrupt not pending.<br>1 = interrupt pending.                                                                              |
| [21:18] | <b>Reserved</b>     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [17:12] | <b>VECT_PENDING</b> | <b>Vector Pending Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This field indicates the exception number of the highest priority pending enabled exception:<br>0 = no pending exceptions.<br>Nonzero = the exception number of the highest priority pending enabled exception. |
| [11:6]  | <b>Reserved</b>     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [5:0]   | <b>VECT_ACTIVE</b>  | <b>Vector Active Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This field contains the active exception number:<br>0 = Thread mode.<br>Nonzero = The exception number of the currently active exception.                                                                        |

### Application Interrupt and Reset Control Register (AIRCR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                                      | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| AIRCR    | SCB_BA+0x0C | R/W | Application Interrupt and Reset Control Register | 0xFA05_0000 |

|           |    |    |    |    |             |          |    |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|-------------|----------|----|
| 31        | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26          | 25       | 24 |
| VECTORKEY |    |    |    |    |             |          |    |
| 23        | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18          | 17       | 16 |
| VECTKEY   |    |    |    |    |             |          |    |
| 15        | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10          | 9        | 8  |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |             |          |    |
| 7         | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2           | 1        | 0  |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    | SYSRESETREQ | Reserved |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | VECTKEY     | <b>Register Key (Write Only)</b><br>When writing to this register, the VECTORKEY field need to be set to 0x05FA, otherwise the write operation would be ignored. The VECTORKEY field is used to prevent accidental write to this register from resetting the system or clearing of the exception status. |
| [15:3]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [2]     | SYSRESETREQ | <b>System Reset Request (Write Only)</b><br>0 = no effect.<br>1 = requests a system level reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [1:0]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

### System Control Register (SCR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description             | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|
| SCR      | SCB_BA+0x10 | R/W | System Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |           |          |           |             |          |
|----------|----|----|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28        | 27       | 26        | 25          | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |           |          |           |             |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20        | 19       | 18        | 17          | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |           |          |           |             |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12        | 11       | 10        | 9           | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |           |          |           |             |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4         | 3        | 2         | 1           | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    | SEVONPEND | Reserved | SLEEPDEEP | SLEEPONEXIT | Reserved |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:5] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [4]    | SEVONPEND   | <p><b>Send Event on Pending Bit</b></p> <p>0 = Only enabled interrupts or events can wake up the processor, disabled interrupts are excluded.</p> <p>1 = Enabled events and all interrupts, including disabled interrupts, can wake-up the processor.</p> <p>When an event or interrupt enters pending state, the event signal wakes up the processor from WFE. If the processor is not waiting for an event, the event is registered and affects next WFE.</p> <p>The processor also wakes up on execution of an SEV instruction or an external event.</p> |
| [3]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [2]    | SLEEPDEEP   | <p><b>Deep Sleep Mode Enable Bit</b></p> <p>This bit controls whether the processor uses sleep or deep sleep as its low power mode:</p> <p>0 = Sleep mode.</p> <p>1 = Deep sleep mode.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [1]    | SLEEPONEXIT | <p><b>Sleep-on-exit Enable Bit</b></p> <p>This bit controls sleep-on-exit when returning from Handler mode to Thread mode:</p> <p>0 = Do not sleep when returning to Thread mode.</p> <p>1 = Enter Sleep, or Deep Sleep, on return from an ISR to Thread mode.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Setting this bit to 1 enables an interrupt driven application to avoid returning to an empty main application.</p>                                                                                                                                                       |
| [0]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

### System Handler Priority Register 2 (SHPR2)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| SHPR2    | SCB_BA+0x1C | R/W | System Handler Priority Register 2 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| PRI_11   |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_11      | Priority of System Handler 11, SVCall<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes the lowest priority. |
| [29:0]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                      |

### System Handler Priority Register 3 (SHPR3)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| SHPR3    | SCB_BA+0x20 | R/W | System Handler Priority Register 3 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| PRI_15   |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| PRI_14   |    | Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | PRI_15      | Priority of System Handler 15, SysTick<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes the lowest priority. |
| [29:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                       |
| [23:22] | PRI_14      | Priority of System Handler 14, PendSV<br>"0" denotes the highest priority and "3" denotes the lowest priority.  |
| [21:0]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                       |

## 6.3 Clock Controller

### 6.3.1 Overview

The clock controller generates the clocks for the whole chip, including system clocks and all peripheral clocks. The clock controller also implements the power control function with the individually clock ON/OFF control, clock source selection and clock divider. The chip enters Power-down mode when Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 core executes the WFI instruction only if the SLEEPDEEP (SCR[2]) bit is set to 1. After that, chip enters Power-down mode and wait for wake-up interrupt source triggered to leave Power-down mode. In the Power-down mode, the clock controller turns off the 4~24 MHz external high speed crystal oscillator and 22.1184 MHz internal high speed RC oscillator to reduce the overall system power consumption. Figure 6-3 shows the clock generator and the overview of the clock source control.

The clock generator consists of 4 clock sources as listed below:

- 4~24 MHz external high speed crystal oscillator (HXT)
- Programmable PLL output clock frequency (PLL\_FOUT), PLL source can be selected from 4~24 MHz external high speed crystal oscillator (HXT) or 22.1184 MHz internal high speed RC oscillator (HIRC)
- 22.1184 MHz internal high speed RC oscillator (HIRC)
- 10 kHz internal low speed RC oscillator (LIRC)

Each of these clock sources has certain stable time to wait for clock operating at stable frequency. When clock source is enabled, a stable counter start counting and correlated clock stable index (OSC22M\_STB(CLKSTATUS[4]), OSC10K\_STB(CLKSTATUS[3]), PLL\_STB(CLKSTATUS[2]) and XTL12M\_STB(CLKSTATUS[0])) are set to 1 after stable counter value reach a define value as Table 6-6. System and peripheral can use these clock as its operating clock only when correlate clock stable index is set to 1. The clock stable index will auto clear when user disables the clock source (OSC10K\_EN(PWRCON[3]), OSC22M\_EN(PWRCON[2]), XTL12M\_EN(PWRCON[0]) and PD(PLLCON[16])). Besides, the clock stable index of HXT, HIRC and PLL will auto clear when chip enter power-down and clock stable counter will re-counting after chip wake-up if correlate clock is enabled.

| Clock Source | Clock Stable Count Value                                                                              |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HXT          | 4096 HXT clock                                                                                        |
| PLL          | 6144 PLL source<br>(PLL source is HXT if PLL_SRC(PLLCON[19]) = 0, or HIRC if PLL_SRC(PLLCON[19]) = 1) |
| HIRC         | 256 HIRC clock                                                                                        |
| LIRC         | 1 LIRC                                                                                                |

Table 6-6 Clock Stable Count Value Table

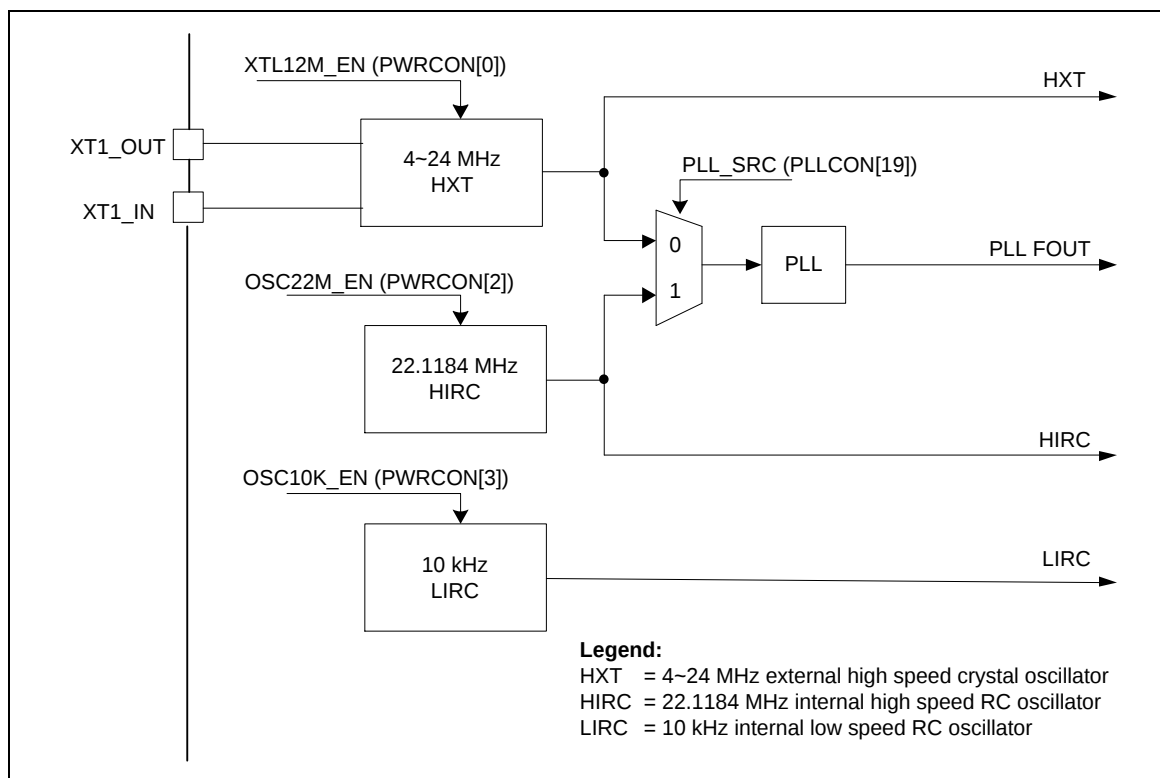


Figure 6-3 Clock Generator Block Diagram

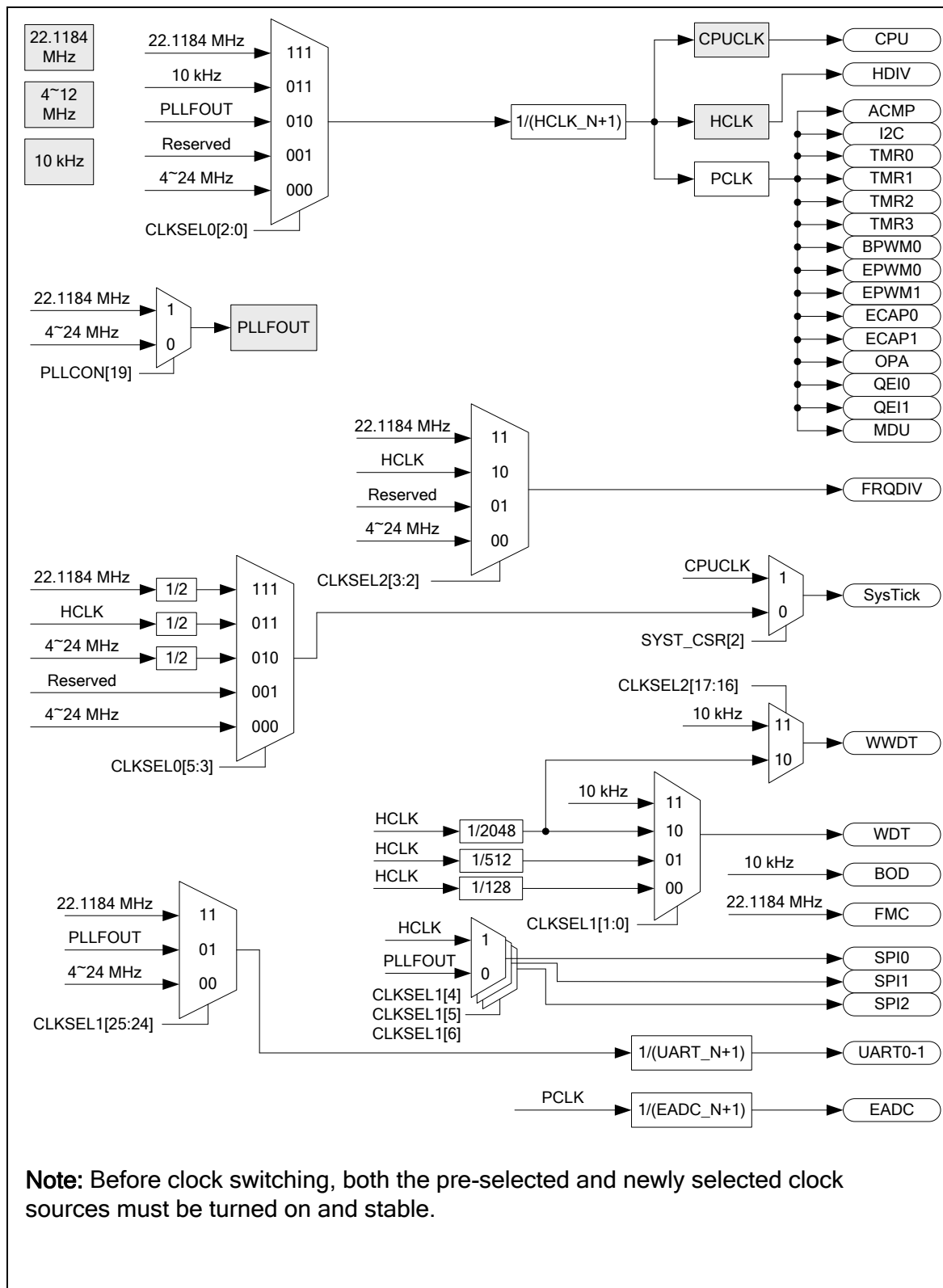


Figure 6-4 Clock Generator Global View Diagram

### 6.3.2 System Clock & SysTick Clock

The system clock has 4 clock sources which were generated from clock generator block. The clock source switch depends on the register HCLK\_S (CLKSEL0[2:0]). The block diagram is showed in Figure 6-5.

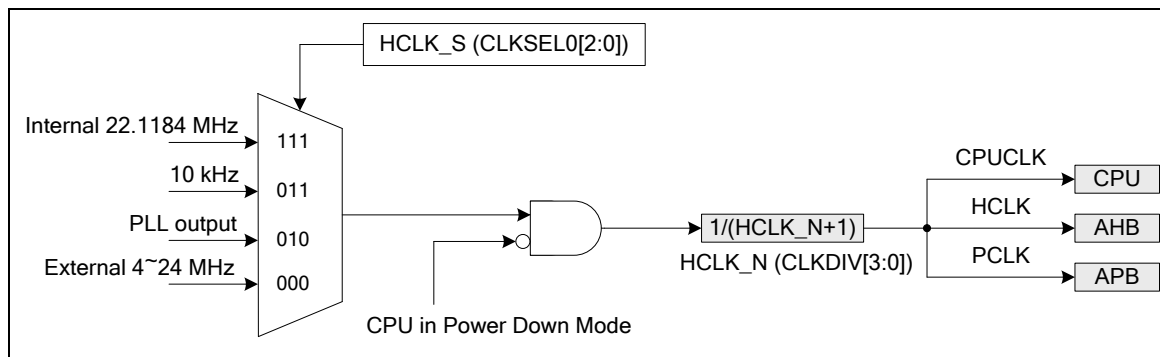


Figure 6-5 System Clock Block Diagram

The clock source of SysTick clock (STCLK) in Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 core comes from 4 clock sources. The clock source switch depends on the setting of the register STCLK\_S (CLKSEL0[5:3]). The block diagram is showed in Figure 6-6.

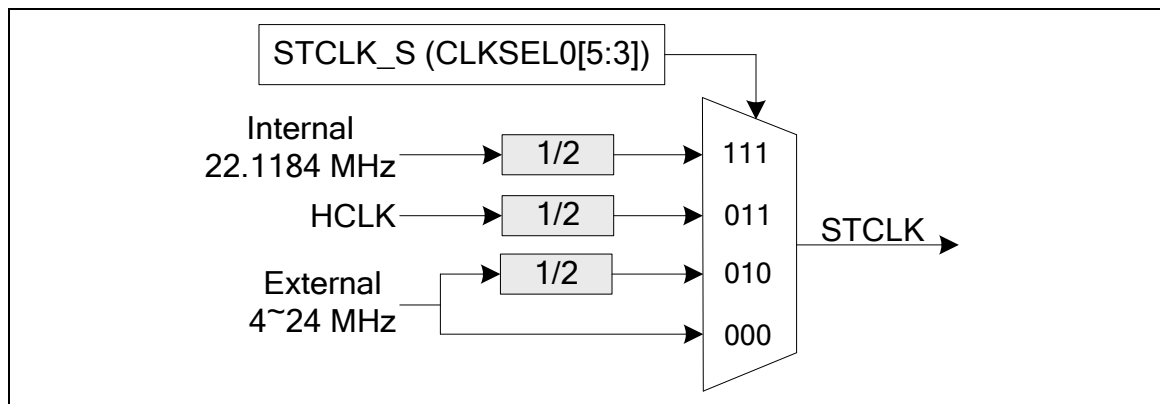


Figure 6-6 SysTick Clock Control Block Diagram

### 6.3.3 Peripherals Clock

The peripherals clock had different clock source switch setting which depends on the different peripheral. Please refer the CLKSEL1 and CLKSEL2 register description in 6.3.7.

### 6.3.4 Power-down Mode (Deep Sleep Mode) Clock

When chip enters Power-down mode, system clocks, some clock sources, and some peripheral clocks will be disabled. Some clock sources and peripherals clock are still active in Power-down mode.

Clocks and peripherals which still keep active:

- Clock Generator
  - ◆ Internal 10 kHz oscillator clock.
- Peripherals Clock (when these peripheral adopt 10 kHz as clock source)

◆ Watchdog Timer.

### 6.3.5 Frequency Divider Output

This device is equipped a frequency divider which is composed by 16 chained divide-by-2 shift registers. One of the 16 shift register outputs selected by a sixteen to one multiplexer is reflected to CLKO function pin. Therefore there are 16 options of divided clocks.

The output formula is  $F_{CLKO} = F_{FRQDIV\_CLK} / 2^{(N+1)}$ , where  $F_{FRQDIV\_CLK}$  is the input clock frequency,  $F_{CLKO}$  is the clock divider output frequency and N is the 4-bit value in FSEL (FRQDIV[3:0]).

When write 1 to DIVIDER\_EN (FRQDIV[4]), the chained counter starts to count. When write 0 to DIVIDER\_EN (FRQDIV[4]), the chained counter continuously runs till divided clock reaches low state and stay in low state.

If DIV1(FRQDIV[5]) is set to 1, the frequency divider clock (FRQDIV\_CLK) will bypass power-of-2 frequency divider. The frequency divider clock will be output to CLKO pin directly.

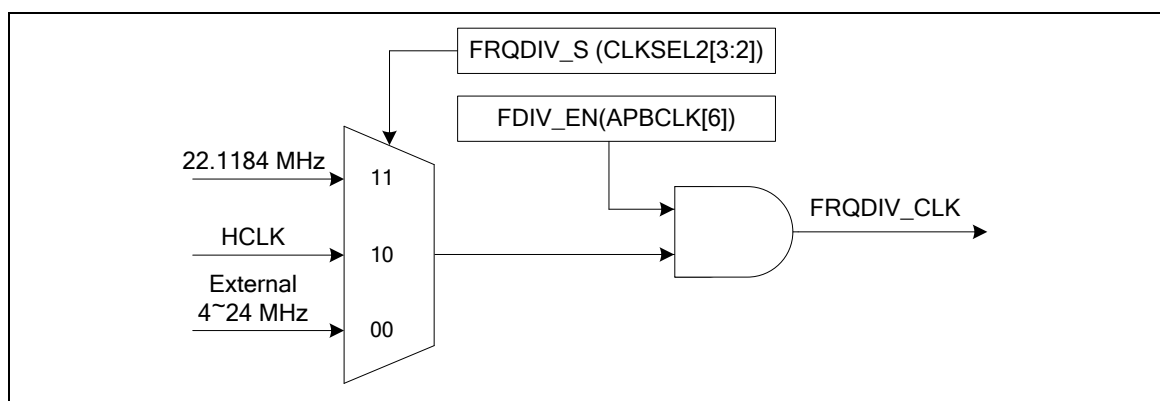


Figure 6-7 Clock Source of Frequency Divider

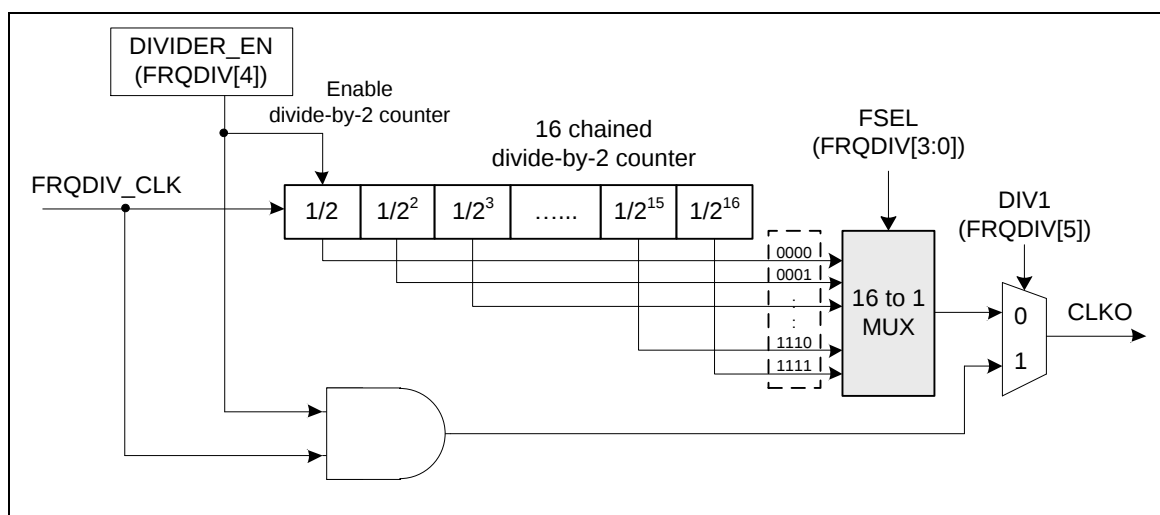


Figure 6-8 Block Diagram of Frequency Divider

### 6.3.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                  | Offset      | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| CLK Base Address:<br>CLK_BA = 0x5000_0200 |             |     |                                           |             |
| PWRCON                                    | CLK_BA+0x00 | R/W | System Power-down Control Register        | 0x0000_000X |
| AHBCLK                                    | CLK_BA+0x04 | R/W | AHB Devices Clock Enable Control Register | 0x0000_0005 |
| APBCLK                                    | CLK_BA+0x08 | R/W | APB Devices Clock Enable Control Register | 0x0000_0001 |
| CLKSTATUS                                 | CLK_BA+0x0C | R   | Clock Status Monitor Register             | 0x0000_00XX |
| CLKSEL0                                   | CLK_BA+0x10 | R/W | Clock Source Select Control Register 0    | 0x0000_003X |
| CLKSEL1                                   | CLK_BA+0x14 | R/W | Clock Source Select Control Register 1    | 0xFFFF_FFFF |
| CLKDIV                                    | CLK_BA+0x18 | R/W | Clock Divider Number Register             | 0x0000_0000 |
| CLKSEL2                                   | CLK_BA+0x1C | R/W | Clock Source Select Control Register 2    | 0xFFFF_FFFF |
| PLLCON                                    | CLK_BA+0x20 | R/W | PLL Control Register                      | 0x0005_C22E |
| FRQDIV                                    | CLK_BA+0x24 | R/W | Frequency Divider Control Register        | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.3.7 Register Description

#### System Power-down Control Register (PWRCON)

Except the BIT[6], all the other bits are protected, program these bits need to write “59h”, “16h”, “88h” to address 0x5000\_0100 to disable register protection. Reference the register REGWRPROT at address GCR\_BA+0x100.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| PWRCON   | CLK_BA+0x00 | R/W | System Power-down Control Register | 0x0000_000X |

|          |           |              |          |           |           |          |           |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 31       | 30        | 29           | 28       | 27        | 26        | 25       | 24        |
| Reserved |           |              |          |           |           |          |           |
| 23       | 22        | 21           | 20       | 19        | 18        | 17       | 16        |
| Reserved |           |              |          |           |           |          |           |
| 15       | 14        | 13           | 12       | 11        | 10        | 9        | 8         |
| Reserved |           |              |          |           |           |          |           |
| 7        | 6         | 5            | 4        | 3         | 2         | 1        | 0         |
| Reserved | PD_WU_STS | PD_WU_INT_EN | Reserved | OSC10K_EN | OSC22M_EN | Reserved | XTL12M_EN |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [15:7] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [6]    | <b>Power-down Mode Wake-up Interrupt Status</b><br>Set by “power down wake up event”, it indicates that resume from Power-down mode.<br>Write 1 to clear the bit to zero.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is working only if PD_WU_INT_EN (PWRCON[5]) set to 1.                                                                                             |
| [5]    | <b>Power-down Mode Wake-up Interrupt Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = Power-down mode wake-up interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Power-down mode wake-up interrupt Enabled.<br><b>Note1:</b> The interrupt will occur when both PD_WU_STS and PD_WU_INT_EN are high.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |
| [4]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [3]    | <b>Internal 10 kHz Oscillator Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = 10 kHz Oscillation Disabled.<br>1 = 10 kHz Oscillation Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.                                                                                                                                |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [2]  | OSC22M_EN   | <b>Internal 22.1184 MHz Oscillator Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = 22.1184 MHz Oscillation Disabled.<br>1 = 22.1184 MHz Oscillation Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [1]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [0]  | XTL12M_EN   | <b>External 4~24 MHz Crystal Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>The bit default value is set by flash controller user configuration register CFOSC (Config0[26:24]). When the default clock source is from external 4~24 MHz crystal, this bit is set to 1 automatically.<br>0 = External 4~24 MHz crystal Disabled.<br>1 = External 4~24 MHz crystal Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |

| Chip Operating Mode                            | SLEEPDEEP (SCR[2]) | CPU Run WFI Instruction | Clock Disable                                               |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Normal Running Mode                            | 0                  | NO                      | All Clock are disabled by control register.                 |
| IDLE Mode<br>(CPU entry Sleep Mode)            | 0                  | YES                     | Only CPU clock is disabled.                                 |
| Power-down Mode<br>(CPU entry deep sleep mode) | 1                  | YES                     | Most Clock are disabled except 10K WDT clock still enabled. |

Table 6-7 Power-down mode Control Table

### AHB Devices Clock Enable Control Register (AHBCLK)

These bits for this register are used to enable/disable clock for AHB devices clock.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| AHBCLK   | CLK_BA+0x04 | R/W | AHB Devices Clock Enable Control Register | 0x0000_0005 |

|          |    |    |         |          |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|---------|----------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28      | 27       | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |         |          |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20      | 19       | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |         |          |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12      | 11       | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |         |          |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4       | 3        | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    | HDIV_EN | Reserved |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:5] | Reserved                                                                                                                                         |
| [4]    | <b>Hardware Divider Controller Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Hardware Divider engine clock Disabled.<br>1 = Hardware Divider engine clock Enabled. |
| [3:0]  | Reserved                                                                                                                                         |

### APB Devices Clock Enable Control Register (APBCLK)

These bits of this register are used to enable/disable clock for peripheral controller clocks.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| APBCLK   | CLK_BA+0x08 | R/W | APB Devices Clock Enable Control Register | 0x0000_0001 |

| 31       | 30      | 29       | 28       | 27       | 26       | 25       | 24       |
|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Reserved |         | OPA_EN   | EADC_EN  | ECAP1_EN | ECAP0_EN | Reserved |          |
| 23       | 22      | 21       | 20       | 19       | 18       | 17       | 16       |
| Reserved | ACMP_EN | EPWM1_EN | EPWM0_EN | BPWM0_EN | Reserved | UART1_EN | UART0_EN |
| 15       | 14      | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10       | 9        | 8        |
| Reserved | SPI2_EN | SPI1_EN  | SPI0_EN  | Reserved |          |          | I2C0_EN  |
| 7        | 6       | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2        | 1        | 0        |
| Reserved | FDIV_EN | TMR3_EN  | TMR2_EN  | TMR1_EN  | TMR0_EN  | Reserved | WDT_EN   |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:26] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [29]    | <b>OPA_EN</b><br><b>OPA0 and OPA1 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OPA0 and OPA1 clock Disabled.<br>1 = OPA0 and OPA1 clock Enabled.                                    |
| [28]    | <b>EADC_EN</b><br><b>EADC Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = EADC clock Disabled.<br>1 = EADC clock Enabled.                                                              |
| [27]    | <b>ECAP1_EN</b><br><b>Enhanced Input Capture 1 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Enhanced input capture 1 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Enhanced input capture 1 clock Enabled. |
| [26]    | <b>ECAP0_EN</b><br><b>Enhanced Input Capture 0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Enhanced input capture 0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Enhanced input capture 0 clock Enabled. |
| [25:23] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [23]    | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [22]    | <b>ACMP_EN</b><br><b>Analog Comparator Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Analog comparator clock Disabled.<br>1 = Analog comparator clock Enabled.                       |
| [21]    | <b>EPWM1_EN</b><br><b>Enhanced PWM1 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Enhanced PWM1 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Enhanced PWM1 clock Enabled.                                  |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [20]   | EPWM0_EN    | <b>Enhanced PWM0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Enhanced PWM0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Enhanced PWM0 clock Enabled.                                  |
| [19]   | BPWM0_EN    | <b>Basic PWM0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Basic PWM0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Basic PWM0 clock Enabled.                                           |
| [18]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [17]   | UART1_EN    | <b>UART1 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = UART1 clock Disabled.<br>1 = UART1 clock Enabled.                                                          |
| [16]   | UART0_EN    | <b>UART0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = UART0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = UART0 clock Enabled.                                                          |
| [15]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [14]   | SPI2_EN     | <b>SPI2 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SPI2 clock Disabled.<br>1 = SPI2 clock Enabled.                                                             |
| [13]   | SPI1_EN     | <b>SPI1 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SPI1 clock Disabled.<br>1 = SPI1 clock Enabled.                                                             |
| [12]   | SPI0_EN     | <b>SPI0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SPI0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = SPI0 clock Enabled.                                                             |
| [11:9] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [8]    | I2C0_EN     | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = I <sup>2</sup> C0 clock Enabled.                        |
| [7]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                       |
| [6]    | FDIV_EN     | <b>Frequency Divider Output Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Frequency divider output clock Disabled.<br>1 = Frequency divider output clock Enabled. |
| [5]    | TMR3_EN     | <b>Timer3 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Timer3 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Timer3 clock Enabled.                                                       |
| [4]    | TMR2_EN     | <b>Timer2 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Timer2 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Timer2 clock Enabled.                                                       |
| [3]    | TMR1_EN     | <b>Timer1 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Timer1 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Timer1 clock Enabled.                                                       |

| Bits | Description     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [2]  | <b>TMR0_EN</b>  | <b>Timer0 Clock Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Timer0 clock Disabled.<br>1 = Timer0 clock Enabled.                                                                                                                           |
| [1]  | <b>Reserved</b> | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]  | <b>WDT_EN</b>   | <b>Watchdog Timer Clock Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = Watchdog Timer clock Disabled.<br>1 = Watchdog Timer clock Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected bit. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |

## Clock Status Monitor Register (CLKSTATUS)

These bits of this register are used to monitor if the chip clock source stable or not, and whether clock switch failed.

| Register  | Offset      | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|-----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| CLKSTATUS | CLK_BA+0x0C | R   | Clock Status Monitor Register | 0x0000_00XX |

|             |          |    |            |            |         |          |            |
|-------------|----------|----|------------|------------|---------|----------|------------|
| 31          | 30       | 29 | 28         | 27         | 26      | 25       | 24         |
| Reserved    |          |    |            |            |         |          |            |
| 23          | 22       | 21 | 20         | 19         | 18      | 17       | 16         |
| Reserved    |          |    |            |            |         |          |            |
| 15          | 14       | 13 | 12         | 11         | 10      | 9        | 8          |
| Reserved    |          |    |            |            |         |          |            |
| 7           | 6        | 5  | 4          | 3          | 2       | 1        | 0          |
| CLK_SW_FAIL | Reserved |    | OSC22M_STB | OSC10K_STB | PLL_STB | Reserved | XTL12M_STB |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [7]    | <b>CLK_SW_FAIL</b><br><b>Clock Switching Fail Flag (Read Only)</b><br>0 = Clock switching success.<br>1 = Clock switching failure.<br>This bit is an index that if current system clock source is match as user defined at HCLK_S (CLKSEL0[2:0]). When user switch system clock, the system clock source will keep old clock until the new clock is stable. During the period that waiting new clock stable, this bit will be an index shows system clock source is not match as user wanted. |
| [6:5]  | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]    | <b>OSC22M_STB</b><br><b>Internal 22.1184M Hz Oscillator Clock Source Stable Flag (Read Only)</b><br>0 = Internal 22.1184M Hz oscillator clock is not stable or disabled.<br>1 = Internal 22.1184M Hz oscillator clock is stable and enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [3]    | <b>OSC10K_STB</b><br><b>Internal 10k Hz Clock Source Stable Flag (Read Only)</b><br>0 = Internal 10k Hz oscillator clock is not stable or disabled.<br>1 = Internal 10k Hz oscillator clock is stable and enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [2]    | <b>PLL_STB</b><br><b>PLL Clock Source Stable Flag (Read Only)</b><br>0 = PLL clock is not stable or disabled.<br>1 = PLL clock is stable in normal mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [1]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [0]    | <b>XTL12M_STB</b><br><b>External 4~24 MHz Crystal Clock Source Stable Flag (Read Only)</b><br>0 = External 4~24 MHz crystal clock is not stable or disabled.<br>1 = External 4~24 MHz crystal clock is stable and enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### Clock Source Select Control Register 0 (CLKSEL0)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| CLKSEL0  | CLK_BA+0x10 | R/W | Clock Source Select Control Register 0 | 0x0000_003X |

|          |    |         |    |    |        |    |    |
|----------|----|---------|----|----|--------|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29      | 28 | 27 | 26     | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |         |    |    |        |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21      | 20 | 19 | 18     | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |         |    |    |        |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13      | 12 | 11 | 10     | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |         |    |    |        |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5       | 4  | 3  | 2      | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | STCLK_S |    |    | HCLK_S |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [5:3]  | STCLK_S     | <p><b>Cortex®-M0 SysTick Clock Source Selection (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>If SYST_CSR[2]=0, SysTick uses listed clock source below.</p> <p>000 = Clock source from external 4~24 MHz crystal clock.</p> <p>001 = Reserved.</p> <p>010 = Clock source from external 4~24 MHz crystal clock/2.</p> <p>011 = Clock source from HCLK/2.</p> <p>111 = Clock source from internal 22.1184 MHz oscillator clock/2.</p> <p>Others = Reserved.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> These bits are write protected bits. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> if SysTick clock source is not from HCLK (i.e. SYST_CSR[2] = 0), SysTick clock source must less than or equal to HCLK/2.</p>                                                                                             |
| [2:0]  | HCLK_S      | <p><b>HCLK Clock Source Selection (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>1. Before clock switching, the related clock sources (both pre-select and new-select) must be turn on.</p> <p>2. The 3-bit default value is reloaded from the value of CFOSC (Config0[26:24]) in user configuration register of Flash controller by any reset. Therefore the default value is either 000b or 111b.</p> <p>000 = Clock source from external 4~24 MHz crystal clock.</p> <p>001 = Reserved.</p> <p>010 = Clock source from PLL clock.</p> <p>011 = Clock source from internal 10 kHz oscillator clock.</p> <p>111 = Clock source from internal 22.1184 MHz oscillator clock.</p> <p>Others = Reserved.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> These bits are write protected bits. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> |

### Clock Source Select Control Register 1 (CLKSEL1)

Before clock switching, the related clock sources (pre-selected and new-selected) must be turned on.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| CLKSEL1  | CLK_BA+0x14 | R/W | Clock Source Select Control Register 1 | 0xFFFF_FFFF |

|          |        |        |        |          |    |        |    |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----|--------|----|
| 31       | 30     | 29     | 28     | 27       | 26 | 25     | 24 |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |    | UART_S |    |
| 23       | 22     | 21     | 20     | 19       | 18 | 17     | 16 |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |    |        |    |
| 15       | 14     | 13     | 12     | 11       | 10 | 9      | 8  |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |    |        |    |
| 7        | 6      | 5      | 4      | 3        | 2  | 1      | 0  |
| Reserved | SPI2_S | SPI1_S | SPI0_S | Reserved |    | WDT_S  |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:26] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [25:24] | <b>UART_S</b><br><b>UART Clock Source Selection</b><br>00 = Clock source from external 4~24 MHz crystal clock.<br>01 = Clock source from PLL clock.<br>10 = Reserved.<br>11 = Clock source from internal 22.1184 MHz oscillator clock.                                                                                                                        |
| [23:7]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [6]     | <b>SPI2_S</b><br><b>SPI2 Clock Source Selection</b><br>0 = Clock source from PLL clock.<br>1 = Clock source from HCLK.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [5]     | <b>SPI1_S</b><br><b>SPI1 Clock Source Selection</b><br>0 = Clock source from PLL clock.<br>1 = Clock source from HCLK.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [4]     | <b>SPI0_S</b><br><b>SPI0 Clock Source Selection</b><br>0 = Clock source from PLL clock.<br>1 = Clock source from HCLK.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [3:2]   | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [1:0]   | <b>WDT_S</b><br><b>Watchdog Timer Clock Source Selection (Write Protect)</b><br>00 = Clock source from HCLK/128 clock.<br>01 = Clock source from HCLK/512 clock.<br>10 = Clock source from HCLK/2048 clock.<br>11 = Clock source from internal 10 kHz oscillator clock.<br><b>Note:</b> These bits are write protected bits. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |

### Clock Source Select Control Register 2 (CLKSEL2)

Before clock switching, the related clock sources (pre-selected and new-selected) must be turned on.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| CLKSEL2  | CLK_BA+0x1C | R/W | Clock Source Select Control Register 2 | 0xFFFF_FFFF |

|          |    |    |    |          |    |          |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----------|----|----------|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27       | 26 | 25       | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |          |    |          |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19       | 18 | 17       | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |          |    | WWDT_S   |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11       | 10 | 9        | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |          |    |          |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3        | 2  | 1        | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    |    | FRQDIV_S |    | Reserved |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:18] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [17:16] | <b>WWDT_S</b><br><b>Window Watchdog Timer Clock Source Selection</b><br>00 = Reserved.<br>01 = Reserved.<br>10 = Clock source from HCLK/2048 clock.<br>11 = Clock source from internal 10 kHz low speed oscillator clock.                    |
| [15:4]  | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [3:2]   | <b>FRQDIV_S</b><br><b>Clock Divider Clock Source Selection</b><br>00 = Clock source from external 4~24 MHz crystal clock.<br>01 = Reserved.<br>10 = Clock source from HCLK.<br>11 = Clock source from internal 22.1184 MHz oscillator clock. |
| [1:0]   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

### Clock Divider Number Register (CLKDIV)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| CLKDIV   | CLK_BA+0x18 | R/W | Clock Divider Number Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|--------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27     | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19     | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| EADC_N   |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11     | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    | UART_N |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3      | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    |    | HCLK_N |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                       |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                             |
| [23:16] | EADC_N      | <b>EADC Clock Divider</b><br>The EADC clock frequency = (EADC clock source frequency) / (EADC_N + 1). |
| [15:12] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                             |
| [11:8]  | UART_N      | <b>UART Clock Divider</b><br>The UART clock frequency = (UART clock source frequency) / (UART_N + 1). |
| [7:4]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                             |
| [3:0]   | HCLK_N      | <b>HCLK Clock Divider</b><br>The HCLK clock frequency = (HCLK clock source frequency) / (HCLK_N + 1). |

## PLL Control Register ( PLLCON )

The PLL reference clock input is from the external 4~24 MHz crystal clock input or from the internal 22.1184 MHz oscillator. These registers are use to control the PLL output frequency and PLL operating mode.

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| PLLCON   | CLK_BA+0x20 | R/W | PLL Control Register | 0x0005_C22E |

| 31       | 30 | 29    | 28      | 27      | 26 | 25 | 24    |
|----------|----|-------|---------|---------|----|----|-------|
| Reserved |    |       |         |         |    |    |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21    | 20      | 19      | 18 | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |    |       | FCO_SEL | PLL_SRC | OE | BP | PD    |
| 15       | 14 | 13    | 12      | 11      | 10 | 9  | 8     |
| OUT_DV   |    | IN_DV |         |         |    |    | FB_DV |
| 7        | 6  | 5     | 4       | 3       | 2  | 1  | 0     |
| FB_DV    |    |       |         |         |    |    |       |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:20] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [20]    | <b>FCO_SEL</b><br><b>PLL FCO Selection</b><br>0 = When the FCO frequency range between 100MHz and 200MHz, this bit should be set as 0.<br>1 = When the FCO frequency range between 200MHz to 500MHz, this bit should be set as 1. |
| [19]    | <b>PLL_SRC</b><br><b>PLL Source Clock Selection</b><br>0 = PLL source clock from external 4~24 MHz crystal.<br>1 = PLL source clock from internal 22.1184 MHz oscillator.                                                         |
| [18]    | <b>OE</b><br><b>PLL OE (FOUT Enable) Bit</b><br>0 = PLL FOUT enable.<br>1 = PLL FOUT is fixed low.                                                                                                                                |
| [17]    | <b>BP</b><br><b>PLL Bypass Control</b><br>0 = PLL is in normal mode (default).<br>1 = PLL clock output is same as clock input.                                                                                                    |
| [16]    | <b>PD</b><br><b>Power-down Mode</b><br>0 = PLL is in normal mode.<br>1 = PLL is in power-down mode (default).                                                                                                                     |
| [15:14] | <b>OUT_DV</b><br><b>PLL Output Divider Control Bits</b><br>Refer to the formulas below the table.                                                                                                                                 |
| [13:9]  | <b>IN_DV</b><br><b>PLL Input Divider Control Bits</b><br>Refer to the formulas below the table.                                                                                                                                   |

| Bits  | Description |                                                                             |
|-------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [8:0] | FB_DV       | PLL Feedback Divider Control Bits<br>Refer to the formulas below the table. |

### Output Clock Frequency Setting

$$F_{OUT} = F_{IN} \times \frac{NF}{NR} \times \frac{1}{NO}$$

Constrain:

$$1. \quad 3.2MHz < F_{IN} < 150MHz$$

$$2. \quad 800KHz < F_{ref} = \frac{F_{IN}}{2 \times NR} < 8MHz$$

$$3. \quad 200MHz < F_{CO} = F_{ref} \times 2 \times NF = F_{IN} \times \frac{NF}{NR} < 500MHz, (FCO\_SEL = 1)$$

$$100MHz < F_{CO} = F_{ref} \times 2 \times NF = F_{IN} \times \frac{NF}{NR} < 200MHz, (FCO\_SEL = 0)$$

| Symbol | Description                                                                                      |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FOUT   | Output Clock Frequency                                                                           |
| FIN    | Input (Reference) Clock Frequency                                                                |
| NR     | Input Divider (IN_DV + 2)                                                                        |
| NF     | Feedback Divider (FB_DV + 2)                                                                     |
| NO     | OUT_DV = "00": NO = 1<br>OUT_DV = "01": NO = 2<br>OUT_DV = "10": NO = 2<br>OUT_DV = "11": NO = 4 |

### Default Frequency Setting

The default value: 0xC22E

FIN = 12 MHz

NR = (1+2) = 3

NF = (46+2) = 48

NO = 4

FOUT = 12/4 x 48 x 1/3 = 48MHz

### Frequency Divider Control Register (FRQDIV)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| FRQDIV   | CLK_BA+0x24 | R/W | Frequency Divider Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |      |            |      |    |    |    |
|----------|----|------|------------|------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29   | 28         | 27   | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |      |            |      |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21   | 20         | 19   | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |      |            |      |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13   | 12         | 11   | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |      |            |      |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5    | 4          | 3    | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | DIV1 | DIVIDER_EN | FSEL |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [5]    | <b>DIV1</b><br><b>Frequency Divider Divide 1 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Frequency divider will output clock with source frequency divide by FSEL.<br>1 = Frequency divider will output clock with source frequency.                                                                     |
| [4]    | <b>DIVIDER_EN</b><br><b>Frequency Divider Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Frequency divider Disabled.<br>1 = Frequency divider Enabled.                                                                                                                                                      |
| [3:0]  | <b>FSEL</b><br><b>Frequency Divider Output Selection Bits</b><br>The output formula is:<br>$F_{CLKO} = F_{FRQDIV\_CLK} / 2^{(N+1)},$ where $F_{FRQDIV\_CLK}$ is the input clock frequency, $F_{CLKO}$ is the clock divider output frequency and N is the 4-bit value in FSEL[3:0]. |

## 6.4 Flash Memory Controller (FMC)

### 6.4.1 Overview

The NuMicro® M0519 Series is equipped with 128/64 KB on-chip embedded flash for application program memory (APROM) and data flash, and with 8K bytes for ISP loader program memory (LDROM) that could be programmed boot loader to update APROM and data flash through In System Programming (ISP) procedure. ISP function enables user to update embedded flash when chip is soldered on PCB. After chip is powered on, Cortex®-M0 CPU fetches code from APROM or LDROM decided by boot select CBS (Config0[7:6]). By the way, the NuMicro® M0519 Series also provides data flash for user to store some application dependent data before chip power off. For 128 KB APROM device, the data flash is shared with original 128 KB program memory and its start address is configurable in Config1. For 64 KB APROM device, the data flash is fixed at 4K bytes.

### 6.4.2 Features

- Runs up to 72 MHz and optional up to 50 MHz with zero wait state for continuous address read access
- Supports 512 bytes page erase for all embedded flash
- Supports 128/64 Kbytes application program ROM (APROM)
- Supports 8 KB loader ROM (LDROM)
- Supports 4KB data flash for 64 Kbytes APROM device
- Supports configurable data flash size for 128KB APROM device
- Supports 8 bytes User Configuration block to control system initiation
- Support In-System-Programming (ISP) / In-Application-Programming (IAP) to update embedded flash memory

### 6.4.3 Block Diagram

The flash memory controller (FMC) consists of AHB slave interface, ISP control logic, writer interface and flash macro interface timing control logic. The block diagram of flash memory controller is in Figure 6-9.

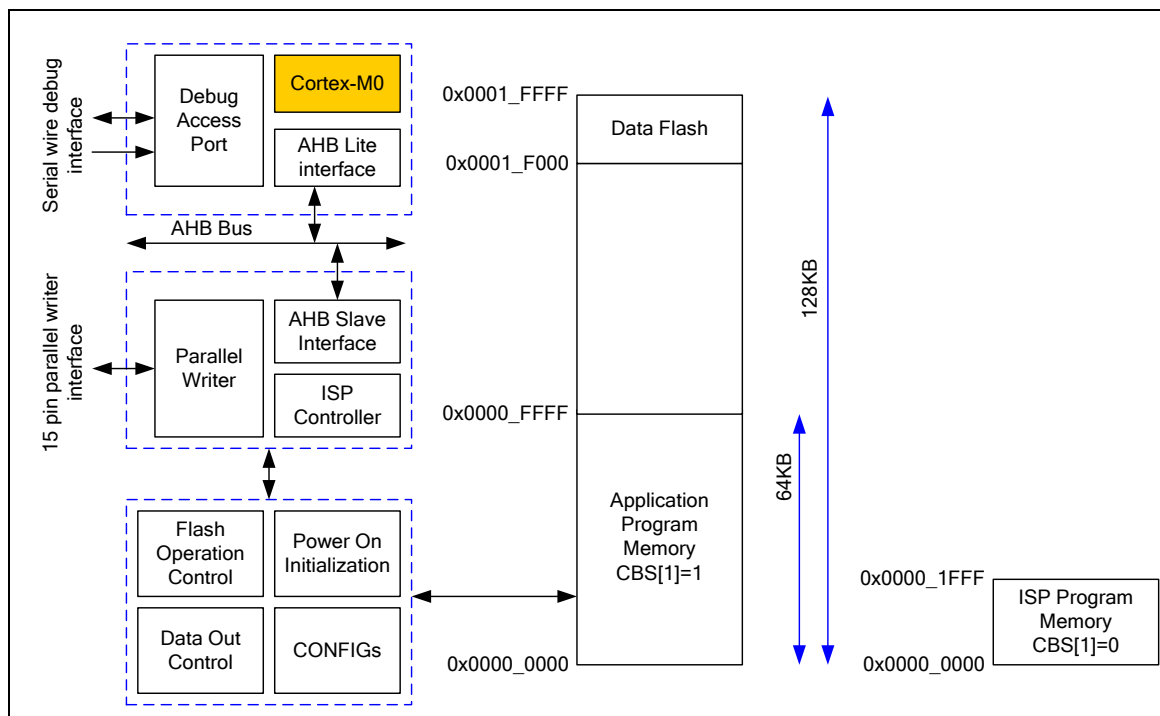


Figure 6-9 Flash Memory Control Block Diagram

### 6.4.4 Functional Description

FMC functions include the memory organization, boot selection, IAP, ISP, and ISP procedure.

#### 6.4.4.1 Memory Organization

The NuMicro® M0519 Series flash memory consists of program memory (APROM), data flash, ISP loader program memory (LDROM), and user configuration.

Program memory is main memory for user applications and called APROM. User can write their application to APROM and set system to boot from APROM.

ISP loader program memory is designed for a loader to implement In-System-Programming function. LDROM is independent to APROM and system can also be set to boot from LDROM. Therefore, user can use LDROM to avoid system boot fail when code of APROM was corrupted.

Data flash is used for user to store data. It can be read by ISP read or memory read and programmed through ISP procedure. Because the size of each erase unit is 512 bytes, data flash should use 512 bytes as minimum unit. For 128 KB APROM device, the data flash and application program share the same 128 KB memory, if Data Flash Enable bit DFEN (Config0[0]) is enabled, the data flash base address is defined by DFBADR (Config1[19:0]) and its size is (0x20000 - DFBADR), At the same time, the APROM size will be (128 KB – data flash size). For 64 KB APROM devices, data flash size is always 4 KB and start address is fixed at 0x0001\_F000.

User configuration provides several bytes to control system logic, such as flash security lock, boot

select, Brown-out voltage level, data flash base address, etc.... User configuration works like a fuse for power on setting and loaded from flash memory to its corresponding control registers during chip powered on.

In NuMicro® M0519 Series, the flash memory organization is different to system memory map. Flash memory organization is used when user using ISP command to read, program or erase flash memory. System memory map is used when CPU access flash memory to fetch code or data. For example, When system is set to boot from LDROM by CBS = 01b, CPU will be able to fetch code of LDROM from 0x0 ~ 0x1FFF. However, if user wants to read LDROM by ISP, they still need to read the address of LDROM as 0x0010\_0000 ~ 0x0010\_1FFF.

Table 6-8 shows the address mapping information of APROM, LDROM, data flash and user configuration for 64 and 128 KB devices.

| Block Name         | Device Type | Size               |                          | Start Address | End Address            |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| APROM              | 64 KB       | 64 KB              |                          | 0x0000_0000   | 0x0000_FFFF            |
|                    | 128 KB      | Data Flash Enable  | 128 KB - Data Flash Size | 0x0000_0000   | 0x20000 – (DFBADR – 1) |
|                    |             | Data Flash Disable | 128 KB                   | 0x0000_0000   | 0x0001_FFFF            |
| Data Flash         | 64 KB       | 4 KB               |                          | 0x0001_F000   | 0x0001_FFFF            |
|                    | 128 KB      | Data Flash Enable  | 0x20000-DFBADR           | DFBADR        |                        |
|                    |             | Data Flash Disable | 0 KB                     | N/A           | N/A                    |
| LDROM              | 64/128 KB   | 8 KB               |                          | 0x0010_0000   | 0x0010_1FFF            |
| User Configuration | 64/128 KB   | 2 words            |                          | 0x0030_0000   | 0x0030_0007            |

**Note:** The erase page is 512 bytes; the bit 0 to bit8 of DFBADR should always keep 0

Table 6-8 Address Mapping Information

The Flash memory organization is shown as Figure 6-10:

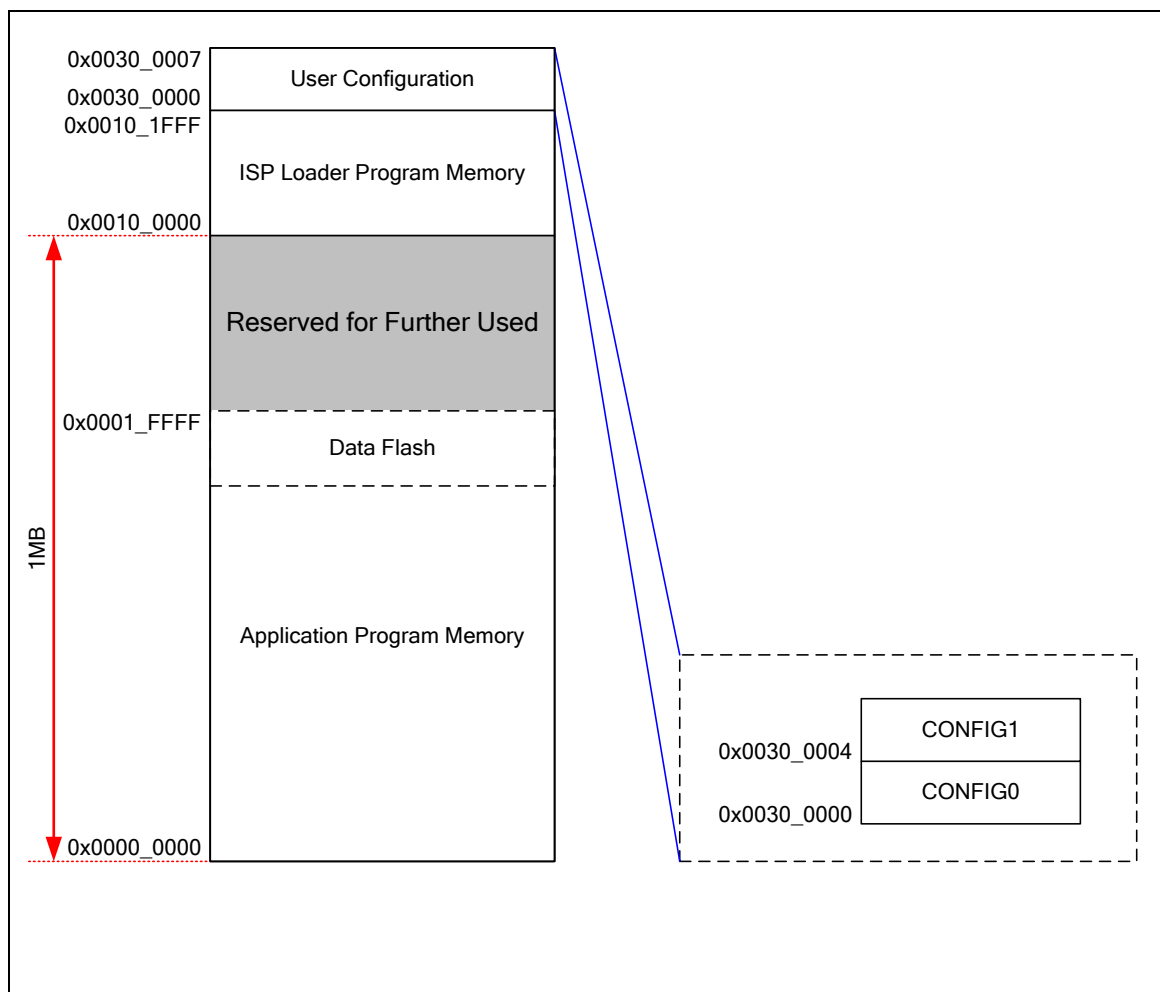


Figure 6-10 Flash Memory Organization

#### 6.4.4.1 Boot Selection

The NuMicro® M0519 Series provides four booting sources for user to select, including LDROM with IAP, LDROM without IAP, APROM with IAP, and APROM without IAP. In any time, the booting source and system memory map are set by CBS (CONFIG0[7:6]).

| CBS | Boot Selection/System Memory Map | Vector Mapping Supporting |
|-----|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 00b | LDROM with IAP mode.             | Yes                       |
| 01b | LDROM without IAP mode.          | No                        |
| 10b | APROM with IAP mode.             | Yes                       |
| 11b | APROM without IAP mode.          | No                        |

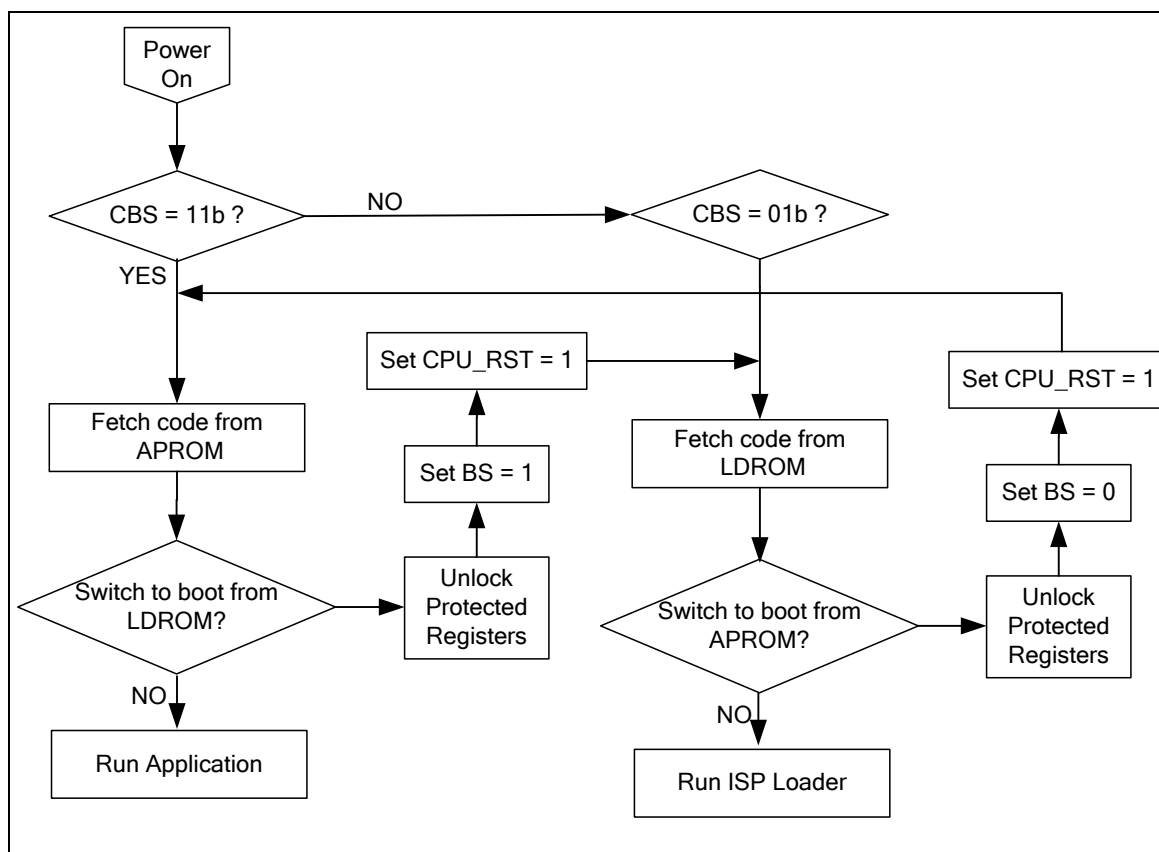


Figure 6-11 Example Flow of Boot Selection by BS Bit

#### 6.4.4.2 In-Application-Programming (IAP)

The NuMicro® M0519 Series provides In-application-programming (IAP) function for user to switch the code executing between APROM and LDROM without a reset. User can enable the IAP function by setting the chip boot selection bits in Config0 (CBS[1:0]) as 10b or 00b and re-booting chip.

In the case that the chip boots from APROM with the IAP function enabled (CBS[1:0] = 10b), the executable range of code includes all of APROM and LDROM. The address space of APROM is kept as the original size but the address space of the 8 KB LDROM is mapped to 0x0010\_0000~

0x0010\_1FFF.

In the case that the chip boots from LDROM with the IAP function enabled (CBS[1:0] = 00b), the executable range of code includes all of LDROM and almost all of APROM except for its first page. User cannot access the first page of APROM because the first page of executable code range becomes the mirror of the first page of LDROM as set by default. Meanwhile, the address space of 8 KB LDROM is mapped to 0x0010\_0000~0x0010\_1FFF.

Please refer to Figure 6-12 for the address map while IAP is activating.

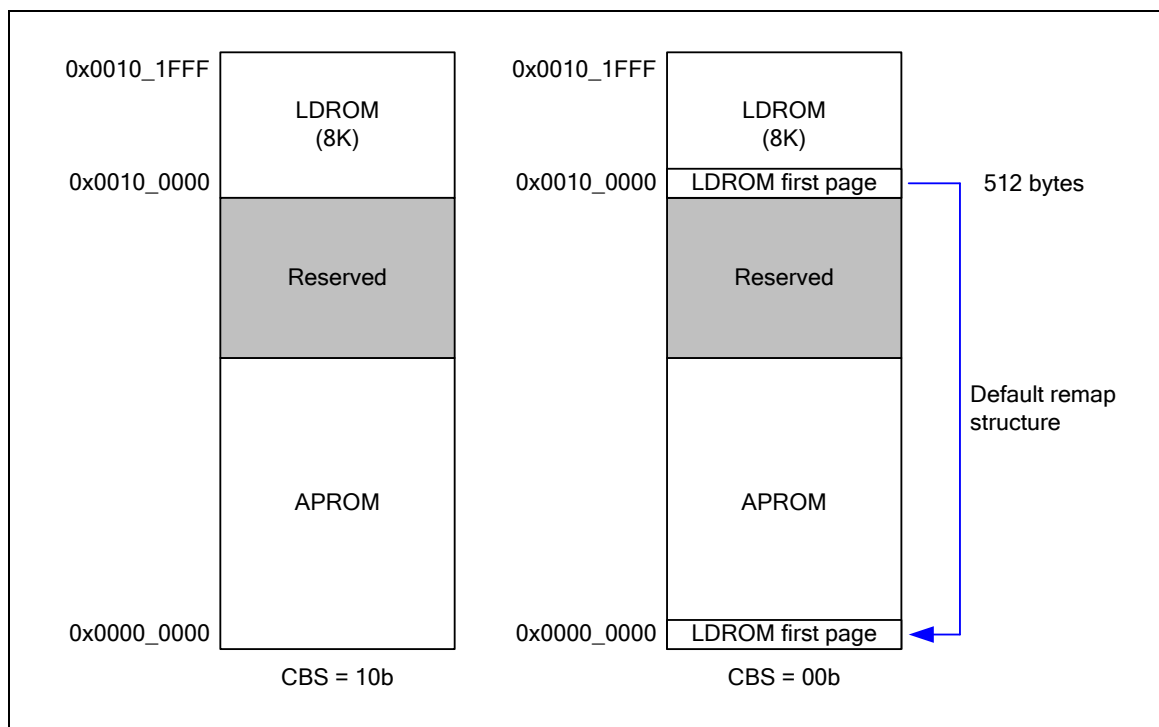


Figure 6-12 Executable Range of Code with IAP Function Enabled

When chip boots with the IAP function enabled, any other page within the executable range of code can be mirrored to the first page of executable code (0x0000\_0000~0x0000\_01FF) any time. User can change the remap address of the first executing page by filling the target remap address to ISPADR and then go through ISP procedure with the Vector Page Re-map command. After changing the remap address, user can check if the change is successful by reading the VECMAP (ISPSTA[20:9]) field in the ISPSTA register.

#### 6.4.4.3 In System Program (ISP)

The NuMicro® M0519 Series provides In-System-Programming (ISP) feature to enable user to update program memory by a stand-alone ISP firmware. A dedicated 8 KB program memory (LDROM) is used to store ISP firmware. Users can select to start program fetch from APROM or LDROM by CBS[1](Config0[7]).

In addition to set boot from APROM or LDROM, CBS in Config0 also used to control system memory map after booting. When CBS[0] = 1 and set CBS[1] = 1 to boot from APROM, the application in APROM will not be able to access LDROM by CPU read. In other words, when CBS[0] = 1 and set CBS[1] = 0 to boot from LDROM, the software executed in LDROM will not be able to access APROM by CPU read. Figure 6-13 shows the memory map when boot from APROM and LDROM.

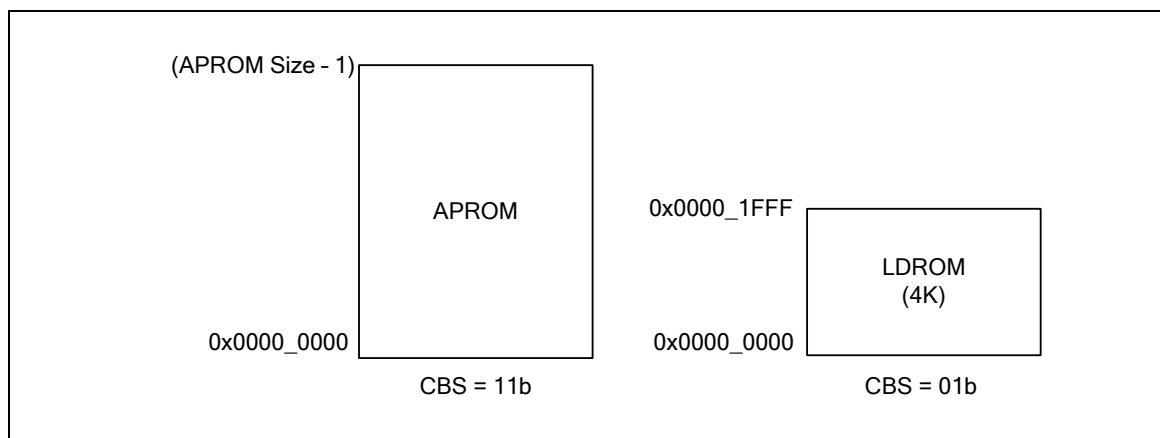


Figure 6-13 Executing Range for boot from APROM and boot from LDROM

NuMicro® M0519 supports ISP mode allowing a device to be reprogrammed under software control. Furthermore, the capability to update the application firmware makes wide range of applications possible.

ISP is performed without removing the microcontroller from the system. Various interfaces enable LDROM firmware to get new program code easily. The most common method to perform ISP is via UART along with the firmware in LDROM. General speaking, PC transfers the new APROM code through serial port. Then LDROM firmware receives it and re-programs into APROM through ISP commands. The ISP firmware and PC application program for NuMicro® M0519 Series enables user to easily perform ISP through Nuvoton ISP tool.

| ISP Mode         | ISPCMD | ISPADR                                                                           | ISP DAT          |
|------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| FLASH Page Erase | 0x22   | Valid address of flash memory organization. It must be 512 bytes page alignment. | N/A              |
| FLASH Program    | 0x21   | Valid address of flash memory organization                                       | Programming Data |
| FLASH Read       | 0x00   | Valid address of flash memory organization                                       | Return Data      |
| Read Company ID  | 0x0B   | 0x0000_0000                                                                      | 0x0000_00DA      |
| Read Unique ID   | 0x04   | 0x0000_0000                                                                      | Unique ID Word 0 |
|                  |        | 0x0000_0004                                                                      | Unique ID Word 1 |
|                  |        | 0x0000_0008                                                                      | Unique ID Word 2 |
| Vector Remap     | 0x2E   | Valid address in APROM, LDROM or boot loader<br>It must be 512 bytes alignment   | N/A              |

Table 6-9 ISP Mode Command

#### 6.4.4.4 ISP Procedure

The NuMicro® M0519 Series supports booting from APROM or LDROM initially defined by user configuration bits (CBS). If user wants to update application program in APROM without IAP, he can write BS (ISPCON[1]) = 1 and uses software reset to make chip boot from LDROM. The first step to start ISP function is write ISPEN bit to 1. S/W is required to write REGWRPROT register in Global Control Register (GCR, 0x5000\_0100) with 0x59, 0x16 and 0x88 before writing ISPCON

register. This procedure is used to protect flash memory from destroying owing to unintended write during power on/off duration.

Once the ISPCON register is set properly, user can set ISPCMD (refer above ISP command list) for specify operation. Set ISPADR for target flash memory based on flash memory organization. ISPDAT can be used to set the data to program or used to return the read data according to ISPCMD.

Finally, set the ISPGO (ISPTRG[0]) register to perform the relative ISP function. When ISPGO (ISPTRG[0]) is set, CPU will wait for ISP operation finish, during this period; peripheral still keeps working as usual. If any interrupt request occur, CPU will not service it till ISP operation finish. The ISPGO (ISPTRG[0]) bit is self-cleared when ISP function has been done. User can know if ISP operation is finished by checking this bit. To make sure ISP function has been finished before CPU goes ahead, ISB (Instruction Synchronization Barrier) instruction is used right after ISPGO (ISPTRG[0]) setting.

Several error conditions are checked after software sets ISPGO (ISPTRG[0]) to 1. If error condition occurs, ISP operation is not started and ISPFF (ISPSTA[6]) will be set. ISPFF (ISPSTA[6]) is cleared by software, it will not be over written in next ISP operation. The next ISP procedure can be started even ISPFF (ISPSTA[6]) keeps at 1. It is recommended that s/w to check ISPFF (ISPSTA[6]) and clear it after each ISP operation.

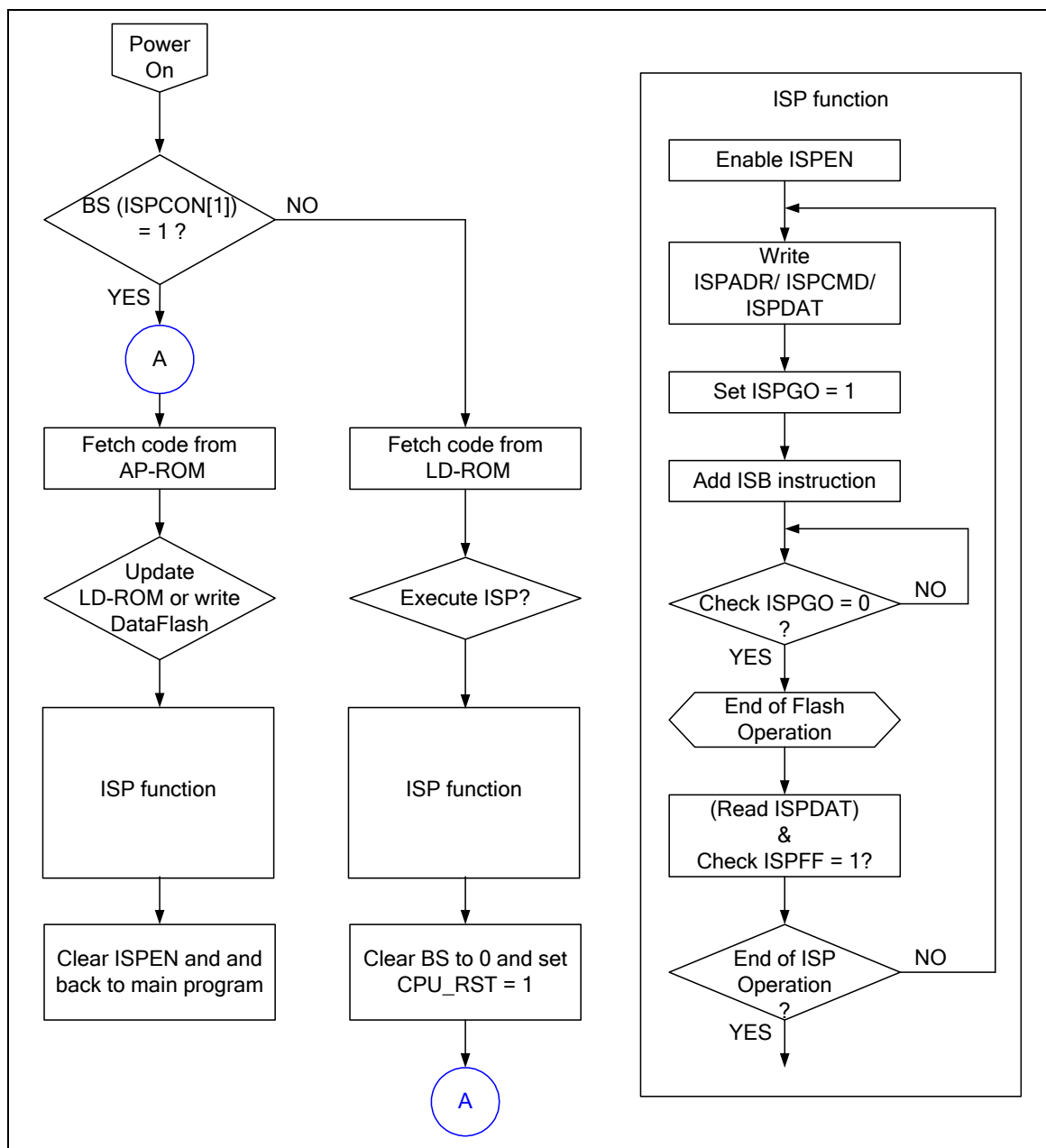


Figure 6-14 ISP Procedure Example

#### 6.4.4.1 Data Flash

The NuMicro® M0519 provides data flash for user to store data, which is read or written through ISP procedure. The size of each erase unit is 512 bytes. If a word need be changed, all 128 words have to be copied to another page or SRAM in advance based on 512 bytes limitation.

The data flash size is fixed 4 K bytes for the 64K bytes application program memory (APROM) device. The start address of data flash is fixed at 0x0001\_F000. The data flash size is shared with APROM with variable size defined by user for the 128K bytes application program memory (APROM) device. If DFEN (Config0[0]) is set to 1, there is no data flash and all 128K bytes size is used for APROM. If DFEN (Config0[0]) is set to 0, the data flash share with APROM and its base

address is defined by DFBADR (Config1[19:0]). Under this setting, the application program memory size is (128-0.5\*N)KB and data flash size is 0.5\*N KB.

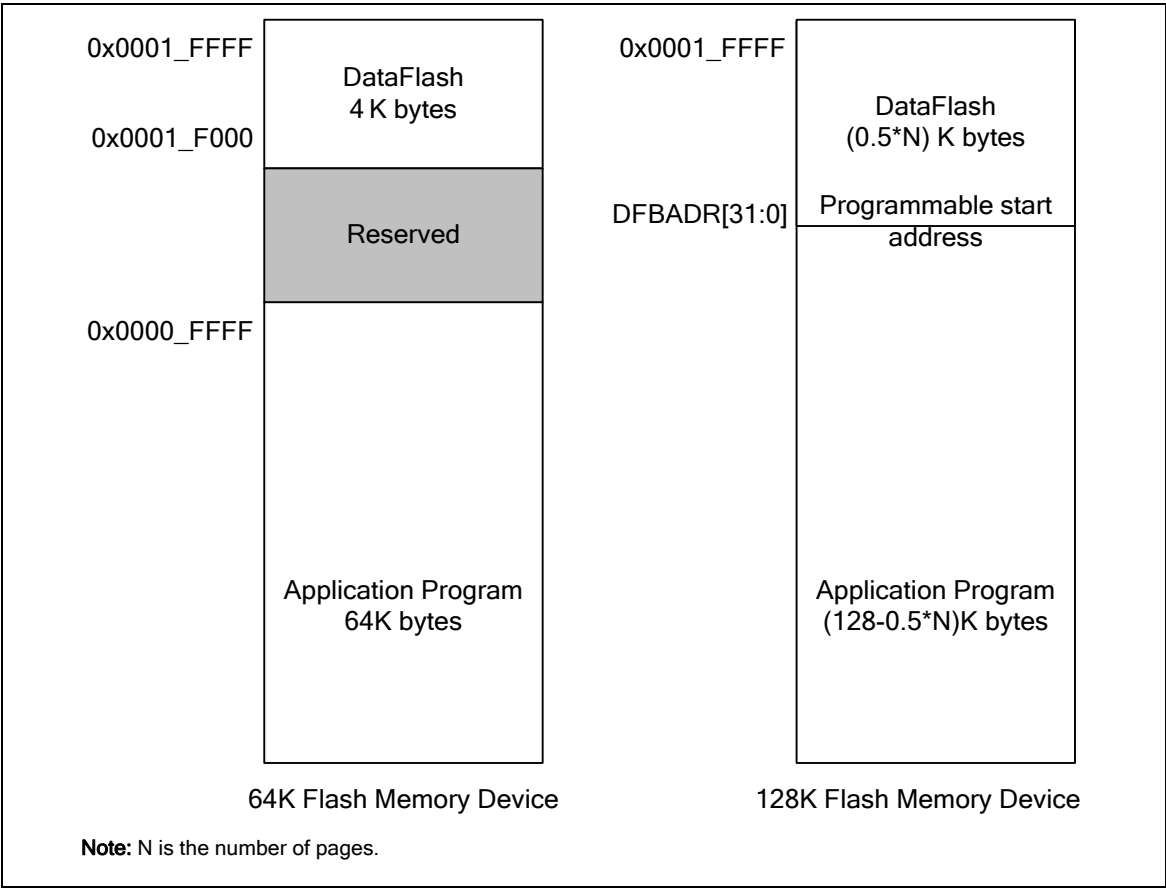


Figure 6-15 Flash Memory Structure (DFVSEN = 1)

#### 6.4.4.2 *User Configuration*

User configuration is internal programmable configuration area for boot options. The user configuration is located at 0x300000 of Flash Memory Organization and they are two 32 bits words. Any change on user configuration will take effect after system reboot.

### Config0 (Address = 0x0030\_0000)

| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28       | 27       | 26        | 25       | 24        |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| CWDTEN   | CWDTPDEN | Reserved |          |          | CFOSC     |          |           |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20       | 19       | 18        | 17       | 16        |
| CBODEN   | CBOV1    | CBOV0    | CBORST   | Reserved |           |          |           |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10        | 9        | 8         |
| Reserved |          |          | CHZ_BPWM | CHZ_Odd1 | CHZ_Even1 | CHZ_Odd0 | CHZ_Even0 |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2         | 1        | 0         |
| CBS      |          | Reserved |          |          |           | LOCK     | DFEN      |

| Config0 Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31]         | CWDTEN      | <b>Watchdog Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Watchdog Timer Enabled and force Watchdog Timer clock source as OSC10K after chip powered on.<br>1 = Watchdog Timer Disabled after chip powered on.                                                                                                                     |
| [30]         | CWDTPDEN    | <b>Watchdog Clock Power Down Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OSC10K Watchdog Timer clock source is forced to be always enabled.<br>1 = OSC10K Watchdog Timer clock source is controlled by OSC10K_EN (PWRCON[3]) when chip enters power down.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit only works at CWDTEN is set to 0             |
| [29:27]      | Reserved    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [26:24]      | CFOSC       | <b>CPU Clock Source Selection After Reset</b><br>The value of CFOSC will be loaded to HCLK_S (CLKSEL0 [2:0]) in system register after any reset occurs.<br>000 = 4~24 MHz external high speed crystal oscillator (HXT)<br>111 = 22.1184 MHz internal high speed RC oscillator (HIRC)<br>Others = Reserved |
| [23]         | CBODEN      | <b>Brown-Out Detector Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Brown-out detect Enabled after powered on.<br>1 = Brown-out detect Disabled after powered on.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [22:21]      | CBOV1-0     | <b>Brown-Out Voltage Selection</b><br>00 = Brown-out voltage is 2.2V.<br>01 = Brown-out voltage is 2.7V.<br>10 = Brown-out voltage is 3.7V.<br>11 = Brown-out voltage is 4.4V.                                                                                                                            |
| [20]         | CBORST      | <b>Brown-out Reset Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Brown-out reset Enabled after powered on<br>1 = Brown-out reset Disabled after powered on                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [19:13]      | Reserved    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

|       |           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [12]  | CHZ_BPWM  | <b>Basic PWM0 Ports Tri-state Driving Control</b><br>0 = Basic PWM0 ports driving mode is controlled by GPIO mode registers (GPIO_PMD).<br>1 = Basic PWM0 ports driving mode is forced in tri-state all the time.<br>This bit will be load to GPIO control bit HZ_BPWM (PWMPOEN[4]) after any reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [11]  | CHZ_Odd1  | <b>PWM Unit1 odd Ports Tri-state Driving Control</b><br>0 = PWM unit1 odd ports driving mode is controlled by GPIO mode registers (GPIO_PMD).<br>1 = PWM unit1 odd ports driving mode is forced in tri-state all the time.<br>This bit will be load to GPIO control bit HZ_Odd1 (PWMPOEN[3]) after any reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [10]  | CHZ_Even1 | <b>PWM Unit0 Even Ports Tri-state Driving Control</b><br>0 = PWM unit1 even ports driving mode is controlled by GPIO mode registers (GPIO_PMD).<br>1 = PWM unit1 even ports driving mode is forced in tri-state all the time.<br>This bit will be load to GPIO control bit HZ_Even1 (PWMPOEN[2]) after any reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [9]   | CHZ_Odd0  | <b>PWM Unit0 Odd Ports Tri-state Driving Control</b><br>0 = PWM unit0 odd ports driving mode is controlled by GPIO mode registers (GPIO_PMD).<br>1 = PWM unit0 odd ports driving mode is forced in tri-state all the time.<br>This bit will be load to GPIO control bit HZ_Odd0 (PWMPOEN[1]) after any reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [8]   | CHZ_Even0 | <b>PWM Unit0 Even Ports Tri-state Driving Control</b><br>0 = PWM unit0 even ports driving mode is controlled by GPIO mode registers (GPIO_PMD).<br>1 = PWM unit0 even ports driving mode is forced in tri-state all the time.<br>This bit will be load to GPIO control bit HZ_Even0 (PWMPOEN[0]) after any reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [7:6] | CBS       | <b>Chip Boot Selection</b><br>When CBS[0] = 0, IAP mode enabled, the LDROM base address is mapping to 0x100000 and APROM base address is mapping to 0x0. User could access both APROM and LDROM without boot switching. In other words, if IAP mode is supported, the code in LDROM and APROM can be called by each other.<br>00 = Boot from LDROM with IAP mode.<br>01 = Boot from LDROM without IAP mode.<br>10 = Boot from APROM with IAP mode.<br>11 = Boot from APROM without IAP mode.<br><b>Note:</b><br>BS (ISPCON[1]) is only be used to control boot switching when IAP mode disabled<br>VECMAP (ISPSTA[20:9]) is only be used to remap 0x0~0x1ff when IAP mode enabled. |
| [5:2] | Reserved  | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [1]   | LOCK      | <b>Security Lock</b><br>0 = Flash memory content is locked<br>1 = Flash memory content is not locked<br>When flash data is locked, only device ID, Config0 and Config1 can be read by writer and ICP through serial debug interface. Others data is locked as 0xFFFF_FFFF. ISP can read data anywhere regardless of LOCK bit value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [0]   | DFEN      | <b>Data Flash Enable Bit (Only for 128 KB APROM Device)</b><br>0 = Data Flash Enabled.<br>1 = Data Flash Disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

Config1 (Address = 0x0030\_0004)

|          |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|--------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27     | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19     | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    | DFBADR |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11     | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| DFBADR   |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3      | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| DFBADR   |    |    |    |        |    |    |    |

| Config1 Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:20]      | Reserved    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [19:0]       | DFBADR      | <b>Data Flash Base Address (Only for 128 KB APROM Device)</b><br>For 128 KB APROM device, its data flash base address is defined by user. Since on-chip flash erase unit is 512 bytes, it is mandatory to keep bit 8-0 as 0. This configuration is only valid for 128 KB flash device. |

### 6.4.5 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                  | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| FMC Base Address:<br>FMC_BA = 0x5000_C000 |             |     |                                    |             |
| ISPCON                                    | FMC_BA+0x00 | R/W | ISP Control Register               | 0x0000_000X |
| ISPADR                                    | FMC_BA+0x04 | R/W | ISP Address Register               | 0x0000_0000 |
| ISPDAT                                    | FMC_BA+0x08 | R/W | ISP Data Register                  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ISPCMD                                    | FMC_BA+0x0C | R/W | ISP Command Register               | 0x0000_0000 |
| ISPTRG                                    | FMC_BA+0x10 | R/W | ISP Trigger Control Register       | 0x0000_0000 |
| DFBADR                                    | FMC_BA+0x14 | R   | Data Flash Base Address            | 0x000X_XXXX |
| FATCON                                    | FMC_BA+0x18 | R/W | Flash Access Time Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ISPSTA                                    | FMC_BA+0x40 | R/W | ISP Status Register                | 0x00XX_XX0X |

## 6.4.6 Register Description

### ISP Control Register (ISPCON)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| ISPCON   | FMC_BA+0x00 | R/W | ISP Control Register | 0x0000_000X |

|          |       |       |        |       |          |    |       |
|----------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------|----|-------|
| 31       | 30    | 29    | 28     | 27    | 26       | 25 | 24    |
| Reserved |       |       |        |       |          |    |       |
| 23       | 22    | 21    | 20     | 19    | 18       | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |       |       |        |       |          |    |       |
| 15       | 14    | 13    | 12     | 11    | 10       | 9  | 8     |
| Reserved |       |       |        |       |          |    |       |
| 7        | 6     | 5     | 4      | 3     | 2        | 1  | 0     |
| Reserved | ISPFF | LDUEN | CFGUEN | APUEN | Reserved | BS | ISPEN |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [6]    | <b>ISP Fail Flag (Write Protect)</b><br>This bit is set by hardware when a triggered ISP meets any of the following conditions:<br>(1) APROM writes to itself if APUEN is set to 0.<br>(2) LDROM writes to itself if LDUEN is set to 0.<br>(3) CONFIG is erased/programmed if CFGUEN is set to 0.<br>(4) Page Erase command at LOCK mode with ICE connection<br>(5) Erase or Program command at brown-out detected<br>(6) Destination address is illegal, such as over an available range.<br>(7) Invalid ISP commands<br>Write 1 to clear this bit. |
| [5]    | <b>LDROM Update Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>LDROM update enable bit.<br>0 = LDROM cannot be updated.<br>1 = LDROM can be updated when chip runs in APROM.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]    | <b>Config-bits Update Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = User Configuration cannot be updated.<br>1 = User Configuration can be updated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [3]    | <b>APROM Update Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = APROM cannot be updated when chip runs in APROM.<br>1 = APROM can be updated when chip runs in APROM.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [2]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

|     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1] | BS    | <b>Boot Select (Write Protect)</b><br>Set/clear this bit to select next booting from LDROM/APROM, respectively. This bit also functions as chip booting status flag, which can be used to check where chip booted from. This bit is initiated with the inversed value of CBS in Config0 after any reset is happened except CPU reset (RSTS_CPU is 1) or system reset (RSTS_SYS) is happened<br>0 = Boot from APROM.<br>1 = Boot from LDROM. |
| [0] | ISPEN | <b>ISP Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>ISP function enable bit. Set this bit to enable ISP function.<br>0 = ISP function Disabled.<br>1 = ISP function Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### ISP Address (ISPADR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| ISPADR   | FMC_BA+0x04 | R/W | ISP Address Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|        |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31     | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| ISPADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| ISPADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| ISPADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| ISPADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>ISPADR</b></p> <p><b>ISP Address</b><br/>The NuMicro® M0519 Series has a maximum 32Kx32 (128 KB) of embedded Flash, which supports word program only. ISPADR[1:0] must be kept 00b for ISP operation.</p> |

### ISP Data Register (ISPDAT)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description       | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------|-------------|
| ISPDAT   | FMC_BA+0x08 | R/W | ISP Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|        |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31     | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| ISPDAT |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| ISPDAT |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| ISPDAT |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| ISPDAT |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <div>ISPDAT</div> <div>ISP Data</div> <div>Write data to this register before ISP program operation</div> <div>Read data from this register after ISP read operation</div> |

### ISP Command (ISPCMD)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| ISPCMD   | FMC_BA+0x0C | R/W | ISP Command Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29  | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21  | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13  | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5   | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | CMD |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [5:0]  | CMD         | <b>ISP Command</b><br>ISP command table is shown below:<br>0x00= FLASH Read.<br>0x04= Read Unique ID.<br>0x0B= Read Company ID.<br>0x21= FLASH Program.<br>0x22= FLASH Page Erase.<br>0x2E= Vector Remap.<br>The other commands are invalid. |

### ISP Trigger Control Register (ISPTRG)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| ISPTRG   | FMC_BA+0x10 | R/W | ISP Trigger Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | ISPGO |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [0]    | <p><b>ISP Start Trigger (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>Write 1 to start ISP operation and this bit will be cleared to 0 by hardware automatically when ISP operation is finished.</p> <p>0 = ISP operation finished.</p> <p>1 = ISP progressed.</p> <p>This bit is the protected bit, It means programming this bit needs to write "59h", "16h", "88h" to address 0x5000_0100 to disable register protection. Refer to the register REGWRPROT at address GCR_BA+0x100</p> <p><b>Note:</b> To make sure ISP function has been finished before CPU goes ahead, ISB (Instruction Synchronization Barrier) instruction is used right after ISPGO (ISPTRG[0]) setting.</p> |

### Data Flash Base Address Register (DFBADR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description             | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|
| DFBADR   | FMC_BA+0x14 | R   | Data Flash Base Address | 0x000X_XXXX |

|        |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31     | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| DFBADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23     | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| DFBADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15     | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| DFBADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7      | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| DFBADR |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>Data Flash Base Address</b></p> <p>This register indicates data flash start address. It is read only.</p> <p>For 128 KB flash memory device, the data flash size is defined by user configuration, register content is loaded from Config1 when chip is powered on but for 64 KB device, it is fixed at 0x0001_F000.</p> |

### Flash Access Time Control Register (FATCON)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| FATCON   | FMC_BA+0x18 | R/W | Flash Access Time Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |            |          |            |          |    |    |    |
|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30         | 29       | 28         | 27       | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |            |          |            |          |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22         | 21       | 20         | 19       | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |            |          |            |          |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14         | 13       | 12         | 11       | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |            |          |            |          |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6          | 5        | 4          | 3        | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved | FOM_SEL[1] | Reserved | FOM_SEL[0] | Reserved |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [6]    | <b>FOM_SEL[1]</b><br><b>Chip Frequency Optimization Mode Select (Write Protect)</b><br>When chip operation frequency is lower than 25 MHz, chip can work more efficiently by setting FOM_SEL[1:0] = 01.<br>When chip operation frequency is lower than 50 MHz, chip can work more efficiently by setting FOM_SEL[1:0] = 00.<br>When chip operation frequency is over than 50 MHz, chip only can work by setting FOM_SEL[1:0] = 11.<br>00 = Middle frequency optimization mode Enabled.<br>01 = Low frequency optimization mode Enabled.<br>10 = Reserved.<br>11 = High frequency optimization mode Enabled. |
| [5]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [4]    | <b>FOM_SEL[0]</b><br><b>Chip Frequency Optimization Mode Select (Write Protect)</b><br>When chip operation frequency is lower than 25 MHz, chip can work more efficiently by setting FOM_SEL[1:0] = 01.<br>When chip operation frequency is lower than 50 MHz, chip can work more efficiently by setting FOM_SEL[1:0] = 00.<br>When chip operation frequency is over than 50 MHz, chip only can work by setting FOM_SEL[1:0] = 11.<br>00 = Middle frequency optimization mode Enabled.<br>01 = Low frequency optimization mode Enabled.<br>10 = Reserved.<br>11 = High frequency optimization mode Enabled. |
| [3:0]  | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### ISP Status Register (ISPSTA)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description         | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|---------------------|-------------|
| ISPSTA   | FMC_BA+0x40 | R/W | ISP Status Register | 0x00XX_XX0X |

|          |       |          |    |        |     |    |          |
|----------|-------|----------|----|--------|-----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30    | 29       | 28 | 27     | 26  | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |       |          |    |        |     |    |          |
| 23       | 22    | 21       | 20 | 19     | 18  | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |       |          |    | VECMAP |     |    |          |
| 15       | 14    | 13       | 12 | 11     | 10  | 9  | 8        |
| VECMAP   |       |          |    |        |     |    | Reserved |
| 7        | 6     | 5        | 4  | 3      | 2   | 1  | 0        |
| Reserved | ISPFF | Reserved |    |        | CBS |    | ISPGO    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:21] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [20:9]  | VECMAP      | <b>Vector Page Mapping Address (Read Only)</b><br>The current flash address space 0x0000_0000~0x0000_01FF is mapping to address {VECMAP[11:0], 9'h000} ~ {VECMAP[11:0], 9'h1FF}<br><b>Note:</b> vector map function only workable when IAP mode enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [8:7]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [6]     | ISPFF       | <b>ISP Fail Flag (Write Protect)</b><br>This bit is the mirror of ISPFF (ISPCON[6]), it needs to be cleared by writing 1 to ISPCON[6] or FMC_ISPSTA[6]. This bit is set by hardware when a triggered ISP meets any of the following conditions:<br>(1) APROM writes to itself if APUEN is set to 0.<br>(2) LDROM writes to itself if LDUEN is set to 0.<br>(3) CONFIG is erased/programmed if CFGUEN is set to 0.<br>(4) Page Erase command at LOCK mode with ICE connection<br>(5) Erase or Program command at brown-out detected<br>(6) Destination address is illegal, such as over an available range.<br>(7) Invalid ISP commands<br>Write 1 to clear this bit. |
| [5:3]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

|       |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [2:1] | CBS   | <p><b>Chip Boot Selection of CONFIG (Read Only)</b></p> <p>When CBS[0] = 0, the LDROM base address is mapping to 0x100000 and APROM base address is mapping to 0x0. User could access both APROM and LDROM without boot switching. In other words, if IAP mode is supported, the code in LDROM and APROM can be called by each other.</p> <p>00 = Boot from LDROM with IAP mode.<br/> 01 = Boot from LDROM without IAP mode.<br/> 10 = Boot from APROM with IAP mode.<br/> 11 = Boot from APROM without IAP mode.</p> <p><b>Note:</b><br/> BS (ISPCON[1]) is only be used to control boot switching when CBS[0] = 1.<br/> VECMAP (ISPSTA[20:9]) is only be used to remap 0x0~0x1ff when CBS[0] = 0.</p> |
| [0]   | ISPGO | <p><b>ISP Start Trigger (Read Only)</b></p> <p>Write 1 to start ISP operation and this bit will be cleared to 0 by hardware automatically when ISP operation is finished.</p> <p>0 = ISP operation finished.<br/> 1 = ISP operation progressed.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is the same with ISPTRG bit0</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## 6.5 General Purpose I/O (GPIO)

### 6.5.1 Overview

The NuMicro® M0519 Series has up to 82 General Purpose I/O pins to be shared with other function pins depending on the chip configuration. These 82 pins are arranged in 10 ports named as P0, P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8, P9 and PA. The P0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9 port has the maximum of 8 pins and PA port has the maximum of 2 pins. Each of the 82 pins is independent and has the corresponding register bits to control the pin mode function and data.

The I/O type of each of I/O pins can be configured by software individually as input, output, open-drain or Quasi-bidirectional mode. After reset, the I/O mode of all pins are stay at input mode. In Quasi-bidirectional mode, I/O pin has a very weak individual pull-up resistor which is about 110~300 K $\Omega$  for  $V_{DD}$  is from 5.0 V to 2.5 V.

### 6.5.2 Features

- Four I/O modes:
  - Quasi-bidirectional
  - Push-Pull output
  - Open-Drain output
  - Input only with high impedance
- TTL/Schmitt trigger input selectable by Px\_TYPE[7:0] in Px\_MFP[23:16]
- I/O pin configured as interrupt source with edge/level setting
- I/O pin internal pull-up resistor enabled only in Quasi-bidirectional I/O mode
- Enabling pin interrupt function will also enable the pin wake-up function

### 6.5.3 Block Diagram

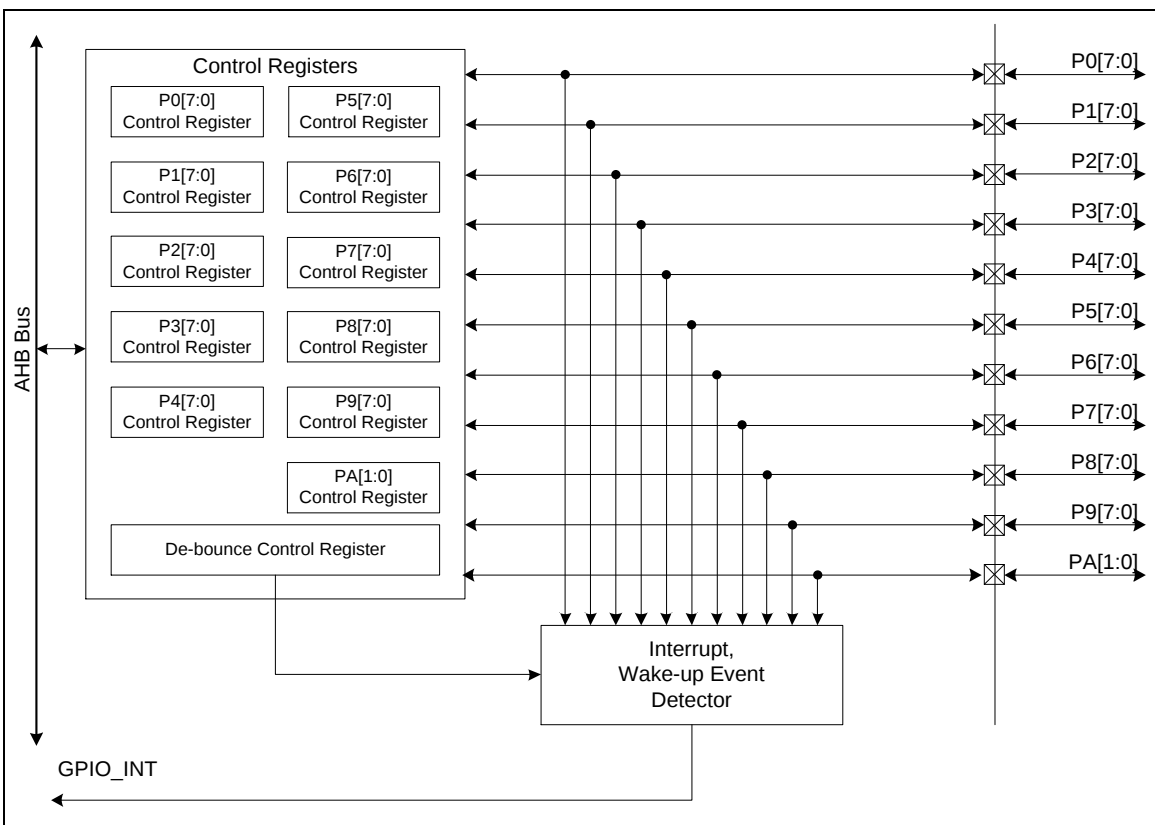


Figure 6-16 GPIO Controller Block Diagram

### Basic Configuration

The GPIO pin functions are configured in P0\_MFP, P1\_MFP, P2\_MFP, P3\_MFP, P4\_MFP, P5\_MFP, P6\_MFP, P7\_MFP, P8\_MFP, P9\_MFP and PA\_MFP registers.

## 6.5.4 Functional Description

### 6.5.4.1 Input Only Mode

Setting Px\_PMD (PMDn[1:0]) to 00b as the Px port [n] pin is in Input mode and the I/O pin is in tri-state (high impedance) without output drive capability. The Px\_PIN value reflects the status of the corresponding port pins.

### 6.5.4.2 Push-Pull Output Mode

Setting Px\_PMD (PMDn[1:0]) to 01b as the Px port [n] pin is in Push-pull Output mode and the I/O pin supports digital output function with source/sink current capability. The bit value in the corresponding bit [n] of Px\_DOUT is driven on the pin.

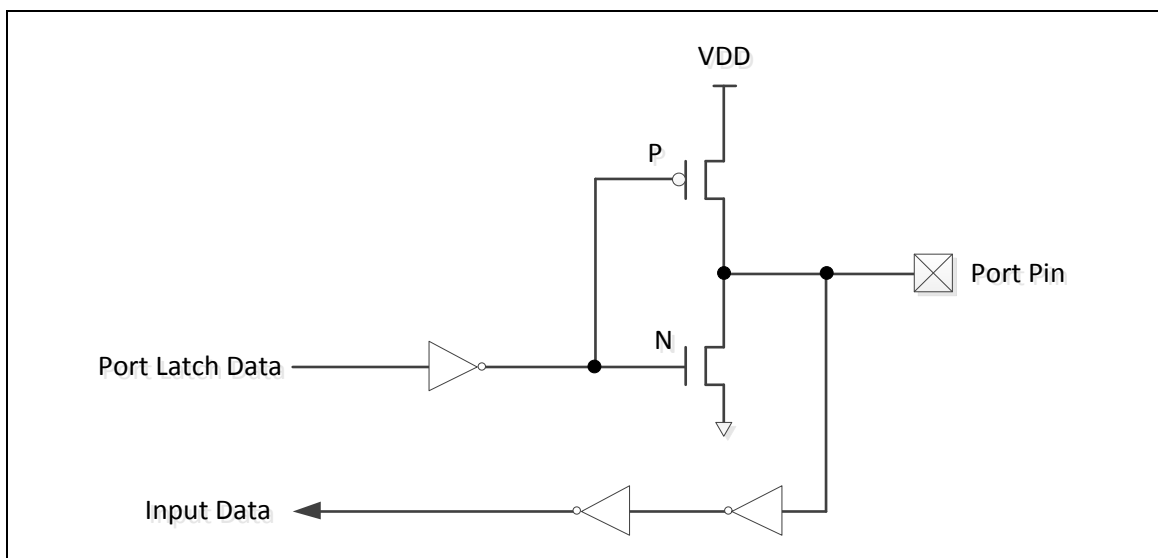


Figure 6-17 Push-Pull Output

### 6.5.4.3 Open-Drain Mode

Setting Px\_PMD (PMDn[1:0]) to 10b as the Px port [n] pin is in Open-drain mode and the digital output function of I/O pin supports only sink current capability, an additional pull-up resistor is needed for driving high state. If the bit value in the corresponding bit [n] of Px\_DOUT is 0, the pin drive a "low" output on the pin. If the bit value in the corresponding bit [n] of Px\_DOUT is 1, the pin output drives high that is controlled by external pull high resistor.

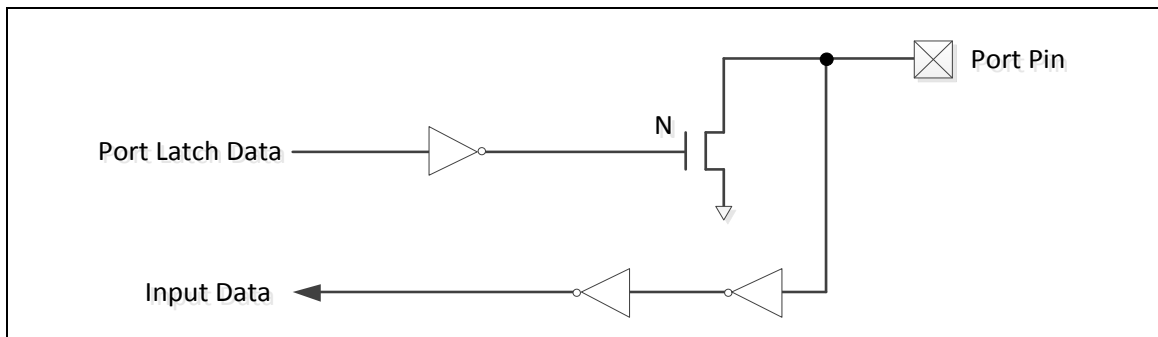


Figure 6-18 Open-Drain Output

### 6.5.4.4 Quasi Bi-directional Mode

Setting Px\_PMD (PMDn[1:0]) to 11b as the Px port [n] pin is in Quasi-bidirectional mode and the I/O pin supports digital output and input function at the same time but the source current is only up to hundreds uA. Before the digital input function is performed the corresponding bit in

Px\_DOUT must be set to 1. The quasi-bidirectional output is common on the 80C51 and most of its derivatives. If the bit value in the corresponding bit [n] of Px\_DOUT is 0, the pin drive a “low” output on the pin. If the bit value in the corresponding bit [n] of Px\_DOUT is 1, the pin will check the pin value. If pin value is high, no action takes. If pin state is low, then pin will drive strong high with 2 clock cycles on the pin and then disable the strong output drive and then the pin status is control by internal pull-up resistor. Note that the source current capability in quasi-bidirectional mode is only about 200uA to 30uA if VDD is from 5.0V to 2.5V.

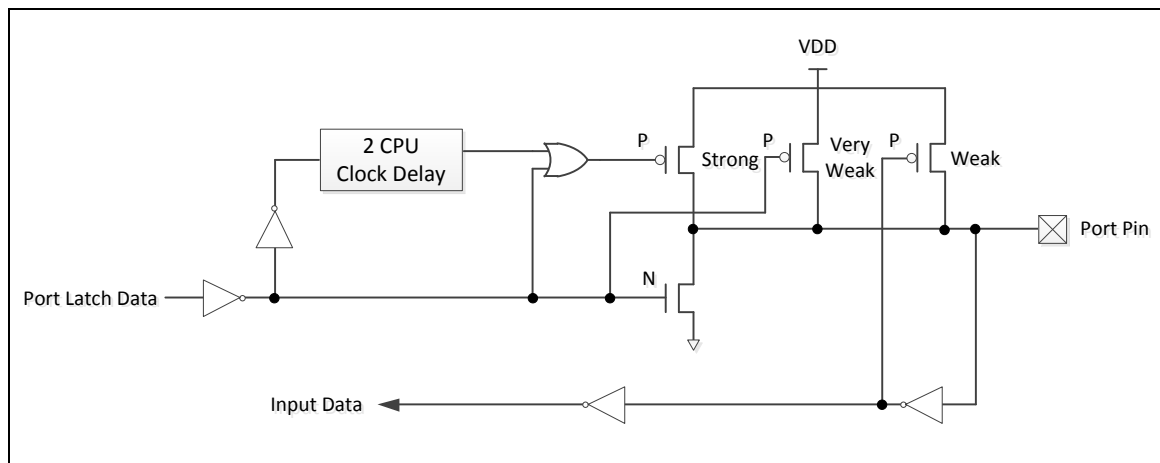


Figure 6-19 Quasi bi-directional I/O Mode

#### 6.5.4.5 GPIO Interrupt and Wake-up Function

Each GPIO pin can be set as chip interrupt source by setting correlative Px\_IEN bit and Px\_IMD. There are five types of interrupt condition can be selected: low level trigger, high level trigger, falling edge trigger and rising edge trigger and both rising and falling edge trigger. For edge trigger condition, user can enable input signal de-bounce function to prevent unexpected interrupt happened which caused by noise. The de-bounce clock source and sampling cycle can be set through DEBOUNCE register.

The GPIO can also be the chip wake-up source when chip enters Idle mode or Power-down mode. The setting of wake-up trigger condition is the same as GPIO interrupt trigger, but there is one thing need to be noticed if using GPIO as chip wake-up source.

- **To ensure the I/O status before enter into Power-down mode**

When using toggle GPIO to wake-up system, user must make sure the I/O status before entering Idle mode or Power-down mode according to the relative wake-up settings.

For example, if configuring the wake-up event occurred by I/O rising edge/high level trigger, user must make sure the I/O status of specified pin is at low level before entering to Idle/Power-down mode; and if configure I/O falling edge/low level trigger to trigger a wake-up event, user must make sure the I/O status of specified pin is at high level before entering to Power-down mode.

#### 6.5.5 PWM Port Output Driving Control

There are two enhanced PWM units each unit has six output pins in this device. The Enhanced PWM port outputs are P0.0~P0.5 and P1.0~P1.5 for unit 0 and unit 1, respectively. There are one Basic PWM, It is has two output pins in this device. The Basic PWM port outputs are P5.6~P5.7.

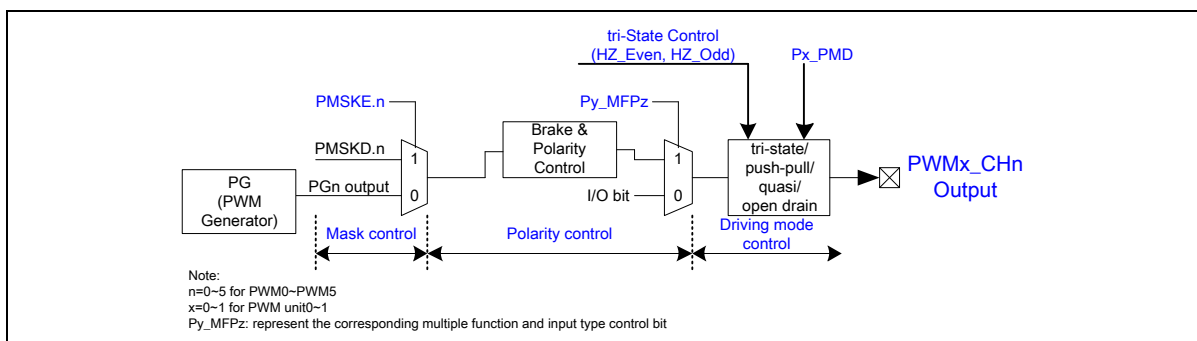


Figure 6-20 Enhanced PWM Output Driving Control

The driving mode of PWM output ports can be initialized as tri-state type or other type dependent with Px\_PMD (PMDn[1:0]) register setting after any reset. Figure 6-20 show enhanced PWM output driving control diagram, for HZ\_Even0 (PWMPOEN[0])/HZ\_Odd0 (PWMPOEN[1])/HZ\_Even1 (PWMPOEN[2])/HZ\_Odd1 (PWMPOEN[3])/HZ\_BPWM (PWMPOEN[3]), the initial value is defined by CHZ\_Even0 (Config0[8])/ CHZ\_Odd0 (Config0[9])/ CHZ\_Even1 (Config0[10])/ CHZ\_Odd1 (Config0[11])/CHZ\_BPWM (Config0[12]), respectively..

If each of register bit set to 0, the driving mode of PWM ports are controlled by GPIO mode register or multi-function register, If each of register bit set to 1, the driving mode of PWM ports are forced in tri-state all the time.

| HZ_Even/HZ_Odd/HZ_BPWM (In PWMPOEN Register) | PWM Outputs Drive Mode     |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0                                            | Depend on Px_PMD or Px_MFP |
| 1                                            | Force in tri-state         |

Table 6-8 PWM Outputs Drive Mode Setting Table

### 6.5.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                    | Offset        | R/W | Description                                        | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| GPIO Base Address:<br>GPIO_BA = 0x5000_4000 |               |     |                                                    |             |
| P0_PMD                                      | GPIO_BA+0x000 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| P0_OFFD                                     | GPIO_BA+0x004 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P0_DOUT                                     | GPIO_BA+0x008 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| P0_DMASK                                    | GPIO_BA+0x00C | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| P0_PIN                                      | GPIO_BA+0x010 | R   | GPIO Port 0 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| P0_DBEN                                     | GPIO_BA+0x014 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| P0_IMD                                      | GPIO_BA+0x018 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| P0_IEN                                      | GPIO_BA+0x01C | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| P0_ISF                                      | GPIO_BA+0x020 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P1_PMD                                      | GPIO_BA+0x040 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_OFFD                                     | GPIO_BA+0x044 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_DOUT                                     | GPIO_BA+0x048 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| P1_DMASK                                    | GPIO_BA+0x04C | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_PIN                                      | GPIO_BA+0x050 | R   | GPIO Port 1 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| P1_DBEN                                     | GPIO_BA+0x054 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_IMD                                      | GPIO_BA+0x058 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_IEN                                      | GPIO_BA+0x05C | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_ISF                                      | GPIO_BA+0x060 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P2_PMD                                      | GPIO_BA+0x080 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_OFFD                                     | GPIO_BA+0x084 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_DOUT                                     | GPIO_BA+0x088 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| P2_DMASK                                    | GPIO_BA+0x08C | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_PIN                                      | GPIO_BA+0x090 | R   | GPIO Port 2 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| P2_DBEN                                     | GPIO_BA+0x094 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_IMD                                      | GPIO_BA+0x098 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_IEN                                      | GPIO_BA+0x09C | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |

|                 |               |     |                                                    |             |
|-----------------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>P2_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x0A0 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| <b>P3_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x0C0 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P3_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x0C4 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P3_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x0C8 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| <b>P3_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x0CC | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P3_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x0D0 | R   | GPIO Port 3 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P3_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x0D4 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P3_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x0D8 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P3_IEN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x0DC | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P3_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x0E0 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| <b>P4_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x100 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P4_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x104 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P4_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x108 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| <b>P4_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x10C | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P4_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x110 | R   | GPIO Port 4 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P4_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x114 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P4_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x118 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P4_IEN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x11C | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P4_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x120 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| <b>P5_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x140 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P5_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x144 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P5_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x148 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| <b>P5_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x14C | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P5_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x150 | R   | GPIO Port 5 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P5_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x154 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P5_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x158 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P5_IEN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x15C | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P5_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x160 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| <b>P6_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x180 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P6_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x184 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P6_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x188 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |

|                 |               |     |                                                    |             |
|-----------------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>P6_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x18C | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P6_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x190 | R   | GPIO Port 6 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P6_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x194 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P6_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x198 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P6_IEN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x19C | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P6_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x200 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>P7_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x1C0 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P7_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x1C4 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P7_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x1C8 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| <b>P7_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x1CC | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P7_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x1D0 | R   | GPIO Port 7 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P7_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x1D4 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P7_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x1D8 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P7_IEN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x1DC | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P7_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x1E0 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>P8_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x200 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P8_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x204 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P8_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x208 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| <b>P8_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x20C | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P8_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x210 | R   | GPIO Port 8 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P8_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x214 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P8_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x218 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P8_IEN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x21C | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P8_ISF</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x220 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0XXXXX_XXXX |
| <b>P9_PMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x240 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P9_OFFD</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x244 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P9_DOUT</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x248 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_00FF |
| <b>P9_DMASK</b> | GPIO_BA+0x24C | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P9_PIN</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x250 | R   | GPIO Port 9 Pin Value                              | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P9_DBEN</b>  | GPIO_BA+0x254 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P9_IMD</b>   | GPIO_BA+0x258 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |

|                         |                             |     |                                                    |             |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>P9_IEN</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x25C               | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>P9_ISF</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x260               | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| <b>PA_PMD</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x280               | R/W | GPIO Port A Pin I/O Mode Control                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PA_OFFD</b>          | GPIO_BA+0x284               | R/W | GPIO Port A Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PA_DOUT</b>          | GPIO_BA+0x288               | R/W | GPIO Port A Data Output Value                      | 0x0000_0003 |
| <b>PA_DMASK</b>         | GPIO_BA+0x28C               | R/W | GPIO Port A Data Output Write Mask                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PA_PIN</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x290               | R   | GPIO Port A Pin Value                              | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>PA_DBEN</b>          | GPIO_BA+0x294               | R/W | GPIO Port A De-bounce Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PA_IMD</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x298               | R/W | GPIO Port A Interrupt Mode Control                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PA_IEN</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x29C               | R/W | GPIO Port A Interrupt Enable                       | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PA_ISF</b>           | GPIO_BA+0x2A0               | R/W | GPIO Port A Interrupt Source Flag                  | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| <b>DBNCECON</b>         | GPIO_BA+0x2E0               | R/W | External Interrupt De-bounce Control               | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWMPOEN</b>          | GPIO_BA+0x2E4               | R/W | PWM Port Output Enable                             | 0x0000_00XX |
| <b>P0_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x300<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P0.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P1_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x320<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P1.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P2_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x340<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P2.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P3_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x360<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P3.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P4_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x380<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P4.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P5_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x3A0<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P5.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P6_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x3C0<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P6.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P7_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x3E0<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P7.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P8_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x400<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P8.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P9_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x420<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P9.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>PA_N</b><br>n=0,1    | GPIO_BA+0x440<br>+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO PA.n Pin Data Input/Output                    | 0x0000_000X |

## 6.5.7 Register Description

### GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Pin I/O Mode Control (Px\_PMD)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x000 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x040 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x080 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x0C0 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x100 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x140 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x180 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x1C0 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x200 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x240 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_PMD   | GPIO_BA+0x280 | R/W | GPIO Port A Pin I/O Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |      |    |      |    |      |    |
|----------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29   | 28 | 27   | 26 | 25   | 24 |
| Reserved |    |      |    |      |    |      |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21   | 20 | 19   | 18 | 17   | 16 |
| Reserved |    |      |    |      |    |      |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13   | 12 | 11   | 10 | 9    | 8  |
| PMD7     |    | PMD6 |    | PMD5 |    | PMD4 |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5    | 4  | 3    | 2  | 1    | 0  |
| PMD3     |    | PMD2 |    | PMD1 |    | PMD0 |    |

| Bits                  | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16]               | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [2n+1:2n]<br>n=0,1..7 | PMDn        | <b>Port 0-a I/O Pin[N] Mode Control</b><br>Determine each I/O mode of Px pins.<br>00 = GPIO port [n] pin is in Input mode.<br>01 = GPIO port [n] pin is in Push-pull Output mode.<br>10 = GPIO port [n] pin is in Open-drain Output mode.<br>11 = GPIO port [n] pin is in Quasi-bidirectional mode.<br><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |

**GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control (Px\_OFFD)**

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                                        | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x004 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x044 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x084 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x0C4 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x104 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x144 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x184 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x1C4 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x204 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x244 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_OFFD  | GPIO_BA+0x284 | R/W | GPIO Port A Pin Digital Input Path Disable Control | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| OFFD     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [23:16] | OFFD        | <b>Port 0-a Pin[N] Digital Input Path Disable Control</b><br>Each of these bits is used to control if the digital input path of corresponding GPIO pin is disabled. If input is analog signal, users can disable GPIO digital input path to avoid input current leakage.<br>0 = I/O digital input path Enabled.<br>1 = I/O digital input path Disabled (digital input tied to low).<br><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |
| [15:0]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

### GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Data Output Value (Px DOUT)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x008 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P1_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x048 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P2_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x088 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P3_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x0C8 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P4_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x108 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P5_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x148 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P6_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x188 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P7_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x1C8 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P8_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x208 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| P9_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x248 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Data Output Value | 0x0000_00FF |
| PA_DOUT  | GPIO_BA+0x288 | R/W | GPIO Port A Data Output Value | 0x0000_0003 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| DOUT     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [7:0]  | DOUT        | <p><b>Port 0-a Pin[N] Output Value</b></p> <p>Each of these bits controls the status of a GPIO pin when the GPIO is configured as Push-pull output, Open-drain output or Quasi-bidirectional mode.</p> <p>0 = GPIO port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Pin[n] will drive Low if the GPIO pin is configured as Push-pull output, Open-drain output or Quasi-bidirectional mode.</p> <p>1 = GPIO port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Pin[n] will drive High if the GPIO pin is configured as Push-pull output or Quasi-bidirectional mode.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9.</p> |

### GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Data Output Write Mask (Px\_DMASK)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x00C | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x04C | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x08C | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x0CC | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x10C | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x14C | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x18C | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x1CC | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x20C | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x24C | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_DMASK | GPIO_BA+0x28C | R/W | GPIO Port A Data Output Write Mask | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| DMASK    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [7:0]  | <b>DMASK</b><br><b>Port 0-a Data Output Write Mask</b><br>These bits are used to protect the corresponding register of Px_DOUT bit[n]. When set the DMASK bit[n] is set to 1, the corresponding Px_DOUT[n] bit is protected. If the write signal is masked, write data to the protect bit is ignored.<br>0 = Corresponding Px_DOUT[n] bit can be updated.<br>1 = Corresponding Px_DOUT[n] bit protected.<br><b>Note1:</b> This function only protects the corresponding Px_DOUT[n] bit, and will not protect the corresponding bit control register (P0_n, P1_n, P2_n, P3_n, P4_n, P5_n, P6_n, P7_n, P8_n, P9_n and PA_n).<br><b>Note2:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |

### GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Pin Value (Px\_PIN)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| P0_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x010 | R   | GPIO Port 0 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P1_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x050 | R   | GPIO Port 1 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P2_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x090 | R   | GPIO Port 2 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P3_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x0D0 | R   | GPIO Port 3 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P4_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x110 | R   | GPIO Port 4 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P5_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x150 | R   | GPIO Port 5 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P6_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x190 | R   | GPIO Port 6 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P7_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x1D0 | R   | GPIO Port 7 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P8_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x210 | R   | GPIO Port 8 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| P9_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x250 | R   | GPIO Port 9 Pin Value | 0x0000_00XX |
| PA_PIN   | GPIO_BA+0x290 | R   | GPIO Port A Pin Value | 0x0000_000X |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PIN      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [7:0]  | PIN         | <b>Port 0-a Pin Values</b><br>Each bit of the register reflects the actual status of the respective GPIO pin. If the bit is 1, it indicates the corresponding pin status is high, else the pin status is low.<br><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |

**GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] De-bounce Enable (Px\_DBEN)**

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x014 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x054 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x094 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x0D4 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x114 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x154 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x194 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x1D4 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x214 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x254 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_DBEN  | GPIO_BA+0x294 | R/W | GPIO Port A De-bounce Enable | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| DBEN     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [7:0]  | DBEN        | <p><b>Port 0-a Input Signal De-bounce Enable Bits</b></p> <p>DBEN[n] is used to enable the de-bounce function for each corresponding bit. If the input signal pulse width cannot be sampled by continuous two de-bounce sample cycle, the input signal transition is seen as the signal bounce and will not trigger the interrupt. The de-bounce clock source is controlled by DBCLKSRC (DBNCECON[4]), one de-bounce sample cycle period is controlled by DBCLKSEL (DBNCECON[3:0]).</p> <p>0 = Bit[n] de-bounce function Disabled.</p> <p>1 = Bit[n] de-bounce function Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9.</p> |

**GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Interrupt Mode Control (Px\_IMD)**

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x018 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x058 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x098 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x0D8 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x118 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x158 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x198 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x1D8 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x218 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x258 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_IMD   | GPIO_BA+0x298 | R/W | GPIO Port A Interrupt Mode Control | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| IMD      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [7:0]  | <b>IMD</b><br><b>Port 0-a Edge or Level Detection Interrupt Control</b><br>IMD[n] decides the pin interrupt triggered by level or edge. If the interrupt is by edge trigger, the trigger source can be controlled by de-bounce. If the interrupt is by level trigger, the input source is sampled by one HCLK clock and generates the interrupt.<br>0 = Edge triggered interrupt.<br>1 = Level triggered interrupt.<br>If set pin as the level trigger interrupt, then only one level can be set on the registers Px_IEN. If set both the level to trigger interrupt, the setting is ignored and no interrupt will occur.<br>The de-bounce function is valid for edge triggered interrupt. If the interrupt mode is level triggered, the de-bounce enable bit is ignored.<br><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |

**GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Interrupt Enable Control (Px\_IEN)**

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x01C | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P1_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x05C | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P2_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x09C | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P3_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x0DC | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P4_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x11C | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P5_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x15C | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P6_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x19C | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P7_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x1DC | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P8_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x21C | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| P9_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x25C | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |
| PA_IEN   | GPIO_BA+0x29C | R/W | GPIO Port A Interrupt Enable | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| IR_EN    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| IF_EN    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [23:16] | <b>IR_EN</b><br><b>Port 0-a Interrupt Enable by Input Rising Edge or Input Level High</b><br>IR_EN[n] used to enable the interrupt for each of the corresponding input Px_PIN[n]. Set bit to 1 also enable the pin wake-up function.<br>When setting the IR_EN[n] bit to 1:<br>If the interrupt is level trigger, the input PIN[n] state at level "high" will generate the interrupt.<br>If the interrupt is edge trigger, the input PIN[n] state change from "low-to-high" will generate the interrupt.<br>0 = PIN[n] level-high or low-to-high interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = PIN[n] level-high or low-to-high interrupt Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |

|        |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [15:8] | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [7:0]  | IF_EN[n] | <p><b>Port 0-a Interrupt Enable by Input Falling Edge or Input Level Low</b></p> <p>IF_EN[n] is used to enable the interrupt for each of the corresponding input Px_PIN[n]. Set bit to 1 also enable the pin wake-up function.</p> <p>When setting the IF_EN[n] bit to 1:</p> <p>If the interrupt is level trigger, the input PIN[n] state at level "low" will generate the interrupt.</p> <p>If the interrupt is edge trigger, the input PIN[n] state change from "high-to-low" will generate the interrupt.</p> <p>0 = PIN[n] state low-level or high-to-low change interrupt Disabled.</p> <p>1 = PIN[n] state low-level or high-to-low change interrupt Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9.</p> |

### GPIO Port [0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/A] Interrupt Source Flag (Px\_ISF)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                       | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| P0_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x020 | R/W | GPIO Port 0 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P1_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x060 | R/W | GPIO Port 1 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P2_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x0A0 | R/W | GPIO Port 2 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P3_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x0E0 | R/W | GPIO Port 3 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P4_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x120 | R/W | GPIO Port 4 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P5_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x160 | R/W | GPIO Port 5 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P6_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x1A0 | R/W | GPIO Port 6 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P7_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x1E0 | R/W | GPIO Port 7 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P8_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x220 | R/W | GPIO Port 8 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| P9_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x260 | R/W | GPIO Port 9 Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |
| PA_ISF   | GPIO_BA+0x2A0 | R/W | GPIO Port A Interrupt Source Flag | 0xFFFF_XXXX |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| IF_ISF   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [7:0]  | <b>Port 0-a Interrupt Source Flag</b><br>These bits are edge/level trigger event indicators of each pin of Port x, if GPG0_INT or GPG1_INT enable bit is set, the corresponding interrupt service routine will be served. Note that P3.2 and P3.3 will only vector to INTO_INT and INT1_INT ISRs if its own interrupt is enabled.<br>Read :<br>0 = No interrupt at Px[n].<br>1 = Px[n] generates an interrupt.<br>Write :<br>0 = No action.<br>1 = Clear the corresponding pending interrupt.<br><b>Note:</b> Max. n = 1 for PA; Max. n = 7 for P0/P1/P2/P3/P4/P5/P6/P7/P8/P9. |

### External Interrupt De-bounce Control (DBNCECON)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| DBNCECON | GPIO_BA+0x2E0 | R/W | External Interrupt De-bounce Control | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |         |          |          |    |    |    |
|----------|----|---------|----------|----------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29      | 28       | 27       | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |         |          |          |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21      | 20       | 19       | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |         |          |          |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13      | 12       | 11       | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |         |          |          |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5       | 4        | 3        | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | ICLK_ON | DBCLKSRC | DBCLKSEL |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [5]    | ICLK_ON     | <b>Interrupt Clock on Mode</b><br>0 = Edge detection circuit is active only if I/O pin corresponding Px_IEN bit is set to 1.<br>1 = All I/O pins edge detection circuit is always active after reset.<br>It is recommended to turn off this bit to save system power if no special application concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [4]    | DBCLKSRC    | <b>De-bounce Counter Clock Source Selection</b><br>0 = De-bounce counter clock source is the HCLK.<br>1 = De-bounce counter clock source is the internal 10 kHz low speed oscillator.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [3:0]  | DBCLKSEL    | <b>De-bounce Sampling Cycle Selection</b><br>0000 = Sample interrupt input once per 1 clocks.<br>0001 = Sample interrupt input once per 2 clocks.<br>0010 = Sample interrupt input once per 4 clocks.<br>0011 = Sample interrupt input once per 8 clocks.<br>0100 = Sample interrupt input once per 16 clocks.<br>0101 = Sample interrupt input once per 32 clocks.<br>0110 = Sample interrupt input once per 64 clocks.<br>0111 = Sample interrupt input once per 128 clocks.<br>1000 = Sample interrupt input once per 256 clocks.<br>1001 = Sample interrupt input once per 2*256 clocks.<br>1010 = Sample interrupt input once per 4*256 clocks.<br>1011 = Sample interrupt input once per 8*256 clocks.<br>1100 = Sample interrupt input once per 16*256 clocks.<br>1101 = Sample interrupt input once per 32*256 clocks.<br>1110 = Sample interrupt input once per 64*256 clocks.<br>1111 = Sample interrupt input once per 128*256 clocks. |

### PWM Port Output Enable (PWMPOEN)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description            | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|
| PWMPOEN  | GPIO_BA+0x2E4 | R/W | PWM Port Output Enable | 0x0000_00XX |

|          |    |    |         |         |          |         |          |
|----------|----|----|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28      | 27      | 26       | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |         |         |          |         |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20      | 19      | 18       | 17      | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |         |         |          |         |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12      | 11      | 10       | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |         |         |          |         |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4       | 3       | 2        | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    | HZ_BPWM | HZ_Odd1 | HZ_Even1 | HZ_Odd0 | HZ_Even0 |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:5] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [4]    | HZ_BPWM     | <b>Basic PWM0 Ports Output Control</b><br>0 = The driving mode of Basic PWM ports are controlled by GPIO mode register (Px_PMD) or multi-function register (Px_MFP).<br>1 = The driving mode of Basic PWM ports are forced in tri-state (Hi-Z) all the time.<br><b>Note:</b> The initial value is loaded from CHZ_BPWM (Config0[12]) after any reset.                                           |
| [3]    | HZ_Odd1     | <b>Enhanced PWM Unit1 Odd Ports Output Control</b><br>0 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit1 odd ports are controlled by GPIO mode register (Px_PMD) or multi-function register (Px_MFP).<br>1 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit1 odd ports are forced in tri-state (Hi-Z) all the time.<br><b>Note:</b> The initial value is loaded from CHZ_Odd1 (Config0[11]) after any reset.     |
| [2]    | HZ_Even1    | <b>Enhanced PWM Unit1 Even Ports Output Control</b><br>0 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit1 even ports are controlled by GPIO mode register (Px_PMD) or multi-function register (Px_MFP).<br>1 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit1 even ports are forced in tri-state (Hi-Z) all the time.<br><b>Note:</b> The initial value is loaded from CHZ_Even1 (Config0[10]) after any reset. |
| [1]    | HZ_Odd0     | <b>Enhanced PWM Unit0 Odd Ports Output Control</b><br>0 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit0 odd ports are controlled by GPIO mode register (Px_PMD) or multi-function register (Px_MFP).<br>1 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit0 odd ports are forced in tri-state (Hi-Z) all the time.<br><b>Note:</b> The initial value is loaded from CHZ_Odd0 (Config0[9]) after any reset.      |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [0]  | HZ_Even0    | <p><b>Enhanced PWM Unit0 Even Ports Output Control</b></p> <p>0 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit0 even ports are controlled by GPIO mode register (Px_PMD) or multi-function register (Px_MFP).</p> <p>1 = The driving mode of Enhanced PWM unit0 even ports are forced in tri-state (Hi-Z) all the time.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The initial value is loaded from CHZ_Even0 (Config0[8]) after any reset.</p> |

**GPIO Px.n Pin Data Input/Output (Px\_n)**

| Register                | Offset                  | R/W | Description                     | Reset Value |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>P0_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x300+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P0.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P1_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x320+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P1.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P2_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x340+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P2.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P3_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x360+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P3.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P4_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x380+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P4.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P5_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x3A0+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P5.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P6_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x3C0+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P6.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P7_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x3E0+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P7.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P8_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x400+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P8.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>P9_N</b><br>n=0,1..7 | GPIO_BA+0x420+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO P9.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |
| <b>PA_N</b><br>n=0,1    | GPIO_BA+0x440+ 0x04 * n | R/W | GPIO PA.n Pin Data Input/Output | 0x0000_000X |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | Pxn |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                          |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                |
| [0]    | Pxn         | GPIO Px.N Pin Data Input/Output<br>Write this bit can control one GPIO pin output value. |

|  |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--|--|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  | <p>0 = Corresponding GPIO pin set to low.<br/>1 = Corresponding GPIO pin set to high.<br/>Read this register to get GPIO pin status.<br/>For example: writing P0_0 will reflect the written value to bit P0_DOUT[0], read P0_0 will return the value of P0_PIN[0].<br/><b>Note:</b> The write operation will not be affected by register Px_DMASK.</p> |
|--|--|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 6.6 Timer Controller (TIMER)

### 6.6.1 Overview

The Timer controller includes four 32-bit timers, Timer0 ~ Timer3, allowing user to easily implement a timer control for applications. The timer can perform functions, such as frequency measurement, delay timing, clock generation, and event counting by external input pins, and interval measurement by external capture pins.

### 6.6.2 Features

- Four sets of 32-bit timers with 24-bit up counter and one 8-bit prescale counter
- Independent clock source for each timer
- Provides one-shot, periodic, toggle-output and continuous counting operation modes
- 24-bit up counter value is readable through TDR (TDR[23:0])
- Supports event counting function
- Supports external capture pin event for interval measurement
- Supports external capture pin event to reset 24-bit up counter

### 6.6.3 Block Diagram

The Timer Controller block diagram and clock control are shown in Figure 6-21 and Figure 6-22.

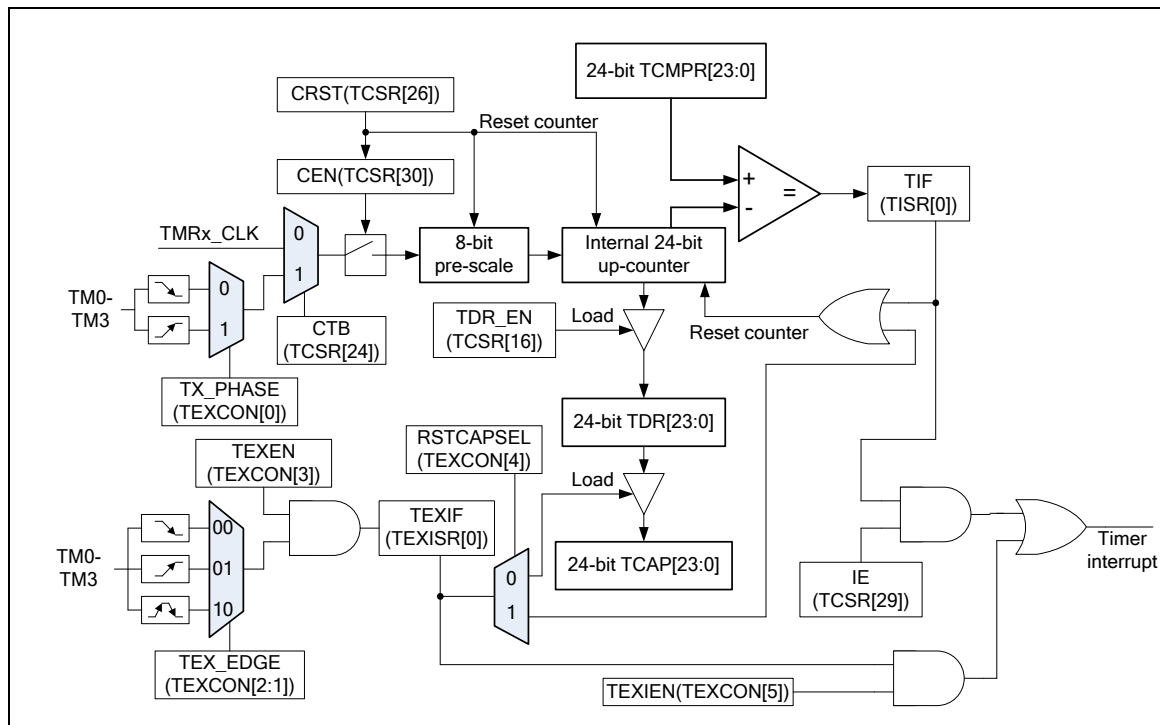


Figure 6-21 Timer Controller Block Diagram

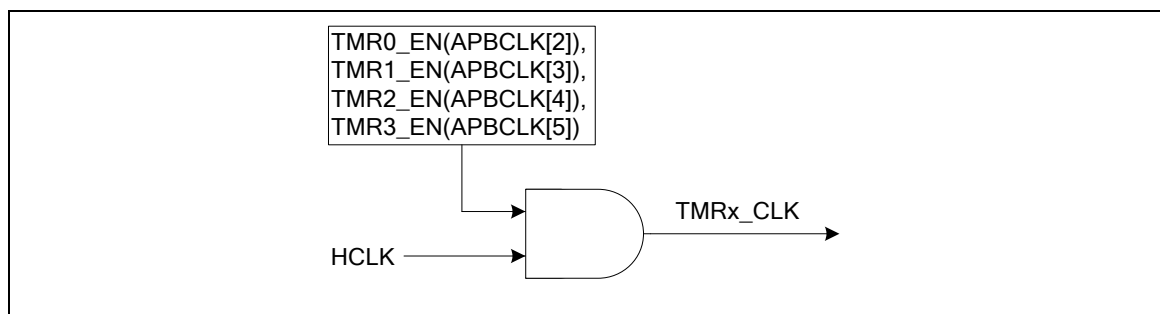


Figure 6-22 Clock Source of Timer Controller

#### 6.6.4 Basic Configuration

The HCLK clock source of Timer0 ~ Timer3 can be enabled in TMRx\_EN (APBCLK[5:2]).

#### 6.6.5 Function Description

Timer controller provides one-shot, period, toggle and continuous counting operation modes. It also provides the event counting function to count the event from external pin and input capture function to capture or reset timer counter value. Each operating function mode is described below.

##### 6.6.5.1 Timer Interrupt Flag

Timer controller supports two interrupt flags; one is TIF (TISR[0]) and its set while timer counter value TDR (TDR[23:0]) matches the timer compared value TCMP (TCMPR[23:0]), the other is TEXIF (TEXISR[0]) and its set when the transition on the TMx pin associated TEX\_EDGE (TEXCON[2:1]) setting.

##### 6.6.5.2 Timer Counting Mode

Timer controller provides four timer counting modes: one-shot, periodic, toggle-output and continuous counting operation modes:

##### 6.6.5.3 One-shot Mode

If timer controller is configured at one-shot mode (TCSR[28:27] is 00) and CEN (TCSR[30]) is set, the timer counter starts up counting. Once the TDR (TDR[23:0]) value reaches TCMP (TCMPR[23:0]) value, the TIF (TISR[0]) will be set to 1, TDR value and CEN bit is cleared automatically by timer controller then timer counting operation stops. In the meantime, if the IE (TCSR[29]) is enabled, the timer interrupt signal is generated and sent to NVIC to inform CPU also.

##### 6.6.5.4 Periodic mode

If timer controller is configured at periodic mode (TCSR[28:27] is 01) and CEN (TCSR[30]) is set, the timer counter starts up counting. Once the TDR (TDR[23:0]) value reaches TCMP (TCMPR[23:0]) value, the TIF (TISR[0]) will be set to 1, TDR value will be cleared automatically by timer controller and timer counter operates counting again. In the meantime, if the IE (TCSR[29]) bit is enabled, the timer interrupt signal is generated and sent to NVIC to inform CPU also. In this mode, timer controller operates counting and compares with TCMP value periodically until the CEN bit is cleared by user.

##### 6.6.5.5 Toggle-Output mode

If timer controller is configured at toggle-output mode (TCSR[28:27] is 10) and CEN (TCSR[30]) is set, the timer counter starts up counting. The counting operation of toggle-output mode is almost the same as periodic mode, except toggle-output mode has associated TM0 ~ TM3 pin to output signal while specify TIF (TISR[0]) is set. Thus, the toggle-output signal on TM0 ~ TM3 pin is high and changing back and forth with 50% duty cycle.

### 6.6.5.6 Continuous Counting Mode

If timer controller is configured at continuous counting mode (TCSR[28:27] is 11) and CEN (TCSR[30]) is set, the timer counter starts up counting. Once the TDR (TDR[23:0]) value reaches TCMP (TCMPR[23:0]) value, the TIF (TISR[0]) will be set to 1 and TDR value keeps up counting. In the meantime, if the IE (TCSR[29]) is enabled, the timer interrupt signal is generated and sent to NVIC to inform CPU also. User can change different TCMP value immediately without disabling timer counting and restarting timer counting in this mode.

For example, TCMP value is set as 80, first. The TIF will set to 1 when TDR value is equal to 80, timer counter is kept counting and TDR value will not goes back to 0, it continues to count 81, 82, 83, ... to  $2^{24}-1$ , 0, 1, 2, 3, ... to  $2^{24}-1$  again and again. Next, if user programs TCMP value as 200 and clears TIF, the TIF will set to 1 again when TDR value reaches to 200. At last, user programs TCMP as 500 and clears TIF, the TIF will set to 1 again when TDR value reaches to 500.

In this mode, the timer counting is continuous. So, this operation mode is called as continuous counting mode.

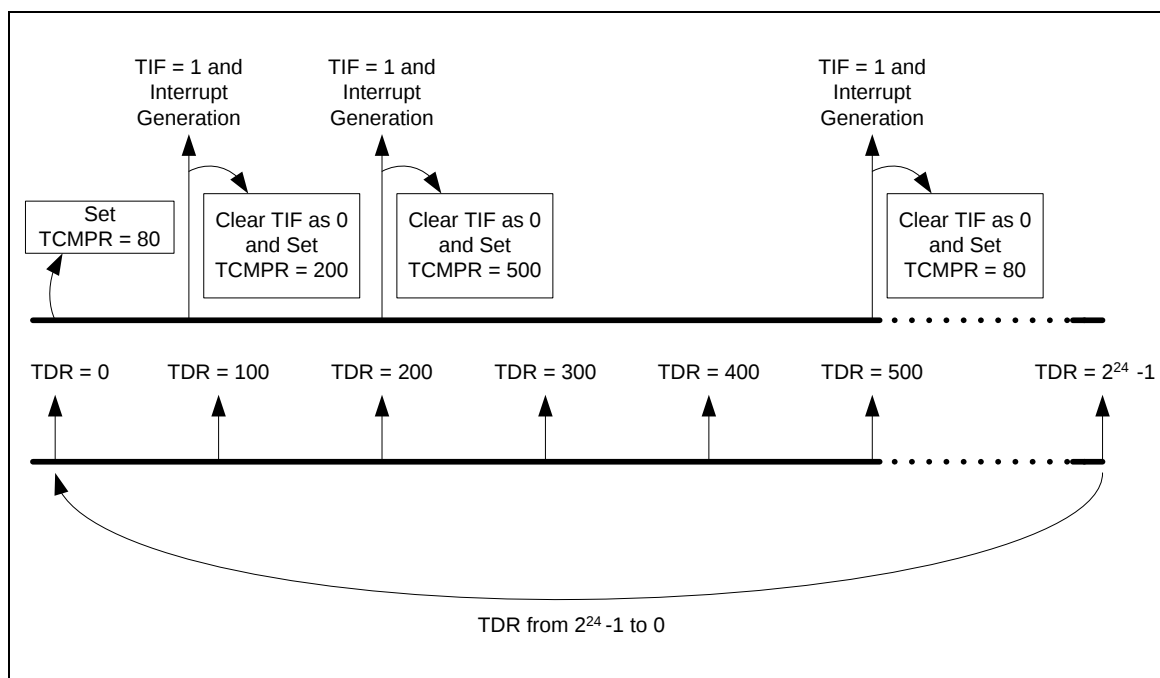


Figure 6-23 Continuous Counting Mode

### 6.6.5.7 Event Counting Function

Timer controller also provides an application which can count the input event from TMx (x= 0~3) pin and the number of event will reflect to TDR (TDR[23:0]) value. It is also called as event counting function. In this function, CTB (TCSR[24]) should be set and the timer peripheral clock source should be set as HCLK.

User can enable or disable TMx pin de-bounce circuit by setting TCDB (TEXCON[7]). The input event frequency should be less than  $1/3$  HCLK if TMx pin de-bounce disabled or less than  $1/8$  HCLK if TMx pin de-bounce enabled to assure the returned TDR value is correct, and user can also select edge detection phase of TMx pin by setting TX\_PHASE (TEXCON[0]) bit.

In event counting mode, the timer counting operation mode can be selected as one-shot, periodic and continuous counting mode to counts the counter value TDR (TDR[23:0]) for TMx pin.

#### 6.6.5.8 External Pin Capture Function

The event capture function is used to load TDR (TDR[23:0]) value to TCAP (TCAP[23:0]) value while edge transition detected on TMx (x= 0~3) pin. In this mode, RSTCAPn (TEXCON[4]) should be as 0 for select TMx transition is using to trigger event capture function and the timer peripheral clock source should be set as HCLK.

User can enable or disable TMx pin de-bounce circuit by setting TEXDB (TEXCON[6]). The transition frequency of TMx pin should be less than 1/3 HCLK if TMx pin de-bounce disabled or less than 1/8 HCLK if TMx pin de-bounce enabled to assure the capture function can be work normally, and user can also select edge transition detection of TMx pin by setting TEX\_EDGE (TEXCON[2:1]).

In event capture mode, user does not consider what timer counting operation mode is selected, the capture event occurred only if edge transition on TMx pin is detected.

Users must consider the Timer will keep register TCAP unchanged and drop the new capture value, if the CPU does not clear the TEXIF status.

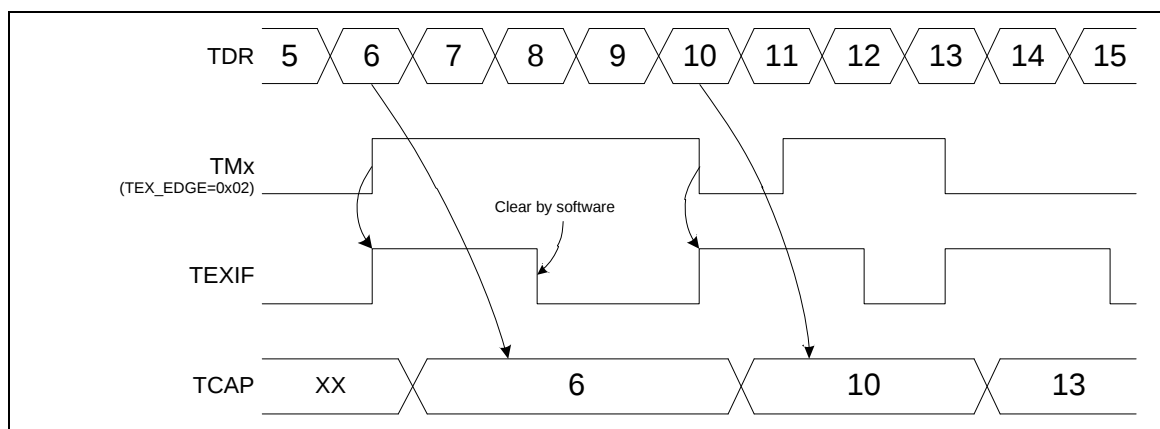


Figure 6-24 External Capture Mode

#### 6.6.5.9 External Reset Counter Mode

Timer controller also provides reset counter function to reset TDR (TDR[23:0]) value while edge transition detected on TMx (x= 0~3). In this mode, most the settings are the same as event capture mode except RSTCAPn (TEXCON[4]) should be as 1 for select TMx transition is using to trigger reset counter value.

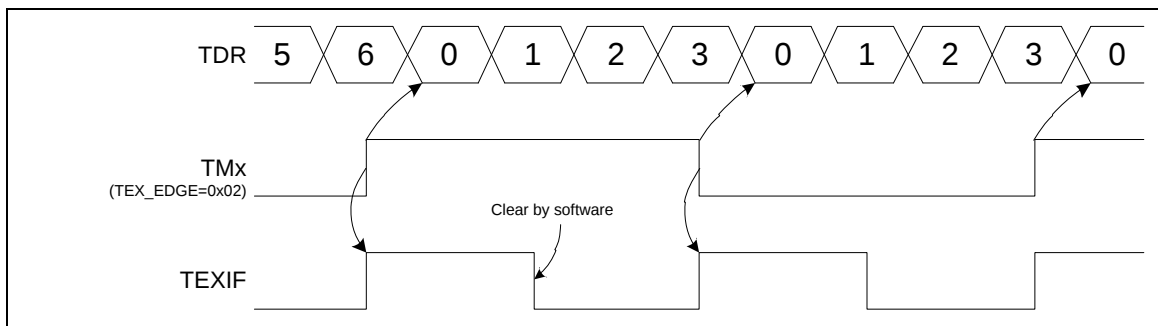


Figure 6-25 External Reset Counter Mode

### 6.6.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                              | Offset        | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| TMR Base Address:<br>TMR01_BA = 0x4001_0000<br>TMR23_BA = 0x4011_0000 |               |     |                                           |             |
| TCSR0                                                                 | TMR01_BA+0x00 | R/W | Timer0 Control and Status Register        | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCMPR0                                                                | TMR01_BA+0x04 | R/W | Timer0 Compare Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR0                                                                 | TMR01_BA+0x08 | R/W | Timer0 Interrupt Status Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR0                                                                  | TMR01_BA+0x0C | R   | Timer0 Data Register                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCAP0                                                                 | TMR01_BA+0x10 | R   | Timer0 Capture Data Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXCON0                                                               | TMR01_BA+0x14 | R/W | Timer0 External Control Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXISR0                                                               | TMR01_BA+0x18 | R/W | Timer0 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCSR1                                                                 | TMR01_BA+0x20 | R/W | Timer1 Control and Status Register        | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCMPR1                                                                | TMR01_BA+0x24 | R/W | Timer1 Compare Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR1                                                                 | TMR01_BA+0x28 | R/W | Timer1 Interrupt Status Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR1                                                                  | TMR01_BA+0x2C | R   | Timer1 Data Register                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCAP1                                                                 | TMR01_BA+0x30 | R   | Timer1 Capture Data Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXCON1                                                               | TMR01_BA+0x34 | R/W | Timer1 External Control Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXISR1                                                               | TMR01_BA+0x38 | R/W | Timer1 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCSR2                                                                 | TMR23_BA+0x00 | R/W | Timer2 Control and Status Register        | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCMPR2                                                                | TMR23_BA+0x04 | R/W | Timer2 Compare Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR2                                                                 | TMR23_BA+0x08 | R/W | Timer2 Interrupt Status Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR2                                                                  | TMR23_BA+0x0C | R   | Timer2 Data Register                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCAP2                                                                 | TMR23_BA+0x10 | R   | Timer2 Capture Data Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXCON2                                                               | TMR23_BA+0x14 | R/W | Timer2 External Control Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXISR2                                                               | TMR23_BA+0x18 | R/W | Timer2 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCSR3                                                                 | TMR23_BA+0x20 | R/W | Timer3 Control and Status Register        | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCMPR3                                                                | TMR23_BA+0x24 | R/W | Timer3 Compare Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR3                                                                 | TMR23_BA+0x28 | R/W | Timer3 Interrupt Status Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR3                                                                  | TMR23_BA+0x2C | R   | Timer3 Data Register                      | 0x0000_0000 |

|                |               |     |                                           |             |
|----------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>TCAP3</b>   | TMR23_BA+0x30 | R   | Timer3 Capture Data Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>TEXCON3</b> | TMR23_BA+0x34 | R/W | Timer3 External Control Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>TEXISR3</b> | TMR23_BA+0x38 | R/W | Timer3 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.6.7 Register Description

#### Timer Control and Status Register (TCSR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| TCSR0    | TMR01_BA+0x00 | R/W | Timer0 Control and Status Register | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCSR1    | TMR01_BA+0x20 | R/W | Timer1 Control and Status Register | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCSR2    | TMR23_BA+0x00 | R/W | Timer2 Control and Status Register | 0x0000_0005 |
| TCSR3    | TMR23_BA+0x20 | R/W | Timer3 Control and Status Register | 0x0000_0005 |

| 31         | 30  | 29 | 28   | 27 | 26   | 25   | 24     |
|------------|-----|----|------|----|------|------|--------|
| DBGACK_TMR | CEN | IE | MODE |    | CRST | CACT | CTB    |
| 23         | 22  | 21 | 20   | 19 | 18   | 17   | 16     |
| Reserved   |     |    |      |    |      |      | TDR_EN |
| 15         | 14  | 13 | 12   | 11 | 10   | 9    | 8      |
| Reserved   |     |    |      |    |      |      |        |
| 7          | 6   | 5  | 4    | 3  | 2    | 1    | 0      |
| PRESCALE   |     |    |      |    |      |      |        |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31] | DBGACK_TMR  | <b>ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = ICE debug mode acknowledgement effects TIMER counting.<br>TIMER counter will be held while CPU is held by ICE.<br>1 = ICE debug mode acknowledgement Disabled.<br>TIMER counter will keep going no matter CPU is held by ICE or not.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |
| [30] | CEN         | <b>Timer Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Stops/Suspends counting.<br>1 = Starts counting.<br><b>Note1:</b> In stop status, and then set CEN to 1 will enable the 24-bit up counter to keep counting from the last stop counting value.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is auto-cleared by hardware in one-shot mode (TCSR[28:27] = 00) when the timer interrupt flag TIF (TISR[0]) is generated.    |
| [29] | IE          | <b>Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Timer Interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Timer Interrupt Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> If this bit is enabled, when the timer interrupt flag TIF is set to 1, the timer interrupt signal is generated and inform to CPU.                                                                                                                                      |

|         |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [28:27] | MODE     | <b>Timer Counting Mode Select</b><br>00 = The Timer controller is operated in One-shot mode.<br>01 = The Timer controller is operated in Periodic mode.<br>10 = The Timer controller is operated in Toggle-output mode.<br>11 = The Timer controller is operated in Continuous Counting mode.            |
| [26]    | CRST     | <b>Timer Counter Reset Bit</b><br>Setting this bit will reset the 24-bit up counter value TDR and also force CEN (TCSR[30]) to 0 if CACT (TCSR[25]) is 1.<br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = Reset internal 8-bit prescale counter, 24-bit up counter value and CEN bit.                                           |
| [25]    | CACT     | <b>Timer Active Status Bit (Read Only)</b><br>This bit indicates the up-timer status.<br>0 = Timer is not active.<br>1 = Timer is active.                                                                                                                                                                |
| [24]    | CTB      | <b>Counter Mode Enable Bit</b><br>This bit is for external counting pin function enabled.<br>0 = Event counter mode Disabled.<br>1 = Event counter mode Enabled.                                                                                                                                         |
| [23:17] | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [16]    | TDR_EN   | <b>Data Load Enable Bit</b><br>When this bit is set, timer counter value (TDR) will be updated continuously to monitor internal 24-bit up counter value as the counter is counting.<br>0 = Timer Data Register update Disabled.<br>1 = Timer Data Register update Enabled while timer counter is active. |
| [15:8]  | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [7:0]   | PRESCALE | <b>Prescale Counter</b><br>Timer input clock source is divided by (PRESCALE+1) before it is fed to the timer up counter. If this field is 0 (PRESCALE = 0), then there is no scaling.                                                                                                                    |

### Timer Compare Register (TCMPR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description             | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|
| TCMPR0   | TMR01_BA+0x04 | R/W | Timer0 Compare Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCMPR1   | TMR01_BA+0x24 | R/W | Timer1 Compare Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCMPR2   | TMR23_BA+0x04 | R/W | Timer2 Compare Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCMPR3   | TMR23_BA+0x24 | R/W | Timer3 Compare Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| TCMP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| TCMP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| TCMP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [23:0]  | <p><b>Timer Compared Value</b></p> <p>TCMP is a 24-bit compared value register. When the internal 24-bit up counter value is equal to TCMP value, the TIF (TISR[0] Timer Interrupt Flag) will set to 1.</p> <p>Time-out period = (Period of timer clock input) * (8-bit PRESCALE+ 1) * (24-bit TCMP).</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> Never write 0x0 or 0x1 in TCMP field, or the core will run into unknown state.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> When timer is operating at continuous counting mode, the 24-bit up counter will keep counting continuously even if user writes a new value into TCMP field. But if timer is operating at other modes, the 24-bit up counter will restart counting from 0 and using newest TCMP value to be the timer compared value while user writes a new value into TCMP field.</p> |

### Timer Interrupt Status Register (TISR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| TISR0    | TMR01_BA+0x08 | R/W | Timer0 Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR1    | TMR01_BA+0x28 | R/W | Timer1 Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR2    | TMR23_BA+0x08 | R/W | Timer2 Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TISR3    | TMR23_BA+0x28 | R/W | Timer3 Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | TIF |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [0]    | <p><b>Timer Interrupt Flag</b></p> <p>This bit indicates the interrupt flag status of Timer while 24-bit timer up counter TDR value reaches to TCMP (TCMPR[23:0]) value.</p> <p>0 = No effect.</p> <p>1 = TDR value matches the TCMP value.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> |

### Timer Data Register (TDR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| TDR0     | TMR01_BA+0x0C | R   | Timer0 Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR1     | TMR01_BA+0x2C | R   | Timer1 Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR2     | TMR23_BA+0x0C | R   | Timer2 Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TDR3     | TMR23_BA+0x2C | R   | Timer3 Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| TDR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| TDR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| TDR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [23:0]  | TDR         | <b>Timer Data Register</b><br>This field can be reflected the internal 24-bit timer counter value or external event input counter value from TMx (x=0~3) pin.<br>If CTB (TCSR[24] ) is 0, user can read TDR value for getting current 24- bit counter value .<br>If CTB (TCSR[24] ) is 1, user can read TDR value for getting current 24- bit event input counter value. |

### Timer Capture Data Register (TCAP)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| TCAP0    | TMR01_BA+0x10 | R   | Timer0 Capture Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCAP1    | TMR01_BA+0x30 | R   | Timer1 Capture Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCAP2    | TMR23_BA+0x10 | R   | Timer2 Capture Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TCAP3    | TMR23_BA+0x30 | R   | Timer3 Capture Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| TCAP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| TCAP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| TCAP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [23:0]  | TCAP        | <b>Timer Capture Data Register</b><br>When TEXEN (TEXCON[3]) bit is set, RSTCAPn (TEXCON[4]) bit is 0, and a transition on TMx (x=0~3) pin matched the TEX_EDGE (TEXCON[2:1]) setting, TEXIF (TEXISR[0]) will set to 1 and the current timer counter value TDR will be auto-loaded into this TCAP field. |

### Timer External Control Register (TEXCON)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| TEXCON0  | TMR01_BA+0x14 | R/W | Timer0 External Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXCON1  | TMR01_BA+0x34 | R/W | Timer1 External Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXCON2  | TMR23_BA+0x14 | R/W | Timer2 External Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXCON3  | TMR23_BA+0x34 | R/W | Timer3 External Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |       |        |           |       |          |    |          |
|----------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|----------|----|----------|
| 31       | 30    | 29     | 28        | 27    | 26       | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |       |        |           |       |          |    |          |
| 23       | 22    | 21     | 20        | 19    | 18       | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |       |        |           |       |          |    |          |
| 15       | 14    | 13     | 12        | 11    | 10       | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |       |        |           |       |          |    |          |
| 7        | 6     | 5      | 4         | 3     | 2        | 1  | 0        |
| TCDB     | TEXDB | TEXIEN | RSTCAPSEL | TEXEN | TEX_EDGE |    | TX_PHASE |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [7]    | <b>TCDB</b><br><b>Timer Counter Pin De-bounce Enable Bit</b><br>0 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin de-bounce Disabled.<br>1 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin de-bounce Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> If this bit is enabled, the edge detection of TMx pin is detected with de-bounce circuit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [6]    | <b>TEXDB</b><br><b>Timer External Capture Pin De-bounce Enable Bit</b><br>0 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin de-bounce Disabled.<br>1 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin de-bounce Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> If this bit is enabled, the edge detection of TMx pin is detected with de-bounce circuit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [5]    | <b>TEXIEN</b><br><b>Timer External Capture Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin detection Interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin detection Interrupt Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> TEXIEN is used to enable timer external interrupt. If TEXIEN enabled, timer will rise an interrupt when TEXIF (TEXISR[0]) is 1.<br>For example, while TEXIEN = 1, TEXEN = 1, and TEX_EDGE = 00, a 1 to 0 transition on the TMx pin will cause the TEXIF to be set then the interrupt signal is generated and sent to NVIC to inform CPU. |
| [4]    | <b>RSTCAPSEL</b><br><b>Capture Function Selection</b><br>0 = External Capture Mode Enabled.<br>1 = External Reset Mode Enabled.<br><b>Note1:</b> When RSTCAPn is 0, transition on TMx (x= 0~3) pin is using to save the 24-bit timer counter value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

|       |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|       |                 | <b>Note2:</b> When RSTCAPn is 1, transition on TMx (x= 0~3) pin is using to reset the 24-bit timer counter value.                                                                                                                                                    |
| [3]   | <b>TEXEN</b>    | <b>Timer External Capture Pin Enable Bit</b><br>This bit enables the TMx pin.<br>0 =TMx (x= 0~3) pin Disabled.<br>1 =TMx (x= 0~3) pin Enabled.                                                                                                                       |
| [2:1] | <b>TEX_EDGE</b> | <b>Timer External Capture Pin Edge Detect</b><br>00 = A Falling edge on TMx (x= 0~3) pin will be detected.<br>01 = A Rising edge on TMx (x= 0~3) pin will be detected.<br>10 = Either Rising or Falling edge on TMx (x= 0~3) pin will be detected.<br>11 = Reserved. |
| [0]   | <b>TX_PHASE</b> | <b>Timer External Count Phase</b><br>This bit indicates the detection phase of external counting pin TMx (x= 0~3).<br>0 = A Falling edge of external counting pin will be counted.<br>1 = A Rising edge of external counting pin will be counted.                    |

### Timer External Interrupt Status Register (TEXISR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| TEXISR0  | TMR01_BA+0x18 | R/W | Timer0 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXISR1  | TMR01_BA+0x38 | R/W | Timer1 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXISR2  | TMR23_BA+0x18 | R/W | Timer2 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| TEXISR3  | TMR23_BA+0x38 | R/W | Timer3 External Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | TEXIF |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [0]    | <p><b>Timer External Capture Interrupt Flag</b></p> <p>This bit indicates the timer external capture interrupt flag status.</p> <p>0 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin interrupt did not occur.</p> <p>1 = TMx (x= 0~3) pin interrupt occurred.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> When TEXEN (TEXCON[3]) bit is set, RSTCAPn (TEXCON[4]) bit is 0, and a transition on TMx (x= 0~3) pin matched the TEX_EDGE (TEXCON[2:1]) setting, this bit will set to 1 by hardware.</p> <p><b>Note3:</b> There is a new incoming capture event detected before CPU clearing the TEXIF status. If the above condition occurred, the Timer will keep register TCAP unchanged and drop the new capture value.</p> |

## 6.7 Basic PWM Generator and Capture Timer (BPWM)

### 6.7.1 Overview

The NuMicro® M0519 series has 1 set of BPWM group (BPWM0), supporting 1 set of BPWM generators that can be configured as 2 independent BPWM outputs, BPWM0\_CH0 and BPWM0\_CH1, or as 1 complementary BPWM pairs, (BPWM0\_CH0, BPWM0\_CH1) with programmable dead-zone generator.

The BPWM generator has one 8-bit prescaler, one clock divider with 5 divided frequencies (1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16), two BPWM Timers including two clock selectors, two 16-bit BPWM down-counters for BPWM period control, two 16-bit comparators for BPWM duty control and one dead-zone generator. The BPWM generator provides two independent BPWM interrupt flags which are set by hardware when the corresponding BPWM period down counter reaches zero.

Each BPWM interrupt source with its corresponding enable bit can cause CPU to request BPWM interrupt. The BPWM generators can be configured as one-shot mode to produce only one BPWM cycle signal or auto-reload mode to output BPWM waveform continuously. BPWM can be used to trigger EADC when operation in center-aligned mode.

### 6.7.2 Features

#### 6.7.2.1 BPWM Function:

- Up to 1 BPWM group to support 2 BPWM channels or 1 BPWM paired channels.
- Supports 8-bit prescaler from 1 to 255
- Up to 16-bit resolution BPWM timer
- PWM timer supports edge-aligned and center-aligned operation type
- One-shot or Auto-reload mode BPWM
- PWM Interrupt request synchronized with BPWM period or duty
- Supports dead-zone generator with 8-bit resolution for BPWM paired channels
- Supports trigger EADC

#### 6.7.2.2 Capture Function:

- Supports 2 Capture input channels shared with 2 BPWM output channels
- Supports rising or falling capture condition
- Supports rising or falling capture interrupt

### 6.7.3 Block Diagram

The Figure 6-26 and Figure 6-27 illustrate the architecture of BPWM in pair.

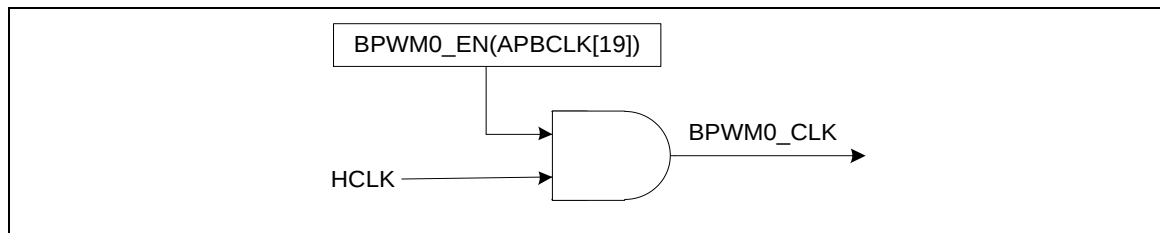


Figure 6-26 BPWM Clock Source Control

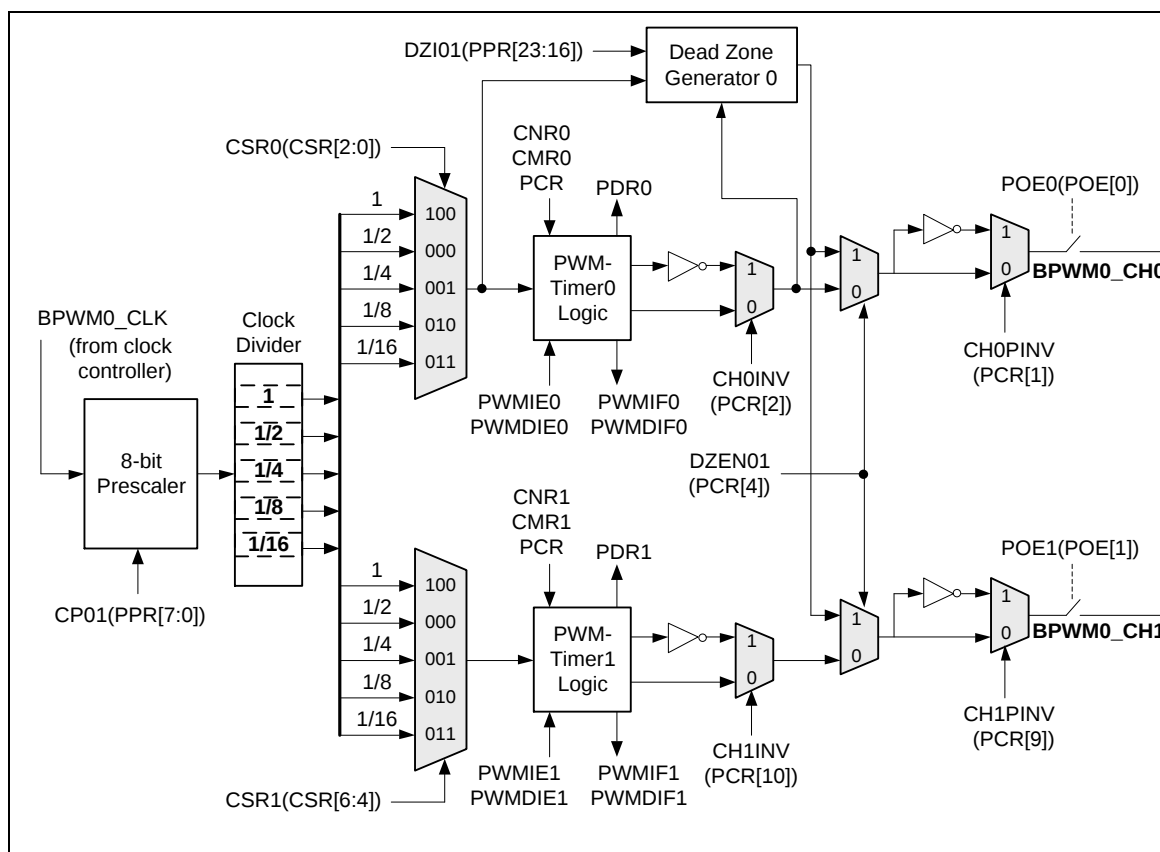


Figure 6-27 BPWM Architecture Diagram

### 6.7.4 Basic Configuration

The BPWM pin functions are configured in P5\_MFP[7:6] Multiple Function Registers.

The peripheral clock source of BPWM can be enabled in BPWM0\_EN (APBCLK[19]).

The driving mode of BPWM ports are configured in PWMPOEN[4] PWM port output enable register.

### 6.7.5 Function Description

BPWM controller supports 2 operation modes: Edge-aligned and Center-aligned mode.

#### 6.7.5.1 Edge-aligned BPWM (down-counter)

In Edge-aligned BPWM output mode, the 16 bits BPWM counter will start down-counting from period value (CNRn register) to zero to finish a BPWM period, then restart down-counting from period value to zero again if auto-reload mode is enabled (CHnMOD bit is 1 in PCR register). The value of BPWM counter will be compared with comparator value (CMRn register) to control output level of BPWM generator. The BPWM generator will output low when the value of BPWM counter is larger than comparator value and output high when the value of BPWM counter is equal or smaller than comparator value.

The BPWM period interrupt (BPWMIFn (PIIR[1:0])) will be triggered by setting BPWMPPIEn (PIER[1:0]) to 1, and BPWM duty interrupt (BPWMDIFn (PIIR[9:8])) will be triggered by setting BPWMDIEn (PIER[9:8]) to 1.

The BPWM period and duty control are configured by BPWM down-counter register (CNR) and BPWM comparator register (CMR). The new period and comparator value will take effect at the start of next period. The BPWM-timer timing operation is shown in Figure 6-29. The pulse width modulation follows the formula below and the legend of BPWM-Timer Comparator is shown as Figure 6-28. Note that the corresponding GPIO pins must be configured as BPWM function (enable POE and disable CAPENR) for the corresponding BPWM channel.

- BPWM frequency =  $\text{BPWM0\_CLK} / [(\text{prescale} + 1) * (\text{clock divider}) * (\text{CNR} + 1)]$ .
- Duty ratio =  $(\text{CMR} + 1) / (\text{CNR} + 1)$
- $\text{CMR} \geq \text{CNR}$ : BPWM output is always high
- $\text{CMR} < \text{CNR}$ : BPWM low width =  $(\text{CNR} - \text{CMR})$  unit<sup>[1]</sup>; BPWM high width =  $(\text{CMR} + 1)$  unit
- $\text{CMR} = 0$ : BPWM low width =  $(\text{CNR})$  unit; BPWM high width = 1 unit

**Note:** [1] Unit = one BPWM clock cycle.

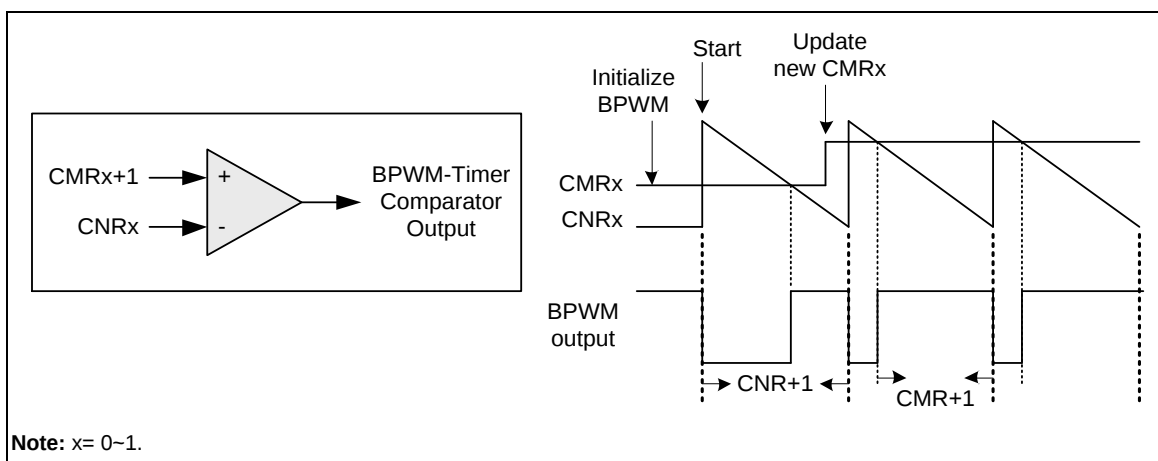


Figure 6-28 Legend of Internal Comparator Output of BPWM-Timer

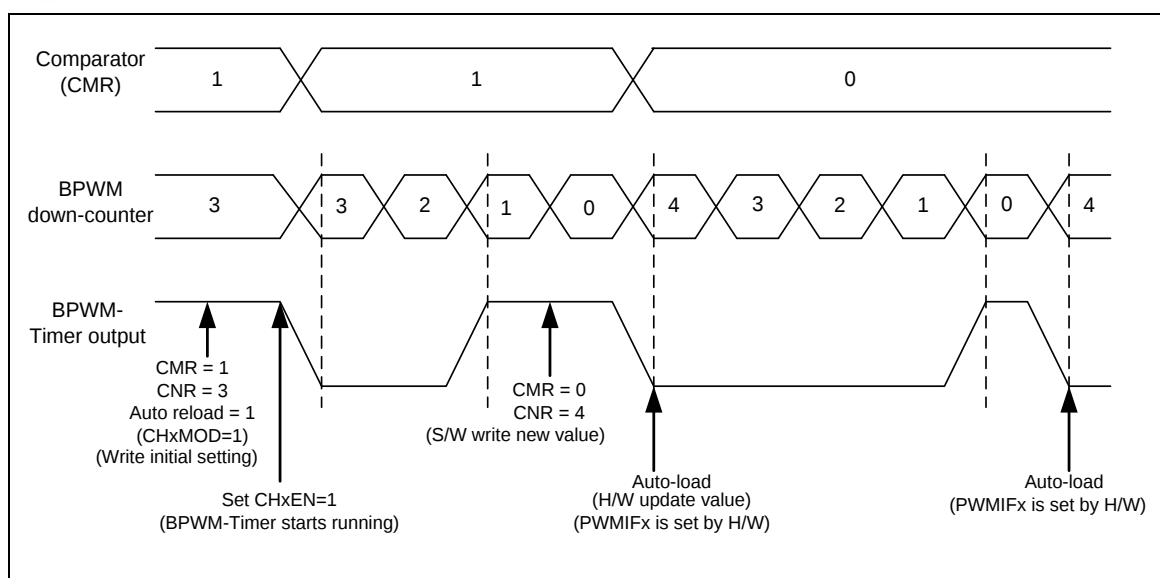


Figure 6-29 BPWM-Timer Operation Timing

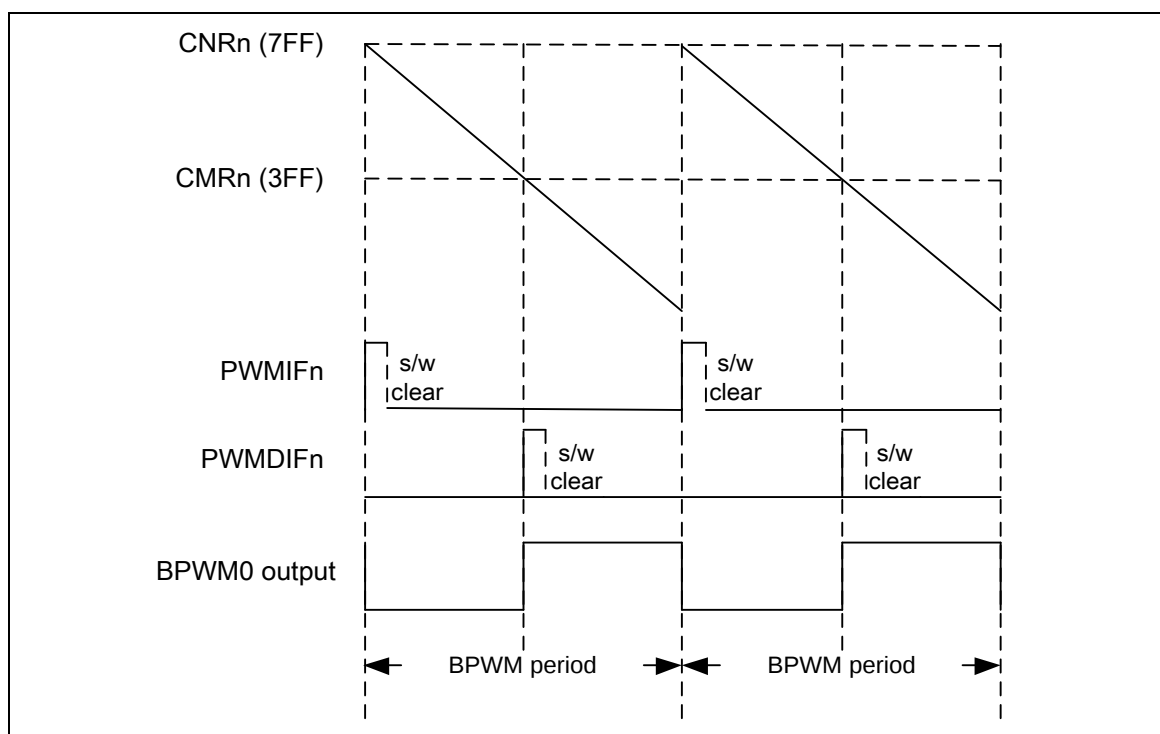


Figure 6-30 BPWM Edge-aligned Interrupt Generate Timing Waveform

#### 6.7.5.2 Center-aligned BPWM (up/down-counter)

The Center-aligned BPWM signals are produced by the module when the BPWM time base is configured in an Up/Down Counting mode. The BPWM counter will start counting-up from zero to the value of CNRn register and then start counting down to zero to finish a BPWM period, then restart next BPWM period again if auto-reload mode is enabled (CHnMOD bit is 1 in PCR register). The value of BPWM counter will be compared with comparator value (CMRn register) to

control output level of BPWM generator. The BPWM generator will output low when the value of BPWM counter is larger than comparator value and output high when the value of BPWM counter is equal or smaller than comparator value. Once the BPWM counter underflows the new period and comparator value will take effect when BPWM timer is operating at auto-reload mode.

In Center-aligned type, the BPWM period interrupt is requested at down-counter underflow if INTTYPE (PIER[16]) = 0, i.e. at start (end) of each BPWM cycle or at up-counter matching with CNRn if INTTYPE (PIER[16]) = 1, i.e. at center point of BPWM cycle.

- BPWM frequency =  $\text{BPWM0\_CLK} / [(\text{prescale} + 1) * (\text{clock divider}) * (\text{CNR} + 1)]$ .
- Duty ratio =  $[(2 \times \text{CMR}) + 1] / [2 \times (\text{CNR} + 1)]$
- $\text{CMR} > \text{CNR}$ : BPWM output is always high
- $\text{CMR} \leq \text{CNR}$ : BPWM low width =  $2 \times (\text{CNR} - \text{CMR}) + 1$  unit<sup>[1]</sup>; BPWM high width =  $(2 \times \text{CMR}) + 1$  unit
- $\text{CMR} = 0$ : BPWM low width =  $2 \times \text{CNR} + 1$  unit; BPWM high width = 1 unit

**Note:** [1] Unit = one BPWM clock cycle.

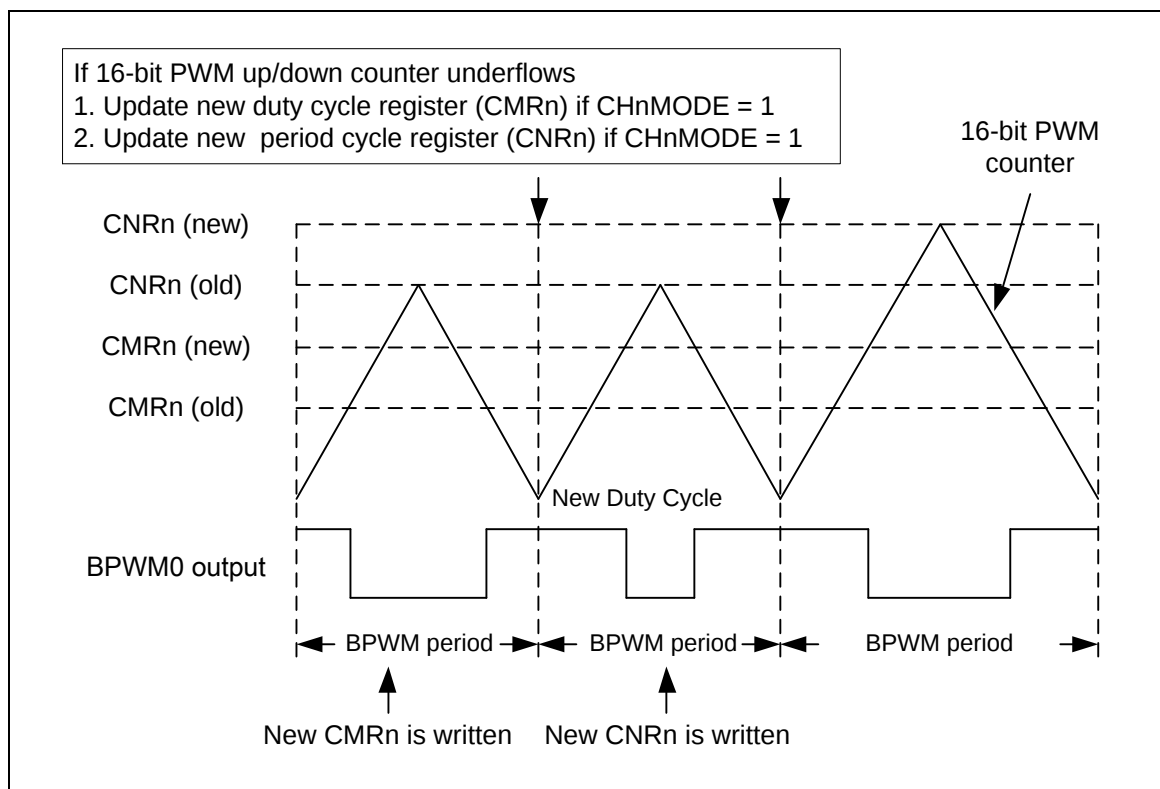


Figure 6-31 Center-aligned Type Output Waveform

In Center-aligned type, system can generate period interrupt, at two specified timings. BPWM period interrupt is generated at counter equals zero on down-count if INTTYPE (PIER[16]) = 0 or at counter equals CNRn on up-count if INTTYPE (PIER[16]) = 1, i.e. at center point of BPWM cycle.

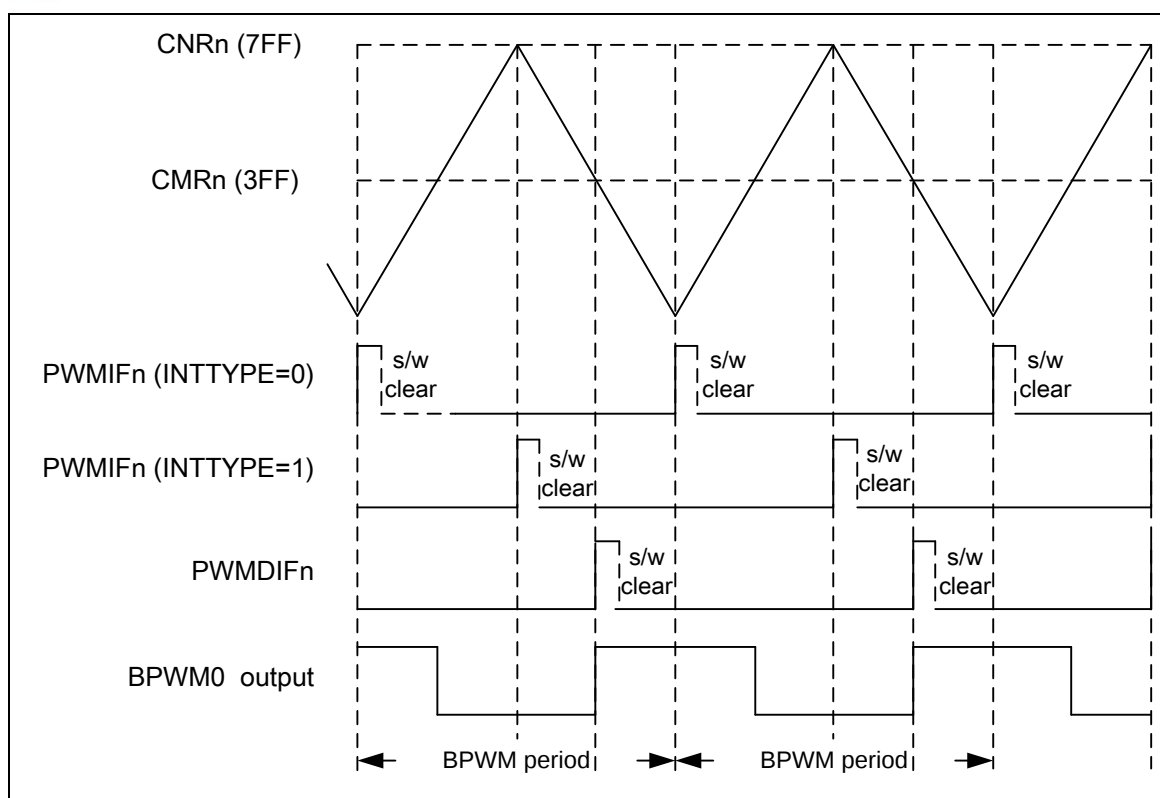


Figure 6-32 BPWM Center-aligned Interrupt Generate Timing Waveform

#### 6.7.5.3 BPWM Double Buffering, Auto-reload and One-shot Operation

To prevent BPWM driving output pin with unsteady waveform, the 16-bit period down counter and 16-bit comparator are implemented with double buffer. When user writes data to counter/comparator buffer registers, the reload value is updated at the start of next period without affecting current timer operation and avoids glitch at BPWM outputs. The BPWM counter value can be written into CNRn and the current BPWM counter value can be read from PDRn.

BPWM0\_CH0 will operate in One-shot mode if CH0MOD bit is set to 0, and operate in Auto-reload mode if CH0MOD bit is set to 1. It is recommend that switch BPWM0\_CH0 operating mode before set CH0EN bit to 1 to enable BPWM0\_CH0 counter start running because the content of CNR0 and CMR0 will be cleared to 0 to reset the BPWM0\_CH0 period and duty setting when BPWM0\_CH0 operating mode is changed. As BPWM0\_CH0 operate in One-shot mode, CNR0 and CMR0 should be written first and then set CH0EN bit to 1 to enable BPWM0\_CH0 counter start running. After BPWM0\_CH0 counter down count from CNR0 value to 0, CNR0 and CMR0 will be cleared to 0 by hardware and BPWM counter will be held. Software need to write new CNR0 and CMR0 value to set next one-shot period and duty. When re-start next one-shot operation, the CMR0 should be written first, because BPWM0\_CH0 counter will auto re-start counting when CNR0 is written a non-zero value. As BPWM0\_CH0 operates at auto-reload mode, CNR0 and CMR0 should be written first and then set CH0EN bit to 1 to enable BPWM0\_CH0 counter start running. The value of CNR0 will reload to BPWM0\_CH0 counter when it down count reaches 0. If CNR0 is set to 0, BPWM0\_CH0 counter will be held. BPWM0\_CH1 performs the same function as BPWM0\_CH0.

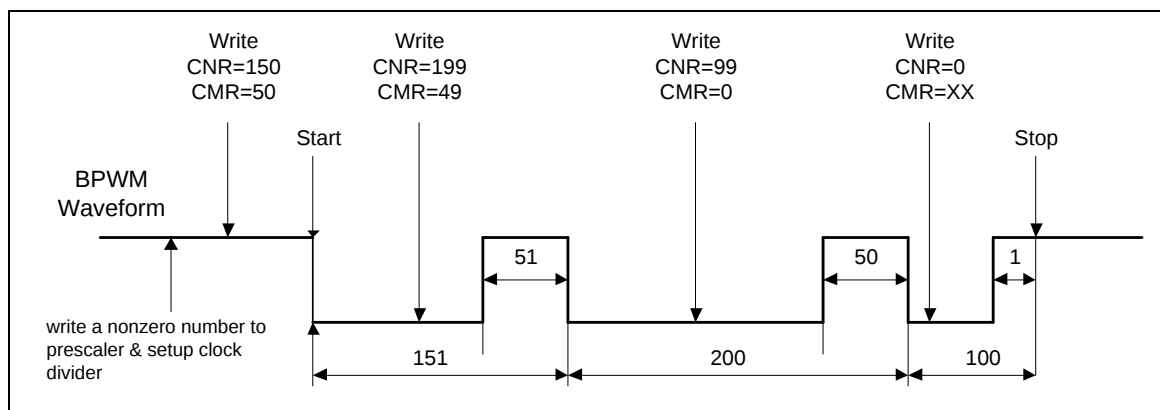


Figure 6-33 BPWM Double Buffering Illustration

#### 6.7.5.4 Modulate Duty Ratio

The double buffering function allows CMRn written at any point in current cycle. The loaded value will take effect from next cycle.

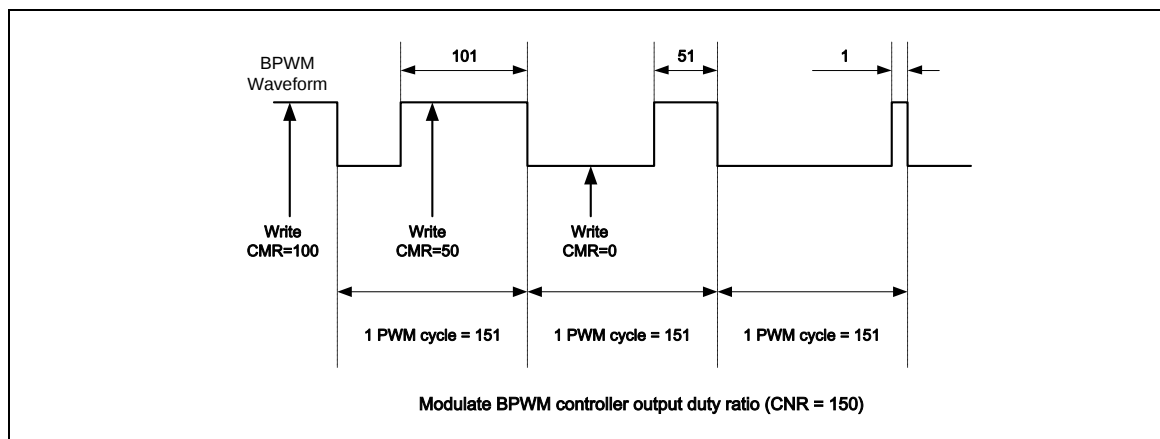


Figure 6-34 BPWM Controller Output Duty Ratio

#### 6.7.5.5 Dead-Zone Generator

The dead-zone generator inserts an “off” period called “dead-zone” between the turnings off of one pin to the turning on of the complementary pin of the paired pins. This is to prevent damage to the power switching devices that will be connected to the BPWM output pins. The complementary output pair mode has an 8-bit down counter DZI01 (PPR[23:16]) used to produce the dead-zone insertion. The complementary outputs are delayed until the timer counts down to zero.

The dead-zone can be calculated from the following formula:

$$\text{Dead-Zone} = \text{BPWM0\_CLK} * (\text{DZI01 (PPR[23:16])} + 1).$$

The timing diagram Figure 6-35 indicates the dead-zone insertion for pair of BPWM signals

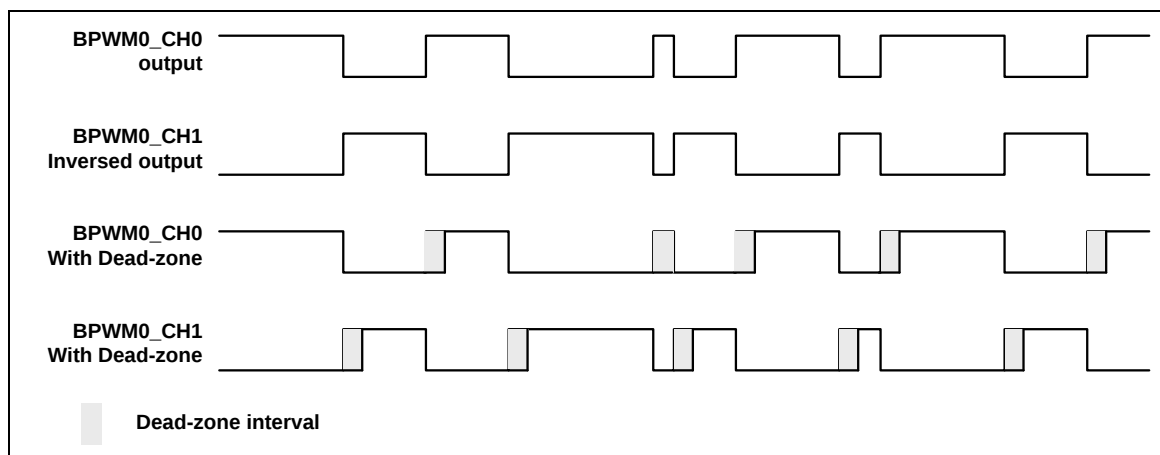


Figure 6-35 Paired-BPWM Output with Dead-zone Generation Operation

In Power inverter applications, a dead-zone insertion avoids the upper and lower switches of the half bridge from being active at the same time. Hence the dead-zone control is crucial to proper operation of a system. Some amount of time must be provided between turning off of one BPWM output in a complementary pair and turning on the other transistor as the power output devices cannot switch instantaneously.

#### 6.7.5.6 Polarity Control

BPWM0\_CH0 and BPWM0\_CH1 have independent polarity control to configure the polarity of active state of BPWM output. By default, the BPWM output is active high.

Figure 6-36 shows the initial state before BPWM starts with different polarity settings.

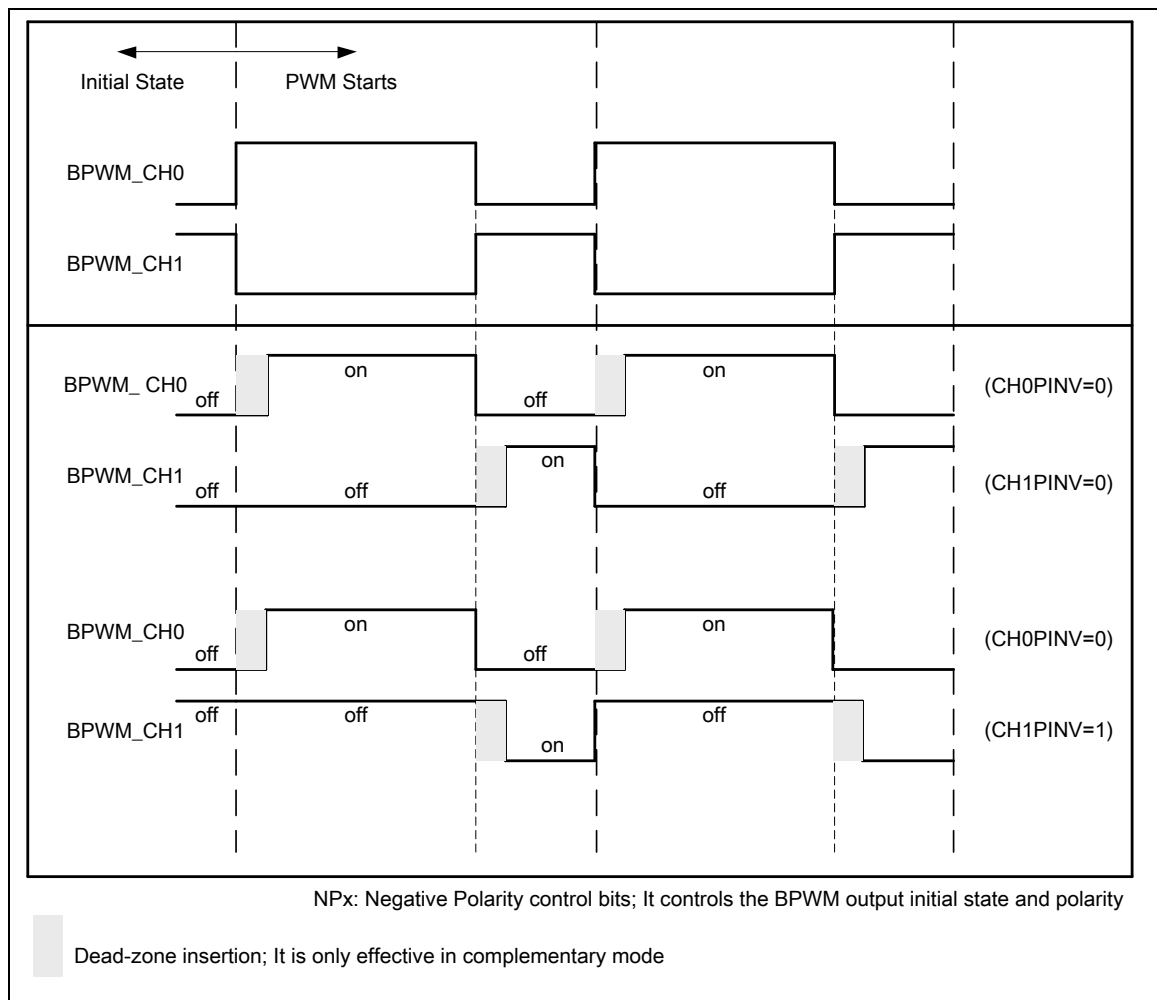


Figure 6-36 Initial State and Polarity Control with Rising Edge Dead-zone Insertion

#### 6.7.5.7 BPWM Trigger EADC Function

BPWM can trigger EADC to start conversion when BPWM counter output has rising edge or, falling edge or count to period of edge-aligned, center-aligned mode or center of center-aligned mode.

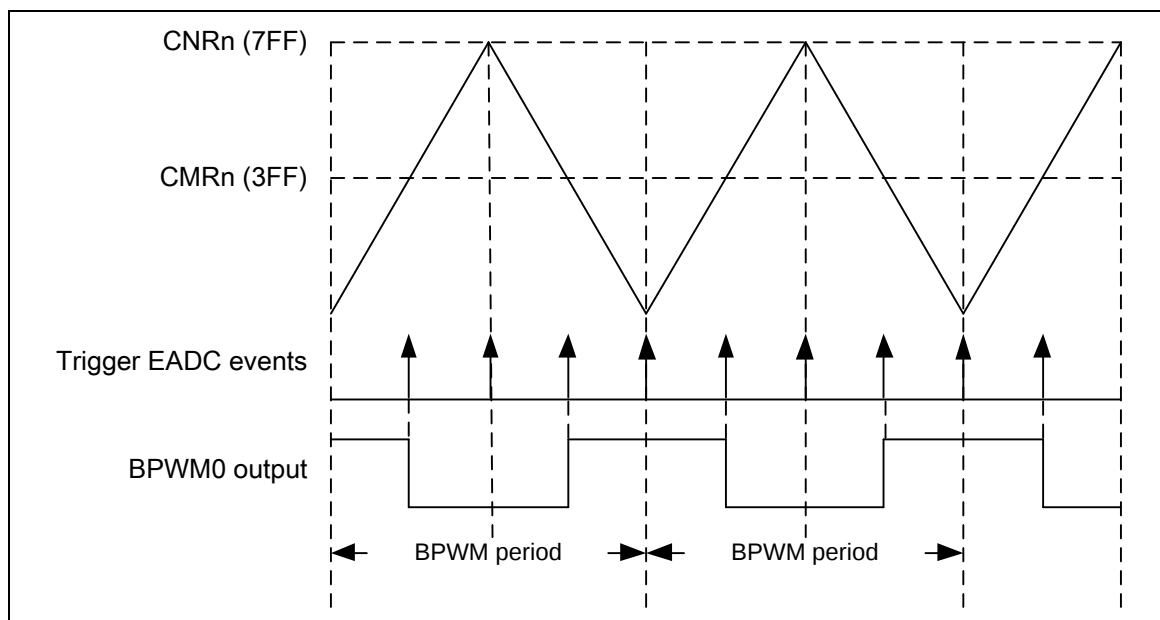


Figure 6-37 BPWM Trigger EADC Timing Diagram

#### 6.7.5.8 Capture Operation

The alternate feature of the BPWM-timer is digital input Capture function. The Capture input channel 0 and output channel 0 share one timer and pin (BPWM0\_CH0); and the Capture input channel 1 and output channel 1 share another timer and pin (BPWM0\_CH1). Therefore, BPWM function and Capture function in the same channel cannot be used at the same time. User must setup the BPWM-timer before enable Capture feature. After capture feature is enabled, the capture always latches BPWM-counter to Capture Rising Latch Register CRLRn when input channel has a rising transition and latches BPWM-counter to Capture Falling Latch Register CFLRn when input channel has a falling transition. Capture channel 0 interrupt is programmable by setting CRL\_IE0 (CCR[1]) (Rising latch Interrupt enable) and CFL\_IE0 (CCR[2]) (Falling latch Interrupt enable) to decide the condition of interrupt occur. Capture channel 1 has the same feature by setting CCR[17] and CCR[18], and etc. Whenever the Capture controller issues a capture interrupt, the corresponding BPWM counter will be reloaded with CNRn at this moment. Note that the corresponding GPIO pins must be configured as capture function (POE disabled and CAPENR enabled) for the corresponding capture channel.

The maximum captured frequency that BPWM can capture is confined by the capture interrupt latency. When capture interrupt occurred, software will perform at least three steps including: Read PIIR to get interrupt source and Read CRLRn/CFLRn (n=0, 1) to get capture value and finally write 1 to clear PIIR to zero. If interrupt latency takes time  $T_0$  to finish, the capture signal must not transition during this interval ( $T_0$ ). In this case, the maximum capture frequency will be  $1/T_0$ .

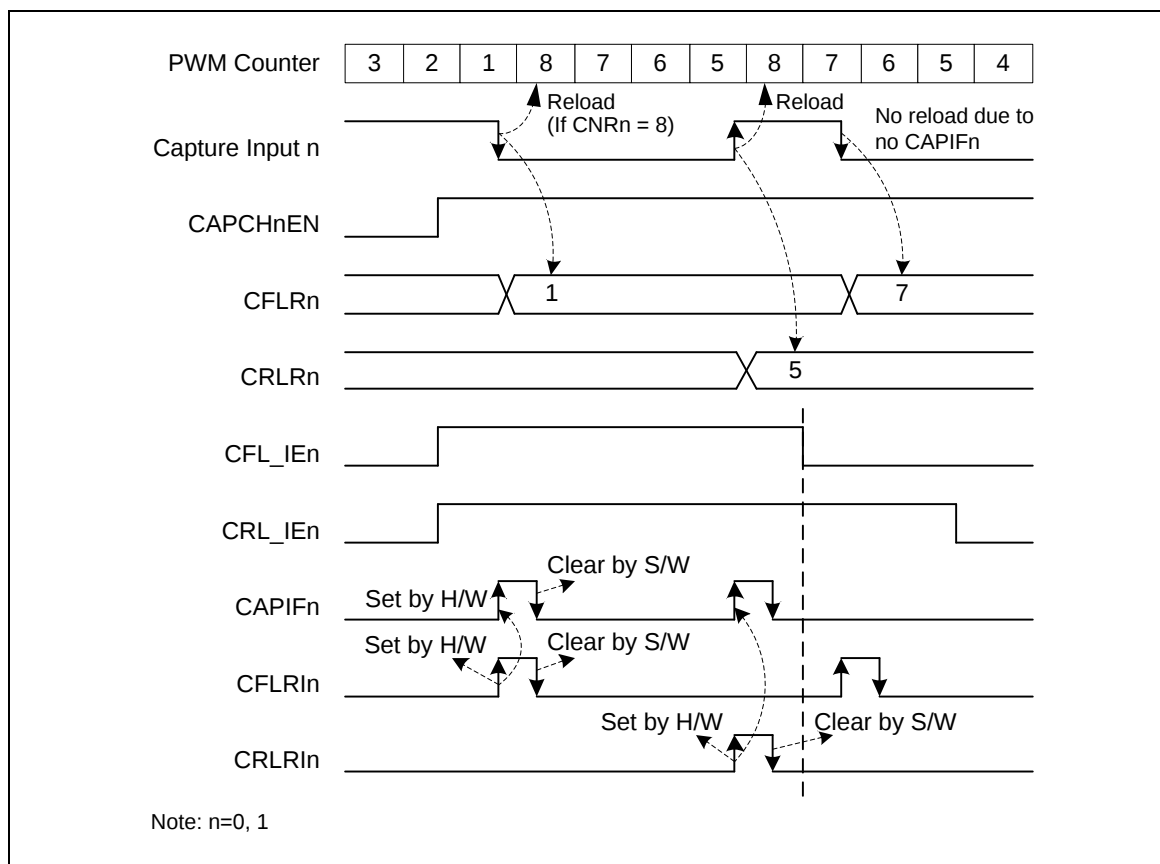


Figure 6-38 Capture Operation Timing

In this case, the CNR is 8:

1. The BPWM counter will be reloaded with CNRn when a capture interrupt flag (CAPIFn) is set.
2. The channel low pulse width is  $(CNR + 1 - CRLR)$ .
3. The channel high pulse width is  $(CNR + 1 - CFLR)$ .

#### 6.7.5.9 BPWM-Timer Interrupt Architecture

There are two BPWM interrupts, BPCH0\_INT and BPCH1\_INT. BPWM output function 0 and capture input function 0 share one interrupt; BPWM output function 1 and capture input function 1 share the same interrupt. Therefore, BPWM function and Capture function in the same channel cannot be used at the same time. Figure 6-39 demonstrates the architecture of BPWM Timer interrupts.

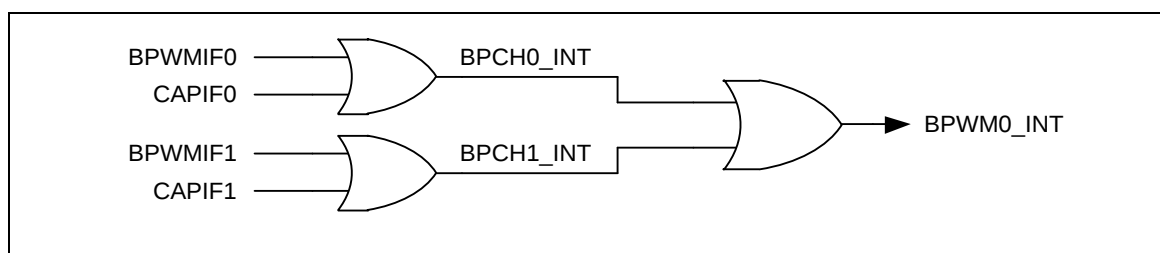


Figure 6-39 BPWM Interrupt Architecture Diagram

#### 6.7.5.10 BPWM-Timer Start Procedure

The following procedure is recommended for starting a BPWM drive.

1. Set clock source divider select register (CSR)
2. Set prescaler register (PPR)
3. Set inverter on/off, dead-zone generator on/off, auto-reload/one-shot mode and Stop BPWM-timer from BPWM control register (PCR)
4. Set comparator register (CMR) for setting BPWM duty.
5. Set BPWM down-counter register (CNR) for setting BPWM period.
6. Set interrupt enable register (PIER) (optional)
7. Set the corresponding GPIO pins as BPWM function (set HZ\_BPWM (PWMPOEN[4]) = 0, enable POE and disable CAPENR) for the corresponding BPWM channel.
8. Enable BPWM timer start running (Set CHnEN = 1 in PCR)

#### 6.7.5.11 BPWM-Timer Re-Start Procedure in Single-shot mode

After BPWM waveform is generated once in BPWM One-shot mode, BPWM-Timer will be stopped automatically. The following procedure is recommended for re-starting BPWM single-shot waveform.

- Set comparator register (CMR) for setting BPWM duty.
- Set BPWM down-counter register (CNR) for setting BPWM period. After setting CNR, BPWM wave will be generated.

#### 6.7.5.12 BPWM-Timer Stop Procedure

##### Method 1:

Set 16-bit counter (CNR) as 0, and monitor PDR (current value of 16-bit down-counter). When PDR reaches to 0, disable BPWM-Timer (CHnEN in PCR). **(Recommended)**

##### Method 2:

Set 16-bit counter (CNR) as 0. When interrupt request happened, disable BPWM-Timer (CHnEN in PCR). **(Recommended)**

##### Method 3:

Disable BPWM-Timer directly ((CHnEN in PCR). **(Not recommended)**

The reason why method 3 is not recommended is that disable CHnEN will immediately stop BPWM output signal and lead to change the duty of the BPWM output, this may cause damage to the control circuit of motor

#### 6.7.5.13 Capture Start Procedure

1. Set clock source divider select register (CSR)

2. Set prescaler register (PPR)
3. Set channel enabled, rising/falling interrupt enable and input signal inverter on/off (CCR)
4. Set auto-reload mode, edge-aligned type and stop BPWM-timer (PCR)
5. Set BPWM down-counter (CNR)
6. Enable BPWM timer start running (Set CHnEN = 1 in PCR)
7. Set corresponding GPIO pins as capture function (set HZ\_BPWM (PWMPOEN[4]) = 0, disable POE and enable CAPENR) for the corresponding BPWM channel.

### 6.7.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                      | Offset        | R/W | Description                                      | Reset Value |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| BPWM0 Base Address:<br>BPWM0_BA = 0x4004_0000 |               |     |                                                  |             |
| PPR                                           | BPWM0_BA+0x00 | R/W | BPWM0 Prescaler Register                         | 0x0000_0000 |
| CSR                                           | BPWM0_BA+0x04 | R/W | BPWM0 Clock Source Divider Select Register       | 0x0000_0000 |
| PCR                                           | BPWM0_BA+0x08 | R/W | BPWM0 Control Register                           | 0x0000_0000 |
| CNR0                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x0C | R/W | BPWM0 Counter Register 0                         | 0x0000_0000 |
| CMR0                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x10 | R/W | BPWM0 Comparator Register 0                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| PDR0                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x14 | R   | BPWM0 Data Register 0                            | 0x0000_0000 |
| CNR1                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x18 | R/W | BPWM0 Counter Register 1                         | 0x0000_0000 |
| CMR1                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x1C | R/W | BPWM0 Comparator Register 1                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| PDR1                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x20 | R   | BPWM0 Data Register 1                            | 0x0000_0000 |
| PIER                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x40 | R/W | BPWM0 Interrupt Enable Register                  | 0x0000_0000 |
| PIIR                                          | BPWM0_BA+0x44 | R/W | BPWM0 Interrupt Indication Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| CCR                                           | BPWM0_BA+0x50 | R/W | BPWM0 Capture Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| CRLR0                                         | BPWM0_BA+0x58 | R   | BPWM0 Capture Rising Latch Register (Channel 0)  | 0x0000_0000 |
| CFLR0                                         | BPWM0_BA+0x5C | R   | BPWM0 Capture Falling Latch Register (Channel 0) | 0x0000_0000 |
| CRLR1                                         | BPWM0_BA+0x60 | R   | BPWM0 Capture Rising Latch Register (Channel 1)  | 0x0000_0000 |
| CFLR1                                         | BPWM0_BA+0x64 | R   | BPWM0 Capture Falling Latch Register (Channel 1) | 0x0000_0000 |
| CAPENR                                        | BPWM0_BA+0x78 | R/W | BPWM0 Capture Input Enable Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| POE                                           | BPWM0_BA+0x7C | R/W | BPWM0 Output Enable                              | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.7.7 Register Description

#### BPWM0 Prescaler Register (PPR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description              | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------|-------------|
| PPR      | BPWM0_BA+0x00 | R/W | BPWM0 Prescaler Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| DZI01    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CP01     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [23:16] | DZI01       | <b>Dead-zone Interval for Pair of Channel 0 and Channel 1</b><br>These 8-bit determine the Dead-zone length.<br>The unit time of dead-zone length = $[(\text{prescale}+1) \times (\text{clock source divider})] / \text{BPWM0\_CLK}$ .                      |
| [15:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [7:0]   | CP01        | <b>Clock Prescaler</b><br>Clock input is divided by $(\text{CP01} + 1)$ before it is fed to the corresponding BPWM-timer<br>If $\text{CP01}=0$ , then the clock prescaler 0 output clock will be stopped. So corresponding BPWM-timer will also be stopped. |

### BPWM0 Clock Source Divider Select Register (CSR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                                | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| CSR      | BPWM0_BA+0x04 | R/W | BPWM0 Clock Source Divider Select Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |      |    |    |          |      |    |    |
|----------|------|----|----|----------|------|----|----|
| 31       | 30   | 29 | 28 | 27       | 26   | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |      |    |    |          |      |    |    |
| 23       | 22   | 21 | 20 | 19       | 18   | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |      |    |    |          |      |    |    |
| 15       | 14   | 13 | 12 | 11       | 10   | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |      |    |    |          |      |    |    |
| 7        | 6    | 5  | 4  | 3        | 2    | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved | CSR1 |    |    | Reserved | CSR0 |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [6:4]  | CSR1        | <b>BPWM Timer 1 Clock Source Divider Selection</b><br>Select clock source divider for BPWM timer 1.<br>000 = Input clock divided by 2.<br>001 = Input clock divided by 4.<br>010 = Input clock divided by 8.<br>011 = Input clock divided by 16.<br>100 = Input clock divided by 1. |
| [3]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [2:0]  | CSR0        | <b>BPWM Timer 0 Clock Source Divider Selection</b><br>Select clock source divider for BPWM timer 0, please refer to CSR1                                                                                                                                                            |

### BPWM0 Control Register (PCR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description            | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|
| PCR      | BPWM0_BA+0x08 | R/W | BPWM0 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31       | 30        | 29       | 28     | 27     | 26     | 25      | 24    |
|----------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-------|
| Reserved | PWM01TYPE | Reserved |        |        |        |         |       |
| 23       | 22        | 21       | 20     | 19     | 18     | 17      | 16    |
| Reserved |           |          |        |        |        |         |       |
| 15       | 14        | 13       | 12     | 11     | 10     | 9       | 8     |
| Reserved |           |          |        | CH1MOD | CH1INV | CH1PINV | CH1EN |
| 7        | 6         | 5        | 4      | 3      | 2      | 1       | 0     |
| Reserved |           |          | DZEN01 | CH0MOD | CH0INV | CH0PINV | CH0EN |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [30]    | <b>PWM01TYPE</b><br><b>BPWM0_CH0/1 Aligned Type Selection Bit</b><br>0 = Edge-aligned type.<br>1 = Center-aligned type.                                                                                                                                      |
| [29:12] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [11]    | <b>CH1MOD</b><br><b>BPWM-timer 1 Auto-reload/One-shot Mode</b><br>0 = One-shot mode.<br>1 = Auto-reload mode.<br><b>Note:</b> If there is a transition at this bit, it will cause CNR1 and CMR1 be cleared.                                                  |
| [10]    | <b>CH1INV</b><br><b>BPWM-timer 1 Output Inverter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Inverter Disabled.<br>1 = Inverter Enabled.                                                                                                                                           |
| [9]     | <b>CH1PINV</b><br><b>BPWM-timer 1 Output Polar Inverse Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 output polar inverse Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 output polar inverse Enabled.                                                                                         |
| [8]     | <b>CH1EN</b><br><b>BPWM-timer 1 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Corresponding BPWM-Timer Stopped.<br>1 = Corresponding BPWM-Timer Start Running.                                                                                                                       |
| [7:5]   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [4]     | <b>DZEN01</b><br><b>Dead-zone 0 Generator Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Dead-zone 0 generator Disabled.<br>1 = Dead-zone 0 generator Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> When Dead-zone generator is enabled, the pair of BPWM0_CH0 and BPWM0_CH1 becomes a complementary pair. |
| [3]     | <b>CH0MOD</b><br><b>BPWM-timer 0 Auto-reload/One-shot Mode</b>                                                                                                                                                                                               |

|     |         |                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |         | 0 = One-shot mode.<br>1 = Auto-reload mode.<br><b>Note:</b> If there is a transition at this bit, it will cause CNR0 and CMR0 be cleared.          |
| [2] | CH0INV  | <b>BPWM-timer 0 Output Inverter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Inverter Disabled.<br>1 = Inverter Enabled.                                                  |
| [1] | CH0PINV | <b>BPWM-timer 0 Output Polar Inverse Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 output polar inverse Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 output polar inverse Enabled. |
| [0] | CH0EN   | <b>BPWM-timer 0 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = The corresponding BPWM-Timer stops running.<br>1 = The corresponding BPWM-Timer starts running.              |

**BPWM0 Counter Register 0-1 (CNR0-1)**

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description              | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------|-------------|
| CNR0     | BPWM0_BA+0x0C | R/W | BPWM0 Counter Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| CNR1     | BPWM0_BA+0x18 | R/W | BPWM0 Counter Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CNR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CNR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [15:0]  | <p><b>CNR</b></p> <p><b>BPWM Timer Loaded Value</b><br/>CNR determines the BPWM period.<br/>BPWM frequency = <math>\text{BPWM0\_CLK} / [(\text{prescale} + 1) * (\text{clock divider}) * (\text{CNR} + 1)]</math>.<br/>For Edge-aligned type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Duty ratio = <math>(\text{CMR} + 1) / (\text{CNR} + 1)</math>.</li> <li>• <math>\text{CMR} \geq \text{CNR}</math>: BPWM output is always high.</li> <li>• <math>\text{CMR} &lt; \text{CNR}</math>: BPWM low width = <math>(\text{CNR} - \text{CMR})</math> unit; BPWM high width = <math>(\text{CMR} + 1)</math> unit.</li> <li>• <math>\text{CMR} = 0</math>: BPWM low width = <math>(\text{CNR})</math> unit; BPWM high width = 1 unit.</li> </ul> <p>For Center-aligned type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Duty ratio = <math>[(2 \times \text{CMR}) + 1] / [2 \times (\text{CNR} + 1)]</math>.</li> <li>• <math>\text{CMR} &gt; \text{CNR}</math>: BPWM output is always high.</li> <li>• <math>\text{CMR} \leq \text{CNR}</math>: BPWM low width = <math>2 \times (\text{CNR} - \text{CMR}) + 1</math> unit; BPWM high width = <math>(2 \times \text{CMR}) + 1</math> unit.</li> <li>• <math>\text{CMR} = 0</math>: BPWM low width = <math>2 \times \text{CNR} + 1</math> unit; BPWM high width = 1 unit.</li> </ul> <p>(Unit = one BPWM clock cycle).<br/><b>Note:</b> Any write to CNR will take effect in next BPWM cycle.<br/><b>Note:</b> When BPWM operating at Center-aligned type, CNR value should be set between 0x0000 to 0xFFFF. If CNR equal to 0xFFFF, the BPWM will work unpredictable.<br/><b>Note:</b> When CNR value is set to 0, BPWM output is always high.</p> |

### BPWM0 Comparator Register 0-1 (CMR0-1)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                 | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|
| CMR0     | BPWM0_BA+0x10 | R/W | BPWM0 Comparator Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| CMR1     | BPWM0_BA+0x1C | R/W | BPWM0 Comparator Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CMR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CMR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [15:0]  | <p><b>BPWM Comparator Register</b><br/> CMR determines the BPWM duty.<br/> BPWM frequency = <math>\text{BPWM\_CLK} / [(\text{prescale}+1) * (\text{clock divider}) * (\text{CNR}+1)]</math>.<br/> For Edge-aligned type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Duty ratio = <math>(\text{CMR}+1) / (\text{CNR}+1)</math>.</li> <li>CMR <math>\geq</math> CNR: BPWM output is always high.</li> <li>CMR &lt; CNR: BPWM low width = (CNR-CMR) unit; BPWM high width = (CMR+1) unit.</li> <li>CMR = 0: BPWM low width = (CNR) unit; BPWM high width = 1 unit.</li> </ul> <p>For Center-aligned type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Duty ratio = <math>[(2 \times \text{CMR}) + 1] / [2 \times (\text{CNR}+1)]</math>.</li> <li>CMR &gt; CNR: BPWM output is always high.</li> <li>CMR <math>\leq</math> CNR: BPWM low width = <math>2 \times (\text{CNR}-\text{CMR}) + 1</math> unit; BPWM high width = <math>(2 \times \text{CMR}) + 1</math> unit.</li> <li>CMR = 0: BPWM low width = <math>2 \times \text{CNR} + 1</math> unit; BPWM high width = 1 unit.</li> </ul> <p>(Unit = one BPWM clock cycle).<br/> <b>Note:</b> Any write to CMR will take effect in next BPWM cycle.</p> |

### BPWM0 Data Register 0-1 (PDR 0-1)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| PDR0     | BPWM0_BA+0x14 | R   | BPWM0 Data Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| PDR1     | BPWM0_BA+0x20 | R   | BPWM0 Data Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PDR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PDR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                    |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved<br>Reserved.                                                                          |
| [15:0]  | PDR<br>BPWM Data Register<br>User can monitor PDR to know the current value in 16-bit counter. |

### BPWM0 Interrupt Enable Register (PIER)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                     | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|
| PIER     | BPWM0_BA+0x40 | R/W | BPWM0 Interrupt Enable Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |          |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25       | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17       | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          | INTTYPE  |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9        | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | BPWMDIE1 | BPWMDIE0 |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1        | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | BPWMPIE1 | BPWMPIE0 |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:17] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [16]    | <b>INTTYPE</b><br><b>BPWM Interrupt Period Type Selection Bit</b><br>0 = BPWMIFn will be set if BPWM counter underflow.<br>1 = BPWMIFn will be set if BPWM counter matches CNRn register.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is effective when BPWM in Center-aligned type only. |
| [15:10] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [9]     | <b>BPWMDIE1</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 1 Duty Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 duty interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 duty interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                  |
| [8]     | <b>BPWMDIE0</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 0 Duty Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 duty interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 duty interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                  |
| [7:2]   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [1]     | <b>BPWMPIE1</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 1 Period Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 period interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 period interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                            |
| [0]     | <b>BPWMPIE0</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 0 Period Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 period interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 period interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                            |

### BPWM0 Interrupt Indication Register (PIIR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                         | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| PIIR     | BPWM0_BA+0x44 | R/W | BPWM0 Interrupt Indication Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |          |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25       | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17       | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |          |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9        | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | BPWMDIF1 | BPWMDIF0 |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1        | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | BPWMIF1  | BPWMIF0  |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:10] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [9]     | <b>BPWMDIF1</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 1 Duty Interrupt Flag</b><br>Flag is set by hardware when BPWM0_CH1 counter down count and reaches CMR1, software can clear this bit by writing a one to it.<br><b>Note:</b> If CMR equal to CNR, this flag is not working in Edge-aligned type selection |
| [8]     | <b>BPWMDIF0</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 0 Duty Interrupt Flag</b><br>Flag is set by hardware when BPWM0_CH0 counter down count and reaches CMR0, software can clear this bit by writing a one to it.<br><b>Note:</b> If CMR equal to CNR, this flag is not working in Edge-aligned type selection |
| [7:2]   | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [1]     | <b>BPWMIF1</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 1 Period Interrupt Flag</b><br>This bit is set by hardware when BPWM0_CH1 counter reaches the requirement of interrupt (depend on INTTYPE bit of PIER register).<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                             |
| [0]     | <b>BPWMIF0</b><br><b>BPWM Channel 0 Period Interrupt Flag</b><br>This bit is set by hardware when BPWM0_CH0 counter reaches the requirement of interrupt (depend on INTTYPE bit of PIER register).<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                             |

**Note:** User can clear each interrupt flag by writing 1 to corresponding bit in PIIR.

### BWM0 Capture Control Register (CCR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| CCR      | BPWM0_BA+0x50 | R/W | BPWM0 Capture Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31       | 30    | 29       | 28     | 27       | 26      | 25      | 24   |
|----------|-------|----------|--------|----------|---------|---------|------|
| Reserved |       |          |        |          |         |         |      |
| 23       | 22    | 21       | 20     | 19       | 18      | 17      | 16   |
| CFLR1    | CRLR1 | Reserved | CAPIF1 | CAPCH1EN | CFL_IE1 | CRL_IE1 | INV1 |
| 15       | 14    | 13       | 12     | 11       | 10      | 9       | 8    |
| Reserved |       |          |        |          |         |         |      |
| 7        | 6     | 5        | 4      | 3        | 2       | 1       | 0    |
| CFLR0    | CRLR0 | Reserved | CAPIF0 | CAPCH0EN | CFL_IE0 | CRL_IE0 | INV0 |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [23]    | <b>CFLR1</b><br><b>CFLR1 Latched Indicator Bit</b><br>When BPWM0 input channel 1 has a falling transition, CFLR1 was latched with the value of BPWM0 down-counter and this bit is set by hardware.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                          |
| [22]    | <b>CRLR1</b><br><b>CRLR1 Latched Indicator Bit</b><br>When BPWM0 input channel 1 has a rising transition, CRLR1 was latched with the value of BPWM0 down-counter and this bit is set by hardware.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                           |
| [5]     | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [20]    | <b>CAPIF1</b><br><b>Channel 1 Capture Interrupt Indication Flag</b><br>If BPWM0_CH1 rising latch interrupt is enabled (CRL_IE1 = 1), a rising transition occurs at BPWM0_CH1 will result in CAPIF1 to high; Similarly, a falling transition will cause CAPIF1 to be set high if BPWM0_CH1 falling latch interrupt is enabled (CFL_IE1 = 1).<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it. |
| [19]    | <b>CAPCH1EN</b><br><b>Channel 1 Capture Function Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Capture function on BPWM0_CH1 Disabled.<br>1 = Capture function on BPWM0_CH1 Enabled.<br>When Enabled, Capture latched the BPWM0-counter and saved to CRLR (Rising latch) and CFLR (Falling latch).<br>When disabled, capture does not update CRLR and CFLR, and disable BPWM0_CH1 interrupt.                                      |
| [18]    | <b>CFL_IE1</b><br><b>Channel 1 Falling Latch Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Falling latch interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Falling latch interrupt Enabled.<br>When enabled, if capture detects BPWM0_CH1 has falling transition, capture will issue an interrupt.                                                                                                                                             |
| [17]    | <b>CRL_IE1</b><br><b>Channel 1 Rising Latch Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Rising latch interrupt Disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

|        |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        |          | 1 = Rising latch interrupt Enabled.<br>When enabled, if capture detects BPWM0_CH1 has rising transition, capture will issue an interrupt.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [16]   | INV1     | <b>Channel 1 Inverter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Inverter Disabled.<br>1 = Inverter Enabled. Reverse the input signal from GPIO before fed to capture timer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [15:8] | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [7]    | CFLR10   | <b>CFLR0 Latched Indicator Bit</b><br>When BPWM0 input channel 0 has a falling transition, CFLR0 was latched with the value of BPWM0 down-counter and this bit is set by hardware.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                         |
| [6]    | CRLR10   | <b>CRLR0 Latched Indicator Bit</b><br>When BPWM0 input channel 0 has a rising transition, CRLR0 was latched with the value of BPWM0 down-counter and this bit is set by hardware.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                          |
| [5]    | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [4]    | CAPIF0   | <b>Channel 0 Capture Interrupt Indication Flag</b><br>If BPWM0_CH0 rising latch interrupt is enabled (CRL_IE0 = 1), a rising transition occurs at BPWM0_CH0 will result in CAPIF0 to high; Similarly, a falling transition will cause CAPIF0 to be set high if BPWM0_CH0 falling latch interrupt is enabled (CFL_IE0 = 1).<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it. |
| [3]    | CAPCH0EN | <b>Channel 0 Capture Function Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Capture function on BPWM0_CH0 Disabled.<br>1 = Capture function on BPWM0_CH0 Enabled.<br>When enabled, capture latched the BPWM0-counter value and saved to CRLR (Rising latch) and CFLR (Falling latch).<br>When disabled, capture does not update CRLR and CFLR, and disable BPWM0 channel 0 Interrupt.                            |
| [2]    | CFL_IE0  | <b>Channel 0 Falling Latch Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Falling latch interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Falling latch interrupt Enabled.<br>When Enabled, if Capture detects BPWM0 channel 0 has falling transition, Capture will issue an Interrupt.                                                                                                                                        |
| [1]    | CRL_IE0  | <b>Channel 0 Rising Latch Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Rising latch interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Rising latch interrupt Enabled.<br>When Enabled, if capture detects BPWM0 channel 0 has rising transition, capture will issue an interrupt.                                                                                                                                            |
| [0]    | INV0     | <b>Channel 0 Inverter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Inverter Disabled.<br>1 = Inverter Enabled. Reverse the input signal from GPIO before fed to capture timer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

### BPWM0 Capture Rising Latch Register 0-1 (CRLR0-1)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                                     | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| CRLR0    | BPWM0_BA+0x58 | R   | BPWM0 Capture Rising Latch Register (Channel 0) | 0x0000_0000 |
| CRLR1    | BPWM0_BA+0x60 | R   | BPWM0 Capture Rising Latch Register (Channel 1) | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CRLR     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CRLR     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                              |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved<br>Reserved.                                                                                    |
| [15:0]  | CRLR<br>Capture Rising Latch Register<br>Latch the BPWM0 counter when Channel 0/1 has rising transition. |

### BPWM0 Capture Falling Latch Register 0-1 (CFLR0-1)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                                      | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| CFLR0    | BPWM0_BA+0x5C | R   | BPWM0 Capture Falling Latch Register (Channel 0) | 0x0000_0000 |
| CFLR1    | BPWM0_BA+0x64 | R   | BPWM0 Capture Falling Latch Register (Channel 1) | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| CFLR     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| CFLR     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved<br>Reserved.                                                                                      |
| [15:0]  | CFLR<br>Capture Falling Latch Register<br>Latch the BPWM0 counter when Channel 0/1 has Falling transition. |

### BPWM0 Capture Input Enable Register (CAPENR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                         | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| CAPENR   | BPWM0_BA+0x78 | R/W | BPWM0 Capture Input Enable Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | CINEN1 | CINEN0 |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [1]    | <b>Channel 1 Capture Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 capture input path Disabled. The input of BPWM0_CH1 capture function is always regarded as 0.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 capture input path Enabled. The input of BPWM0_CH1 capture function comes from correlative multifunction pin if GPIO multi-function is set as BPWM0_CH1. |
| [0]    | <b>Channel 0 Capture Input Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 capture input path Disabled. The input of BPWM0_CH0 capture function is always regarded as 0.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 capture input path Enabled. The input of BPWM0_CH0 capture function comes from correlative multifunction pin if GPIO multi-function is set as BPWM0_CH0. |

### BPWM0 Output Enable Register (POE)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description         | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------|-------------|
| POE      | BPWM0_BA+0x7C | R/W | BPWM0 Output Enable | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |      |      |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|------|------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25   | 24   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |      |      |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17   | 16   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |      |      |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9    | 8    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |      |      |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1    | 0    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | POE1 | POE0 |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [1]    | POE1        | <b>Channel 1 Output Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 output to pin Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 output to pin Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> The corresponding GPIO pin must also be switched to BPWM0 function |
| [0]    | POE0        | <b>Channel 0 Output Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 output to pin Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 output to pin Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> The corresponding GPIO pin must also be switched to BPWM0 function |

## 6.8 Enhanced PWM Generator (EPWM)

### 6.8.1 Overview

This device has two built-in PWM units with the same architecture whose function is specially designed for driving motor control applications.

### 6.8.2 Features

Each unit supports the features below:

- Three independent 16-bit PWM duty control units with maximum 6 port pins:
  - 3 independent PWM output:  
EPWM0\_CH0, EPWM0\_CH2 and EPWM0\_CH4 for Unit 0  
EPWM1\_CH0, EPWM1\_CH2 and EPWM1\_CH4 for Unit 1
  - 3 complementary PWM pairs, with each pin in a pair mutually complement to each other and capable of programmable dead-time insertion:  
(EPWMx\_CH0, EPWMx\_CH1), (EPWMx\_CH2, EPWMx\_CH3) and (EPWMx\_CH4, EPWMx\_CH5) where x=0~1.
  - 3 synchronous PWM pairs, with each pin in a pair in-phase:  
(EPWMx\_CH0, EPWMx\_CH1), (EPWMx\_CH2, EPWMx\_CH3) and (EPWMx\_CH4, EPWMx\_CH5) where x=0~1
- Group control bits:  
EPWMx\_CH2 and EPWMx\_CH4 are synchronized with EPWMx\_CH0
- Supports Edge aligned mode and Center aligned mode
- Programmable dead-time insertion between complementary paired PWMs
- Each pin of EPWMx\_CH0 to EPWMx\_CH5 has independent polarity setting control
- Mask output control for Electrically Commutated Motor operation
- Tri-state output at reset and brake state
- Hardware brake protection
- Two Interrupt Sources:
  - Interrupt is synchronously requested at PWM frequency when up/down counter comparison matched (edge and center aligned modes) or underflow (center aligned mode).
  - Interrupt is requested when external brake pins asserted
- PWM signals before polarity control stage are defined in the view of positive logic. The PWM ports is active high or active low are controlled by polarity control register.
- High Source/Sink current.
- Supports trigger EADC

### 6.8.3 Block Diagram

After CPU reset, the internal output of the each PWM channels depends on the polarity setting. The interval between successive outputs is controlled by a 16-bit up/down counter which uses a software selectable clock source with configurable internal clock pre-scalar as its input. The PWM counter clock has the frequency as the clock source  $F_{PWM} = EPWMx\_CLK / \text{Pre-scalar}$ ; Here the  $EPWMx\_CLK$  synchronized with CPU clock HCLK.

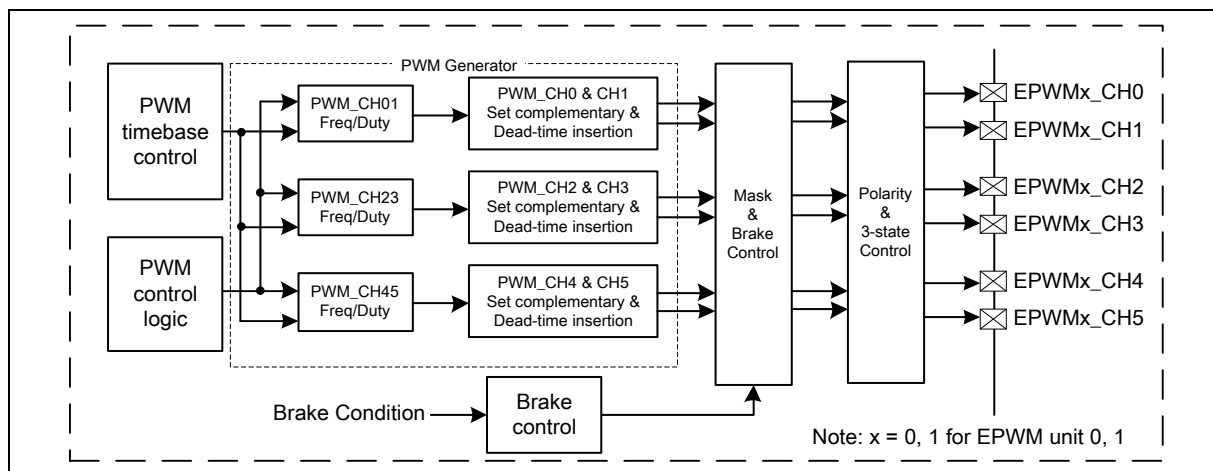


Figure 6-40 EPWM Block Diagram

### 6.8.4 Basic Configuration

The EPWM pin functions are configured in P0\_MFP and P1\_MFP Multiple Function Registers.

The peripheral clock source of EPWM can be enabled in EPWM0\_EN (APBCLK[20]) and EPWM1\_EN (APBCLK[21]).

### 6.8.5 Function Description

Figure 6-41 shows the EPWM clock source control and PWM time-base generator.

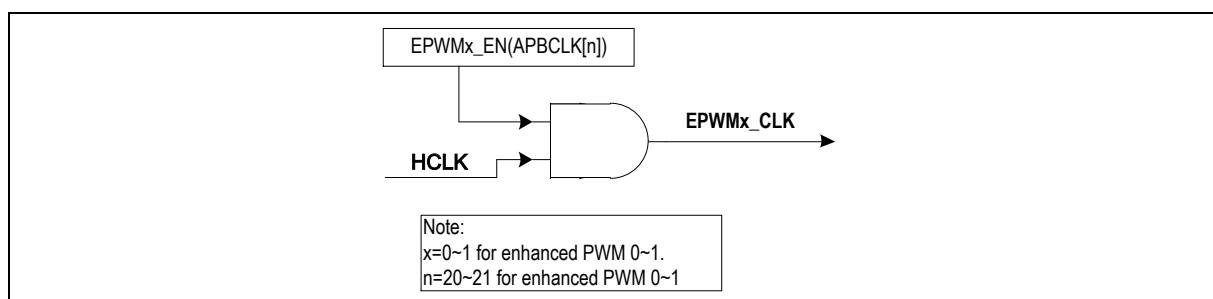


Figure 6-41 EPWM Clock Source Control

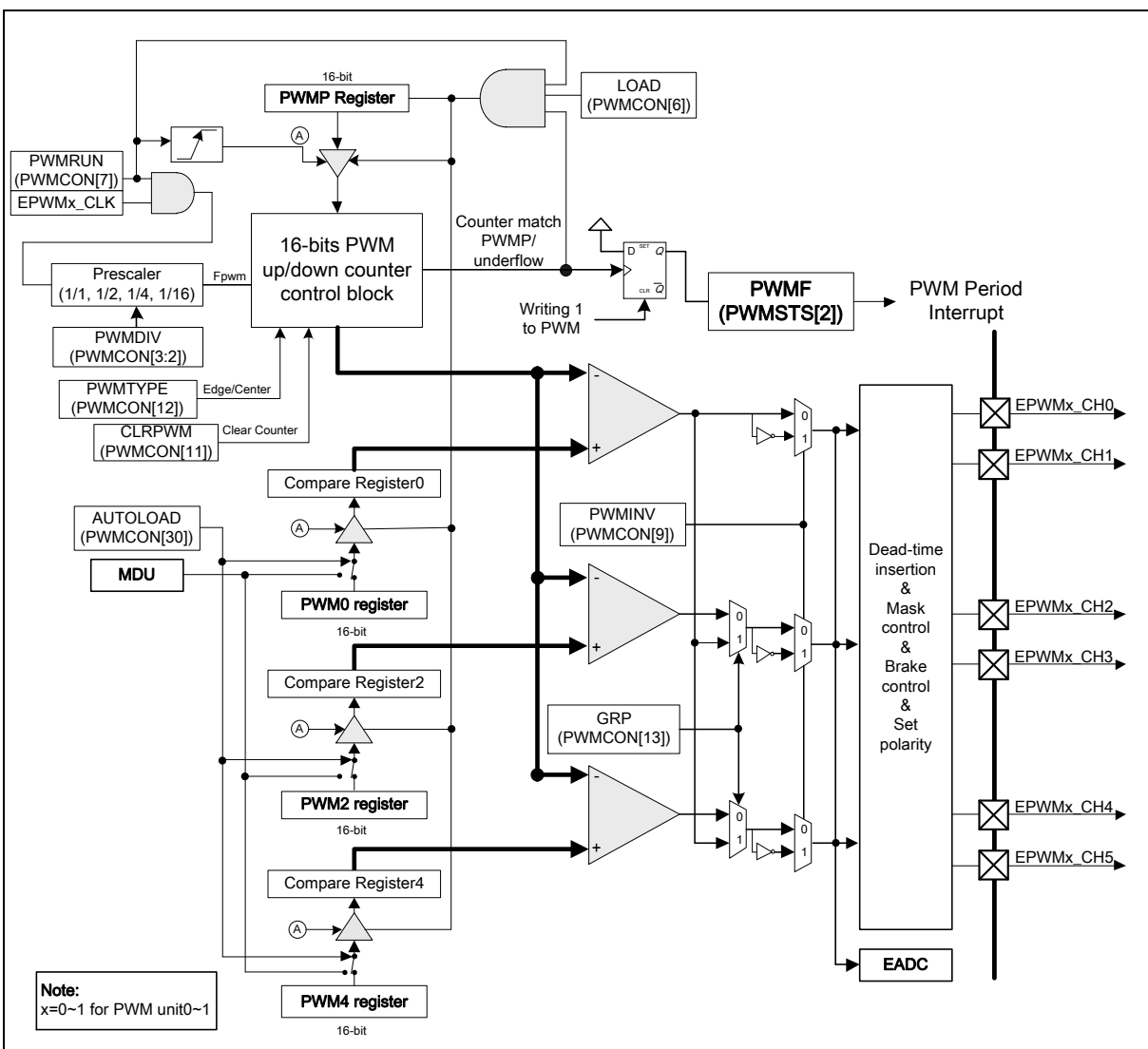


Figure 6-42 PWM Time-base Generator

The overall functioning of the PWM module is controlled by the contents of the PWMCONx0, PWMB and PWMCON registers. The operation of most of the control bits is straightforward. PWMRUN (PWMCON[7]) allows the PWM to be either in the run or idle state. The transfer of the data from the PWMP register to 16-bit PWM counter will occur on the rising edge of PWMRUN or during PWMRUN with LOAD (PWMCON[6]) and PWM counter match/underflow occurs. The transfer of the data from the PWMn registers to the compare registers is controlled by the Load bit (PWMCON [6]) (with the condition that PWMRUN = 1 and match/underflow occurs).

**Note:**

1. A compare value greater than the counter reloaded value resulted in the PWM output being permanently high. In addition there are two special cases. If compare register is set to 0x0000, the PWM\_CHn output will stay at low, and if compare register is set to 0xFFFF, the PWM\_CHn output will stuck at high until there is a change in the compare register. [n = 0-5].
2. During ICP, ISP or ICE mode, PWM pins will be tri-stated. PWM operation will stop and module reset. When exit from ICP, ISP or ICE mode, the PWM pins will follow the control register settings.
3. In ICE mode, the condition which causes CPU stops or pauses running will force the PWM\_CHn output pins in tri-stated, when CPU runs the PWM\_CHn pins will follow the control register settings.

When a PWM period value is written to the PWMP register by software, the value is saved in the holding register first, and then the value of the holding register will be reloaded to the actual PWM period when the following conditions are met: LOAD (PWMCON[6]) = 1, PWMRUN (PWMCON[7]) = 1 and PWM match/underflow. The width of each PWM output pulse is determined by the value in the appropriate compare register. Each PWM registers of PWMP, PWM0, PWM2 and PWM4, in the format of 16-bit width, decides the PWM period and each channel's duty cycle. If the PWMINV (PWMCON[9]) (Inverse PWM Comparator Output) is set to high the PWM comparator output signals will be inverted, therefore the PWM Duty (in percentage) is changed to (1-Duty) and PWM Duty registers, PWM0/2/4 represent Duty-off time.

Note that the duty registers PWM0/2/4 and the period registers PWMP are double-buffered registers used to set the duty cycle and counting period for the PWM time base respectively. For the 1<sup>st</sup> buffer it is accessible by user while the 2<sup>nd</sup> buffer holds the actual compare value used in the present period. Load bit must be set to 1 to enable the 1<sup>st</sup> buffer value to be loaded in to the 2<sup>nd</sup> buffer register when counter underflow/match.

#### 6.8.5.1 PWM Operation Mode

This device supports two operation modes: Edge-aligned and Center-aligned mode.

The following equations show the formula for period and duty for each PWM operation mode:

##### **Edge-aligned:**

Period = (PWMP + 1) \* EPWMx\_CLK period/pre-scalar

Duty = (duty + 1) \* EPWMx\_CLK period /pre-scalar

##### **Center-aligned:**

Period = (PWMP\* 2) \* EPWMx\_CLK period/pre-scalar

Duty = (duty\*2 + 1) \* EPWMx\_CLK period/pre-scalar

**Note:** "duty" refers to PWM0/2/4/6 register value.

##### **Edge aligned PWM (Up Counter)**

In Edge-aligned PWM output mode, the 16-bits PWM counter will start counting from zero to period value (PWMP register) to finish a PWM period, then restart counting from zero to period value again. The value of PWM counter will be compared with duty value (PWMn register) to control output level of PWM generator. The PWM generator will output low when the value of PWM counter is larger than duty value and output high when the value of PWM counter is equal or smaller than duty value.

The PWM period interrupt (PWF (PWMSTS[2])) will be triggered by setting PWMI\_En (PWMCON[4]) to 1, and PWM edge interrupt (PWMnEF (PWMSTS[6:4])) will be triggered by setting PWMnEI\_EN (PWMEIC[2:0]) to 1.

The PWM period and duty control are configured by PWM period register (PWMP) and PWM duty register (PWMn). The new period and duty value will take effect at the start of next period if LOAD (PWMCON[6]) is set to 1.

Figure 6-43, Figure 6-44 and Figure 6-45 depict the Edge-aligned PWM timing and operation flow.

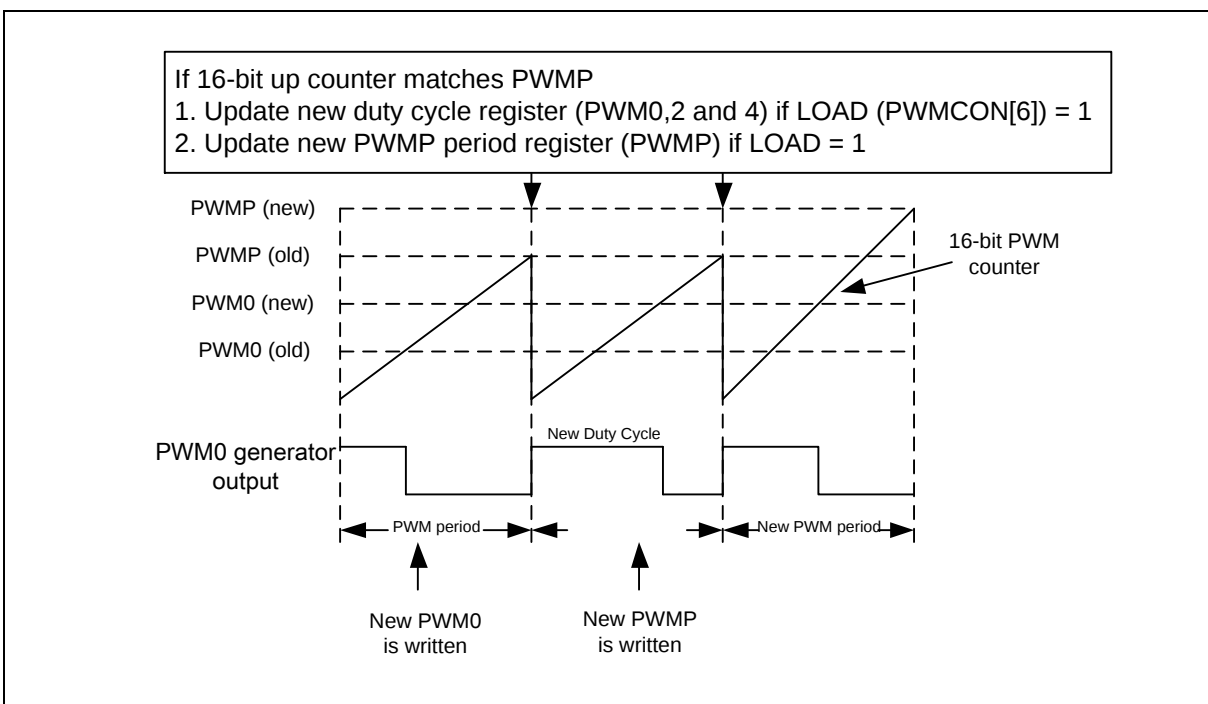


Figure 6-43 Edge-aligned PWM

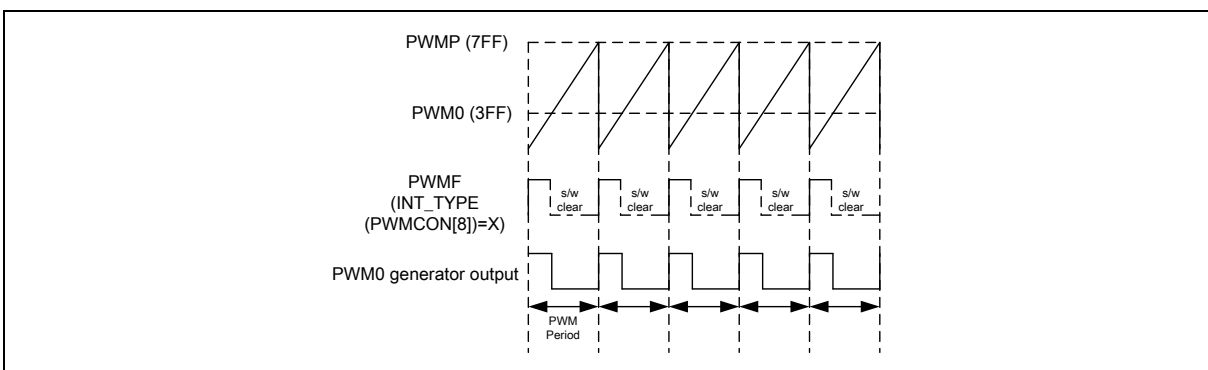


Figure 6-44 PWM0 Edge aligned Waveform Output

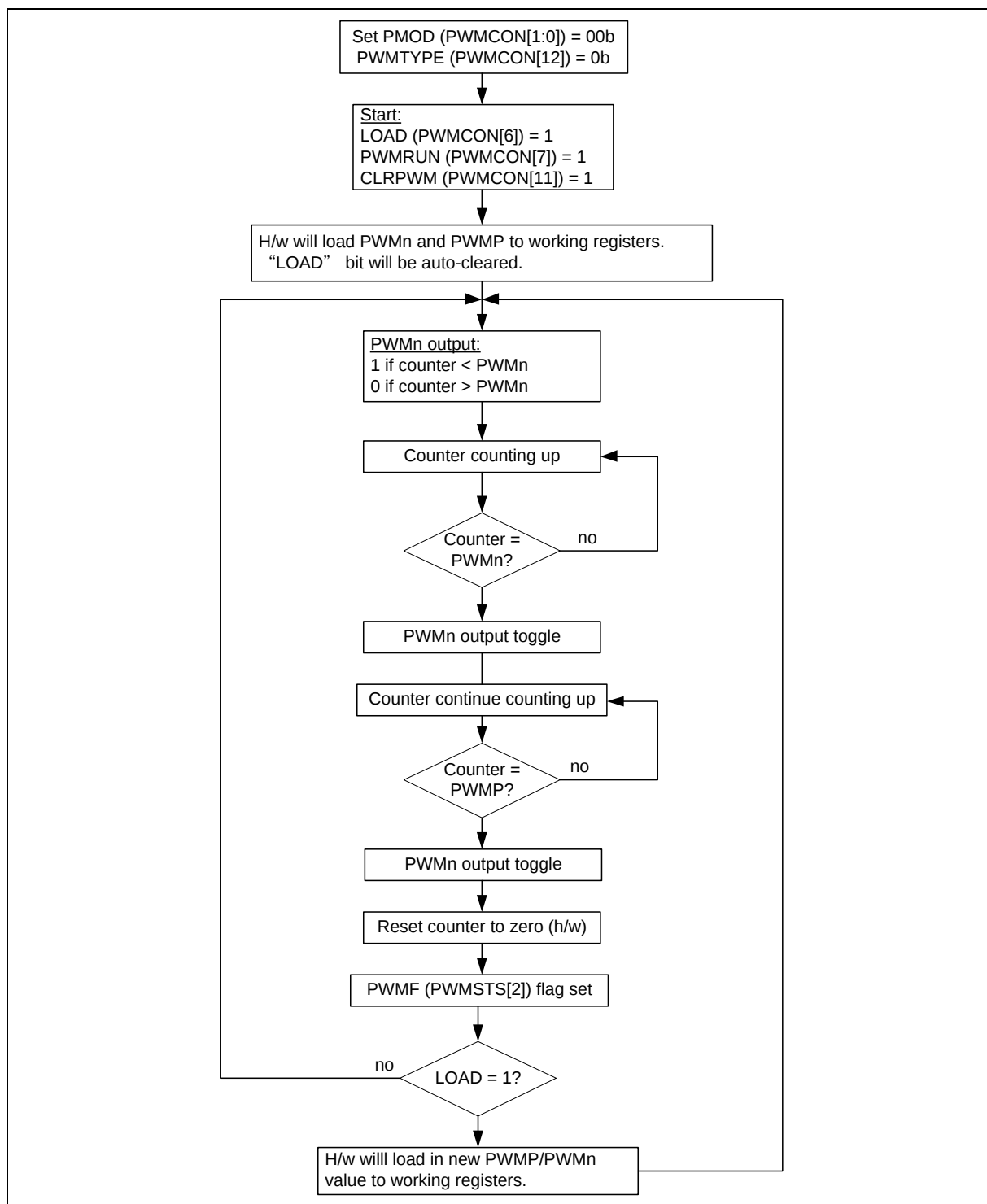


Figure 6-45 Edge-aligned Flow Diagram

### Center-Aligned PWM (up/down counter)

The Center-aligned PWM signals are produced by the module when the PWM time base is configured in Up/Down Counting mode. The PWM counter will start counting-up from zero to the value of PWMP register and then start counting down to zero to finish a PWM period, then restart next PWM period again. The value of PWM counter will be compared with duty value (PWMn register) to control output level of PWM generator. The PWM generator will output low when the value of PWM counter is larger than duty value and output high when the value of PWM counter is equal or smaller than comparator value. Once the PWM counter underflows the new period and duty value will take effect if LOAD (PWMCON[6]) is set to 1.

In Center-aligned mode, the PWM interrupt is requested at down-counter underflow if INT\_TYPE (PWMCON0[8]) = 0, i.e. at start (end) of each PWM cycle or at up-counter matching with PWMP if INT\_TYPE (PWMCON0[0]) = 1, i.e. at center point of PWM cycle.

Figure 6-46, Figure 6-47 and Figure 6-48 depict the Center-aligned PWM timing and operation flow.

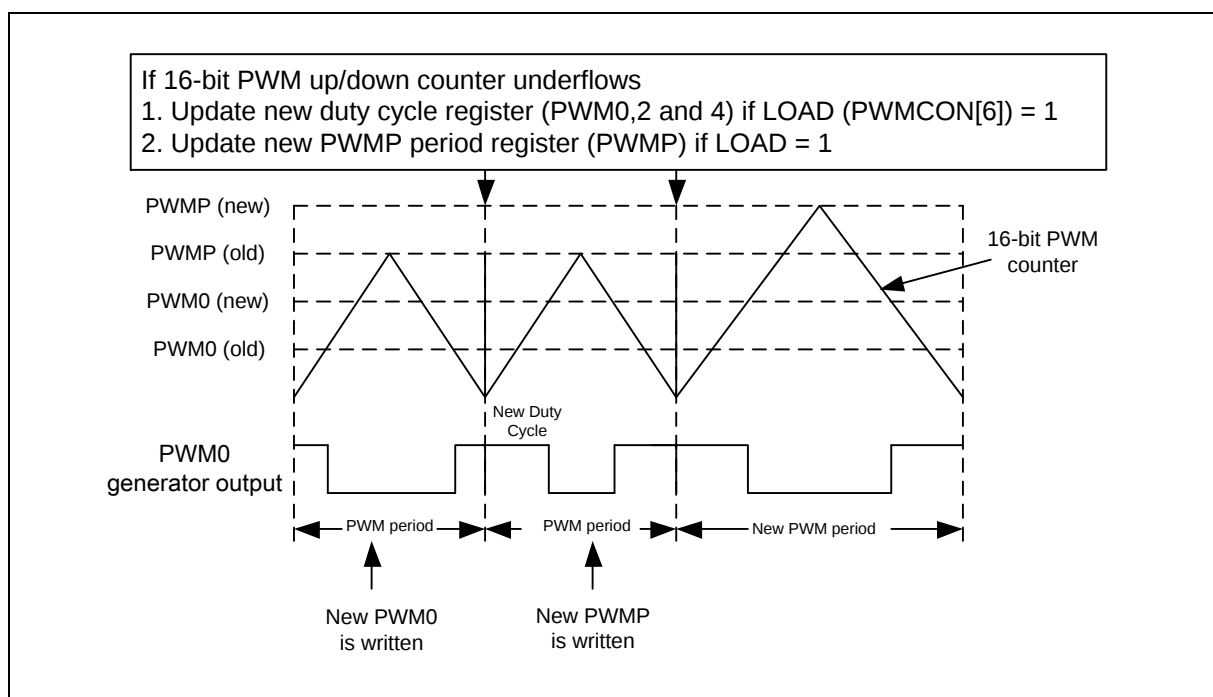


Figure 6-46 Center-aligned Mode

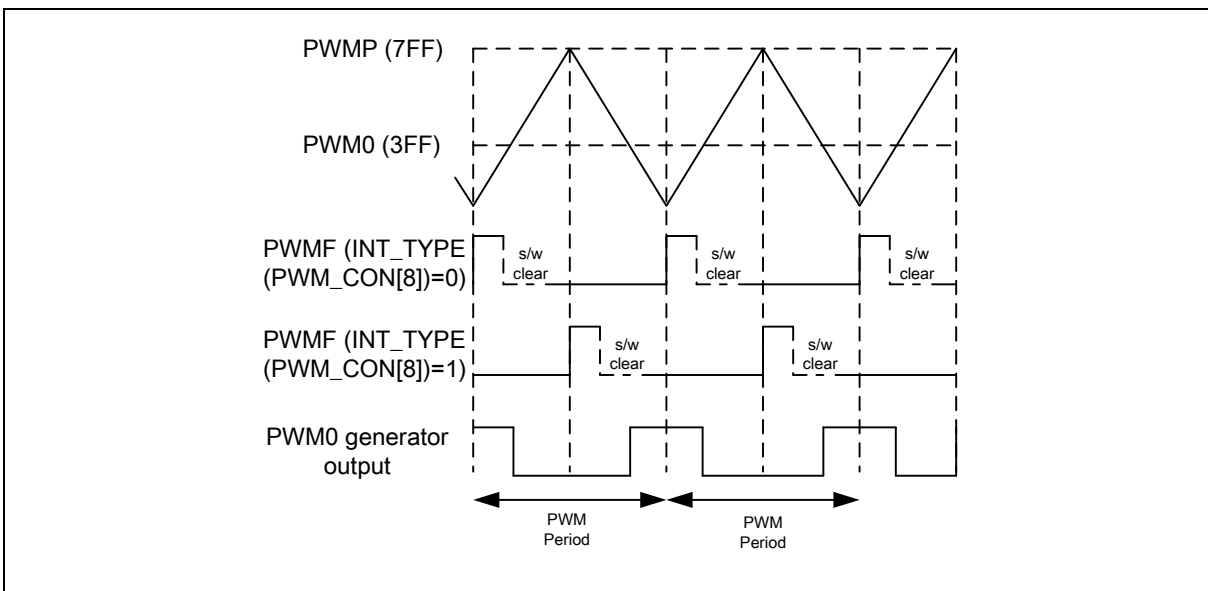


Figure 6-47 Example PWM0 Center-aligned Waveform Output

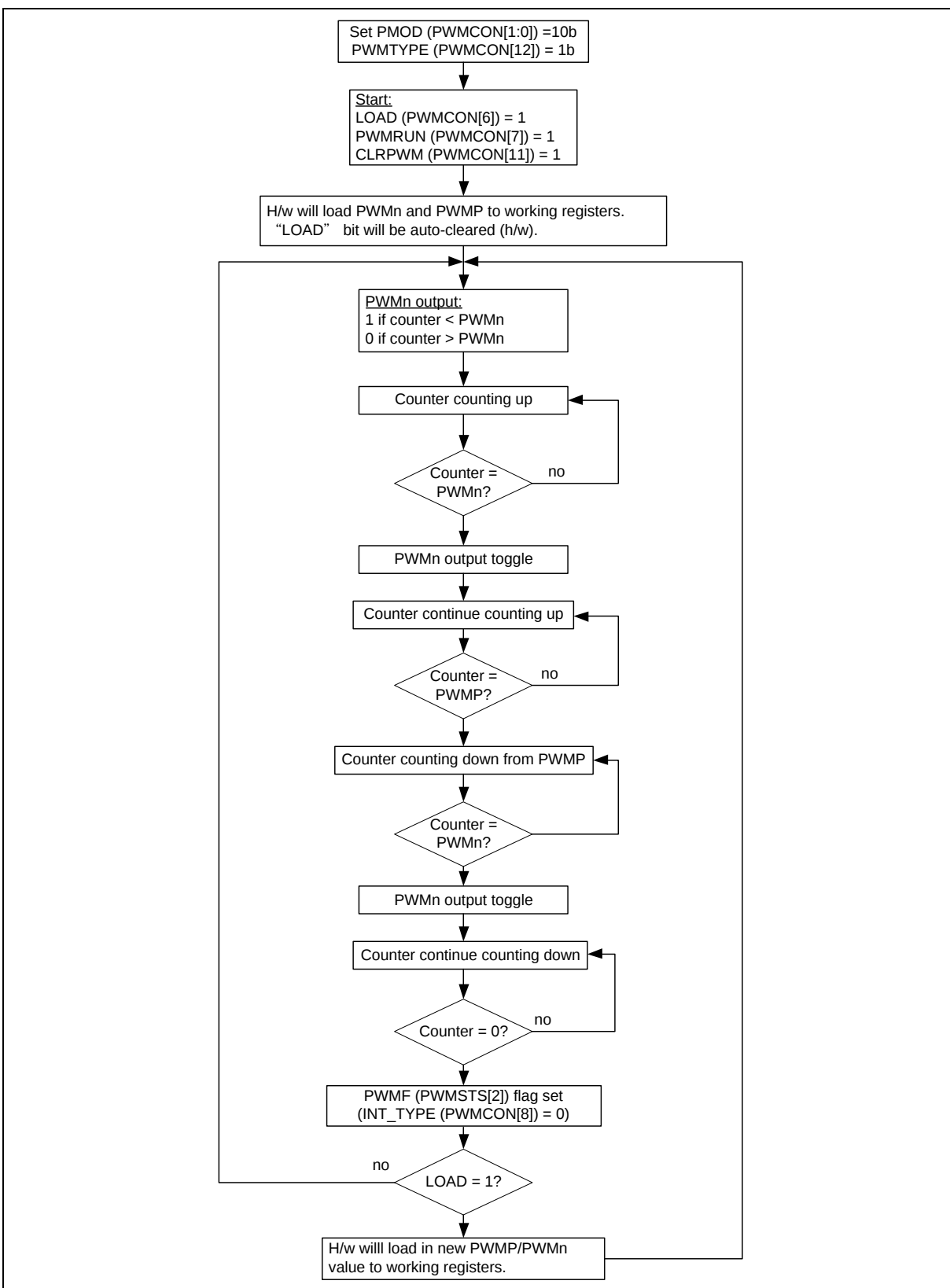


Figure 6-48 Center-aligned Flow Diagram (INT\_TYPE = 0)

### 6.8.5.2 PWM Brake

This device supports two brake detectors, BK0 and BK1, and each of them has 4 brake signals, one external brake pin (EPWMx\_BRAKE0 for BK0 and EPWMx\_BRAKE1 for BK1), and three analog comparator outputs. Both external brake pins have each 4-degree digital filter that is user controllable through BKxFILT (PWMCON[23:20]) (x=0 and 1 for BK0 and BK1). The Brake function is controlled by the contents of PWMCON register.

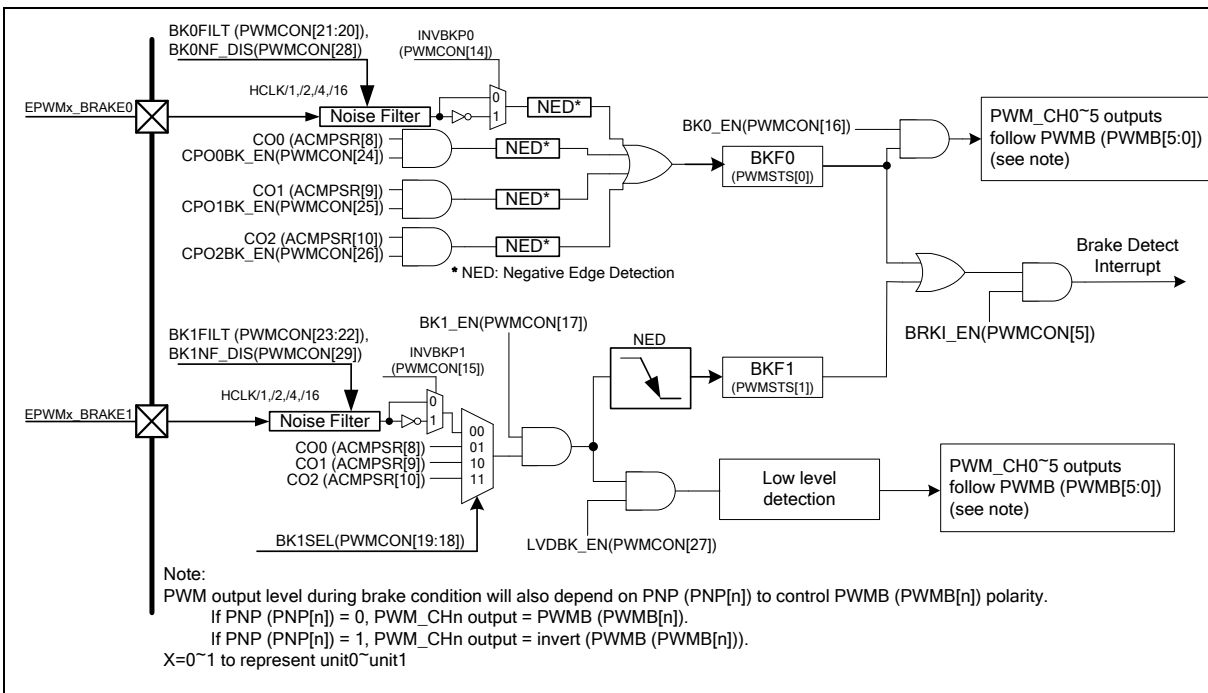


Figure 6-49 PWM Brake Function

Table 6-10 summarizes the effect of each brake pins. Figure 6-50 and Figure 6-51 illustrate the brake signals vs. PWM operation.

| Brake Source                                                                                                                                          | Brake Trigger Condition                     | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BK0<br>(I/O pin);<br>CO0 (ACMPSR[8])<br>(Comparator0 output);<br>CO1 (ACMPSR[9])<br>(Comparator1 output);<br>CO2 (ACMPSR[10])<br>(Comparator2 output) | A falling edge at brake 0<br>edge detector. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>BKF0 (PWMSTS[0]) and BCLK0 (PWMSTS[8]) flags set by the falling edge at brake 0 edge detector; but cleared by S/W.</li> <li>PWM_CH0~5 outputs follow PWMB (PWMB[n]) bits. PNP (PNP[n]) bits are also able to control the polarity of PWMB. If PNP (PNP[n])=0, PWMn pin output = PWMB (PWMB[n]). If PNP (PNP[n])=1, PWMn pin output = invert(PWMB (PWMB[n])).</li> <li>PWM_CH0~5 output will keep in PWMB (PWMB[n]) state before BCLK0 (PWMSTS[8]) flag is cleared by S/W.</li> <li>PWMRUN (PWMCON[7]) bit remain asserted to keep PWM generators running.</li> <li>If the BCLK0 (PWMSTS[8]) flag is cleared, the brake state will be released on next PWM cycle/period.</li> <li>If PWMRUN (PWMCON[7]) is cleared to 0 before the BCLK0 (PWMSTS[8]) flag is cleared, PWM_CH0~5 output will remain in PWMB (PWMB[5:0]) state.</li> </ul> |

|                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>BKP1 (I/O pin);</p> <p>CO0 (ACMPSR[8]) (Comparator0 output);</p> <p>CO1 (ACMPSR[9]) (Comparator1 output);</p> <p>CO2 (ACMPSR[10]) (Comparator2 output)</p> | <p>A falling edge at brake 1 edge detector;</p> <p>Low level state</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. BKF1 (PWMSTS[1]) flag is set by the falling edge at brake 1 edge detector; but cleared by S/W.</li> <li>2. If LVDBK_EN (PWMCON[27])=1 and Brake 1 signal detected as low level, PWM0~5 pin outputs follow PWMB (PWMB[5:0]) bits. Otherwise, PWM_CH0~5 output will continue follow PWM generators' output. In both situations, PNP (PNP[5:0]) bits are also able to control port polarity.</li> <li>3. PWMRUN (PWMCON[7]) bit remain asserted to keep PWM generators running.</li> <li>4. PWM_CH0~5 resume if EPWMx_BRAKE1 (x=0~1) pin state returns to high state. PWM_CH0~5 will resume on start of next PWM cycle/period.</li> </ol> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Table 6-10 Brake Source, Condition and Action

**Note:** The brake enable bits, BK0\_EN and BK1\_EN, must be set in order for the above to be effective.

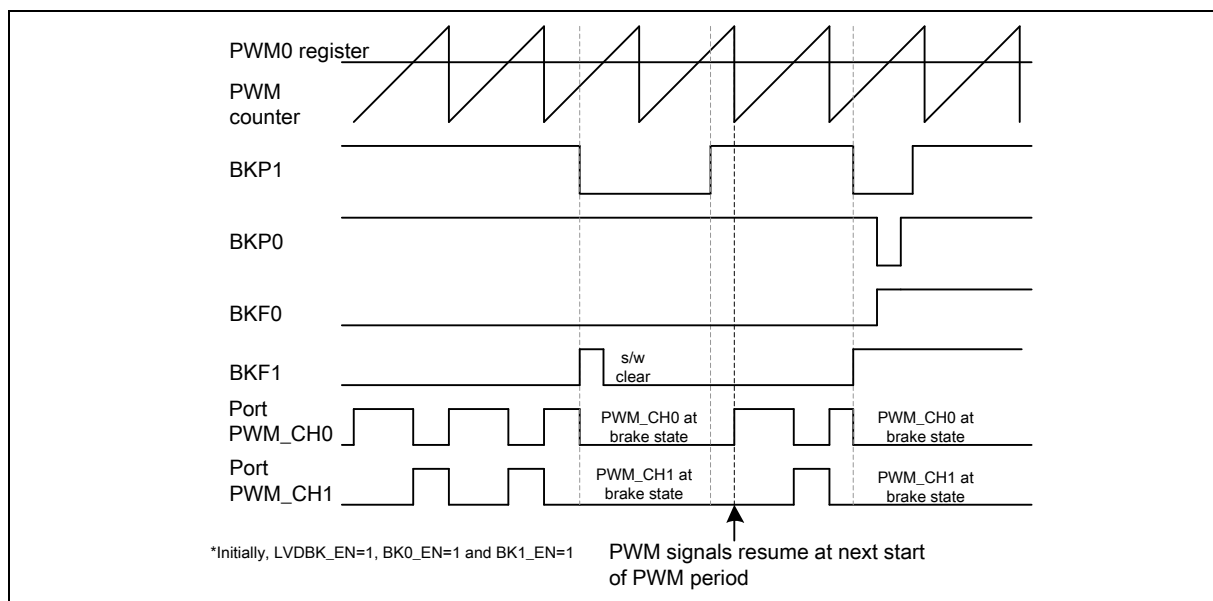


Figure 6-50 PWM Brake Condition (Edge-aligned Mode)

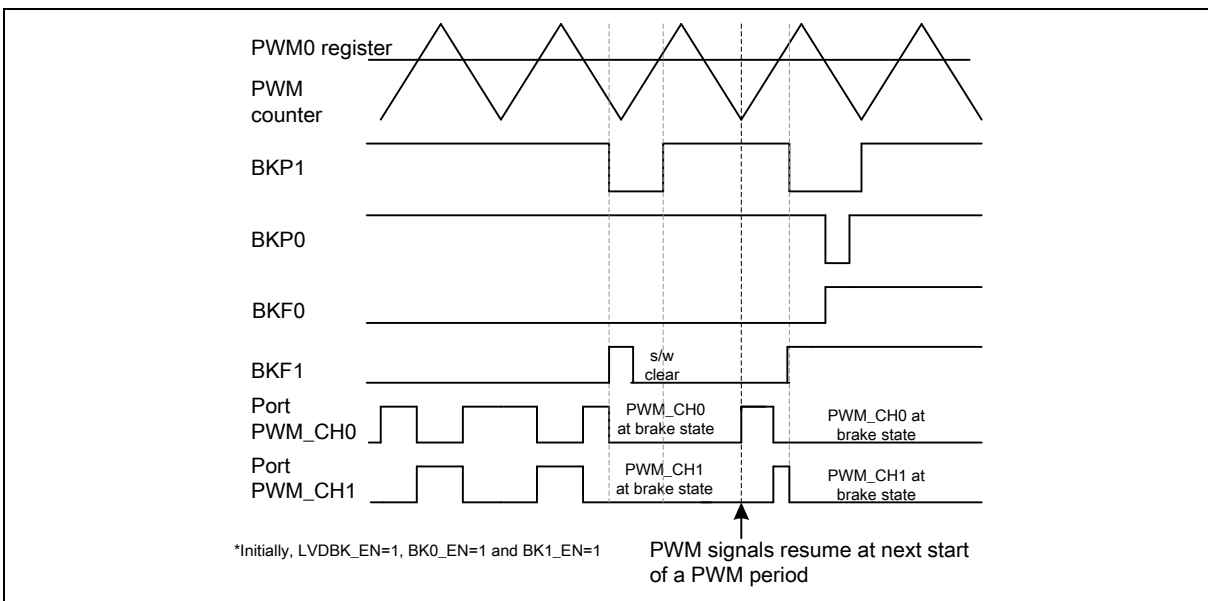


Figure 6-51 PWM Brake Condition (Center-aligned Mode)

Since both brake conditions being asserted will automatically cause BKF<sub>n</sub> flag to be set, the user program can poll these brake flag bits or enable PWM's brake interrupt to determine which condition will cause a brake to occur.

### 6.8.5.3 PWM Port Output Driving Control

There are two enhanced PWM units and each unit has six output pins in this device. The PWM port outputs are P0.0~P0.5 and P1.0~P1.5 for unit 0 and unit 1, respectively.

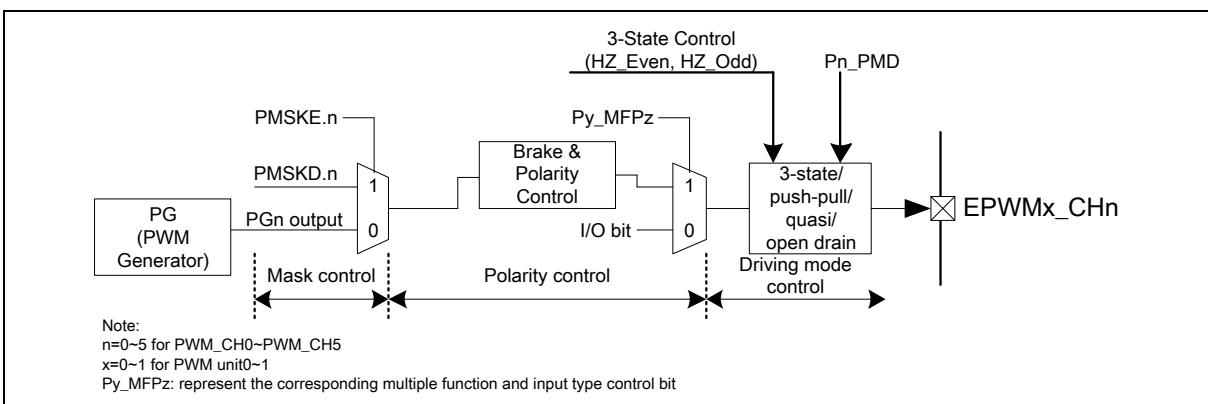


Figure 6-52 PWM Output Driving Control

The driving type of PWM output ports can be initialized as Tri-state type or other types depending on the P<sub>n</sub>\_PMD register setting after any reset. As shown in the figure above, the PWM output structures are controllable through config-bit, register bits HZ\_Even0/1 (PWMPOEN[0, 2]), HZ\_Odd0/1 (PWMPOEN[1, 3] and P<sub>n</sub>\_PMD mode registers.

| HZ_Even/HZ_Odd | Even/Odd PWM Outputs Drive Mode |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
|----------------|---------------------------------|

| (In PWMPOEN Register) |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 0                     | Depending on Pn_PMD  |
| 1                     | Driving mode = Hi-Z. |

Table 6-11 Even/Odd Outputs Drive Mode

**Note:** Register bits for HZ\_Even and HZ\_Odd are latched from config0 during all reset.

#### 6.8.5.4 PWM Modes

This powerful PWM unit supports Independent mode which may be applied to DC and BLDC motor system, Complementary mode with dead-time insertion which may be used in the application of AC induction motor and synchronous motor, Synchronous mode that makes both pins of each pair are in phase. Besides, the Group mode, forces the PWM0, PWM2 and PWM4 synchronous with PWM0 generator, may simplify updating duty control in DC and BLDC motor applications.

##### 6.8.5.4.1 Independent Mode

Independent mode is enabled when PMOD (PWMCON[1:0]) = 00b.

By default, the PWM is operating in Independent mode with three PWM even channels outputs: PWM0, PWM2 and PWM4. Each channel is running off its own duty-cycle generator module. The states of PWM1, PWM3 and PWM5 are reset to 0 by default if PWM Mask output function is not enabled (PMSKE (PMSKE[5:0]) = 0x00).

##### 6.8.5.4.2 Complementary Mode

Complementary mode is enabled when PMOD (PWMCON[1:0]) = 01b.

In this module there are three duty-cycle generators utilized for complementary mode, with total of three PWM output pair pins in this module. The total six PWM outputs are grouped into output pairs of even and odd numbered outputs. In complimentary modes, the internal odd PWM signal PGx must always be the complement of the corresponding even PWM signal. For example, PG1 will be the complement of PG0. PG3 will be the complement of PG2 and PG5 will be the complement of PG4. The time base for the PWM module is provided by its own 16-bit timer, which also incorporates selectable pre-scalar options.

##### 6.8.5.5 Dead-Time Insertion

The dead time generator inserts an “off” period called “dead time” between the turnings off of one pin to the turning on of the complementary pin of the paired pins. This is to prevent damage to the power switching devices that will be connected to the PWM output pins. The complementary output pair mode has an 11-bit down counter used to produce the dead time insertion. The complementary outputs are delayed until the timer counts down to 0.

The dead-time can be calculated from the following formula:

$$\text{Dead-time} = \text{EPWMx\_CLK} * (\text{DTCNT} (\text{PDTCT}[10:0]) + 1).$$

The timing diagram Figure 6-53 indicates the dead time insertion for one pair of PWM signals.

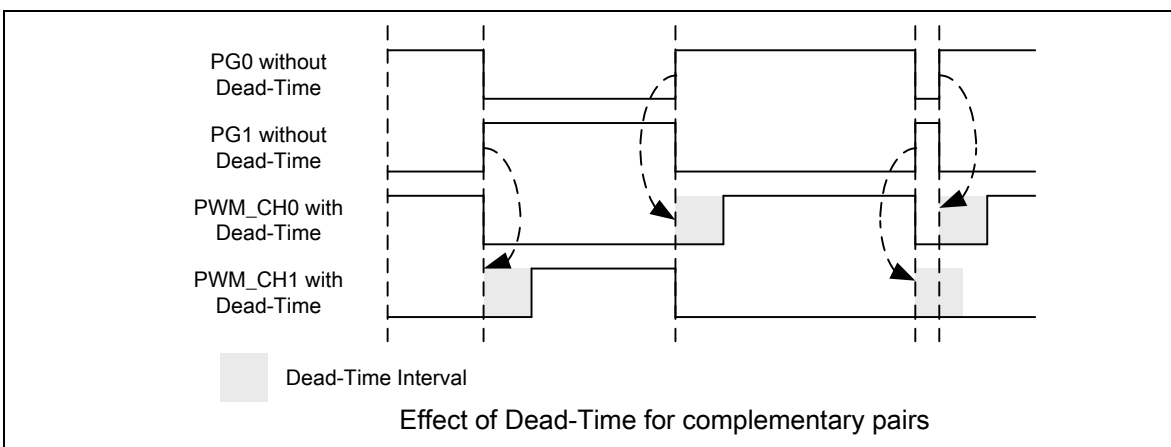


Figure 6-53 Dead-Time Insertion

The PWM Dead-time Control Register, PDTC, has write-protection. In the power inverter applications, a dead time insertion avoids the upper and lower switches of the half bridge from being active at the same time. Hence the dead time control is crucial to proper operation of a system. Some amount of time must be provided between turning off of one PWM output in a complementary pair and turning on the other transistor as the power output devices cannot switch instantaneously.

#### 6.8.5.6 Synchronous Mode

Synchronous mode is enabled when PMOD (PWMCON[1:0]) = 10b.

In the synchronization mode the PWM pair signals from PWM Generator are in-phase.

PG1=PG0, PG3=PG2 and PG5=PG4.

#### 6.8.5.7 Group Mode

Group mode is enabled when GRP (PWMCON[13]) = 1.

This device supports Group Mode control. This control allows all even PWM channels output to be duty controllable by PWM0 duty register.

If GRP = 1, both (PG2, PG3) and (PG4, PG5) pairs will follow (PG0, PG1), which imply;

PG4 = PG2 = PG0;

PG5 = PG3 = PG1 = invert (PG0) if Complementary mode is enabled (PMOD (PWMCON[1:0])=01b)

#### 6.8.5.8 Polarity Control

Each PWM port of from PWM\_CH0 to PWM\_CH5 has independent polarity control to configure the polarity of active state of PWM output. By default, the PWM output is active high. This implies the PWM OFF state is low and ON state is high. This is controllable through the PWM Negative Polarity Control Register, PNPC, on each individual PWM channel.

Figure 6-54 shows the initial state before PWM starts with different polarity settings.

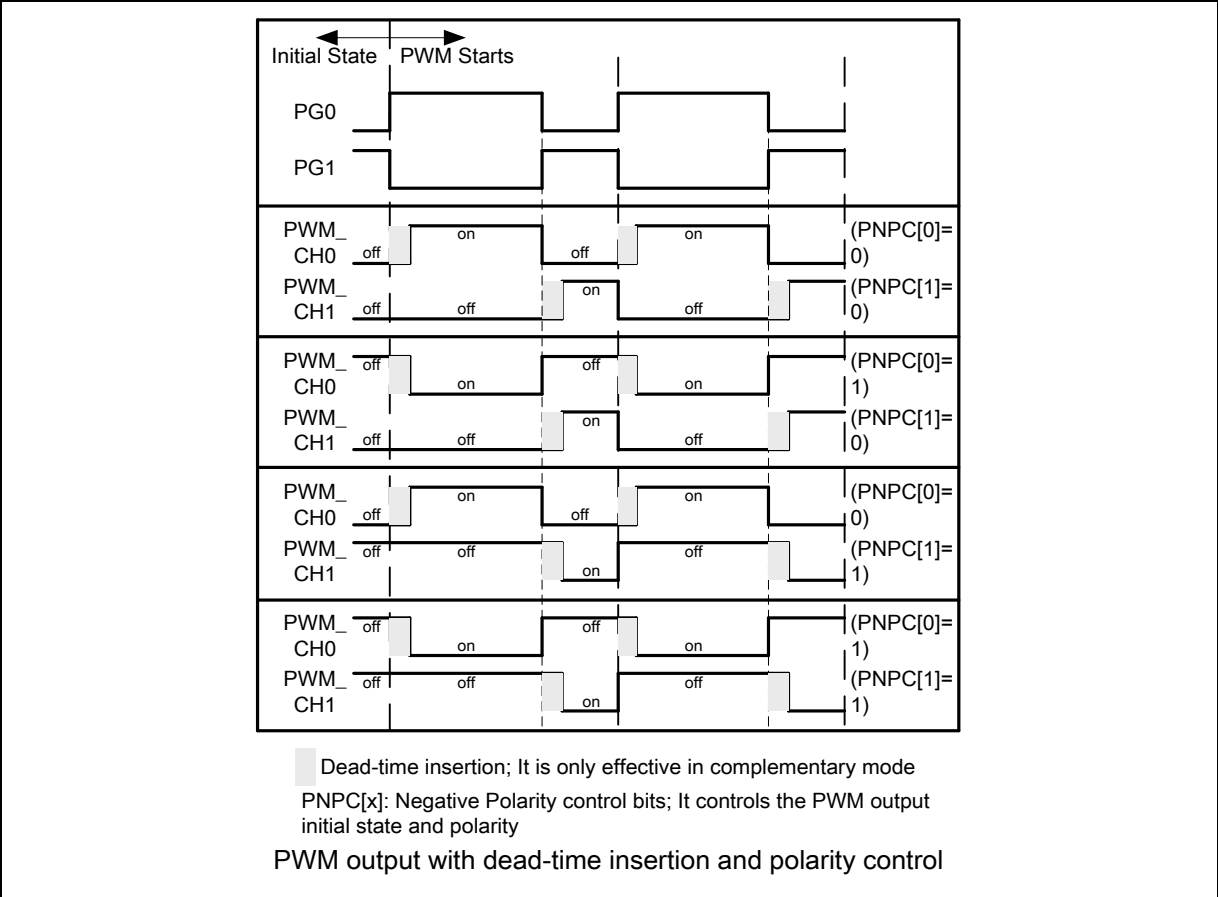
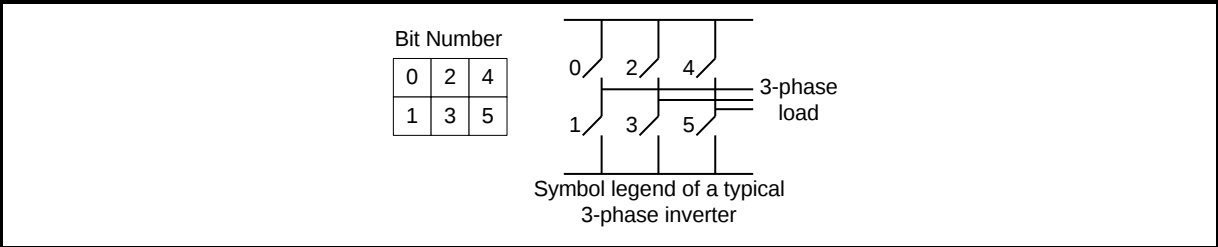


Figure 6-54 Initial State and Polarity Control with Rising Edge Dead Time Insertion

6.8.5.9 PWM Mask Output Function

Each of the PWM output channels can be manually overridden by using the appropriate bits in the PWM Mask Enable Control Register (PMSKE) and PWM Masked Data Register (PMSKD) to drive the PWM I/O pins to specified logic states independent of the duty cycle comparison units. The PWM mask bits are useful when controlling various types of Electrically Commutated Motor (ECM) like a BLDC motor. The PMSKE register contains six bits, PMSKE[5:0] determine which PWM I/O pins will be overridden. On reset PMSKE is 00H. The PMSKD register contains six bits, PMSKD[5:0] determine the state of the PWM I/O pins when a particular output is masked via the PMSKD bits. On reset PMSKD is 00H. The PMSKE[5:0] bits are active-high. When the PMSKE[5:0] bits are set, the corresponding PMSKD[5:0] bit will have effect on the PWM channel. When one of the PMSKE bits is sets, the output on the corresponding PWM I/O pin will be determined by the state of the PMSKD bit and polarity control bit.



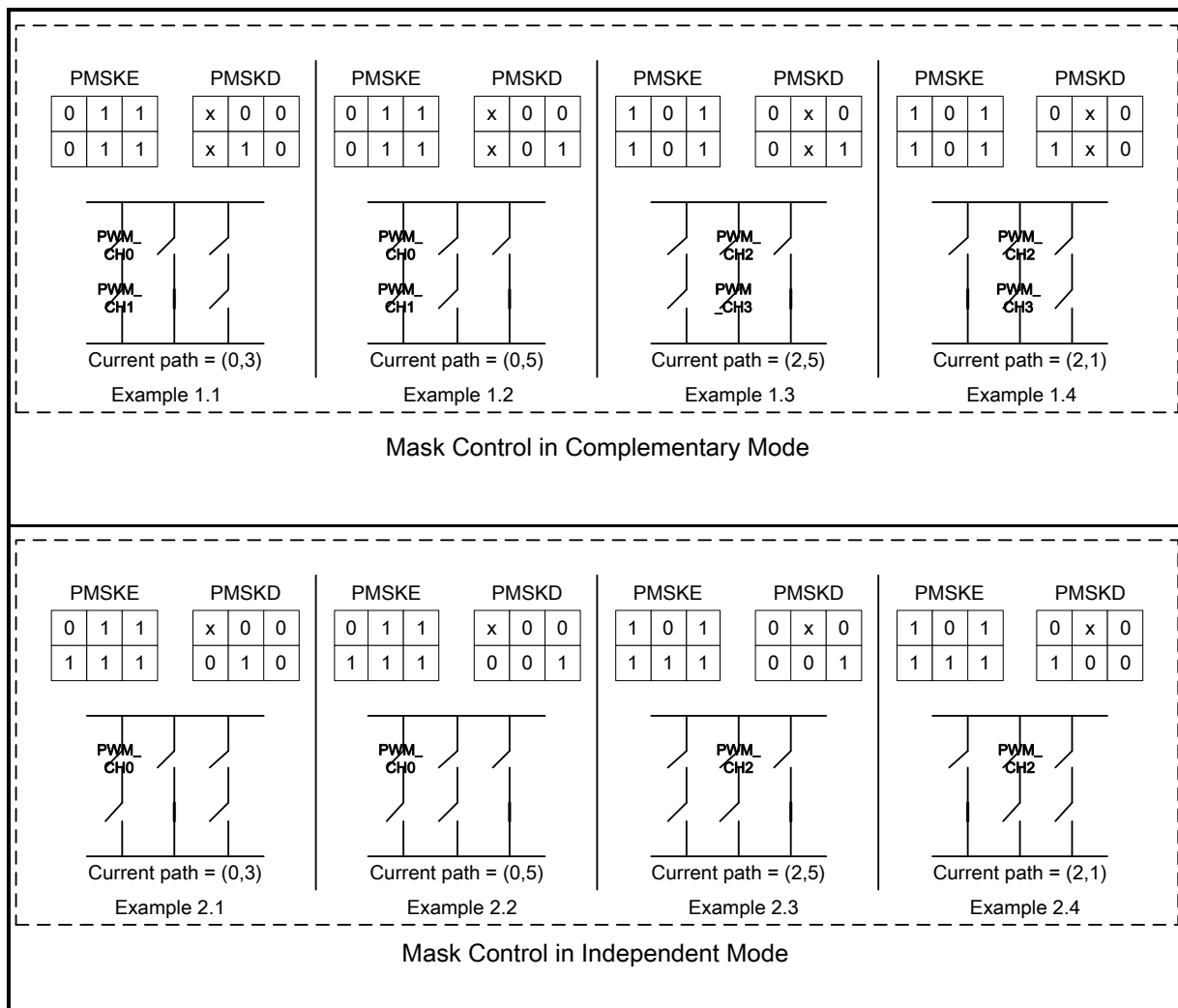


Figure 6-55 Illustration of Mask Control

Figure above shows example of how PWM mask control can be used for the override feature.

**In example 1.1: PMSKE[5:0] = 11 1100b, PMSKD[5:0] = 0010xxb (Complementary Mode)**

PWM channels 2-5 are masked from PWM frequency/duty generators.

PWM channels 2-5 outputs are determined by state of PMSKD bits.

PWM channels 0 and 1 follow PWM generator.

Switch 0 (On/Off) : Control by PWM\_CH0 (PWM0 frequency/duty generator).

Switch 1 (On/Off) : Control by PWM\_CH1 (inverted of PWM0, complementary mode).

Switch 2 (Off) : PMSKD[2] = 0.

Switch 3 (On) : PMSKD[3] = 1.

Switch 4 (Off) : PMSKD[4] = 0.

Switch 5 (Off) : PMSKD[5] = 0.

**In example 1.3: PMSKE[5:0] = 11 0011b, PMSKD[5:0] = 10xx00b (Complementary Mode)**

PWM channels 0, 1, 4 and 5 are masked from PWM frequency/duty generators.

PWM channels 0, 1, 4 and 5 outputs are determined by state of PMSKD bits.

PWM channels 2 and 3 follow PWM generator.

Switch 0 (Off) : PMSKD[0] = 0.

Switch 1 (Off) : PMSKD[1] = 0.

Switch 2 (On/Off) : Control by PWM\_CH2 (PWM2 frequency/duty generator).

Switch 3 (On/Off) : Control by PWM\_CH3 (inverted of PWM2, complementary mode).

Switch 4 (Off) : PMSKD[4] = 0.

Switch 5 (On) : PMSKD[5] = 1.

**In example 2.1; PMSKE[5:0] = 11 1110b, PMSKD[5:0] = 00100xb (Independent Mode)**

PWM channels 1-5 are masked from PWM frequency/duty generators.

PWM channels 1-5 outputs are determined by state of PMSKD bits.

PWM channel 0 follow PWM generator.

Switch 0 (On/Off) : Control by PWM\_CH0 (PWM0 frequency/duty generator).

Switch 1 (Off) : PMSKD[1] = 0.

Switch 2 (Off) : PMSKD[2] = 0.

Switch 3 (On) : PMSKD[3] = 1.

Switch 4 (Off) : PMSKD[4] = 0.

Switch 5 (Off) : PMSKD[5] = 0.

**In example 2.3; PMSKE[5:0] = 11 1011b, PMSKD[5:0] = 100x00b (Independent Mode)**

PWM channels 0,1,3,4 and 5 are masked from PWM frequency/duty generators.

PWM channels 0,1,3,4 and 5 outputs are determined by state of PMSKD bits.

PWM channel 2 follow PWM generator.

Switch 0 (Off) : PMSKD[0] = 0.

Switch 1 (Off) : PMSKD[1] = 0.

Switch 2 (On/Off) : Control by PWM\_CH2 (PWM2 frequency/duty generator).

Switch 3 (Off) : PMSKD[3] = 0.

Switch 4 (Off) : PMSKD[4] = 0.

Switch 5 (On) : PMSKD[5] = 1.

**6.8.5.10 Enhanced PWM trigger EADC**

EPWM can generate trigger signals to EADC, when PWM channels output rising or falling in Figure 6-56.

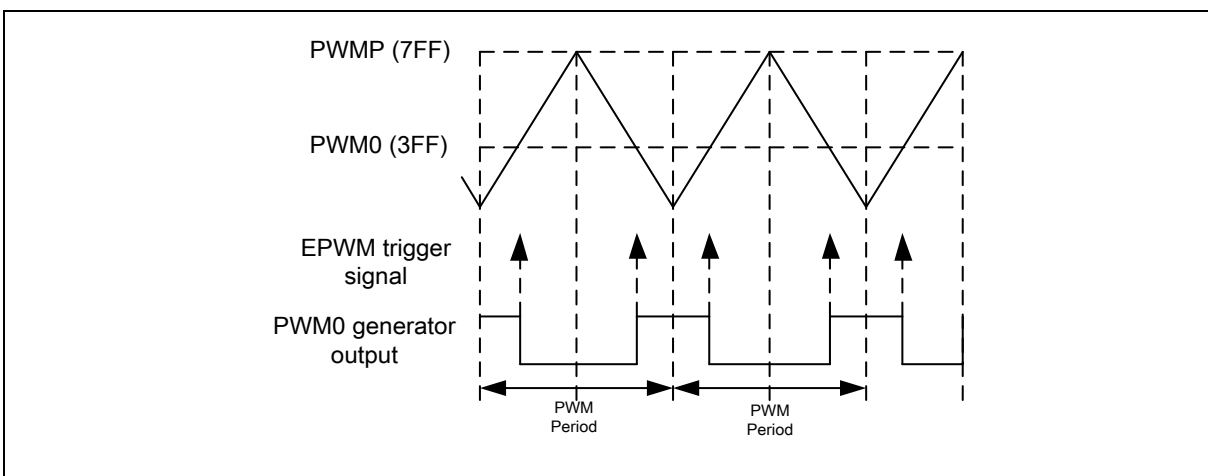


Figure 6-56 EPWM Trigger EADC Timing Diagram

### 6.8.5.11 Interrupt Architecture of Enhanced PWM

There are six interrupt sources for each PWM unit, including PWM period flag (PWMF), Brake0 flag (BKF0), Brake1 flag (BKF1), PWM0 edge flag, PWM2 edge flag and PWM4 edge flag. The bit BRKI\_EN (PWMCON[5]) controls the brake interrupt enable; the bit PWMI\_EN (PWMCON[4]) controls the PWM periodic interrupt enable; the bit PWM0EI\_EN (PWMEIC[0]) controls the PWM0 edge interrupt enable; the bit PWM2EI\_EN (PWMEIC[1]) controls the PWM2 edge interrupt enable; the bit PWM4EI\_EN (PWMEIC[2]) controls the PWM4 edge interrupt enable.

**Note:** All the interrupt flags are set by hardware and must be cleared by writing 1 to flags through software.

Figure 6-57 demonstrates the architecture of enhanced PWM interrupts.

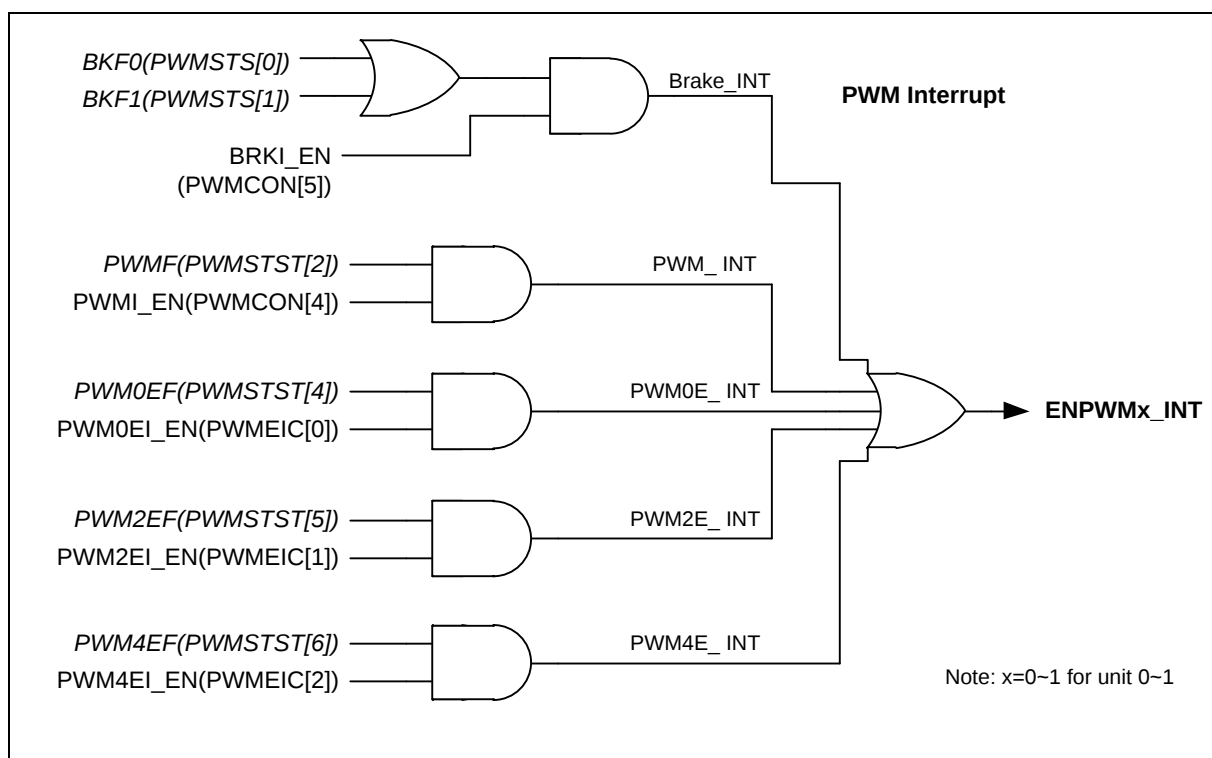


Figure 6-57 Architecture of Enhanced PWM Interrupts

### 6.8.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                                             | Offset        | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>EPWM Base Address:</b><br>$EPWMx\_BA = 0x4019\_0000 + (0x4000 * x)$<br>$x = 0, 1$ |               |     |                                         |             |
| <b>PWMCON</b>                                                                        | EPWMx_BA+0x00 | R/W | EPWM Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWMSTS</b>                                                                        | EPWMx_BA+0x04 | R/W | EPWM Status Register                    | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWMP</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x08 | R/W | EPWM Period Register                    | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWM0</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x0C | R/W | EPWM PWM0 Duty Register                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWM2</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x10 | R/W | EPWM PWM2 Duty Register                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWM4</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x14 | R/W | EPWM PWM4 Duty Register                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PMSKE</b>                                                                         | EPWMx_BA+0x18 | R/W | EPWM Mask Mode Enable Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PMSKD</b>                                                                         | EPWMx_BA+0x1C | R/W | EPWM Mask Mode Data Register            | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PDTC</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x2C | R/W | EPWM Dead-time Control Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWMB</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x30 | R/W | EPWM Brake Output Register              | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PNPC</b>                                                                          | EPWMx_BA+0x34 | R/W | EPWM Negative Polarity Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWMFCNT</b>                                                                       | EPWMx_BA+0x3C | R/W | EPWMF Compared Counter Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>PWMEIC</b>                                                                        | EPWMx_BA+0x40 | R/W | EPWM Edge Interrupt Control Register    | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.8.7 Register Description

#### EPWM Control Register (PWMCON)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| PWMCON   | EPWMx_BA+0x00 | R/W | EPWM Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31      | 30       | 29        | 28        | 27       | 26        | 25        | 24        |
|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| CLDMD   | Reserved | BK1NF_DIS | BK0NF_DIS | LVDBK_EN | CPO2BK_EN | CPO1BK_EN | CPO0BK_EN |
| 23      | 22       | 21        | 20        | 19       | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| BK1FILT |          | BK0FILT   |           | BK1SEL   |           | BKEN1     | BKEN0     |
| 15      | 14       | 13        | 12        | 11       | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| INVBKP1 | INVBKP0  | GRP       | PWMTYPE   | CLRPWM   | Reserved  | PWMINV    | INT_TYPE  |
| 7       | 6        | 5         | 4         | 3        | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| PWMRUN  | LOAD     | BRKI_EN   | PWMI_EN   | PWMDIV   |           | PWMMOD    |           |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31] | CLDMD       | <b>Center Reload Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = EPWM reload duty register at the period point of PWM counter.<br>1 = EPWM reload duty register at the center point of PWM counter.<br>This bit only works when EPWM operating in Center-aligned mode. |
| [30] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [29] | BK1NF_DIS   | <b>PWM Brake 1 Noise Filter Disable Bit</b><br>0 = Noise filter of PWM Brake 1 Enabled.<br>1 = Noise filter of PWM Brake 1 Disabled.                                                                                                              |
| [28] | BK0NF_DIS   | <b>PWM Brake 0 Noise Filter Disable Bit</b><br>0 = Noise filter of PWM Brake 0 Enabled.<br>1 = Noise filter of PWM Brake 0 Disabled.                                                                                                              |
| [27] | LVDBK_EN    | <b>Low-level Detection Trigger PWM Brake Function 1 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Brake Function 1 triggered by Low-level detection Disabled.<br>1 = Brake Function 1 triggered by Low-level detection Enabled.                                           |
| [26] | CPO2BK_EN   | <b>ACMP2 Digital Output As Brake 0 Source Enable Bit</b><br>0 = CO2 (ACMPSR[10]) as one brake source in Brake 0 Disabled.<br>1 = CO2 (ACMPSR[10]) as one brake source in Brake 0 Enabled.                                                         |
| [25] | CPO1BK_EN   | <b>ACMP1 Digital Output As Brake 0 Source Enable Bit</b><br>0 = CO1 (ACMPSR[9]) as one brake source in Brake 0 Disabled.<br>1 = CO1 (ACMPSR[9]) as one brake source in Brake 0 Enabled.                                                           |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [24]    | CPO0BK_EN   | <b>ACMP0 Digital Output As Brake0 Source Enable Bit</b><br>0 = CO0 (ACMP0SR[8]) as one brake source in Brake 0 Disabled.<br>1 = CO0 (ACMP0SR[8]) as one brake source in Brake 0 Enabled.                                                                                                                                                            |
| [23:22] | BK1FILT     | <b>Brake 1 (BKPx1 Pin) Edge Detector Filter Clock Selection</b><br>00 = filter clock is HCLK.<br>01 = filter clock is HCLK/2.<br>10 = filter clock is HCLK/4.<br>11 = filter clock is HCLK/16.                                                                                                                                                      |
| [21:20] | BK0FILT     | <b>Brake 0 (BKPx0 Pin) Edge Detector Filter Clock Selection</b><br>00 = filter clock is HCLK.<br>01 = filter clock is HCLK/2.<br>10 = filter clock is HCLK/4.<br>11 = filter clock is HCLK/16.                                                                                                                                                      |
| [19:18] | BK1SEL      | <b>Brake Function 1 Source Selection</b><br>00 = brake signal is from external pin EPWMx_BRAKE1 (x=0~1 for unit0~1).<br>01 = brake signal is from analog comparator 0 output CO0 (ACMP0SR[8]).<br>10 = brake signal is from analog comparator 1 output CO1 (ACMP0SR[9]).<br>11 = brake signal is from analog comparator 2 output CO2 (ACMP0SR[10]). |
| [17]    | BKEN1       | <b>BRAKE1 Pin Trigger Brake Function 1 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWMx brake function 1 Disabled.<br>1 = PWMx brake function 1 Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> x=0~1 for PWM unit0~1.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [16]    | BKEN0       | <b>BRAKE0 Pin Trigger Brake Function 0 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWMx brake function 0 Disabled.<br>1 = PWMx brake function 0 Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> x = 0~1 for PWM unit0~1.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [15]    | INVBKP1     | <b>Inverse Brake 1 Pin State</b><br>0 = The state of pin EPWMx_BRAKE1 is passed to the negative edge detector.<br>1 = The inversed state of pin EPWMx_BRAKE1 is passed to the negative edge detector.                                                                                                                                               |
| [14]    | INVBKP0     | <b>Inverse Brake 0 Pin State</b><br>0 = The state of pin EPWMx_BRAKE0 is passed to the negative edge detector.<br>1 = The inversed state of pin EPWMx_BRAKE0 is passed to the negative edge detector.                                                                                                                                               |
| [13]    | GRP         | <b>Group Bit</b><br>0 = The signals timing of PWM_CH0, PWM_CH2 and PWM_CH4 are independent.<br>1 = Unify the signals timing of PWM_CH0, PWM_CH2 and PWM_CH4 in the same phase which is controlled by PWM_CH0.                                                                                                                                       |
| [12]    | PWMTYPE     | <b>PWM Aligned Type Selection Bit</b><br>0 = Edge-aligned type.<br>1 = Center-aligned type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [11]    | CLRPWM      | <b>Clear PWM Counter Control Bit</b><br>0 = Ignored.<br>1 = Clear 16-bit PWM counter to 0000H.<br><b>Note:</b> It is automatically cleared by hardware.                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| Bits  | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [10]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [9]   | PWMINV      | <b>Inverse PWM Comparator Output</b><br>When PWMINV is set to high the PWM comparator output signals will be inverted, therefore the PWM Duty (in percentage) is changed to (1-Duty) before PWMINV is set to high.<br>0 = Not inverse PWM comparator output.<br>1 = Inverse PWM comparator output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [8]   | INT_TYPE    | <b>PWM Interrupt Type Selection Bit</b><br>0 = PWMF will be set if PWM counter underflow.<br>1 = PWMF will be set if PWM counter matches PWMP register.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is effective when PWM is in Center-aligned mode only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [7]   | PWMRUN      | <b>Start PWMRUN Control Bit</b><br>0 = The PWM stops running.<br>1 = The PWM counter starts running.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [6]   | LOAD        | <b>Reload PWM Period Registers (PWMP) and PWM Duty Registers (PWM0~4) Control Bit</b><br>0 = No action if written with 0. The value of PWM period register (PWMP) and PWM duty registers (PWM0~PWM4) are not loaded to PWM counter and Comparator registers.<br>1 = Hardware will update the value of PWM period register (PWMP) and PWM duty registers (PWM0~PWM4) to PWM Counter and Comparator register at the time of PWM Counter matches PWMP in Edge- and Center-aligned modes or at the time of PWM Counter down counts with underflow in Center-aligned mode.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is written by software, cleared by hardware, and always read as 0. |
| [5]   | BRKI_EN     | <b>Brake0 and Brak1 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Flags BKF0 (PWMSTS[0]) and BKF1 (PWMSTS[1]) Disabled to trigger PWM interrupt.<br>1 = Flags BKF0 (PWMSTS[0]) and BKF1 (PWMSTS[1]) Enabled to trigger PWM interrupt.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [4]   | PWMI_EN     | <b>PWM Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Flag PWMF (PWMSTS[2]) Disabled to trigger PWM interrupt.<br>1 = Flag PWMF (PWMSTS[2]) Enabled to trigger PWM interrupt.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [3:2] | PWMDIV      | <b>PWM Clock Pre-divider Selection</b><br>00 = PWM clock is EPWMx_CLK.<br>01 = PWM clock is EPWMx_CLK/2.<br>10 = PWM clock is EPWMx_CLK/4.<br>11 = PWM clock is EPWMx_CLK/16.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [1:0] | PWMMOD      | <b>PWM Mode Selection</b><br>00 = PWM mode is independent mode.<br>01 = PWM mode is pair/complementary mode.<br>10 = PWM mode is synchronized mode.<br>11 = Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

# EPWM Status Register (PWMSTS)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| PWMSTS   | EPWMx_BA+0x04 | R/W | EPWM Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |        |        |        |          |      |        |        |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|------|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30     | 29     | 28     | 27       | 26   | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |      | BK1STS | BK0STS |
| 23       | 22     | 21     | 20     | 19       | 18   | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |      |        |        |
| 15       | 14     | 13     | 12     | 11       | 10   | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |      |        | BK1K0  |
| 7        | 6      | 5      | 4      | 3        | 2    | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved | PWM4EF | PWM2EF | PWM0EF | Reserved | PWMF | BKF1   | BKF0   |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:26] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [25]    | <b>BK1STS</b><br><b>Brake 1 Status (Read Only)</b><br>0 = PWM had been out of Brake 1 state.<br>1 = PWM is in Brake 1 state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [24]    | <b>BK0STS</b><br><b>Brake 0 Status (Read Only)</b><br>0 = PWM had been out of Brake 0 state.<br>1 = PWM is in Brake 0 state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [23:9]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [8]     | <b>BK1K0</b><br><b>PWM Brake 0 Locked</b><br>0 = Brake 0 state is released.<br>1 = When PWM Brake detects a falling signal at EPWMx_BRAKE0, x=0, 1. This flag will be set to high to indicate the Brake 0 state is locked.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software.                                                                                                          |
| [7]     | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [6]     | <b>PWM4EF</b><br><b>PWM Channel 4 Edge Flag</b><br>0 = PWM_CH4 not toggled.<br>1 = Hardware will set this flag to high at the time of PWM_CH4 rising or falling. If EINT4_TYPE (PWMEIC[10]) = 0, this bit is set when PWM_CH4 falling is detected. If EINT4_TYPE (PWMEIC[10]) = 1, this bit is set when PWM_CH4 rising is detected.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software. |
| [5]     | <b>PWM2EF</b><br><b>PWM Channel 2 Edge Flag</b><br>0 = PWM_CH2 not toggled.<br>1 = Hardware will set this flag to high at the time of PWM_CH2 rising or falling. If EINT2_TYPE (PWMEIC[9]) = 0, this bit is set when PWM_CH2 falling is detected. If EINT2_TYPE (PWMEIC[9]) = 1, this bit is set when PWM_CH2 rising is detected.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software.   |

|     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [4] | PWM0EF   | <b>PWM Channel 0 Edge Flag</b><br>0 = PWM_CH0 not toggled.<br>1 = Hardware will set this flag to high at the time of PWM_CH0 rising or falling. If EINT0_TYPE (PWMEIC[8]) = 0, this bit is set when PWM_CH0 falling is detected. If EINT0_TYPE (PWMEIC[8]) = 1, this bit is set when PWM_CH0 rising is detected.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software.            |
| [3] | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [2] | PWMF     | <b>PWM Period Flag</b><br>0 = The PWM Counter has not up counted to the value of PWMP or down counted with underflow.<br>1 = Hardware will set this flag to high at the time of PWM Counter matches PWMP in Edge- and Center-aligned modes or at the time of PWM Counter down counts with underflow in Center-aligned mode.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software. |
| [1] | BKF1     | <b>PWM Brake1 Flag</b><br>0 = PWM Brake 1 is able to poll falling signal at EPWMx_BRAKE1, x=0, 1 and has not recognized any one.<br>1 = When PWM Brake 1 detects a falling signal at pin EPWMx_BRAKE1, x=0, 1, this flag will be set to high.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software.                                                                               |
| [0] | BKF0     | <b>PWM Brake0 Flag</b><br>0 = PWM Brake 0 is able to poll falling signal at EPWMx_BRAKE0, x=0, 1 and has not recognized any one.<br>1 = When PWM Brake 0 detects a falling signal at EPWMx_BRAKE0, x=0, 1, this flag will be set to high.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit must be cleared by writing 1 to itself through software.                                                                                   |

### EPWM Period Register (PWMP)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| PWMP     | EPWMx_BA+0x08 | R/W | EPWM Period Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PWMP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PWMP     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [15:0]  | <b>PWMP</b><br><b>PWM Period Register</b><br><b>Edge-aligned:</b><br>Period = (PWMP + 1) * EPWMx_CLK period/pre-scalar.<br>Duty = (Duty + 1) * EPWMx_CLK period /pre-scalar.<br><b>Centre-aligned:</b><br>Period = (PWMP* 2) * EPWMx_CLK period/pre-scalar.<br>Duty = (Duty*2 + 1) * EPWMx_CLK period/pre-scalar. |

### EPWM Duty Register (PWM0/2/4)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description             | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|
| PWM0     | EPWMx_BA+0x0C | R/W | EPWM PWM0 Duty Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| PWM2     | EPWMx_BA+0x10 | R/W | EPWM PWM2 Duty Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| PWM4     | EPWMx_BA+0x14 | R/W | EPWM PWM4 Duty Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| PWM_Duty |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| PWM_Duty |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [15:0]  | <p><b>PWM Duty Register</b></p> <p><b>Edge-aligned:</b><br/> <math>\text{Period} = (\text{PWMP} + 1) * \text{EPWMx\_CLK period/pre-scalar.}</math><br/> <math>\text{Duty} = (\text{Duty} + 1) * \text{EPWMx\_CLK period /pre-scalar.}</math></p> <p><b>Centre-aligned:</b><br/> <math>\text{Period} = (\text{PWMP} * 2) * \text{EPWMx\_CLK period/pre-scalar.}</math><br/> <math>\text{Duty} = (\text{Duty} * 2 + 1) * \text{EPWMx\_CLK period/pre-scalar.}</math></p> |

### EPWM Mask Mode Enable Control Register (PMSKE)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| PMSKE    | EPWMx_BA+0x18 | R/W | EPWM Mask Mode Enable Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29    | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21    | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13    | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5     | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | PMSKE |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [5:0]  | PMSKE       | <b>PWM Mask Enable Bits</b><br>The PWM generator signal will be masked when this bit is enabled. The corresponding PWM channel n will be output with PMSKD[n] data.<br>0 = PWM generator signal is output to next stage.<br>1 = PWM generator signal is masked and PMSKD[n] is output to next stage, n = 0~5. |

### EPWM Mask Mode Data Register (PMSKD)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| PMSKD    | EPWMx_BA+0x1C | R/W | EPWM Mask Mode Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29    | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21    | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13    | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5     | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | PMSKD |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [5:0]  | PMSKD       | <b>PWM Mask Data Bit</b><br>This data bit control the state of PWM_CHn output pin, if corresponding PMSKE[n] = 1, n = 0~5.<br>0 = Output logic low to PWM_CHn.<br>1 = Output logic high to PWM_CHn. |

### EPWM Dead-time Control Register (PDTC)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                     | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|
| PDTC     | EPWMx_BA+0x2C | R/W | EPWM Dead-time Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |       |       |       |
|----------|----|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26    | 25    | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |       |       |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18    | 17    | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | DTEN4 | DTEN2 | DTEN0 |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10    | 9     | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | DTCNT |       |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2     | 1     | 0     |
| DTCNT    |    |    |    |    |       |       |       |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:19] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [18]    | <b>DTEN4</b><br><b>Enable Dead-time Insertion for PWMx Pair (PWM_CH4, PWM_CH5)</b><br>Dead-time insertion is only active when this pair of complementary PWM is enabled. If dead-time insertion is inactive, the outputs of pin pair are complementary without any delay.<br>0 = Dead-time insertion Disabled on the pin pair (PWM_CH4, PWM_CH5).<br>1 = Dead-time insertion Enabled on the pin pair (PWM_CH4, PWM_CH5).<br><b>Note:</b> x=0~1 for PWM unit0~1. |
| [17]    | <b>DTEN2</b><br><b>Enable Dead-time Insertion for PWMx Pair (PWM_CH2, PWM_CH3)</b><br>Dead-time insertion is only active when this pair of complementary PWM is enabled. If dead-time insertion is inactive, the outputs of pin pair are complementary without any delay.<br>0 = Dead-time insertion Disabled on the pin pair (PWM_CH2, PWM_CH3).<br>1 = Dead-time insertion Enabled on the pin pair (PWM_CH2, PWM_CH3).<br><b>Note:</b> x=0~1 for PWM unit0~1. |
| [16]    | <b>DTEN0</b><br><b>Enable Dead-time Insertion for PWMx Pair (PWM_CH0, PWM_CH1)</b><br>Dead-time insertion is only active when this pair of complementary PWM is enabled. If dead-time insertion is inactive, the outputs of pin pair are complementary without any delay.<br>0 = Dead-time insertion Disabled on the pin pair (PWM_CH0, PWM_CH1).<br>1 = Dead-time insertion Enabled on the pin pair (PWM_CH0, PWM_CH1).<br><b>Note:</b> x=0~1 for PWM unit0~1. |
| [15:11] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [10:0]  | <b>DTCNT</b><br><b>Dead-time Counter</b><br>The dead-time can be calculated according to the following formula:<br>Dead-time = EPWMx_CLK * (DTCNT+1).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### EPWM Brake Output Register (PWMB)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------|
| PWMB     | EPWMx_BA+0x30 | R/W | EPWM Brake Output Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29   | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21   | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13   | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5    | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | PWMB |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [5:0]  | PWMB        | <b>PWM Brake Output</b><br>When PWM Brake is asserted, the PWM_CHn output state before polarity control will follow PWMB[n] setting, n = 0~5.<br>0 = PWM_CHn output before polarity control is low when Brake is asserted.<br>1 = PWM_CHn output before polarity control is high when Brake is asserted. |

### EPWM Negative Polarity Control Register (PNPC)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| PNPC     | EPWMx_BA+0x34 | R/W | EPWM Negative Polarity Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29  | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21  | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13  | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5   | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | PNP |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [5:0]  | PNP         | <b>PWM Negative Polarity Control</b><br>The register bit controls polarity/active state of real PWM_CHn output, n = 0–5.<br>0 = PWM_CHn output is active high.<br>1 = PWM_CHn output is active low. |

### EPWMF Compared Counter Register (PWMFCNT)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                     | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|
| PWMFCNT  | EPWMx_BA+0x3C | R/W | EPWMF Compared Counter Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |         |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|---------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27      | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |         |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19      | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |         |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11      | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |         |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3       | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    |    | PWMFCNT |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:4] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [3:0]  | PWMFCNT     | <p><b>PWMF Compared Counter</b></p> <p>The register sets the count number which defines how many times of PWM period occurs to set bit PWMF (PWMSTS[2]) to request the PWM period interrupt.</p> <p>PWMF (PWMSTS[2]) will be set in every (PWMFCNT[3:0] + 1) times of PWM period or center point defined by INT_TYPE at PWMCON[8] occurs</p> |

### EPWM Edge Interrupt Control Register (PWMEIC)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| PWMEIC   | EPWMx_BA+0x40 | R/W | EPWM Edge Interrupt Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |            |            |            |
|----------|----|----|----|----|------------|------------|------------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26         | 25         | 24         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |            |            |            |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18         | 17         | 16         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |            |            |            |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10         | 9          | 8          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | EINT4_TYPE | EINT2_TYPE | EINT0_TYPE |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2          | 1          | 0          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | PWM4EI_EN  | PWM2EI_EN  | PWM0EI_EN  |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:11] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [10]    | EINT4_TYPE  | <b>PWM Channel 4 Edge Interrupt Type</b><br>0 = PWM4EF will be set if falling edge is detected at PWM_CH4.<br>1 = PWM4EF will be set if rising edge is detected at PWM_CH4. |
| [9]     | EINT2_TYPE  | <b>PWM Channel 2 Edge Interrupt Type</b><br>0 = PWM2EF will be set if falling edge is detected at PWM_CH2.<br>1 = PWM2EF will be set if rising edge is detected at PWM_CH2. |
| [8]     | EINT0_TYPE  | <b>PWM Channel 0 Edge Interrupt Type</b><br>0 = PWM0EF will be set if falling edge is detected at PWM_CH0.<br>1 = PWM0EF will be set if rising edge is detected at PWM_CH0. |
| [7:3]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [2]     | PWM4EI_EN   | <b>Enable PWM Channel 4 Edge Interrupt</b><br>0 = Flag PWM4EF Disabled to trigger PWM interrupt.<br>1 = Flag PWM4EF Enabled to trigger PWM interrupt.                       |
| [1]     | PWM2EI_EN   | <b>Enable PWM Channel 2 Edge Interrupt</b><br>0 = Flag PWM2EF Disabled to trigger PWM interrupt.<br>1 = Flag PWM2EF Enabled to trigger PWM interrupt.                       |
| [0]     | PWM0EI_EN   | <b>Enable PWM Channel 0 Edge Interrupt</b><br>0 = Flag PWM0EF Disabled to trigger PWM interrupt.<br>1 = Flag PWM0EF Enabled to trigger PWM interrupt.                       |

## 6.9 Enhanced Input Capture Timer (ECAP)

### 6.9.1 Overview

This device provides up to two units of Input Capture Timer/Counter which capture function can detect the digital edge changed signal at channel inputs. Each unit has three input capture channels. The timer/counter is equipped with up counting, reload and compare-match capabilities.

### 6.9.2 Features

- Up to two Input Capture Timer/Counter Units, Input Capture 0 and Input Capture 1.
- Each unit has own interrupt vector
- 24-bit Input Capture up-counting timer/counter
- With noise filter in front end of input ports
- Edge detector with three options
  - Rising edge detection
  - Falling edge detection
  - Both edge detection
- Each input channel is supported with one capture counter hold register
- Captured event reset/reload capture counter option
- Supports the compare-match function

### 6.9.3 Input Capture Timer/Counter Architecture

Each of the input capture timer/counter unit supports 3 input channels with three programmable input signal sources. The pins ECAPx\_IC0 to ECAPx\_IC2 can be fed to the inputs of capture unit, besides, analog comparator output (COx), OPA digital output (OPDOx), and ADC compare output (ADCMPOx) can also be internally routed to the capture inputs by software configuration. Figure 6-58 illustrates the architecture of Input Capture.

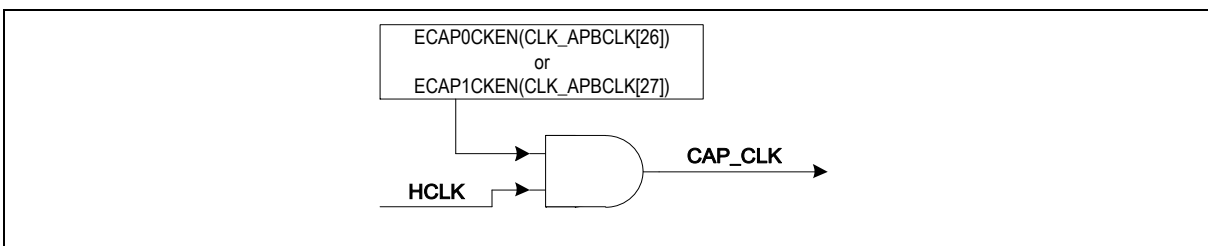


Figure 6-58 Input Capture Timer/Counter Clock Source Control

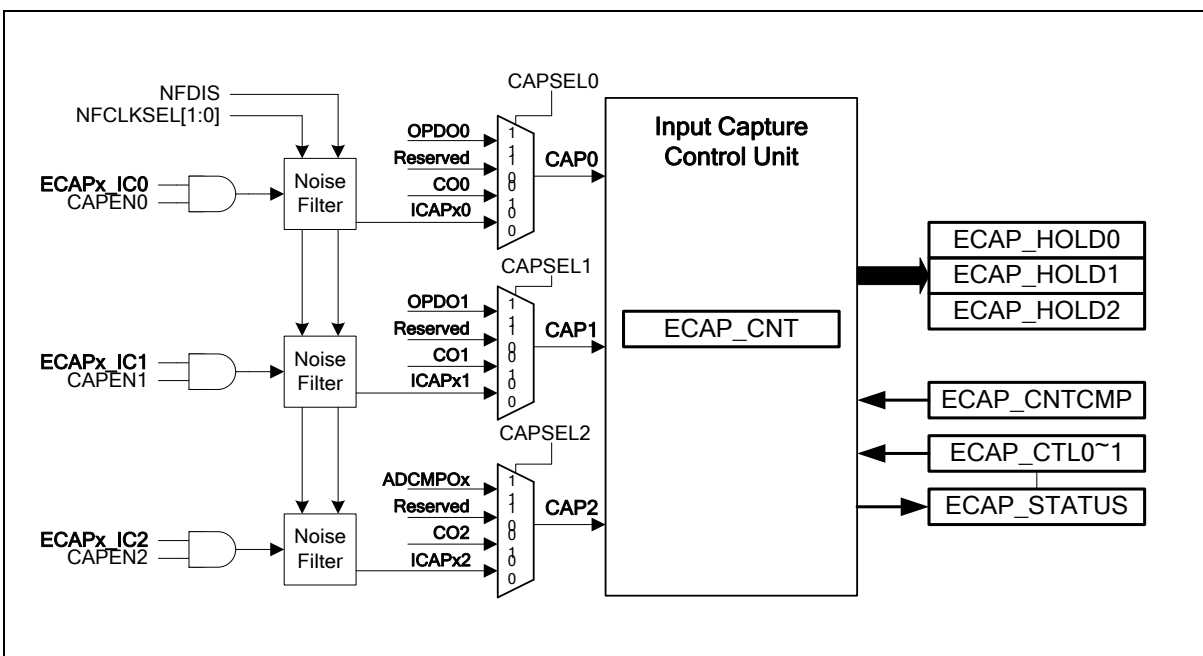


Figure 6-59 Input Capture Timer/Counter Architecture

#### 6.9.4 Input Noise Filter

Each pin of ECAP inputs is equipped a noise filter which can filter the unwanted noise. The ECAPx\_IC0, ECAPx\_IC1 and ECAPx\_IC2 noise filters can be disabled through bits CAPNF\_DIS (ECAP\_CTLx[3]). If enabled, the capture logic required to sample 4 consecutive same capture input value in order to recognize an edge as a capture event. The interval between pulses requirement for input capture is 4 CAP\_CLK clocks width. Any pulse width less than or equal to 3 CAP\_CLK clocks will not have any trigger. ICAPx0, ICAPx1 and ICAPx2 are the outputs of ECAPx\_IC0, ECAPx\_IC1 and ECAPx\_IC2 respectively after going through noise filter and polarity control in Figure 6-60. If the noise filter is disabled the input signals ECAPx\_IC0, ECAPx\_IC1 and ECAPx\_IC2 are passed to the internal signals ICAPx0, ICAPx1 and ICAPx2 respectively without any delay.

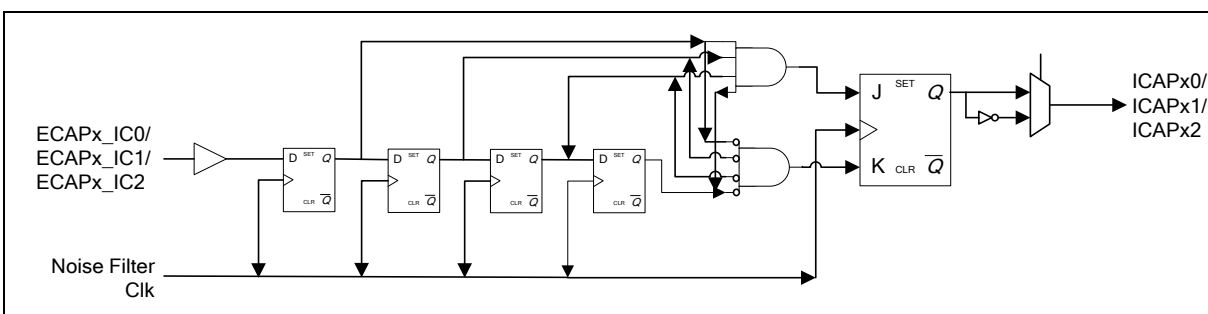


Figure 6-60 Noise Filter Structure

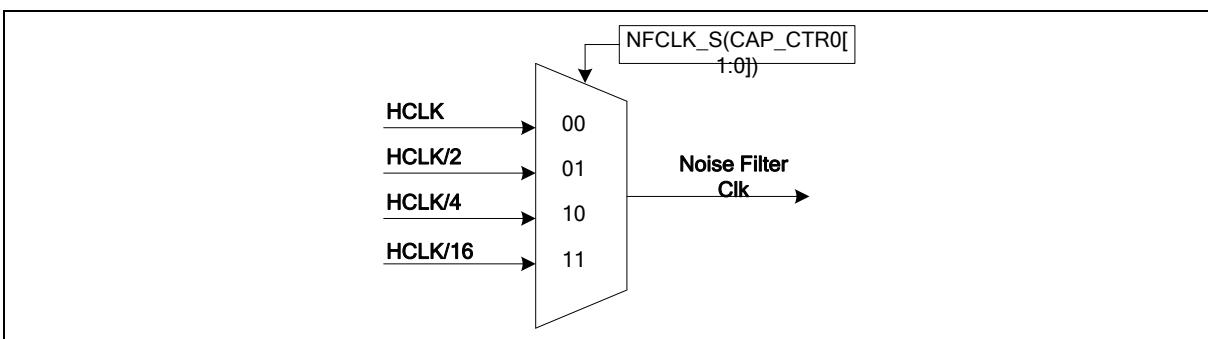


Figure 6-61 Noise Filter Sampling Clock Selection

### 6.9.5 Operation of Input Capture Timer/Counter

The capture modules are functioned to detect and measure pulse width and period of a square wave. The input channel 0 to 2 have their own edge detector but share with one capture timer/counter i.e. CAP\_CNT. The trigger option is programmable through CAPEDG in CAP\_CTR1 register. It supports positive edge, negative edge and both edge triggers. Each capture module consists of an enable control bit, IC0\_EN to IC2\_EN. The capture counter (CAP\_CNT) serves as a 24-bit up counter. It supports reload and compared modes. The Input Capture Timer/Counter Enable bit (CAP\_EN) must be set to enable Input Capture Timer/Counter functions. More details are described in next sections.

#### 6.9.5.1 Capture Function

Each time the capture input trigger is validated, the content of the free running 24 bits capture counter ECAP\_CNT will be captured/transferred into the capture hold registers, ECAP\_HOLD0~2, depending on which channel trigger. This action also causes the CAPF flag bits in ECAP\_STATUS to be set, which will also generate an interrupt (if enabled by CAPIENx (ECAP\_CTL0[16]). The CAPF0~2 flags are logical "OR" to the interrupt module. Flag is set by hardware and cleared by software. Software will have to resolve on the priority of the interrupt flags.

Setting the CPTCLR (ECAP\_CTL0[26]), will allow hardware to reset capture counter (ECAP\_CNT) automatically after the value of ECAP\_CNT has been captured. Priority is given to reset counter after capturing the counter value in the capture register.

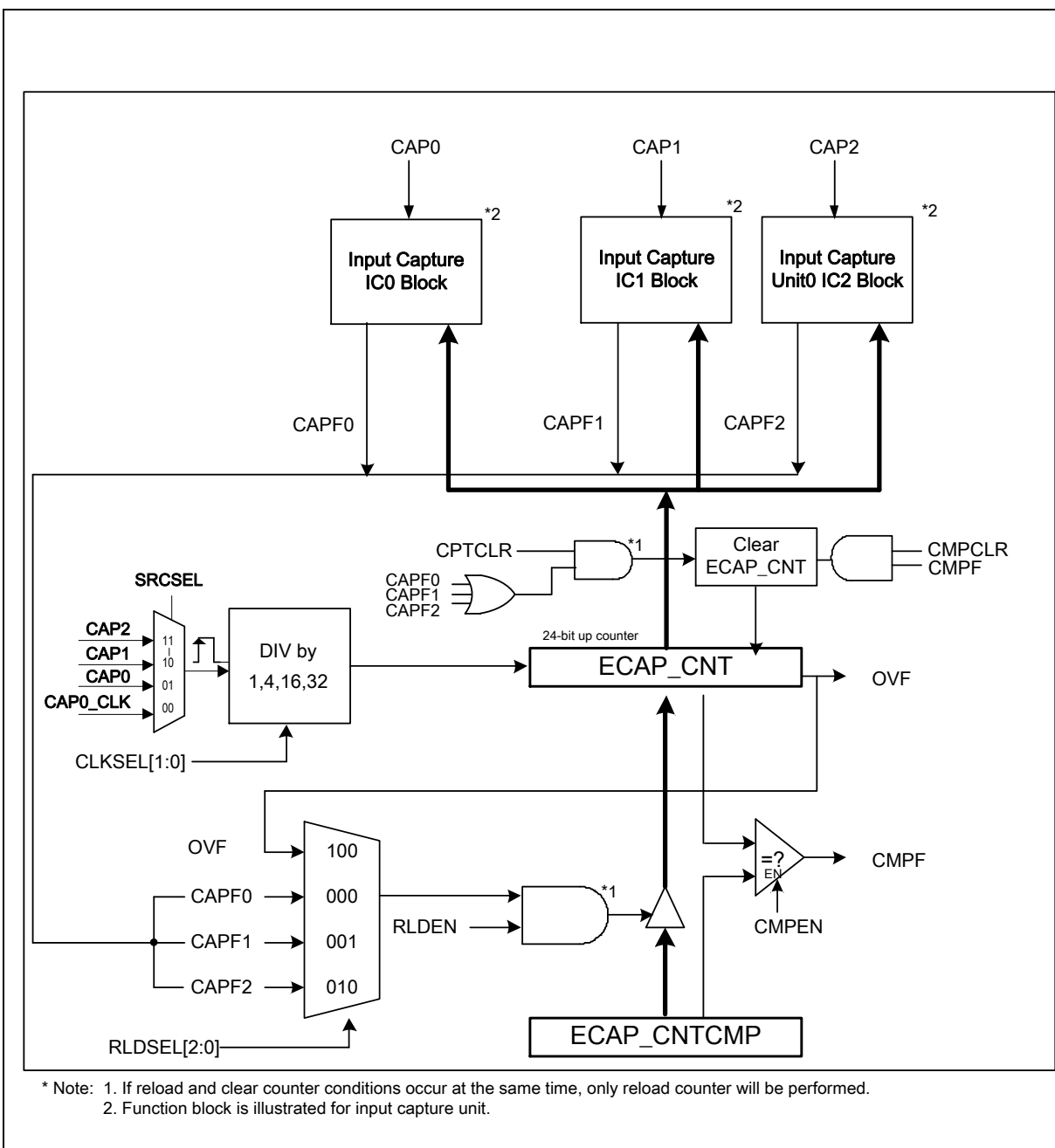


Figure 6-62 Input Capture Timer/Counter Functions Block

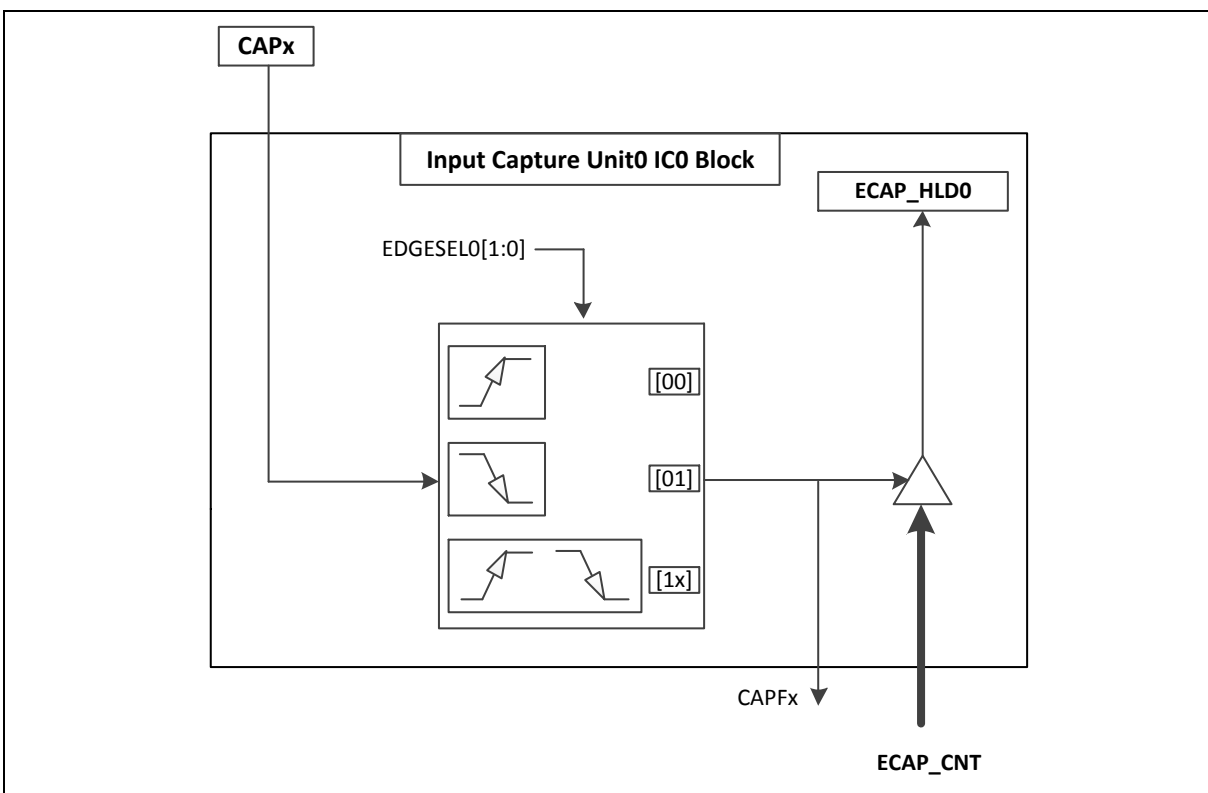


Figure 6-63 Input Capture Units

#### 6.9.5.2 Compare Mode

The compare function is enabled by setting the CMPEN (ECAP\_CTL0[28]) bit to 1. ECAP\_CNTCMP will serve as a compare register. As ECAP\_CNT counting up, upon matching with ECAP\_CNTCMP value, CMPF (ECAP\_STATUS[4]) will be set, which will generate an interrupt request if capture compare interrupt enable bit, CMPIEN (ECAP\_CTL0[21]), is set. And then the timer reload from 0 and starts counting again.

Setting the CMPCLR (ECAP\_CTL0[25]), will allow hardware to reset capture counter automatically after a match has occurred.

#### 6.9.5.3 Reload Mode

Input Capture Timer/Counter can be also be configured for reload mode. The reload function is enabled by setting the RLDEN (ECAP\_CTL0[27]) to 1. In this mode, ECAP\_CNTCMP serves as a reload register. When ECAP\_CNT overflows, a reload is generated that causes the contents of the ECAP\_CNTCMP register to be reloaded into the ECAP\_CNT register, if RLDEN is set. However, if RLDEN = 0, ECAP\_CNT will be reload with 0, and count up again.

Alternatively, other reload source is also possible by the capture inputs by configuring the RLDSEL (ECAP\_CTL1[10:8]). This action also sets the CAPFx flag bits in ECAP\_STATUS register.

#### 6.9.5.4 Input Capture Timer/Counter Interrupt Architecture

There are five interrupt sources for one input capture unit, each one has an interrupt flag and enable control bit, which can trigger Input Capture Timer/Counter Interrupt. Note that all the interrupt flags are set by hardware and must be cleared by software.

Figure 6-64 demonstrates the architecture of Input Capture Timer/Counter interrupts.

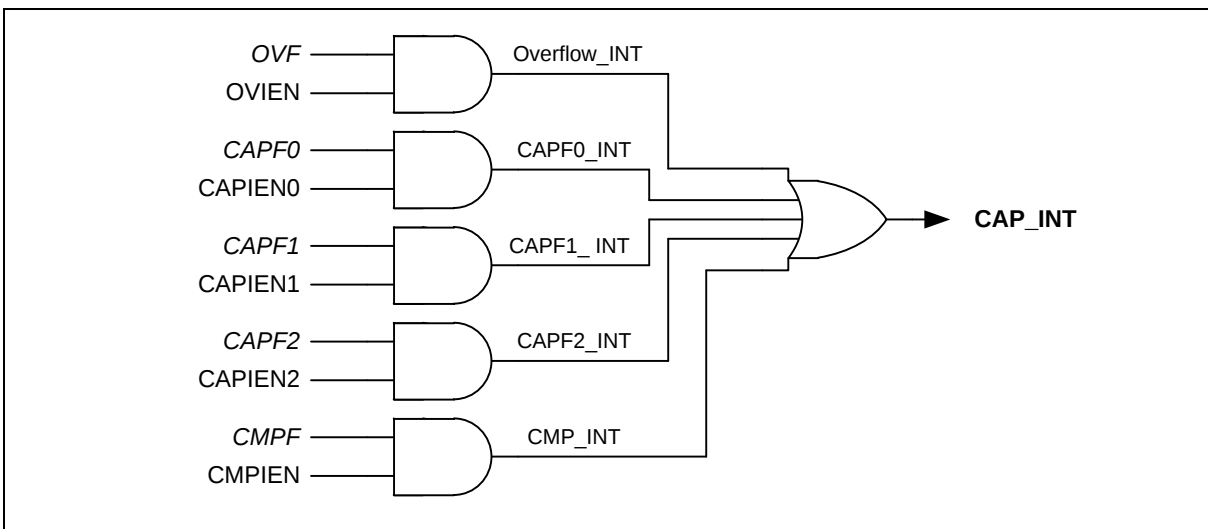


Figure 6-64 Input Capture Timer/Counter Interrupt Architecture Diagram

### 6.9.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                                             | Offset        | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>ECAP Base Address:</b><br>$ECAPn\_BA = 0x401B\_0000 + n \times 0x4000$<br>$n=0,1$ |               |     |                                           |             |
| ECAP_CNT                                                                             | ECAPn_BA+0x00 | R/W | Input Capture Counter (24-bit up counter) | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_HOLD0                                                                           | ECAPn_BA+0x04 | R/W | Input Capture Counter Hold Register 0     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_HOLD1                                                                           | ECAPn_BA+0x08 | R/W | Input Capture Counter Hold Register 1     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_HOLD2                                                                           | ECAPn_BA+0x0C | R/W | Input Capture Counter Hold Register 2     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_CNTCMP                                                                          | ECAPn_BA+0x10 | R/W | Input Capture Counter Compare Register    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_CTL0                                                                            | ECAPn_BA+0x14 | R/W | Input Capture Control Register 0          | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_CTL1                                                                            | ECAPn_BA+0x18 | R/W | Input Capture Control Register 1          | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_STATUS                                                                          | ECAPn_BA+0x1C | R/W | Input Capture Status Register             | 0x0000_0000 |

## 6.9.7 Register Description

### Input Capture Counter (CAP\_CNT)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ECAP_CNT | ECAPn_BA+0x00 | R/W | Input Capture Counter (24-bit up counter) | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [23:0]  | VAL         | <b>Input Capture Timer/Counter</b><br>The input Capture Timer/Counter is a 24-bit up-counting counter. The clock source for the counter is from the clock divider output which the CAP_CLK is software optionally divided by 1,4,16 or 32. |

### Input Capture Counter Hold Register (ECAP\_HOLD0~2)

| Register   | Offset        | R/W | Description                           | Reset Value |
|------------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| ECAP_HOLD0 | ECAPn_BA+0x04 | R/W | Input Capture Counter Hold Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_HOLD1 | ECAPn_BA+0x08 | R/W | Input Capture Counter Hold Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ECAP_HOLD2 | ECAPn_BA+0x0C | R/W | Input Capture Counter Hold Register 2 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [23:0]  | VAL         | <b>Input Capture Counter Hold Register</b><br>When an active input capture channel detects a valid edge signal change, the ECAP_CNT value is latched into the corresponding holding register. Each input channel has itself holding register named by ECAP_HOLDx where x is from 0 to 2 to indicate inputs from ECAPx_IC0 to ECAPx_IC2, respectively. |

### Input Capture Counter Compare Register (ECAP\_CNTCMP)

| Register    | Offset        | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|-------------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| ECAP_CNTCMP | ECAPn_BA+0x10 | R/W | Input Capture Counter Compare Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| VAL      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [23:0]  | VAL         | <b>Input Capture Counter Compare Register</b><br>If the compare function is enabled (CMPEN(ECAP_CTL0[28]) = 1), the compare register is loaded with the value that the compare function compares the capture counter (ECAP_CNT) with.<br>If the reload control is enabled (RLDEN = 1), an overflow event or capture events will trigger the hardware to reload ECAP_CNTCMP into ECAP_CNT. |

### Input Capture Timer/Counter Control Register (ECAP\_CTL0)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| ECAP_CTL0 | ECAPn_BA+0x14 | R/W | Input Capture Control Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31       | 30     | 29      | 28     | 27        | 26       | 25      | 24      |
|----------|--------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|
| Reserved |        | CAPEN   | CMPEN  | RLDEN     | CPTCLR   | CMPCLR  | CNTEN   |
| 23       | 22     | 21      | 20     | 19        | 18       | 17      | 16      |
| Reserved |        | CMPIEN  | OVIEN  | Reserved  | CAPIEN2  | CAPIEN1 | CAPIEN0 |
| 15       | 14     | 13      | 12     | 11        | 10       | 9       | 8       |
| Reserved |        | CAPSEL2 |        | CAPSEL1   |          | CAPSEL0 |         |
| 7        | 6      | 5       | 4      | 3         | 2        | 1       | 0       |
| Reserved | CAPEN2 | CAPEN1  | CAPEN0 | CAPNF_DIS | Reserved | NFDIS   |         |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [29]    | <b>CAPEN</b><br><b>Input Capture Timer/Counter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Input Capture function Disabled.<br>1 = Input Capture function Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [28]    | <b>CMPEN</b><br><b>Compare Function Enable Bit</b><br>The compare function in input capture timer/counter is to compare the dynamic counting ECAP_CNT with the compare register ECAP_CNTCMP, if ECAP_CNT value reaches ECAP_CNTCMP, the flag CMPF will be set.<br>0 = The compare function Disabled.<br>1 = The compare function Enabled.                                                |
| [27]    | <b>RLDEN</b><br><b>Reload Function Enable Bit</b><br>Setting this bit to enable the reload function. If the reload control is enabled, an overflow event (OVF) or capture events (CAPFx) will trigger the hardware to reload ECAP_CNTCMP into ECAP_CNT.<br>0 = The reload function Disabled.<br>1 = The reload function Enabled.                                                         |
| [26]    | <b>CPTCLR</b><br><b>Input Capture Counter Cleared by Capture Events Control</b><br>If this bit is set to 1, the capture counter (ECAP_CNT) will be cleared to zero when any one of capture events (CAPF0~3) occurs.<br>0 = Capture events (CAPF0~3) can clear capture counter (ECAP_CNT) Disabled.<br>1 = Capture events (CAPF0~3) can clear capture counter (ECAP_CNT) Enabled.         |
| [25]    | <b>CMPCLR</b><br><b>Input Capture Counter Cleared by Compare-match Control</b><br>If this bit is set to 1, the capture counter (ECAP_CNT) will be cleared to 0 when the compare-match event (CAMCMPF = 1) occurs.<br>0 = Compare-match event (CAMCMPF) can clear capture counter (ECAP_CNT) Disabled.<br>1 = Compare-match event (CAMCMPF) can clear capture counter (ECAP_CNT) Enabled. |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [24]    | CNTEN       | <b>Input Capture Counter Start</b><br>Setting this bit to 1, the capture counter (ECAP_CNT) starts up-counting synchronously with capture clock input (CAP_CLK).<br>0 = ECAP_CNT stop counting.<br>1 = ECAP_CNT starts up-counting.                                                                            |
| [23:22] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [21]    | CMPIEN      | <b>CMPF Trigger Input Capture Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = The flag CMPF can trigger Input Capture interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = The flag CMPF can trigger Input Capture interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                    |
| [20]    | OVIEN       | <b>OVF Trigger Input Capture Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = The flag OVUNF can trigger Input Capture interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = The flag OVUNF can trigger Input Capture interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                   |
| [19]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [18]    | CAPIEN2     | <b>Input Capture Channel 2 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = The flag CAPF2 can trigger Input Capture interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = The flag CAPF2 can trigger Input Capture interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                     |
| [17]    | CAPIEN1     | <b>Input Capture Channel 1 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = The flag CAPF1 can trigger Input Capture interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = The flag CAPF1 can trigger Input Capture interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                     |
| [16]    | CAPIEN0     | <b>Input Capture Channel 0 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = The flag CAPF0 can trigger Input Capture interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = The flag CAPF0 can trigger Input Capture interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                     |
| [15:14] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [13:12] | CAPSEL2     | <b>CAP2 Input Source Selection</b><br>00 = CAP2 input is from pin RCAPx_IC2.<br>01 = CAP2 input is from CO2 (ACMPSR[10]).<br>10 = Reserved.<br>10 = Reserved.<br>11 = CAP2 input is from signal ADCMPOx (ADC compare output x).<br><b>Note:</b> Input capture unit n matches comparator unit x, where x = 0~1. |
| [11:10] | CAPSEL1     | <b>CAP1 Input Source Selection</b><br>00 = CAP1 input is from pin ECAPx_IC1.<br>01 = CAP1 input is from CO1 (ACMPSR[9]).<br>10 = Reserved.<br>10 = Reserved.<br>11 = CAP1 input is from OPDO1 (OPASR[1]).<br><b>Note:</b> Input capture unit n matches comparator unit x, where x = 0~1.                       |

| Bits  | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [9:8] | CAPSEL0     | <b>CAP0 Input Source Selection</b><br>00 = CAP0 input is from pin ECAPx_IC0.<br>01 = CAP0 input is from CO0 (ACMPSR[8]).<br>10 = Reserved.<br>10 = Reserved.<br>11 = CAP0 input is from OPDO0 (OPASR[0]).<br><b>Note:</b> Input capture unit n matches comparator unit x, where x = 0~1. |
| [7]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [6]   | CAPEN2      | <b>Pin ECAPx_IC2 Input to Input Capture Unit Enable Bit</b><br>0 = ECAPx_IC2 input to Input Capture Unit Disabled.<br>1 = ECAPx_IC2 input to Input Capture Unit Enabled.                                                                                                                 |
| [5]   | CAPEN1      | <b>Pin ECAPx_IC1 Input to Input Capture Unit Enable Bit</b><br>0 = ECAPx_IC1 input to Input Capture Unit Disabled.<br>1 = ECAPx_IC1 input to Input Capture Unit Enabled.                                                                                                                 |
| [4]   | CAPEN0      | <b>Pin ECAPx_IC0 Input to Input Capture Unit Enable Bit</b><br>0 = ECAPx_IC0 input to Input Capture Unit Disabled.<br>1 = ECAPx_IC0 input to Input Capture Unit Enabled.                                                                                                                 |
| [3]   | CAPNF_DIS   | <b>Input Capture Noise Filter Disable Bit</b><br>0 = Noise filter of Input Capture Enabled.<br>1 = Noise filter of Input Capture Disabled.                                                                                                                                               |
| [2]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [1:0] | NFDIS       | <b>Noise Filter Clock Pre-divide Selection</b><br>To determine the sampling frequency of the Noise Filter clock<br>00 = CAP_CLK.<br>01 = CAP_CLK/2.<br>10 = CAP_CLK/4.<br>11 = CAP_CLK/16.                                                                                               |

### Input Capture Timer/Counter Control Register (ECAP\_CTL1)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| ECAP_CTL1 | ECAPn_BA+0x18 | R/W | Input Capture Control Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |        |          |    |          |        |          |    |
|----------|--------|----------|----|----------|--------|----------|----|
| 31       | 30     | 29       | 28 | 27       | 26     | 25       | 24 |
| Reserved |        |          |    |          |        |          |    |
| 23       | 22     | 21       | 20 | 19       | 18     | 17       | 16 |
| Reserved |        |          |    |          |        | SRCSEL   |    |
| 15       | 14     | 13       | 12 | 11       | 10     | 9        | 8  |
| Reserved | CLKSEL |          |    | Reserved | RLDSEL |          |    |
| 7        | 6      | 5        | 4  | 3        | 2      | 1        | 0  |
| Reserved |        | EDGESEL2 |    | EDGESEL1 |        | EDGESEL0 |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:18] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [17:16] | SRCSEL      | <b>Capture Timer/Counter Clock Source Selection</b><br>Select the capture timer/counter clock source.<br>00 = CAP_CLK (default).<br>01 = CAP0.<br>10 = CAP1.<br>11 = CAP2.                                                                                                                                             |
| [15]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [14:12] | CLKSEL      | <b>Capture Timer Clock Divide Selection</b><br>The capture timer clock has a pre-divider with eight divided options controlled by CLKSEL[1:0].<br>000 = CAP_CLK/1.<br>001 = CAP_CLK/4.<br>010 = CAP_CLK/16.<br>011 = CAP_CLK/32.<br>100 = CAP_CLK/64.<br>101 = CAP_CLK/96.<br>110 = CAP_CLK/112.<br>111 = CAP_CLK/128. |
| [11]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Bits   | Description     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [10:8] | <b>RLDSEL</b>   | <b>ECAP_CNT Reload Trigger Source Selection</b><br>If the reload function is enabled RLDEN (ECAP_CTL0[27]) = 1, when a reload trigger event comes, the ECAP_CNT is reloaded with ECAP_CNTCMP.<br>RLDSEL[2:0] determines the ECAP_CNT reload trigger source<br>000 = CAPF0.<br>001 = CAPF1.<br>010 = CAPF2.<br>100 = OVF.<br>Others = Reserved. |
| [7:6]  | <b>Reserved</b> | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [5:4]  | <b>EDGESEL2</b> | <b>Channel 2 Captured Edge Selection</b><br>Input capture can detect falling edge change or rising edge change only, or one of both edge changes.<br>00 = Detect rising edge.<br>01 = Detect falling edge.<br>1x = Detect either rising or falling edge.                                                                                       |
| [3:2]  | <b>EDGESEL1</b> | <b>Channel 1 Captured Edge Selection</b><br>Input capture can detect falling edge change only, rising edge change only or one of both edge change<br>00 = Detect rising edge.<br>01 = Detect falling edge.<br>1x = Detect either rising or falling edge.                                                                                       |
| [1:0]  | <b>EDGESEL0</b> | <b>Channel 0 Captured Edge Selection</b><br>Input capture can detect falling edge change only, rising edge change only or one of both edge change<br>00 = Detect rising edge.<br>01 = Detect falling edge.<br>1x = Detect either rising or falling edge.                                                                                       |

### Input Capture Timer/Counter Status Register (ECAP\_STATUS)

| Register    | Offset        | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|-------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| ECAP_STATUS | ECAPn_BA+0x1C | R/W | Input Capture Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |     |      |          |       |       |       |
|----------|----|-----|------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29  | 28   | 27       | 26    | 25    | 24    |
| Reserved |    |     |      |          |       |       |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21  | 20   | 19       | 18    | 17    | 16    |
| Reserved |    |     |      |          |       |       |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13  | 12   | 11       | 10    | 9     | 8     |
| Reserved |    |     |      |          |       |       |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5   | 4    | 3        | 2     | 1     | 0     |
| Reserved |    | OVF | CMPF | Reserved | CAPF2 | CAPF1 | CAPF0 |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [5]    | OVF         | <b>Input Capture Counter Overflow Flag</b><br>Flag is set by hardware when input capture up counter (ECAP_CNT) overflows from 0x00FF_FFFF to zero.<br>0 = No overflow occurs in ECAP_CNT.<br>1 = ECAP_CNT overflows.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is only cleared by writing 1 to it.                                                                                                    |
| [4]    | CMPF        | <b>Input Capture Compare-match Flag</b><br>If the input capture compare function is enabled, the flag is set by hardware while capture counter (ECAP_CNT) up counts and reach to the ECAP_CNTCMP value.<br>0 = ECAP_CNT does not match with ECAP_CNTCMP value.<br>1 = ECAP_CNT counts to the same as ECAP_CNTCMP value.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is only cleared by writing 1 to it. |
| [3]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [2]    | CAPF2       | <b>Input Capture Channel 2 Captured Flag</b><br>When the input capture channel 2 detects a valid edge change at CAP2 input, it will set flag CAPF2 to high.<br>0 = No valid edge change is detected at CAP2 input.<br>1 = A valid edge change is detected at CAP2 input.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is only cleared by writing 1 to it.                                                |
| [1]    | CAPF1       | <b>Input Capture Channel 1 Captured Flag</b><br>When the input capture channel 1 detects a valid edge change at CAP1 input, it will set flag CAPF1 to high.<br>0 = No valid edge change is detected at CAP1 input.<br>1 = A valid edge change is detected at CAP1 input.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is only cleared by writing 1 to it.                                                |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [0]  | CAPF0       | <p><b>Input Capture Channel 0 Captured Flag</b></p> <p>When the input capture channel 0 detects a valid edge change at CAP0 input, it will set flag CAPF0 to high.</p> <p>0 = No valid edge change is detected at CAP0 input.<br/>1 = A valid edge change is detected at CAP0 input.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is only cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> |

## 6.10 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

### 6.10.1 Overview

The purpose of Watchdog Timer (WDT) is to perform a system reset when system runs into an unknown state. This prevents system from hanging for an infinite period of time. Besides, this Watchdog Timer supports the function to wake-up system from Idle/Power-down mode.

### 6.10.2 Features

- 18-bit free running up counter for WDT time-out interval
- Selectable time-out interval ( $2^4 \sim 2^{18}$ ) and the time-out interval is 1.6 ms ~ 26.214 s if WDT\_CLK = 10 kHz
- System kept in reset state for a period of  $(1 / \text{WDT\_CLK}) * 63$
- Supports selectable WDT reset delay period, including 1026 · 130 · 18 or 3 WDT\_CLK reset delay period
- Supports to force WDT enabled after chip powered on or reset by setting CWDTEN in Config0 register
- Supports WDT time-out wake-up function only if WDT clock source is selected as 10 kHz

### 6.10.3 Block Diagram

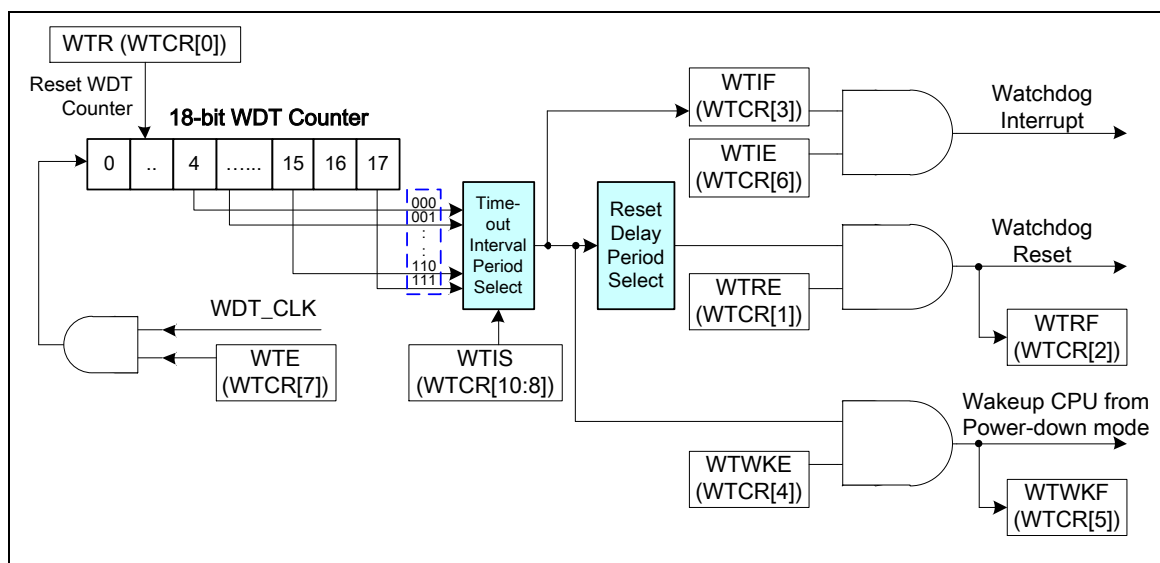


Figure 6-65 Watchdog Timer Block Diagram

**Note1:** WDT resets CPU and lasts 63 WDT\_CLK.

**Note2:** Chip can be woken-up by WDT time-out interrupt signal generated only, if WDT clock source is selected to 10kHz oscillator.

**Note3:** The WDT reset delay period can be selected as 3/18/130/1026 WDT\_CLK.

#### 6.10.4 Clock Control

The WDT clock control are shown in Figure 6-66.

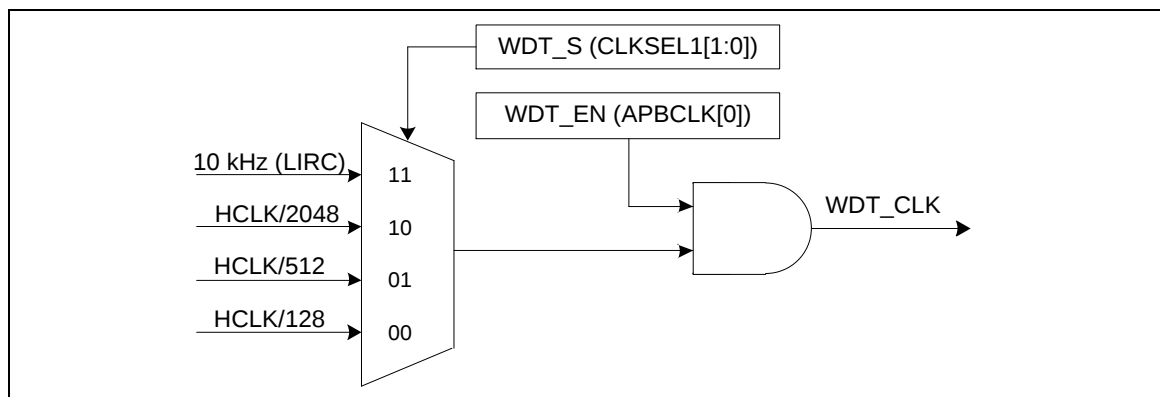


Figure 6-66 Watchdog Timer Clock Control

#### 6.10.5 Basic Configuration

The WDT peripheral clock is enabled in WDT\_EN (APBCLK[0]) and clock source can be selected in WDT\_S (CLKSEL1[1:0]).

WDT controller also can be forced enabled and active in 10 kHz after chip powered on or reset while CWDTEN (Config0[31]) is configure to 0.

#### 6.10.6 Functional Description

The WDT includes an 18-bit free running up counter with programmable time-out intervals. Table 6-12 shows the WDT time-out interval period selection and Figure 6-67 shows the WDT time-out interval and reset period timing.

##### 6.10.6.1 WDT Time-out Interrupt

Setting WTE (WTCR[7]) to 1 will enable the WDT function and the WDT counter to start counting up. There are eight time-out interval period can be selected by setting WTIS (WTCR[10:8]). When the WDT up counter reaches the WTIS (WTCR[10:8]) settings, WDT time-out interrupt will occur then WDT time-out interrupt flag WTIF (WTCR[3]) will be set to 1 immediately.

#### 6.10.6.2 WDT Reset Delay Period and Reset System

A specified  $T_{RSTD}$  reset delay period occurs when the WTIF (WTCR[3]) is set to 1. User should set WTR (WTCR[0]) to reset the 18-bit WDT up counter value to avoid generate WDT time-out reset signal before the  $T_{RSTD}$  reset delay period expires. Moreover, user should set WTRDSEL (WTCRALT[1:0]) to select reset delay period to clear WDT counter. If the WDT up counter value has not been cleared after the specific  $T_{RSTD}$  delay period expires, the WDT control will set WTRF (WTCR[2]) to 1 if WTRF (WTCR[1]) bit is enabled, then chip enters to reset state immediately. Refer to Figure 6-67,  $T_{RST}$  reset period will keep last 63 WDT clocks then chip restart executing program from reset vector (0x0000\_0000). The WTRF (WTCR[2]) will keep 1 after WDT time-out reset the chip, user can check WTRF (WTCR[2]) by software to recognize the system has been reset by WDT time-out reset or not.

| WTIS | Time-Out Interval Period<br>$T_{TIS}$ | Reset Delay Period<br>$T_{RSTD}$ |
|------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 000  | $2^4 * T_{WDT}$                       | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 001  | $2^6 * T_{WDT}$                       | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 010  | $2^8 * T_{WDT}$                       | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 011  | $2^{10} * T_{WDT}$                    | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 100  | $2^{12} * T_{WDT}$                    | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 101  | $2^{14} * T_{WDT}$                    | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 110  | $2^{16} * T_{WDT}$                    | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |
| 111  | $2^{18} * T_{WDT}$                    | $(3/18/130/1026) * T_{WDT}$      |

Table 6-12 Watchdog Timer Time-out Interval Period Selection

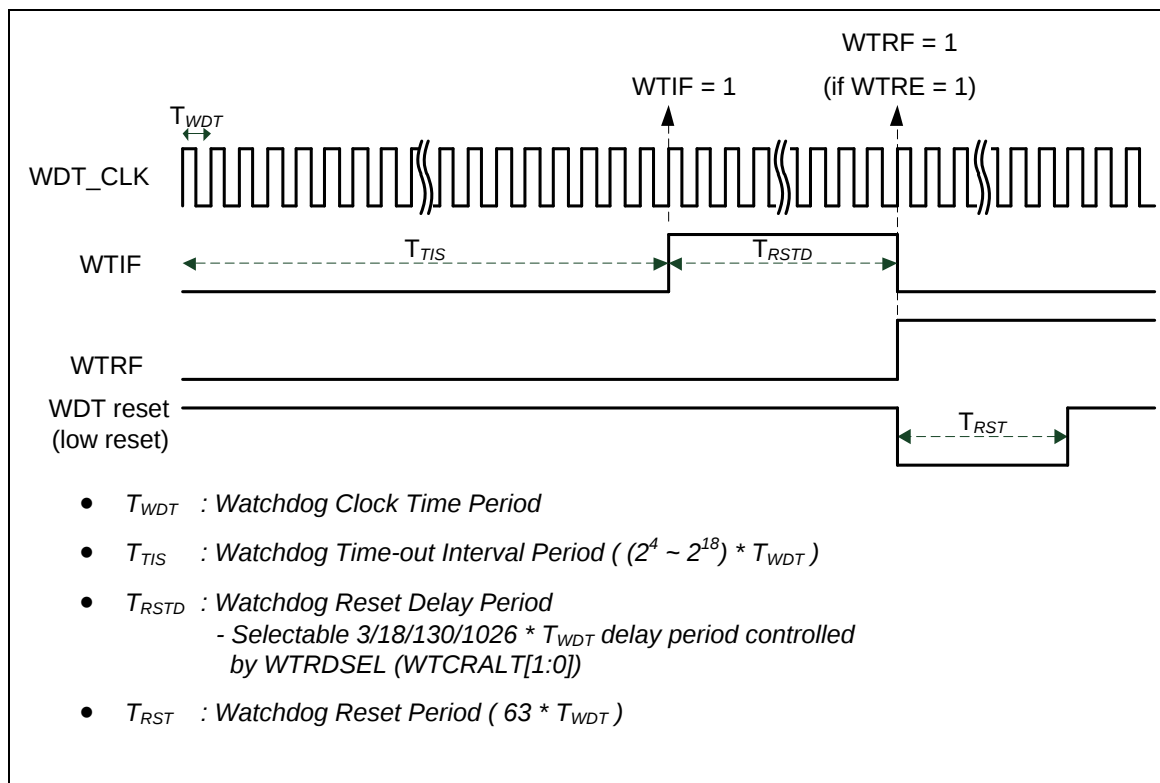


Figure 6-67 Watchdog Timer Time-out Interval and Reset Period Timing

#### 6.10.6.3 WDT Wake-up

If WDT clock source is selected to 10 kHz, system can be waken-up from Power-down mode while WDT time-out interrupt signal is generated and WTWKE (WTCR[4]) enabled. Notice that user should set OSC10K\_EN (PWRCON[3]) before system enters power down mode because the system peripheral clock are disabled when system is power down mode. In the meanwhile, the WTWKF (WTCR[5]) will set to 1 automatically, user can check WTWKF (WTCR[5]) status by software to recognize the system has been waken-up by WDT time-out interrupt or not.

### 6.10.7 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                  | Offset      | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| WDT Base Address:<br>WDT_BA = 0x4000_4000 |             |     |                                  |             |
| WTCR                                      | WDT_BA+0x00 | R/W | WDT Control Register             | 0x0000_0700 |
| WTCRALT                                   | WDT_BA+0x04 | R/W | WDT Alternative Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

## 6.10.8 Register Description

### WDT Control Register (WTCR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                     | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|
| WTCR     | WDT_BA+0x00 | R/W | Watchdog Timer Control Register | 0x0000_0700 |

| 31         | 30       | 29    | 28    | 27   | 26   | 25   | 24  |
|------------|----------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-----|
| DBGACK_WDT | Reserved |       |       |      |      |      |     |
| 23         | 22       | 21    | 20    | 19   | 18   | 17   | 16  |
| Reserved   |          |       |       |      |      |      |     |
| 15         | 14       | 13    | 12    | 11   | 10   | 9    | 8   |
| Reserved   |          |       |       |      | WTIS |      |     |
| 7          | 6        | 5     | 4     | 3    | 2    | 1    | 0   |
| WTE        | WTIE     | WTWKF | WTWKE | WTIF | WTRF | WTRE | WTR |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31]    | <b>DBGACK_WDT</b><br><b>ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = ICE debug mode acknowledgement affects WDT counting.<br>WDT up counter will be held while CPU is held by ICE.<br>1 = ICE debug mode acknowledgement Disabled.<br>WDT up counter will keep going no matter CPU is held by ICE or not.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.                                                                                                                        |
| [30:11] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [10:8]  | <b>WTIS</b><br><b>WDT Time-out Interval Selection (Write Protect)</b><br>These three bits select the time-out interval period for the WDT.<br>000 = $2^4 * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>001 = $2^6 * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>010 = $2^8 * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>011 = $2^{10} * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>100 = $2^{12} * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>101 = $2^{14} * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>110 = $2^{16} * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br>111 = $2^{18} * \text{WDT\_CLK}$ .<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register. |
| [7]     | <b>WTE</b><br><b>WDT Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b><br>0 = WDT Disabled (This action will reset the internal up counter value).<br>1 = WDT Enabled.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.<br><b>Note2:</b> If CWDTEN (Config0[31]) bits is configure to 0, this bit is forced as 1 and user cannot change this bit to 0.                                                                                                                                                               |
| [6]     | <b>WTIE</b><br><b>WDT Time-out Interrupt Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

|     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |       | <p>If this bit is enabled, the WDT time-out interrupt signal is generated and inform to CPU.</p> <p>0 = WDT time-out interrupt Disabled.</p> <p>1 = WDT time-out interrupt Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [5] | WTWKF | <p><b>WDT Time-out Wake-up Flag (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>This bit indicates the interrupt wake-up flag status of WDT</p> <p>0 = WDT does not cause chip wake-up.</p> <p>1 = Chip wake-up from Idle or Power-down mode if WDT time-out interrupt signal generated.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [4] | WTWKE | <p><b>WDT Time-out Wake-up Function Control (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>If this bit is set to 1, while WDT time-out interrupt flag IF (WTCR[3]) is generated to 1 and interrupt enable bit WTIE (WTCR[6]) is enabled, the WDT time-out interrupt signal will generate a wake-up trigger event to chip.</p> <p>0 = Wake-up trigger event Disabled if WDT time-out interrupt signal generated.</p> <p>1 = Wake-up trigger event Enabled if WDT time-out interrupt signal generated.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> Chip can be woken-up by WDT time-out interrupt signal generated only if WDT clock source is selected to 10 kHz internal low speed RC oscillator (LIRC).</p> |
| [3] | WTIF  | <p><b>WDT Time-out Interrupt Flag</b></p> <p>This bit will set to 1 while WDT up counter value reaches the selected WDT time-out interval</p> <p>0 = WDT time-out interrupt did not occur.</p> <p>1 = WDT time-out interrupt occurred.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [2] | WTRF  | <p><b>WDT Time-out Reset Flag</b></p> <p>This bit indicates the system has been reset by WDT time-out reset or not.</p> <p>0 = WDT time-out reset did not occur.</p> <p>1 = WDT time-out reset occurred.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [1] | WTRE  | <p><b>WDT Time-out Reset Enable Bit (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>Setting this bit will enable the WDT time-out reset function If the WDT up counter value has not been cleared after the specific WDT reset delay period expires.</p> <p>0 = WDT time-out reset function Disabled.</p> <p>1 = WDT time-out reset function Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [0] | WTR   | <p><b>Reset WDT Up Counter (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>0 = No effect.</p> <p>1 = Reset the internal 18-bit WDT up counter value.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit will be automatically cleared by hardware.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### WDT Alternative Control Register (WTCRALT)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| WTCRALT  | WDT_BA+0x04 | R/W | WDT Alternative Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|---------|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25      | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17      | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9       | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1       | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | WTRDSEL |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [1:0]  | WTRDSEL     | <p><b>WDT Reset Delay Selection (Write Protect)</b></p> <p>When WDT time-out happened, user has a time named WDT Reset Delay Period to clear WDT counter by setting WTR (WTCR[0]) to prevent WDT time-out reset happened. User can select a suitable setting of WTRDSEL for different WDT Reset Delay Period.</p> <p>00 = WDT Reset Delay Period is 1026 * WDT_CLK.<br/> 01 = WDT Reset Delay Period is 130 * WDT_CLK.<br/> 10 = WDT Reset Delay Period is 18 * WDT_CLK.<br/> 11 = WDT Reset Delay Period is 3 * WDT_CLK.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is write protected. Refer to the REGWRPROT register.<br/> <b>Note2:</b> This register will be reset to 0 if WDT time-out reset happened.</p> |

## 6.11 Window Watchdog Timer (WWDT)

### 6.11.1 Overview

The Window Watchdog Timer is used to perform a system reset within a specified window period to prevent software from running to uncontrollable state by any unpredictable condition usually generated by external interferences or unexpected logical conditions.

When the window function is used to trim the watchdog behavior to match the application perfectly, software must refresh the counter before time-out.

### 6.11.2 Features

- 6-bit down counter value WWDTCTRL (WWDTCTRL[5:0]) and 6-bit compare value WINCMP (WWDTCTRL[21:16]) to make the WWDT time-out window period flexible
- Supports 4-bit value PERIODSEL (WWDTCTRL[11:8]) to programmable maximum 11-bit prescale counter period of WWDT counter
- WWDT counter suspends in Idle/Power-down mode

### 6.11.3 Block Diagram

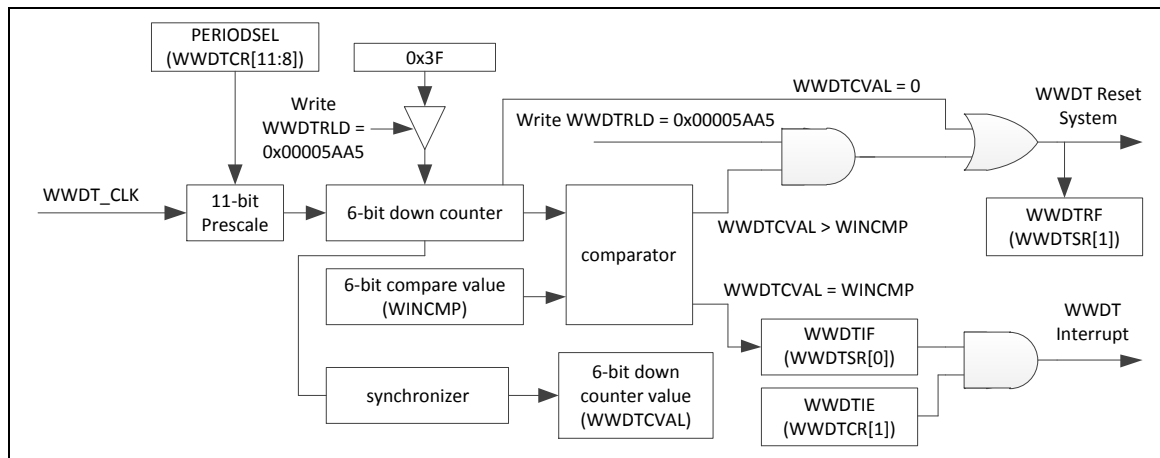


Figure 6-68 Window Watchdog Timer Block Diagram

#### 6.11.4 Clock Diagram

The Window Watchdog Timer block diagram is shown in Figure 6-69.

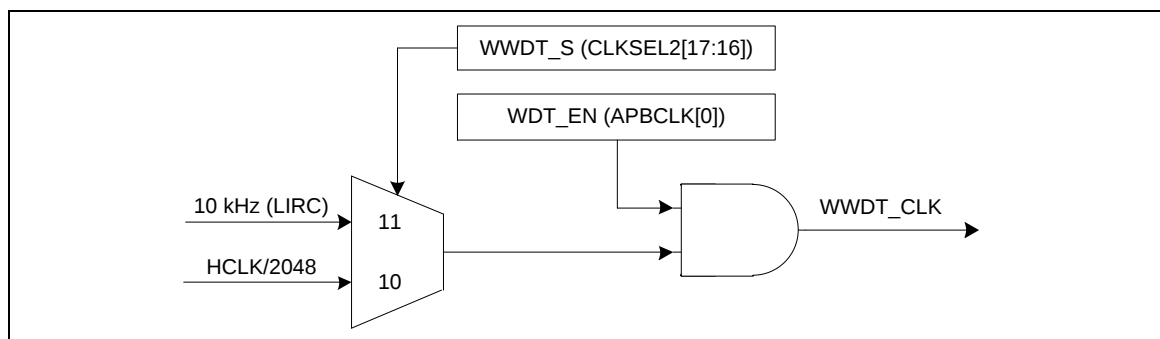


Figure 6-69 Window Watchdog Timer Clock Control

### 6.11.5 Basic Configuration

The WWDT peripheral clock is enabled in WDT\_EN (APBCLK[0]) and clock source can be selected in WWDT\_S (CLKSEL2[17:16]).

### 6.11.6 Functional Description

The WWDT includes a 6-bit down counter with programmable prescaler to define different time-out intervals. The clock source of 6-bit WWDT is based on system clock divide 2048 or internal 10 kHz oscillator with a programmable 11-bit prescaler. The programmable 11-bit prescaler is controlled by register PERIODSEL (WWDTCCR[11:8]) and the correlate of PERIODSEL and prescaler value is listed in Table 6-13.

| PERIODSEL | Prescaler Value | Time-Out Period        | Time-Out Interval<br>(WWDT_CLK=10 KHz) |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 0000      | 1               | $1 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$    | 6.4 ms                                 |
| 0001      | 2               | $2 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$    | 12.8 ms                                |
| 0010      | 4               | $4 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$    | 25.6 ms                                |
| 0011      | 8               | $8 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$    | 51.2 ms                                |
| 0100      | 16              | $16 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$   | 102.4 ms                               |
| 0101      | 32              | $32 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$   | 204.8 ms                               |
| 0110      | 64              | $64 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$   | 409.6 ms                               |
| 0111      | 128             | $128 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$  | 819.2 ms                               |
| 1000      | 192             | $192 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$  | 1.2288 s                               |
| 1001      | 256             | $256 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$  | 1.6384 s                               |
| 1010      | 384             | $384 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$  | 2.4576 s                               |
| 1011      | 512             | $512 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$  | 3.2768 s                               |
| 1100      | 768             | $768 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$  | 4.9152 s                               |
| 1101      | 1024            | $1024 * 64 * T_{WWDT}$ | 6.5536 s                               |

|      |      |                               |           |
|------|------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 1110 | 1536 | $1536 * 64 * T_{\text{WWDT}}$ | 9.8304 s  |
| 1111 | 2048 | $2048 * 64 * T_{\text{WWDT}}$ | 13.1072 s |

Table 6-13 WWDT Prescale Value Selection

#### 6.11.6.1 WWDT Counting

When the WWDTEN (WWDTCR[0]) is set, WWDT down counter will start counting from 0x3F to 0. To prevent program runs to disable WWDT counter counting unexpected, the WWDTCR register can only be written once after chip is powered on or reset. User cannot disable WWDT counter counting WWDTEN (WWDTCR[0]), change counter prescale period (PERIODSEL) or change window compare value WINCMP (WWDTCR[21:16]) while WWDTEN (WWDTCR[0]) has been enabled by user unless chip is reset.

#### 6.11.6.2 WWDT Compare Match Interrupt

During down counting by the WWDT counter, the WWDTIF (WWDTSR[0]) is set to 1 while the WWDT counter value WWDTCVAL (WWDTCVR[5:0]) is equal to window compare value WINCMP (WWDTCR[21:16]) and WWDTIF can be cleared by user; if WWDTIE (WWDTCR[1]) is also set to 1 by user, the WWDT compare match interrupt signal is generated also while WWDTIF is set to 1 by hardware.

#### 6.11.6.3 WWDT Reset System

When WWDTIF (WWDTSR[0]) is generated, user must write 0x00005AA5 in WWDTRLRD register to reload WWDTCVAL (WWDTCVR[5:0]) to 0x3F, and also to prevent WWDT reset system signal occurred while WWDTCVAL reached to 0 and internal prescale counter value down count to 0.

If current WWDTCVAL is larger than WINCMP (WWDTCR[21:16]) and user writes 0x00005AA5 to the WWDTRLRD register, the WWDT reset system signal will be generated immediately to cause chip reset also.

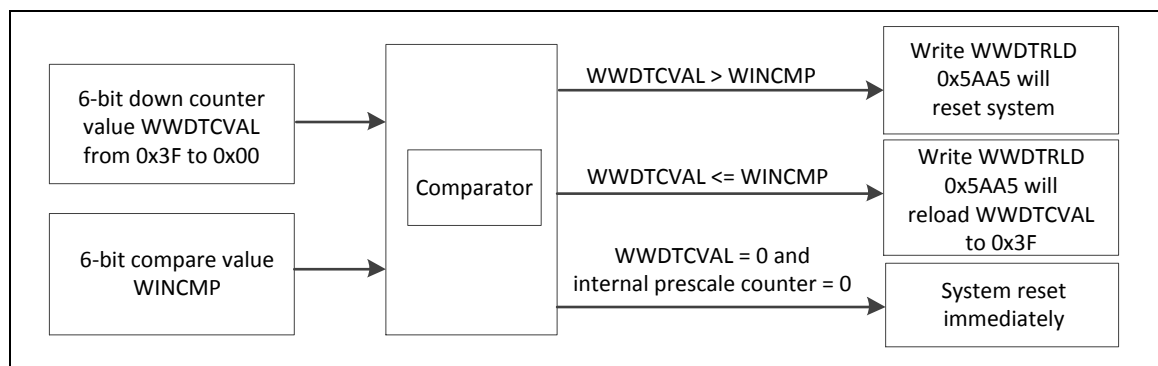


Figure 6-70 WWDT Reset and Reload Behavior

#### 6.11.6.4 WWDT Window Setting Limitation

When user writes 0x00005AA5 to WWDTRLD register to reload WWDT counter value to 0x3F, it needs 3 WWDT clocks to sync the reload command to actually perform reload action. Notice that if user set PERIODSEL (WWDTCR[11:8]) to 0000, the counter prescale value should be as 1, and the WINCMP (WWDTCR[21:16]) must be larger than 2. Otherwise, writing WWDTRLD register to reload WWDT counter value to 0x3F is unavailable, WWDTIF (WWDTSR[0]) is generated, and WWDT reset system event always happened.

| PERIODSEL | Prescale Value | Valid WINCMP Value |
|-----------|----------------|--------------------|
| 0000      | 1              | 0x3 ~ 0x3F         |
| 0001      | 2              | 0x2 ~ 0x3F         |
| Others    | Others         | 0x0 ~ 0x3F         |

Table 6-14 WWDT WINCMP Setting Limitation

### 6.11.7 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                  | Offset       | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>WWDT Base Address:</b><br><b>WWDT_BA = 0x4000_4100</b> |              |     |                              |             |
| <b>WWDTRLD</b>                                            | WWDT_BA+0x00 | W   | WWDT Reload Counter Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>WWDTCR</b>                                             | WWDT_BA+0x04 | R/W | WWDT Control Register        | 0x003F_0800 |
| <b>WWDTSR</b>                                             | WWDT_BA+0x08 | R/W | WWDT Status Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>WWDTCVR</b>                                            | WWDT_BA+0x0C | R   | WWDT Counter Value Register  | 0x0000_003F |

### 6.11.8 Register Description

#### WWDT Reload Counter Register (WWDTRLD)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| WWDTRLD  | WWDT_BA+0x00 | W   | WWDT Reload Counter Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31      | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| WWDTRLD |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23      | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| WWDTRLD |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15      | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| WWDTRLD |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| WWDTRLD |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>WWDT Reload Counter Register</b></p> <p>Writing 0x00005AA5 to this register will reload the WWDT counter value to 0x3F.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> User can only write WWDTRLD to reload WWDT counter value when current WWDT counter value between 0 and WINCMP (WWDTCCR[21:16]). If user writes WWDTRLD when current WWDT counter value is larger than WINCMP, WWDT reset signal will generate immediately.</p> |

### WWDT Control Register (WWDTCR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| WWDTCR   | WWDT_BA+0x04 | R/W | WWDT Control Register | 0x003F_0800 |

**Note:** This register can be written only one time after chip is powered on or reset.

| 31              | 30       | 29     | 28 | 27        | 26 | 25     | 24     |
|-----------------|----------|--------|----|-----------|----|--------|--------|
| DBGACK_W<br>WDT | Reserved |        |    |           |    |        |        |
| 23              | 22       | 21     | 20 | 19        | 18 | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved        |          | WINCMP |    |           |    |        |        |
| 15              | 14       | 13     | 12 | 11        | 10 | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved        |          |        |    | PERIODSEL |    |        |        |
| 7               | 6        | 5      | 4  | 3         | 2  | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved        |          |        |    |           |    | WWDTIE | WWDTEN |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31]    | <b>DBGACK_WWDT</b><br><b>ICE Debug Mode Acknowledge Disable Control</b><br>0 = ICE debug mode acknowledgement effects WWDT counting.<br>WWDT down counter will be held while CPU is held by ICE.<br>1 = ICE debug mode acknowledgement Disabled.<br>WWDT down counter will keep going no matter CPU is held by ICE or not.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [30:22] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [21:16] | <b>WINCMP</b><br><b>WWDT Window Compare Register</b><br>Set this register to adjust the valid reload window.<br><b>Note:</b> User can only write WWDTRLD to reload WWDT counter value when current WWDT counter value between 0 and WINCMP. If user writes WWDTRLD when current WWDT counter value larger than WINCMP, WWDT reset signal will generate immediately.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [15:12] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [11:8]  | <b>PERIODSEL</b><br><b>WWDT Counter Prescale Period Selection</b><br>0000 = Pre-scale is 1; Max time-out period is $1 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0001 = Pre-scale is 2; Max time-out period is $2 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0010 = Pre-scale is 4; Max time-out period is $4 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0011 = Pre-scale is 8; Max time-out period is $8 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0100 = Pre-scale is 16; Max time-out period is $16 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0101 = Pre-scale is 32; Max time-out period is $32 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0110 = Pre-scale is 64; Max time-out period is $64 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>0111 = Pre-scale is 128; Max time-out period is $128 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>1000 = Pre-scale is 192; Max time-out period is $192 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>1001 = Pre-scale is 256; Max time-out period is $256 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>1010 = Pre-scale is 384; Max time-out period is $384 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>1011 = Pre-scale is 512; Max time-out period is $512 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ .<br>1100 = Pre-scale is 768; Max time-out period is $768 * 64 * WWDT\_CLK$ . |

|       |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|       |          | 1101 = Pre-scale is 1024; Max time-out period is $1024 * 64 * \text{WWDT\_CLK}$ .<br>1110 = Pre-scale is 1536; Max time-out period is $1536 * 64 * \text{WWDT\_CLK}$ .<br>1111 = Pre-scale is 2048; Max time-out period is $2048 * 64 * \text{WWDT\_CLK}$ . |
| [7:2] | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [1]   | WWDTIE   | <b>WWDT Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>If this bit is enabled, the WWDT counter compare match interrupt signal is generated and inform to CPU.<br>0 = WWDT counter compare match interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = WWDT counter compare match interrupt Enabled.      |
| [0]   | WWDTEN   | <b>WWDT Enable Bit</b><br>Set this bit to enable WWDT counter counting<br>0 = WWDT counter is stopped.<br>1 = WWDT counter is starting counting.                                                                                                            |

### WWDT Status Register (WWDTSR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| WWDTSR   | WWDT_BA+0x08 | R/W | WWDT Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |        |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | WWDTRF | WWDTIF |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [1]    | WWDTRF      | <b>WWDT Time-out Reset Flag</b><br>This bit indicates the system has been reset by WWDT time-out reset or not.<br>0 = WWDT time-out reset did not occur.<br>1 = WWDT time-out reset occurred.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.                                |
| [0]    | WWDTIF      | <b>WWDT Compare Match Interrupt Flag</b><br>This bit indicates the interrupt flag status of WWDT while WWDT counter value matches WINCMP (WWDTCCR[21:16]).<br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = WWDT counter value matches WINCMP value.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it. |

### WWDT Counter Value Register (WWDTCVR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                 | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|
| WWDTCVR  | WWDT_BA+0x0C | R   | WWDT Counter Value Register | 0x0000_003F |

|          |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29       | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21       | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13       | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |          |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5        | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved |    | WWDTCVAL |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                         |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                               |
| [5:0]  | WWDTCVAL    | <b>WWDT Counter Value</b><br>WWDTCVAL will be updated continuously to monitor 6-bit down counter value. |

## 6.12 Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)

### 6.12.1 Overview

The NuMicro® M0519 series provides two channels of Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitters (UART). UART Controller performs Normal Speed UART and supports flow control function. The UART Controller performs a serial-to-parallel conversion on data received from the peripheral and a parallel-to-serial conversion on data transmitted from the CPU. Each UART Controller channel supports seven types of interrupts. The UART controller also supports IrDA SIR, RS-485 and LIN.

### 6.12.2 Features

- Full duplex, asynchronous communications
- Separates receive / transmit 16 bytes entry FIFO for data payloads
- Supports hardware auto-flow control/flow control function (nCTS, nRTS) and programmable nRTS flow control trigger level
- Programmable receiver buffer trigger level
- Supports programmable baud-rate generator for each channel individually
- Supports nCTS wake-up function
- Supports 8-bit receiver buffer time out detection function
- Programmable transmitting data delay time between the last stop and the next start bit by setting DLY (UA\_TOR [15:8]) register
- Supports break error, frame error, parity error and receive / transmit buffer overflow detect function
- Fully programmable serial-interface characteristics
  - Programmable data bit length, 5-, 6-, 7-, 8-bit character
  - Programmable parity bit, even, odd, no parity or stick parity bit generation and detection
  - Programmable stop bit length, 1, 1.5, or 2 stop bit generation
- IrDA SIR function mode
  - Supports 3-/16-bit duration for normal mode
- LIN function mode
  - Supports LIN master/slave mode
  - Supports programmable break generation function for transmitter
  - Supports break detect function for receiver
- RS-485 function mode
  - Supports RS-485 9-bit mode
  - Supports hardware or software direct enable control provided by nRTS pin

### 6.12.3 Block Diagram

The UART clock control and block diagram are shown in Figure 6-71 and Figure 6-72

respectively.

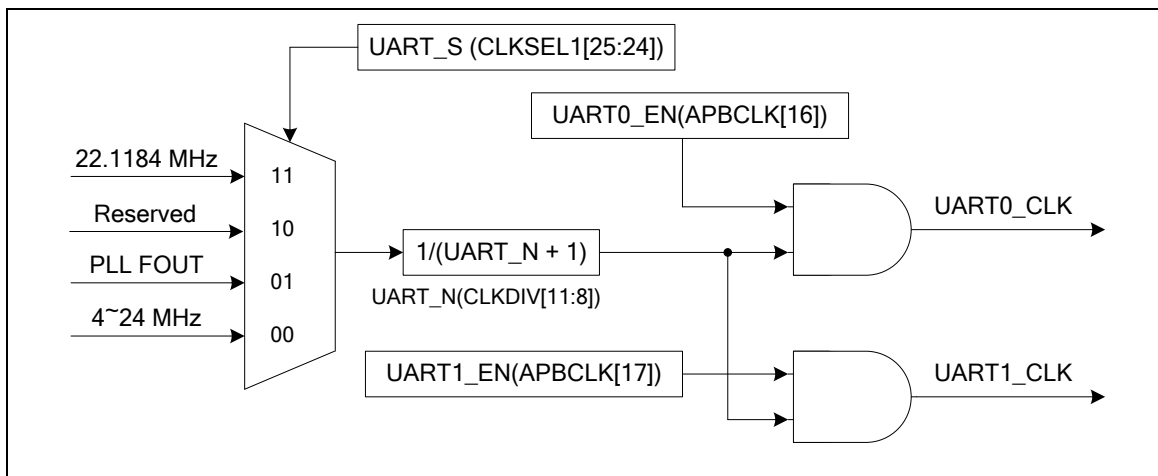


Figure 6-71 UART Clock Control Diagram

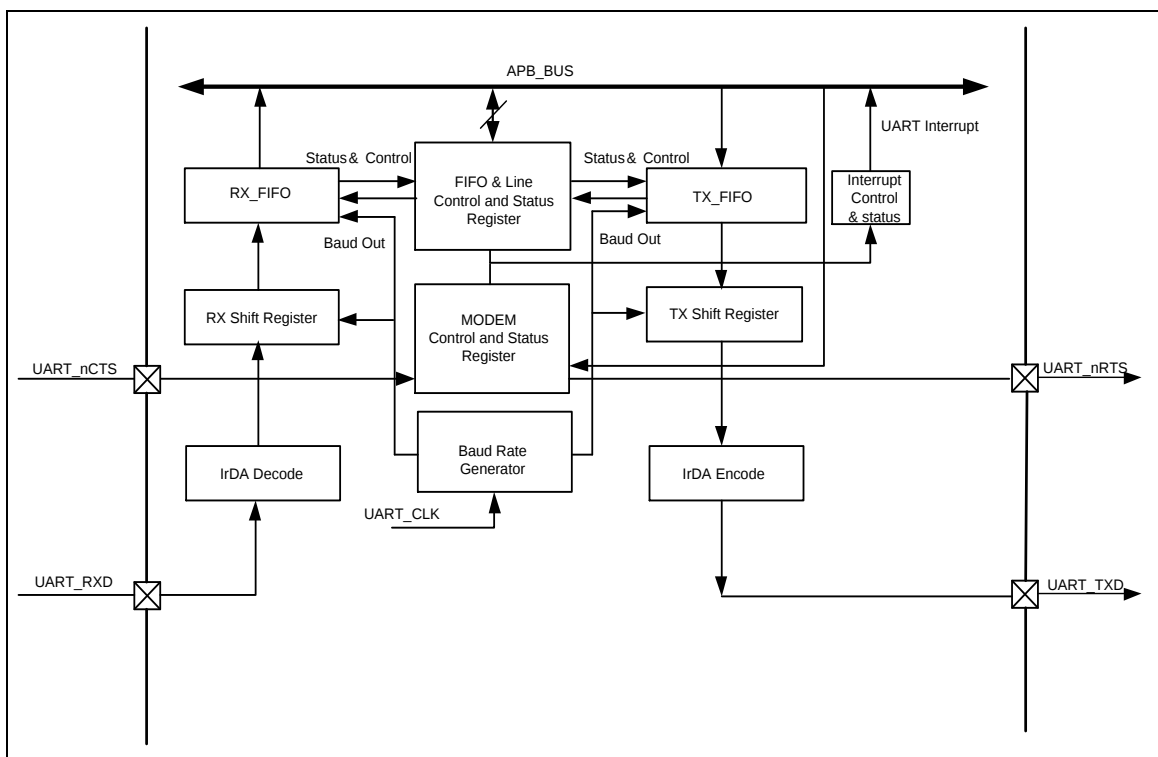


Figure 6-72 UART Block Diagram

#### **TX\_FIFO**

The transmitter is buffered with a 16 byte FIFO to reduce the number of interrupts presented to the CPU.

#### **RX\_FIFO**

The receiver is buffered with a 16 byte FIFO (plus three error bits BIF (UA\_FSR[6]), FEF (UA\_FSR[5]), PEF (UA\_FSR[4]) per byte) to reduce the number of interrupts presented to the CPU.

#### **TX shift Register**

This block is responsible for shifting out the transmitting data serially.

#### **RX shift Register**

This block is responsible for shifting in the receiving data serially.

#### **Modem Control Register**

This register controls the interface to the MODEM or data set (or a peripheral device emulating a MODEM).

#### **Baud Rate Generator**

Divide the external clock by the divisor to get the desired baud rate. Refer to baud rate equation.

#### **IrDA Encode**

This block is IrDA encode control block.

#### **IrDA Decode**

This block is IrDA decode control block.

#### **FIFO & Line Control and Status Register**

This field is register set that including the FIFO Control Register (UA\_FCR), FIFO Status Register (UA\_FSR), and Line Control Register (UA\_LCR) for transmitter and receiver. The Time Out Register (UA\_TOR) identifies the condition of time-out interrupt. This register set also includes the Interrupt Enable Register (UA\_IER) and Interrupt Status Register (UA\_ISR) to enable or disable the responding interrupt and to identify the occurrence of the responding interrupt.

#### **Interrupt Control and Status Register**

There are seven types of interrupts, transmitter FIFO empty interrupt (THRE\_INT), receiver threshold level reached interrupt (RDA\_INT), line status interrupt (parity error or frame error or break error) (RLS\_INT), receiver buffer time-out interrupt (TOUT\_INT), MODEM status interrupt (MODEM\_INT), Buffer error interrupt (BUF\_ERR\_INT) and LIN bus interrupt (LIN\_INT).

### 6.12.4 Basic Configuration

The basic configurations of UART0 are as follows:

- UART0 pins are configured in P3\_MFP or P5\_MFP registers.
- Enable UART0 peripheral clock in UART0\_EN (APBCLK[16]).
- Reset UART0 controller in UART0\_RST (IPRSTC2[16]).

The basic configurations of UART1 are as follows:

- UART1 pins are configured in P2\_MFP and PA\_MFP register.
- Enable UART1 peripheral clock in UART1\_EN (APBCLK[17]).
- Reset UART1 controller in UART1\_RST (IPRSTC2[17]).

### 6.12.5 Functional Description

The UART Controller supports four function modes including UART, IrDA, RS-485 and LIN mode. User can select a function by setting the UA\_FUN\_SEL register. The four function modes will be described in following section.

#### 6.12.5.1 UART Controller Baud Rate Generator

The UART Controller includes a programmable baud rate generator capable of dividing clock input by divisors to produce the serial clock that transmitter and receiver need. Table 6-15 lists the UART baud rate equations in the various conditions and UART baud rate parameter settings. There is no error for the baud rate results calculated through the baud rate parameter and register setting below. In IrDA function mode, the baud rate generator must be set in mode 0. More detail register description is shown in UA\_BAUD register. There are three setting mode. Mode 0 is set by UA\_BAUD[29:28] with 00. Mode 1 is set by UA\_BAUD[29:28] with 10. Mode 2 is set by UA\_BAUD[29:28] with 11.

| Mode   | DIV_X_EN | DIV_X_ONE | Baud Rate Equation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mode 0 | 0        | 0         | $UART\_CLK / [16 * (BRD+2)]$                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Mode 1 | 1        | 0         | $UART\_CLK / [(DIVIDER\_X+1) * (BRD+2)]$ , DIVIDER_X must $\geq 8$                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Mode 2 | 1        | 1         | $UART\_CLK / (BRD+2)$ ,<br>If $UART\_CLK \leq HCLK$ , BRD must $\geq 9$ .<br>If $HCLK < UART\_CLK \leq 2*HCLK$ , BRD must $\geq 15$ .<br>If $2*HCLK < UART\_CLK \leq 3*HCLK$ , BRD must $\geq 21$ .<br>If $UART\_CLK > 3*HCLK$ , it is unsupported. |

Table 6-15 Baud Rate Equation Table

| UART Peripheral Clock = 22.1184 MHz |             |                                              |        |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------|--------|
| Baud Rate                           | Mode 0      | Mode 1                                       | Mode 2 |
| 921600                              | Not support | BRD=0, DIVIDER_X=11                          | BRD=22 |
| 460800                              | BRD=1       | BRD=1, DIVIDER_X =15<br>BRD=2, DIVIDER_X =11 | BRD=46 |

|        |          |                                                                              |           |
|--------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 230400 | BRD =4   | BRD =4, DIVIDER_X =15<br>BRD =6, DIVIDER_X =11                               | BRD =94   |
| 115200 | BRD =10  | BRD =10, DIVIDER_X =15<br>BRD =14, DIVIDER_X =11                             | BRD =190  |
| 57600  | BRD =22  | BRD =22, DIVIDER_X =15<br>BRD =30, DIVIDER_X =11                             | BRD =382  |
| 38400  | BRD =34  | BRD =62, DIVIDER_X =8<br>BRD =46, DIVIDER_X =11<br>BRD =34, E DIVIDER_X =15  | BRD =574  |
| 19200  | BRD =70  | BRD =126, DIVIDER_X =8<br>BRD =94, DIVIDER_X =11<br>BRD =70, DIVIDER_X =15   | BRD =1150 |
| 9600   | BRD =142 | BRD =254, DIVIDER_X =8<br>BRD =190, DIVIDER_X =11<br>BRD =142, DIVIDER_X =15 | BRD =2302 |
| 4800   | BRD =286 | BRD =510, DIVIDER_X =8<br>BRD =382, DIVIDER_X =11<br>BRD =286, DIVIDER_X =15 | BRD =4606 |

Table 6-16 UART Controller Baud Rate Parameter Setting Example Table

| UART Peripheral Clock = 22.1184 MHz |               |                                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Baud Rate                           | UA_BAUD Value |                                           |             |
|                                     | Mode 0        | Mode 1                                    | Mode 2      |
| 921600                              | Not support   | 0x2B00_0000                               | 0x3000_0016 |
| 460800                              | 0x0000_0001   | 0x2F00_0001<br>0x2B00_0002                | 0x3000_002E |
| 230400                              | 0x0000_0004   | 0x2F00_0004<br>0x2B00_0006                | 0x3000_005E |
| 115200                              | 0x0000_000A   | 0x2F00_000A<br>0x2B00_000E                | 0x3000_00BE |
| 57600                               | 0x0000_0016   | 0x2F00_0016<br>0x2B00_001E                | 0x3000_017E |
| 38400                               | 0x0000_0022   | 0x2800_003E<br>0x2B00_002E<br>0x2F00_0022 | 0x3000_023E |
| 19200                               | 0x0000_0046   | 0x2800_007E<br>0x2B00_005E<br>0x2F00_0046 | 0x3000_047E |
| 9600                                | 0x0000_008E   | 0x2800_00FE<br>0x2B00_00BE<br>0x2F00_008E | 0x3000_08FE |
| 4800                                | 0x0000_011E   | 0x2800_01FE<br>0x2B00_017E<br>0x2F00_011E | 0x3000_11FE |

Table 6-17 UART Controller Baud Rate Register Setting Example Table

#### 6.12.5.2 UART Controller Transmit Delay Time Value

The UART Controller programs DLY (UA\_TOR[15:8]) to control the transfer delay time between the last stop bit and next start bit in transmission. The unit is baud. The operation is shown in Figure 6-73.

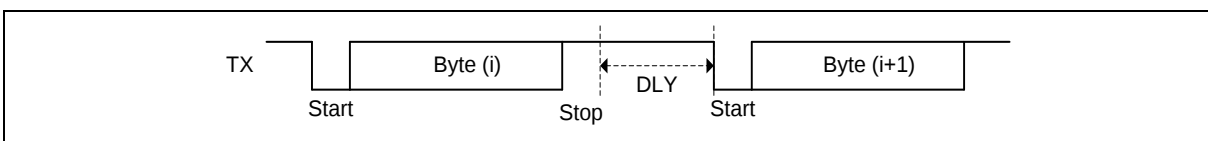


Figure 6-73 Transmit Delay Time Operation

#### 6.12.5.3 UART Controller FIFO Control and Status

The UART Controller is built-in with a 16 bytes transmitter FIFO (TX\_FIFO) and a 16 bytes receiver FIFO (RX\_FIFO) that reduces the number of interrupts presented to the CPU. The CPU can read the status of the UART at any time during operation. The reported status information includes condition of the transfer operations being performed by the UART, as well as 3 error conditions (parity error, frame error, break error) occur if receiving data has parity, frame or break error. UART, IrDA, LIN and RS-485 mode support FIFO control and status function.

If there is any overrun event in transmitter or receiver FIFO, the buffer error flag BUF\_ERR\_IF (UA\_ISR[5]) will be set automatically.

#### 6.12.5.4 UART Controller Wake-up Function

The UART controller supports wake-up system function. The wake-up function includes nCTS. When the system is in Power-down, the UART can wake-up system by nCTS pin. Figure 6-74 demonstrates the wake-up function.

##### nCTS Wake-up Case 1 (nCTS transition from low to high)

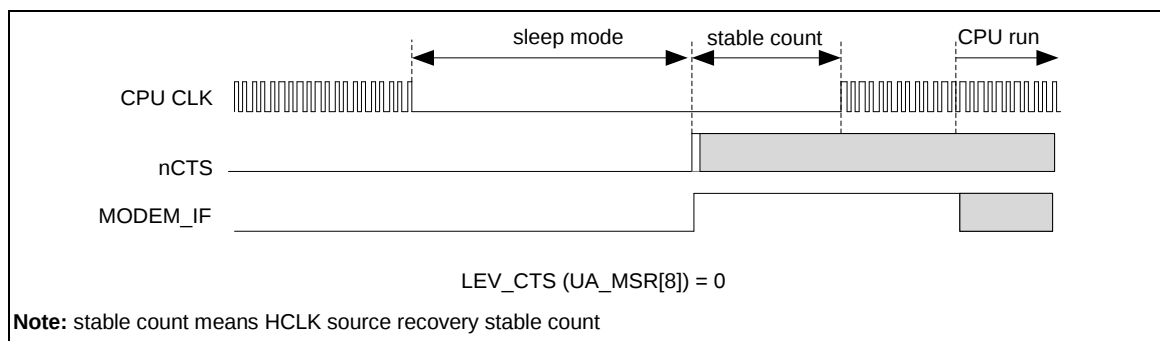


Figure 6-74 UART nCTS Wake-up Case1

##### nCTS Wake-up Case 2 (nCTS transition from high to low)

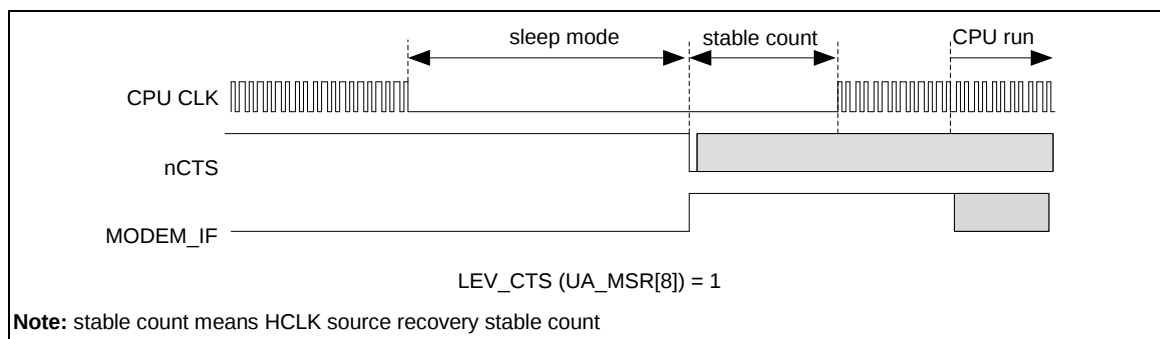


Figure 6-75 UART nCTS Wake-up Case2

### 6.12.5.5 UART Controller Interrupt and Status

Each UART Controller supports seven types of interrupts including:

- Receiver threshold level reached interrupt (RDA\_INT)
- Transmitter FIFO empty interrupt (THRE\_INT)
- Line status interrupt (parity error or frame error or break error) (RLS\_INT)
- MODEM status interrupt (MODEM\_INT)
- Receiver buffer time-out interrupt (TOUT\_INT)
- Buffer error interrupt (BUF\_ERR\_INT)
- LIN bus interrupt (LIN\_INT)

Table 6-18 describes the interrupt sources and flags. The interrupt is generated when the interrupt flag is generated and the interrupt enable bit is set. User must clear the interrupt flag after the interrupt is generated.

| UART Interrupt Source              | Interrupt Enable Bit | Interrupt Indicator To Interrupt Controller | Interrupt Flag           | Flag Cleared By                                                          |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LIN interrupt                      | LIN_IEN              | LIN_INT                                     | LIN_IF                   | Write '1' to LINS_HDET_F/LIN_BKDET_F/BIT_ERR_F/LINS_IDPERR_F/LINS_HERR_F |
| Buffer Error Interrupt             | BUF_ERR_IEN          | BUF_ERR_INT                                 | BUF_ERR_IF = TX_OVER_IF  | Write '1' to TX_OVER_IF                                                  |
|                                    |                      |                                             | BUF_ERR_IF = RX_OVER_IF  | Write '1' to RX_OVER_IF                                                  |
| Receiver Buffer Time-out Interrupt | TOUT_IEN             | TOUT_INT                                    | TOUT_IF                  | Read UA_RBR                                                              |
| Modem Status Interrupt             | MODEM_IEN            | MODEM_INT                                   | MODEM_IF = DCTS_F        | Write '1' to DCTS_F                                                      |
| Receive Line Status Interrupt      | RLS_IEN              | RLS_INT                                     | RLS_IF = BIF             | Write '1' to BIF                                                         |
|                                    |                      |                                             | RLS_IF = FEF             | Write '1' to FEF                                                         |
|                                    |                      |                                             | RLS_IF = PEF             | Write '1' to PEF                                                         |
|                                    |                      |                                             | RLS_IF = RS485_ADD_DET_F | Write '1' to RS485_ADD_DET_F                                             |

|                                           |          |          |         |              |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|--------------|
| Transmit Holding Register Empty Interrupt | THRE_IEN | THRE_INT | THRE_IF | Write UA_THR |
| Receive Data Available Interrupt          | RDA_IEN  | RDA_INT  | RDA_IF  | Read UA_RBR  |

Table 6-18 UART Interrupt Sources and Flags Table in Software Mode

#### 6.12.5.6 UART Function Mode

The UART Controller provides UART function (Setting FUN\_SEL (UA\_FUN\_SEL [1:0]) to 00 to enable UART function mode). The UART baud rate is up to 1 Mbps.

The UART provides full-duplex and asynchronous communications. The transmitter and receiver contain 16 bytes FIFO for payloads. User can program receiver buffer trigger level and receiver buffer time-out detection for receiver.

The UART supports hardware auto-flow control that provides programmable nRTS flow control trigger level. When number of data bytes in RX FIFO is equal to or greater than RTS\_TRI\_LEV (UA\_FCR[19:16]), the nRTS is de-asserted.

#### UART Line Control Function

The UART Controller supports fully programmable serial-interface characteristics by setting the UA\_LCR register. User can program UA\_LCR register for the word length, stop bit and parity bit setting. Table 6-19 lists the UART word, stop bit length and the parity bit settings.

| NSB<br>(UA_LCR[2]) | WLS<br>(UA_LCR[1:0]) | Word Length (Bit) | Stop Length (Bit) |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 0                  | 00                   | 5                 | 1                 |
| 0                  | 01                   | 6                 | 1                 |
| 0                  | 10                   | 7                 | 1                 |
| 0                  | 11                   | 8                 | 1                 |
| 1                  | 00                   | 5                 | 1.5               |
| 1                  | 01                   | 6                 | 2                 |
| 1                  | 10                   | 7                 | 2                 |
| 1                  | 11                   | 8                 | 2                 |

Table 6-19 UART Line Control of Word and Stop Length Setting

| Parity Type | SPE<br>(UA_LCR[5]) | EPE<br>(UA_LCR[4]) | PBE<br>(UA_LCR[3]) | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| No Parity   | x                  | x                  | 0                  | No parity bit output.                                                                                                                                 |
| Odd Parity  | 0                  | 0                  | 1                  | Odd Parity is calculated by adding all the "1's" in a data stream and adding a parity bit to the total bits, to make the total count an odd number.   |
| Even Parity | 0                  | 1                  | 1                  | Even Parity is calculated by adding all the "1's" in a data stream and adding a parity bit to the total bits, to make the total count an even number. |

|                     |   |   |   |                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Forced Mark Parity  | 1 | 0 | 1 | Parity bit always logic 1.<br>Parity bit on the serial byte is set to "1" regardless of total number of "1's" (even or odd counts). |
| Forced Space Parity | 1 | 1 | 1 | Parity bit always logic 0.<br>Parity bit on the serial byte is set to "0" regardless of total number of "1's" (even or odd counts). |

Table 6-20 UART Line Control of Parity Bit Setting

### UART Auto-Flow Control Function

The UART supports auto-flow control function that uses two signals, nCTS (clear-to-send) and nRTS (request-to-send), to control the flow of data transfer between the UART and external devices (e.g. Modem). When auto-flow is enabled, the UART is not allowed to receive data until the UART asserts nRTS to external device. When the number of bytes stored in the RX FIFO equals the value of RTS\_TRI\_LEV (UA\_FCR[19:16]), the nRTS is de-asserted. The UART sends data out when UART detects nCTS is asserted from external device. If the valid asserted nCTS is not detected, the UART will not send data out.

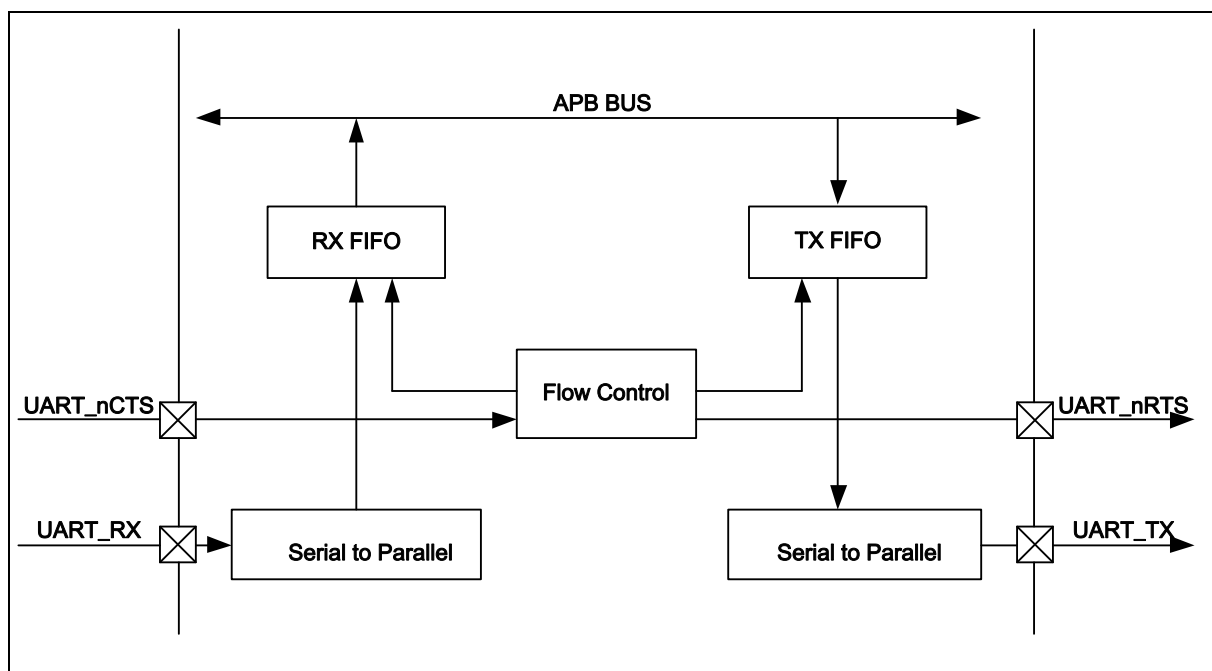


Figure 6-76 Auto-Flow Control Block Diagram

Figure 6-77 demonstrates the nCTS auto-flow control of UART function mode. User must set AUTO\_CTS\_EN (UA\_IER[13]) to enable nCTS auto-flow control function. The LEV\_CTS (UA\_MSR[8]) can set nCTS pin input active state. The DCTSIF (UA\_MSR[0]) is set when any state change of nCTS pin input has occurred, and then TX data will be automatically transmitted from TX FIFO.

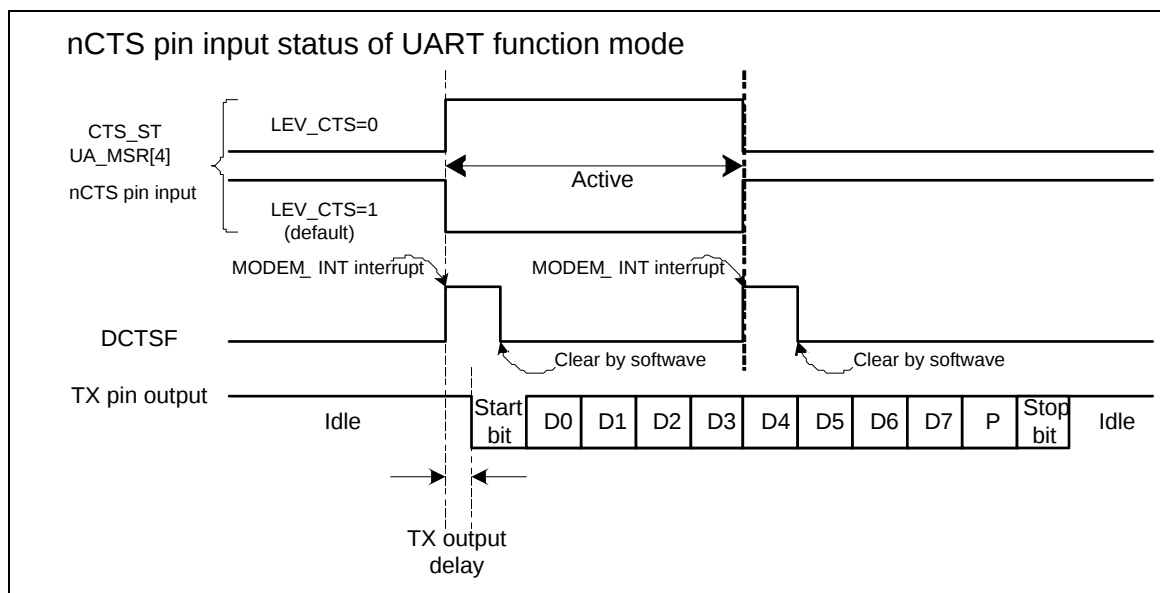


Figure 6-77 UART nCTS Auto-Flow Control Enabled

In Figure 6-78, UART nRTS auto-flow control mode ( $AUTO\_RTS\_EN$  ( $UA\_IER[12]$ )=1), the nRTS internal signal is controlled by  $UA\_FCR$  controller with  $RTS\_TRI\_LEV$  ( $UA\_FCR[19:16]$ ) trigger level.

Setting  $LEV\_RTS(UA\_MCR[9])$  can control the nRTS pin output is inverse or non-inverse from nRTS signal. User can read the  $RTS\_ST$  ( $UA\_MCR[13]$ ) bit to get real nRTS pin output voltage logic status.

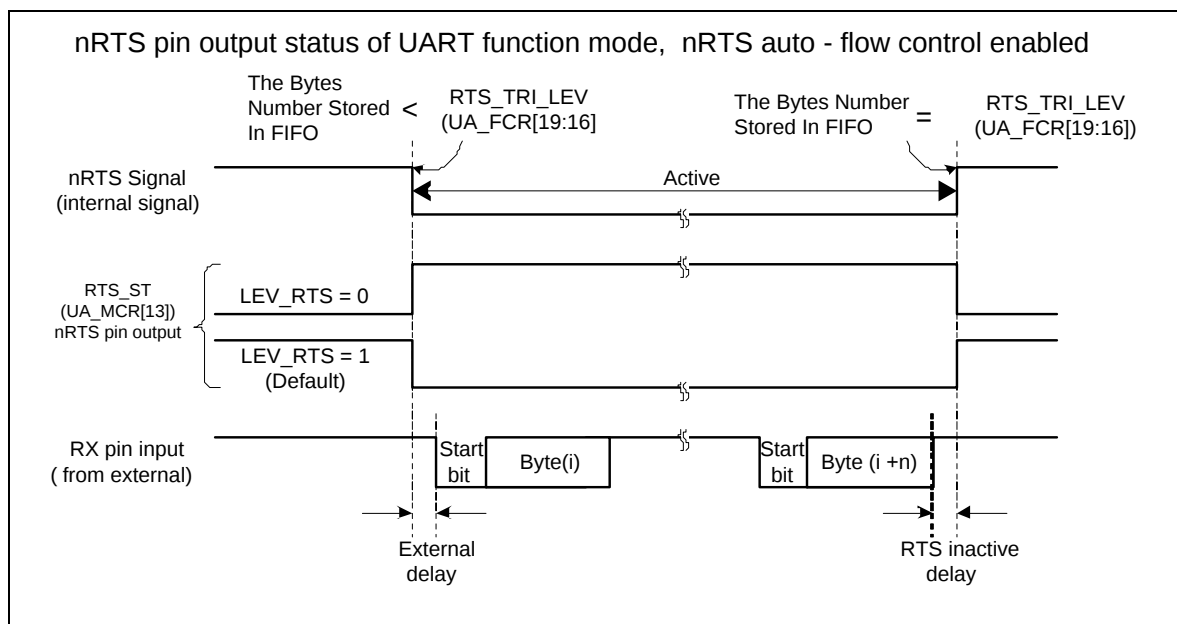


Figure 6-78 UART nRTS Auto-Flow Control Enabled

As shown in the Figure 6-79, in software mode ( $AUTO\_RTS\_EN$  ( $UA\_IER[12]$ )=0), the nRTS flow is directly controlled by software programming of  $RTS(UA\_MCR[1])$  control bit.

Setting LEV\_RTS (UA\_MCR[9]) can control the nRTS pin output is inverse or non-inverse from RTS(UA\_MCR[1]) control bit. User can read the RTS\_ST(UA\_MCR[13]) bit to get real nRTS pin output voltage logic status.

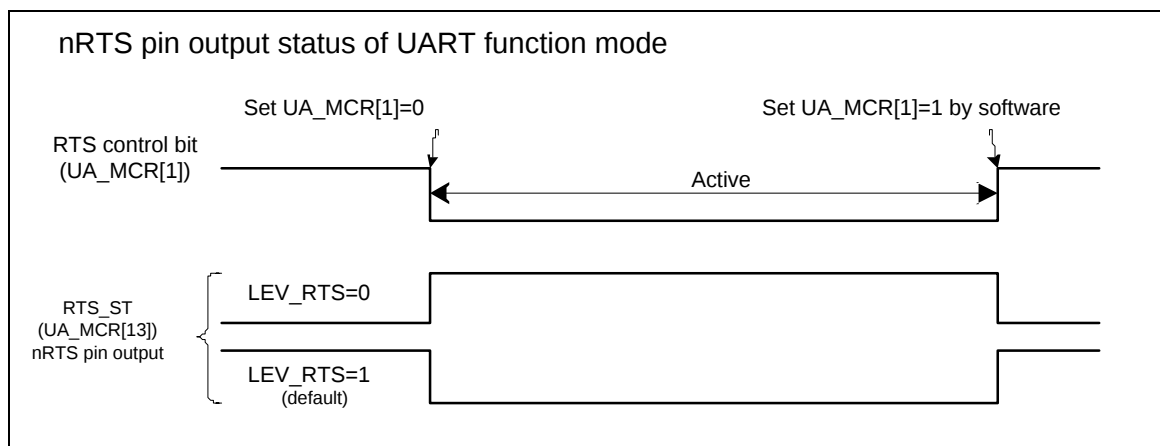


Figure 6-79 UART nRTS Auto-Flow with Software Control

#### 6.12.5.7 IrDA Function Mode

The UART Controller also provides Serial IrDA (SIR, Serial Infrared) function (Setting FUN\_SEL (UA\_FUN\_SEL[1:0]) to 10 to enable the IrDA function). The SIR specification defines a short-range infrared asynchronous serial transmission mode with one start bit, 8 data bits, and 1 stop bit. The maximum data rate is 115.2 kbps. The IrDA SIR block contains an IrDA SIR protocol encoder/decoder. The IrDA SIR protocol is half-duplex only. So, it cannot transmit and receive data at the same time. The IrDA SIR physical layer specifies a minimum 10 ms transfer delay between transmission and reception, and this delay feature must be implemented by software.

In IrDA mode, the DIV\_X\_EN (UA\_BAUD[29]) register must be cleared.

**Baud Rate = Clock / (16 \* (BRD+2))**, where BRD is Baud Rate Divider in UA\_BAUD register.

The IrDA control block diagram is shown in Figure 6-80

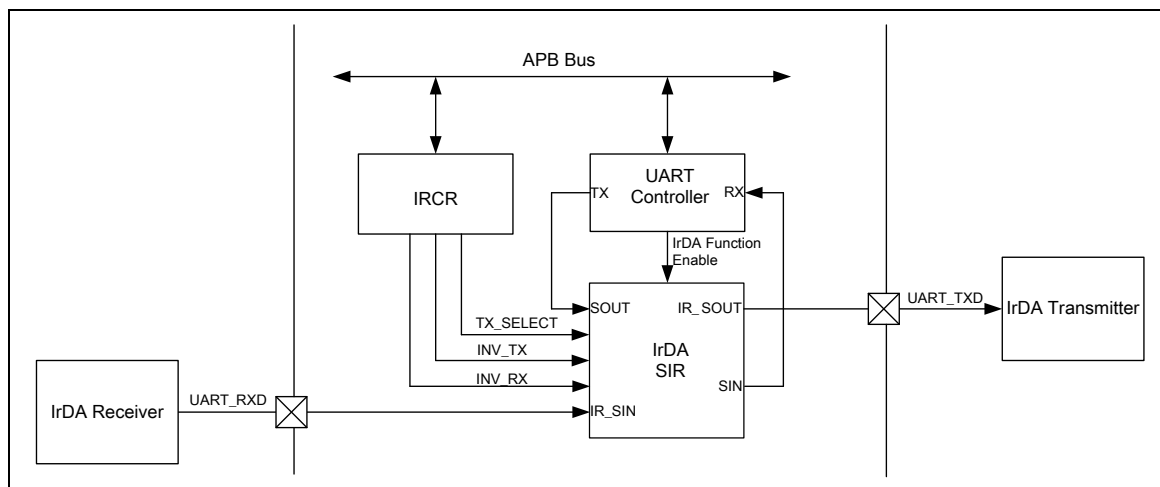


Figure 6-80 IrDA Block Diagram

#### 6.12.5.7.1 IrDA SIR Transmit Encoder

The IrDA SIR Transmit Encoder modulates Non-Return-to Zero (NRZ) transmit bit stream output from UART. The IrDA SIR physical layer specifies the use of Return-to-Zero Inverted (RZI) modulation scheme which represents logic 0 as an infra light pulse. The modulated output pulse stream is transmitted to an external output driver and infrared Light Emitting Diode.

In Normal mode, the transmitted pulse width is specified as 3/16 period of baud rate.

#### 6.12.5.7.2 IrDA SIR Receive Decoder

The IrDA SIR Receive Decoder demodulates the Return-to-Zero bit stream from the input detector and outputs the NRZ serial bits stream to the UART received data input. The decoder input is normally high in the idle state and the start bit is detected when the decoder input is LOW. (Because of this, INV\_RX (UA\_IRCR[6]) should be set as 1 by default and the INV\_TX (UA\_IRCR[5]) is set to '0').

#### 6.12.5.7.3 IrDA SIR Operation

The IrDA SIR Encoder/Decoder provides functionality which converts between UART data stream and half duplex serial SIR interface. Figure 6-81 is IrDA encoder/decoder waveform:

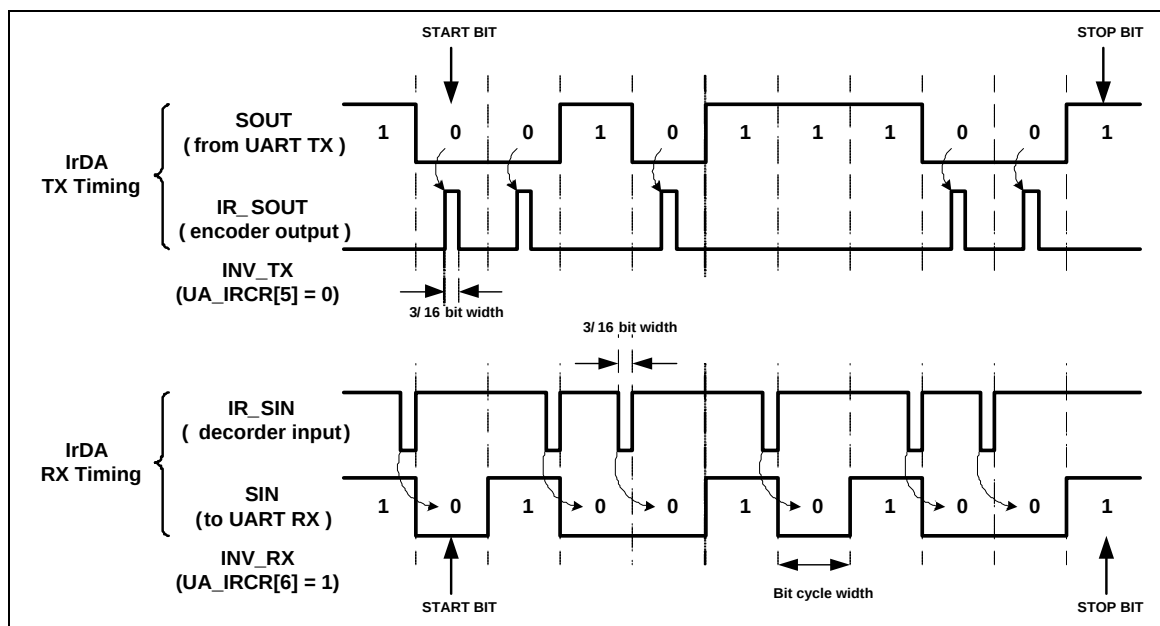


Figure 6-81 IrDA Timing Diagram

#### 6.12.5.8 RS-485 function mode

Another alternate function of UART Controller is RS-485 function (user must set FUN\_SEL (UA\_FUN\_SEL[1:0]) to 11 to enable RS-485 function), and direction control provided by nRTS pin from an asynchronous serial port. The RS-485 transceiver control is implemented by using the nRTS control signal to enable the RS-485 driver, many characteristics of the RX and TX are same as UART in RS-485 mode.

The UART controller can be configured as an RS-485 addressable slave and the RS-485 master transmitter will identify an address character by setting the parity (9-th bit) to 1. For data characters, the parity is set to 0. Software can use UA\_LCR register to control the 9-th bit (When the PBE (UA\_LCR[3]), EPE (UA\_LCR[4]) and SPE (UA\_LCR[5]) are set, the 9-th bit is transmitted 0 and when PBE (UA\_LCR[3]) and SPE (UA\_LCR[5]) are set and EPE (UA\_LCR[4]) is cleared, the 9-th bit is transmitted 1).

The controller supports three operation modes: RS-485 Normal Multidrop Operation Mode (NMM), RS-485 Auto Address Detection Operation Mode (AAD) and RS-485 Auto Direction Control Operation Mode (AUD). Software can choose any operation mode by programming the UA\_ALT\_CSR register, and drive the transfer delay time between the last stop bit leaving the TX-FIFO and the de-assertion of by setting DLY (UA\_TOR[15:8]) register.

The Controller support three operation mode that is

##### **RS-485 Normal Multidrop Operation Mode (NMM)**

In RS-485 Normal Multidrop operation mode (RS485\_NMM (UA\_ALT\_CSR[8]) = 1), in first, software must decide the data which before the address byte be detected will be stored in RX-FIFO or not. If software want to ignore any data before address byte detected, the flow is set RX\_DIS (UA\_FCR[8]), then enable RS485\_NMM (UA\_ALT\_CSR[8]) and the receiver will ignore any data until an address byte is detected (bit 9 = 1) and the address byte data will be stored in the RX-FIFO. If software wants to receive any data before address byte detected, the flow is clear RX\_DIS (UA\_FCR[8]), then enables RS485\_NMM (UA\_ALT\_CSR[8]) and the receiver will received any data.

If an address byte is detected (bit9 =1), it will generate an interrupt to CPU and RX\_DIS (UA\_FCR[8]) can decide whether accepting the following data bytes are stored in the RX-FIFO. If software disables receiver by setting RX\_DIS (UA\_FCR[8]) register, when the next address byte be detected, the controller will clear the RX\_DIS (UA\_FCR[8]) bit and the address byte data will be stored in the RX-FIFO.

##### **RS-485 Auto Address Detection Operation Mode (AAD)**

In RS-485 Auto Address Detection Operation mode (RS485\_AAD (UA\_ALT\_CSR[9]) = 1), the receiver will ignore any data until an address byte is detected (bit 9 = 1) and the address byte data match the ADDR\_MATCH (UA\_ALT\_CSR [31:24]) value. The address byte data will be stored in the RX-FIFO. The all received byte data will be accepted and stored in the RX-FIFO until an address byte data not match the ADDR\_MATCH (UA\_ALT\_CSR[31:24]) value.

##### **RS-485 Auto Direction Mode (AUD)**

Another option function of RS-485 controllers is RS-485 auto direction control function (RS485\_AUD (UA\_ALT\_CSR[10]) = 1). The RS-485 transceiver control is implemented by using the nRTS control signal from an asynchronous serial port. The nRTS line is connected to the RS-485 transceiver enable pin such that setting the nRTS line to high (logic 1) enables the RS-485 transceiver. Setting the nRTS line to low (logic 0) puts the transceiver into the tri-state condition to disabled. User can setting LEV\_RTS (UA\_MCR[9]) to change the nRTS driving level.

Figure 6-82 demonstrates the RS-485 nRTS driving level in AUD mode. The nRTS pin will be automatically driven during TX data transmission.

Setting LEV\_RTS (UA\_MCR[9]) can control nRTS pin output driving level. User can read the RTS\_ST(UA\_MCR[13]) bit to get real nRTS pin output voltage logic status.

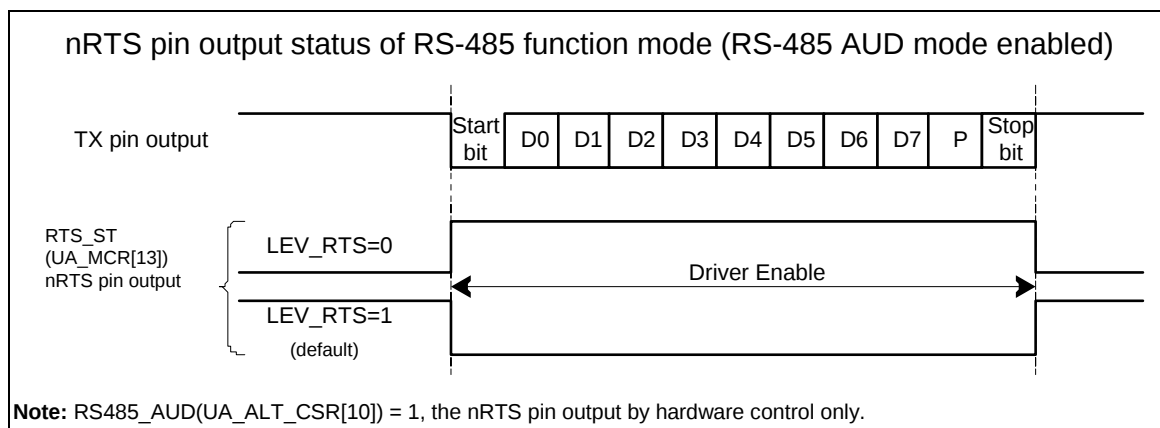


Figure 6-82 RS-485 nRTS Driving Level in Auto Direction Mode

Figure 6-83 demonstrates the RS-485 nRTS driving level in software control (RS485\_AUD (UA\_ALT\_CSR[10])=0). The nRTS driving level is controlled by programming the RTS(UA\_MCR[1]) control bit.

Setting LEV\_RTS (UA\_MCR[9]) can control the nRTS pin output is inverse or non-inverse from RTS (UA\_MCR[1]) control bit. User can read the RTS\_ST (UA\_MCR[13]) bit to get real nRTS pin output voltage logic status.

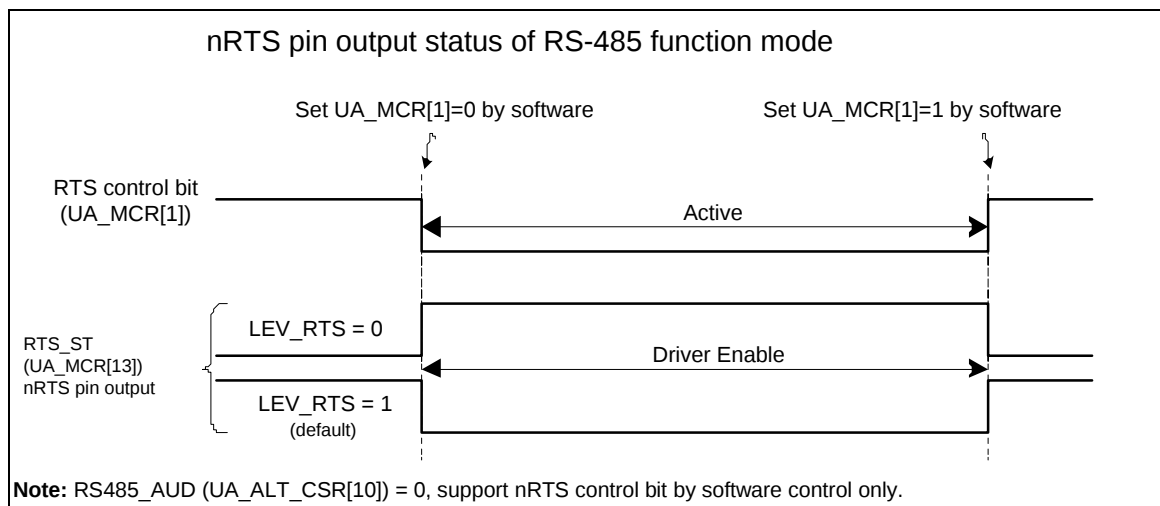


Figure 6-83 RS-485 nRTS Driving Level with Software Control

Program Sequence Example:

1. Program FUN\_SEL in UA\_FUN\_SEL to select RS-485 function.
2. Program the RX\_DIS (UA\_FCR[8]) to determine enable or disable RS-485 receiver.
3. Program the RS485\_NMM (UA\_ALT\_CSR[8]) or RS485\_AAD (UA\_ALT\_CSR[9]) mode.
4. If the RS485\_AAD (UA\_ALT\_CSR[9]) mode is selected, the ADDR\_MATCH (UA\_ALT\_CSR[31:24]) is programmed for auto address match value.
5. Determine auto direction control by programming RS485\_AUD (UA\_ALT\_CSR[10]).

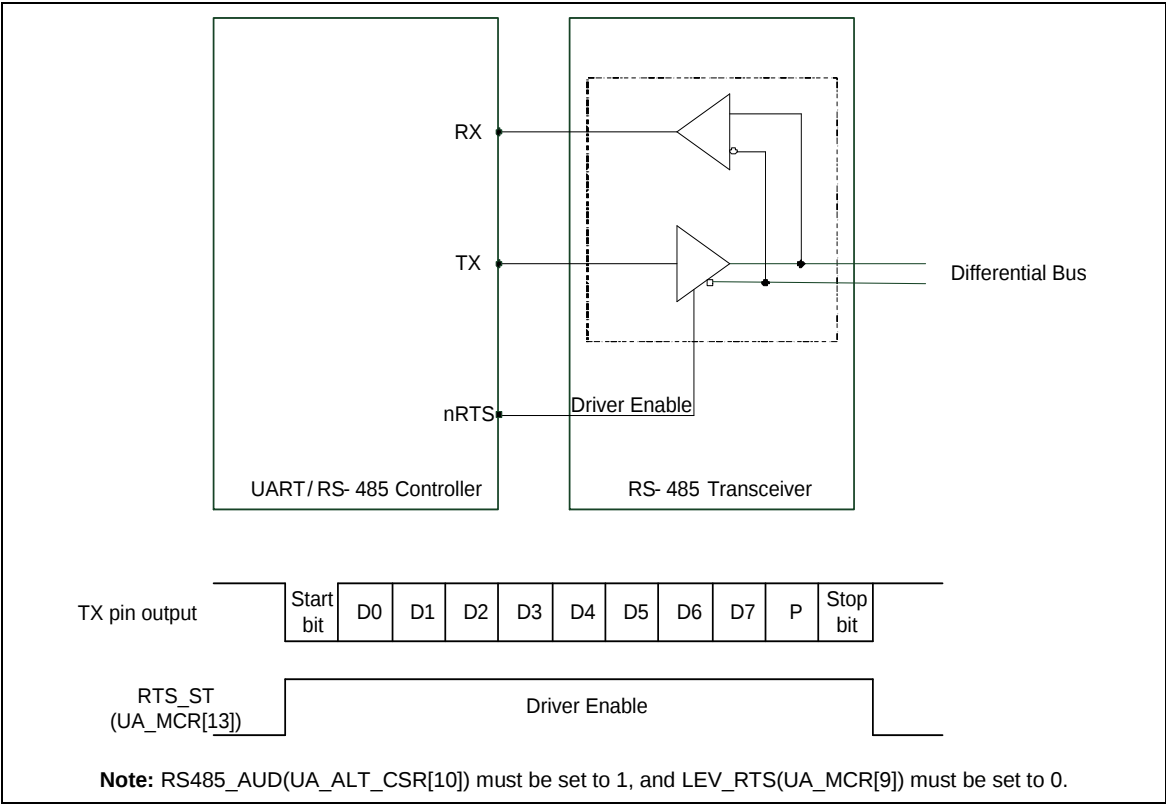


Figure 6-84 Structure of RS-485 Frame

### 6.12.5.9 LIN (Local Interconnection Network) mode

The UART supports LIN function, and LIN mode is selected by setting the FUN\_SEL (UA\_FUN\_SEL[1:0]) to 01. The UART support LIN break/delimiter generation and break/delimiter detection in LIN master mode, support header detection and automatic resynchronization in LIN slave mode.

#### 6.12.5.9.1 Structure of LIN Frame

According to the LIN protocol, all information is transmitted packed as frames; a frame consist a header (provided by the master task) and a response (provided by a slave task). That is any communication on the LIN bus is started by the master sending a header, followed by the response. The header (provided by the master task) consists of a break field and sync field followed by a frame identifier (frame ID). The frame identifier uniquely defines the purpose of the frame. The slave task appointed for providing the response associated with the frame ID and the response consists of a data field and a checksum field. Figure 6-85 is the structure of LIN Frame.

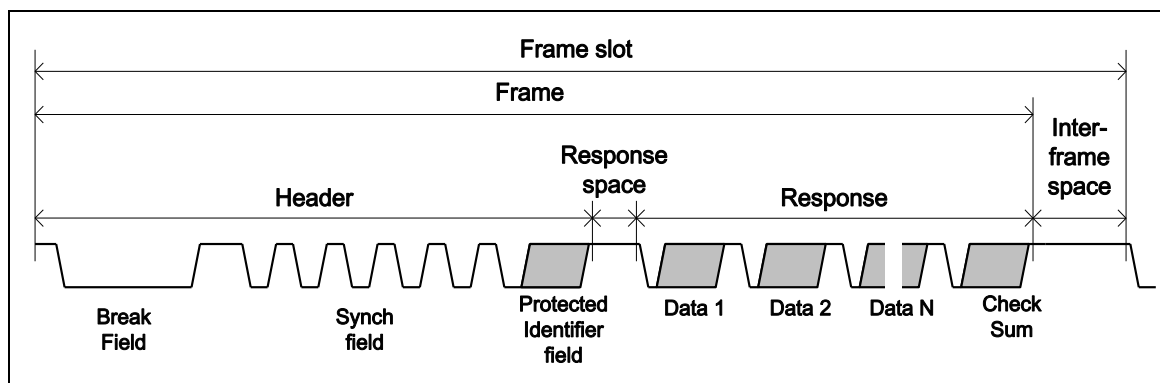


Figure 6-85 Structure of LIN Frame

#### 6.12.5.9.2 Structure of LIN Byte

In LIN mode, each byte field is initiated by a START bit with value zero (dominant), followed by 8 data bits WLS (UA\_LCR[1:0]) = 11 and no parity bit, LSB is first and ended by 1 stop bit NSB (UA\_LCR[2]) = 0 with value one (recessive) in accordance with the LIN standard. Structure of Byte is in Figure 6-86.

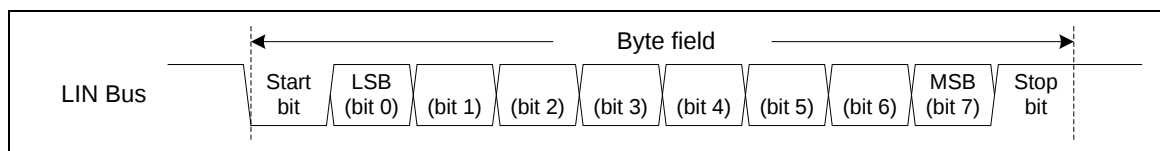


Figure 6-86 Structure of LIN Byte

#### 6.12.5.9.3 LIN Master Mode

The UART controller support LIN master mode by setting the UA\_FUN\_SEL register. To enable and initialize the LIN master mode, the following steps are necessary.

1. Select the desired baud-rate by setting the UA\_BAUD register.
2. Configure the data length to 8 bits by setting WLS (UA\_LCR[1:0]) = 11 and disable parity check by clearing PBE (UA\_LCR[3]) bit and configure the stop bit to 1 by clearing NSB (UA\_LCR[2]) bit.

3. Select LIN function mode by setting UA\_FUN\_SEL register.

A complete header consists of a break field and sync field followed by a frame identifier (frame ID). The UART controller can be selected header sending by three header selected mode. The header selected mode can be “break field” or “break field and sync field” or “break field, sync field and frame ID field” by setting LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]) in UA\_LIN\_CTL register. If the header selected is “break field”, software must handle the following sequence to sending a complete header to bus by filled sync data (0x55) and frame ID data to UA\_THR register. If the header selected is “break field and sync field”, software must handle the sequence to sending a complete header to bus by filled frame ID data to UA\_THR register, and if the header selected is “break field, sync field and frame ID field”, hardware will control the header sending sequence automatically but software must filled frame ID data to LIN\_PID (UA\_LIN\_CTL[31:24]) register. When operating in header selected is “break field, sync field and frame ID field” mode, the frame ID parity bit can be calculated by software or hardware that depended on LIN\_IDPEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[9]) bit setting or not.

| LIN_HEAD_SEL | Break Field      | Sync Field       | ID Field                                                                            |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0            | Generated by H/W | Handled by S/W   | Handled by S/W                                                                      |
| 1            | Generated by H/W | Generated by H/W | Handled by S/W                                                                      |
| 2            | Generated by H/W | Generated by H/W | Generated by H/W<br>(But S/W needs to fill ID to LIN_PID (UA_LIN_CTL[31:24]) first) |

Table 6-21 LIN Header selection in master mode

When operating in LIN data transmission, software can monitor the LIN bus transfer state by hardware or software. User can enable hardware monitoring by setting BIT\_ERR\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[12]) to “1”, if the input pin (SIN) state is not equal to the output pin (SOUT) state in LIN transmitter state that the hardware will generator an interrupt to CPU. Software also can monitor the LIN bus transfer state by checking the read back data in UA\_RBR register. The following sequence is a program sequence example:

Procedure without software error monitoring in master mode

1. Fill Protected Identifier to LIN\_PID (UA\_LIN\_CTL[31:24]).
2. Choose the hardware transmission header field include “break field + sync field + Protected identifier field” by setting LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]) = 10.
3. Request header transmission by setting the LIN\_SHD (UA\_LIN\_CTL[8]).
4. Wait until LIN\_SHD (UA\_LIN\_CTL[8]) be cleared by hardware.
5. Wait until TE\_FLAG (UA\_FSR[28]) set to “1” by hardware.

**Note1:** The break field + break/sync delimiter default setting is 13 dominant bits(break field) and 1 recessive bit(break/sync delimiter), software can change it by setting LIN\_BKFL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[19:16]) and LIN\_BS\_LEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[21:20]), to change the dominant bits.

**Note2:** The break/sync delimiter length default setting is 1 bit time and the inter-byte spaces default setting is also 1 bit time, software can change them by setting LIN\_BS\_LEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[21:20]) and DLY (UA\_TOR[15:8]).

**Note3:** If the header includes “break field, sync field and frame ID field”, software must fill frame ID in LIN\_PID (UA\_LIN\_CTL[31:24]) register before trigger header transmission (setting the LIN\_SHD (UA\_LIN\_CTL[8])). The frame ID parity can be generated by software or hardware depends on LIN\_IDPEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[9]). If the parity generated by software (LIN\_IDPEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[9]) = 0), software must fill 8 bit data (include 2 bit parity) in this field, and if the parity generated by hardware (LIN\_IDPEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[9]) = 1), software fill ID0~ID5, hardware will calculate P0 and P1.

Procedure with software error monitoring in master mode

1. Choose the hardware transmission header field only include “break field” by setting LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]) = 0x00.
2. Enable break detection function by setting LIN\_BKDET\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[10]).
3. Request break + break/sync delimiter transmission by setting the LIN\_SHD (UA\_LIN\_CTL[8]).
4. Wait until the LIN\_BKDET\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[8]) be set to “1” by hardware.
5. Request sync field transmission by writing 0x55 into UA\_THR register.
6. Wait until the RDA\_IF (UA\_ISR[0]) set to “1” by hardware and then read back the UA\_RBR register.
7. Request header frame ID transmission by writing the protected identifier value to UA\_THR register.
8. Wait until the RDA\_IF (UA\_ISR[0]) set to “1” by hardware and then read back the UA\_RBR register.

### LIN break and delimiter detection

When software enable the break detection function by setting LIN\_BKDET\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[10]), the break detection circuit is activated. The break detection circuit is totally independent from the UART receiver.

When enable break detection function, the circuit looks at the input SIN pin for a start signal. If circuit detected consecutive dominant greater than 11 bits dominant followed by a recessive bit(delimiter), the LIN\_BKDET\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[8]) flag is set at the end of break field. If the LIN\_IEN (UA\_IER[8]) =1, an interrupt will be generated. The behavior of the break detection and break flag is shown in Figure 6-87.

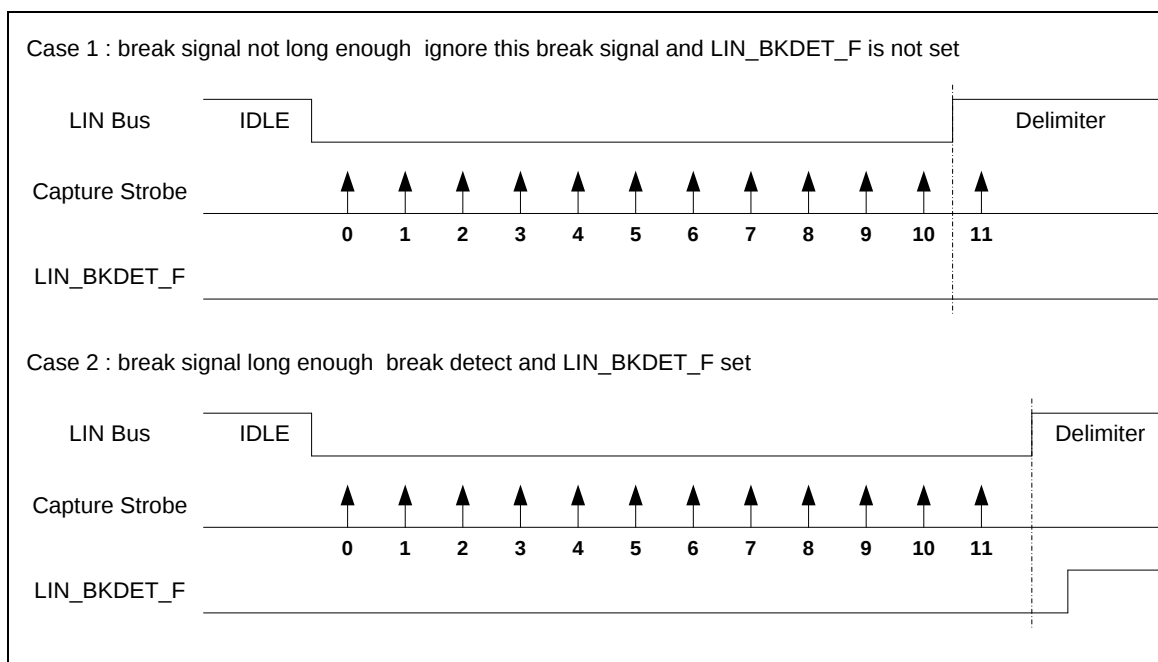


Figure 6-87 Break detection in LIN mode

#### 6.12.5.9.4 LIN Slave Mode

The UART controller support LIN slave mode by setting the LINS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[0]). To enable and initialize the LIN slave mode, the following steps are necessary:

1. Select the desired baud-rate by setting the UA\_BAUD register.
2. Configure the data length to 8 bits by setting WLS (UA\_LCR[1:0]) = 11 and disable parity check by clearing PBE (UA\_LCR[3]) bit and configure the stop bit to 1 by clearing NSB (UA\_LCR[2]) bit.
3. Select LIN function mode by setting UA\_FUN\_SEL register.
4. Enable LIN slave mode by setting the LINS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[0]).

#### LIN header reception

According to the LIN protocol, a slave node must wait for a valid header which came from the master node. Then application will take one of following actions (depend on the master header frame ID value)

- Receive the response.
- Transmit the response.
- Ignore the response and wait for next header.

In LIN slave mode, user can enable slave header detection function by setting LINS\_HDET\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[1]) register to detect complete frame header (receive “break field”, “sync field” and “frame ID field”). When a LIN header is received, the LINS\_HDET\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[0]) register will be set (If the LIN\_IEN (UA\_IER[8]) bit =1, an interrupt will be generated). User can enable frame ID parity check function by setting LIN\_IDPEN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[9]). If only received frame ID parity is not correct (break and sync field are correct), the LIN\_IDPERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[2]) flag (If the LIN\_IEN (UA\_IER[8]) =1, an interrupt will be generated) and LINS\_HDET\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[0]) both will be set. User also can put LIN in mute mode by setting LIN\_MUTE\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[4]) to 1. This mode allows detection of headers only (break + sync + frame ID) and prevents the reception of any other characters. In order to avoid bit rate tolerance, the controller support automatic resynchronization function to avoid clock deviation error, user can enable this feature by setting LINS\_ARS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[2]) register.

#### LIN response transmission

LIN slave node can transmit response and receive response. When slave node is the publisher of the response, the slave node send response by filling data to UA\_THR register, and if the slave node is the subscriber of the response, the slave node received data from LIN bus.

### LIN header time-out error

The LIN slave controller contains a header time-out counter. If the entire header is not received within the maximum time limit of 57 bit times, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UR\_LIN\_SR[1]) will be set. The time-out counter is enabled at each break detect edge and stopped in the following conditions.

- A LIN frame ID field has been received.
- The header error flag assert.
- Software write 1 to LINS\_SYNC\_F (UR\_LIN\_SR[3]) to re-search new frame header.

### Mute mode and LIN exit from mute mode condition

In mute mode, LIN slave node will not receive any data until specified condition occurred. It allows detection of headers only and prevents the reception of any other characters. User can enable mute mode by setting LIN\_MUTE\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[4]) and exit from mute mode condition can be selected by LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]).

**Note:** It is recommended to set LIN slave node to mute mode after checksum transmission.

LIN slave controller exit from mute mode conditions is shown as follows: If LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]) is set to “break field”, when LIN slave controller detects a valid LIN break + delimiter, the controller will enable the receiver (exit from mute mode) and subsequent data(sync data, frame ID data, response data) are received in RX-FIFO.

If LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]) is set to “break field and sync field”, when LIN slave controller detects a valid LIN break + delimiter followed by a valid sync field without frame error, the controller will enable the receiver (exit from mute mode) and subsequent data(ID data, response data) are received in RX-FIFO.

If LIN\_HEAD\_SEL (UA\_LIN\_CTL[23:22]) is set to “break field, sync field and ID field”, when LIN slave controller detects a valid LIN break + delimiter and valid sync field without frame error followed by ID data without frame error and received ID data matched LIN\_PID (UA\_LIN\_CTL[31:24]) value. The controller will enable the receiver (exit from mute mode) and subsequent data (response data) are received in RX-FIFO.

### Slave mode without automatic resynchronization

User can disable automatic resynchronization function to fix the communication baud rate. When operating in without automatic resynchronization mode, software need some initial process, and the initialization process flow of without automatic resynchronization mode is shown as follows:

1. Select the desired baud-rate by setting the UA\_BAUD register.
2. Select LIN function mode by setting UA\_FUN\_SEL register.
3. Disable automatic resynchronization function by setting LINS\_ARS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[2]) = 0.
4. Enable LIN slave mode by setting the LINS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[0]).

### Slave mode with automatic resynchronization

User can enable automatic resynchronization function by setting LINS\_ARS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[2]). In automatic resynchronization mode, the controller will adjust the baud rate generator after each sync field reception. The initialization process flow of automatic resynchronization mode is shown as follows:

1. Select the desired baud-rate by setting the UA\_BAUD register.
2. Select LIN function mode by setting UA\_FUN\_SEL register.
3. Enable automatic resynchronization function by setting LINS\_ARS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[2]) = 1.
4. Enable LIN slave mode by setting the LINS\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[0]).

When automatic resynchronization function is enabled, after each LIN break field, the time duration between five falling edges is sampled on UART peripheral clock and the result of this measurement is stored in an internal 13-bit register and the UA\_BAUD register value will automatically updated at the end of the fifth falling edge. If the measure timer (13bit) overflow before five falling edges, then the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) will be set.

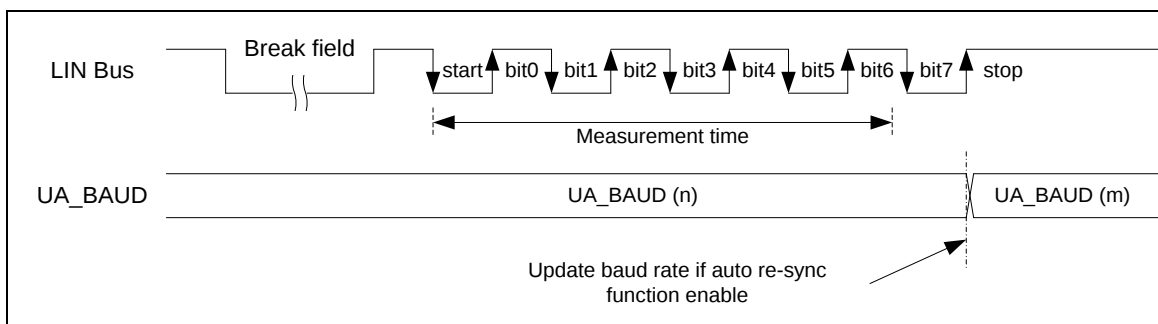


Figure 6-88 LIN sync field measurement

When operating in automatic resynchronization mode, software must select the desired baud rate by setting the UA\_BAUD register and hardware will store it at internal TEMP\_REG register, after each LIN break field, the time duration between five falling edges is sampled on UART peripheral clock and the result of this measurement is stored in an internal 13-bit register (BAUD\_LIN) and the result will be updated to UA\_BAUD register automatically.

In order to guarantee the transmission baud rate, the baud rate generator must reload the initial value before each new break reception. The initial value is programmed by the application during initialization (TEMP\_REG). User can setting LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) to enable auto reload initial baud rate value function. If the LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) is set, when received the next character, hardware will auto reload the initial value to UA\_BAUD, and when the UA\_BAUD be updated, the LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) will be cleared automatically. The behavior of LIN updated method as shown in Figure 6-89.

**Note1:** It is recommended setting the LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) before every checksum reception.

**Note2:** When header error been detected, user must writing 1 to LINS\_SYNC\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[3]) register to re-search new frame header. When user writing 1 to it, hardware will reload the initial baud-rate (TEMP\_REG) and re-search new frame header.

**Note3:** When operation in automatic resynchronization mode, the baud rate setting must be mode2 (DIV\_X\_EN (UA\_BAUD[29]) and DIV\_X\_ONE (UA\_BAUD[28]) must be 1).

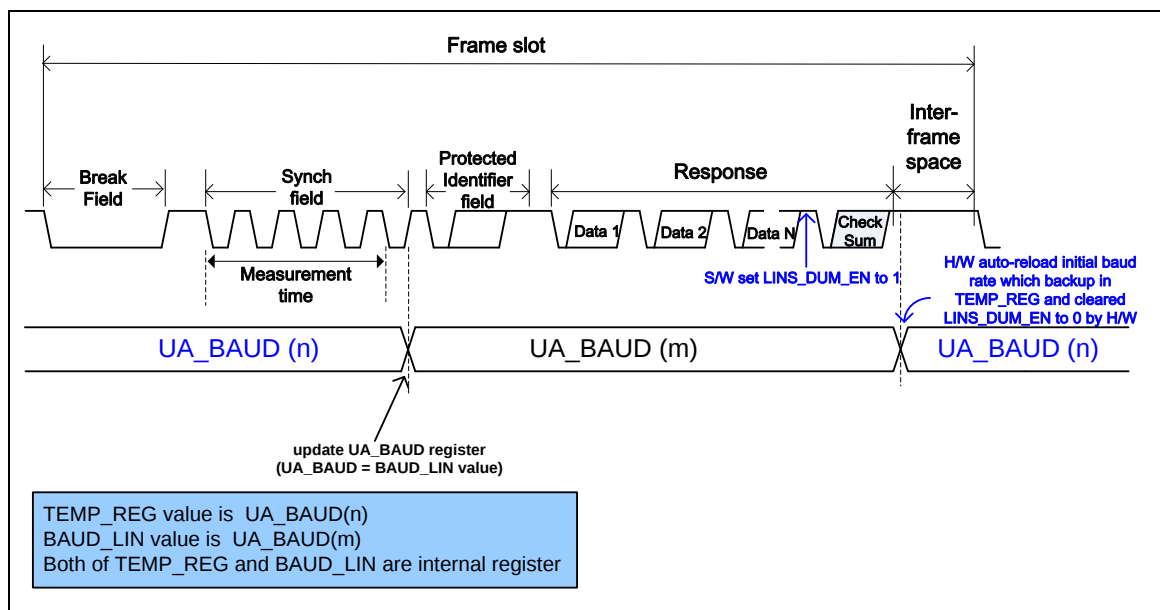


Figure 6-89 UA\_BAUD update sequence in automatic resynchronization mode when LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) = 1

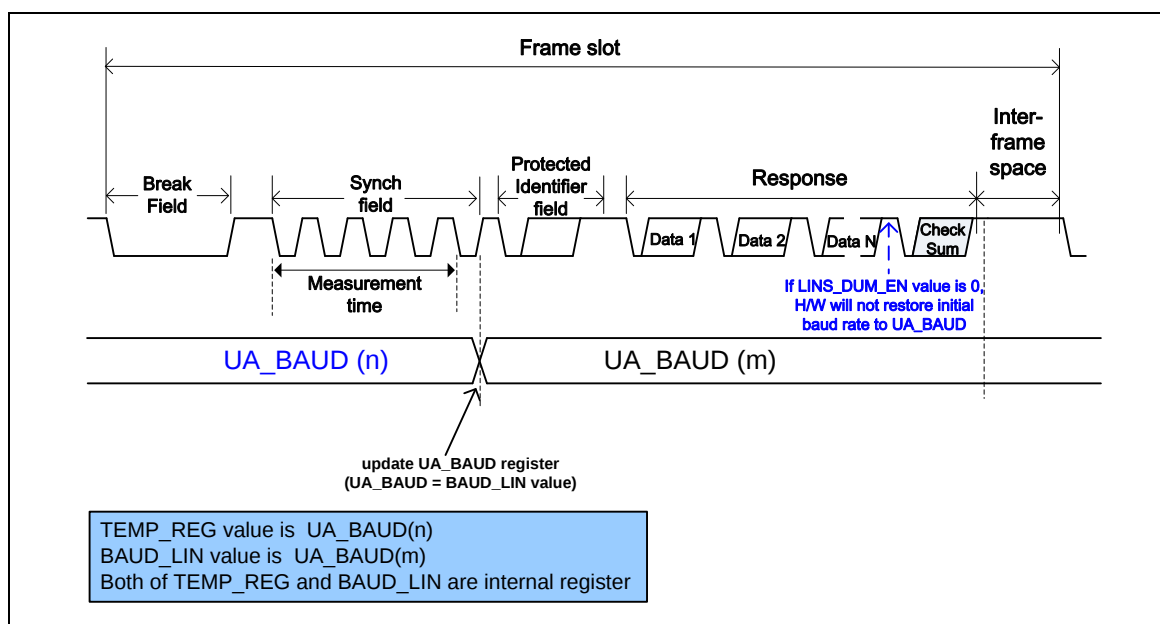


Figure 6-90 UA\_BAUD update sequence in automatic resynchronization mode when LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) = 0

### Deviation error on the sync field

When operating in automatic resynchronization mode, the controller will check the deviation error on the sync field. The deviation error is checked by comparing the current baud rate with the received sync field. Two checks are performed in parallel.

Check1: Based on measurement of time between the first falling edge and the last falling edge of the sync field.

- If the difference more than 14.84%, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) will be set.
- If the difference less than 14.06%, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) will not be set.
- If the difference between 14.84% and 14.06%, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) may either set or not (it is depending on the data dephasing).

Check2: Based on measurement of time between each falling edge of the sync field.

- If the difference more than 18.75%, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) will be set.
- If the difference less than 15.62%, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) will not be set.
- If the difference between 18.75% and 15.62%, the header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) may either set or not (it is depending on the data dephasing).

**Note:** The deviation check is based on the current baud-rate clock. Therefore, in order to guarantee correct deviation checking, the baud-rate must reload the nominal value before each new break reception by setting LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) register (It is recommend setting the LINS\_DUM\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[3]) before every checksum reception).

### LIN header error detection

In LIN slave function mode, when user enables header detection function by setting LINS\_HDET\_EN (UA\_LIN\_CTL[1]) register, the hardware will handle the header detect flow. If the header has error, the LIN header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) will be set and an interrupt is generated if the LIN\_IEN (UA\_IER[8]) is set. When header error is detected, user must to reset the detect circuit to re-search new frame header by writing 1 to LINS\_SYNC\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[3]) register.

The LIN header error flag LINS\_HERR\_F (UA\_LIN\_SR[1]) is set if one of the following conditions occurs:

- Break Delimiter is too short (less than 0.5 bit time).
- Frame error in sync field or Identifier field.
- The sync field data is not 0x55 (without automatic resynchronization mode).
- The sync field deviation error (with automatic resynchronization mode).
- The sync field measure time-out (with automatic resynchronization mode).
- LIN header reception time-out

### 6.12.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                                                 | Offset        | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>UART Base Address:</b><br>$UARTx\_BA = 0x4005\_0000 + (0x10\_0000 * x)$<br>$x = 0, 1$ |               |     |                                        |             |
| UA_RBR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x00 | R   | UART Receive Buffer Register           | Undefined   |
| UA_THR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x00 | W   | UART Transmit Holding Register         | Undefined   |
| UA_IER                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x04 | R/W | UART Interrupt Enable Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| UA_FCR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x08 | R/W | UART FIFO Control Register             | 0x0000_0000 |
| UA_LCR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x0C | R/W | UART Line Control Register             | 0x0000_0000 |
| UA_MCR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x10 | R/W | UART Modem Control Register            | 0x0000_0200 |
| UA_MSR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x14 | R/W | UART Modem Status Register             | 0x0000_0110 |
| UA_FSR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x18 | R/W | UART FIFO Status Register              | 0x1040_4000 |
| UA_ISR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x1C | R/W | UART Interrupt Status Register         | 0x0000_0002 |
| UA_TOR                                                                                   | UARTx_BA+0x20 | R/W | UART Time Out Register                 | 0x0000_0000 |
| UA_BAUD                                                                                  | UARTx_BA+0x24 | R/W | UART Baud Rate Divisor Register        | 0x0F00_0000 |
| UA_IRCR                                                                                  | UARTx_BA+0x28 | R/W | UART IrDA Control Register             | 0x0000_0040 |
| UA_ALT_CSR                                                                               | UARTx_BA+0x2C | R/W | UART Alternate Control/Status Register | 0x0000_000C |
| UA_FUN_SEL                                                                               | UARTx_BA+0x30 | R/W | UART Function Select Register          | 0x0000_0000 |
| UA_LIN_CTL                                                                               | UARTx_BA+0x34 | R/W | UART LIN Control Register              | 0x000C_0000 |
| UA_LIN_SR                                                                                | UARTx_BA+0x38 | R/W | UART LIN Status Register               | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.12.7 Register Description

#### Receive Buffer Register (UA\_RBR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_RBR   | UARTx_BA+0x00 | R   | UART Receive Buffer Register | Undefined   |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| RBR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved                                                                                                                                           |
| [7:0]  | <b>Receive Buffer Register (Read Only)</b><br>By reading this register, the UART will return an 8-bit data received from UART_RXD pin (LSB first). |

### Transmit Holding Register (UA\_THR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_THR   | UARTx_BA+0x00 | W   | UART Transmit Holding Register | Undefined   |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| THR      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [7:0]  | THR         | <b>Transmit Holding Register</b><br>By writing one byte to this register, the data byte will be stored in transmitter FIFO. The UART Controller will send out the data stored in transmitter FIFO top location through the UART_TXD pin. (LSB first) |

## Interrupt Enable Register (UA\_IER)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_IER   | UARTx_BA+0x04 | R/W | UART Interrupt Enable Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |         |             |             |             |          |          |         |
|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------|----------|---------|
| 31       | 30      | 29          | 28          | 27          | 26       | 25       | 24      |
| Reserved |         |             |             |             |          |          |         |
| 23       | 22      | 21          | 20          | 19          | 18       | 17       | 16      |
| Reserved |         |             |             |             |          |          |         |
| 15       | 14      | 13          | 12          | 11          | 10       | 9        | 8       |
| Reserved |         | AUTO_CTS_EN | AUTO_RTS_EN | TIME_OUT_EN | Reserved |          | LIN_IEN |
| 7        | 6       | 5           | 4           | 3           | 2        | 1        | 0       |
| Reserved | WAKE_EN | BUF_ERR_IEN | TOUT_IEN    | MODEM_IEN   | RLS_IEN  | THRE_IEN | RDA_IEN |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:14] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [13]    | AUTO_CTS_EN | <b>nCTS Auto Flow Control Enable Bit</b><br>0 = nCTS auto-flow control Disabled.<br>1 = nCTS auto-flow control Enabled.<br>When nCTS auto-flow is enabled, the UART will send data to external device when nCTS input assert (UART will not send data to device until nCTS is asserted). |
| [12]    | AUTO_RTS_EN | <b>nRTS Auto Flow Control Enable Bit</b><br>0 = nRTS auto-flow control Disabled.<br>1 = nRTS auto-flow control Enabled.<br>When nRTS auto-flow is enabled, if the number of bytes in the RX FIFO equals the RTS_TRI_LEV (UA_FCR[19:16]), the UART will de-assert nRTS signal.            |
| [11]    | TIME_OUT_EN | <b>Receive Buffer Time Out Counter Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Receive Buffer time out counter Disabled.<br>1 = Receive Buffer time out counter Enabled.                                                                                                                                       |
| [10:9]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [8]     | LIN_IEN     | <b>LIN Bus Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Lin bus interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Lin bus interrupt Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This field is used for LIN function mode.                                                                                                                       |
| [7]     | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [6]     | WAKE_EN     | <b>UART Wake-up Function Enable Bit</b><br>0 = UART wake-up function Disabled.<br>1 = UART wake-up function Enabled, when the chip is in Power-down mode, an external nCTS change will wake-up chip from Power-down mode.                                                                |
| [5]     | BUF_ERR_IEN | <b>Buffer Error Interrupt Enable Bit</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

|     |           |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |           | 0 = Buffer error interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Buffer error interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                      |
| [4] | TOUT_IEN  | <b>RX Time Out Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = RX time-out interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = RX time-out interrupt Enabled.                                                             |
| [3] | MODEM_IEN | <b>Modem Status Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Modem status interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Modem status interrupt Enabled.                                                          |
| [2] | RLS_IEN   | <b>Receive Line Status Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Receive Line Status interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Receive Line Status interrupt Enabled.                                     |
| [1] | THRE_IEN  | <b>Transmit Holding Register Empty Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Transmit holding register empty interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Transmit holding register empty interrupt Enabled. |
| [0] | RDA_IEN   | <b>Receive Data Available Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Receive data available interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Receive data available interrupt Enabled.                            |

# FIFO Control Register (UA\_FCR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------|
| UA_FCR   | UARTx_BA+0x08 | R/W | UART FIFO Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |             |     |     |          |
|----------|----|----|----|-------------|-----|-----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27          | 26  | 25  | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |             |     |     |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19          | 18  | 17  | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    | RTS_TRI_LEV |     |     |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11          | 10  | 9   | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |             |     |     | RX_DIS   |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3           | 2   | 1   | 0        |
| RFITL    |    |    |    | Reserved    | TFR | RFR | Reserved |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:20] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [19:16] | <b>RTS_TRI_LEV</b><br><b>nRTS Trigger Level for Auto-flow Control Use</b><br>0000 = nRTS Trigger Level is 1 byte.<br>0001 = nRTS Trigger Level is 4 bytes.<br>0010 = nRTS Trigger Level is 8 bytes.<br>0011 = nRTS Trigger Level is 14 bytes.<br>Others = Reserved.<br><b>Note:</b> This field is used for auto nRTS flow control.                                                                                                                                  |
| [15:9]  | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [8]     | <b>RX_DIS</b><br><b>Receiver Disable Register</b><br>The receiver is disabled or not (set 1 to disable receiver)<br>0 = Receiver Enabled.<br>1 = Receiver Disabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This field is used for RS-485 Normal Multi-drop mode. It should be programmed before RS485_NMM (UA_ALT_CSR [8]) is programmed.                                                                                                                                                  |
| [7:4]   | <b>RFITL</b><br><b>RX FIFO Interrupt Trigger Level</b><br>When the number of bytes in the receive FIFO equals the RFITL, the RDA_IF will be set (if RDA_IEN(UA_IER [0]) enabled, and an interrupt will be generated).<br>0000 = RX FIFO Interrupt Trigger Level is 1 byte.<br>0001 = RX FIFO Interrupt Trigger Level is 4 bytes.<br>0010 = RX FIFO Interrupt Trigger Level is 8 bytes.<br>0011 = RX FIFO Interrupt Trigger Level is 14 bytes.<br>Others = Reserved. |
| [3]     | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [2]     | <b>TFR</b><br><b>TX Field Software Reset</b><br>When TFR is set, all the byte in the transmit FIFO and TX internal state machine are cleared.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

|     |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                 | 0 = No effect.<br>1 = Reset the TX internal state machine and pointers.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit will automatically clear at least 3 UART engine clock cycles.                                                                                                                                    |
| [1] | <b>RFR</b>      | <b>RX Field Software Reset</b><br>When RFR is set, all the byte in the receiver FIFO and RX internal state machine are cleared.<br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = Reset the RX internal state machine and pointers.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit will automatically clear at least 3 UART engine clock cycles. |
| [0] | <b>Reserved</b> | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

### Line Control Register (UA\_LCR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------|
| UA_LCR   | UARTx_BA+0x0C | R/W | UART Line Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| 31       | 30  | 29  | 28  | 27  | 26  | 25  | 24 |
| Reserved |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |
| 23       | 22  | 21  | 20  | 19  | 18  | 17  | 16 |
| Reserved |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |
| 15       | 14  | 13  | 12  | 11  | 10  | 9   | 8  |
| Reserved |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |
| 7        | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0  |
| Reserved | BCB | SPE | EPE | PBE | NSB | WLS |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [6]    | BCB         | <b>Break Control Bit</b><br>0 = Break Control Disabled.<br>1 = Break Control Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> When this bit is set to logic 1, the serial data output (TX) is forced to the Spacing State (logic 0). This bit acts only on TX and has no effect on the transmitter logic.                                         |
| [5]    | SPE         | <b>Stick Parity Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Stick parity Disabled.<br>1 = Stick parity Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> If PBE (UA_LCR[3]) and EBE (UA_LCR[4]) are logic 1, the parity bit is transmitted and checked as logic 0. If PBE (UA_LCR[3]) is 1 and EBE (UA_LCR[4]) is 0 then the parity bit is transmitted and checked as 1. |
| [4]    | EPE         | <b>Even Parity Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Odd number of logic 1's is transmitted and checked in each word.<br>1 = Even number of logic 1's is transmitted and checked in each word.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit has effect only when PBE (UA_LCR[3]) is set.                                                                      |
| [3]    | PBE         | <b>Parity Bit Enable Bit</b><br>0 = No parity bit.<br>1 = Parity bit generated Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> Parity bit is generated on each outgoing character and is checked on each incoming data.                                                                                                                          |
| [2]    | NSB         | <b>Number of "STOP Bit"</b><br>0 = One "STOP bit" is generated in the transmitted data.<br>1 = When select 5-bit word length, 1.5 "STOP bit" is generated in the transmitted data.<br>When select 6-, 7- and 8-bit word length, 2 "STOP bit" is generated in the transmitted data.                                        |
| [1:0]  | WLS         | <b>Word Length Selection</b><br>00 = character length is 5-bit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

|  |  |                                                                                                       |
|--|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  | 01 = character length is 6-bit.<br>10 = character length is 7-bit.<br>11 = character length is 8-bit. |
|--|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

# MODEM Control Register (UA\_MCR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                 | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|
| UA_MCR   | UARTx_BA+0x10 | R/W | UART Modem Control Register | 0x0000_0200 |

|          |    |        |          |    |    |         |          |
|----------|----|--------|----------|----|----|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29     | 28       | 27 | 26 | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |    |        |          |    |    |         |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21     | 20       | 19 | 18 | 17      | 16       |
| Reserved |    |        |          |    |    |         |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13     | 12       | 11 | 10 | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |    | RTS_ST | Reserved |    |    | LEV_RTS | Reserved |
| 7        | 6  | 5      | 4        | 3  | 2  | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved |    |        |          |    |    | RTS     | Reserved |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:14] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [13]    | <b>RTS_ST</b><br><b>nRTS Pin State (Read Only)</b><br>This bit mirror from nRTS pin output of voltage logic status.<br>0 = nRTS pin output is low level voltage logic state.<br>1 = nRTS pin output is high level voltage logic state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [12:10] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [9]     | <b>LEV_RTS</b><br><b>nRTS Pin Active Level</b><br>This bit defines the active level state of nRTS pin output.<br>0 = nRTS pin output is high level active.<br>1 = nRTS pin output is low level active. (Default)<br><b>Note1:</b> Refer to Figure 6-78 and Figure 6-79 for UART function mode.<br><b>Note2:</b> Refer to Figure 6-82 and Figure 6-83 for RS-485 function mode.                                                                                                                                              |
| [8:2]   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [1]     | <b>RTS</b><br><b>nRTS (Request-to-send) Signal</b><br>This bit is direct control internal nRTS signal active or not, and then drive the nRTS pin output with LEV_RTS bit configuration.<br>0 = nRTS signal is active.<br>1 = nRTS signal is inactive.<br><b>Note1:</b> This nRTS signal control bit is not effective when nRTS auto-flow control is enabled in UART function mode.<br><b>Note2:</b> This nRTS signal control bit is not effective when RS-485 auto direction mode (AUD) is enabled in RS-485 function mode. |
| [0]     | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### Modem Status Register (UA\_MSR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------|
| UA_MSR   | UARTx_BA+0x14 | R/W | UART Modem Status Register | 0x0000_0110 |

|          |    |    |        |          |    |    |         |
|----------|----|----|--------|----------|----|----|---------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28     | 27       | 26 | 25 | 24      |
| Reserved |    |    |        |          |    |    |         |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20     | 19       | 18 | 17 | 16      |
| Reserved |    |    |        |          |    |    |         |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12     | 11       | 10 | 9  | 8       |
| Reserved |    |    |        |          |    |    | LEV_CTS |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4      | 3        | 2  | 1  | 0       |
| Reserved |    |    | CTS_ST | Reserved |    |    | DCTSF   |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:9] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [8]    | LEV_CTS     | <b>nCTS Pin Active Level</b><br>This bit defines the active level state of nCTS pin input.<br>0 = nCTS pin input is high level active.<br>1 = nCTS pin input is low level active. (Default)                                                                                                                                                    |
| [7:5]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]    | CTS_ST      | <b>nCTS Pin Status (Read Only)</b><br>This bit mirror from nCTS pin input of voltage logic status.<br>0 = nCTS pin input is low level voltage logic state.<br>1 = nCTS pin input is low level voltage logic state.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit echoes when UART Controller peripheral clock is enabled, and nCTS multi-function port is selected. |
| [3:1]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [0]    | DCTSF       | <b>Detect nCTS State Change Flag</b><br>This bit is set whenever nCTS input has change state, and it will generate Modem interrupt to CPU when MODEM_IEN (UA_IER[3]) is set to 1.<br>Write 1 to clear this bit to 0                                                                                                                            |

### FIFO Status Register (UA\_FSR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description               | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------|-------------|
| UA_FSR   | UARTx_BA+0x18 | R/W | UART FIFO Status Register | 0x1040_4000 |

| 31       | 30       | 29         | 28      | 27             | 26       | 25 | 24         |
|----------|----------|------------|---------|----------------|----------|----|------------|
| Reserved |          |            | TE_FLAG | Reserved       |          |    | TX_OVER_IF |
| 23       | 22       | 21         | 20      | 19             | 18       | 17 | 16         |
| TX_FULL  | TX_EMPTY | TX_POINTER |         |                |          |    |            |
| 15       | 14       | 13         | 12      | 11             | 10       | 9  | 8          |
| RX_FULL  | RX_EMPTY | RX_POINTER |         |                |          |    |            |
| 7        | 6        | 5          | 4       | 3              | 2        | 1  | 0          |
| Reserved | BIF      | FEF        | PEF     | RS485_ADD_DETF | Reserved |    | RX_OVER_IF |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:29] | Reserved. Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [28]    | <b>TE_FLAG</b><br><b>Transmitter Empty Flag (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set by hardware when TX FIFO (UA_THR) is empty and the STOP bit of the last byte has been transmitted.<br>0 = TX FIFO is not empty or the STOP bit of the last byte has not been transmitted.<br>1 = TX FIFO is empty and the STOP bit of the last byte has been transmitted.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared automatically when TX FIFO is not empty or the last byte transmission has not completed. |
| [27:25] | Reserved. Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [24]    | <b>TX_OVER_IF</b><br><b>TX Overflow Error Interrupt Flag</b><br>If TX FIFO (UA_THR) is full, an additional write to UA_THR will cause this bit to logic 1.<br>0 = TX FIFO is not overflow.<br>1 = TX FIFO is overflow.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [23]    | <b>TX_FULL</b><br><b>Transmitter FIFO Full (Read Only)</b><br>This bit indicates TX FIFO is full or not.<br>0 = TX FIFO is not full.<br>1 = TX FIFO is full.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is set when the number of usage in TX FIFO Buffer equal to 16, otherwise it is cleared by hardware.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [22]    | <b>TX_EMPTY</b><br><b>Transmitter FIFO Empty (Read Only)</b><br>This bit indicates TX FIFO is empty or not.<br>0 = TX FIFO is not empty.<br>1 = TX FIFO is empty.<br><b>Note:</b> When the last byte of TX FIFO has been transferred to Transmitter Shift Register, hardware sets this bit high. It will be cleared when writing data into UA_THR (TX FIFO not empty).                                                                                                                |

|         |               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [21:16] | TX_POINTER    | <b>TX FIFO Pointer (Read Only)</b><br>This field indicates the TX FIFO Buffer Pointer. When CPU writes one byte into UA_THR, TX_POINTER increases one. When one byte of TX FIFO is transferred to Transmitter Shift Register, TX_POINTER decreases one.<br>The Maximum value shown in TX_POINTER is 15. When the using level of TX FIFO Buffer equal to 16, the TX_FULL bit is set to 1 and TX_POINTER will show 0. As one byte of TX FIFO is transferred to Transmitter Shift Register, the TX_FULL bit is cleared to 0 and TX_POINTER will show 15. |
| [15]    | RX_FULL       | <b>Receiver FIFO Full (Read Only)</b><br>This bit indicates RX FIFO is full or not.<br>0 = RX FIFO is not full.<br>1 = RX FIFO is full.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is set when the number of usage in RX FIFO Buffer is equal to 16, otherwise is cleared by hardware.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [14]    | RX_EMPTY      | <b>Receiver FIFO Empty (Read Only)</b><br>This bit indicates RX FIFO empty or not.<br>0 = RX FIFO is not empty.<br>1 = RX FIFO is empty.<br><b>Note:</b> When the last byte of RX FIFO has been read by CPU, hardware sets this bit high. It will be cleared when UART receives any new data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [13:8]  | RX_POINTER    | <b>RX FIFO Pointer (Read Only)</b><br>This field indicates the RX FIFO Buffer Pointer. When UART receives one byte from external device, RX_POINTER increases one. When one byte of RX FIFO is read by CPU, RX_POINTER decreases one.<br>The Maximum value shown in RX_POINTER is 15. When the using level of RX FIFO Buffer equal to 16, the RX_FULL bit is set to 1 and RX_POINTER will show 0. As one byte of RX FIFO is read by CPU, the RX_FULL bit is cleared to 0 and RX_POINTER will show 15.                                                 |
| [7]     | Reserved      | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [6]     | BIF           | <b>Break Error Interrupt Flag</b><br>This bit is set to a logic 1 whenever the received data input(RX) is held in the "spacing state" (logic 0) for longer than a full word transmission time (that is, the total time of "start bit" + data bits + parity + stop bits).<br>0 = No Break error is generated.<br>1 = Break error is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                           |
| [5]     | FEF           | <b>Frame Error Flag</b><br>This bit is set to logic 1 whenever the received character does not have a valid "stop bit" (that is, the stop bit following the last data bit or parity bit is detected as a logic 0).<br>0 = No frame error is generated.<br>1 = Frame error is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [4]     | PEF           | <b>Parity Error Flag</b><br>This bit is set to logic 1 whenever the received character does not have a valid "parity bit".<br>0 = No parity error is generated.<br>1 = Parity error is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [3]     | RS485_ADD_DET | <b>RS-485 Address Byte Detection Flag</b><br>0 = Receiver detects a data that is not an address bit (bit 9 = '0').                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

|       |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|       |            | <p>1 = Receiver detects a data that is an address bit (bit 9 = '1').</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This field is used for RS-485 function mode and RS485_ADD_EN (UA_ALT_CSR[15]) is set to 1 to enable Address detection mode.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.</p>                                                   |
| [2:1] | Reserved   | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [0]   | RX_OVER_IF | <p><b>RX Overflow Error Interrupt Flag</b></p> <p>This bit is set when RX FIFO overflow.</p> <p>If the number of bytes of received data is greater than RX_FIFO (UA_RBR) size, this bit will be set.</p> <p>0 = RX FIFO is not overflow.</p> <p>1 = RX FIFO is overflow.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.</p> |

### Interrupt Status Control Register (UA\_ISR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_ISR   | UARTx_BA+0x1C | R/W | UART Interrupt Status Register | 0x0000_0002 |

|          |          |             |          |           |         |          |         |
|----------|----------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|
| 31       | 30       | 29          | 28       | 27        | 26      | 25       | 24      |
| Reserved |          |             |          |           |         |          |         |
| 23       | 22       | 21          | 20       | 19        | 18      | 17       | 16      |
| Reserved |          |             |          |           |         |          |         |
| 15       | 14       | 13          | 12       | 11        | 10      | 9        | 8       |
| LIN_INT  | Reserved | BUF_ERR_INT | TOUT_INT | MODEM_INT | RLS_INT | THRE_INT | RDA_INT |
| 7        | 6        | 5           | 4        | 3         | 2       | 1        | 0       |
| LIN_IF   | Reserved | BUF_ERR_IF  | TOUT_IF  | MODEM_IF  | RLS_IF  | THRE_IF  | RDA_IF  |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [15]    | <b>LIN_INT</b><br><b>LIN Bus Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if LIN_IEN (UA_IER[8]) and LIN_IF (UA_ISR[7]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No LIN Bus interrupt is generated.<br>1 = The LIN Bus interrupt is generated.                        |
| [14]    | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [13]    | <b>BUF_ERR_INT</b><br><b>Buffer Error Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if BUF_ERR_IEN (UA_IER[5]) and BUF_ERR_IF (UA_ISR[5]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No buffer error interrupt is generated.<br>1 = Buffer error interrupt is generated. |
| [12]    | <b>TOUT_INT</b><br><b>Time Out Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if TOUT_IEN (UA_IER[4]) and TOUT_IF (UA_ISR[4]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No time-out interrupt is generated.<br>1 = Time-out interrupt is generated.                      |
| [11]    | <b>MODEM_INT</b><br><b>MODEM Status Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if MODEM_IEN (UA_IER[3]) and MODEM_IF (UA_ISR[3]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No Modem interrupt is generated.<br>1 = Modem interrupt is generated.                     |
| [10]    | <b>RLS_INT</b><br><b>Receive Line Status Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if RLS_IEN (UA_IER[2]) and RLS_IF (UA_ISR[2]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No RLS interrupt is generated.<br>1 = RLS interrupt is generated.                        |
| [9]     | <b>THRE_INT</b><br><b>Transmit Holding Register Empty Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if THRE_IEN (UA_IER[1]) and THRE_IF (UA_ISR[1]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No THRE interrupt is generated.                                           |

|     |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |            | 1 = THRE interrupt is generated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [8] | RDA_INT    | <b>Receive Data Available Interrupt Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set if RDA_IEN (UA_IER[0]) and RDA_IF (UA_ISR[0]) are both set to 1.<br>0 = No RDA interrupt is generated.<br>1 = RDA interrupt is generated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [7] | LIN_IF     | <b>LIN Bus Flag (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set when LIN slave header detect (LINS_HDET_F (UA_LIN_SR[0]) = 1), LIN break detect (LIN_BKDET_F (UA_LIN_SR[8]) = 1), bit error detect (BIT_ERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[9]) = 1), LIN slave ID parity error (LINS_IDPERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[2]) = 1) or LIN slave header error detect (LINS_HERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[1]) = 1). If LIN_IEN (UA_IER [8]) is enabled the LIN interrupt will be generated.<br>0 = None of LINS_HDET_F, LIN_BKDET_F, BIT_ERR_F, LINS_IDPERR_F and LINS_HERR_F is generated.<br>1 = At least one of LINS_HDET_F, LIN_BKDET_F, BIT_ERR_F, LINS_IDPERR_F and LINS_HERR_F is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is read only. This bit is cleared when LINS_HDET_F (UA_LIN_SR[0]), LIN_BKDET_F (UA_LIN_SR[8]), BIT_ERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[9]), LINS_IDPERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[2]) and LINS_HERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[1]) all are cleared. |
| [6] | Reserved   | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [5] | BUF_ERR_IF | <b>Buffer Error Interrupt Flag (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set when the TX or RX FIFO overflows (TX_OVER_IF (UA_FSR[24]) or RX_OVER_IF (UA_FSR[0]) is set. When BUF_ERR_IF (UA_ISR[5]) is set, the transfer is not correct. If BUF_ERR_IEN (UA_IER [5]) is enabled, the buffer error interrupt will be generated.<br>0 = No buffer error interrupt flag is generated.<br>1 = Buffer error interrupt flag is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared if both of RX_OVER_IF (UA_FSR[0]) and TX_OVER_IF (UA_FSR[24]) are cleared to 0 by writing 1 to RX_OVER_IF (UA_FSR[0]) and TX_OVER_IF (UA_FSR[24]).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [4] | TOUT_IF    | <b>Time Out Interrupt Flag (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set when the RX FIFO is not empty and no activities occurred in the RX FIFO and the time out counter equal to TOIC (UA_TOR[7:0]). If TOUT_IEN (UA_IER [4]) is enabled, the time-out interrupt will be generated.<br>0 = No Time-out interrupt flag is generated.<br>1 = Time-out interrupt flag is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> User can read UA_RBR (RX is in active) to clear it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [3] | MODEM_IF   | <b>MODEM Interrupt Flag (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set when the nCTS pin has state change (DCTS_F (UA_MSR[0]) = 1). If MODEM_IEN (UA_IER [3]) is enabled, the Modem interrupt will be generated.<br>0 = No Modem interrupt flag is generated.<br>1 = Modem interrupt flag is generated.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is reset to 0 when bit DCTS_F (UA_MSR[0]) is cleared by a write 1 on DCTS_F (UA_MSR[0]).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [2] | RLS_IF     | <b>Receive Line Interrupt Flag (Read Only)</b><br>This bit is set when the RX receive data have parity error, frame error or break error (at least one of 3 bits, BIF (UA_FSR[6]), FEF (UA_FSR[5]) and PEF (UA_FSR[4]), is set). If RLS_IEN (UA_IER [2]) is enabled, the RLS interrupt will be generated.<br>0 = No RLS interrupt flag is generated.<br>1 = RLS interrupt flag is generated.<br><b>Note1:</b> In RS-485 function mode, this field is set include "receiver detect and received address byte character (bit9 = '1') bit". At the same time, the bit of RS485_ADD_DET_F (UA_FSR[3]) is also set.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is read only and reset to 0 when all bits of BIF (UA_FSR[6]), FEF                                                                                                                                                           |

|     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |         | <p>(UA_FSR[5]) and PEF (UA_FSR[4]) are cleared.</p> <p><b>Note3:</b> In RS-485 function mode, this bit is read only and reset to 0 when all bits of BIF (UA_FSR[6]) , FEF(UA_FSR[5]) and PEF(UA_FSR[4]) and RS485_ADD_DETF (UA_FSR[3]) are cleared.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [1] | THRE_IF | <p><b>Transmit Holding Register Empty Interrupt Flag (Read Only)</b></p> <p>This bit is set when the last data of TX FIFO is transferred to Transmitter Shift Register. If THRE_IEN (UA_IER [1]) is enabled, the THRE interrupt will be generated.</p> <p>0 = No THRE interrupt flag is generated.</p> <p>1 = THRE interrupt flag is generated.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is read only and it will be cleared when writing data into THR (TX FIFO not empty).</p>                                                          |
| [0] | RDA_IF  | <p><b>Receive Data Available Interrupt Flag (Read Only)</b></p> <p>When the number of bytes in the RX FIFO equals the RFITL (UA_FCR[7:4]) then the RDA_IF (UA_ISR[0]) will be set. If RDA_IEN (UA_IER [0]) is enabled, the RDA interrupt will be generated.</p> <p>0 = No RDA interrupt flag is generated.</p> <p>1 = RDA interrupt flag is generated.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is read only and it will be cleared when the number of unread bytes of RX FIFO drops below the threshold level (RFITL (UA_FCR[7:4])).</p> |

### Time out Register (UA\_TOR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description            | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|
| UA_TOR   | UARTx_BA+0x20 | R/W | UART Time Out Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| DLY      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| TOIC     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [15:8]  | DLY         | <b>TX Delay Time Value</b><br>This field is used to programming the transfer delay time between the last stop bit and next start bit. The unit is bit time.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [7:0]   | TOIC        | <b>Time Out Interrupt Comparator</b><br>The time out counter resets and starts counting (the counting clock = baud rate) whenever the RX FIFO receives a new data word if time out counter is enabled by setting TIME_OUT_EN (UA_IER[11]). Once the content of time out counter is equal to that of time out interrupt comparator (TOIC (UA_TOR[7:0])), a receiver time out interrupt (TOUT_INT (UA_ISR[12])) is generated if TOUT_IEN (UA_IER [4]) enabled. A new incoming data word or RX FIFO empty will clear TOUT_IF (UA_ISR[4]). In order to avoid receiver time out interrupt generation immediately during one character is being received, TOIC value should be set between 40 and 255. So, for example, if TOIC is set with 40, the time out interrupt is generated after four characters are not received when 1 stop bit and no parity check is set for UART transfer. |

### Baud Rate Divider Register (UA\_BAUD)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                     | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_BAUD  | UARTx_BA+0x24 | R/W | UART Baud Rate Divisor Register | 0x0F00_0000 |

|          |    |          |           |           |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----------|-----------|-----------|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29       | 28        | 27        | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    | DIV_X_EN | DIV_X_ONE | DIVIDER_X |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21       | 20        | 19        | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |          |           |           |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13       | 12        | 11        | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| BRD      |    |          |           |           |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5        | 4         | 3         | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| BRD      |    |          |           |           |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:30] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [29]    | DIV_X_EN    | <b>Divider X Enable Bit</b><br>The BRD = Baud Rate Divider, and the baud rate equation is<br>$\text{Baud Rate} = \text{Clock} / [M * (\text{BRD} + 2)]$ ; The default value of M is 16.<br>0 = Divider X Disabled (the equation of $M = 16$ ).<br>1 = Divider X Enabled (the equation of $M = X+1$ , but DIVIDER_X [27:24] must $\geq 8$ ).<br><b>Note1:</b> The detail description is shown in <b>UART Controller Baud Rate Generator</b> section.<br><b>Note2:</b> In IrDA mode, this bit must disable. |
| [28]    | DIV_X_ONE   | <b>Divider X Equal to 1</b><br>0 = Divider $M = X+1$ (the equation of $M = X+1$ , but DIVIDER_X [27:24] must $\geq 8$ ).<br>1 = Divider $M = 1$ .<br><b>Note:</b> The detail description is shown in <b>UART Controller Baud Rate Generator</b> section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [27:24] | DIVIDER_X   | <b>Divider X</b><br>The baud rate divider $M = X+1$ .<br><b>Note 1:</b> This field is used for baud rate calculation in mode 1 and has no effect for baud rate calculation in mode 0 and mode 2.<br><b>Note 2:</b> The detail description is shown in <b>UART Controller Baud Rate Generator</b> section.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [23:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [15:0]  | BRD         | <b>Baud Rate Divider</b><br>The field indicates the baud rate divider. This field is used in baud rate calculation.<br><b>Note:</b> The detail description is shown in <b>UART Controller Baud Rate Generator</b> section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

### IrDA Control Register (UA\_IRCR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------|
| UA_IRCR  | UARTx_BA+0x28 | R/W | UART IrDA Control Register | 0x0000_0040 |

|          |        |        |          |    |    |           |          |
|----------|--------|--------|----------|----|----|-----------|----------|
| 31       | 30     | 29     | 28       | 27 | 26 | 25        | 24       |
| Reserved |        |        |          |    |    |           |          |
| 23       | 22     | 21     | 20       | 19 | 18 | 17        | 16       |
| Reserved |        |        |          |    |    |           |          |
| 15       | 14     | 13     | 12       | 11 | 10 | 9         | 8        |
| Reserved |        |        |          |    |    |           |          |
| 7        | 6      | 5      | 4        | 3  | 2  | 1         | 0        |
| Reserved | INV_RX | INV_TX | Reserved |    |    | TX_SELECT | Reserved |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [6]    | INV_RX      | <b>IrDA Inverse Receive Input Signal</b><br>0 = None inverse receiving input signal.<br>1 = Inverse receiving input signal. (Default)                                         |
| [5]    | INV_TX      | <b>IrDA Inverse Transmitting Output Signal</b><br>0 = None inverse transmitting signal. (Default)<br>1 = Inverse transmitting output signal.                                  |
| [4:2]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [1]    | TX_SELECT   | <b>IrDA Receiver/Transmitter Selection Enable Bit</b><br>0 = IrDA Transmitter Disabled and Receiver Enabled. (Default)<br>1 = IrDA Transmitter Enabled and Receiver Disabled. |
| [0]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                     |

### UART Alternate Control/Status Register (UA\_ALT\_CSR)

| Register   | Offset        | R/W | Description                            | Reset Value |
|------------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_ALT_CSR | UARTx_BA+0x2C | R/W | UART Alternate Control/Status Register | 0x0000_000C |

|              |           |          |    |          |           |           |           |
|--------------|-----------|----------|----|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 31           | 30        | 29       | 28 | 27       | 26        | 25        | 24        |
| ADDR_MATCH   |           |          |    |          |           |           |           |
| 23           | 22        | 21       | 20 | 19       | 18        | 17        | 16        |
| Reserved     |           |          |    |          |           |           |           |
| 15           | 14        | 13       | 12 | 11       | 10        | 9         | 8         |
| RS485_ADD_EN | Reserved  |          |    |          | RS485_AUD | RS485_AAD | RS485_NMM |
| 7            | 6         | 5        | 4  | 3        | 2         | 1         | 0         |
| LIN_TX_EN    | LIN_RX_EN | Reserved |    | LIN_BKFL |           |           |           |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | <b>ADDR_MATCH</b><br><b>Address Match Value Register</b><br>This field contains the RS-485 address match values.<br><b>Note:</b> This field is used for RS-485 auto address detection mode.                                                                                              |
| [23:16] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [15]    | <b>RS485_ADD_EN</b><br><b>RS-485 Address Detection Enable Bit</b><br>This bit is used to enable RS-485 Address Detection mode.<br>0 = Address detection mode Disabled.<br>1 = Address detection mode Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> This field is used for RS-485 any operation mode.          |
| [14:11] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [10]    | <b>RS485_AUD</b><br><b>RS-485 Auto Direction Mode (AUD)</b><br>0 = RS-485 Auto Direction Operation mode (AUO) Disabled.<br>1 = RS-485 Auto Direction Operation mode (AUO) Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> It can be active with RS-485_AAD or RS-485_NMM operation mode.                        |
| [9]     | <b>RS485_AAD</b><br><b>RS-485 Auto Address Detection Operation Mode (AAD)</b><br>0 = RS-485 Auto Address Detection Operation mode (AAD) Disabled.<br>1 = RS-485 Auto Address Detection Operation mode (AAD) Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> It cannot be active with RS-485_NMM operation mode. |
| [8]     | <b>RS485_NMM</b><br><b>RS-485 Normal Multi-drop Operation Mode (NMM)</b><br>0 = RS-485 Normal Multi-drop Operation mode (NMM) Disabled.<br>1 = RS-485 Normal Multi-drop Operation mode (NMM) Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> It cannot be active with RS-485_AAD operation mode.                |
| [7]     | <b>LIN_TX_EN</b><br><b>LIN TX Break Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = LIN TX Break mode Disabled.<br>1 = LIN TX Break mode Enabled.                                                                                                                                                             |

|       |                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|       |                  | <b>Note:</b> When TX break field transfer operation finished, this bit will be cleared automatically.                                                                                                                                               |
| [6]   | <b>LIN_RX_EN</b> | <b>LIN RX Enable Bit</b><br>0 = LIN RX mode Disabled.<br>1 = LIN RX mode Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [5:4] | <b>Reserved</b>  | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [3:0] | <b>LIN_BKFL</b>  | <b>UART LIN Break Field Length</b><br>This field indicates a 4-bit LIN TX break field count.<br><b>Note1:</b> This break field length is UA_LIN_BKFL + 1.<br><b>Note2:</b> According to LIN spec, the reset value is 0xC (break field length = 13). |

### UART Function Select Register (UA\_FUN\_SEL)

| Register   | Offset        | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| UA_FUN_SEL | UARTx_BA+0x30 | R/W | UART Function Select Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|---------|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25      | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17      | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9       | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |         |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1       | 0  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    | FUN_SEL |    |

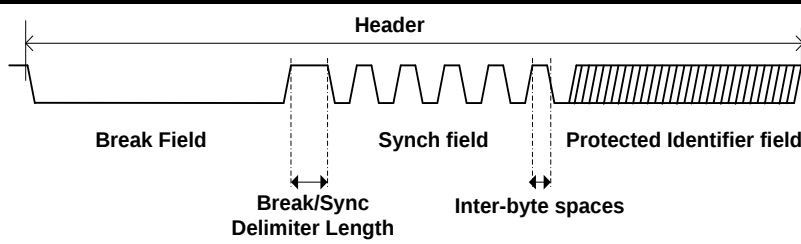
| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:2] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                      |
| [1:0]  | FUN_SEL     | <b>Function Select Enable Bit</b><br>00 = UART function Enabled.<br>01 = LIN function Enabled.<br>10 = IrDA function Enabled.<br>11 = RS-485 function Enabled. |

### UART LIN Control Register (UA\_LIN\_CTL)

| Register   | Offset        | R/W | Description               | Reset Value |
|------------|---------------|-----|---------------------------|-------------|
| UA_LIN_CTL | UARTx_BA+0x34 | R/W | UART LIN Control Register | 0x000C_0000 |

| 31           | 30 | 29         | 28          | 27          | 26           | 25           | 24      |
|--------------|----|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| LIN_PID      |    |            |             |             |              |              |         |
| 23           | 22 | 21         | 20          | 19          | 18           | 17           | 16      |
| LIN_HEAD_SEL |    | LIN_BS_LEN |             | LIN_BKFL    |              |              |         |
| 15           | 14 | 13         | 12          | 11          | 10           | 9            | 8       |
| Reserved     |    |            | BIT_ERR_EN  | LIN_RX_DIS  | LIN_BKDET_EN | LIN_IDPEN    | LIN_SHD |
| 7            | 6  | 5          | 4           | 3           | 2            | 1            | 0       |
| Reserved     |    |            | LIN_MUTE_EN | LINS_DUM_EN | LINS_ARS_EN  | LINS_HDET_EN | LINS_EN |

| Bits    | Description  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |
|---------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|
| [31:24] | LIN_PID      | <p><b>LIN PID Register</b></p> <p>This field contains the LIN frame ID value when in LIN function mode, the frame ID parity can be generated by software or hardware depends on LIN_IDPEN (UA_LIN_CTL[9]).</p> <p>If the parity generated by hardware (LIN_IDPEN (UA_LIN_CTL[9]) = 1), user fill ID0~ID5, (LIN_PID[24:29])hardware will calculate P0(LIN_PID[30]) and P1(LIN_PID[31]), otherwise user must filled frame ID and parity in this field.</p> <table><tr><td>PID</td><td>Start</td><td>ID0</td><td>ID1</td><td>ID2</td><td>ID3</td><td>ID4</td><td>ID5</td><td>P0</td><td>P1</td></tr></table> <p>P0 = ID0 xor ID1 xor ID2 xor ID4<br/>P1 = ~(ID1 xor ID3 xor ID4 xor ID5)</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> User can filled any 8-bit value to this field and the bit 24 indicates ID0 (LSB first).<br/><b>Note2:</b> This field can be used for LIN master mode or slave mode.</p> | PID | Start | ID0 | ID1 | ID2 | ID3 | ID4 | ID5 | P0 | P1 |
| PID     | Start        | ID0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | ID1 | ID2   | ID3 | ID4 | ID5 | P0  | P1  |     |    |    |
| [23:22] | LIN_HEAD_SEL | <p><b>LIN Header Select</b></p> <p>00 = The LIN header includes “break field”.</p> <p>01 = The LIN header includes “break field” and “sync field”.</p> <p>10 = The LIN header includes “break field”, “sync field” and “frame ID field”.</p> <p>11 = Reserved.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is used to master mode for LIN to sending header field (LIN_SHD (UA_LIN_CTL[8]) = 1) or used to slave to indicates exit from mute mode condition (LIN_MUTE_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[4])).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |
| [21:20] | LIN_BS_LEN   | <p><b>LIN Break/Sync Delimiter Length</b></p> <p>00 = The LIN break/sync delimiter length is 1 bit time.</p> <p>10 = The LIN break/sync delimiter length is 2 bit time.</p> <p>10 = The LIN break/sync delimiter length is 3 bit time.</p> <p>11 = The LIN break/sync delimiter length is 4 bit time.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |     |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |    |

|         |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         |                     |  <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is used for LIN master to sending header field.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [19:16] | <b>LIN_BKFL</b>     | <p><b>LIN Break Field Length</b><br/>This field indicates a 4-bit LIN TX break field count.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> These registers are shadow registers of LIN_BKFL (UA_ALT_CSR[19:16]), User can read/write it by setting LIN_BKFL (UA_ALT_CSR[3:0]) or LIN_BKFL (UA_LIN_CTL[19:16]).</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This break field length is LIN_BKFL + 1.</p> <p><b>Note3:</b> According to LIN spec, the reset value is 0XC (break field length = 13).</p>                        |
| [15:13] | <b>Reserved</b>     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [12]    | <b>BIT_ERR_EN</b>   | <p><b>Bit Error Detect Enable Bit</b><br/>0 = Bit error detection function Disabled.<br/>1 = Bit error detection Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> In LIN function mode, when occur bit error, the BIT_ERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[9]) flag will be asserted. If the LIN_IEN (UA_IER[8]) = 1, an interrupt will be generated.</p>                                                                                                                                                           |
| [11]    | <b>LIN_RX_DIS</b>   | <p><b>LIN Receiver Disable Bit</b><br/>If the receiver is enabled (LIN_RX_DIS (UA_LIN_CTL[11]) = 0), all received byte data will be accepted and stored in the RX-FIFO, and if the receiver is disabled (LIN_RX_DIS (UA_LIN_CTL[11]) = 1), all received byte data will be ignore.</p> <p>0 = LIN receiver Enabled.<br/>1 = LIN receiver Disabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit is only valid when operating in LIN function mode (FUN_SEL (UA_FUN_SEL[1:0]) = 01).</p>      |
| [10]    | <b>LIN_BKDET_EN</b> | <p><b>LIN Break Detection Enable Bit</b><br/>When detect consecutive dominant greater than 11 bits, and are followed by a delimiter character, the LIN_BKDET_F (UA_LIN_SR[8]) flag is set in UA_LIN_SR register at the end of break field. If the LIN_IEN (UA_IER[8]) = 1, an interrupt will be generated.</p> <p>0 = LIN break detection Disabled.<br/>1 = LIN break detection Enabled.</p>                                                                                |
| [9]     | <b>LIN_IDPEN</b>    | <p><b>LIN ID Parity Enable Bit</b><br/>0 = LIN frame ID parity Disabled.<br/>1 = LIN frame ID parity Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit can be used for LIN master to sending header field (LIN_SHD (UA_LIN_CTL[8]) = 1 and LIN_HEAD_SEL (UA_LIN_CTL[23:22]) = 10) or be used for enable LIN slave received frame ID parity checked.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit is only use when operation header transmitter is in LIN_HEAD_SEL (UA_LIN_CTL[23:22]) = 10.</p>       |
| [8]     | <b>LIN_SHD</b>      | <p><b>LIN TX Send Header Enable Bit</b><br/>The LIN TX header can be "break field" or "break and sync field" or "break, sync and frame ID field", it is depend on setting LIN_HEAD_SEL (UA_LIN_CTL[23:22]).</p> <p>0 = Send LIN TX header Disabled.<br/>1 = Send LIN TX header Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> These registers are shadow registers of LIN_TX_EN (UA_ALT_CSR[7]); user can read/write it by setting LIN_TX_EN (UA_ALT_CSR[7]) or LIN_SHD (UA_LIN_CTL[8]).</p> |

|       |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|       |              | <b>Note2:</b> When transmitter header field (it may be “break” or “break + sync” or “break + sync + frame ID” selected by LIN_HEAD_SEL (UA_LIN_CTL[23:22]) field) transfer operation finished, this bit will be cleared automatically.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [7:5] | Reserved     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]   | LIN_MUTE_EN  | <b>LIN Mute Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = LIN mute mode Disabled.<br>1 = LIN mute mode Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b> The exit from mute mode condition and each control and interactions of this field are explained in LIN slave mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [3]   | LINS_DUM_EN  | <b>LIN Slave Divider Update Method Enable Bit</b><br>0 = UA_BAUD updated is writing by software (if no automatic resynchronization update occurs at the same time).<br>1 = UA_BAUD is updated at the next received character. User must set the bit before checksum reception.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[0]) = 1).<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is used for LIN Slave Automatic Resynchronization mode. (for Non-Automatic Resynchronization mode, this bit should be kept cleared)<br><b>Note3:</b> The control and interactions of this field are explained in 6.12.5.9.4 (Slave mode with automatic resynchronization). |
| [2]   | LINS_ARS_EN  | <b>LIN Slave Automatic Resynchronization Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = LIN automatic resynchronization Disabled.<br>1 = LIN automatic resynchronization Enabled.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[0]) = 1).<br><b>Note2:</b> When operation in Automatic Resynchronization mode, the baud rate setting must be mode2 (DIV_X_EN (UA_BAUD [29]) and DIV_X_ONE (UA_BAUD [28]) must be 1).<br><b>Note3:</b> The control and interactions of this field are explained in 6.12.5.9.4 (Slave mode with automatic resynchronization).                                                                                                     |
| [1]   | LINS_HDET_EN | <b>LIN Slave Header Detection Enable Bit</b><br>0 = LIN slave header detection Disabled.<br>1 = LIN slave header detection Enabled.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[0]) = 1).<br><b>Note2:</b> In LIN function mode, when detect header field (break + sync + frame ID), LINS_HDET_F (UA_LIN_SR [0]) flag will be asserted. If the LIN_IEN (UA_IER[8]) = 1, an interrupt will be generated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [0]   | LINS_EN      | <b>LIN Slave Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = LIN slave mode Disabled.<br>1 = LIN slave mode Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

### UART LIN Status Register (UA\_LIN\_SR)

| Register  | Offset        | R/W | Description              | Reset Value |
|-----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------|-------------|
| UA_LIN_SR | UARTx_BA+0x38 | R/W | UART LIN Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |             |               |             |             |
|----------|----|----|----|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27          | 26            | 25          | 24          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |             |               |             |             |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19          | 18            | 17          | 16          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |             |               |             |             |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11          | 10            | 9           | 8           |
| Reserved |    |    |    |             |               | BIT_ERR_F   | LIN_BKDET_F |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3           | 2             | 1           | 0           |
| Reserved |    |    |    | LINS_SYNC_F | LINS_IDPERR_F | LINS_HERR_F | LINS_HDET_F |

| Bits    | Description   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:10] | Reserved      | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [9]     | BIT_ERR_F     | <b>Bit Error Detect Status Flag</b><br>At TX transfer state, hardware will monitoring the bus state, if the input pin (SIN) state not equals to the output pin (SOUT) state, BIT_ERR_F (UA_LIN_SR[9]) will be set.<br>When occur bit error, if the LIN_IEN (UA_IER[8]) = 1, an interrupt will be generated.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is only valid when enable bit error detection function (BIT_ERR_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[12]) = 1).                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [8]     | LIN_BKDET_F   | <b>LIN Break Detection Flag</b><br>This bit is set by hardware when a break is detected and be cleared by writing 1 to it.<br>0 = LIN break not detected.<br>1 = LIN break detected.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is only valid when enable LIN break detection function (LIN_BKDET_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[10]) = 1).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [7:4]   | Reserved      | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [3]     | LINS_SYNC_F   | <b>LIN Slave Sync Field</b><br>This bit indicates that the LIN sync field is being analyzed in automatic resynchronization mode. When the receiver header have some error been detect, user must to reset the internal circuit to re-search new frame header by writing 1 to this bit.<br>0 = The current character is not at LIN sync state.<br>1 = The current character is at LIN sync state.<br><b>Note1:</b> This bit only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL[0]) = 1).<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.<br><b>Note3:</b> When user writing 1 to it, hardware will reload the initial baud-rate and re-search new frame header. |
| [2]     | LINS_IDPERR_F | <b>LIN Slave ID Parity Error Flag</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

|     |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |             | <p>This bit is set by hardware when receipted frame ID parity is not correct.</p> <p>0 = no active.</p> <p>1 = Receipted frame ID parity is not correct.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit is only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL [0]) = 1) and enable LIN frame ID parity check function (LIN_IDPEN (UA_LIN_CTL [9]) = 1).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [1] | LINS_HERR_F | <p><b>LIN Slave Header Error Flag</b></p> <p>This bit is set by hardware when a LIN header error is detected in LIN slave mode and be cleared by writing 1 to it. The header errors include "break delimiter is too short", "frame error in sync field or Identifier field", "sync field data is not 0x55 without automatic resynchronization mode", "sync field deviation error with automatic resynchronization mode", "sync field measure time-out with automatic resynchronization mode" and "LIN header reception time-out".</p> <p>0 = LIN header error not detected.</p> <p>1 = LIN header error detected.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit is only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL [0]) = 1) and enable LIN slave header detection function (LINS_HDET_EN (UA_LIN_CTL [1]) = 1).</p> |
| [0] | LINS_HDET_F | <p><b>LIN Slave Header Detection Flag</b></p> <p>This bit is set by hardware when a LIN header is detected in LIN slave mode and be cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> <p>0 = LIN header not detected.</p> <p>1 = LIN header detected (break + sync + frame ID).</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> This bit is only valid when in LIN slave mode (LINS_EN (UA_LIN_CTL [0]) = 1) and enable LIN slave header detection function (LINS_HDET_EN (UA_LIN_CTL [1]) = 1).</p> <p><b>Note3:</b> When enable ID parity check (LIN_IDPEN (UA_LIN_CTL [9]) = 1), if hardware detect complete header ("break + sync + frame ID"), the LINS_HDET_F will be set weather the frame ID correct or not.</p>                                                                                                                                 |

## 6.13 I<sup>2</sup>C Serial Interface Controller (I<sup>2</sup>C)

### 6.13.1 Overview

I<sup>2</sup>C is a two-wire, bi-directional serial bus that provides a simple and efficient method of data exchange between devices. The I<sup>2</sup>C standard is a true multi-master bus including collision detection and arbitration that prevents data corruption if two or more masters attempt to control the bus simultaneously. I<sup>2</sup>C controller supports Power-down wake-up function.

### 6.13.2 Features

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus uses two wires (SDA and SCL) to transfer information between devices connected to the bus. The main features of the bus are:

- Master/Slave mode
- Bidirectional data transfer between masters and slaves
- Multi-master bus (no central master)
- Arbitration between simultaneously transmitting masters without corruption of serial data on the bus
- Serial clock synchronization allows devices with different bit rates to communicate via one serial bus
- Serial clock synchronization can be used as a handshake mechanism to suspend and resume serial transfer
- A built-in a 14-bit time out counter requested the I<sup>2</sup>C interrupt if the I<sup>2</sup>C bus hangs up and timer-out counter overflows.
- External pull-up resistors are needed for high output
- Programmable clocks allow versatile rate control
- Supports 7-bit addressing mode
- Supports multiple address recognition ( four slave address with mask option)

### 6.13.3 Basic Configuration

The basic configurations of I<sup>2</sup>C are as follows:

- I<sup>2</sup>C0 pins are configured on P3\_MFP[5:4] or P5\_MFP[1:0] or PA\_MFP[1:0] registers..
- I<sup>2</sup>C0 interrupt vector are configured on NVIC\_I<sup>2</sup>C0 registers.
- Enable I<sup>2</sup>C0 clock (I2C\_EN) on APBCLK [8] register.
- Reset I<sup>2</sup>C0 controller (I2C\_RST) on IPRSTC2 [8] register.

### 6.13.4 Block Diagram

The block diagram of I<sup>2</sup>C controller is shown in Figure 6-91.

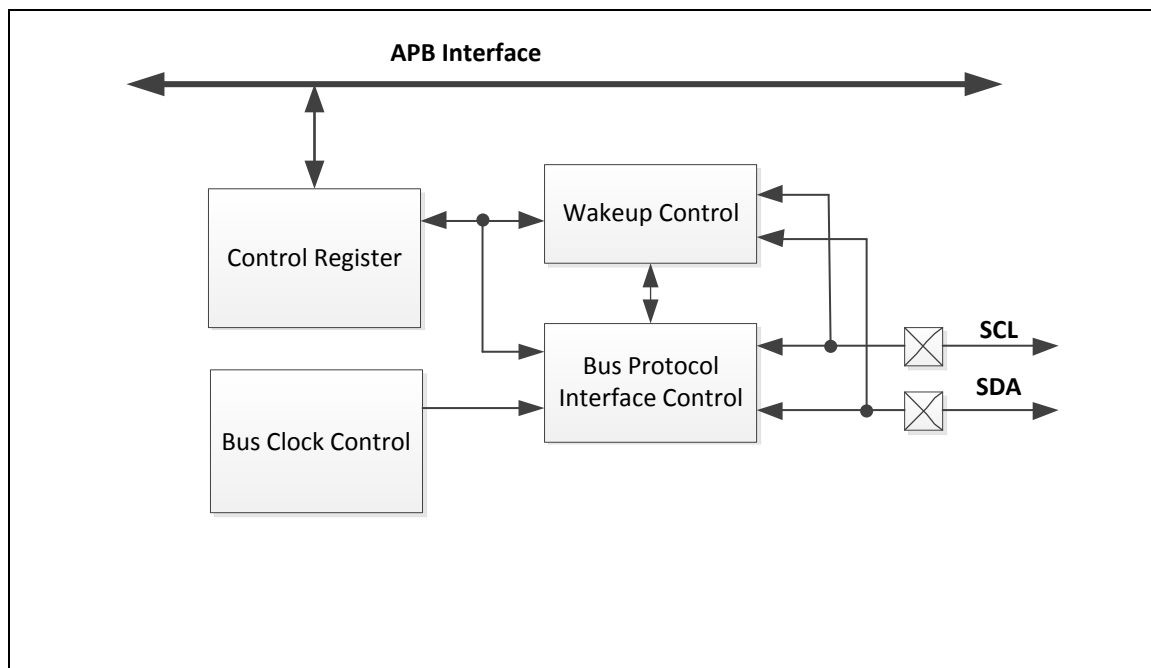


Figure 6-91 I<sup>2</sup>C Controller Block Diagram

### 6.13.5 Functional Description

On I<sup>2</sup>C bus, data is transferred between a Master and a Slave. Data bits transfer on the SCL and SDA lines are synchronously on a byte-by-byte basis. Each data byte is 8-bit long. There is one SCL clock pulse for each data bit with the MSB being transmitted first, and an acknowledge bit follows each transferred byte. Each bit is sampled during the high period of SCL; therefore, the SDA line may be changed only during the low period of SCL and must be held stable during the high period of SCL. A transition on the SDA line while SCL is high is interpreted as a command (START or STOP). Please refer to the Figure 6-92 for more detailed I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing.

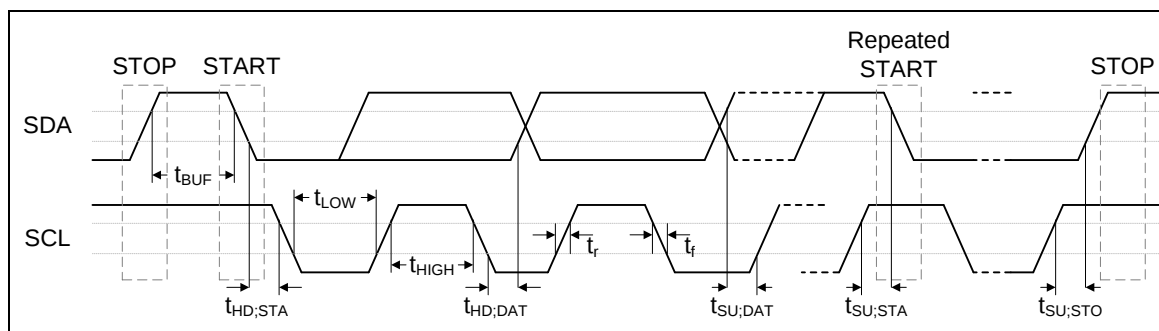


Figure 6-92 I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Timing

The device's on-chip I<sup>2</sup>C logic provides the serial interface that meets the I<sup>2</sup>C bus standard mode

specification. The I<sup>2</sup>C port handles byte transfers autonomously. To enable this port, the bit ENS1 (I2CON[6]) should be set to '1'. The I<sup>2</sup>C H/W interfaces to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus via two pins: SDA and SCL. Pull-up resistor is needed for I<sup>2</sup>C operation as these SDA and SCL are open drain pins. When the I/O pins are used as I<sup>2</sup>C port, user must set the pins function to I<sup>2</sup>C in advance.

**Note:** Pull-up resistor is needed for I<sup>2</sup>C operation as the SDA and SCL are open-drain pins

#### 6.13.5.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Protocol

Figure 6-93 shows the typical I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. Normally, a standard communication consists of four parts:

1. START or Repeated START signal generation
2. Slave address and R/W bit transfer
3. Data transfer
4. STOP signal generation

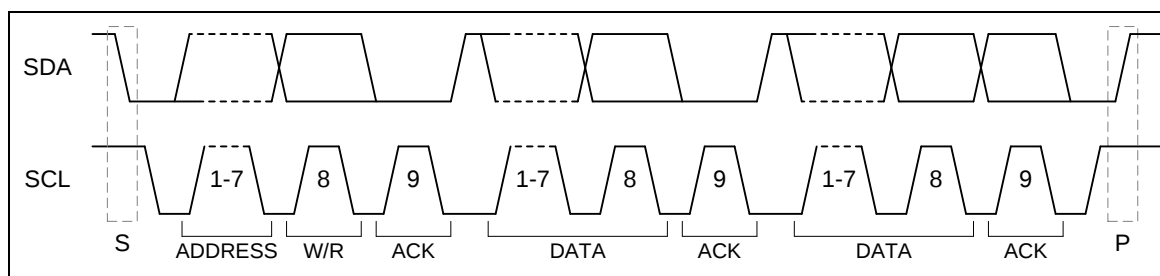


Figure 6-93 I<sup>2</sup>C Protocol

##### 6.13.5.1.1 START or Repeated START signal

When the bus is free/idle, which means no master device is engaging the bus (both SCL and SDA lines are high), a master can initiate a transfer by sending a START signal. A START signal, usually referred to as the "S" bit, is defined as a HIGH to LOW transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The START signal denotes the beginning of a new data transmission.

After having sent the address byte (address and read/write bit), the master may send any number of bytes followed by a stop condition. Instead of sending the stop condition it is also allowed to send another start condition again followed by an address (and of course including a read/write bit) and more data. The start condition is called as Repeat START (Sr). This is defined recursively allowing any number of start conditions to be sent. The purpose of this is to allow combined write/read operations to one or more devices without releasing the bus and thus with the guarantee that the operation is not interrupted. The controller uses this method to communicate with another slave or the same slave in a different transfer direction (e.g. from writing to a device to reading from a device) without releasing the bus.

##### 6.13.5.1.2 STOP signal

The master can terminate the communication by generating a STOP signal. A STOP signal, usually referred to as the "P" bit, is defined as a LOW to HIGH transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH.

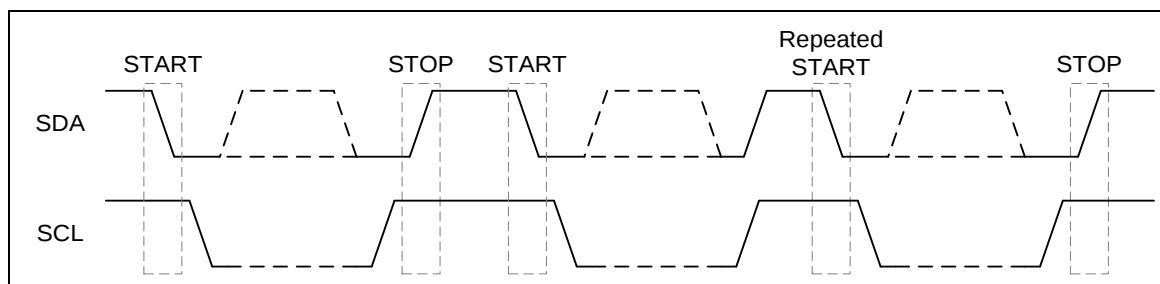


Figure 6-94 START and STOP Condition

#### 6.13.5.1.3 Slave Address Transfer

The first byte of data transferred by the master immediately after the START signal is the slave address. This is a 7-bit calling address followed by a Read/Write (R/W) bit. The R/W bit signals the slave the data transfer direction. No two slaves in the system can have the same address. Only the slave with an address that matches the one transmitted by the master will respond by returning an acknowledge bit by pulling the SDA low at the 9th SCL clock cycle.

#### 6.13.5.1.4 Data Transfer

When slave receives a correct address with a R/W bit, the data will follow R/W bit specified to transfer. Each transferred byte is followed by an acknowledge bit on the 9th SCL clock cycle. If the slave signals a Not Acknowledge (NACK), the master can generate a STOP signal to abort the data transfer or generate a Repeated START signal and start a new transfer cycle.

If the master, as the receiving device, does Not Acknowledge (NACK) the slave, the slave releases the SDA line for the master to generate a STOP or Repeated START signal.

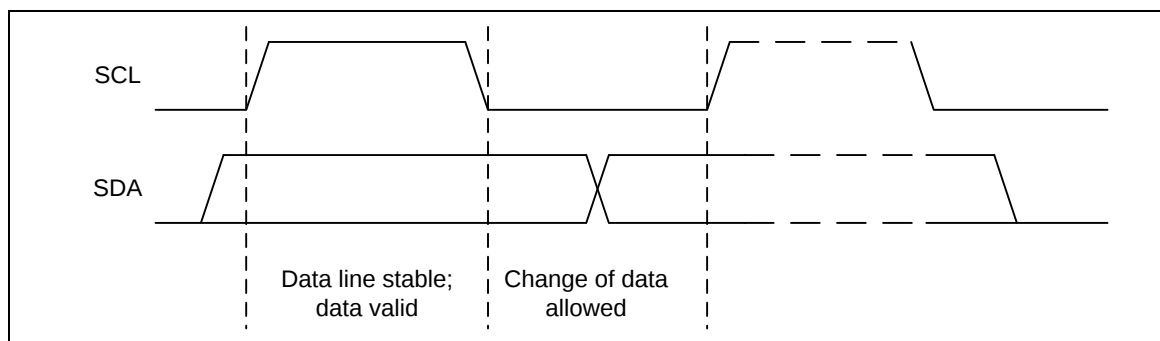


Figure 6-95 Bit Transfer on the I²C Bus

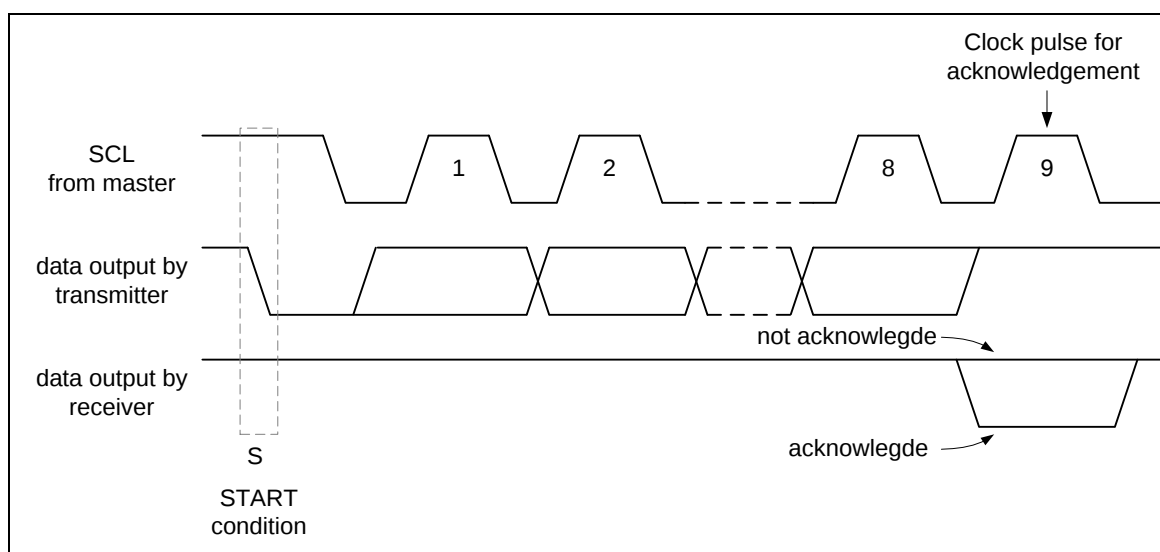


Figure 6-96 Acknowledge on the I²C Bus

#### 6.13.5.1.5 Data transfer on the I²C-bus

Figure 6-97 shows a master transmits data to slave. A master addresses a slave with a 7-bit address and 1-bit write index to denote master wants to transmit data to slave. The master keep transmitting data after slave returns acknowledge to master.

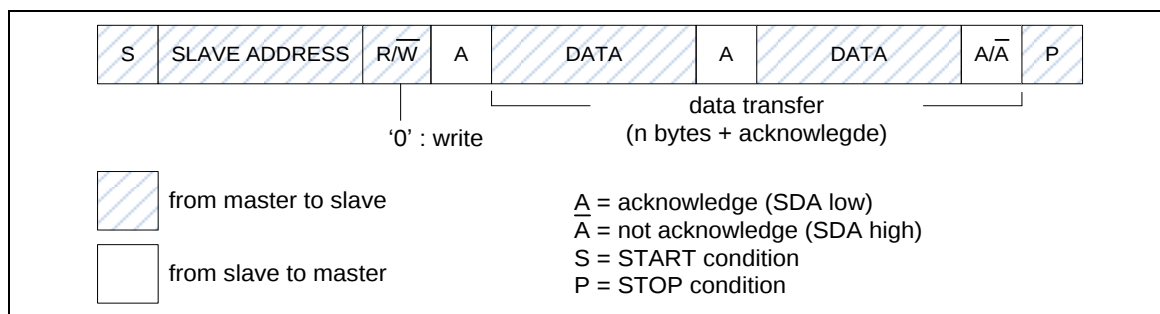


Figure 6-97 Master Transmits Data to Slave

Figure 6-98 shows a master read data from slave. A master addresses a slave with a 7-bit address and 1-bit read index to denote master wants to read data from slave. The slave will start transmitting data after slave returns acknowledge to master.

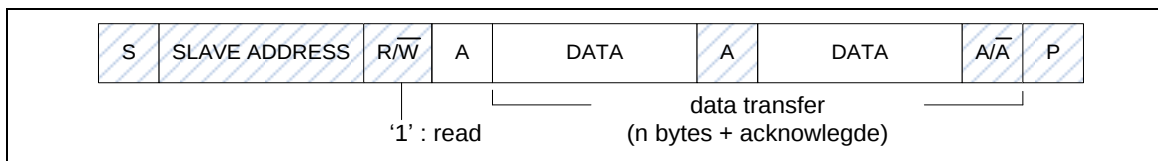


Figure 6-98 Master Reads Data from Slave

#### 6.13.5.2 Operation Mode

The on-chip I<sup>2</sup>C ports support three operation modes, Master, Slave, and General Call Mode.

In a given application, I<sup>2</sup>C port may operate as a master or as a slave. In Slave mode, the I<sup>2</sup>C port hardware looks for its own slave address and the general call address. If one of these addresses is detected, and if the slave is willing to receive or transmit data from/to master (by setting the AA (I2CON[2]) bit), acknowledge pulse will be transmitted out on the 9<sup>th</sup> clock, hence an interrupt is requested on both master and slave devices if interrupt is enabled. When the microcontroller wishes to become the bus master, hardware waits until the bus is free before entering Master mode so that a possible slave action is not be interrupted. If bus arbitration is lost in Master mode, I<sup>2</sup>C port switches to Slave mode immediately and can detect its own slave address in the same serial transfer.

To control the I<sup>2</sup>C bus transfer in each mode, user needs to set I2CON, I2CDAT registers according to current status code of I2CSTATUS register. In other words, for each I<sup>2</sup>C bus action, user needs to check current status by I2CSTATUS register, and then set I2CON, I2CDAT registers to take bus action. Finally, check the response status by I2CSTATUS.

The bits, STA, STO (I2CON[5:4]) and AA (I2CON[2]) are used to control the next state of the I<sup>2</sup>C hardware after SI (I2CON[3]) flag is cleared. Upon completion of the new action, a new status code will be updated in I2CSTATUS register and the SI flag (I2CON[3]) will be set. If the I<sup>2</sup>C interrupt control bit EI (I2CON [7]) is set, appropriate action or software branch of the new status code can be performed in the Interrupt service routine.

Figure 6-99 shows the current I<sup>2</sup>C status code is 0x08, and then set DATA=SLA+W and (STA,STO,SI,AA) = (0,0,1,x) to send the address to I<sup>2</sup>C bus. If a slave on the bus matches the address and response AA, the I2CSTATUS will be updated by status code 0x18.

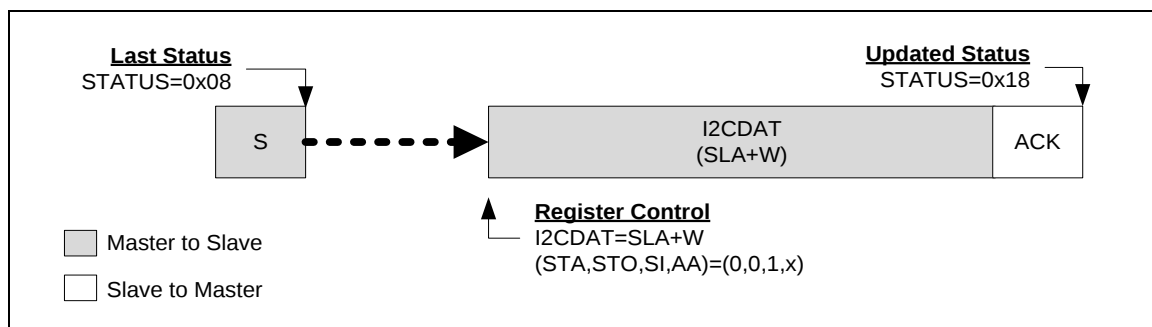


Figure 6-99 Control I<sup>2</sup>C Bus According to Current I<sup>2</sup>C Status

#### 6.13.5.3 Master Mode

In Figure 6-100, all possible protocols for I<sup>2</sup>C master are shown. User needs to follow proper path

of the flow to implement required I<sup>2</sup>C protocol.

In other words, user can send a START signal to bus and I<sup>2</sup>C will be in Master Transmitter mode or Master receiver mode after START signal has been sent successfully and new status code would be 0x08. Followed by START signal, user can send slave address, read/write bit, data and Repeat START, STOP to perform I<sup>2</sup>C protocol.

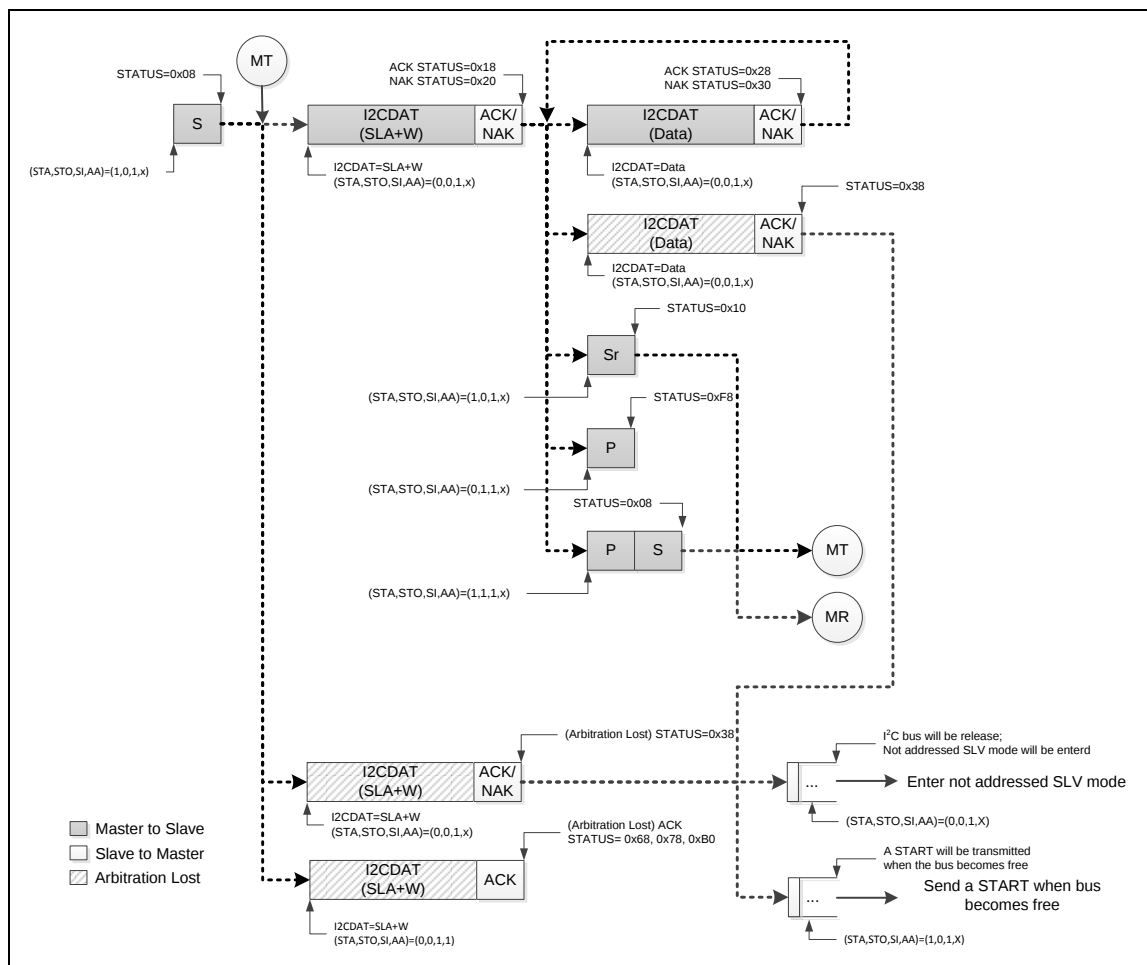


Figure 6-100 Master Transmitter Mode Control Flow

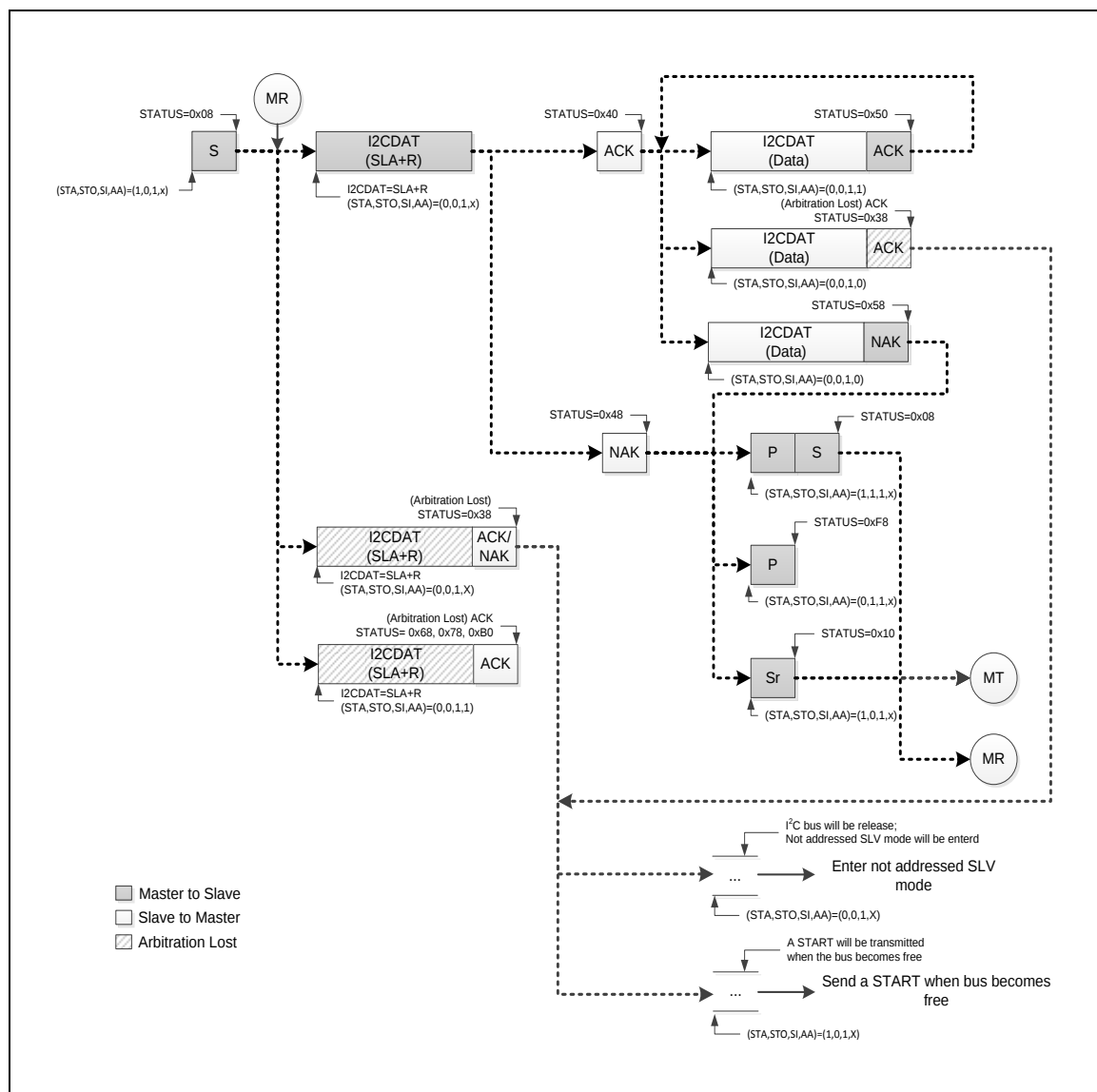


Figure 6-101 Master Receiver Mode Control Flow

If the I<sup>2</sup>C is in Master mode and gets arbitration lost, the status code will be 0x38. In status 0x38, user may set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (1, 0, 1, X) to send START to re-start Master operation when bus become free. Otherwise, user may set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (0, 0, 1, X) to release I<sup>2</sup>C bus and enter not addressed Slave mode.

#### 6.13.5.4 Slave Mode

When reset default, I<sup>2</sup>C is not addressed and will not recognize the address on I<sup>2</sup>C bus. User can set slave address by I2CADDRx and set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (0, 0, 1, 1) to let I<sup>2</sup>C recognize the address sent by master. Figure 6-102 shows all the possible flow for I<sup>2</sup>C in Slave mode. Users need to follow a proper flow to implement their own I<sup>2</sup>C protocol.

If bus arbitration is lost in Master mode, I<sup>2</sup>C port switches to Slave mode immediately and can detect its own slave address in the same serial transfer. If the detected address is SLA+W (Master want to write data to Slave) after arbitration lost, the status code is 0x68. If the detected address is SLA+R (Master want to read data from Slave) after arbitration lost, the status code is 0xB0.

**Note:** During I<sup>2</sup>C communication, the SCL clock will be released when writing '1' to clear SI flag in Slave mode.

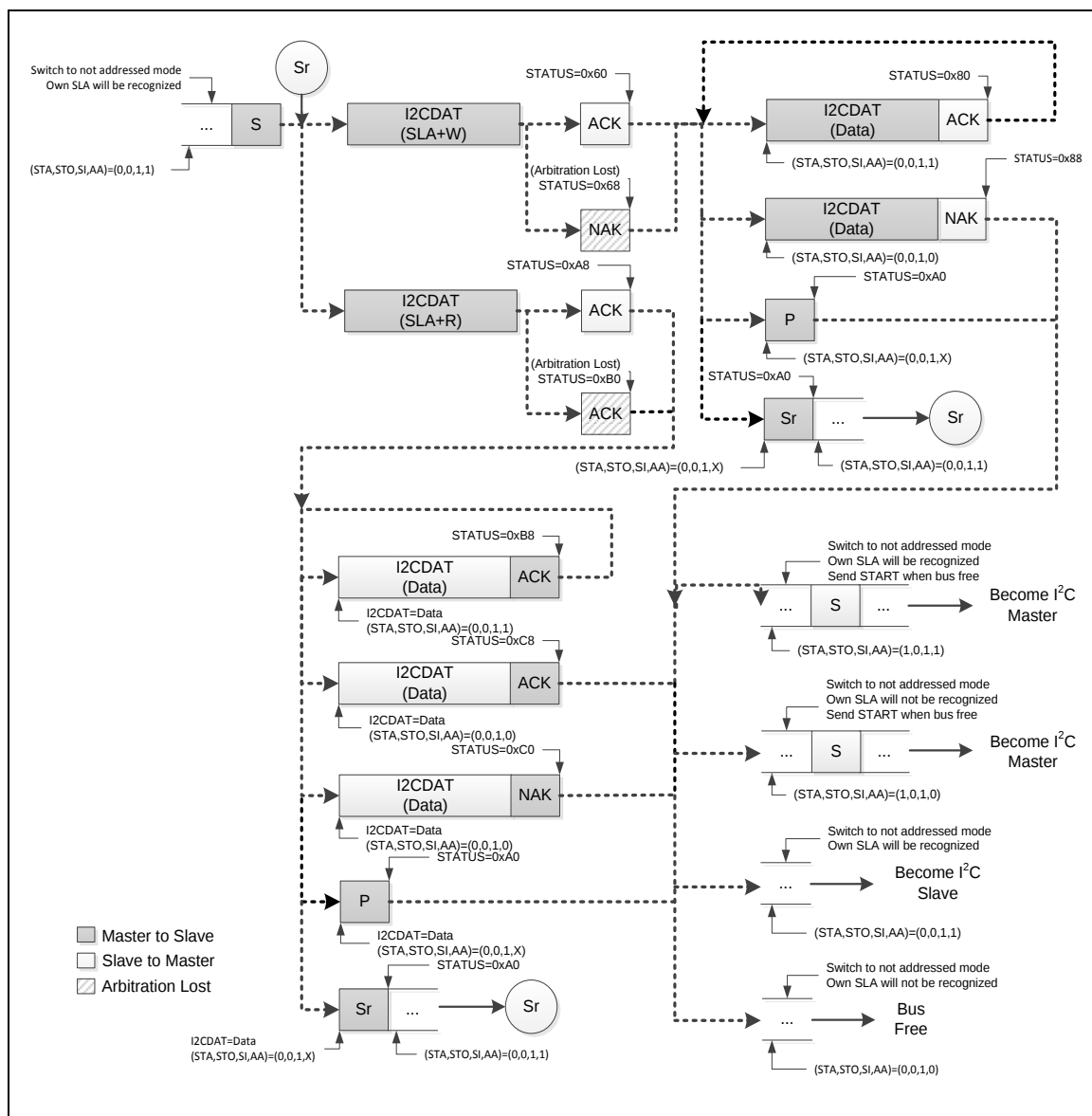


Figure 6-102 Slave Mode Control Flow

If I<sup>2</sup>C is still receiving data in addressed Slave mode but got a STOP or Repeat START, the status code will be 0xA0. User could follow the action for status code 0x88 as shown in the above figure when getting 0xA0 status.

If I<sup>2</sup>C is still transmitting data in addressed Slave mode but got a STOP or Repeat START, the status code will be 0xA0. User could follow the action for status code 0xC8 as shown in the above figure when getting 0xA0 status.

**Note:** After slave gets status of 0x88, 0xC8, 0xC0 and 0xA0, slave can switch to not address mode and own SLA will not be recognized. If entering this status, slave will not receive any I<sup>2</sup>C signal or address from master. At this status, I<sup>2</sup>C should be reset to leave this status.

#### 6.13.5.5 General Call (GC) Mode

If the GC (I2CADDR[0]) bit is set to 1, the I<sup>2</sup>C port hardware will respond to General Call address (00H). User can clear GC bit to disable general call function. When the GC bit is set and the I<sup>2</sup>C is

In Slave mode, it can receive the general call address by 0x00 after master send general call address to I<sup>2</sup>C bus, then it will follow status of GC mode.

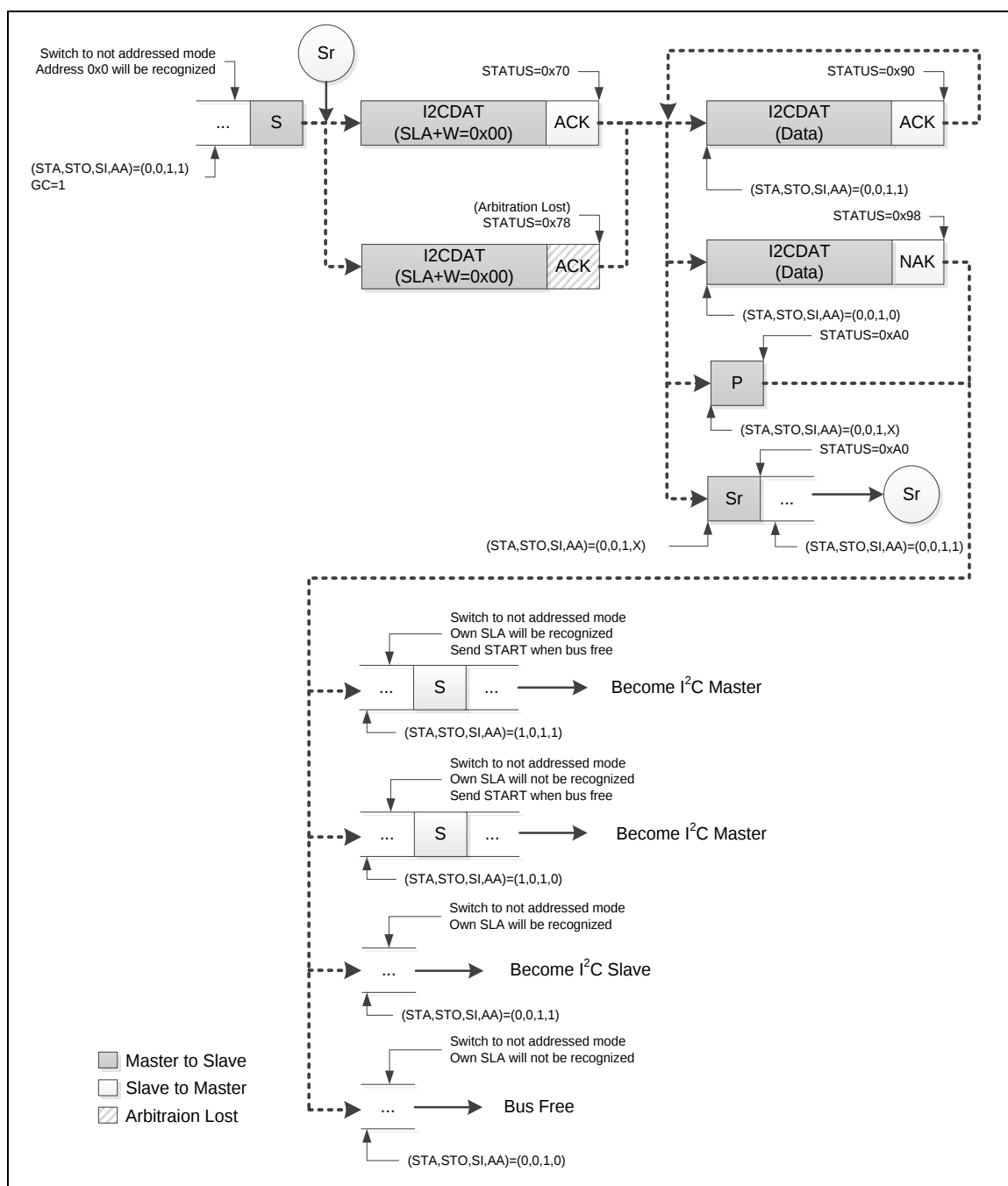


Figure 6-103 GC Mode

If I<sup>2</sup>C is still receiving data in GC mode but got a STOP or Repeat START, the status code will be 0xA0. User could follow the action for status code 0x98 in the above figure when getting 0xA0 status.

**Note:** After slave gets status of 0x98 and 0xA0, slave can switch to not address mode and own SLA will not be recognized. If entering this status, slave will not receive any I<sup>2</sup>C signal or address from master. At this time, I<sup>2</sup>C controller should be reset to leave this status.

#### 6.13.5.6 Multi-master

In some applications, there are two or more masters on the same I<sup>2</sup>C bus to access slaves, and the masters may transmit data simultaneously. The I<sup>2</sup>C supports multi-master by including collision detection and arbitration to prevent data corruption.

If for some reason two masters initiate command at the same time, the arbitration procedure determines which master wins and can continue with the command. Arbitration is performed on the SDA signal while the SCL signal is high. Each master checks if the SDA signal on the bus corresponds to the generated SDA signal. If the SDA signal on the bus is low but it should be high, then this master has lost arbitration. The device that has lost arbitration can generate SCL pulses until the byte ends and must then release the bus and go into slave mode. The arbitration procedure can continue until all the data is transferred. This means that in multi-master system each master must monitor the bus for collisions and act accordingly.

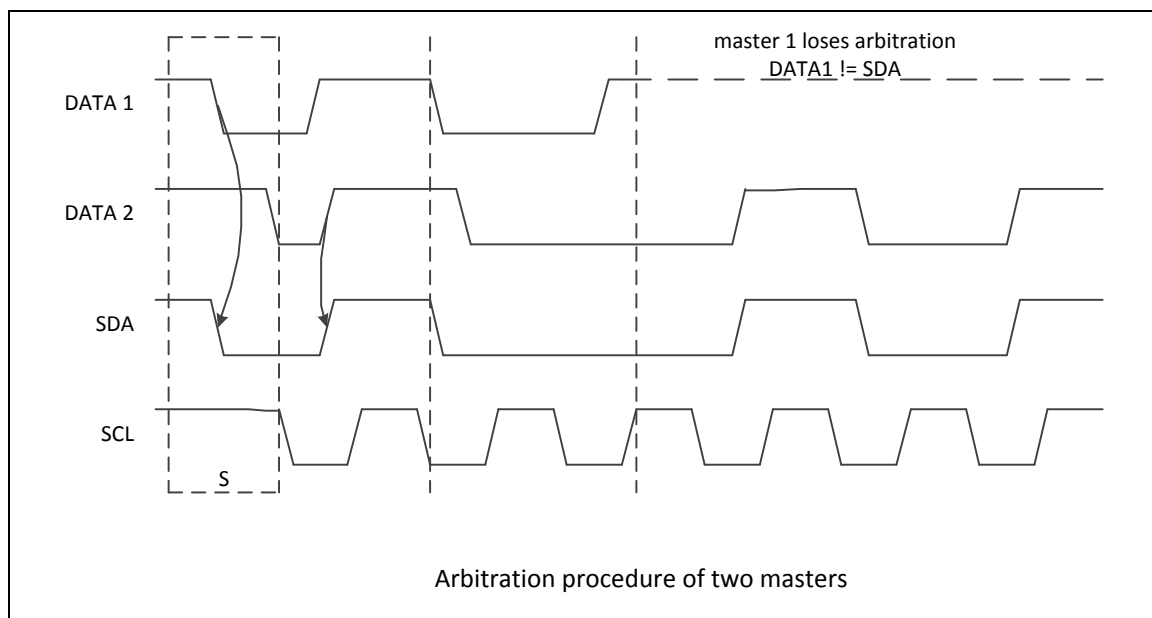


Figure 6-104 Arbitration Lost

- When I2CSTATUS = 0x38, an "Arbitration Lost" is received. Arbitration lost event maybe occur during the send START bit, data bits or STOP bit. User could set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (1, 0, 1, X) to send START again when bus free, or set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (0, 0, 1, X) to send STOP to back to not addressed Slave mode.
- When I2CSTATUS = 0x00, a "Bus Error" is received. To recover I<sup>2</sup>C bus from a bus error, STO should be set and SI should be cleared, and then STO is cleared to release bus.

- Set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (0, 1, 1, X) to stop current transfer
- Set (STA, STO, SI, AA) = (0, 0, 1, X) to release bus

### 6.13.6 Protocol Registers

To control I<sup>2</sup>C port through the following fifteen special function registers: I2CCON (control register), I2CSTATUS (status register), I2CDAT (data register), I2CADDRn (address registers, n=0~3), I2CADMn (address mask registers, n=0~3), I2CLK (clock rate register), I2CTOC (Time-out control register), I2CWKUPCON (wake up control register), I2CWKUPSTS (wake up status register).

#### 6.13.6.1 Address Registers (I2CADDR)

I<sup>2</sup>C port is equipped with four slave address registers I2CADDRn (n=0~3). The contents of the register are irrelevant when I<sup>2</sup>C is in Master mode. In the Slave mode, the bit field I2CADDRn[7:1] must be loaded with the chip's own slave address. The I<sup>2</sup>C hardware will react if the contents of I2CADDRn are matched with the received slave address.

The I<sup>2</sup>C ports support the "General Call" function. If the GC bit (I2CADDRn [0]) is set the I<sup>2</sup>C port hardware will respond to General Call address (00H). Clear GC bit to disable general call function.

When GC bit is set and the I<sup>2</sup>C is in Slave mode, it can receive the general call address by 00H after Master send general call address to I<sup>2</sup>C bus, then it will follow status of GC mode.

I<sup>2</sup>C bus controllers support multiple address recognition with four address mask registers I2CADMn (n=0~3). When the bit in the address mask register is set to one, it means the received corresponding address bit doesn't care. If the bit is set to 0, that means the received corresponding register bit should be exact the same as address register.

#### 6.13.6.2 Slave Address Mask Register (I2CADM)

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus controllers support multiple address recognition with four address mask registers I2CADMn (n=0~3). When the bit in the address mask register is set to 1 it means the received corresponding address bit is "Don't-care". If the bit is set to 0, that means the received corresponding register bit should be exact the same as address register.

#### 6.13.6.3 Data Register (I2CDAT)

This register contains a byte of serial data to be transmitted or a byte which just has been received. The CPU can read from or write to this 8-bit (I2CDAT [7:0]) directly while it is not in the process of shifting a byte. When I<sup>2</sup>C is in a defined state and the serial interrupt flag (SI) is set data in I2CDAT [7:0] remains stable. While data is being shifted out, data on the bus is simultaneously being shifted in; I2CDAT [7:0] always contains the last data byte present on the bus.

The acknowledge bit is controlled by the I<sup>2</sup>C hardware and cannot be accessed by the CPU. Serial data is shifted into I2CDAT [7:0] on the rising edges of serial clock pulses on the SCL line. When a byte has been shifted into I2CDAT [7:0], the serial data is available in I2CDAT [7:0], and the acknowledge bit (ACK or NACK) is returned by the control logic during the ninth clock pulse. In order to monitor bus status while sending data, the bus data will be shifted into I2CDAT[7:0] when sending I2CDAT[7:0] to bus. In case of sending data, serial data bits are shifted out from I2CDAT [7:0] on the falling edge of SCL clocks, and is shifted into I2CDAT [7:0] on the rising edge of SCL clocks.

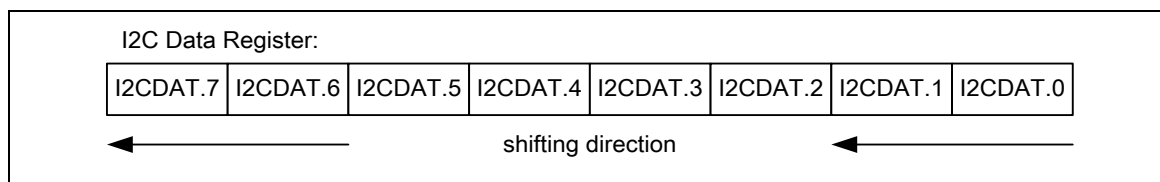


Figure 6-105 I<sup>2</sup>C Data Shifting Direction

#### 6.13.6.4 Control Register (I2CON)

The CPU can read from and write to I2CON [7:0] directly. Two bits are affected by hardware: the SI bit is set when the I<sup>2</sup>C hardware requests a serial interrupt, and the STO bit is cleared when a STOP condition is present on the bus. The STO bit is also cleared when ENS1 = 0.

#### 6.13.6.5 Status Register (I2CSTATUS)

I2CSTATUS [7:0] is an 8-bit read-only register. The three least significant bits are always 0. The bit field I2CSTATUS [7:0] contain the status code and there are 26 possible status codes. All states are listed in Table 6-17. When I2CSTATUS [7:0] is F8H, no serial interrupt is requested. All other I2CSTATUS [7:0] values correspond to defined I<sup>2</sup>C states. When each of these states is entered, a status interrupt is requested (SI = 1). A valid status code is present in I2CSTATUS[7:0] one cycle after SI is set by hardware and is still present one cycle after SI has been reset by software.

In addition, the state 00H stands for a Bus Error, which occurs when a START or STOP condition is present at an illegal position in the format frame. A Bus Error may occur during the serial transfer of an address byte, a data byte or an acknowledge bit. To recover I<sup>2</sup>C from bus error, STO should be set and SI should be clear to enter Not Addressed Slave mode. Then STO is cleared to release bus and to wait new communication. I<sup>2</sup>C bus cannot recognize stop condition during this action when bus error occurs.

| Master Mode |                              | Slave Mode |                                     |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| STATUS      | Description                  | STATUS     | Description                         |
| 0x08        | Start                        | 0xA0       | Slave Transmit Repeat Start or Stop |
| 0x10        | Master Repeat Start          | 0xA8       | Slave Transmit Address ACK          |
| 0x18        | Master Transmit Address ACK  | 0xB0       | Slave Transmit Arbitration Lost     |
| 0x20        | Master Transmit Address NACK | 0xB8       | Slave Transmit Data ACK             |
| 0x28        | Master Transmit Data ACK     | 0xC0       | Slave Transmit Data NACK            |
| 0x30        | Master Transmit Data NACK    | 0xC8       | Slave Transmit Last Data ACK        |
| 0x38        | Master Arbitration Lost      | 0x60       | Slave Receive Address ACK           |
| 0x40        | Master Receive ACK           | 0x68       | Slave Receive Arbitration Lost      |
| 0x48        | Master Receive NACK          | 0x80       | Slave Receive Data ACK              |
| 0x50        | Master Receive ACK           | 0x88       | Slave Receive Data NACK             |
| 0x58        | Master Receive NACK          | 0x70       | GC mode Address ACK                 |
| 0x00        | Bus error                    | 0x78       | GC mode Arbitration Lost            |
|             |                              | 0x90       | GC mode Data ACK                    |

|      |                                                                                                             |      |                   |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------|
|      |                                                                                                             | 0x98 | GC mode Data NACK |
| 0xF8 | Bus Released<br><b>Note:</b> Status "0xF8" exists in both Master/Slave modes, and it won't raise interrupt. |      |                   |

Table 6-22 I<sup>2</sup>C Status Code Description Table

#### 6.13.6.6

#### 6.13.6.7 I<sup>2</sup>C Clock Baud Rate Bits (I2CLK)

The data baud rate of I<sup>2</sup>C is determined by I2CLK [7:0] register when I<sup>2</sup>C is in Master mode, and it is not necessary when I<sup>2</sup>C is in Slave mode. In the Slave mode, I<sup>2</sup>C will automatically synchronize it with any clock frequency from master I<sup>2</sup>C device.

The data baud rate of I<sup>2</sup>C setting is Data Baud Rate of I<sup>2</sup>C = (system clock) / (4x (I2CLK [7:0] +1)). If system clock = 16 MHz, the I2CLK [7:0] = 40 (28H), so data baud rate of I<sup>2</sup>C = 16 MHz/ (4x (40 +1)) = 97.5 Kbits/sec.

#### 6.13.6.8 I<sup>2</sup>C Time-out Counter Register (I2CTOC)

There is a 14-bit time-out counter which can be used to deal with the I2C bus hang-up. If the time out counter is enabled, the counter starts up counting until it overflows (TIF(I2CTOC[0])=1) and generates I2C interrupt to CPU or stops counting by clearing ENTI(I2CTOC[2]) to 0. When time-out counter is enabled, write 1 to SI flag will reset counter and re-start up counting after SI is cleared. If I2C bus hangs up, it causes the I2CSTATUS and flag SI(I2CON[3]) are not updated for a period, the 14-bit time-out counter may overflow and acknowledge CPU the I2C interrupt. Refer to the Figure 6-106 for the 14-bit time out counter. User may write 1 to clear TIF(I2CTOC[0]) to 0.

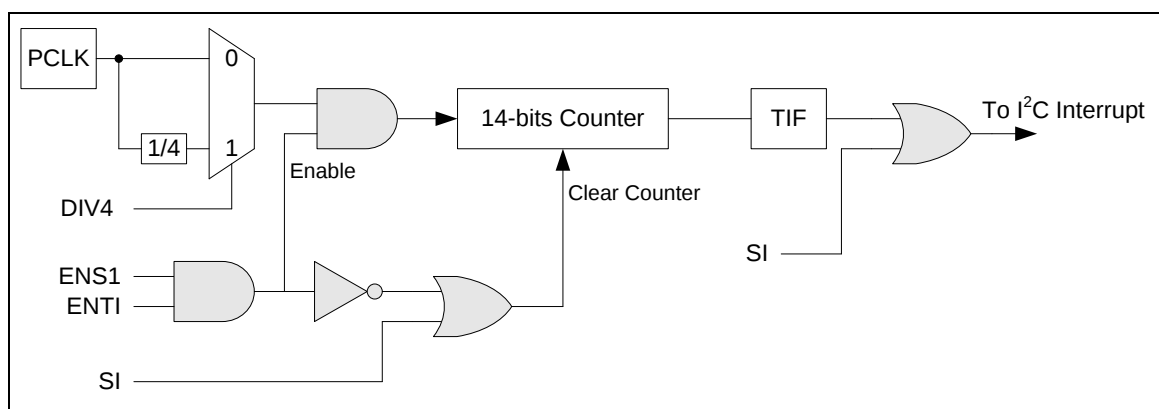


Figure 6-106 I<sup>2</sup>C Time out Count Block Diagram

#### 6.13.6.9 I<sup>2</sup>C wake-up control Register (I2CWKUPCON)

When chip enters Power-down mode, other I<sup>2</sup>C master can wake up our chip by addressing our I<sup>2</sup>C device, user must configure the related setting before entering sleep mode. When the chip is woken-up by address match with one of the four address register, the following data will be abandoned at this time.

#### 6.13.6.10 I<sup>2</sup>C wake-up status Register (I2CWKUPSTS)

When system is woken up by other I<sup>2</sup>C master device, WKUPIF(I2CWKUPSTS[0]) is set to indicate this event. User needs write "1" to clear this bit.

The following steps are used to configure the I<sup>2</sup>C0 related registers when using I<sup>2</sup>C to read data from EEPROM.

1. Set I<sup>2</sup>C0 the multi-function pin in the P3\_MFP[5:4] registers as SCL and SDA pins.
2. Enable I<sup>2</sup>C0 APB clock, I2C0\_EN=1 in the “APBCLK0” register.
3. Set I2C0\_RST=1 to reset I<sup>2</sup>C0 controller then set I<sup>2</sup>C0 controller to normal operation, I2C0\_RST=0 in the “IPRSTC2” register.
4. Set EI=1 to enable I<sup>2</sup>C0 controller in the “I2CON” register.
5. Give I<sup>2</sup>C0 clock a divided register value for I<sup>2</sup>C clock rate in the “I2CLK”.
6. Set SETENA=0x00000040 in the “NVIC\_ISER” register to set I<sup>2</sup>C0 IRQ.
7. Set EI=1 to enable I<sup>2</sup>C0 Interrupt in the “I2CON” register.
8. Set I<sup>2</sup>C0 address registers “I2CADDR0 ~ I2CADDR3”.

[illegible]

Figure 6-107 EEPROM Random Read

Figure 6-108 shows how to use I<sup>2</sup>C controller to implement the protocol of EEPROM random read.

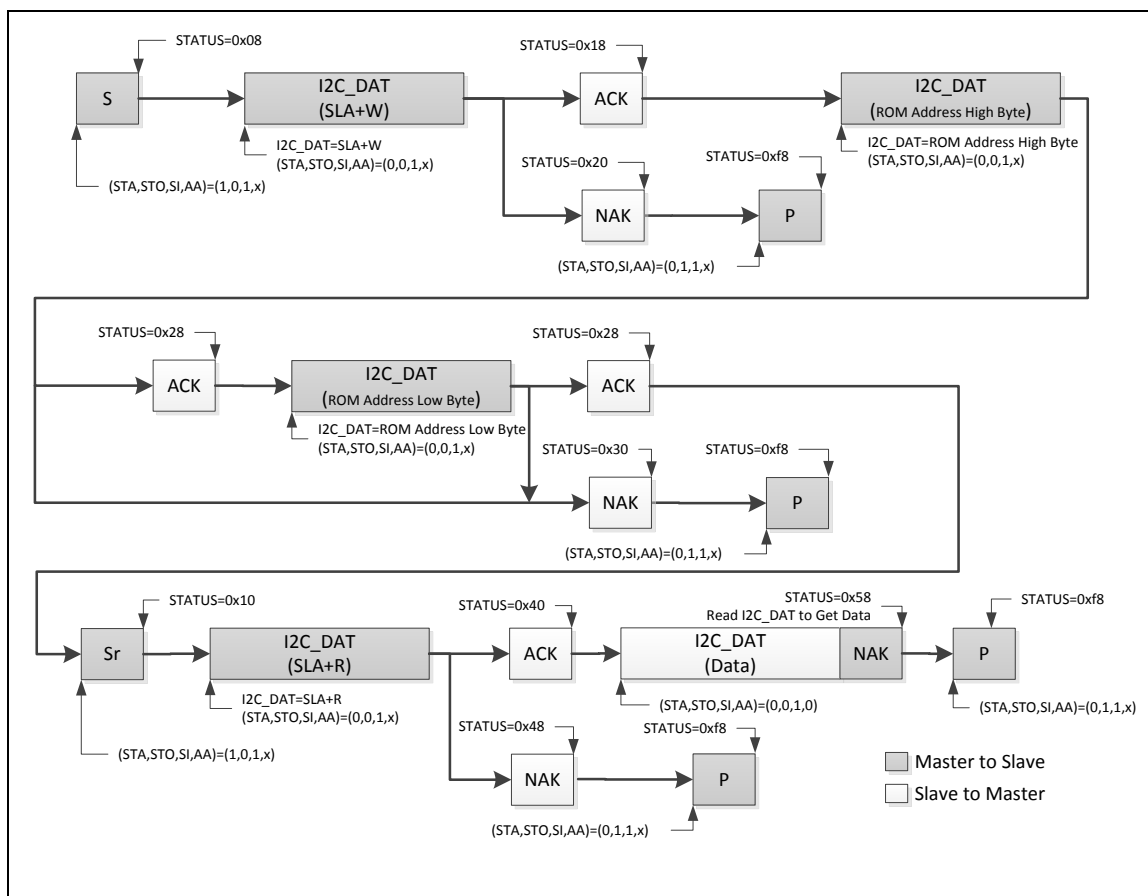


Figure 6-108 Protocol of EEPROM Random Read

The I<sup>2</sup>C controller, which is a master, sends START to bus. Then, it sends a SLA+W (Slave address + Write bit) to EEPROM followed by two bytes data address to set the EEPROM address to read. Finally, a Repeat START followed by SLA+R is sent to read the data from EEPROM.

### 6.13.7 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                   | Offset       | R/W | Description                                   | Reset Value |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2C Base Address:<br>I2C0_BA = 0x4002_0000 |              |     |                                               |             |
| I2CON                                      | I2Cx_BA+0x00 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Control Register             | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR0                                   | I2Cx_BA+0x04 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register0      | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CDAT                                     | I2Cx_BA+0x08 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Data Register                | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CSTATUS                                  | I2Cx_BA+0x0C | R   | I <sup>2</sup> C Status Register              | 0x0000_00F8 |
| I2CLK                                      | I2Cx_BA+0x10 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Clock Divided Register       | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CTOC                                     | I2Cx_BA+0x14 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Time Out Counter Register    | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR1                                   | I2Cx_BA+0x18 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register1      | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR2                                   | I2Cx_BA+0x1C | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register2      | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR3                                   | I2Cx_BA+0x20 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register3      | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM0                                    | I2Cx_BA+0x24 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM1                                    | I2Cx_BA+0x28 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM2                                    | I2Cx_BA+0x2C | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM3                                    | I2Cx_BA+0x30 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register3 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CWKUPCON                                 | I2Cx_BA+0x3C | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Wake Up Control Register     | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CWKUPSTS                                 | I2Cx_BA+0x40 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Wake Up Status Register      | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.13.8 Register Description

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Control Register (I2CON)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                       | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CON    | I2Cx_BA+0x00 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |      |     |     |    |    |          |    |
|----------|------|-----|-----|----|----|----------|----|
| 31       | 30   | 29  | 28  | 27 | 26 | 25       | 24 |
| Reserved |      |     |     |    |    |          |    |
| 23       | 22   | 21  | 20  | 19 | 18 | 17       | 16 |
| Reserved |      |     |     |    |    |          |    |
| 15       | 14   | 13  | 12  | 11 | 10 | 9        | 8  |
| Reserved |      |     |     |    |    |          |    |
| 7        | 6    | 5   | 4   | 3  | 2  | 1        | 0  |
| EI       | ENS1 | STA | STO | SI | AA | Reserved |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| [7]    | EI          | <b>Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = I <sup>2</sup> C interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = I <sup>2</sup> C interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [6]    | ENS1        | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Controller Enable Bit</b><br>Set to enable I <sup>2</sup> C serial function controller. When ENS1 =1 the I <sup>2</sup> C serial function enables. The multi-function pin function must set to I <sup>2</sup> C function first.<br>0 = I <sup>2</sup> C controller Disabled.<br>1 = I <sup>2</sup> C controller Enabled.                                                                                                                                        |
| [5]    | STA         | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C START Control Bit</b><br>Setting STA to logic 1 to enter Master mode, the I <sup>2</sup> C hardware sends a START or repeat START condition to bus when the bus is free.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [4]    | STO         | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C STOP Control Bit</b><br>In Master mode, setting STO to transmit a STOP condition to bus then I <sup>2</sup> C hardware will check the bus condition if a STOP condition is detected this bit will be cleared by hardware automatically. In Slave mode, setting STO resets I <sup>2</sup> C hardware to the defined "not addressed" Slave mode. This means it is NO LONGER in the slave receiver mode to receive data from the master transmit device.           |
| [3]    | SI          | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Interrupt Flag</b><br>When a new I <sup>2</sup> C state is present in the I2CSTATUS register, the SI flag is set by hardware, and if bit EI (I2CON [7]) is set, the I <sup>2</sup> C interrupt is requested. SI must be cleared by software. Clear SI is by writing 1 to this bit.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [2]    | AA          | <b>Assert Acknowledge Control Bit</b><br>When AA=1 prior to address or data received, an acknowledged (low level to SDA) will be returned during the acknowledge clock pulse on the SCL line when 1.). A slave is acknowledging the address sent from master, 2.) The receiver devices are acknowledging the data sent by transmitter. When AA=0 prior to address or data received, a Not acknowledged (high level to SDA) will be returned during the acknowledge clock pulse on |

|       |          |               |
|-------|----------|---------------|
|       |          | the SCL line. |
| [1:0] | Reserved | Reserved.     |

### I<sup>2</sup>C Data Register (I2CDAT)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                    | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CDAT   | I2Cx_BA+0x08 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Data Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| I2CDAT   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                         |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                               |
| [7:0]  | I2CDAT      | I <sup>2</sup> C Data Register<br>Bit [7:0] is located with the 8-bit transferred data of I <sup>2</sup> C serial port. |

## I<sup>2</sup>C Status Register (I2CSTATUS)

| Register  | Offset       | R/W | Description                      | Reset Value |
|-----------|--------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CSTATUS | I2Cx_BA+0x0C | R   | I <sup>2</sup> C Status Register | 0x0000_00F8 |

|           |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31        | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23        | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15        | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7         | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| I2CSTATUS |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [7:0]  | <p><b>I<sup>2</sup>C Status Register</b></p> <p>The three least significant bits are always 0. The five most significant bits contain the status code. There are 26 possible status codes.</p> <p>When I2CSTATUS contains F8H, no serial interrupt is requested. All other I2CSTATUS values correspond to defined I<sup>2</sup>C states. When each of these states is entered, a status interrupt is requested (SI = 1). A valid status code is present in I2CSTATUS one cycle after SI is set by hardware and is still present one cycle after SI has been reset by software.</p> <p>In addition, states 00H stands for a Bus Error. A Bus Error occurs when a START or STOP condition is present at an illegal position in the formation frame. Example of illegal position are during the serial transfer of an address byte, a data byte or an acknowledge bit.</p> |

### I<sup>2</sup>C Clock Divided Register (I2CLK)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CLK    | I2Cx_BA+0x10 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Clock Divided Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| I2CLK    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [7:0]  | I2CLK       | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Clock Divided Register</b><br>The I <sup>2</sup> C clock rate bits: Data Baud Rate of I <sup>2</sup> C = (system clock) / (4x (I2CLK+1)).<br><b>Note:</b> The minimum value of I2CLK is 4. |

## I<sup>2</sup>C Time-out Counter Register (I2CTOC)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                                | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CTOC   | I2Cx_BA+0x14 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Time-out Counter Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |      |      |     |
|----------|----|----|----|----|------|------|-----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26   | 25   | 24  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |      |      |     |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18   | 17   | 16  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |      |      |     |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10   | 9    | 8   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |      |      |     |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2    | 1    | 0   |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | ENTI | DIV4 | TIF |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:3] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [2]    | ENTI        | <b>Time-out Counter Enable Bit</b><br>When Enabled, the 14-bit time out counter will start counting when SI is clear. Write 1 to SI flag will reset counter and re-start up counting after SI is cleared.<br>0 = Time out counter Disabled.<br>1 = Time out counter Enabled. |
| [1]    | DIV4        | <b>Time-out Counter Input Clock Is Divided by 4</b><br>When Enabled, the time out period is extend 4 times.<br>0 = The time out counter input clock divided by 4 Disabled.<br>1 = The time out counter input clock divided by 4 Enabled.                                     |
| [0]    | TIF         | <b>Time-out Flag</b><br>This bit is set by H/W when I <sup>2</sup> C time out happened and it can interrupt CPU if I <sup>2</sup> C interrupt enable bit (EI) is set to 1.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it.                                     |

### I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address Register (I2CADDRx)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CADDR0 | I2Cx_BA+0x04 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR1 | I2Cx_BA+0x18 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR2 | I2Cx_BA+0x1C | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADDR3 | I2Cx_BA+0x20 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Register3 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| I2CADDR  |    |    |    |    |    |    | GC |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [7:1]  | I2CADDR     | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Address Register</b><br>The content of this register is irrelevant when I <sup>2</sup> C is in Master mode. In Slave mode, the seven most significant bits must be loaded with the chip's own address. The I <sup>2</sup> C hardware will react if one of the addresses is matched. |
| [0]    | GC          | <b>General Call Function</b><br>0 = General Call function Disabled.<br>1 = General Call function Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Address Mask Register (I2CADMx)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                                   | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CADM0  | I2Cx_BA+0x24 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM1  | I2Cx_BA+0x28 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM2  | I2Cx_BA+0x2C | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| I2CADM3  | I2Cx_BA+0x30 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address Mask Register3 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0        |
| I2CADM   |    |    |    |    |    |    | Reserved |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [7:1]  | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Address Mask Register</b><br>I <sup>2</sup> C bus controller supports multiple address recognition with four address mask registers. When the bit in the address mask register is set to one, it means the received corresponding address bit is don't-care. If the bit is set to 0, that means the received corresponding register bit should be exact the same as address register.<br>0 = Mask Disabled (the received corresponding register bit should be exact the same as address register.).<br>1 = Mask Enabled (the received corresponding address bit is don't care.). |
| [0]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### I<sup>2</sup>C Wake Up Control Register (I2CWKUPCON)

| Register   | Offset       | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|------------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2CWKUPCON | I2Cx_BA+0x3C | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Wake Up Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | WKUPEN |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                               |
| [0]    | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Wake-up Function Enable Bit</b><br>0 = I <sup>2</sup> C wake up function Disabled.<br>1 = I <sup>2</sup> C wake up function Enabled. |

### I<sup>2</sup>C Wake-up Status Register (I2C WKUPSTS)

| Register    | Offset       | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|-------------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| I2C WKUPSTS | I2Cx_BA+0x40 | R/W | I <sup>2</sup> C Wake-up Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    | WKUPIF |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:1] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [0]    | <b>I<sup>2</sup>C Wake-up Interrupt Flag</b><br>When chip is woken-up from Power-down mode by I <sup>2</sup> C, this bit is set to 1.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit can be cleared by writing '1' to it. |

## 6.14 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

### 6.14.1 Overview

The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is a synchronous serial data communication protocol that operates in full duplex mode. Devices communicate in Master/Slave mode with the 4-wire bi-direction interface. The NuMicro® M0519 series contains up to three sets of SPI controllers performing a serial-to-parallel conversion on data received from a peripheral device, and a parallel-to-serial conversion on data transmitted to a peripheral device. Each set of SPI controller can be configured as a master or a slave device.

### 6.14.2 Features

- Up to three sets of SPI controllers
- Supports Master or Slave mode operation
- Configurable bit length of a transaction word from 8 to 32-bit
- Provides separate 8-layer depth transmit and receive FIFO buffers
- Supports MSB first or LSB first transfer sequence
- Supports the Byte Reorder function
- Supports 3-wire, no slave select signal, bi-direction interface

### 6.14.3 Block Diagram

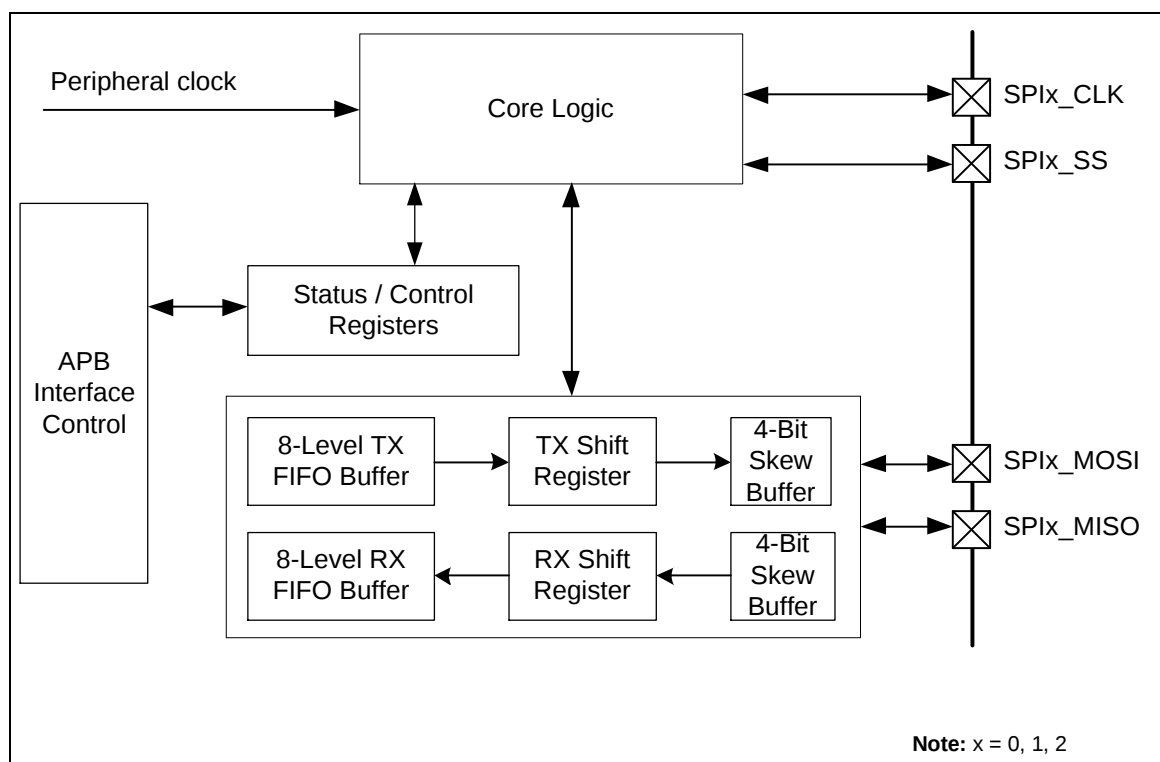


Figure 6-109 SPI Block Diagram

TX FIFO Buffer:

The transmit FIFO buffer is an 8-level depth, 32-bit wide, first-in, first-out register buffer. The data can be written to the transmit FIFO buffer in advance through software by writing the SPI\_TX register.

#### **RX FIFO Buffer:**

The received FIFO buffer is also an 8-level depth, 32-bit wide, first-in, first-out register buffer. The receive control logic will store the received data to this buffer. The FIFO buffer data can be read from SPI\_RX register by software.

#### **TX Shift Register:**

The transmit shift register is a 32-bit wide register buffer. The transmit data is loaded from the TX FIFO buffer and shifted out bit-by-bit to the skew buffer.

#### **RX Shift Register:**

The receive shift register is also a 32-bit wide register buffer. The receive data is shifted in bit-by-bit from the skew buffer and is loaded into RX FIFO buffer when a transaction done.

#### **Skew Buffer:**

The skew buffer is a 4-bit buffer.

For transmitting, it is written from shift register by peripheral clock and read out by SPI bus clock. The first three bits of TX shift register will be loaded to skew buffer in the beginning of transmission. The remaining bits will be shifted into skew buffer as any bit in skew buffer is shifted out to SPI bus.

For receiving, the serial data captured from SPI bus is written into the skew buffer basing on the SPI bus clock. These captured data will be read out and written into the RX shift register basing on the SPI peripheral clock.

### **6.14.4 Basic Configuration**

The basic configurations of SPI0 are as follows:

- SPI0 pin functions are configured in P2\_MFP and P5\_MFP registers.
- Select the source of SPI0 peripheral clock on SPI0\_S (CLKSEL1[4]).
- Enable SPI0 peripheral clock on SPI0\_EN (APBCLK[12]).
- Reset SPI0 controller on SPI0\_RST (IPRSTC2[12]).

The basic configurations of SPI1 are as follows:

- SPI1 pin functions are configured in P9\_MFP register.
- Select the source of SPI1 peripheral clock on SPI1\_S (CLKSEL1[5]).
- Enable SPI1 peripheral clock on SPI1\_EN (APBCLK[13]).
- Reset SPI1 controller on SPI1\_RST (IPRSTC2[13]).

The basic configurations of SPI2 are as follows:

- SPI2 pin functions are configured in P2\_MFP and P5\_MFP registers.
- Select the source of SPI2 peripheral clock on SPI2\_S (CLKSEL1[6]).

- Enable SPI2 peripheral clock on SPI2\_EN (APBCLK[14]).
- Reset SPI2 controller on SPI2\_RST (IPRSTC2[14]).

### 6.14.5 Functional Description

#### 6.14.5.1 Terminology

##### SPI Peripheral Clock and SPI Serial Clock

The SPI controller needs the SPI peripheral clock to drive the SPI logic unit to perform the data transfer. The SPI peripheral clock rate is determined by the settings of clock source and clock divisor. The SPIx\_SS bit of CLKSEL1 register determines the clock source of the SPI peripheral clock. The clock source can be HCLK or PLL output clock. The DIVIDER setting of SPI\_DIVIDER register determines the divisor of the clock rate calculation.

In Master mode, the output frequency of the SPI bus clock output pin is equal to the SPI peripheral clock rate. In general, the SPI bus clock denotes as SPI clock. In Slave mode, the SPI bus clock is provided by an off-chip master device. The SPI peripheral clock rate of slave device must be faster than the SPI bus clock rate of the master device connected together. The frequency of SPI peripheral clock cannot be faster than the APB clock rate regardless of Master or Slave mode.

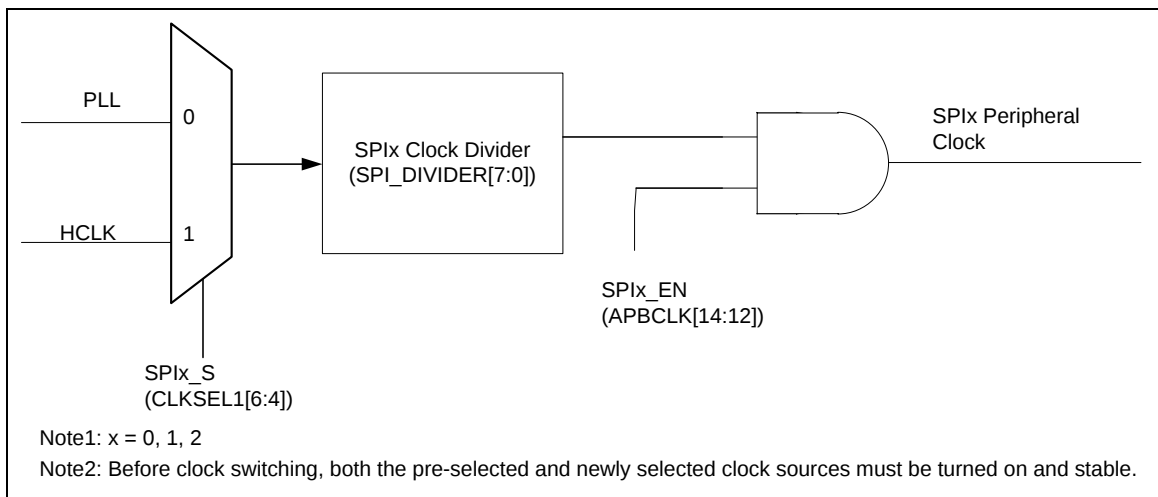


Figure 6-110 SPI Clock Diagram

##### Master/Slave Mode

The SPI controller can be set as Master or Slave mode by setting the SLAVE bit (SPI\_CNTRL[18]) to communicate with the off-chip SPI Slave or Master device. The application block diagrams in Master and Slave mode are shown in Figure 6-111 and Figure 6-112.

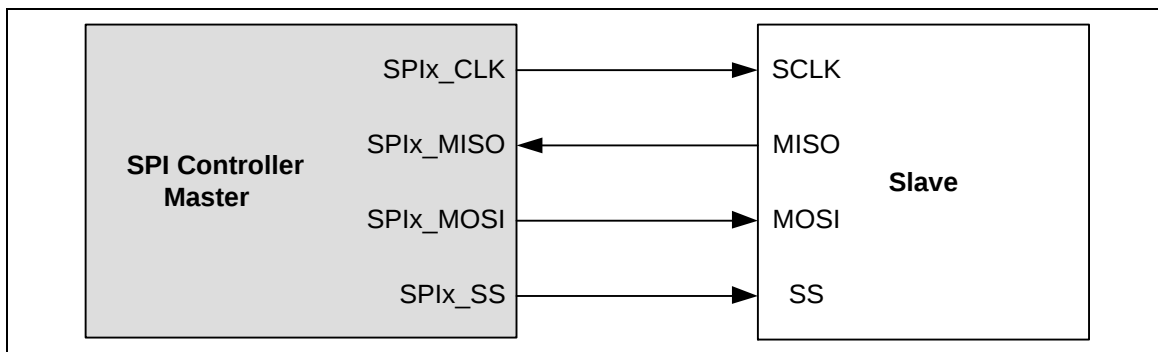


Figure 6-111 SPI Master Mode Application Block Diagram

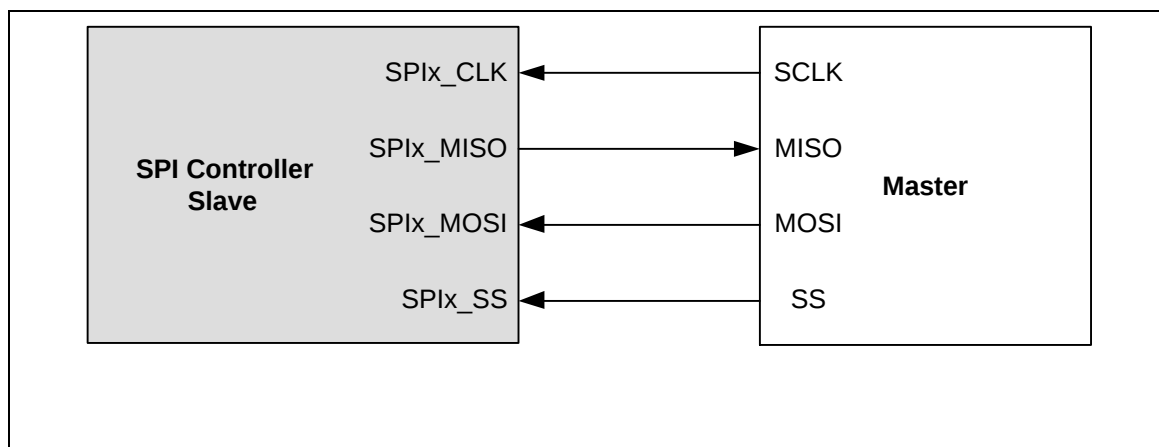


Figure 6-112 SPI Slave Mode Application Block Diagram

### Slave Selection

In Master mode, this SPI controller can drive off-chip Slave device through the slave select output pin SPIx\_SS. In Slave mode, the off-chip Master device drives the slave select signal from the SPIx\_SS input port to this SPI controller. The duration between the slave select active edge and the first SPI clock input shall over 3 SPI peripheral clock cycles of Slave.

In Master/Slave mode, the active state of slave select signal can be programmed to low active or high active in SS\_LVL (SPI\_SSR[2]). The selection of slave select condition depends on what type of device is connected.

In Slave mode, the SS\_LTRIG (SPI\_SSR[4]) defines the slave select signal SPIx\_SS is level trigger or edge trigger. If the SS\_LTRIG bit is configured as level trigger, the LTRIG\_FLAG bit (SPI\_SSR[5]) is used to indicate if the received bits among one transaction meets the requirement defined in TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]). To recognize the inactive state of the slave selection signal, the inactive period of the slave selection signal must be larger than or equal to 3 peripheral clock cycles between two successive transactions.

### Level-trigger/Edge-trigger

In Slave mode, the slave select signal can be configured as level-trigger or edge-trigger. In edge-trigger, the data transfer starts from an active edge and ends on an inactive edge of the slave signal. The unit-transfer interrupt flag IF (SPI\_CNTRL[16]) will be set to 1 as an inactive edge is detected. If the master does not send an inactive edge to slave, the transfer procedure will not be completed and the unit transfer interrupt flag of slave will not be set. In level-trigger, the unit-transfer interrupt flag IF of slave will be set when one of the following two conditions occurs. The first condition is that if the number of transferred bits matches the settings of TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]), the unit transfer interrupt flag IF of slave will be set. As to the second condition, if the master set the slave select pin to inactive level during the transfer is in progress, it will force slave device to terminate the current transfer no matter how many bits have been transferred and the unit transfer interrupt flag will be set. User can read the status of LTRIG\_FLAG bit to check if the data has been completely transferred.

### Timing Condition

The CLKP (SPI\_CNTRL[11]) defines the SPI clock idle state. If CLKP = 1, the output of SPI bus clock is high at idle state; if CLKP = 0, it is low at idle state.

TX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[2]) defines the data transmitted out either on negative edge or on positive edge of SPI bus clock.

RX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[1]) defines the data received either on negative edge or on positive edge of SPI bus clock.

**Note:** The settings of TX\_NEG and RX\_NEG are mutual exclusive. In other words, do not transmit and receive data at the same clock edge.

### Transmit/Receive Bit Length

The bit length of a transaction word is defined in TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]). It can be configured up to 32-bit length in a transaction word for transmitting and receiving.

When SPI controller finishes a transaction, i.e. receives or transmits a special count of bits defined in TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]), the unit transfer interrupt flag will be set to 1.

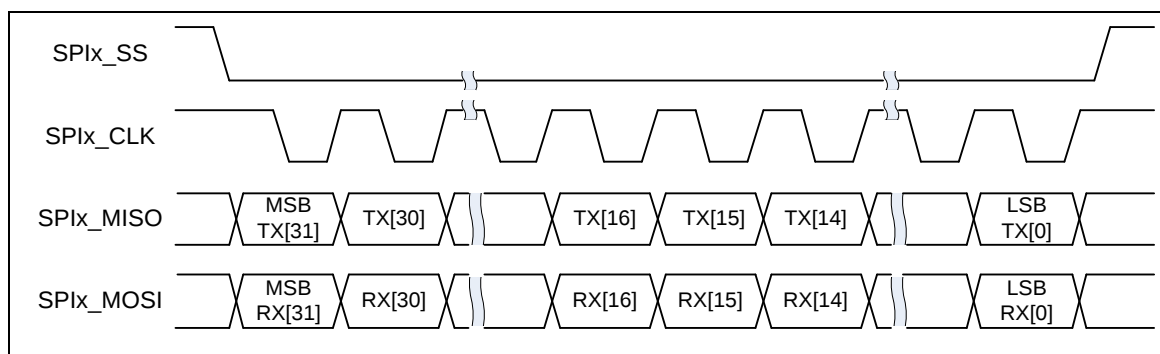


Figure 6-11332-Bit in One Transaction

### LSB/MSB First

The LSB (SPI\_CNTRL[10]) defines the bit transfer sequence in a transaction. If the LSB bit is set to 1, the transfer sequence is LSB first. The bit 0 will be transferred firstly. If the LSB bit is cleared to 0, the transfer sequence is MSB first.

#### 6.14.5.2 Automatic Slave Selection

In Master mode, if AUTOSS (SPI\_SSR[3]) is set, the slave select signal will be generated automatically and output to the SPIx\_SS pin according to whether SSR (SPI\_SSR[0]) is enabled or not. The slave selection signal will be set to active state automatically when the SPI data transfer is started by writing to TX FIFO in FIFO mode or by setting the GO\_BUSY (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) when the FIFO mode is disabled. It will be set to inactive state when SPI bus is idle. If SPI bus is not idle, i.e. TX FIFO, TX shift register or TX skew buffer is not empty, the slave selection signal will be set to inactive state between transactions if the value of SP\_CYCLE (SPI\_CNTRL[15:12]) is greater than or equal to 3.

In Master mode, if the value of SP\_CYCLE[3:0] is less than 3 and the AUTOSS is set as 1, the slave select signal will be kept in active state between two successive transactions.

If the AUTOSS bit is cleared, the slave select output signal will be asserted/de-asserted by manual setting/clearing SSR (SPI\_SSR[0]). The active state of the slave select output signal is specified in SS\_LVL bit (SPI\_SSR[2]).

In Slave mode, to recognize the inactive state of the slave select signal, the inactive period of the slave select signal must be larger than or equal to 6 peripheral clock periods between two

successive transactions.

The duration between the slave selection signal active edge and the first SPI bus clock edge is 1 SPI bus clock cycle and the duration between the last SPI bus clock and the slave selection signal inactive edge is 1.5 SPI bus clock cycle.

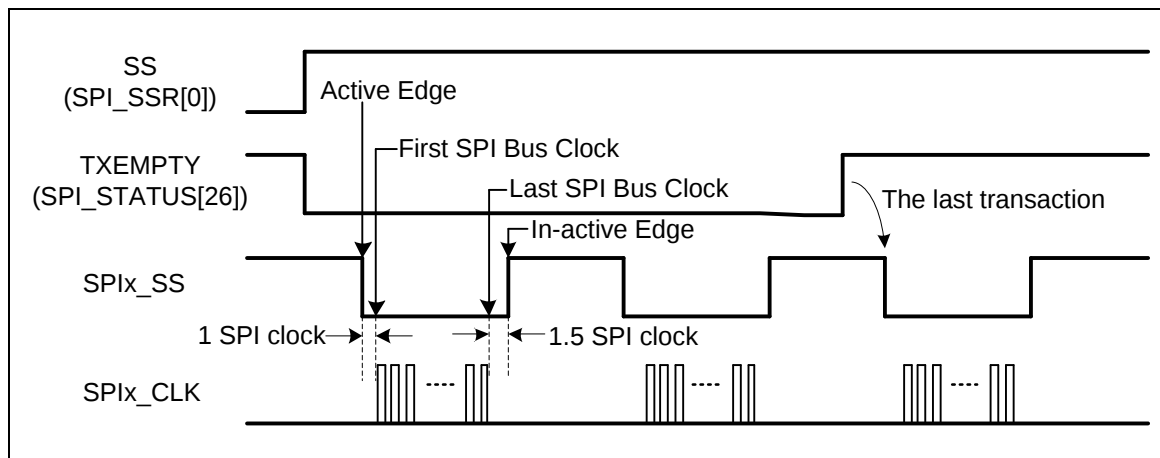


Figure 6-114 Automatic Slave Selection (SS\_LVL = 0, SP\_CYCLE > 0x2)

#### 6.14.5.1 Word Suspend

These four bits field of SP\_CYCLE (SPI\_CNTRL[15:12]) provide a configurable suspend interval, 0.5 ~ 15.5 serial clock periods, between two successive transaction words in Master mode. The definition of the suspend interval is the interval between the last clock edge of the preceding transaction word and the first clock edge of the following transaction word. The default value of SP\_CYCLE is 0x3 (3.5 serial clock cycles). This SP\_CYCLE setting will not take effect to the word suspend interval if the software disables the FIFO mode.

#### 6.14.5.2 Byte Reorder

When the transfer is set as MSB first (LSB (SPI\_CNTRL[10])= 0) and the REORDER (SPI\_CNTRL[19]) is set to 1, the data stored in the TX buffer and RX buffer will be rearranged in the order as [Byte0, Byte1, Byte2, Byte3] in 32-bit Transfer mode (TX\_BIT\_LEN = 0). The sequence of transmitted/received data will be Byte0, Byte1, Byte2, and then Byte3. If the TX\_BIT\_LEN is set as 24-bit transfer mode, the data in TX buffer and RX buffer will be rearranged as [unknown byte, Byte0, Byte1, Byte2]. The SPI controller will transmit/receive data with the sequence of Byte0, Byte1 and then Byte2. Each byte will be transmitted/received with MSB first. The rule of 16-bit mode is the same as above. Byte reorder function is only available when TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]) is configured as 16, 24, or 32 bits.

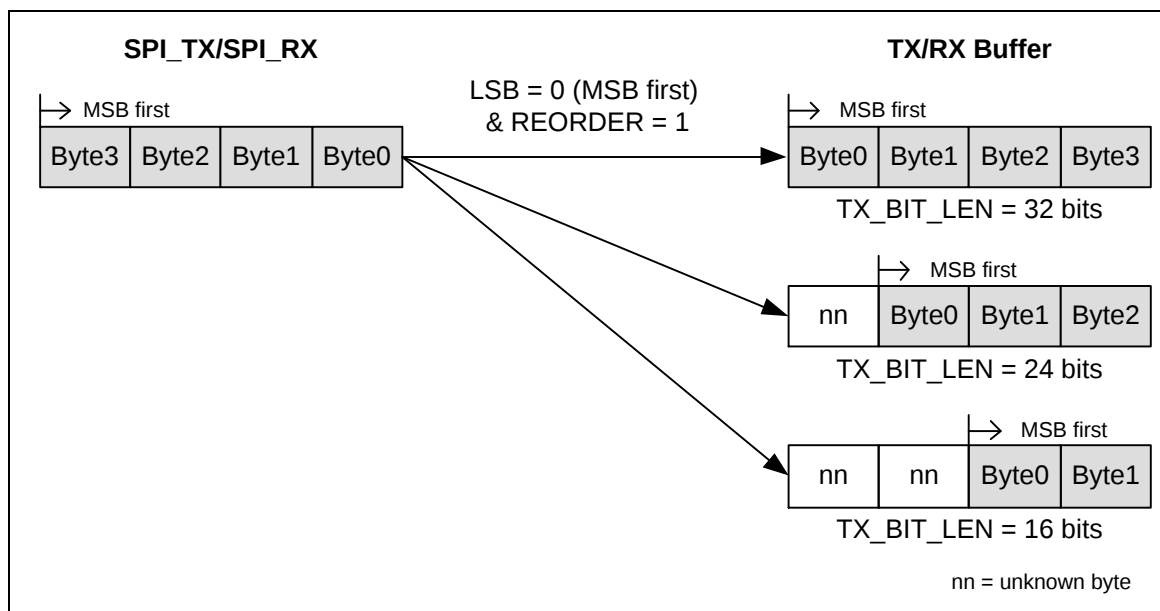


Figure 6-115 Byte Reorder Function

### 6.14.5.3 Byte Suspend

In Master mode, if REORDER (SPI\_CNTRL[19]) is set to 1, a suspend interval of 0.5 ~ 15.5 SPI clock periods will be inserted by hardware between two successive bytes in a transaction word. Both settings of byte suspend interval and word suspend interval are configured in SP\_CYCLE (SPI\_CNTRL[15:12]).

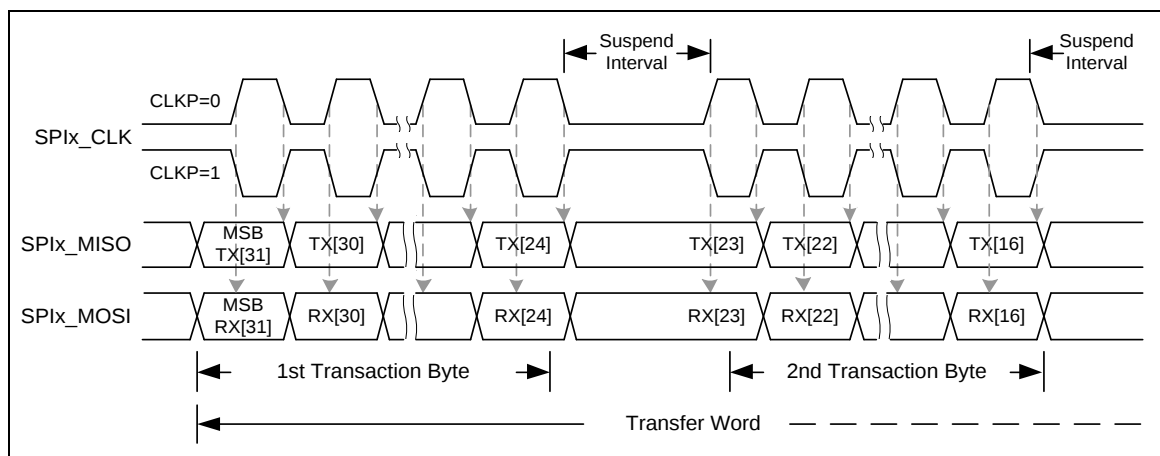


Figure 6-116 Timing Waveform for Byte Suspend

### 6.14.5.4 Slave 3-Wire Mode

When the NOSLVSEL (SPI\_CNTRL2[8]) is set by software to enable the Slave 3-wire mode, the SPI controller can work with no slave select signal in Slave mode. The NOSLVSEL bit only takes effect in Slave mode. Only three pins, SPIx\_CLK, SPIx\_MISO, and SPIx\_MOSI, are required to communicate with a SPI master. The SPIx\_SS pin can be configured as a GPIO. When the NOSLVSEL bit is set to 1, the SPI slave will be ready to transmit/receive data after the GO\_BUSY (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) is set to 1. As the number of received bits meets the requirement which defined in TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]), the unit-transfer interrupt flag IF (SPI\_CNTRL[16]) will be set to 1.

**Note:** In Slave 3-wire mode, the SS\_LTRIG, SPI\_SSR[4], should be set as 1.

#### 6.14.5.5 FIFO Mode

The SPI controller supports FIFO mode when the FIFO (SPI\_CNTRL[21]) is set as 1. The SPI controller equips with eight 32-bit wide transmit and receive FIFO buffers.

The transmit FIFO buffer is an 8-layer depth, 32-bit wide, first-in and first-out register buffer. Data can be written to the transmit FIFO buffer through software by writing the SPI\_TX register. The data stored in the transmit FIFO buffer will be read and sent out by the transmission control logic. If the 8-layer transmit FIFO buffer is full, the TX\_FULL (SPI\_STATUS[27]) will be set to 1. When the SPI transmission logic unit draws out the last datum of the transmit FIFO buffer, so that the 8-layer transmit FIFO buffer is empty, the TX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[26]) will be set to 1. Notice that the TX\_EMPTY flag (SPI\_STATUS[26]) is set to 1 while the last transaction is still in progress. In Master mode, both the GO\_BUSY (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) and TX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[26]) should be checked by software to make sure whether the SPI is in idle or not.

The received FIFO buffer is also an 8-layer depth, 32-bit wide, first-in and first-out register buffer. The receive control logic will store the received data to this buffer. The software can read the FIFO buffer data from SPI\_RX register. There are FIFO related status bits, like RX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[24]) and RX\_FULL (SPI\_STATUS[25]), to indicate the current status of FIFO buffer.

The transmitting and receiving threshold can be configured by setting the TX\_THRESHOLD (SPI\_FIFO\_CTL[30:28]) and RX\_THRESHOLD (SPI\_FIFO\_CTL[26:24]). When the count of valid data stored in transmit FIFO buffer is less than or equal to TX\_THRESHOLD setting, the TX\_INTSTS (SPI\_STATUS[4]) will be set to 1. When the count of valid data stored in receive FIFO buffer is larger than RX\_THRESHOLD setting, the RX\_INTSTS (SPI\_STATUS[0]) will be set to 1.

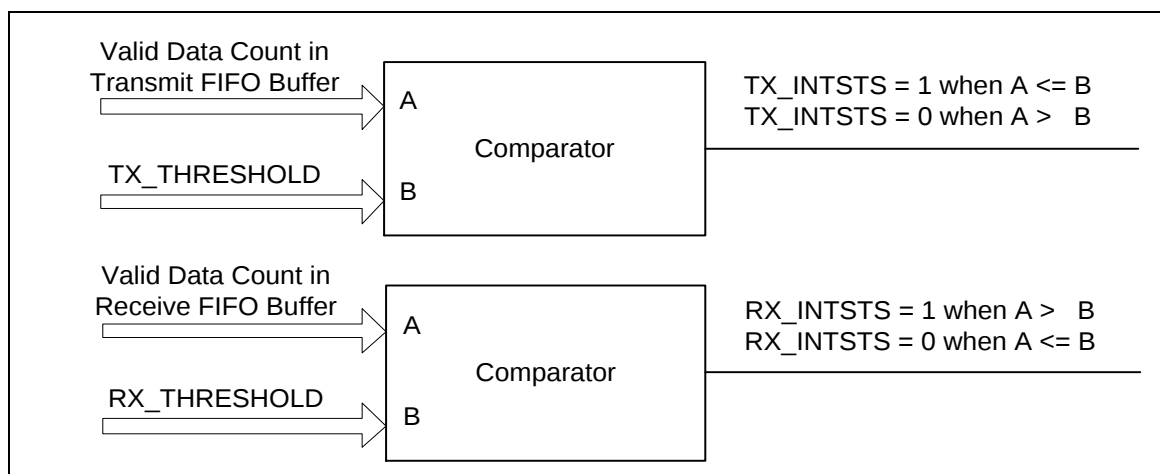


Figure 6-117 FIFO Threshold Comparator

In FIFO mode, the software can write 8 data to the SPI transmit FIFO buffer in advance. When the SPI controller operates with FIFO mode, GO\_BUSY (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) will be controlled by hardware, software should not modify the content of SPI\_CNTRL register unless clearing the FIFO bit (SPI\_CNTRL[21]) to disable the FIFO mode.

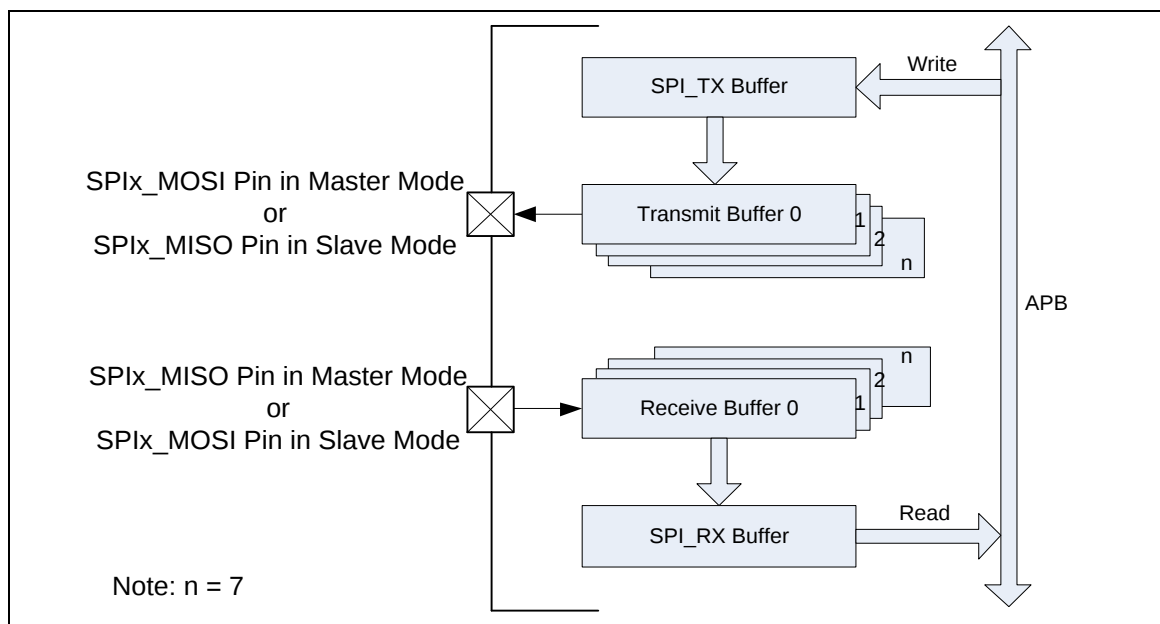


Figure 6-118 FIFO Mode Block Diagram

In Master mode, the first datum is written to the SPI\_TX register, the TX\_EMPTY flag (SPI\_STATUS[16]) will be cleared to 0. The transmission will start after 1 APB clock cycle and 6 peripheral clock cycles. User can write the next data into SPI\_TX register immediately. The SPI controller will insert a suspend interval between two successive transactions. The period of suspend interval is decided by the setting of SP\_CYCLE (SPI\_CNRTL[15:12]). If the SP\_CYCLE (SPI\_CNRTL[15:12]) equals 0, SPI controller can perform continuous transfer. User can write data into SPI\_TX register as long as the TX\_FULL (SPI\_STATUS[27]) is 0.

In the Example 1 of Figure 6-119, it indicates the updated condition of TX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[26]) and the relationship among the FIFO buffer, shift register and the skew buffer. The TX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[16]) is set to 0 when the Data 0 is written into the FIFO buffer. The Data 0 will be loaded into the shift register by core logical and the TX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[26]) will be to 1. The Data 0 in shift register will be shifted into skew buffer by bit for transmission until the transfer is done.

In the Example 2, it indicates the updated condition of TX\_FULL (SPI\_STATUS[27]) when there are 8 data in the FIFO buffer and the next data of Data 9 is not written into the FIFO buffer when the TX\_FULL = 1.

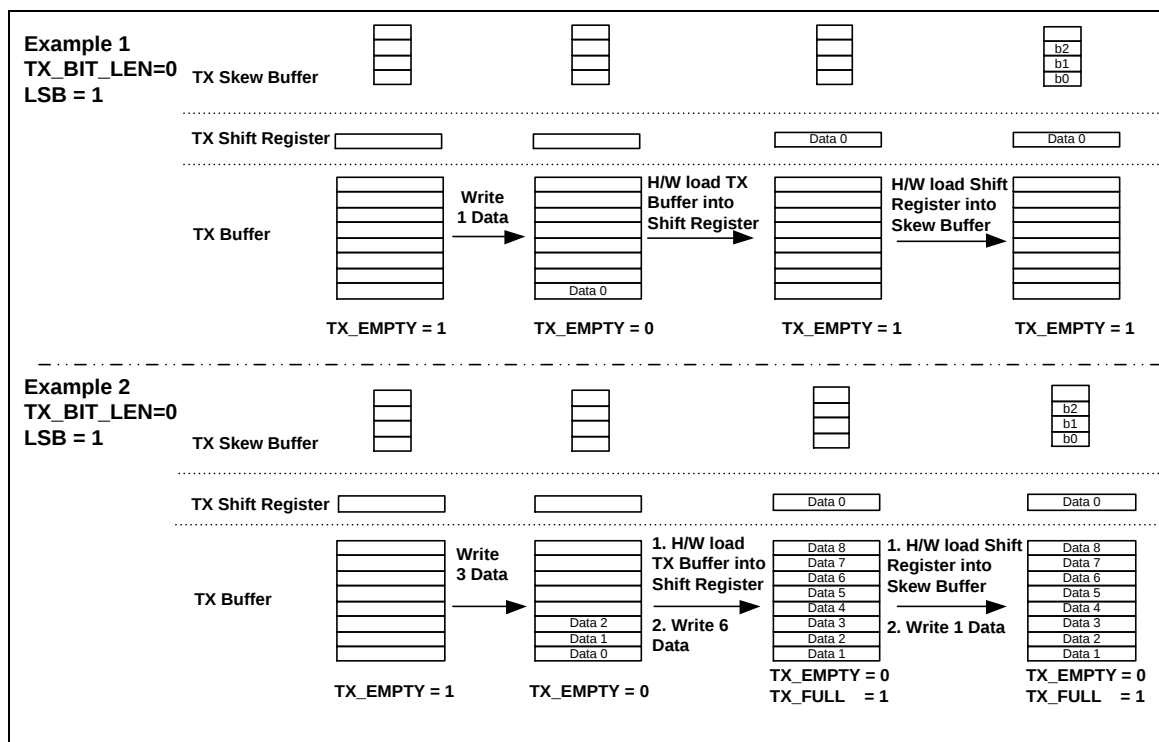


Figure 6-119 Transmit FIFO Buffer Example

The subsequent transactions will be triggered automatically if the transmitted data are updated in time. If the SPI\_TX register does not be updated after all data transfer are done, the transfer will stop.

In Master mode, during reception operation, the serial data are received from SPIx\_MISO pin and stored to receive FIFO buffer.

The receive data (Data 0's b0, b1, ..., b31) is stored into skew buffer first according the serial clock (SPIx\_CLK) and then is shifted into the shift register bit by bit. The core logic will load the data in shift register into FIFO buffer when the receive data bit reach the value of TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]). The RX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[24]) will be cleared to 0 while the receive FIFO buffer contains unread data (see the Example 1 of Receive FIFO Buffer Example). The received data can be read by software from SPI\_RX register as long as the RX\_EMPTY (SPI\_STATUS[24]) is 0. If the receive FIFO buffer contains 8 unread data, the RX\_FULL (SPI\_STATUS[25]) will be set to 1 (see the Example 2 of Receive FIFO Buffer Example). In Slave mode, when the FIFO bit is set as 1, the GO\_BUSY bit will be set as 1 by hardware automatically. If user wants to stop the Slave mode SPI data transfer, both the FIFO bit and GO\_BUSY bit must be cleared to 0 by software.

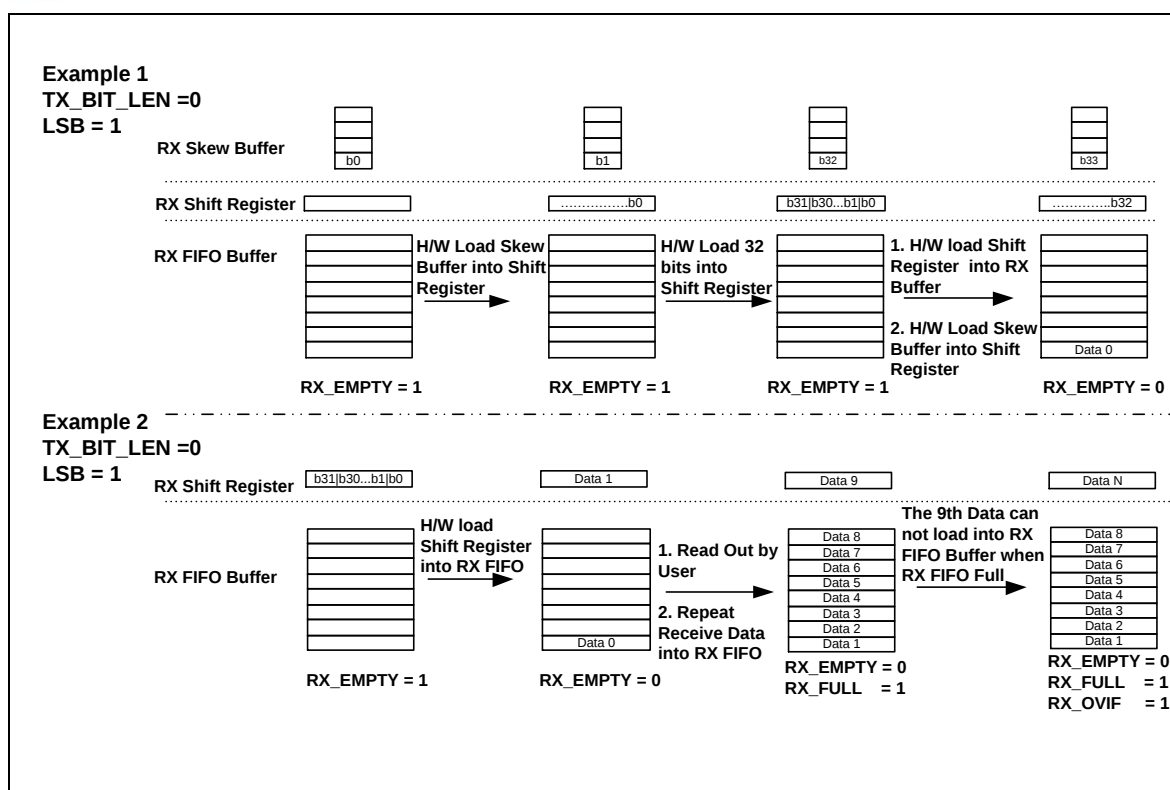


Figure 6-120 Receive FIFO Buffer Example

In Slave mode, during transmission operation, when the software writes data to SPI\_TX register, the data will be loaded into transmit FIFO buffer and the TX\_EMPTY flag will be set to 0. The transmission will start when the Slave device receives clock signal from Master. The software can write data to SPI\_TX register as long as TX\_FULL flag is 0. After all data have been drawn out by the SPI transmission logic unit and the software does not update the SPI\_TX register, the TX\_EMPTY flag will be set to 1.

In Slave mode reception operation, the serial data is received from SPIx\_MOSI pin and stored to SPI\_RX register. The reception mechanism is similar to Master mode reception operation.

#### 6.14.5.6 Interrupt

##### ■ SPI unit transfer interrupt

As the SPI controller finishes a unit transfer, the unit transfer interrupt flag IF (SPI\_CNTRL[16]) will be set to 1. The unit transfer interrupt event will generate an interrupt to CPU if the unit transfer interrupt enable bit IE (SPI\_CNTRL[17]) is set. The unit transfer interrupt flag can be cleared only by writing 1 to it.

##### ■ SPI slave 3-wire mode start interrupt

In 3-wire mode, the Slave 3-wire mode start interrupt flag, SLV\_START\_INTSTS (SPI\_STATUS[11]), will be set to 1 when the slave senses the SPI clock signal. The SPI controller will issue an interrupt if the SSTA\_INTEN (SPI\_CNTRL2[10]) is set to 1. If the count of the received bits is less than the setting of TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]) and there is no more SPI clock input over the expected time period which is defined by the user, the user can set the SLV\_ABORT (SPI\_CNTRL2[9]) to abort the current transfer. The unit transfer interrupt flag, IF, (SPI\_STATUS[16]) will be set to 1 if the software set the SLV\_ABORT bit (SPI\_CNTRL2[9]).

##### ■ Receive FIFO time out interrupt

In FIFO mode, there is time out function to inform user. If there is a received data in the FIFO and it does not be read by software over 64 SPI peripheral clock periods in Master mode or over 576 SPI peripheral clock periods in Slave mode, it will send a time out interrupt to the system if the time out interrupt enable bit TIMEOUT\_INTEN (FIFO\_CTL[21]) is set to 1.

##### ■ Transmit FIFO interrupt

In FIFO mode, if the valid data count of the transmit FIFO buffer is less than or equal to the setting value of TX\_THRESHOLD, the transmit FIFO interrupt flag will be set to 1. The SPI controller will generate a transmit FIFO interrupt to the system if the transmit FIFO interrupt enable bit TX\_INTEN (SPI\_FIFO\_CTL[3]) is set to 1.

##### ■ Receive FIFO interrupt

In FIFO mode, if the valid data count of the receive FIFO buffer is larger than the setting value of RX\_THRESHOLD, the receive FIFO interrupt flag will be set to 1. The SPI controller will generate a receive FIFO interrupt to the system if the receive FIFO interrupt enable bit RX\_INTEN (SPI\_FIFO\_CTL[2]) is set to 1.

#### 6.14.6 Timing Diagram

The active state of slave select signal can be defined by setting the SS\_LVL bit (SPI\_SSR[2]) and SS\_LTRIG bit (SPI\_SSR[4]). The SPI clock idle state can be configured as high or low state by setting the CLKP bit (SPI\_CNTRL[11]). It also provides the bit length of a transaction word in TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]), and transmit/receive data from MSB or LSB first in LSB bit (SPI\_CNTRL[10]). User can also select which edge of SPI clock to transmit/receive data in TX\_NEG/RX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[2:1]). Four SPI timing diagrams for master/slave operations and the related settings are shown in Figure 6-121, Figure 6-122, Figure 6-123 and Figure 6-124.

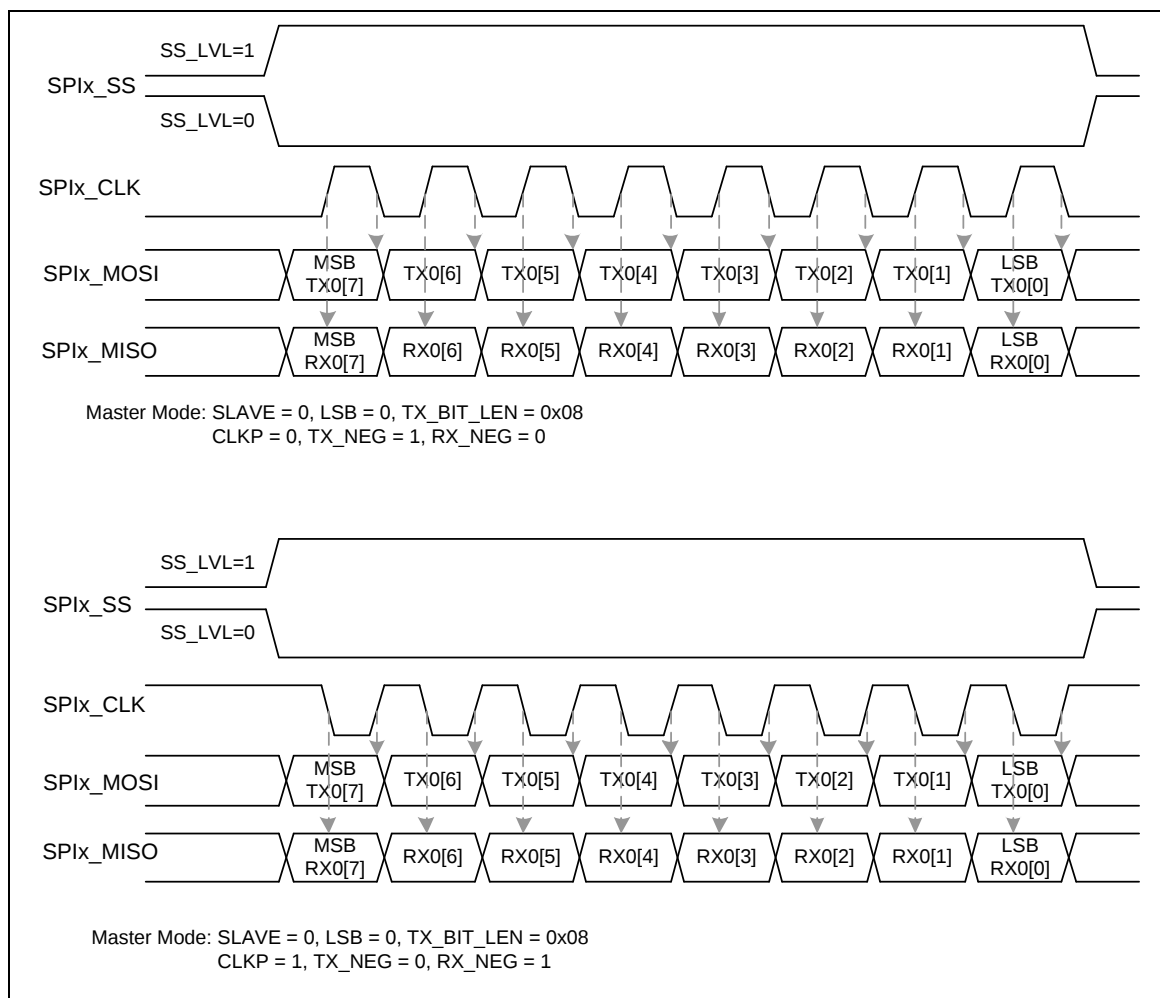


Figure 6-121 SPI Timing in Master Mode

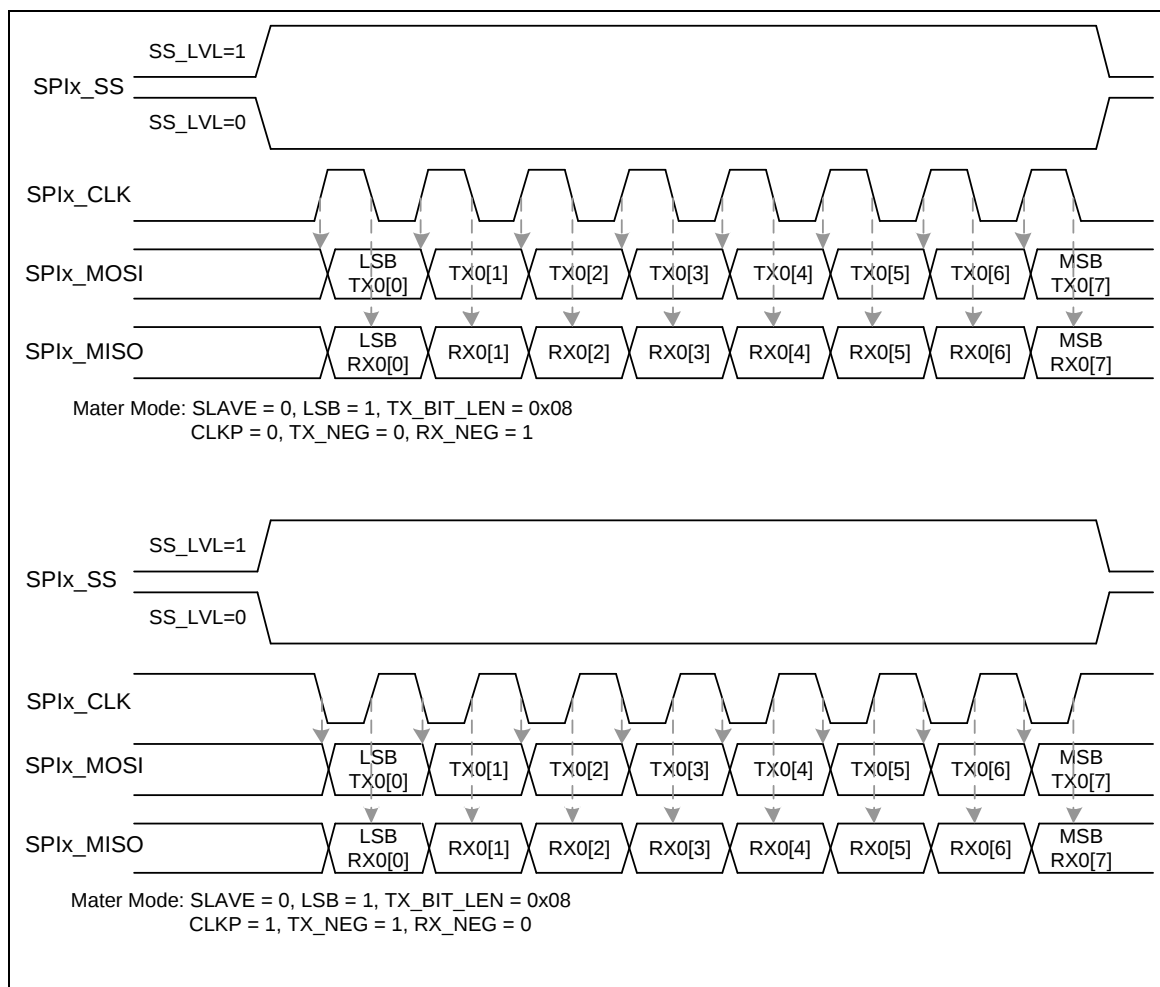


Figure 6-122 SPI Timing in Master Mode (Alternate Phase of SPI\_CLK)

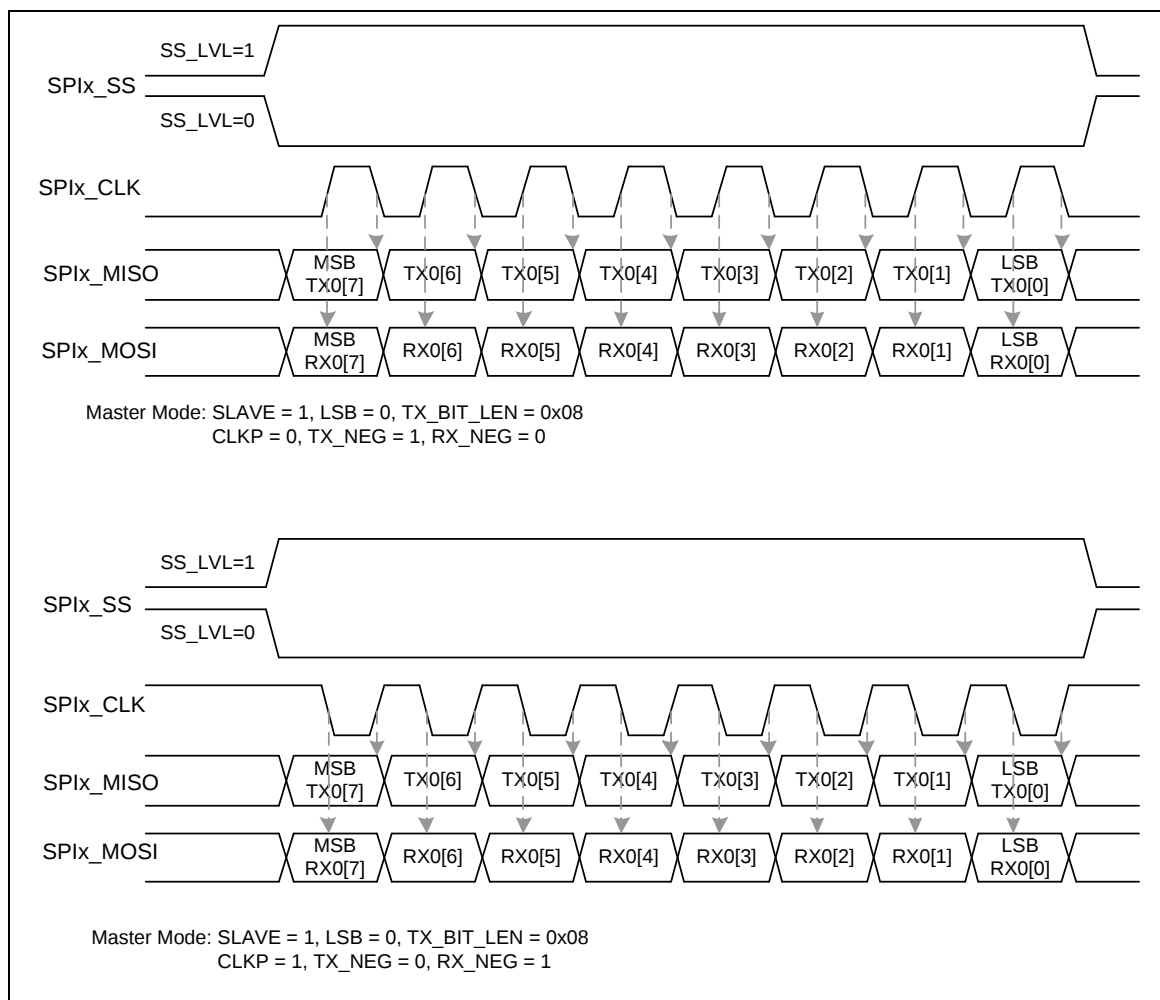


Figure 6-123 SPI Timing in Slave Mode

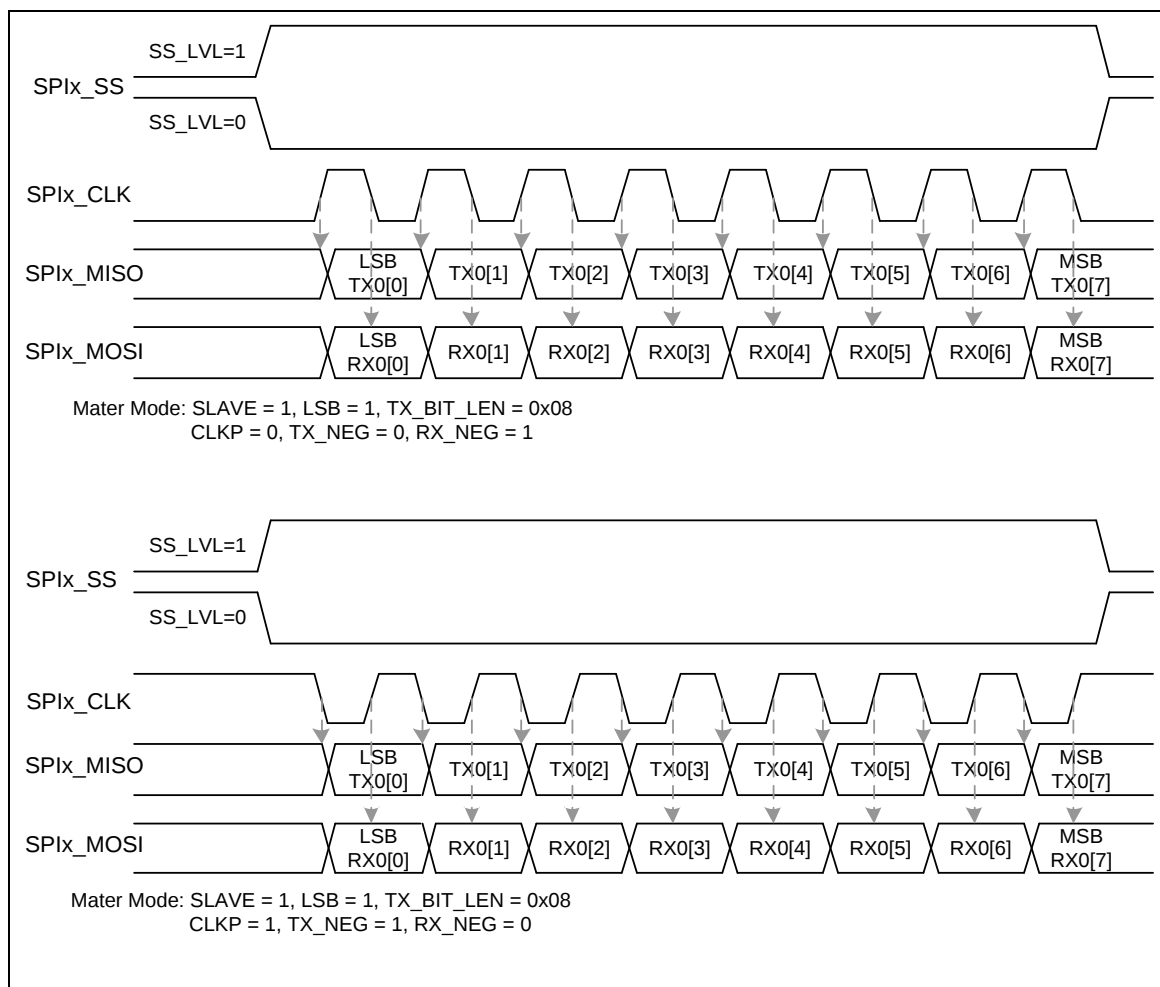


Figure 6-124 SPI Timing in Slave Mode (Alternate Phase of SPI bus clock)

### 6.14.7 Programming Examples

**Example 1:** The SPI controller is set as a master to access an off-chip slave device with the following specifications:

- Data bit is latched on positive-edge of SPI bus clock.
- Data bit is driven on negative-edge of SPI bus clock.
- Data is transferred from MSB first.
- SPI bus clock is low at idle state.
- Only one byte of data will be transmitted/received in a transaction.
- The slave select signal is active low.

The operation flow is as follows.

- 1) Set the DIVIDER (SPI\_DIVIDER[7:0]) register to determine the output frequency of SPI bus clock.
- 2) Write the related settings into the SPI\_CNTRL register to control this SPI Master actions

1. Set this SPI controller as Master device. SLAVE (SPI\_CNTRL[18]) = 0.
2. Set the SPI bus clock idle state as low-level. CLKP (SPI\_CNTRL[11]) = 0.
3. Transmit data on falling edge of SPI bus clock. TX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[2]) = 1.
4. Capture data on rising edge of SPI bus clock. RX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[1]) = 0.
5. Set the bit length of a transaction as 8 bits. TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3]) = 0x08.
6. Set transfer sequence as MSB first. LSB (SPI\_CNTRL[10]) = 0.
- 3) Write the SPI\_SSR register a proper value for the related settings of Master mode:
  1. Disable the automatic slave selection function. AUTOSS (SPI\_SSR[3]) to 0.
  2. Select low level trigger output of slave select signal. Set SS\_LVL (SPI\_SSR[2]) = 0 and SS\_LTRIG (SPI\_SSR[4]) = 1.
  3. Set SSR (SPI\_SSR[0]) to 1 to active the off-chip Slave device.
- 4) If this SPI Master attempts to transmit (write) one byte data to the off-chip Slave device, write the byte data that will be transmitted into the SPI\_TX register.
- 5) If this SPI Master just only attempts to receive (read) one byte data from the off-chip Slave device and does not care what data will be transmitted, software does not need to update the SPI\_TX register.
- 6) Set the GO\_BUSY (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) to 1 to start the data transfer on the SPI interface.
- 7) Waiting for SPI interrupt if the Unit Transfer Interrupt function is enabled or just polling the GO\_BUSY bit (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) till it is cleared to 0 by hardware automatically.
- 8) Read out the received one byte data from SPI\_RX[7:0].
- 9) Go to 4) to continue another data transfer or set SSR to 0 to inactivate the off-chip Slave device.

**Example 2:** The SPI controller is set as a Slave device and connects with an off-chip Master device. The off-chip Master device communicates with the on-chip SPI Slave controller through the SPI interface with the following specifications:

- Data bit is latched on positive-edge of SPI bus clock.
- Data bit is driven on negative-edge of SPI bus clock.
- Data is transferred from LSB first.
- SPI bus clock is high at idle state.
- Only one byte of data will be transmitted/received in a transaction.
- Slave select signal is high level trigger.

The operation flow is as follows.

- 1) Write the SPI\_SSR register a proper value for the related settings of Slave mode.  
Select high level and level trigger for the input of slave select signal by setting SS\_LVL (SPI\_SSR[2]) to 1 and setting SS\_LTRIG (SPI\_SSR[4]) to 1.
- 2) Write the related settings into the SPI\_CNTRL register to control this SPI Slave actions
  1. Set the SPI controller as Slave device. SLAVE (SPI\_CNTRL[18]) = 1.
  2. Select the SPI clock high at idle state. CLKP (SPI\_CNTRL[11]) = 1.

3. Transmit data at negative-edge of SPI bus clock. TX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[2])= 1.
4. Capture data at positive-edge of SPI bus clock. RX\_NEG (SPI\_CNTRL[1]) = 0.
5. Set the bit length of a transaction as 8-bit. TX\_BIT\_LEN (SPI\_CNTRL[7:3])= 0x08.
6. Set transfer sequence as LSB first. LSB (SPI\_CNTRL[10]) = 1.
- 3) If this SPI Slave attempts to transmit (be read) one byte data to the off-chip Master device, write the byte data that will be transmitted into the SPI\_TX register.
- 4) If this SPI Slave just only attempts to receive (be written) one byte data from the off-chip Master device and does not care what data will be transmitted, software does not need to update the SPI\_TX register.
- 5) Set GO\_BUSY (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) to 1 to wait for the slave select trigger input and SPI bus clock input from the off-chip Master device to start the data transfer with the SPI interface.
- 6) Waiting for SPI interrupt if the Unit Transfer Interrupt function is enabled, or just polling the GO\_BUSY bit (SPI\_CNTRL[0]) till it is cleared to 0 by hardware automatically.
- 7) Read out the received one byte data from SPI\_RX[7:0].
- 8) Go to 3) to continue another data transfer or clear GO\_BUSY bit to stop data transfer.

### 6.14.8 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                                                                                 | Offset       | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>SPI Base Address:</b><br><b>SPI0_BA = 0x4003_0000</b><br><b>SPI1_BA = 0x4003_4000</b><br><b>SPI2_BA = 0x4013_0000</b> |              |     |                               |             |
| <b>SPI_CNTRL</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                              | SPIx_BA+0x00 | R/W | Control and Status Register   | 0x0500_3004 |
| <b>SPI_DIVIDER</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                            | SPIx_BA+0x04 | R/W | Clock Divider Register        | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>SPI_SSR</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                                | SPIx_BA+0x08 | R/W | Slave Select Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>SPI_RX</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                                 | SPIx_BA+0x10 | R   | Data Receive Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>SPI_TX</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                                 | SPIx_BA+0x20 | W   | Data Transmit Register        | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>SPI_CNTRL2</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                             | SPIx_BA+0x3C | R/W | Control and Status Register 2 | 0x0000_1000 |
| <b>SPI_FIFO_CTL</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                           | SPIx_BA+0x40 | R/W | SPI FIFO Control Register     | 0x4400_0000 |
| <b>SPI_STATUS</b><br>x=0,1,2                                                                                             | SPIx_BA+0x44 | R/W | SPI Status Register           | 0x0500_0000 |

### 6.14.9 Register Description

#### SPI Control and Status Register (SPI\_CNTRL)

| Register  | Offset       | R/W | Description                 | Reset Value |
|-----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|
| SPI_CNTRL | SPIx_BA+0x00 | R/W | Control and Status Register | 0x0500_3004 |

| 31         | 30 | 29   | 28       | 27      | 26       | 25       | 24       |
|------------|----|------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| Reserved   |    |      |          | TX_FULL | TX_EMPTY | RX_FULL  | RX_EMPTY |
| 23         | 22 | 21   | 20       | 19      | 18       | 17       | 16       |
| Reserved   |    | FIFO | Reserved | REORDER | SLAVE    | IE       | IF       |
| 15         | 14 | 13   | 12       | 11      | 10       | 9        | 8        |
| SP_CYCLE   |    |      |          | CLKP    | LSB      | Reserved |          |
| 7          | 6  | 5    | 4        | 3       | 2        | 1        | 0        |
| TX_BIT_LEN |    |      |          |         | TX_NEG   | RX_NEG   | GO_BUSY  |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:28] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [27]    | <b>TX_FULL</b><br><b>Transmit FIFO Buffer Full Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_STATUS[27].<br>0 = Transmit FIFO buffer is not full.<br>1 = Transmit FIFO buffer is full.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [26]    | <b>TX_EMPTY</b><br><b>Transmit FIFO Buffer Empty Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_STAUTS[26].<br>0 = Transmit FIFO buffer is not empty.<br>1 = Transmit FIFO buffer is empty.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [25]    | <b>RX_FULL</b><br><b>Receive FIFO Buffer Full Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_STATUS[25].<br>0 = Receive FIOF buffer is not full.<br>1 = Receive FIFO buffer is full.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [24]    | <b>RX_EMPTY</b><br><b>Receive FIFO Buffer Empty Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_STATUS[24].<br>0 = Receive FIFO buffer is not empty.<br>1 = Receive FIFO buffer is empty.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [23:22] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [21]    | <b>FIFO</b><br><b>FIFO Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = FIFO mode Disabled.<br>1 = FIFO mode Enabled.<br><b>Note:</b><br>1. Before enabling FIFO mode, the other related settings should be set in advance.<br>2. In Master mode, if the FIFO mode is enabled, the GO_BUSY bit will be set to 1 automatically after writing data to the transmit FIFO buffer; the GO_BUSY bit will be |

|         |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         |            | cleared to 0 automatically when the SPI controller is in idle. If all data stored at transmit FIFO buffer are sent out, the TX_EMPTY bit will be set to 1 and the GO_BUSY bit will be cleared to 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [20]    | Reserved   | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [19]    | REORDER    | <b>Byte Reorder Function Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Byte reorder function Disabled.<br>1 = Byte reorder function Enabled. A byte suspend interval will be inserted among each byte. The period of the byte suspend interval depends on the setting of SP_CYCLE.<br><b>Note:</b><br>1. Byte reorder function is only available if TX_BIT_LEN is defined as 16, 24, and 32 bits.<br>2. In Slave mode with level-trigger configuration, the slave select pin must be kept at active state during the byte suspend interval.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [18]    | SLAVE      | <b>Slave Mode Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Master mode.<br>1 = Slave mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [17]    | IE         | <b>Unit Transfer Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SPI unit transfer interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = SPI unit transfer interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [16]    | IF         | <b>Unit Transfer Interrupt Flag</b><br>0 = No transaction has been finished since this bit was cleared to 0.<br>1 = SPI controller has finished one unit transfer.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit will be cleared by writing 1 to itself.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [15:12] | SP_CYCLE   | <b>Suspend Interval (Master Only)</b><br>The four bits provide configurable suspend interval between two successive transmit/receive transaction in a transfer. The definition of the suspend interval is the interval between the last clock edge of the preceding transaction word and the first clock edge of the following transaction word. The default value is 0x3. The period of the suspend interval is obtained according to the following equation.<br>$(SP\_CYCLE[3:0] + 0.5) \times \text{period of SPI clock cycle}$ Example:<br>SP_CYCLE = 0x0 .... 0.5 SPI clock cycle.<br>SP_CYCLE = 0x1 .... 1.5 SPI clock cycle.<br>.....<br>SP_CYCLE = 0xE .... 14.5 SPI clock cycle.<br>SP_CYCLE = 0xF .... 15.5 SPI clock cycle. |
| [11]    | CLKP       | <b>Clock Polarity</b><br>0 = SPI bus clock is idle low.<br>1 = SPI bus clock is idle high.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [10]    | LSB        | <b>Send LSB First</b><br>0 = The MSB, which bit of transmit/receive register depends on the setting of TX_BIT_LEN, is transmitted/received first.<br>1 = The LSB, bit 0 of the SPI TX register, is sent first to the SPI data output pin, and the first bit received from the SPI data input pin will be put in the LSB position of the RX register (bit 0 of SPI_RX).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [9:8]   | Reserved   | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [7:3]   | TX_BIT_LEN | <b>Transmit Bit Length</b><br>This field specifies how many bits can be transmitted / received in one transaction. The minimum bit length is 8 bits and can up to 32 bits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

|     |                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                | TX_BIT_LEN = 0x01~0x07 .... can't use.<br>TX_BIT_LEN = 0x08 .... 8 bits.<br>TX_BIT_LEN = 0x09 .... 9 bits.<br>.....<br>TX_BIT_LEN = 0x1F .... 31 bits.<br>TX_BIT_LEN = 0x00 .... 32 bits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [2] | <b>TX_NEG</b>  | <b>Transmit on Negative Edge</b><br>0 = Transmitted data output signal is changed on the rising-edge of SPI bus clock.<br>1 = Transmitted data output signal is changed on the falling-edge of SPI bus clock.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [1] | <b>RX_NEG</b>  | <b>Receive on Negative Edge</b><br>0 = Received data input signal is latched on the rising-edge of SPI bus clock.<br>1 = Received data input signal is latched on the falling-edge of SPI bus clock.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [0] | <b>GO_BUSY</b> | <b>SPI Transfer Control Bit and Busy Status</b><br>If FIFO mode is disabled, during the data transfer, this bit keeps the value of 1. As the transfer is finished, this bit will be cleared automatically. Software can read this bit to check if the SPI is in busy status.<br>In FIFO mode, this bit will be controlled by hardware. Software should not modify this bit.<br>In Slave mode, this bit always returns 1 when this register is read by software. In Master mode, this bit reflects the busy or idle status of SPI.<br>0 = Data transfer stopped.<br>1 = In Master mode, writing 1 to this bit to start the SPI data transfer; in Slave mode, writing 1 to this bit indicates that the slave is ready to communicate with a master.<br><b>Note:</b><br>When FIFO mode is disabled, all configurations should be set before writing 1 to this GO_BUSY bit. |

### SPI Clock Divider Register (SPI\_DIVIDER)

| Register    | Offset       | R/W | Description            | Reset Value |
|-------------|--------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|
| SPI_DIVIDER | SPIx_BA+0x04 | R/W | Clock Divider Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| DIVIDER  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [7:0]  | <b>Clock Divider 1 Register</b><br>The value in this field is the frequency divider for generating the SPI peripheral clock, $f_{spi\_clk}$ , and the SPI bus clock of SPI master. The frequency is obtained according to the following equation.<br>$f_{spi\_clk} = \frac{f_{spi\_clock\_src}}{(DIVIDER + 1) * 2}$ where<br>$f_{spi\_clock\_src}$ is the SPI peripheral clock source, which is defined in the CLKSEL1 register. |

**SPI Slave Select Register (SPI\_SSR)**

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| SPI_SSR  | SPIx_BA+0x08 | R/W | Slave Select Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |            |          |        |        |          |     |
|----------|----|------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-----|
| 31       | 30 | 29         | 28       | 27     | 26     | 25       | 24  |
| Reserved |    |            |          |        |        |          |     |
| 23       | 22 | 21         | 20       | 19     | 18     | 17       | 16  |
| Reserved |    |            |          |        |        |          |     |
| 15       | 14 | 13         | 12       | 11     | 10     | 9        | 8   |
| Reserved |    |            |          |        |        |          |     |
| 7        | 6  | 5          | 4        | 3      | 2      | 1        | 0   |
| Reserved |    | LTRIG_FLAG | SS_LTRIG | AUTOSS | SS_LVL | Reserved | SSR |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [5]    | LTRIG_FLAG  | <b>Level Trigger Accomplish Flag</b><br>In Slave mode, this bit indicates whether the received bit number meets the requirement or not after the current transaction done.<br>0 = Transferred bit length of one transaction does not meet the specified requirement.<br>1 = Transferred bit length meets the specified requirement which defined in TX_BIT_LEN.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is READ only. As the GO_BUSY bit is set to 1 by software, the LTRIG_FLAG will be cleared to 0 after 4 SPI peripheral clock periods plus 1 system clock period. In FIFO mode, this bit has no meaning. |
| [4]    | SS_LTRIG    | <b>Slave Select Level Trigger Enable Bit (Slave Only)</b><br>0 = Slave select signal is edge-trigger. This is the default value. The SS_LVL bit decides the signal is active after a falling-edge or rising-edge.<br>1 = Slave select signal is level-trigger. The SS_LVL bit decides the signal is active low or active high.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [3]    | AUTOSS      | <b>Automatic Slave Select Function Enable Bit (Master Only)</b><br>0 = If this bit is cleared, slave select signals will be asserted/de-asserted by setting /clearing the corresponding bits of SPI_SSR[0].<br>1 = If this bit is set, SPI_SS signals will be generated automatically by hardware. It means that device/slave select signal, which is set in SPI_SSR[0], will be asserted by the SPI controller when transmit/receive is started, and will be de-asserted after each transmit/receive is finished.                                                                             |
| [2]    | SS_LVL      | <b>Slave Select Active Level</b><br>This bit defines the active status of slave select signal (SPI_SS).<br>0 = The slave select signal SPI_SS is active on low-level/falling-edge.<br>1 = The slave select signal SPI_SS is active on high-level/rising-edge.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [1]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [0]    | SSR         | <b>Slave Select Control Bits (Master Only)</b><br>If AUTOSS bit is cleared<br>0 = Set the SPIx_SS pin to inactive state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

|  |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--|--|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  |  | <p>1 = Set the SPIx_SS pin to active state.</p> <p>If the AUTOSS bit is set</p> <p>0 = Keep the SPIx_SS pin to inactive state.</p> <p>1 = Select the SPIx_SS pin to be automatically driven to active state for the duration of data transfer, and will be driven to inactive state for the rest of the time. The active state of SPIx_SS is specified in SS_LVL.</p> |
|--|--|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### SPI Data Receive Register (SPI\_RX)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| SPI_RX   | SPIx_BA+0x10 | R   | Data Receive Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| RX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| RX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| RX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| RX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <b>Data Receive Register</b><br>The data receive register holds the datum received from SPI data input pin. If the FIFO mode is disabled, the software can access the last received data by reading this register. If the FIFO bit is set as 1 and the RX_EMPTY bit, SPI_CNTRL[24] or SPI_STATUS[24], is not set to 1, then the receive FIFO buffers can be accessed through software by reading this register. This is a read-only register. |

### SPI Data Transmit Register (SPI\_TX)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description            | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|
| SPI_TX   | SPIx_BA+0x20 | W   | Data Transmit Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| TX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| TX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| TX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| TX |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | <p><b>Data Transmit Register</b></p> <p>The Data Transmit Register holds the data to be transmitted in the next transfer. The number of valid bits depends on the setting of transmit bit length field TX_BIT_LEN in the SPI_CNTRL register.</p> <p>For example, if TX_BIT_LEN is set to 0x08, the bit field TX[7:0] will be transmitted in next transfer. If TX_BIT_LEN is set to 0x00, the SPI controller will perform a 32-bit transfer.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> When the SPI controller is configured as a slave device and FIFO mode is disabled, if the SPI controller attempts to transmit data to a master, the transmit data register should be updated by software before setting the GO_BUSY bit to 1.</p> |

## SPI Control and Status Register 2 (SPI\_CNTRL2)

| Register   | Offset       | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|------------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| SPI_CNTRL2 | SPiX_BA+0x3C | R/W | Control and Status Register 2 | 0x0000_1000 |

|          |    |    |    |                  |            |           |            |
|----------|----|----|----|------------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27               | 26         | 25        | 24         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |                  |            |           |            |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19               | 18         | 17        | 16         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |                  |            |           | SS_INT_OPT |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11               | 10         | 9         | 8          |
| Reserved |    |    |    | SLV_START_INTSTS | SSTA_INTEN | SLV_ABORT | NOSLVSEL   |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3                | 2          | 1         | 0          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |                  |            |           |            |

| Bits    | Description      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:17] | Reserved         | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [16]    | SS_INT_OPT       | <b>Slave Select Inactive Interrupt Option</b><br>This setting is only available if the SPI controller is configured as level trigger slave device.<br>0 = As the slave select signal goes to inactive level, the IF bit will NOT be set to 1.<br>1 = As the slave select signal goes to inactive level, the IF bit will be set to 1.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [15:12] | Reserved         | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [11]    | SLV_START_INTSTS | <b>Slave 3-wire Mode Start Interrupt Status</b><br>This bit indicates if a transaction has started in Slave 3-wire mode. It is a mutual mirror bit of SPI_STATUS[11].<br>0 = Slave has not detected any SPI clock transition since the SSTA_INTEN bit was set to 1.<br>1 = A transaction has started in Slave 3-wire mode. It will be cleared automatically when a transaction is done or by writing 1 to this bit.                                                                                        |
| [10]    | SSTA_INTEN       | <b>Slave 3-wire Mode Start Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>Used to enable interrupt when the transfer has started in Slave 3-wire mode. If there is no transfer done interrupt over the time period which is defined by user after the transfer start, the user can set the SLV_ABORT bit to force the transfer done.<br>0 = Transaction start interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Transaction start interrupt Enabled. It will be cleared to 0 as the current transfer is done or the SLV_START_INTSTS bit is cleared. |
| [9]     | SLV_ABORT        | <b>Slave 3-wire Mode Abort Control</b><br>In normal operation, there is an interrupt event when the received data meet the required bits which defined in TX_BIT_LEN.<br>If the received bits are less than the requirement and there is no more SPI clock input over one transaction time in Slave 3-wire mode, user can set this bit to force the current transfer done and then user can get a transfer done interrupt event.<br>0 = No effect.                                                         |

|       |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|       |          | <p>1 = Force the current transaction done.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit will be cleared to 0 automatically by hardware after it is set to 1 by software..</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [8]   | NOSLVSEL | <p><b>Slave 3-wire Mode Enable Bit</b></p> <p>In Slave 3-wire mode, the SPI controller can work with 3-wire interface including SPI_CLK, SPI_MISO, and SPI_MOSI.</p> <p>0 = 4-wire bi-direction interface in Slave mode.</p> <p>1 = 3-wire bi-direction interface in Slave mode. The controller will be ready to transmit/receive data after the GO_BUSY bit is set to 1.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> In Slave 3-wire mode, the SS_LTRIG (SPI_SSR[4]) will be set as 1 automatically.</p> |
| [7:0] | Reserved | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

### SPI FIFO Control Register (SPI\_FIFO\_CTL)

| Register     | Offset       | R/W | Description               | Reset Value |
|--------------|--------------|-----|---------------------------|-------------|
| SPI_FIFO_CTL | SPIx_BA+0x40 | R/W | SPI FIFO Control Register | 0x4400_0000 |

| 31       | 30             | 29                | 28       | 27       | 26           | 25     | 24     |
|----------|----------------|-------------------|----------|----------|--------------|--------|--------|
| Reserved | TX_THRESHOLD   |                   |          | Reserved | RX_THRESHOLD |        |        |
| 23       | 22             | 21                | 20       | 19       | 18           | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |                | TIMEOUT_IN<br>TEN | Reserved |          |              |        |        |
| 15       | 14             | 13                | 12       | 11       | 10           | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |                |                   |          |          |              |        |        |
| 7        | 6              | 5                 | 4        | 3        | 2            | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved | RXOV_INTE<br>N | Reserved          |          | TX_INTEN | RX_INTEN     | TX_CLR | RX_CLR |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [30:28] | <b>TX_THRESHOLD</b><br>Transmit FIFO Threshold<br>If the valid data count of the transmit FIFO buffer is less than or equal to the TX_THRESHOLD setting, the TX_INTSTS bit will be set to 1, else the TX_INTSTS bit will be cleared to 0. |
| [27]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [26:24] | <b>RX_THRESHOLD</b><br>Receive FIFO Threshold<br>If the valid data count of the receive FIFO buffer is larger than the RX_THRESHOLD setting, the RX_INTSTS bit will be set to 1, else the RX_INTSTS bit will be cleared to 0.             |
| [23:22] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [21]    | <b>TIMEOUT_INTEN</b><br>Receive FIFO Time-out Interrupt Enable Bit<br>0 = Time-out interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Time-out interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                 |
| [20:7]  | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [6]     | <b>RXOV_INTEN</b><br>Receive FIFO Overrun Interrupt Enable Bit<br>0 = Receive FIFO overrun interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = Receive FIFO overrun interrupt Enabled.                                                                             |
| [5:4]   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [3]     | <b>TX_INTEN</b><br>Transmit Threshold Interrupt Enable Bit<br>0 = TX threshold interrupt Disabled.<br>1 = TX threshold interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                 |
| [2]     | <b>RX_INTEN</b><br>Receive Threshold Interrupt Enable Bit<br>0 = RX threshold interrupt Disabled.                                                                                                                                         |

|     |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |        | 1 = RX threshold interrupt Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [1] | TX_CLR | <b>Clear Transmit FIFO Buffer</b><br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = Clear transmit FIFO buffer. The TX_FULL flag will be cleared to 0 and the TX_EMPTY flag will be set to 1. This bit will be cleared to 0 by hardware after it is set to 1 by software. |
| [0] | RX_CLR | <b>Clear Receive FIFO Buffer</b><br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = Clear receive FIFO buffer. The RX_FULL flag will be cleared to 0 and the RX_EMPTY flag will be set to 1. This bit will be cleared to 0 by hardware after it is set to 1 by software.   |

### SPI Status Register (SPI\_STATUS)

| Register   | Offset       | R/W | Description         | Reset Value |
|------------|--------------|-----|---------------------|-------------|
| SPI_STATUS | SPIx_BA+0x44 | R/W | SPI Status Register | 0x0500_0000 |

| 31            | 30 | 29 | 28        | 27               | 26         | 25       | 24        |
|---------------|----|----|-----------|------------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| TX_FIFO_COUNT |    |    |           | TX_FULL          | TX_EMPTY   | RX_FULL  | RX_EMPTY  |
| 23            | 22 | 21 | 20        | 19               | 18         | 17       | 16        |
| Reserved      |    |    | TIMEOUT   | Reserved         |            |          | IF        |
| 15            | 14 | 13 | 12        | 11               | 10         | 9        | 8         |
| RX_FIFO_COUNT |    |    |           | SLV_START_INTSTS | Reserved   |          |           |
| 7             | 6  | 5  | 4         | 3                | 2          | 1        | 0         |
| Reserved      |    |    | TX_INTSTS | Reserved         | RX_OVERRUN | Reserved | RX_INTSTS |

| Bits    | Description   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:28] | TX_FIFO_COUNT | <b>Transmit FIFO Data Count (Read Only)</b><br>This bit field indicates the valid data count of transmit FIFO buffer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| [27]    | TX_FULL       | <b>Transmit FIFO Buffer Full Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_CNTRL[27].<br>0 = Transmit FIFO buffer is not full.<br>1 = Transmit FIFO buffer is full.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [26]    | TX_EMPTY      | <b>Transmit FIFO Buffer Empty Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_CNTRL[26].<br>0 = Transmit FIFO buffer is not empty.<br>1 = Transmit FIFO buffer is empty.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [25]    | RX_FULL       | <b>Receive FIFO Buffer Empty Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_CNTRL[25].<br>0 = Receive FIFO buffer is not empty.<br>1 = Receive FIFO buffer is empty.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [24]    | RX_EMPTY      | <b>Receive FIFO Buffer Empty Indicator (Read Only)</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_CNTRL[24].<br>0 = Receive FIFO buffer is not empty.<br>1 = Receive FIFO buffer is empty.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [23:21] | Reserved      | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [20]    | TIMEOUT       | <b>Time-out Interrupt Flag</b><br>0 = No receive FIFO time-out event.<br>1 = Receive FIFO buffer is not empty and no read operation on receive FIFO buffer over 64 SPI clock period in Master mode or over 576 SPI peripheral clock period in Slave mode. When the received FIFO buffer is read by software, the time-out status will be cleared automatically. |

|         |                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         |                         | <b>Note:</b> This bit will be cleared by writing 1 to itself.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [19:17] | <b>Reserved</b>         | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [16]    | <b>IF</b>               | <b>SPI Unit Transfer Interrupt Flag</b><br>A mutual mirror bit of SPI_CNTRL[16].<br>0 = No transaction has been finished since this bit was cleared to 0.<br>1 = SPI controller has finished one unit transfer.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit will be cleared by writing 1 to itself.                                                                                                                                         |
| [15:12] | <b>RX_FIFO_COUNT</b>    | <b>Receive FIFO Data Count (Read Only)</b><br>This bit field indicates the valid data count of receive FIFO buffer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [11]    | <b>SLV_START_INTSTS</b> | <b>Slave Start Interrupt Status</b><br>It is used to dedicate if a transaction has started in Slave 3-wire mode. It is a mutual mirror bit of SPI_CNTRL2[11].<br>0 = Slave has not detected any SPI clock transition since the SSTA_INTEN bit was set to 1. The transfer is not started.<br>1 = A transaction has started in Slave 3-wire mode. It will be cleared as a transaction is done or by writing 1 to this bit. |
| [10:5]  | <b>Reserved</b>         | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [4]     | <b>TX_INTSTS</b>        | <b>Transmit FIFO Threshold Interrupt Status (Read Only)</b><br>0 = The valid data count within the transmit FIFO buffer is larger than the setting value of TX_THRESHOLD.<br>1 = The valid data count within the transmit FIFO buffer is less than or equal to the setting value of TX_THRESHOLD.                                                                                                                        |
| [3]     | <b>Reserved</b>         | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [2]     | <b>RX_OVERRUN</b>       | <b>Receive FIFO Overrun Status</b><br>When the receive FIFO buffer is full, the follow-up data will be dropped and this bit will be set to 1.<br>0 = Receive FIFO does not overrun.<br>1 = Receive FIFO overruns.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit will be cleared by writing 1 to itself.                                                                                                                                       |
| [1]     | <b>Reserved</b>         | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| [0]     | <b>RX_INTSTS</b>        | <b>Receive FIFO Threshold Interrupt Status (Read Only)</b><br>0 = The valid data count within the receive FIFO buffer is less than or equal to the setting value of RX_THRESHOLD.<br>1 = The valid data count within the receive FIFO buffer is larger than the setting value of RX_THRESHOLD.                                                                                                                           |

## 6.15 Hardware Divider (HDIV)

### 6.15.1 Overview

The hardware divider is useful to the high performance application. The hardware divider is a signed, integer divider with quotient and remainder outputs.

### 6.15.2 Features

- Supports Signed (two's complement) integer calculation.
- Supports 32-bit dividend with 16-bit divisor calculation capacity.
- Supports 32-bit quotient and 16-bit remainder outputs.
- Supports divided by 0 warning flag.
- 7 HCLK clocks taken for one cycle calculation.
- Software triggered with finish flag.

### 6.15.3 Functional Description

Figure 6-125 shows the HDIV clock source control.

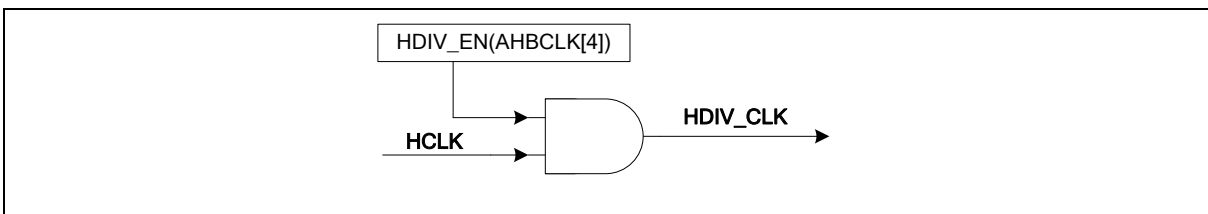


Figure 6-125 HDIV Clock Source Control

To use hardware divider, it needs to set dividend first. Then set divisor and the hardware divider will trigger calculation automatically after divisor written. The calculation results including the quotient and remainder could be got by reading DIVQUO and DIVREM register. If CPU reads DIVQUO or DIVREM before hardware divider calculation finishing, CPU will be held until hardware divider finishing the calculation. Therefore, CPU can always get valid results after trigger one hardware divider calculation without software delay.

DIV0 (DIVSTS[0]) flag of will be set if divisor is 0.

The dividend is 32-bit signed integer and divisor is 16-bit signed integer. The quotient is 32-bit signed integer and the remainder is 16-bit signed integer.

Figure 6-126 shows the operation flow of hardware divider. To calculation  $X / Y$ , CPU needs to write  $X$  to DIVIDEND register, and then write  $Y$  to DIVISOR. CPU can read DIVQUO and DIVREM registers to get calculation results after DIVISOR been written.

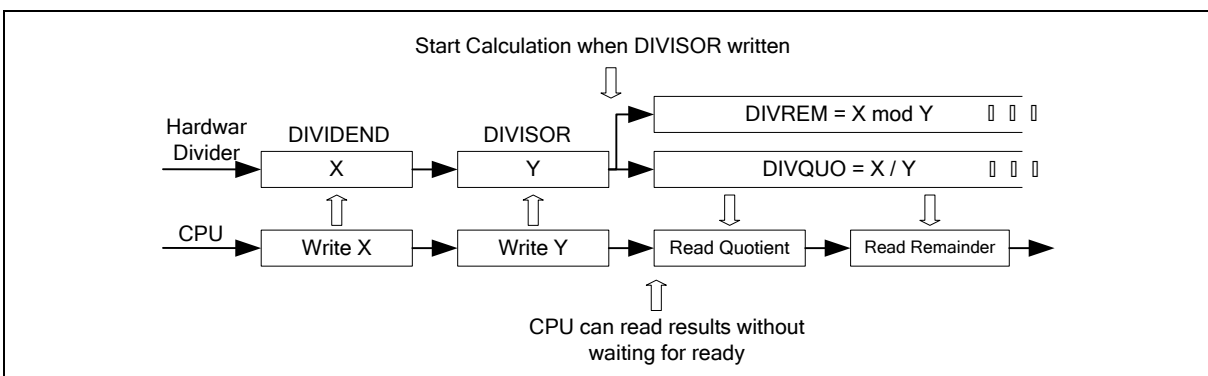


Figure 6-126 Hardware Divider Operation Flow

#### 6.15.4 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write

| Register                                                  | Offset       | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>HDIV Base Address:</b><br><b>HDIV_BA = 0x5001_4000</b> |              |     |                                          |             |
| <b>DIVIDEND</b>                                           | HDIV_BA+0x04 | R/W | Dividend Source Register (Signed 32-bit) | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>DIVISOR</b>                                            | HDIV_BA+0x08 | R/W | Divisor Source Register (Signed 16-bit)  | 0x0000_FFFF |
| <b>DIVQUO</b>                                             | HDIV_BA+0x0C | R   | Quotient Result Register (Signed 32-bit) | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>DIVREM</b>                                             | HDIV_BA+0x10 | R   | Reminder Result Register (Signed 16-bit) | 0x0000_0000 |
| <b>DIVSTS</b>                                             | HDIV_BA+0x14 | R/W | Divider Status Register                  | 0x0000_0001 |

### 6.15.5 Register Description

#### Divider Dividend Source Register (DIVIDEND)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| DIVIDEND | HDIV_BA+0x04 | R/W | Dividend Source Register (Signed 32-bit) | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Dividend |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Dividend |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Dividend |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Dividend |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                     |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | Dividend    | <b>Dividend Source</b><br>This register is given the dividend (signed 32-bit) of divider before calculation starts. |

### Divider Divisor Source Register (DIVISOR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                             | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------------|-------------|
| DIVISOR  | HDIV_BA+0x08 | R/W | Divisor Source Register (Signed 16-bit) | 0x0000_FFFF |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Divisor  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Divisor  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                              |
| [15:0]  | <b>Divisor Source</b><br>This register is given the divisor of divider before calculation starts.<br><b>Note:</b> When this register is written, hardware divider will start calculation. |

**Divider Quotient Result Register (DIVQUO)**

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| DIVQUO   | HDIV_BA+0x0C | R   | Quotient Result Register (Signed 32-bit) | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Quotient |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Quotient |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Quotient |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Quotient |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                           |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:0] | Quotient    | <b>Quotient Result</b><br>This register holds the quotient (signed 32-bit) result of divider after calculation completed. |

### Divider Reminder Result Register (DIVREM)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                              | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| DIVREM   | HDIV_BA+0x10 | R   | Reminder Result Register (Signed 16-bit) | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reminder |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| Reminder |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                 |
| [15:0]  | Reminder    | <b>Reminder Result</b><br>This register holds the reminder (signed 16-bit) result of divider after calculation completed. |

### Divider Status Register (DIVSTS)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description             | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|
| DIVSTS   | HDIV_BA+0x14 | R/W | Divider Status Register | 0x0000_0001 |

|          |    |    |    |    |       |      |            |
|----------|----|----|----|----|-------|------|------------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26    | 25   | 24         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |       |      |            |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18    | 17   | 16         |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |       |      |            |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10    | 9    | 8          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |       |      |            |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2     | 1    | 0          |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    | DIVFF | DIV0 | DIV_FINISH |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:3] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                         |
| [2]    | DIVFF       | <b>Divider Operation Finish Flag</b><br>When divider calculation has finished, this bit is set to 1. This bit is cleared to 0 by writing 1 to it through software |
| [1]    | DIV0        | <b>Divisor Zero Warning</b><br>0 = The divisor is not 0.<br>1 = The divisor is 0.<br>This register is read only.                                                  |
| [0]    | DIV_FINISH  | <b>Divider Operation Finished</b><br>0 = The divider calculation not finished yet.<br>1 = The divider calculation finished.<br>This register is read only.        |

## 6.16 Enhanced Analog-to-Digital Converter (EADC)

### 6.16.1 Overview

The NuMicro® M0519 Series contains two 12-bit successive approximation analog-to-digital converters (SAR A/D converter) with 16 input channels. The two A/D converters ADCA and ADCB can be sampled with Simultaneous or Single Sampling mode. The A/D converters can be started by software, PWM triggers, timer0~3 overflow pulse triggers, ADINT0, ADINT1 interrupt EOC pulse trigger and external STADC pin input signal.

**Note:** The analog input port pins must be configured as input type before the EADC function is enabled.

### 6.16.2 Features

- Analog input voltage range:  $0 \sim V_{REF}$  (Max to 5.0V).
- 12-bit resolution and 10-bit accuracy is guaranteed.
- Up to 16 single-end analog input channels.
- Two SAR ADC converters.
- Four EADC interrupts with individual interrupt vector addresses.
- Maximum EADC clock frequency: 16MHz.
- Up to 1.6M SPS conversion rate, each of ADC converter conversion time less than 1.25μs.
- Two operating modes
  - Single sampling mode: two ADC converters run at normal operation.
  - Simultaneous sampling mode: Allow two ADC converters can be sampled simultaneously.
- An A/D conversion can be started by:
  - Writing 1 to ADST(ADSSTR[n]) bit ( n = 0~15) through software
  - External pin STADC
  - Timer0~3 overflow pulse triggers
  - ADINT0, ADINT1 interrupt EOC pulse triggers
  - PWM triggers
- Conversion results are held in 16 data registers with valid and overrun indicators.
- SAMPLEA0~7 ADC control logic modules, each of them is configurable for ADCA converter channel AINA0~7 and trigger source.
- SAMPLEB0~7 ADC control logic modules, each of them is configurable for ADCB converter channel AINB0~7 and trigger source.
- Channel AINA0 supports 2 input sources: external analog voltage and internal OP0 Amplifier output voltage.
- Channel AINB0 supports 2 input sources: external analog voltage and internal OP1 Amplifier output voltage.
- Channel AINA7 supports 4 input sources: external analog voltage, internal fixed band-gap voltage, internal temperature sensor output, and analog ground.

### 6.16.3 Block Diagram

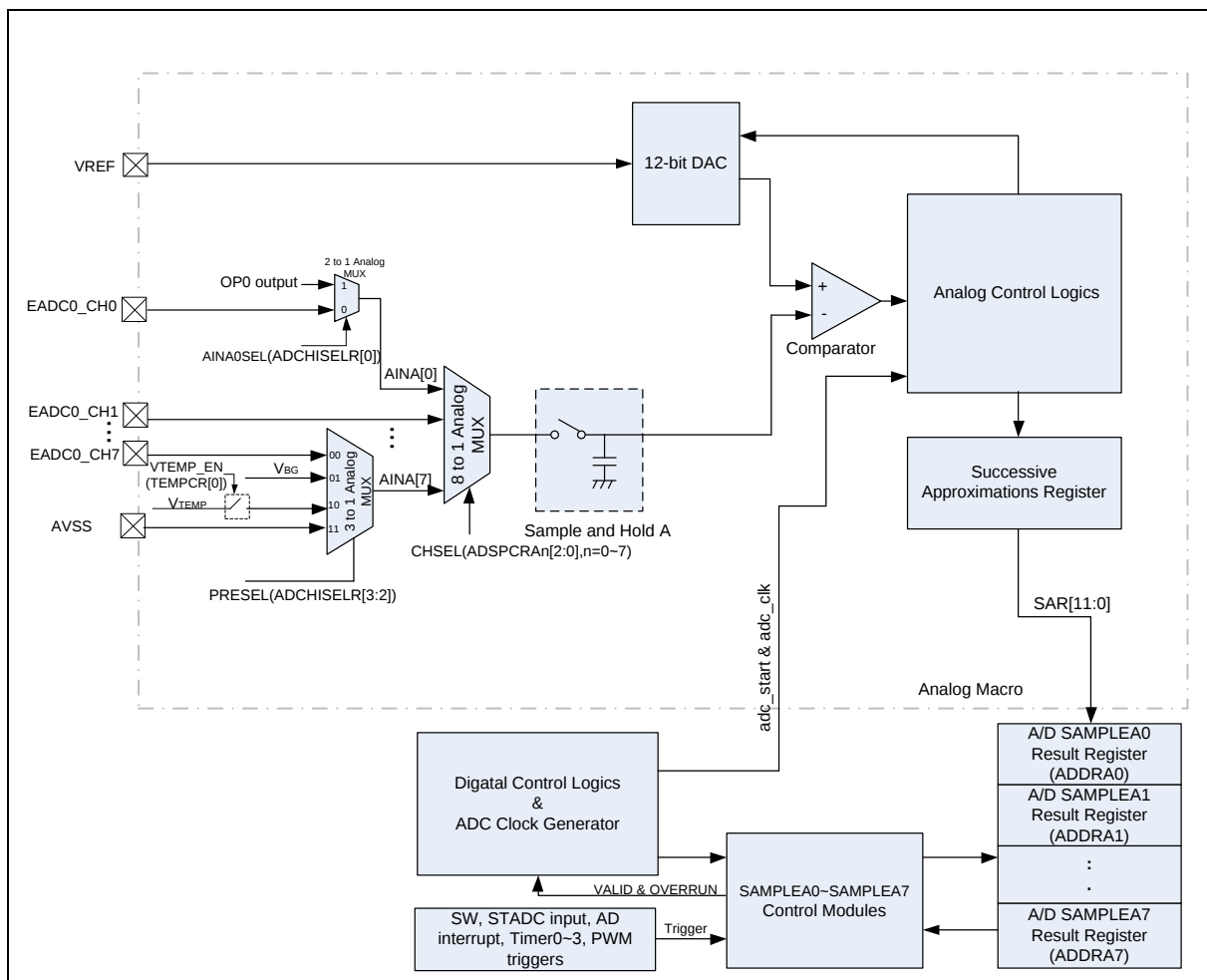


Figure 6-127 ADCA Converter Block Diagram

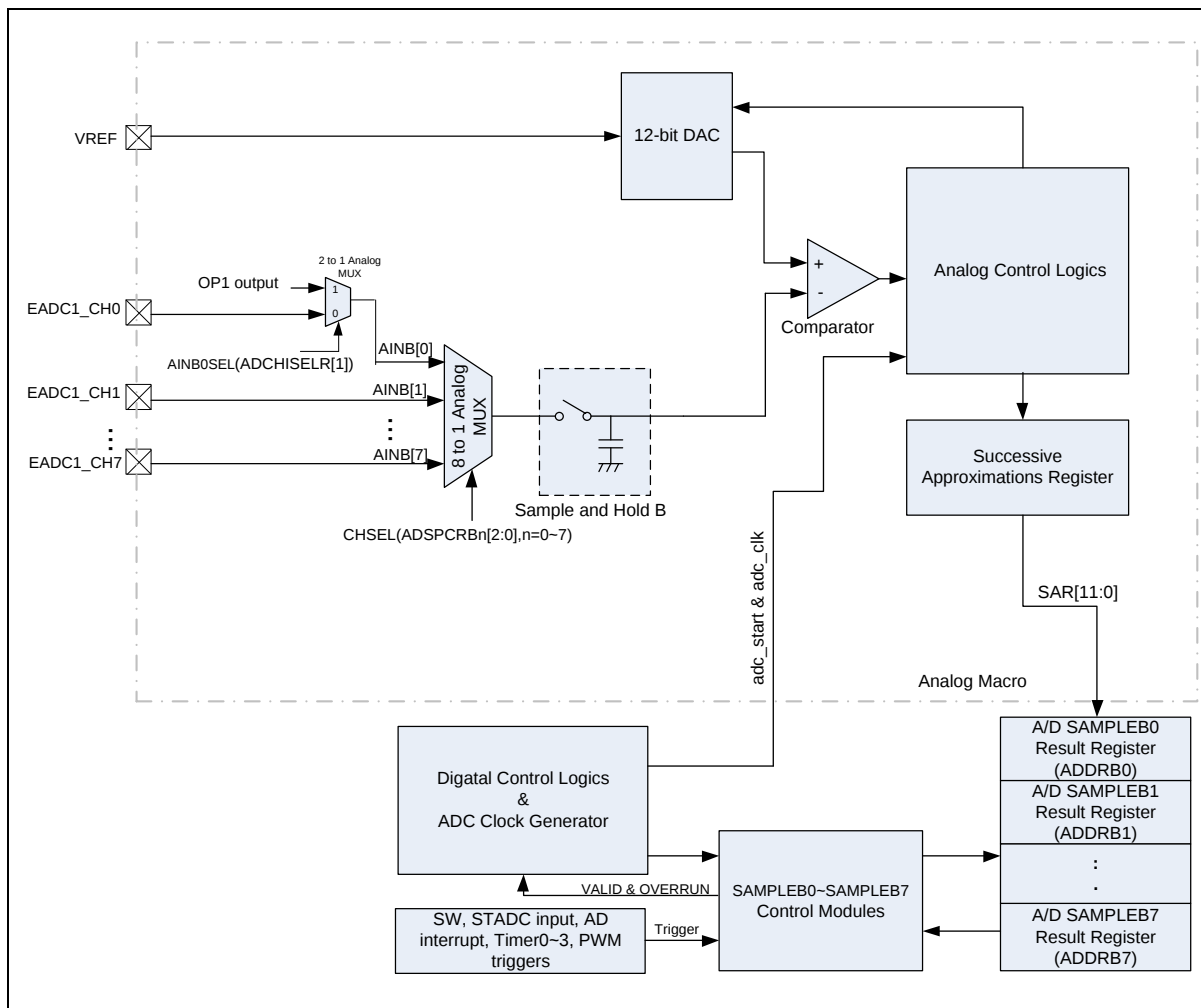


Figure 6-128 ADCB Converter Block Diagram

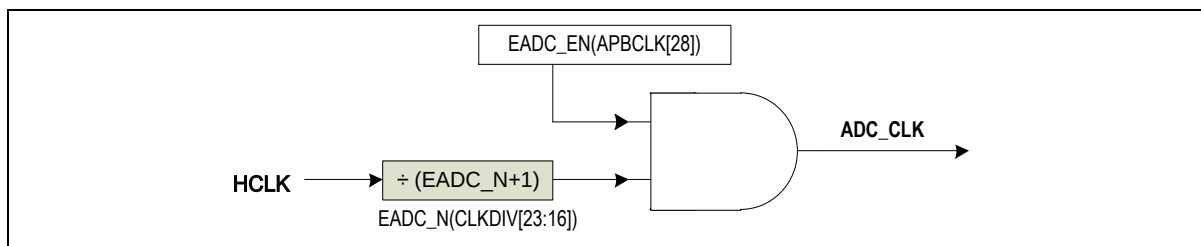


Figure 6-129 ADC Clock Control

### 6.16.4 Operation Procedure

There are two ADC converters, and each ADC converter consists of an eight-channel input select function and eight SAMPLE control modules, the A/D converter operates by successive approximation with 12-bit resolution.

The A/D operation is based on SAMPLEA0~7(ADCA converter) and SAMPLEB0~7(ADCB converter) control logic modules, and each of them has its configuration to decide which trigger source to start the conversion and which channel to convert. Different SAMPLE modules can be configured for the same channel, trigger source. It provides user a flexible means to get the over-sampling results.

The ADC conversion trigger sources are listed below:

- Writing 1 to ADST(ADSSTR[n]) bit ( n = 0~15) by software
- External pin STADC
- Timer0~3 overflow pulse triggers
- ADINT0, ADINT1 ADC interrupt EOC pulse triggers
- PWM triggers

The ADINT0, ADINT1 interrupt pulses are generated whenever the specific SAMPLE A/D EOC (End of conversion) pulse is generated. The ADINT0, 1 interrupt pulse triggers can be fed back to trigger another A/D conversion, and is useful if a continuous scan conversion is needed.

#### 6.16.4.1 ADC Clock Generator

The maximum sampling rate is up to 800 kHz and the conversion time is less than 1.25μs. It needs 20 EADC clocks to complete an A/D conversion. The EADC engine clock source is from HCLK clock, the EADC clock frequency is divided by an 8-bit pre-scalar with the formula:

The EADC clock frequency = (HCLK) / (EADC\_N + 1).

Where the 8-bit EADC\_N is located in register CLKDIV[23:16].

In generally, software can set EADC\_N to get 16 MHz or slightly less.

#### 6.16.4.2 ADC Single Sampling Mode

When an ADC conversion is performed on the SAMPLEx specified single channel, the operations are as follows:

- A/D conversion is started when the ADST(ADSSTR[n]) bit in ADSSTR is set to 1 by software or other trigger inputs.
- When A/D conversion is finished, the 12-bit result is stored in the EADC data register ADDR<sub>x</sub> corresponding to the SAMPLE<sub>x</sub>.
- On completion of conversion, the ADF<sub>n</sub> bit in ADSR is set to 1 and EADC interrupt (ADINT<sub>n</sub>) is requested if the ADI<sub>En</sub> bit is set to 1.
- The ADST(ADSSTR[n]) bit remains 1 during A/D conversion. When A/D conversion ends, the ADST(ADSSTR[n]) bit is automatically cleared to 0 and the A/D converter will do another pending conversion.

**Note:** If software or other trigger enables more than one channel in single or simultaneous sampling mode, the SAMPLE specified channel with highest priority is converted and other enabled channels will be pended.

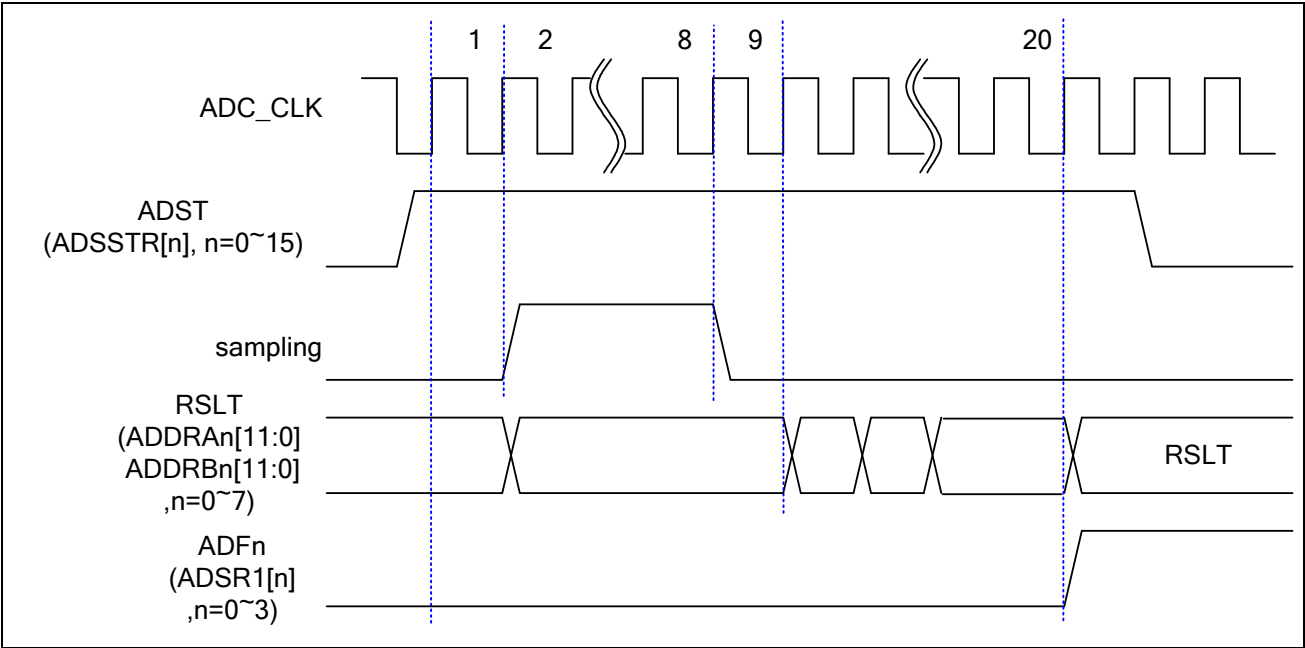


Figure 6-130 Single Sampling Mode Conversion Timing Diagram

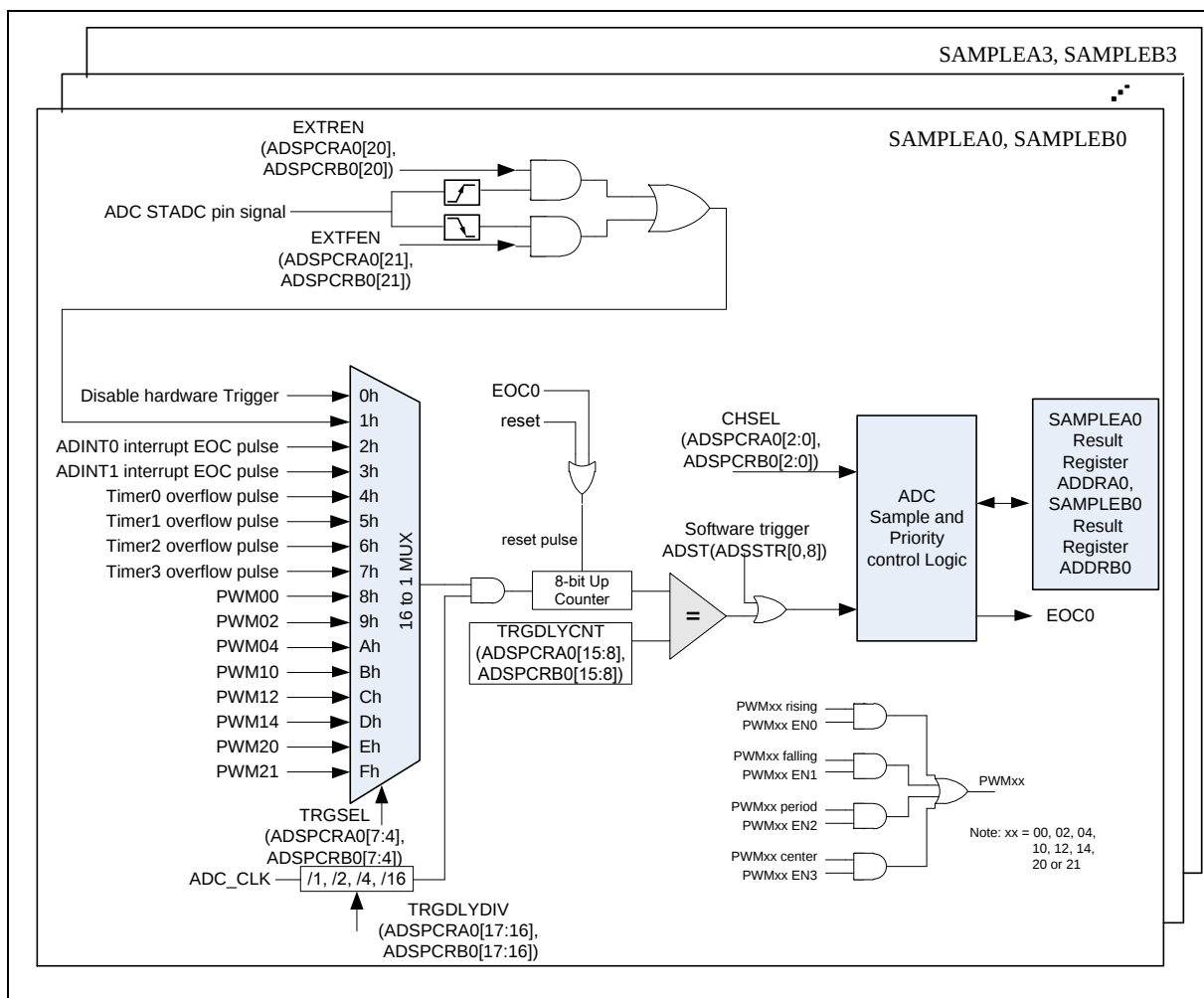


Figure 6-131 SAMPLEA0~3 and SAMPLEB0~3 Control Block Diagram

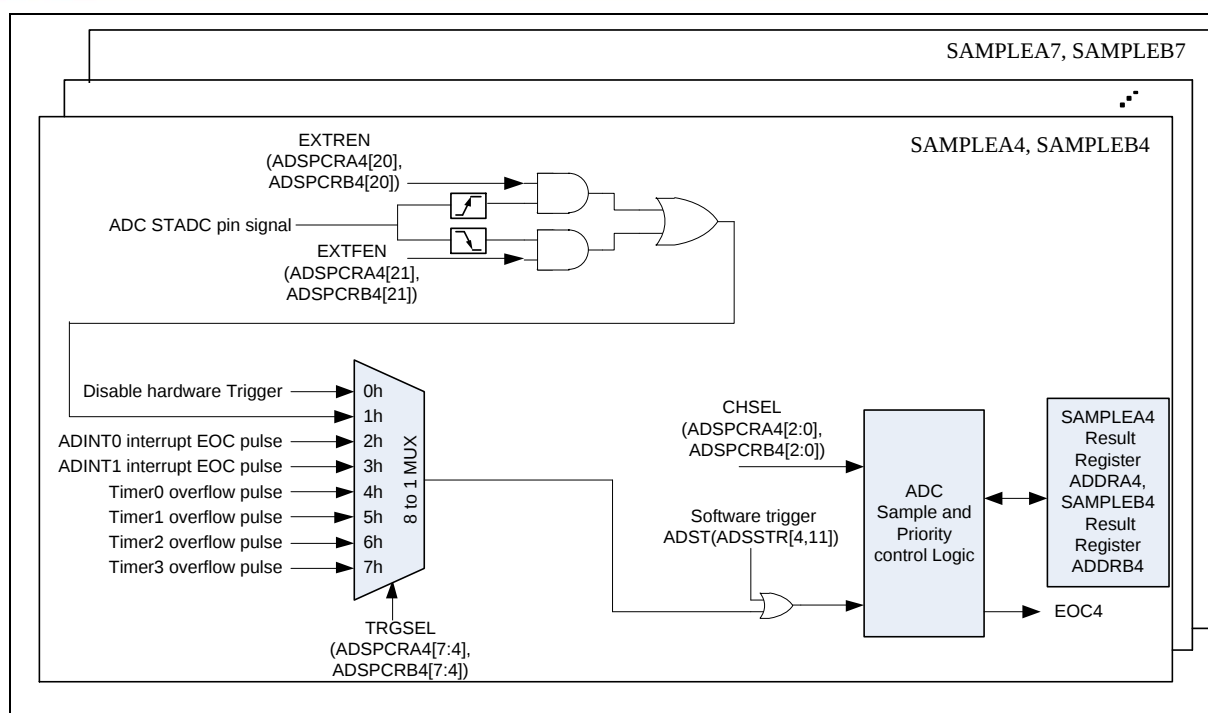


Figure 6-132 SAMPLEA4~7 and SAMPLEB4~7 Control Block Diagram

#### 6.16.4.3 ADC Simultaneous Sampling Mode

The NuMicro® M0519 has two ADCs that allow two different ADC channels to be simultaneously sampled. The priority rules are same as the single sampling mode.

The same numbered of SAMPLEA and the SAMPLEB are coupled together. For example, SAMPLEA0 and SAMPLEB0 are coupled when simultaneous sampling mode enable bit SIMUSEL0(ADSMSELR[0] bit = 1.

The ADC simultaneous sampling mode conversion operations are described below:

1. Only SAMPLEA trigger can start a pair of conversions.
2. SAMPLEA assign an A-channel and SAMPLEB also assign a B-channel in simultaneous sampling mode. The SAMPLEB specified trigger will be ignored.
3. The A-channel conversion result is stored in specific SAMPLEA ADDRA register, and the conversion result of the B-channel is placed in the same numbered SAMPLEB ADDR B register.

For example:

If SIMUSEL2(ADSMSELR[2]) bit = 1 and SAMPLEA2 is configured to sample EADC0\_CH4 (CHSEL(ADSPCRA2[2:0]) = 4), it defines the SAMPLEA2 and same numbered SAMPLEB2 are coupled at simultaneous sampling conversion mode, if SAMPLEB2 is configured to sample EADC1\_CH3 (CHSEL(ADSPCRB2[2:0]) = 3), the pair of ADC conversion channels are EADC0\_CH4 and EADC1\_CH3.

After a channel pair (AINA[4], AINB[3]) of ADC conversion completes, the results of those two ADC conversions will be placed in registers ADDRA2 and ADDR B2.

#### 6.16.4.4 ADC Conversion Priority

There are two priority groups of converter for determining the conversion order when multiple SAMPLE trigger flags are set at the same time. SAMPLEA0~7 priority group is for ADCA converter, and SAMPLEB0~7 priority group is for ADCB converter.

The SAMPLE with lower number has higher priority than the higher number SAMPLE, if two

SAMPLEs are triggered at the same time; the SAMPLE with lower number will start to convert ADC first.

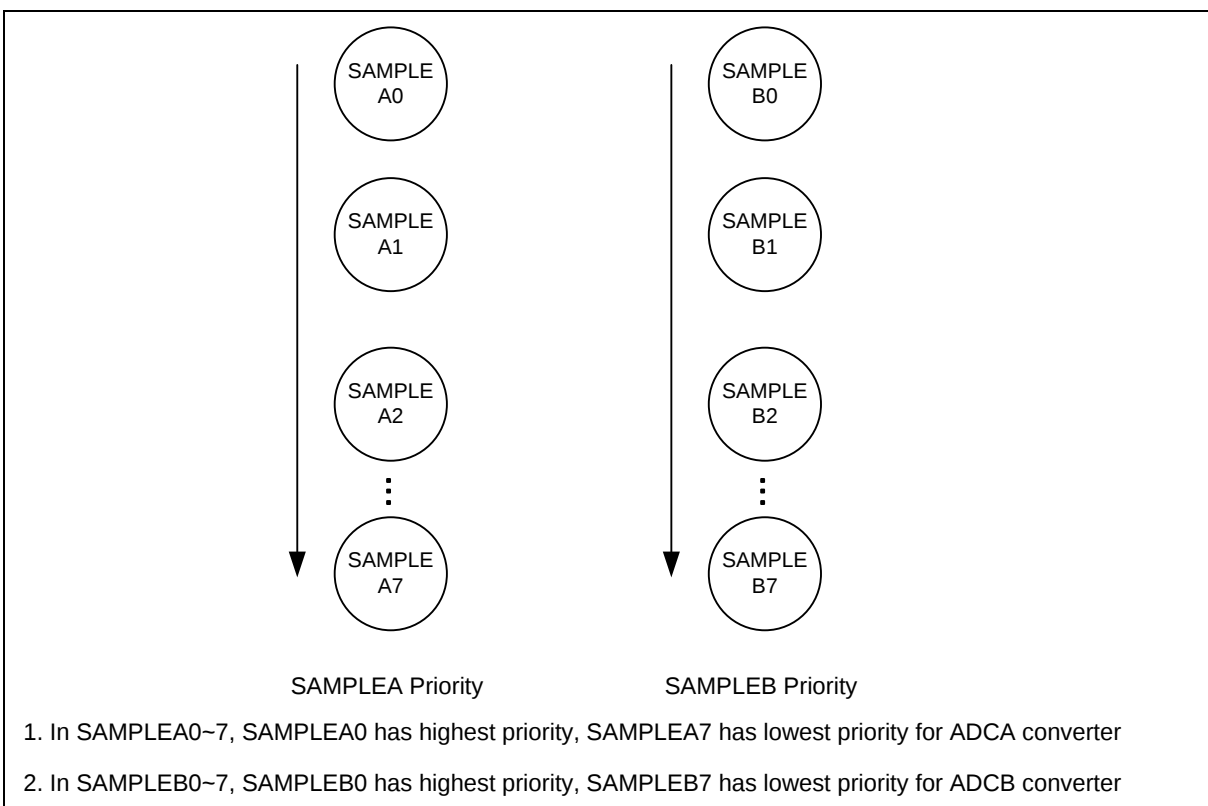


Figure 6-133 SAMPLE Conversion Priority Arbitrator Diagram

#### 6.16.4.5 Internal Reference Voltage

The band-gap voltage reference ( $V_{BG}$ ) is an internal fixed reference voltage regardless of power supply variations. The  $V_{BG}$  output is internally connected to ADC channel 7 source multiplexer and Analog Comparators's (ACMP) negative input side.

For battery power detection application, user can use the  $V_{BG}$  as ADC input channel such that user can convert the A/D conversion result to calculate  $AV_{DD}$  with following formula.

$$AV_{DD} = ((2^N) / R) * V_{BG}$$

N: ADC resolution

R: A/D conversion result

$V_{BG}$ : Band-gap voltage

The block diagram is shown as Figure 6-134.

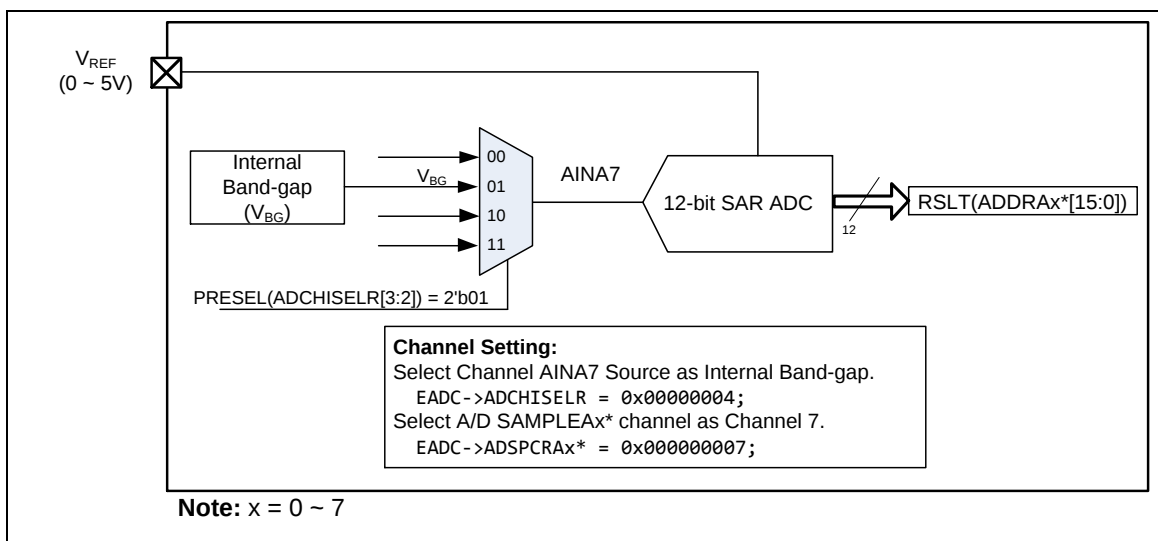


Figure 6-134  $V_{BG}$  for Measuring  $AV_{DD}$  Application Block Diagram

For example, the  $V_{BG}$  typical value is 1.25 V, the ADC is 12-bit resolution, select  $V_{BG}$  as ADC channel 7 input source, and enable ADC channel 7. Then trigger ADC to converse.

If the A/D conversion result is 1707:

$$N = 12$$

$$R = 1707$$

$$V_{BG} = 1.25 \text{ V}$$

$$AV_{DD} = ((2^{12}) / 1707) * 1.25 = (4096 / 1707) * 1.25 = 3 \text{ V}$$

If the A/D conversion result is 2048:

$$AV_{DD} = ((2^{12}) / 2048) * 1.25 = (4096 / 2048) * 1.25 = 2.5 \text{ V}$$

#### 6.16.4.6 ADC Start Synchronous with PWM

Besides starting ADC conversion by software, ADINT0, 1 interrupt pulse, external pin STADC, and Timer0~3 overflow pulse, this device has a new feature to allow PWM channels to trigger the ADC start. User may configure the PWM trigger types: rising, falling PWM edge, period point of PWM or center point of PWM (Center-aligned mode only) to trigger ADC start. The device also allows user to configure the amount of delay prior to ADC start after hardware detected the PWM edge. User can configure the trigger delay time by setting TRGDLYCNT and TRGDLYDIV bits in ADSPCRAn and ADSPCRBn(n=0~3) registers. Figure 6-135 shows the programmable delay time for PWM-triggered ADC to start conversion.

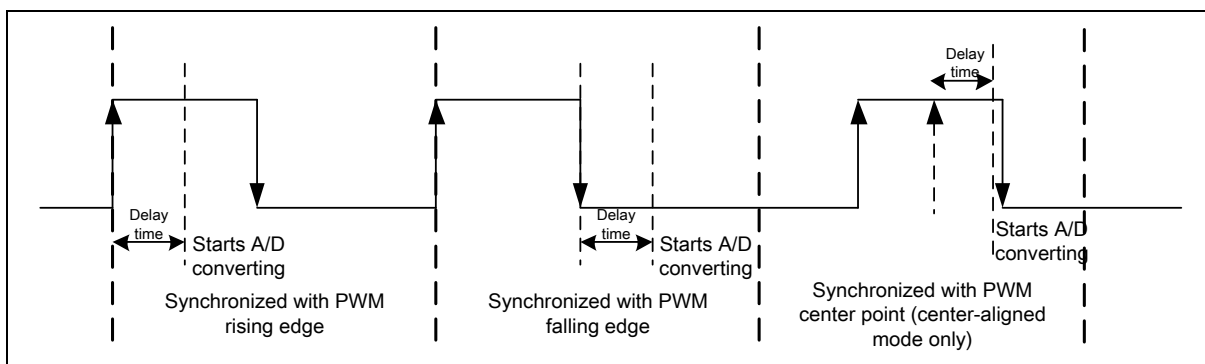


Figure 6-135 PWM-triggered ADC Start

#### 6.16.4.7 ADC SAMPLE End of Conversion Interrupt Operation

There are 4 ADC interrupts ADINT0~3, and each of these interrupts has its own interrupt vector address and can be configured to select a specific SAMPLE EOC pulse (SAMPLEA0~7, SAMPLEB0~7 End of conversion pulses) as its interrupt trigger source. Each of them has its own interrupt overwritten flag ADFOVn(ADIFOVR[n], n=0~3). This flag set to 1 if the corresponding interrupt is overwritten to 1.

When ADIE0(ADCR[2]) = 1 and ADINT0SRCTL[7:0]=0xFF, all of SAMPLEA EOC pulses can cause an ADINT0 interrupt.

If ADIE1(ADCR[3]) = 1 and ADINT1SRCTL[15:8]=0xFF, all of SAMPLEB EOC pulses also can cause an ADINT1 interrupt.

The ADINT0, ADINT1 interrupt pulses are generated whenever the specific SAMPLE A/D EOC (End of conversion) pulse is generated. It also can be the SAMPLE conversion trigger sources, and user can use it to do the ADC continuous scan conversion.

Example for "Continuous scan":

Step1. If ADC SAMPLEA2's EOCA2 pulse is selected as ADINT0 interrupt trigger (ADINT0SRCTL[7:0] = 0x04) and ADINT0 is selected as SAMPLEA0, B1, A2 hardware conversion trigger.

Step2. Set software trigger ADST(ADSSTR[2]) bit to 1 to start a SAMPLEA2 ADC conversion, after the conversion completes, it generates an EOCA2 pulse signal and ADINT0 interrupt pulse at end of SAMPLEA2 ADC conversion, ADINT0 interrupt pulse will trigger the SAMPLEA0, B1, A2 to start the ADC conversions.

Step3. ADINT0 interrupt pulse repeats to trigger SAMPLEA0, B1, A2 ADC conversions automatically.

Step4. Clear TRGSEL(ADSPCRA2[7:4]) to 0 to disable SAMPLEA2 module's ADINT0 interrupt pulse hardware trigger, if needs to stop the continuous scan.

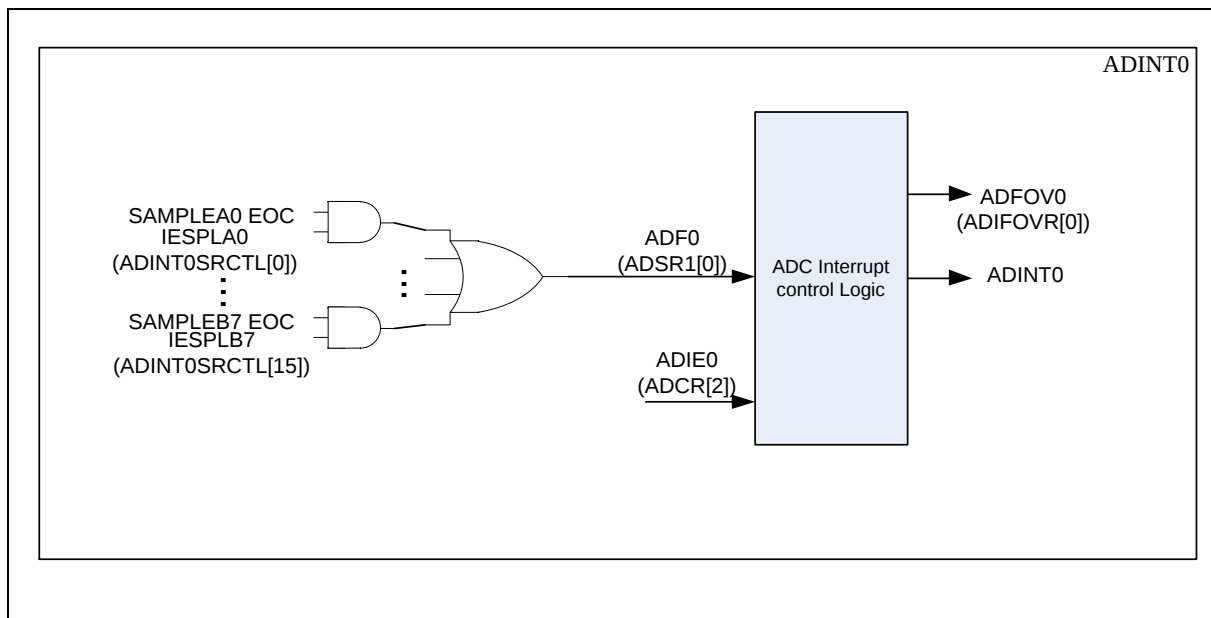


Figure 6-136 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT0 Interrupt

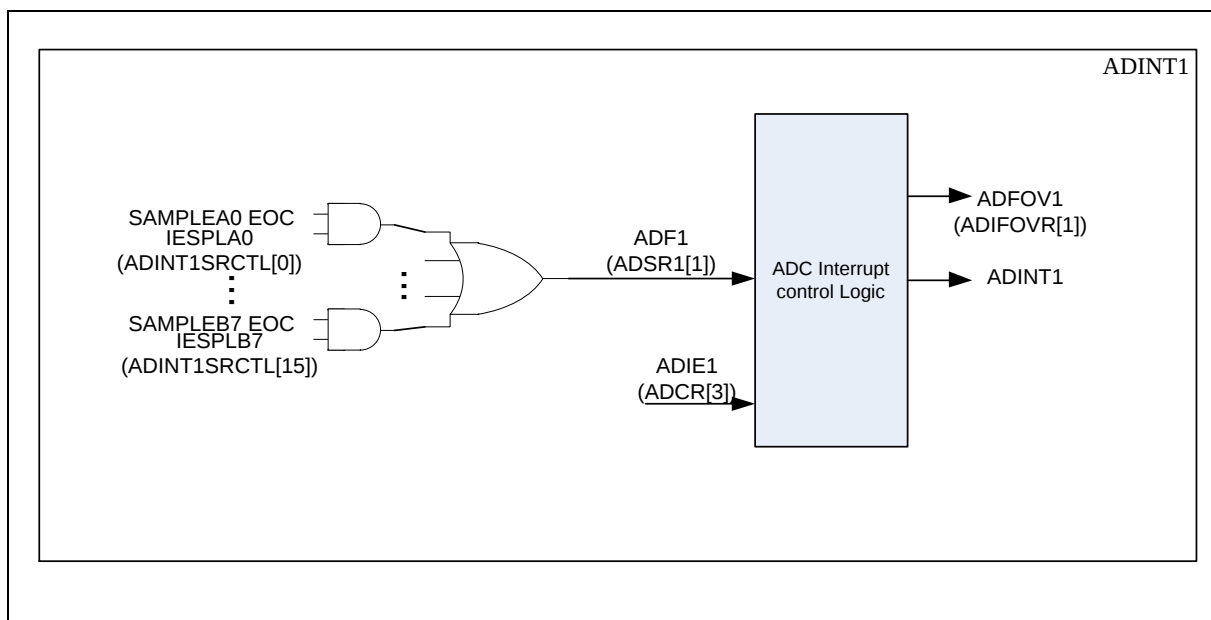


Figure 6-137 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT1 Interrupt

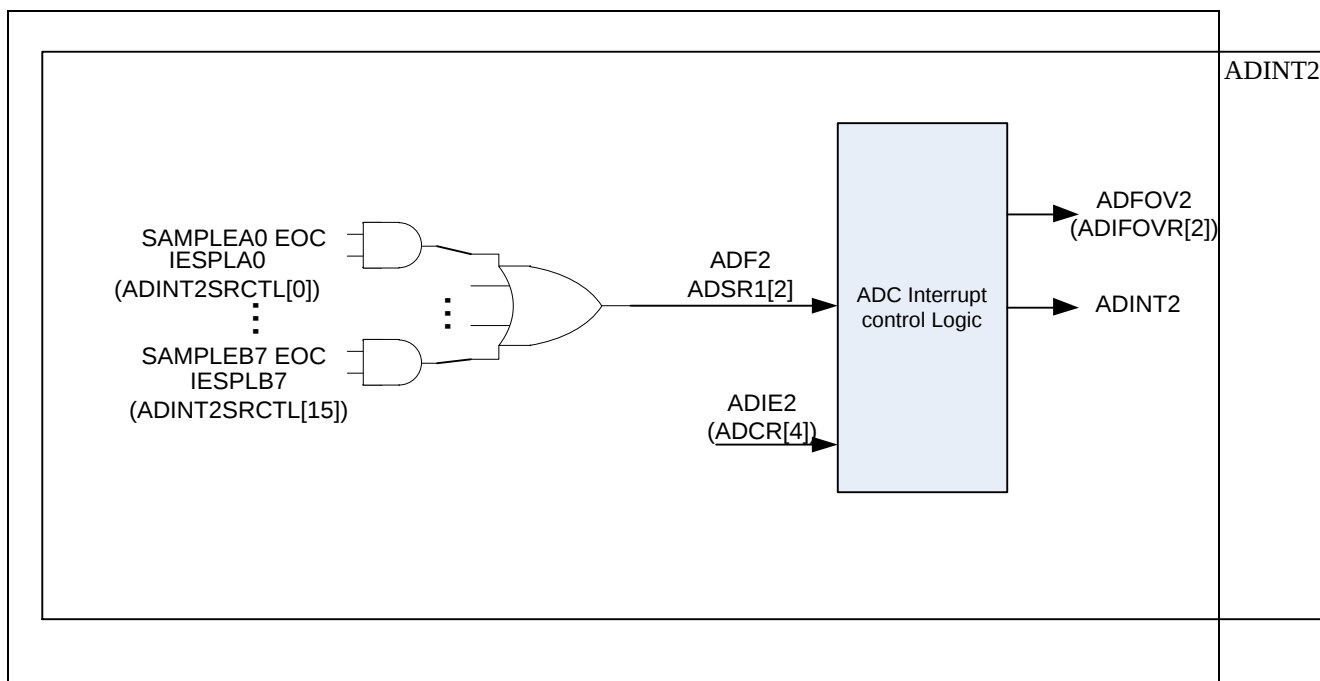


Figure 6-138 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT2 Interrupt

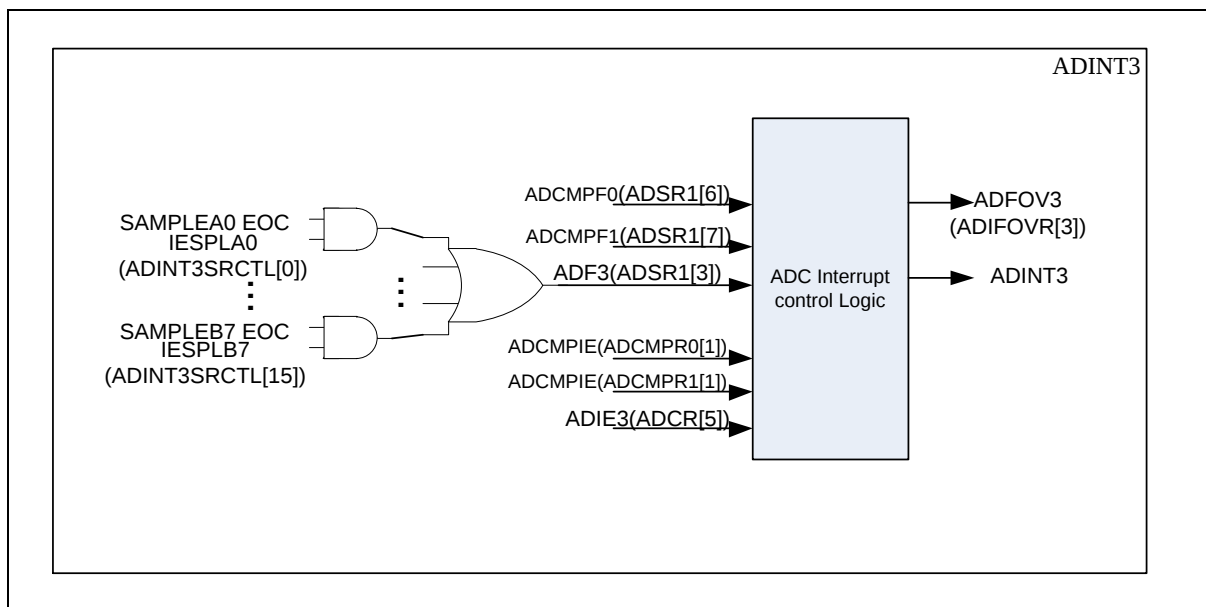


Figure 6-139 Specific SAMPLE A/D EOC Signal for ADINT3 Interrupt

#### 6.16.4.8 Input Sampling and A/D Conversion Time

The A/D converter samples the analog input when A/D conversion start delay time ( $T_d$ ) has passed after ADST bit in ADSSTR is set to 1, and then starts conversion. Since the ADC clock is generated by HCLK divided by  $(EADC\_N(CLKDIV[23:16]) + 1)$ , the maximum delay time from user write ADST to A/D start sampling analog input time is two ADC clock cycles. The start delay time is in Figure 6-140.

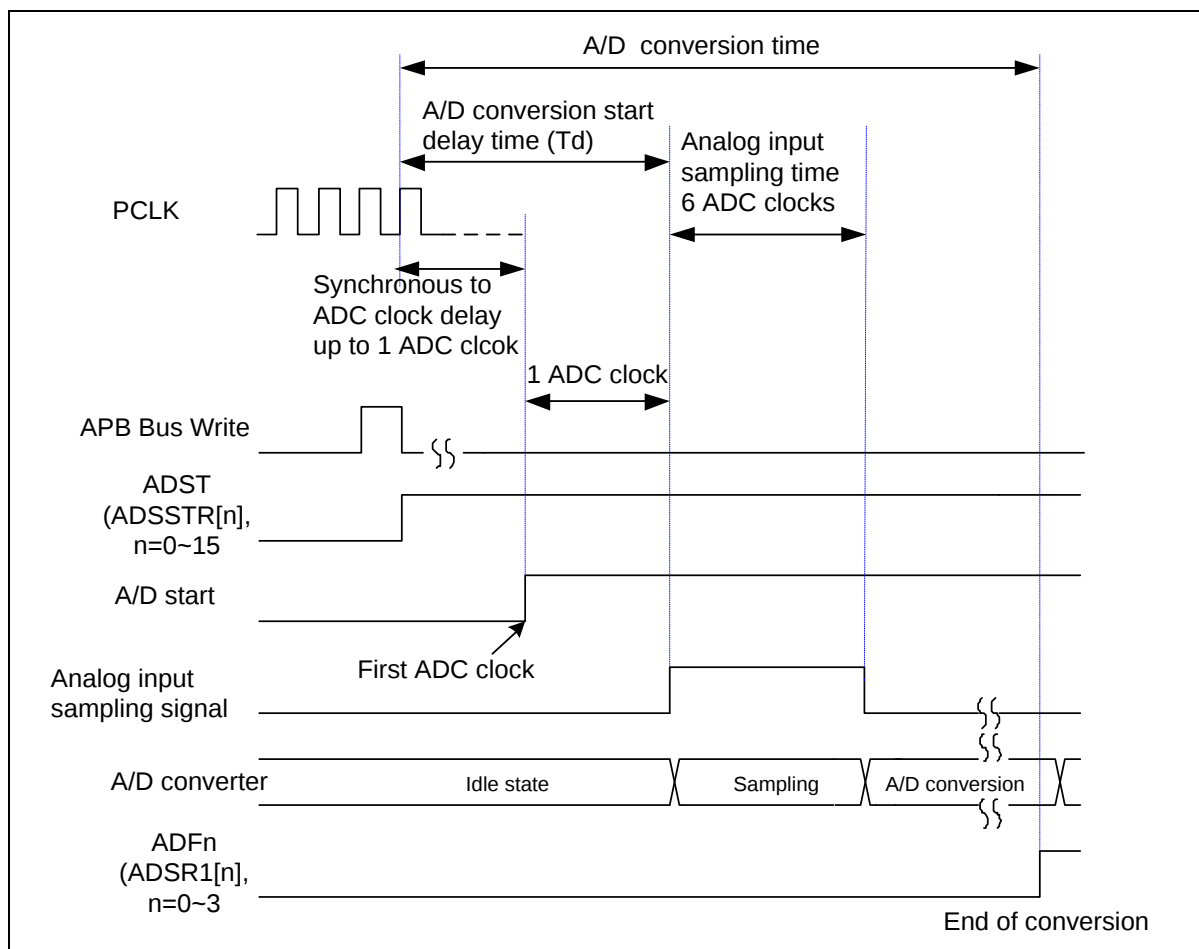


Figure 6-140 Conversion Start Delay Timing Diagram

A/D conversion can be triggered by external pin STADC request. Setting the TRGSEL(ADSPCRAm[7:4], ADSPCRBm[7:4], ADSPCRAn[6:4], ADSPCRBn[6:4], m=0~3, n=4~7) bits to 1 select external trigger input from the STADC pin. An 8-bit sampling counter is used to deglitch. If edge trigger condition is selected, the high and low state must be kept at least 4 HCLKs. The pulse that is shorter than this specification will be ignored.

#### 6.16.4.9 A/D Extend Sampling Time

When A/D operation at high ADC clock rate, the sampling time of analog input voltage may not enough if the analog channel has heavy loading to cause fully charge time is longer. User can set A/D extend sampling time by writing ADAEST or ADBEST field in ADTCR register. The A/D extend sampling time is present between A/D controller judge which channel to be converting and A/D start to conversion. The range of extend sampling time is from 0 ~255 ADC clock. The extend sampling time is shown in Figure 6-141.

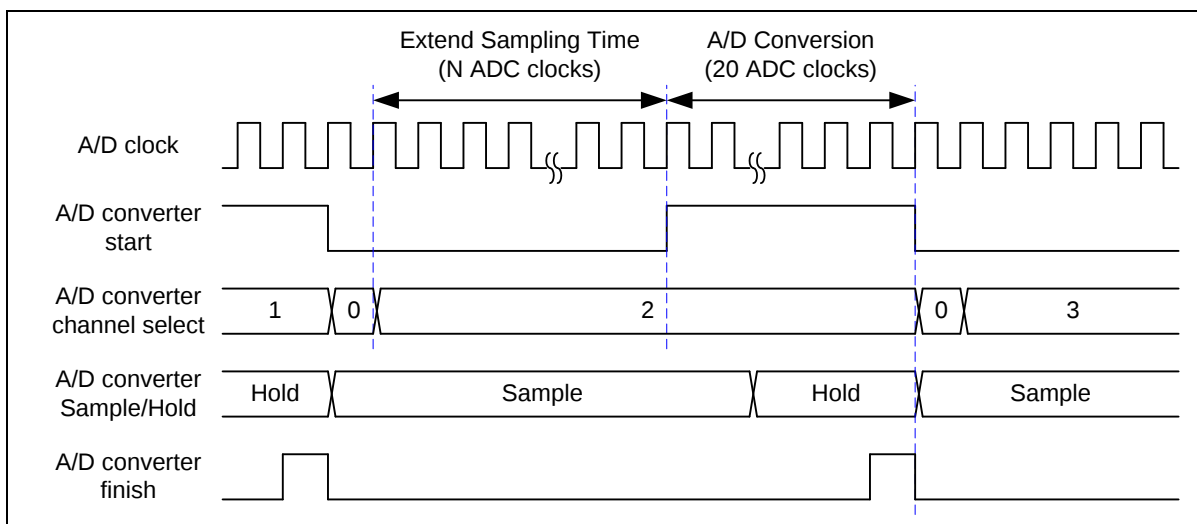


Figure 6-141 A/D Extend Sampling Timing Diagram

#### 6.16.4.10 Conversion Result Monitored by Compare Mode

The NuMicro® M0519 controller provides two sets of compare register ADCMPR0/1 to monitor maximum two specified SAMPLEA0~3, SAMPLEB0~3 conversion results from A/D conversion module, refer to Figure below. Software can select which SAMPLE module result to be monitored by setting the CMPSMPL and CMPCOND bit in ADCMPR0/1 register used to check if the conversion result is less than the specified value or greater than (equal to) value specified in CMPD(ADCMPRn[27:16], n=0,1). When the conversion of the SAMPLE specified by CMPSMPL is completed, the comparing action will be triggered once automatically. When the compare result meets the setting, compare match counter will increase 1, when counter value reach the setting of (CMPMATCNT(ADCMPRn[11:8])+1n n=0, 1) then ADCMPFn(ADSR1[7:6], n=0, 1) bit will be set to 1, if ADCMPIE(ADCMPRn[1], n=0, 1) bit is set, an ADINT3 interrupt request is generated. User can use it to monitor the external analog input pin voltage transition. Detailed logics diagram is shown in Figure 6-142.

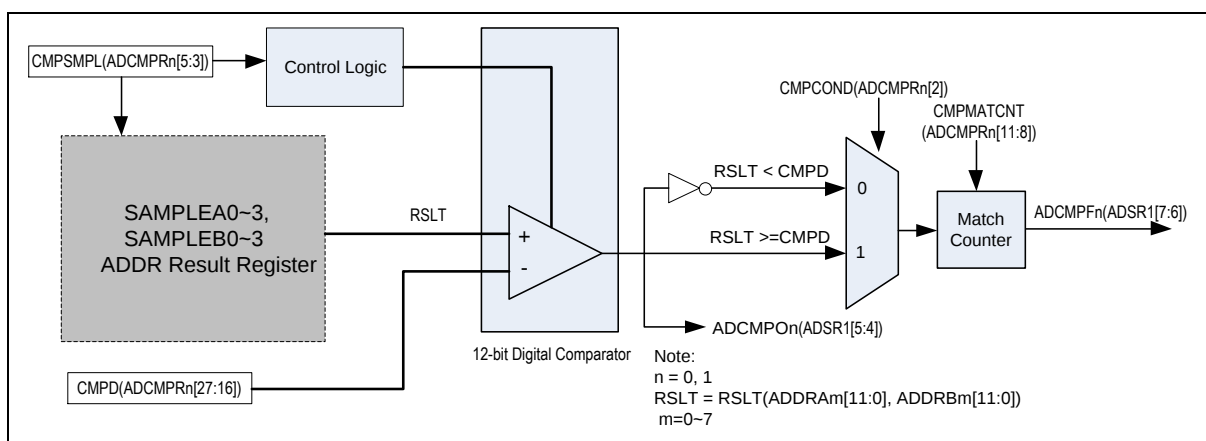


Figure 6-142 A/D Conversion Result Monitor Logics Diagram

#### 6.16.4.11 Interrupt Sources

The A/D converter generates a conversion and ADFn(n=0~3) flag in the ADSR1 register upon the end of specific SAMPLE A/D conversion. If the ADIEn(n=0~3) bit in ADCR register is set, the conversion end interrupt request ADINTn(n=0~3) is generated.

If ADCMPIE(ADCMPRn[1], n=0, 1) bit is enabled, when A/D conversion result meets setting in

ADCMPR<sub>n</sub>( $n=0, 1$ ) register, monitor interrupt is generated, ADINT3 will be set also. User can clear ADCMPF<sub>n</sub>(ADSR1[7:6],  $n=0,1$ ) and ADF<sub>n</sub>(ADSR1[3:0],  $n=0\sim3$ ) flag to stop interrupt request.

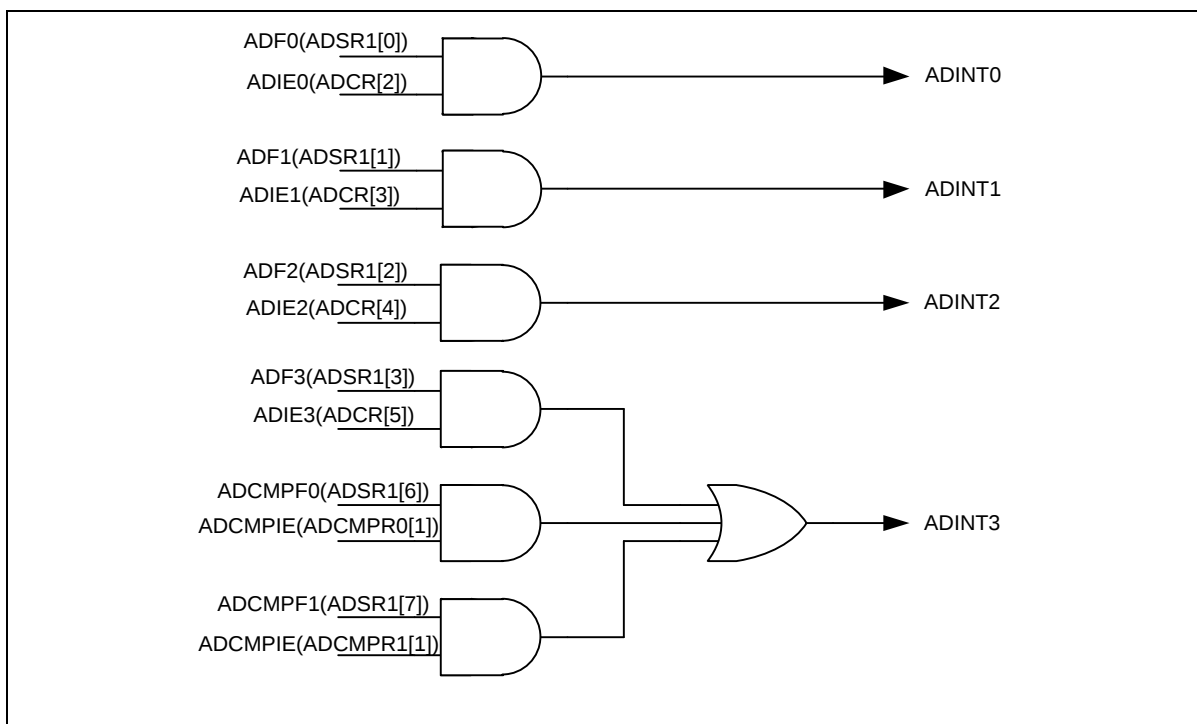


Figure 6-143 A/D Controller Interrupts

### 6.16.5 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write, C: Only value 0 can be written

| Register                                    | Offset       | R/W | Description                                           | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| EADC Base Address:<br>EADC_BA = 0x400E_0000 |              |     |                                                       |             |
| ADDRA0                                      | EADC_BA+0x00 | R   | A/D Data Register 0 for SAMPLEA0                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA1                                      | EADC_BA+0x04 | R   | A/D Data Register 1 for SAMPLEA1                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA2                                      | EADC_BA+0x08 | R   | A/D Data Register 2 for SAMPLEA2                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA3                                      | EADC_BA+0x0C | R   | A/D Data Register 3 for SAMPLEA3                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA4                                      | EADC_BA+0x10 | R   | A/D Data Register 4 for SAMPLEA4                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA5                                      | EADC_BA+0x14 | R   | A/D Data Register 5 for SAMPLEA5                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA6                                      | EADC_BA+0x18 | R   | A/D Data Register 6 for SAMPLEA6                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA7                                      | EADC_BA+0x1C | R   | A/D Data Register 7 for SAMPLEA7                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB0                                      | EADC_BA+0x20 | R   | A/D Data Register 8 for SAMPLEB0                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB1                                      | EADC_BA+0x24 | R   | A/D Data Register 9 for SAMPLEB1                      | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB2                                      | EADC_BA+0x28 | R   | A/D Data Register 10 for SAMPLEB2                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB3                                      | EADC_BA+0x2C | R   | A/D Data Register 11 for SAMPLEB3                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB4                                      | EADC_BA+0x30 | R   | A/D Data Register 12 for SAMPLEB4                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB5                                      | EADC_BA+0x34 | R   | A/D Data Register 13 for SAMPLEB5                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB6                                      | EADC_BA+0x38 | R   | A/D Data Register 14 for SAMPLEB6                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB7                                      | EADC_BA+0x3C | R   | A/D Data Register 15 for SAMPLEB7                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADCR                                        | EADC_BA+0x40 | R/W | A/D Control Register                                  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADCHISELR                                   | EADC_BA+0x44 | R/W | A/D Channel Input Sources Select Register             | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSSTR                                      | EADC_BA+0x48 | W   | A/D SAMPLE Software Start Register                    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSTPFR                                     | EADC_BA+0x4C | R   | A/D SAMPLE Start of Conversion Pending Flag Register  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADIFOVR                                     | EADC_BA+0x50 | R/W | A/D ADINT3~0 Interrupt Flag Over Run Register         | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPOVFR                                    | EADC_BA+0x54 | R/W | A/D SAMPLE Start of Conversion Over Run Flag Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA0                                    | EADC_BA+0x58 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA0 Control Register                         | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA1                                    | EADC_BA+0x5C | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA1 Control Register                         | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA2                                    | EADC_BA+0x60 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA2 Control Register                         | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA3                                    | EADC_BA+0x64 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA3 Control Register                         | 0x0000_0000 |

| Register                                    | Offset        | R/W | Description                                     | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| EADC Base Address:<br>EADC_BA = 0x400E_0000 |               |     |                                                 |             |
| ADSPCRA4                                    | EADC_BA+0x68  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA4 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA5                                    | EADC_BA+0x6C  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA5 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA6                                    | EADC_BA+0x70  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA6 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA7                                    | EADC_BA+0x74  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA7 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB0                                    | EADC_BA+0x78  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB0 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB1                                    | EADC_BA+0x7C  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB1 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB2                                    | EADC_BA+0x80  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB2 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB3                                    | EADC_BA+0x84  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB3 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB4                                    | EADC_BA+0x88  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB4 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB5                                    | EADC_BA+0x8C  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB5 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB6                                    | EADC_BA+0x90  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB6 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB7                                    | EADC_BA+0x94  | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB7 Control Register                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSMSELR                                    | EADC_BA+0xA4  | R/W | A/D SAMPLE Simultaneous Mode Select Register    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADCMPR0                                     | EADC_BA+0xA8  | R/W | A/D Result Compare Register 0                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADCMPR1                                     | EADC_BA+0xAC  | R/W | A/D Result Compare Register 1                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSR0                                       | EADC_BA+0xB0  | R   | A/D Status Register 0                           | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSR1                                       | EADC_BA+0xB4  | R/W | A/D Status Register 1                           | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADTCR                                       | EADC_BA+0xB8  | R/W | A/D Timing Control Register                     | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA0                                    | EADC_BA+0x100 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA0    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA1                                    | EADC_BA+0x104 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA1    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA2                                    | EADC_BA+0x108 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA2    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA3                                    | EADC_BA+0x10C | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA3    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB0                                    | EADC_BA+0x120 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB0    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB1                                    | EADC_BA+0x124 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB1    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB2                                    | EADC_BA+0x128 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB2    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB3                                    | EADC_BA+0x12C | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB3    | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDBM                                       | EADC_BA+0x130 | R/W | A/D Double Buffer Mode select                   | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADINT0SRCTL                                 | EADC_BA+0x134 | R/W | A/D interrupt 0 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |

| Register                                    | Offset        | R/W | Description                                     | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| EADC Base Address:<br>EADC_BA = 0x400E_0000 |               |     |                                                 |             |
| ADINT1SRCTL                                 | EADC_BA+0x138 | R/W | A/D interrupt 1 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADINT2SRCTL                                 | EADC_BA+0x13C | R/W | A/D interrupt 2 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADINT3SRCTL                                 | EADC_BA+0x140 | R/W | A/D interrupt 3 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA0                                    | EADC_BA+0x144 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA0              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA1                                    | EADC_BA+0x148 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA1              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA2                                    | EADC_BA+0x14C | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA2              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA3                                    | EADC_BA+0x150 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA3              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB0                                    | EADC_BA+0x154 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB0              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB1                                    | EADC_BA+0x158 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB1              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB2                                    | EADC_BA+0x15C | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB2              | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB3                                    | EADC_BA+0x160 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB3              | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.16.6 Register Description

#### A/D Data Registers (ADDRA0~7, ADDR0~7)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                       | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| ADDRA0   | EADC_BA+0x00 | R   | A/D Data Register 0 for SAMPLEA0  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA1   | EADC_BA+0x04 | R   | A/D Data Register 1 for SAMPLEA1  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA2   | EADC_BA+0x08 | R   | A/D Data Register 2 for SAMPLEA2  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA3   | EADC_BA+0x0C | R   | A/D Data Register 3 for SAMPLEA3  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA4   | EADC_BA+0x10 | R   | A/D Data Register 4 for SAMPLEA4  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA5   | EADC_BA+0x14 | R   | A/D Data Register 5 for SAMPLEA5  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA6   | EADC_BA+0x18 | R   | A/D Data Register 6 for SAMPLEA6  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRA7   | EADC_BA+0x1C | R   | A/D Data Register 7 for SAMPLEA7  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB0   | EADC_BA+0x20 | R   | A/D Data Register 8 for SAMPLEB0  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB1   | EADC_BA+0x24 | R   | A/D Data Register 9 for SAMPLEB1  | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB2   | EADC_BA+0x28 | R   | A/D Data Register 10 for SAMPLEB2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB3   | EADC_BA+0x2C | R   | A/D Data Register 11 for SAMPLEB3 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB4   | EADC_BA+0x30 | R   | A/D Data Register 12 for SAMPLEB4 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB5   | EADC_BA+0x34 | R   | A/D Data Register 13 for SAMPLEB5 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB6   | EADC_BA+0x38 | R   | A/D Data Register 14 for SAMPLEB6 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRB7   | EADC_BA+0x3C | R   | A/D Data Register 15 for SAMPLEB7 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |      |    |       |         |
|----------|----|----|----|------|----|-------|---------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27   | 26 | 25    | 24      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |      |    |       |         |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19   | 18 | 17    | 16      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |      |    | VALID | OVERRUN |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11   | 10 | 9     | 8       |
| Reserved |    |    |    | RSLT |    |       |         |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3    | 2  | 1     | 0       |
| RSLT     |    |    |    |      |    |       |         |

| Bits    | Description     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:18] | <b>Reserved</b> | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [17]    | <b>VALID</b>    | <b>Valid Flag</b><br>0 = Data in RSLT[11:0] bits is not valid.<br>1 = Data in RSLT[11:0] bits is valid.<br>This bit is set to 1 when corresponding SAMPLE channel analog input conversion is completed and cleared by hardware after ADDR register is read.                                                      |
| [16]    | <b>OVERRUN</b>  | <b>over Run Flag</b><br>0 = Data in RSLT[11:0] is the recent conversion result.<br>1 = Data in RSLT[11:0] is overwritten. If converted data in RSLT[11:0] has not been read before new conversion result is loaded to this register, OVERRUN is set to 1. It is cleared by hardware after ADDR register is read. |
| [15:12] | <b>Reserved</b> | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [11:0]  | <b>RSLT</b>     | <b>A/D Conversion Result</b><br>This field contains 12-bit conversion result.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

**A/D Control Register (ADCR)**

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description          | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| ADCR     | EADC_BA+0x40 | R/W | A/D Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |       |       |       |       |         |       |
|----------|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29    | 28    | 27    | 26    | 25      | 24    |
| Reserved |    |       |       |       |       |         |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21    | 20    | 19    | 18    | 17      | 16    |
| Reserved |    |       |       |       |       |         |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13    | 12    | 11    | 10    | 9       | 8     |
| Reserved |    |       |       |       |       |         |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5     | 4     | 3     | 2     | 1       | 0     |
| Reserved |    | ADIE3 | ADIE2 | ADIE1 | ADIE0 | ADRESET | AD_EN |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [5]    | ADIE3       | <b>Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT3 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT3 interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT3 interrupt function Enabled.<br>The A/D converter generates a conversion end ADF3 flag in ADSR1 register upon the end of specific SAMPLE A/D conversion. If ADIE3 bit is set then conversion end interrupt request ADINT3 is generated. |
| [4]    | ADIE2       | <b>Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT2 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT2 interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT2 interrupt function Enabled.<br>The A/D converter generates a conversion end ADF2 flag in ADSR1 register upon the end of specific SAMPLE A/D conversion. If ADIE2 bit is set then conversion end interrupt request ADINT2 is generated. |
| [3]    | ADIE1       | <b>Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT1 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT1 interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT1 interrupt function Enabled.<br>The A/D converter generates a conversion end ADF1 flag in ADSR1 register upon the end of specific SAMPLE A/D conversion. If ADIE1 bit is set then conversion end interrupt request ADINT1 is generated. |
| [2]    | ADIE0       | <b>Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT0 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT0 interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Specific SAMPLE A/D ADINT0 interrupt function Enabled.<br>The A/D converter generates a conversion end ADF0 flag in ADSR1 register upon the end of specific SAMPLE A/D conversion. If ADIE0 bit is set then conversion end interrupt request ADINT0 is generated. |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1]  | ADRESET     | <p><b>ADCA, ADCB A/D Converter Control Circuits Reset</b></p> <p>0 = Writing 0 has no effect.</p> <p>1 = Writing 1 will cause ADC control circuits reset to initial state, but not change the ADC registers value.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This bit remains 1 during ADC reset, when ADC reset end, the ADRESET bit is automatically cleared to 0.</p> |
| [0]  | AD_EN       | <p><b>A/D Converter Enable Bit</b></p> <p>0 = A/D converter Disabled.</p> <p>1 = A/D converter Enabled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Before starting the A/D conversion function, this bit should be set to 1. Clear it to 0 to disable A/D converter analog circuit power consumption.</p>                                                                 |

### A/D Channel Input Select Register (ADCHISELR)

| Register  | Offset       | R/W | Description                               | Reset Value |
|-----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADCHISELR | EADC_BA+0x44 | R/W | A/D Channel Input Sources Select Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |        |    |          |          |
|----------|----|----|----|--------|----|----------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27     | 26 | 25       | 24       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |          |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19     | 18 | 17       | 16       |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |          |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11     | 10 | 9        | 8        |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |          |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3      | 2  | 1        | 0        |
| Reserved |    |    |    | PRESEL |    | AINB0SEL | AINA0SEL |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:4] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| [3:2]  | PRESEL      | <b>A/D Channel AINA[7] Analog Input Selection</b><br>00 = Analog Input Channel AINA7.<br>01 = Band-gap (VBG) Analog Input.<br>10 = VTEMP Internal Temperature Sensor Analog Input.<br>11 = Analog ground.   |
| [1]    | AINB0SEL    | <b>A/D Channel AINB[0] Analog Input Selection</b><br>0 = AINB[0] pin P7.0E/EADC1_CH0 is selected as the A/D AINB[0] input signal.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 1 output is selected as the A/D AINB[0] input signal. |
| [0]    | AINA0SEL    | <b>A/D Channel AINA[0] Analog Input Selection</b><br>0 = AINA[0] pin P6.0/EADC0_CH0 is selected as the ADC AINA[0] input signal.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 0 output is selected as the ADC AINA[0] input signal.  |

### A/D SAMPLE Software Start Register (ADSSTR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADSSTR   | EADC_BA+0x48 | W   | A/D SAMPLE Software Start Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| ADST     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| ADST     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                     |
| [15:8]  | ADST        | <b>A/D SAMPLEB7~0 Software Force to Start ADC Conversion Register</b><br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = Cause an ADC conversion when the priority is given to SAMPLEB. |
| [7:0]   | ADST        | <b>A/D SAMPLEA7~0 Software Force to Start ADC Conversion Register</b><br>0 = No effect.<br>1 = Cause an ADC conversion when the priority is given to SAMPLEA. |

### A/D SAMPLE Start of Conversion Pending Flag Register (ADSTPFR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                                          | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADSTPFR  | EADC_BA+0x4C | R   | A/D SAMPLE Start of Conversion Pending Flag Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| STPF     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| STPF     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [15:8]  | STPF        | <b>A/D SAMPLEB7~0 Start Conversion Pending Flag</b><br>0 = No pending conversion for SAMPLEB.<br>1 = SAMPLEBn ADC start of conversion is pending.<br>This bit remains 1 during pending state, when the respective ADC conversion is end, the corresponding STPF bit is automatically cleared to 0.<br><b>Note:</b> n=0~7.          |
| [7:0]   | STPF        | <b>A/D SAMPLEA7~0 Start Conversion Pending Flag</b><br>0 = There is no pending conversion for SAMPLEA.<br>1 = SAMPLEAn ADC start of conversion is pending.<br>This bit remains 1 during pending state, when the respective ADC conversion is end, the corresponding STPF bit is automatically cleared to 0.<br><b>Note:</b> n=0~7. |

### A/D Interrupt Flag Over Run Register (ADIFOVR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                                   | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADIFOVR  | EADC_BA+0x50 | R/W | A/D ADINT3~0 Interrupt Flag Over Run Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |        |        |        |        |
|----------|----|----|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27     | 26     | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |        |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19     | 18     | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |        |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11     | 10     | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |        |        |        |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3      | 2      | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    |    |    | ADFOV3 | ADFOV2 | ADFOV1 | ADFOV0 |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:4] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [3]    | <b>ADFOV3</b><br><b>A/D ADINT3 Interrupt Flag over Run Bit</b><br>0 = ADINT3 interrupt flag is not over run.<br>1 = ADINT3 interrupt pulse received when ADF3 is 1.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to 1. |
| [2]    | <b>ADFOV2</b><br><b>A/D ADINT2 Interrupt Flag over Run Bit</b><br>0 = ADINT2 interrupt flag is not over run.<br>1 = ADINT2 interrupt flag is overwrite to 1.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to 1.        |
| [1]    | <b>ADFOV1</b><br><b>A/D ADINT1 Interrupt Flag over Run Bit</b><br>0 = ADINT1 interrupt flag is not over run.<br>1 = ADINT1 interrupt flag is overwrite to 1.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to 1.        |
| [0]    | <b>ADFOV0</b><br><b>A/D ADINT0 Interrupt Flag over Run Bit</b><br>0 = ADINT0 interrupt flag is not over run.<br>1 = ADINT0 interrupt flag is overwrite to 1.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to 1.        |

### A/D SAMPLE Over Run Flag Register (ADSPOVFR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                                           | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADSPOVFR | EADC_BA+0x54 | R/W | A/D SAMPLE Start of Conversion Over Run Flag Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| SPOVF    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| SPOVF    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [15:8]  | <p><b>A/D SAMPLEB7~SAMPLEB0 Start Conversion Overrun Flag</b></p> <p>0 = No SAMPLE event overrun.</p> <p>1 = Indicates new SAMPLEBn event is generated while an old one event is pending.</p> <p>If there is a new trigger event comes when the SAMPLE is pending for the last trigger event, the overrun is happened and the SPOVF bit will be set as 1.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> It is cleared by writing 1.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> n = 0~7.</p> |
| [7:0]   | <p><b>A/D SAMPLEA7~SAMPLEA0 Start Conversion Overrun Flag</b></p> <p>0 = No SAMPLE event overrun.</p> <p>1 = Indicates new SAMPLEAn event is generated while an old one event is pending.</p> <p>If there is a new trigger event comes when the SAMPLE is pending for the last trigger event, the overrun is happened and the SPOVF bit will be set as 1.</p> <p><b>Note1:</b> It is cleared by writing 1.</p> <p><b>Note2:</b> n = 0~7.</p> |

### A/D SAMPLEA0~3, SAMPLEB0~3 Control Registers (ADSPCRx0 ~ ADSPCRx3)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| ADSPCRA0 | EADC_BA+0x58 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA0 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA1 | EADC_BA+0x5C | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA1 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA2 | EADC_BA+0x60 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA2 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA3 | EADC_BA+0x64 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA3 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB0 | EADC_BA+0x78 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB0 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB1 | EADC_BA+0x7C | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB1 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB2 | EADC_BA+0x80 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB2 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB3 | EADC_BA+0x84 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB3 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|           |    |        |        |          |       |           |    |
|-----------|----|--------|--------|----------|-------|-----------|----|
| 31        | 30 | 29     | 28     | 27       | 26    | 25        | 24 |
| Reserved  |    |        |        |          |       |           |    |
| 23        | 22 | 21     | 20     | 19       | 18    | 17        | 16 |
| Reserved  |    | EXTFEN | EXTREN | Reserved |       | TRGDLYDIV |    |
| 15        | 14 | 13     | 12     | 11       | 10    | 9         | 8  |
| TRGDLYCNT |    |        |        |          |       |           |    |
| 7         | 6  | 5      | 4      | 3        | 2     | 1         | 0  |
| TRGSEL    |    |        |        | Reserved | CHSEL |           |    |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:20] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [21]    | <b>EXTFEN</b><br><b>A/D External Trigger Falling Edge Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Falling edge Disabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source.<br>1 = Falling edge Enabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source. |
| [20]    | <b>EXTREN</b><br><b>A/D External Trigger Rising Edge Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Rising edge Disabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source.<br>1 = Rising edge Enabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source.    |
| [19:18] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [17:16] | <b>TRGDLYDIV</b><br><b>A/D SAMPLE Start Conversion Trigger Delay Clock Divider Selection</b><br>Trigger delay clock frequency:<br>00 = ADC_CLK/1.<br>01 = ADC_CLK/2.<br>10 = ADC_CLK/4.<br>11 = ADC_CLK/16.       |

| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [15:8] | TRGDLYCNT   | <b>A/D SAMPLE Start Conversion Trigger Delay Time</b><br>Trigger delay time = TRGDLYCNT x ADC_CLK x n (n=1, 2, 4, 16 from TRGDLYDIV setting).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| [7:4]  | TRGSEL      | <b>A/D SAMPLE Start Conversion Trigger Source Selection</b><br>0000 = Disable hardware trigger.<br>0001 = External trigger from STADC pin input.<br>0010 = ADC ADINT0 interrupt EOC pulse trigger.<br>0011 = ADC ADINT1 interrupt EOC pulse trigger.<br>0100 = Timer0 overflow pulse trigger.<br>0101 = Timer1 overflow pulse trigger.<br>0110 = Timer2 overflow pulse trigger.<br>0111 = Timer3 overflow pulse trigger.<br>1000 = PWM00 trigger.<br>1001 = PWM02 trigger.<br>1010 = PWM04 trigger.<br>1011 = PWM10 trigger.<br>1100 = PWM12 trigger.<br>1101 = PWM14 trigger.<br>1110 = PWM20 trigger.<br>1111 = PWM21 trigger. |
| 3      | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [2:0]  | CHSEL       | <b>A/D SAMPLEA,B Channel Selection</b><br>000 = AINx[0].<br>001 = AINx[1].<br>010 = AINx[2].<br>011 = AINx[3].<br>100 = AINx[4].<br>101 = AINx[5].<br>110 = AINx[6].<br>111 = AINx[7].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### A/D SAMPLEA4~7, SAMPLEB4~7 Control Registers (ADSPCRx4 ~ ADSPCRx7)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| ADSPCRA4 | EADC_BA+0x68 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA4 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA5 | EADC_BA+0x6C | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA5 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA6 | EADC_BA+0x70 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA6 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRA7 | EADC_BA+0x74 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEA7 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB4 | EADC_BA+0x88 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB4 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB5 | EADC_BA+0x8C | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB5 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB6 | EADC_BA+0x90 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB6 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADSPCRB7 | EADC_BA+0x94 | R/W | A/D SAMPLEB7 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |        |        |        |          |       |    |    |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----|----|
| 31       | 30     | 29     | 28     | 27       | 26    | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |       |    |    |
| 23       | 22     | 21     | 20     | 19       | 18    | 17 | 16 |
| Reserved |        | EXTFEN | EXTREN | Reserved |       |    |    |
| 15       | 14     | 13     | 12     | 11       | 10    | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |        |        |        |          |       |    |    |
| 7        | 6      | 5      | 4      | 3        | 2     | 1  | 0  |
| Reserved | TRGSEL |        |        | Reserved | CHSEL |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:22] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| [21]    | EXTFEN      | A/D External Trigger Falling Edge Enable Bit<br>0 = Falling edge Disabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source.<br>1 = Falling edge Enabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source. |
| [20]    | EXTREN      | A/D External Trigger Rising Edge Enable Bit<br>0 = Rising edge Disabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source.<br>1 = Rising edge Enabled when A/D selects STADC as trigger source.    |
| [19:7]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                 |

| Bits  | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [6:4] | TRGSEL      | <b>A/D SAMPLE Start Conversion Trigger Source Selection</b><br>000 = Disable hardware trigger.<br>001 = External trigger from STADC pin input.<br>010 = ADC ADINT0 interrupt EOC pulse trigger.<br>011 = ADC ADINT1 interrupt EOC pulse trigger.<br>100 = Timer0 overflow pulse trigger.<br>101 = Timer1 overflow pulse trigger.<br>110 = Timer2 overflow pulse trigger.<br>111 = Timer3 overflow pulse trigger. |
| [3]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [2:0] | CHSEL       | <b>A/D SAMPLEA,B Channel Selection</b><br>000 = AINx[0].<br>001 = AINx[1].<br>010 = AINx[2].<br>011 = AINx[3].<br>100 = AINx[4].<br>101 = AINx[5].<br>110 = AINx[6].<br>111 = AINx[7].                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### A/D Simultaneous Sampling Mode Select Register (ADSMSELR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                                  | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADSMSELR | EADC_BA+0xA4 | R/W | A/D SAMPLE Simultaneous Mode Select Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28       | 27       | 26       | 25       | 24       |
| Reserved |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20       | 19       | 18       | 17       | 16       |
| Reserved |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10       | 9        | 8        |
| Reserved |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2        | 1        | 0        |
| SIMUSEL7 | SIMUSEL6 | SIMUSEL5 | SIMUSEL4 | SIMUSEL3 | SIMUSEL2 | SIMUSEL1 | SIMUSEL0 |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:8] | <b>Reserved</b><br>Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [7]    | <b>SIMUSEL7</b><br><b>A/D SAMPLEA7, SAMPLEB7 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Selection</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA7, SAMPLEB7 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA7 and SAMPLEB7's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA7, SAMPLEB7 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA7 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA7 and SAMPLEB7, SAMPLEB7 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA7's CHSEL = 1, SAMPLEB7's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time.      |
| [6]    | <b>SIMUSEL6</b><br><b>A/D SAMPLEA6, SAMPLEB6 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Selection</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA6, SAMPLEB6 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA6 and SAMPLEB6's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA6, SAMPLEB6 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA6 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA6 and SAMPLEB6, SAMPLEB6 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA6's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB6's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time.  |
| [5]    | <b>SIMUSEL5</b><br><b>A/D SAMPLEA5, SAMPLEB5 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Selection</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA5, SAMPLEB5 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA5 and SAMPLEB5's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA5, SAMPLEB5 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA5 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA5 and SAMPLEB5, SAMPLEB5 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA5's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB5's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time.  |
| [4]    | <b>SIMUSEL4</b><br><b>A/D SAMPLEA4, SAMPLEB4 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Select Ion</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA4, SAMPLEB4 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA4 and SAMPLEB4's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA4, SAMPLEB4 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA4 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA4 and SAMPLEB4, SAMPLEB4 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA4's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB4's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time. |

| Bits | Description     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [3]  | <b>SIMUSEL3</b> | <b>A/D SAMPLEA3, SAMPLEB3 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Select Ion</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA3, SAMPLEB3 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA3 and SAMPLEB3's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA3, SAMPLEB3 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA3 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA3 and SAMPLEB3, SAMPLEB3 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA3's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB3's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time. |
| [2]  | <b>SIMUSEL2</b> | <b>A/D SAMPLEA2, SAMPLEB2 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Selection</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA2, SAMPLEB2 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA2 and SAMPLEB2's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA2, SAMPLEB2 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA2 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA2 and SAMPLEB2, SAMPLEB2 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA2's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB2's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time.  |
| [1]  | <b>SIMUSEL1</b> | <b>A/D SAMPLEA1, SAMPLEB1 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Selection</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA1, SAMPLEB1 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA1 and SAMPLEB1's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA1, SAMPLEB1 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA1 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA1 and SAMPLEB1, SAMPLEB1 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA1's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB1's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time.  |
| [0]  | <b>SIMUSEL0</b> | <b>A/D SAMPLEA0, SAMPLEB0 Simultaneous Sampling Mode Selection</b><br>0 = SAMPLEA0, SAMPLEB0 are in single sampling mode, both SAMPLEA0 and SAMPLEB0's 3 bits of CHSEL define the ADC channels to be converted.<br>1 = SAMPLEA0, SAMPLEB0 are in simultaneous sampling mode, Only SAMPLEA0 can trigger both the ADC conversions of SAMPLEA0 and SAMPLEB0, SAMPLEB0 trigger select TRGSEL is ignored. If SAMPLEA0's CHSEL = 1, and SAMPLEB0's CHSEL = 3, the pair of channels are AINA[1], AINB[3], they will do the ADC conversion at the same time.  |

### A/D Result Compare Register 0/1 (ADCMPR0/1)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| ADCMPR0  | EADC_BA+0xA8 | R/W | A/D Result Compare Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADCMPR1  | EADC_BA+0xAC | R/W | A/D Result Compare Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |         |    |           |         |         |          |
|----------|----|---------|----|-----------|---------|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30 | 29      | 28 | 27        | 26      | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |    |         |    | CMPD      |         |         |          |
| 23       | 22 | 21      | 20 | 19        | 18      | 17      | 16       |
| CMPD     |    |         |    |           |         |         |          |
| 15       | 14 | 13      | 12 | 11        | 10      | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |    |         |    | CMPMATCNT |         |         |          |
| 7        | 6  | 5       | 4  | 3         | 2       | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved |    | CMPSMPL |    |           | CMPCOND | ADCMPIE | ADCMP_EN |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:28] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [27:16] | CMPD        | <b>Comparison Data</b><br>The 12 bits data is used to compare with the conversion result of specified SAMPLE. Software can use it to monitor the external analog input pin voltage transition without imposing a load on software.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [15:12] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [11:8]  | CMPMATCNT   | <b>Compare Match Count</b><br>When the specified A/D SAMPLE analog conversion result matches the compare condition defined by CMPCOND, the internal match counter will increase 1. When the internal counter reaches the value to (CMPMATCNT +1), the ADCMPFn(ADSR1[7:6], n=0, 1) bit will be set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [7:6]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [5:3]   | CMPSMPL     | <b>Compare SAMPLE Selection</b><br>000 = SAMPLEA0 conversion result ADDR0 is selected to be compared.<br>001 = SAMPLEA1 conversion result ADDR1 is selected to be compared.<br>010 = SAMPLEA2 conversion result ADDR2 is selected to be compared.<br>011 = SAMPLEA3 conversion result ADDR3 is selected to be compared.<br>100 = SAMPLEB0 conversion result ADDR0 is selected to be compared.<br>101 = SAMPLEB1 conversion result ADDR1 is selected to be compared.<br>110 = SAMPLEB2 conversion result ADDR2 is selected to be compared.<br>111 = SAMPLEB3 conversion result ADDR3 is selected to be compared. |

| Bits | Description     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [2]  | <b>CMPCOND</b>  | <p><b>Compare Condition</b></p> <p>0= Set the compare condition as that when a 12-bit A/D conversion result is less than the 12-bit CMPD(ADCMPRn[27:16], n=0, 1), the internal match counter will increase one.</p> <p>1= Set the compare condition as that when a 12-bit A/D conversion result is greater or equal to the 12-bit CMPD(ADCMPRn[27:16] , n=0, 1), the internal match counter will increase one.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> When the internal counter reaches the value to (CMPMATCNT +1), the ADCMPFn(ADSR1[7:6], n=0, 1) bit will be set.</p> |
| [1]  | <b>ADCMPIE</b>  | <p><b>A/D Result Compare Interrupt Enable Bit</b></p> <p>0 = Compare function interrupt Disabled.</p> <p>1 = Compare function interrupt Enabled.</p> <p>If the compare function is enabled and the compare condition matches the setting of CMPCOND and CMPMATCNT, ADCMPFn(ADSR1[7:6], n=0, 1) bit will be asserted, in the meanwhile, if ADCMPIE is set to 1, a compare interrupt request is generated.</p>                                                                                                                                           |
| [0]  | <b>ADCMP_EN</b> | <p><b>A/D Result Compare Enable Bit</b></p> <p>0 = Compare Disabled.</p> <p>1 = Compare Enabled.</p> <p>Set this bit to 1 to enable compare CMPD with specified SAMPLE conversion result when converted data is loaded into ADDRAn and ADDRbN(n=0~3) register.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

### A/D Status Register 0 (ADSR0)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| ADSR0    | EADC_BA+0xB0 | R   | A/D Status Register 0 | 0x0000_0000 |

|         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31      | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| OVERRUN |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23      | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| OVERRUN |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15      | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| VALID   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| VALID   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                   |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | OVERRUN     | <b>ADDRB7~0 over Run Flag</b><br>It is a mirror to OVERRUN bit in SAMPLEB A/D result data register ADDRBN, n=0~7. |
| [23:16] | OVERRUN     | <b>ADDRA7~0 over Run Flag</b><br>It is a mirror to OVERRUN bit in SAMPLEA A/D result data register ADDRAN, n=0~7. |
| [15:8]  | VALID       | <b>ADDRB7~0 Data Valid Flag</b><br>It is a mirror of VALID bit in SAMPLEB A/D result data register ADDRBN, n=0~7. |
| [7:0]   | VALID       | <b>ADDRA7~0 Data Valid Flag</b><br>It is a mirror of VALID bit in SAMPLEA A/D result data register ADDRAN, n=0~7. |

### A/D Status Register 1 (ADSR1)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description           | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------|-------------|
| ADSR1    | EADC_BA+0xB4 | R/W | A/D Status Register 1 | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28       | 27       | 26     | 25     | 24     |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Reserved |          |          |          | AOVERRUN | AVALID | ASPOVF | AADFOV |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20       | 19       | 18     | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved | CHANNELB |          |          | Reserved |        |        | BUSYB  |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10     | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved | CHANNELA |          |          | Reserved |        |        | BUSYA  |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2      | 1      | 0      |
| ADCM PF1 | ADCM PF0 | ADCM PO1 | ADCM PO0 | ADF3     | ADF2   | ADF1   | ADF0   |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:28] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [27]    | AOVERRUN    | <b>All SAMPLE A/D Result Data Register over Run Flags Check</b><br>0 = None of SAMPLE data register over run flag OVERRUNn is set to 1.<br>1 = Any one of SAMPLE data register over run flag OVERRUNn is set to 1.<br>This bit will keep 1 when any OVERRUNn Flag is equal to 1. OVERRUNn = OVERRUN(ADDRAn[16], ADDRn[16], n=0~7). |
| [26]    | AVALID      | <b>All SAMPLE A/D Result Data Register ADDR Data Valid Flag Check</b><br>0 = None of SAMPLE data register valid flag VALIDn is set to 1.<br>1 = Any one of SAMPLE data register valid flag VALIDn is set to 1.<br>This bit will keep 1 when any VALIDn Flag is equal to 1. VALIDn = VALID(ADDRAn[17], ADDRn[17], n=0~7).           |
| [25]    | ASPOVF      | <b>All A/D SAMPLE Start Conversion over Run Flags Check</b><br>0 = None of SAMPLE event over run flag SPOVF is set to 1.<br>1 = Any one of SAMPLE event over run flag SPOVF is set to 1.<br>This bit will keep 1 when any SPOVF Flag is equal to 1. SPOVF = SPOVF(ADSPOVFR[n], n=0~15).                                            |
| [24]    | AADFOV      | <b>All A/D Interrupt Flag over Run Bits Check</b><br>0 = None of ADINT interrupt flag ADFOVn is overwritten to 1.<br>1 = Any one of ADINT interrupt flag ADFOVn is overwritten to 1.<br>This bit will keep 1 when any ADFOVn Flag is equal to 1. ADFOVn = ADFOV(ADIFOVR[n], n=0~3).                                                |
| [23]    | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [22:20] | CHANNELB    | <b>Current Conversion Channel (Read Only)</b><br>This field reflects ADCB current conversion channel when BUSYB=1. When BUSYB=0, it shows the last converted channel.<br>000 = AINB[0].<br>001 = AINB[1].<br>010 = AINB[2].<br>011 = AINB[3].<br>100 = AINB[4].<br>101 = AINB[5].<br>110 = AINB[6].<br>111 = AINB[7].      |
| [19:17] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [16]    | BUSYB       | <b>BUSY/IDLE (Read Only)</b><br>0 = A/D converter B (ADCB) is in idle state.<br>1 = A/D converter B (ADCB) is busy at conversion.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [14:12] | CHANNELA    | <b>Current Conversion Channel (Read Only)</b><br>This field reflects ADCA current conversion channel when BUSYA=1. When BUSYA=0, it shows the last converted channel.<br>000 = AINA[0].<br>001 = AINA[1].<br>010 = AINA[2].<br>011 = AINA[3].<br>100 = AINA[4].<br>101 = AINA[5].<br>110 = AINA[6].<br>111 = AINA[7].      |
| [11:9]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| [8]     | BUSYA       | <b>BUSY/IDLE (Read Only)</b><br>0 = A/D converter A (ADCA) is in idle state.<br>1 = A/D converter A (ADCA) is busy at conversion.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| [7]     | ADCMPPF1    | <b>ADC Compare 1 Flag</b><br>When the specific SAMPLE A/D conversion result meets setting condition in ADCMPR1 register then this bit is set to 1. And it is cleared by write 1.<br>0 = Conversion result in ADDR does not meet ADCMPR1 register setting.<br>1 = Conversion result in ADDR meets ADCMPR1 register setting. |
| [6]     | ADCMPPF0    | <b>ADC Compare 0 Flag</b><br>When the specific SAMPLE A/D conversion result meets setting condition in ADCMPR0 register then this bit is set to 1. And it is cleared by write 1.<br>0 = Conversion result in ADDR does not meet ADCMPR0 register setting.<br>1 = Conversion result in ADDR meets ADCMPR0 register setting. |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [5]  | ADCMPO1     | <b>ADC Compare 1 Output Status Bit</b><br>The 12 bits compare1 data CMPD(ADCMPR1[27:16]) is used to compare with conversion result of specified SAMPLE. Software can use it to monitor the external analog input pin voltage status.<br>0 = Conversion result in ADDR less than CMPD(ADCMPR1[27:16]) setting.<br>1 = Conversion result in ADDR great than or equal CMPD(ADCMPR1[27:16]) setting.       |
| [4]  | ADCMPO0     | <b>ADC Compare 0 Output Status Bit</b><br>The 12 bits compare0 data CMPD(ADCMPR0[27:16]) is used to compare with conversion result of specified SAMPLE. Software can use it to monitor the external analog input pin voltage status.<br>0 = Conversion result in ADDR is less than CMPD(ADCMPR0[27:16]) setting.<br>1 = Conversion result in ADDR is great than or equal CMPD(ADCMPR0[27:16]) setting. |
| [3]  | ADF3        | <b>A/D ADINT3 Interrupt Flag</b><br>0 = No ADINT3 interrupt pulse received.<br>1 = ADINT3 interrupt pulse received.<br><b>Note1:</b> It is cleared by writing 1.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit indicates whether an A/D conversion of specific SAMPLE has been completed                                                                                                                                   |
| [2]  | ADF2        | <b>A/D ADINT2 Interrupt Flag</b><br>0 = No ADINT2 interrupt pulse received.<br>1 = ADINT2 interrupt pulse received.<br><b>Note1:</b> It is cleared by writing 1.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit indicates whether an A/D conversion of specific SAMPLE has been completed.                                                                                                                                  |
| [1]  | ADF1        | <b>A/D ADINT1 Interrupt Flag</b><br>0 = no ADINT1 interrupt pulse received.<br>1 = ADINT1 interrupt pulse has been received.<br><b>Note1:</b> It is cleared by writing 1.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit indicates whether an A/D conversion of specific SAMPLE has been completed.                                                                                                                         |
| [0]  | ADF0        | <b>A/D ADINT0 Interrupt Flag</b><br>0 = No ADINT0 interrupt pulse received.<br>1 = ADINT0 interrupt pulse received.<br><b>Note1:</b> It is cleared by writing 1.<br><b>Note2:</b> This bit indicates whether an A/D conversion of specific SAMPLE has been completed.                                                                                                                                  |

### A/D Timing Control Register (ADTCR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                 | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|
| ADTCR    | EADC_BA+0xB8 | R/W | A/D Timing Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| ADBEST   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9  | 8  |
| Reserved |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
| ADAEST   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:24] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [23:16] | ADBEST      | <b>ADCB Extend Sampling Time</b><br>When A/D converting at high conversion rate, the sampling time of analog input voltage may not enough if input channel loading is heavy, User can extend A/D sampling time after trigger source is coming to get enough sampling time.<br>The range of start delay time is from 0~255 ADC clock. |
| [15:8]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| [7:0]   | ADAEST      | <b>ADCA Extend Sampling Time</b><br>When A/D converting at high conversion rate, the sampling time of analog input voltage may not enough if input channel loading is heavy, User can extend A/D sampling time after trigger source is coming to get enough sampling time.<br>The range of start delay time is from 0~255 ADC clock. |

### A/D Data Registers double buffer for A/D Data Registers (ADDRDBA0~3, ADDRDBB0~3)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                                  | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADDRDBA0 | EADC_BA+0x100 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA1 | EADC_BA+0x104 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA2 | EADC_BA+0x108 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBA3 | EADC_BA+0x10C | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEA3 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB0 | EADC_BA+0x120 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB1 | EADC_BA+0x124 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB2 | EADC_BA+0x128 | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADDRDBB3 | EADC_BA+0x12C | R   | A/D Data Register double buffer for SAMPLEB3 | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |        |    |    |       |
|----------|----|----|----|--------|----|----|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27     | 26 | 25 | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |    |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19     | 18 | 17 | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |        |    |    | VALID |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11     | 10 | 9  | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    | RSLTDB |    |    |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3      | 2  | 1  | 0     |
| RSLTDB   |    |    |    |        |    |    |       |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:17] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [16]    | <b>Valid Flag</b><br>0 = Double data in RSLTDB[11:0] bits is not valid.<br>1 = Double data in RSLTDB[11:0] bits is valid.<br>This bit is set to 1 when corresponding SAMPLE channel analog input conversion is completed and cleared by hardware after ADDRDBAn and ADDRDBBn register is read.(n=0~3). |
| [15:12] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [11:0]  | <b>A/D Conversion Result</b><br>This field contains 12 bits conversion result if the corresponding DBMAn (n=0~3, ADDRDBM[3:0]) or DBMBn(n=0~3, ADDRDBM[11:8]) is set.                                                                                                                                  |

### A/D Double Buffer Mode select (ADDBM)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| ADDBM    | EADC_BA+0x130 | R/W | A/D Double Buffer Mode select | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |    |    |       |       |       |       |
|----------|----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27    | 26    | 25    | 24    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |       |       |       |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19    | 18    | 17    | 16    |
| Reserved |    |    |    |       |       |       |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11    | 10    | 9     | 8     |
| Reserved |    |    |    | DBMB3 | DBMB2 | DBMB1 | DBMB0 |
| 7        | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3     | 2     | 1     | 0     |
| Reserved |    |    |    | DBMA3 | DBMA2 | DBMA1 | DBMA0 |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:12] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                           |
| [11]    | DBMB3       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE B3</b><br>0 = SampleB3 has one sample result register. (default)<br>1 = SampleB3 has two sample result registers.  |
| [10]    | DBMB2       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE B2</b><br>0 = SampleB2 has one sample result register. (default).<br>1 = SampleB2 has two sample result registers. |
| [9]     | DBMB1       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE B1</b><br>0 = SampleB1 has one sample result register. (default).<br>1 = SampleB1 has two sample result registers. |
| [8]     | DBMB0       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE B0</b><br>0 = SampleB0 has one sample result register. (default)<br>1 = SampleB0 has two sample result registers.  |
| [7:4]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                           |
| [3]     | DBMA3       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE A3</b><br>0 = SampleA3 has one sample result register. (default).<br>1 = SampleA3 has two sample result registers. |
| [2]     | DBMA2       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE A2</b><br>0 = SampleA2 has one sample result register. (default).<br>1 = SampleA2 has two sample result registers. |
| [1]     | DBMA1       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE A1</b><br>0 = SampleA1 has one sample result register. (default).<br>1 = SampleA1 has two sample result registers. |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                     |
|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [0]  | DBMA0       | <b>Double Buffer Mode for SAMPLE A0</b><br>0 = SampleA0 has one sample result register. (default).<br>1 = SampleA0 has two sample result registers. |

### A/D interrupt Source Enable Control Register (ADINT0SRCTL ~ ADINT3SRCTL)

| Register    | Offset        | R/W | Description                                     | Reset Value |
|-------------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ADINT0SRCTL | EADC_BA+0x134 | R/W | A/D interrupt 0 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADINT1SRCTL | EADC_BA+0x138 | R/W | A/D interrupt 1 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADINT2SRCTL | EADC_BA+0x13C | R/W | A/D interrupt 2 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |
| ADINT3SRCTL | EADC_BA+0x140 | R/W | A/D interrupt 3 Source Enable Control Register. | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 31       | 30      | 29      | 28      | 27      | 26      | 25      | 24      |
| Reserved |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| 23       | 22      | 21      | 20      | 19      | 18      | 17      | 16      |
| Reserved |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| 15       | 14      | 13      | 12      | 11      | 10      | 9       | 8       |
| IESPLB7  | IESPLB6 | IESPLB5 | IESPLB4 | IESPLB3 | IESPLB2 | IESPLB1 | IESPLB0 |
| 7        | 6       | 5       | 4       | 3       | 2       | 1       | 0       |
| IESPLA7  | IESPLA6 | IESPLA5 | IESPLA4 | IESPLA3 | IESPLA2 | IESPLA1 | IESPLA0 |

| Bits    | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:16] | Reserved                                                                                                                                        |
| [15]    | <b>IESPLB7</b><br><b>SAMPLE B7 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B7 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B7 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [14]    | <b>IESPLB6</b><br><b>SAMPLE B6 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B6 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B6 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [13]    | <b>IESPLB5</b><br><b>SAMPLE B5 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B5 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B5 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [12]    | <b>IESPLB4</b><br><b>SAMPLE B4 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B4 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B4 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [11]    | <b>IESPLB3</b><br><b>SAMPLE B3 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B3 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B3 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [10]    | <b>IESPLB2</b><br><b>SAMPLE B2 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B2 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B2 interrupt mask Enabled. |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                               |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [9]  | IESPLB1     | <b>SAMPLE B1 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B1 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B1 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [8]  | IESPLB0     | <b>SAMPLE B0 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE B0 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE B0 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [7]  | IESPLA7     | <b>SAMPLE A7 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A7 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A7 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [6]  | IESPLA6     | <b>SAMPLE A6 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A6 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A6 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [5]  | IESPLA5     | <b>SAMPLE A5 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A5 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A5 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [4]  | IESPLA4     | <b>SAMPLE A4 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A4 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A4 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [3]  | IESPLA3     | <b>SAMPLE A3 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A3 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A3 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [2]  | IESPLA2     | <b>SAMPLE A2 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A2 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A2 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [1]  | IESPLA1     | <b>SAMPLE A1 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A1 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A1 interrupt mask Enabled. |
| [0]  | IESPLA0     | <b>SAMPLE A0 Interrupt Mask Enable Bit</b><br>0 = SAMPLE A0 interrupt mask Disabled.<br>1 = SAMPLE A0 interrupt mask Enabled. |

### A/D SAMPLE Trigger Condition Enable Control Register (SMPTRGA0~ SMPTRGA3, SMPTRGB0~ SMPTRGB3)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                        | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| SMPTRGA0 | EADC_BA+0x144 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA1 | EADC_BA+0x148 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA2 | EADC_BA+0x14C | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGA3 | EADC_BA+0x150 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEA3 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB0 | EADC_BA+0x154 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB0 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB1 | EADC_BA+0x158 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB1 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB2 | EADC_BA+0x15C | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB2 | 0x0000_0000 |
| SMPTRGB3 | EADC_BA+0x160 | R/W | A/D trigger condition for SAMPLEB3 | 0x0000_0000 |

| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28       | 27       | 26       | 25       | 24       |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PWM21CEN | PWM21PEN | PWM21FEN | PWM21REN | PWM20CEN | PWM20PEN | PWM20FEN | PWM20REN |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20       | 19       | 18       | 17       | 16       |
| PWM14CEN | PWM14PEN | PWM14FEN | PWM14REN | PWM12CEN | PWM12PEN | PWM12FEN | PWM12REN |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12       | 11       | 10       | 9        | 8        |
| PWM10CEN | PWM10PEN | PWM10FEN | PWM10REN | PWM04CEN | PWM04PEN | PWM04FEN | PWM04REN |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4        | 3        | 2        | 1        | 0        |
| PWM02CEN | PWM02PEN | PWM02FEN | PWM02REN | PWM00CEN | PWM00PEN | PWM00FEN | PWM00REN |

| Bits | Description                                                                                                                                                        |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31] | <b>PWM21CEN</b><br><b>BPWM0_CH1 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 center trigger Enabled.                   |
| [30] | <b>PWM21PEN</b><br><b>BPWM0_CH1 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 period trigger Enabled.                   |
| [29] | <b>PWM21FEN</b><br><b>BPWM0_CH1 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 falling edge trigger Enabled. |
| [28] | <b>PWM21REN</b><br><b>BPWM0_CH1 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH1 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH1 rising edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [27] | <b>PWM20CEN</b><br><b>BPWM0_CH0 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 center trigger Enabled.                   |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                                 |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [26] | PWM20PEN    | <b>BPWM0_CH0 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 period trigger Enabled.                   |
| [25] | PWM20FEN    | <b>BPWM0_CH0 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 falling edge trigger Enabled. |
| [24] | PWM20REN    | <b>BPWM0_CH0 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = BPWM0_CH0 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = BPWM0_CH0 rising edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [23] | PWM14CEN    | <b>PWM1_CH4 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH4 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH4 center trigger Enabled.                      |
| [22] | PWM14PEN    | <b>PWM1_CH4 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH4 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH4 period trigger Enabled.                      |
| [21] | PWM14FEN    | <b>PWM1_CH4 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH4 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH4 falling edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [20] | PWM14REN    | <b>PWM1_CH4 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH4 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH4 rising edge trigger Enabled.       |
| [19] | PWM12CEN    | <b>PWM1_CH2 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH2 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH2 center trigger Enabled.                      |
| [18] | PWM12PEN    | <b>PWM1_CH2 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH2 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH2 period trigger Enabled.                      |
| [17] | PWM12FEN    | <b>PWM1_CH2 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH2 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH2 falling edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [16] | PWM12REN    | <b>PWM1_CH2 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH2 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH2 rising edge trigger Enabled.       |
| [15] | PWM10CEN    | <b>PWM1_CH0 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH0 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH0 center trigger Enabled.                      |
| [14] | PWM10PEN    | <b>PWM1_CH0 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH0 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH0 period trigger Enabled.                      |
| [13] | PWM10FEN    | <b>PWM1_CH0 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH0 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH0 falling edge trigger Enabled.    |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                                                              |
|------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [12] | PWM10REN    | <b>PWM1_CH0 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM1_CH0 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM1_CH0 rising edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [11] | PWM04CEN    | <b>PWM0_CH4 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH4 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH4 center trigger Enabled.                   |
| [10] | PWM04PEN    | <b>PWM0_CH4 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH4 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH4 period trigger Enabled.                   |
| [9]  | PWM04FEN    | <b>PWM0_CH4 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH4 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH4 falling edge trigger Enabled. |
| [8]  | PWM04REN    | <b>PWM0_CH4 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH4 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH4 rising edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [7]  | PWM02CEN    | <b>PWM0_CH2 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH2 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH2 center trigger Enabled.                   |
| [6]  | PWM02PEN    | <b>PWM0_CH2 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH2 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH2 period trigger Enabled.                   |
| [5]  | PWM02FEN    | <b>PWM0_CH2 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH2 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH2 falling edge trigger Enabled. |
| [4]  | PWM02REN    | <b>PWM0_CH2 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH2 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH2 rising edge trigger Enabled.    |
| [3]  | PWM00CEN    | <b>PWM0_CH0 Center Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH0 center trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH0 center trigger Enabled.                   |
| [2]  | PWM00PEN    | <b>PWM0_CH0 Period Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH0 period trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH0 period trigger Enabled.                   |
| [1]  | PWM00FEN    | <b>PWM0_CH0 Falling Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH0 falling edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH0 falling edge trigger Enabled. |
| [0]  | PWM00REN    | <b>PWM0_CH0 Rising Edge Trigger Enable Bit</b><br>0 = PWM0_CH0 rising edge trigger Disabled.<br>1 = PWM0_CH0 rising edge trigger Enabled.    |

## 6.17 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

### 6.17.1 Overview

The NuMicro® M0519 Series contains three comparators. The comparator output is logic 1 when positive input voltage is greater than negative input voltage; otherwise the output is logic 0. Each comparator can be configured to cause an interrupt when the comparator output value changes. The block diagram is shown in Figure 6-144.

### 6.17.2 Features

- Analog input voltage range: 0~  $AV_{DD}$
- Supports hysteresis function
- Supports wake-up function
- Supports comparator output inverse function
- Supports the comparator output can be the brake source for EPWM function
- ACMP0 supports
  - 2 positive sources: ACMP0\_P and OP0\_O
  - 2 negative sources: ACMP0\_N and Internal band-gap voltage ( $V_{BG}$ )
- ACMP1 supports
  - 2 positive sources: ACMP1\_P and OP1\_O
  - 2 negative sources: ACMP1\_N and Internal band-gap voltage ( $V_{BG}$ )
- ACMP2 supports
  - 1 positive sources: ACMP2\_P
  - 2 negative sources: ACMP2\_N and Internal band-gap voltage ( $V_{BG}$ )
- Shares one ACMP interrupt vector for all comparators

### 6.17.3 Block Diagram

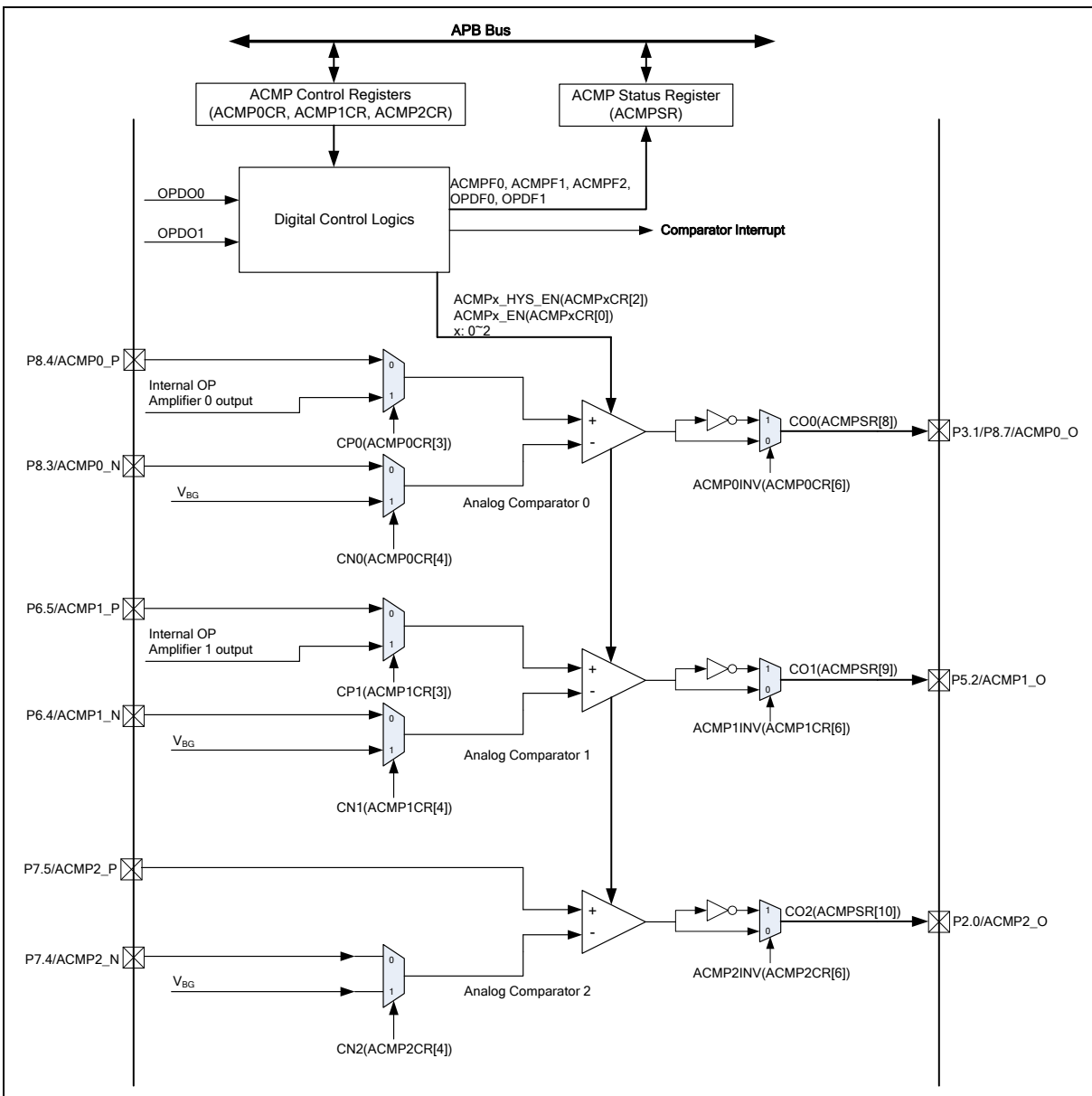


Figure 6-144 Analog Comparator Block Diagram

### 6.17.4 Basic Configuration

ACMP clock source is PCLK and can be enabled by setting ACMP\_EN (APBCLK[22]). The ACMP pin functions are configured in P2\_MFP, P3\_MFP, P5\_MFP, P6\_MFP, P7\_MFP and P8\_MFP registers. It is recommended to disable the digital input path of the analog input pins to avoid the leakage current. The digital input path can be disabled by configuring P6\_OFFD, P7\_OFFD and P8\_OFFD registers.

## 6.17.5 Functional Description

### 6.17.5.1 Interrupt Sources

The output of comparators are sampled by PCLK and reflected at CO0 (ACMPSR[8]), CO1 (ACMPSR[9]) and CO2 (ACMPSR[10]). If ACMPIEx (ACMPxCR[1]) is set to 1, the comparator interrupt will be enabled. As the output state of comparator is changed, the comparator interrupt will be asserted and the corresponding flag, ACMPF<sub>x</sub> (ACMPSR[x]), will be set. Software can clear the flag to 0 by writing 1 to it.

OPDF0 (ACMPSR[4]), OPDF1 (ACMPSR[5]) interrupt flags are set respectively by hardware whenever the OP0 and OP1 amplifier Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer output change states. Software can clear the flag to 0 by writing 1 to it.

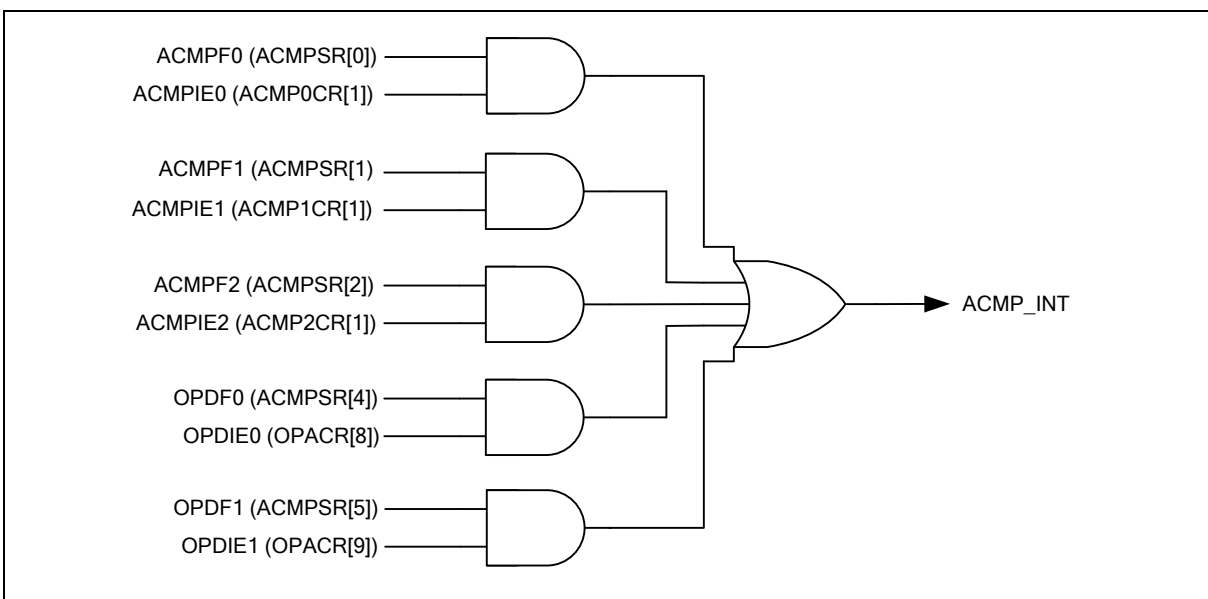


Figure 6-145 Analog Comparator Controller Interrupt

### 6.17.5.2 Hysteresis Function

The analog comparator provides hysteresis function to make the comparator output transition more stable. If comparator output is 0, it will not change to 1 until the positive input voltage exceeds the negative input voltage by a positive hysteresis voltage. Similarly, if comparator output is 1, it will not change to 0 until the positive input voltage drops below the negative input voltage by a negative hysteresis voltage.

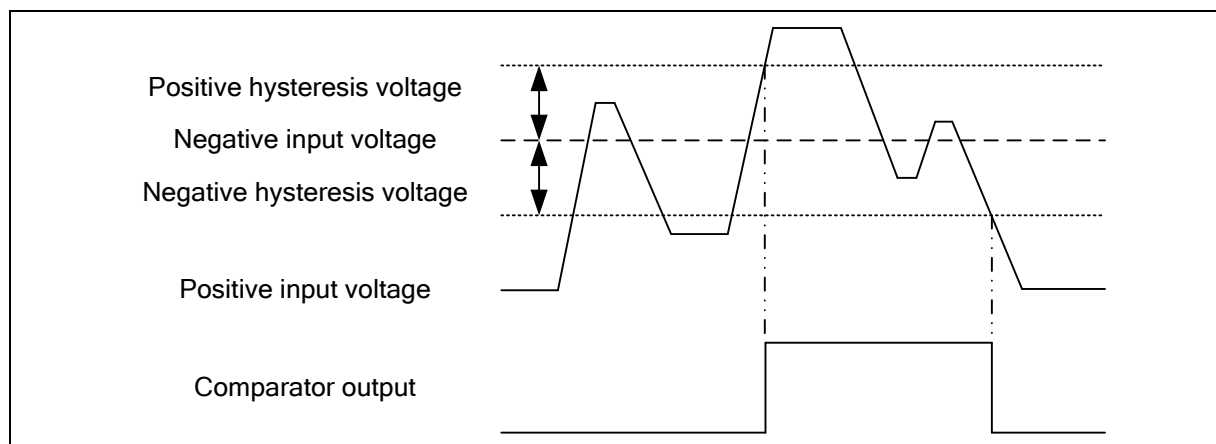


Figure 6-146 Comparator Hysteresis function

### 6.17.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write, C: Only value 0 can be written

| Register                                    | Offset       | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| ACMP Base Address:<br>ACMP_BA = 0x400D_0000 |              |     |                                      |             |
| ACMP0CR                                     | ACMP_BA+0x00 | R/W | Analog Comparator 0 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ACMP1CR                                     | ACMP_BA+0x04 | R/W | Analog Comparator 1 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ACMP2CR                                     | ACMP_BA+0x08 | R/W | Analog Comparator 2 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| ACMPSR                                      | ACMP_BA+0x0C | R/W | Analog Comparator Status Register    | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.17.7 Register Description

#### Analog CMP 0 Control Register (ACMP0CR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| ACMP0CR  | ACMP_BA+0x00 | R/W | Analog Comparator 0 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|--------------|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28  | 27  | 26           | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20  | 19  | 18           | 17      | 16       |
| Reserved |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12  | 11  | 10           | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4   | 3   | 2            | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved | ACMP0INV | Reserved | CN0 | CP0 | ACMP0_HYS_EN | ACMPIE0 | ACMP0_EN |

| Bits   | Description  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [6]    | ACMP0INV     | <b>Analog Comparator 0 Output Inverse Select</b><br>0 = The comparator output inverse function Disabled.<br>1 = The comparator output inverse function Enabled.                                                                                 |
| [5]    | Reserved     | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| [4]    | CN0          | <b>Analog Comparator 0 Negative Input Select</b><br>0 = The comparator reference pin P8.3/ACMP0_N is selected as the negative comparator input.<br>1 = The internal band-gap voltage ( $V_{BG}$ ) is selected as the negative comparator input. |
| [3]    | CP0          | <b>Analog Comparator 0 Positive Input Select</b><br>0 = The comparator reference pin P8.4/ACMP0_P is selected as the positive comparator input.<br>1 = The internal OP amplifier 0 output is selected as the positive comparator input.         |
| [2]    | ACMP0_HYS_EN | <b>CMP Hysteresis Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Hysteresis function Disabled.<br>1 = Hysteresis function Enabled.                                                                                                                                       |
| [1]    | ACMPIE0      | <b>Analog Comparator 0 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Interrupt function Enabled.                                                                                                                          |
| [0]    | ACMP0_EN     | <b>Analog Comparator 0 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Analog comparator Disabled.<br>1 = Analog comparator Enabled.                                                                                                                                      |

### Analog CMP 1 Control Register (ACMP1CR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| ACMP1CR  | ACMP_BA+0x04 | R/W | Analog Comparator 1 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|--------------|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28  | 27  | 26           | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20  | 19  | 18           | 17      | 16       |
| Reserved |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12  | 11  | 10           | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |          |          |     |     |              |         |          |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4   | 3   | 2            | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved | ACMP1INV | Reserved | CN1 | CP1 | ACMP1_HYS_EN | ACMPIE1 | ACMP1_EN |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [6]    | <b>ACMP1INV</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 1 Output Inverse Select</b><br>0 = The comparator output inverse function Disabled.<br>1 = The comparator output inverse function Enabled.                                                                            |
| [5]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]    | <b>CN1</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 1 Negative Input Select</b><br>0 = The comparator reference pin P6.4/ACMP1_N is selected as the negative comparator input.<br>1 = The internal band-gap voltage ( $V_{BG}$ ) is selected as the negative comparator input. |
| [3]    | <b>CP1</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 1 Positive Input Select</b><br>0 = The comparator reference pin P6.5/ACMP1_P is selected as the positive comparator input.<br>1 = The internal OP amplifier 1 output is selected as the positive comparator input.         |
| [2]    | <b>ACMP1_HYS_EN</b><br><b>CMP Hysteresis Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Hysteresis function Disabled.<br>1 = Hysteresis function Enabled.                                                                                                                              |
| [1]    | <b>ACMPIE1</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 1 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Interrupt function Enabled.                                                                                                                      |
| [0]    | <b>ACMP1_EN</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 1 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Analog comparator Disabled.<br>1 = Analog comparator Enabled.                                                                                                                                 |

### Analog CMP 2 Control Register (ACMP2CR)

| Register | Offset       | R/W | Description                          | Reset Value |
|----------|--------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| ACMP2CR  | ACMP_BA+0x08 | R/W | Analog Comparator 2 Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |          |          |     |          |              |         |          |
|----------|----------|----------|-----|----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| 31       | 30       | 29       | 28  | 27       | 26           | 25      | 24       |
| Reserved |          |          |     |          |              |         |          |
| 23       | 22       | 21       | 20  | 19       | 18           | 17      | 16       |
| Reserved |          |          |     |          |              |         |          |
| 15       | 14       | 13       | 12  | 11       | 10           | 9       | 8        |
| Reserved |          |          |     |          |              |         |          |
| 7        | 6        | 5        | 4   | 3        | 2            | 1       | 0        |
| Reserved | ACMP2INV | Reserved | CN2 | Reserved | ACMP2_HYS_EN | ACMPIE2 | ACMP2_EN |

| Bits   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:7] | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [6]    | <b>ACMP2INV</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 2 Output Inverse Select</b><br>0 = The comparator output inverse function Disabled.<br>1 = The comparator output inverse function Enabled.                                                                            |
| [5]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [4]    | <b>CN2</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 2 Negative Input Select</b><br>0 = The comparator reference pin P7.4/ACMP2_N is selected as the negative comparator input.<br>1 = The internal band-gap voltage ( $V_{BG}$ ) is selected as the negative comparator input. |
| [3]    | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [2]    | <b>ACMP2_HYS_EN</b><br><b>CMP Hysteresis Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Hysteresis function Disabled.<br>1 = Hysteresis function Enabled.                                                                                                                              |
| [1]    | <b>ACMPIE2</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 2 Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = Interrupt function Enabled.                                                                                                                      |
| [0]    | <b>ACMP2_EN</b><br><b>Analog Comparator 2 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = Analog comparator Disabled.<br>1 = Analog comparator Enabled.                                                                                                                                 |

### Analog CMP Status Register (ACMP2SR)

| Register | Offset        | R/W | Description                       | Reset Value |
|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| ACMP2SR  | ACMP2_BA+0x0C | R/W | Analog Comparator Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |       |       |          |        |        |        |
|----------|----|-------|-------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29    | 28    | 27       | 26     | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |       |       |          |        |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21    | 20    | 19       | 18     | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |       |       |          |        |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13    | 12    | 11       | 10     | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |       |       |          | CO2    | CO1    | CO0    |
| 7        | 6  | 5     | 4     | 3        | 2      | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    | OPDF1 | OPDF0 | Reserved | ACMPF2 | ACMPF1 | ACMPF0 |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:11] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [10]    | CO2         | <b>Compare 2 Output</b><br>Synchronized to the PCLK clock to allow reading by software. Cleared when the comparator is disabled (ACMP2_EN = 0).                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [9]     | CO1         | <b>Compare 1 Output</b><br>Synchronized to the PCLK clock to allow reading by software. Cleared when the comparator is disabled (ACMP1_EN = 0).                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [8]     | CO0         | <b>Compare 0 Output</b><br>Synchronized to the PCLK clock to allow reading by software. Cleared when the comparator is disabled (ACMP0_EN = 0).                                                                                                                                                                               |
| [7:6]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [5]     | OPDF1       | <b>OP Amplifier 1 Schmitt Trigger Digital Output Interrupt Flag</b><br>OPDF1 interrupt flag is set by hardware whenever the OP amplifier 1 Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer digital output changes state.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is remapping from OPASR[5] and writing 1 to ACMP2SR[5] or OPASR[5] can clear this bit. |
| [4]     | OPDF0       | <b>OP Amplifier 0 Schmitt Trigger Digital Output Interrupt Flag</b><br>OPDF0 interrupt flag is set by hardware whenever the OP amplifier 0 Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer digital output changes state.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is remapping from OPASR[4] and writing 1 to ACMP2SR[4] or OPASR[4] can clear this bit. |
| [3]     | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| [2]     | ACMPF2      | <b>Compare 2 Flag</b><br>This bit is set by hardware whenever the comparator 2 output changes state. This will cause an interrupt if ACMP2CR[1] is set to 1.<br>Write 1 to clear this bit to 0.                                                                                                                               |

|     |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [1] | ACMPF1 | <b>Compare 1 Flag</b><br>This bit is set by hardware whenever the comparator 1 output changes state. This will cause an interrupt if ACMP1CR[1] is set to 1.<br>Write 1 to clear this bit to 0. |
| [0] | ACMPF0 | <b>Compare 0 Flag</b><br>This bit is set by hardware whenever the comparator 0 output changes state. This will cause an interrupt if ACMP0CR[1] is set to 1.<br>Write 1 to clear this bit to 0. |

## 6.18 OP Amplifier (OPA)

### 6.18.1 Overview

This device integrated two operational amplifiers. It can be enabled through OP0\_EN (OPACR[0]) and OP1\_EN (OPACR[1]) bit. User can measure the output of the OP amplifier through the integrated A/D converter.

### 6.18.2 Features

- Analog input voltage range: 0~AV<sub>DD</sub>
- Supports two analog OP amplifiers
- Supports OP output voltage measurement by A/D converter
- Supports Schmitt trigger buffer outputs and generate interrupt
- OP amplifier 0 output can be an optional input source of integrated comparator 0 positive input
- OP amplifier 1 output can be an optional input source of integrated comparator 1 positive input

### 6.18.3 Block Diagram

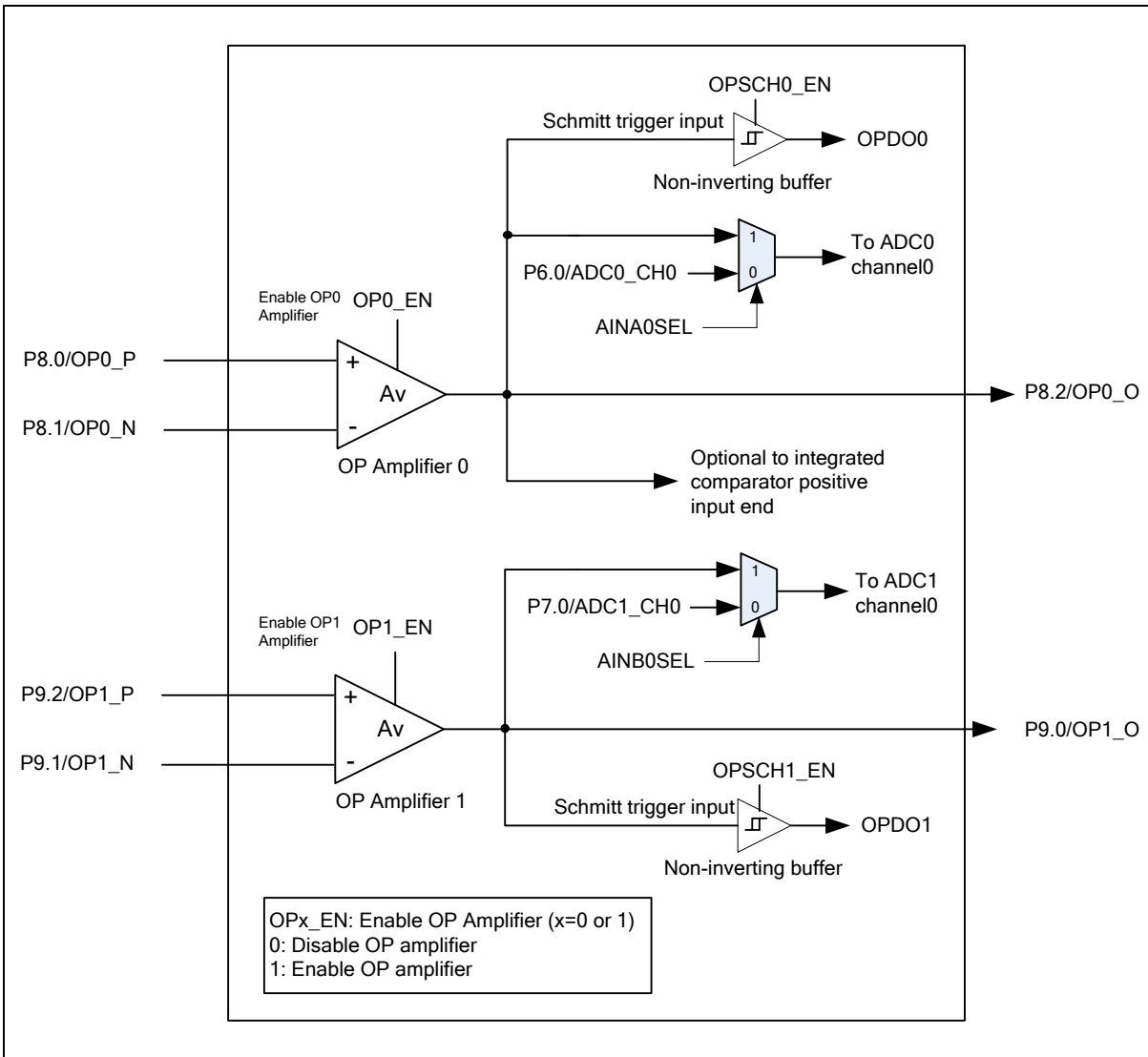


Figure 6-147 OP Amplifier Block Diagram

### 6.18.4 Basic Configuration

OPA clock source is PCLK and can be enabled by setting OPA\_EN (APBCLK[29]). The OPA pin functions are configured in P8\_MFP and P9\_MFP registers. It is recommended to disable the digital input path of the analog input pins to avoid the leakage current. The digital input path can be disabled by configuring P8\_OFFD and P9\_OFFD registers.

### 6.18.5 Interrupt Sources

The OPDF0 (OPASR[4]), OPDF1 (OPASR[5]) interrupt flags are set respectively by hardware whenever the OP0, 1 amplifier Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer output change states. The flag bit is cleared by writing 1 to itself. Schmitt trigger buffer outputs of the OP amplifier0, 1 can be one of the comparator interrupt sources.

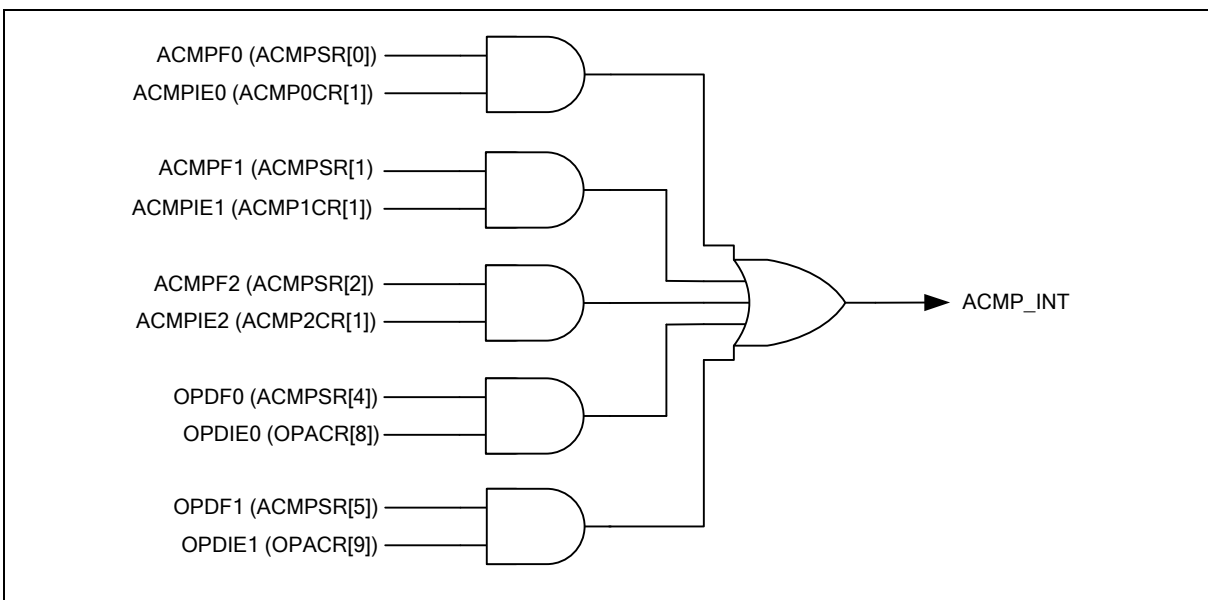


Figure 6-148 OP Amplifier Interrupt Flags for Analog Comparator Interrupt

### 6.18.6 Register Map

R: read only, W: write only, R/W: both read and write, C: Only value 0 can be written

| Register                                  | Offset      | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| OPA Base Address:<br>OPA_BA = 0x400F_0000 |             |     |                               |             |
| OPACR                                     | OPA_BA+0x00 | R/W | OP Amplifier Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |
| OPASR                                     | OPA_BA+0x04 | R/W | OP Amplifier Status Register  | 0x0000_0000 |

### 6.18.7 Register Description

#### OPA Control Register (OPACR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                   | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------|
| OPACR    | OPA_BA+0x00 | R/W | OP Amplifier Control Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |           |           |          |    |        |        |
|----------|----|-----------|-----------|----------|----|--------|--------|
| 31       | 30 | 29        | 28        | 27       | 26 | 25     | 24     |
| Reserved |    |           |           |          |    |        |        |
| 23       | 22 | 21        | 20        | 19       | 18 | 17     | 16     |
| Reserved |    |           |           |          |    |        |        |
| 15       | 14 | 13        | 12        | 11       | 10 | 9      | 8      |
| Reserved |    |           |           |          |    | OPDIE1 | OPDIE0 |
| 7        | 6  | 5         | 4         | 3        | 2  | 1      | 0      |
| Reserved |    | OPSCH1_EN | OPSCH0_EN | Reserved |    | OP1_EN | OP0_EN |

| Bits    | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:10] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [9]     | OPDIE1      | <b>OP Amplifier 1 Schmitt Trigger Digital Output Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OP Amplifier 1 digital output interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 1 digital output interrupt function Enabled.<br>The OPDF1 interrupt flag is set by hardware whenever the OP amplifier 1 Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer digital output changes state, in the meanwhile, if OPDIE1 is set to 1, a comparator interrupt request is generated. |
| [8]     | OPDIE0      | <b>OP Amplifier 0 Schmitt Trigger Digital Output Interrupt Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OP Amplifier 0 digital output interrupt function Disabled.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 0 digital output interrupt function Enabled.<br>The OPDF0 interrupt flag is set by hardware whenever the OP amplifier 0 Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer digital output changes state, in the meanwhile, if OPDIE0 is set to 1, a comparator interrupt request is generated. |
| [7:6]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [5]     | OPSCH1_EN   | <b>OP Amplifier 1 Schmitt Trigger Non-inverting Buffer Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OP Amplifier 1 Schmitt trigger Disabled.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 1 Schmitt trigger Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [4]     | OPSCH0_EN   | <b>OP Amplifier 0 Schmitt Trigger Non-inverting Buffer Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OP Amplifier 0 Schmitt trigger Disabled.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 0 Schmitt trigger Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [3:2]   | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| [1]     | OP1_EN      | <b>OP Amplifier 1 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OP Amplifier 1 Disabled.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 1 Enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

| Bits | Description |                                                                                                 |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [0]  | OP0_EN      | <b>OP Amplifier 0 Enable Bit</b><br>0 = OP Amplifier 0 Disabled.<br>1 = OP Amplifier 0 Enabled. |

### OPA Status Register (OPASR)

| Register | Offset      | R/W | Description                  | Reset Value |
|----------|-------------|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| OPASR    | OPA_BA+0x04 | R/W | OP Amplifier Status Register | 0x0000_0000 |

|          |    |       |       |          |    |       |       |
|----------|----|-------|-------|----------|----|-------|-------|
| 31       | 30 | 29    | 28    | 27       | 26 | 25    | 24    |
| Reserved |    |       |       |          |    |       |       |
| 23       | 22 | 21    | 20    | 19       | 18 | 17    | 16    |
| Reserved |    |       |       |          |    |       |       |
| 15       | 14 | 13    | 12    | 11       | 10 | 9     | 8     |
| Reserved |    |       |       |          |    |       |       |
| 7        | 6  | 5     | 4     | 3        | 2  | 1     | 0     |
| Reserved |    | OPDF1 | OPDF0 | Reserved |    | OPDO1 | OPDO0 |

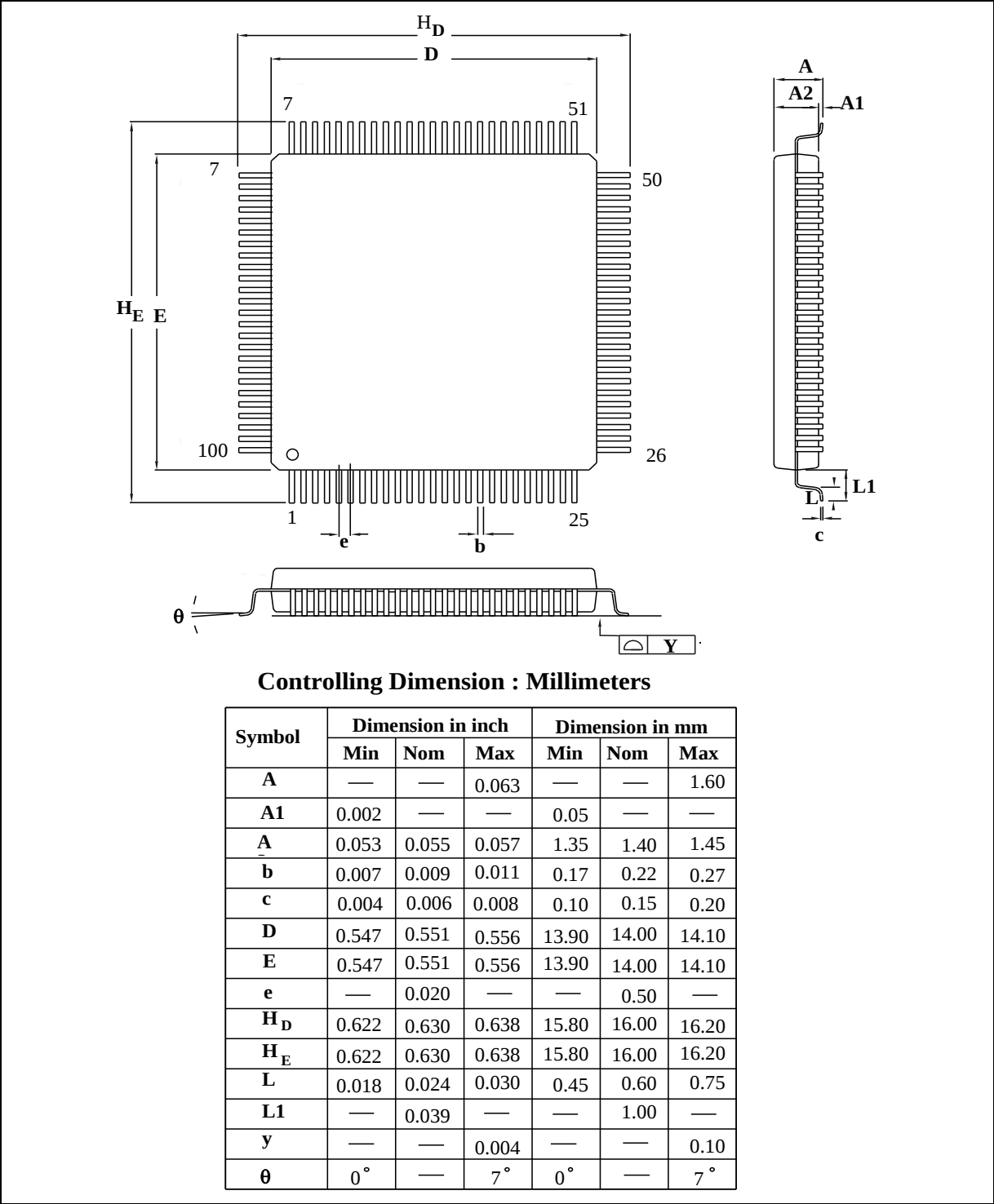
| Bits   | Description |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [31:6] | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [5]    | OPDF1       | <b>OP Amplifier 1 Schmitt Trigger Digital Output Interrupt Flag</b><br>OPDF1 interrupt flag is set by hardware whenever the OP amplifier 1 Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer digital output changes state.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it. |
| [4]    | OPDF0       | <b>OP Amplifier 0 Schmitt Trigger Digital Output Interrupt Flag</b><br>OPDF0 interrupt flag is set by hardware whenever the OP amplifier 0 Schmitt trigger non-inverting buffer digital output changes state.<br><b>Note:</b> This bit is cleared by writing 1 to it. |
| [3:2]  | Reserved    | Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [1]    | OPDO1       | <b>OP Amplifier 1 Digital Output</b><br>Synchronized to the APB clock to allow reading by software. Cleared when the Schmitt trigger buffer is disabled (OPSCH1_EN = 0).                                                                                              |
| [0]    | OPDO0       | <b>OP Amplifier 0 Digital Output</b><br>Synchronized to the APB clock to allow reading by software. Cleared when the Schmitt trigger buffer is disabled (OPSCH0_EN = 0).                                                                                              |

## 7 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

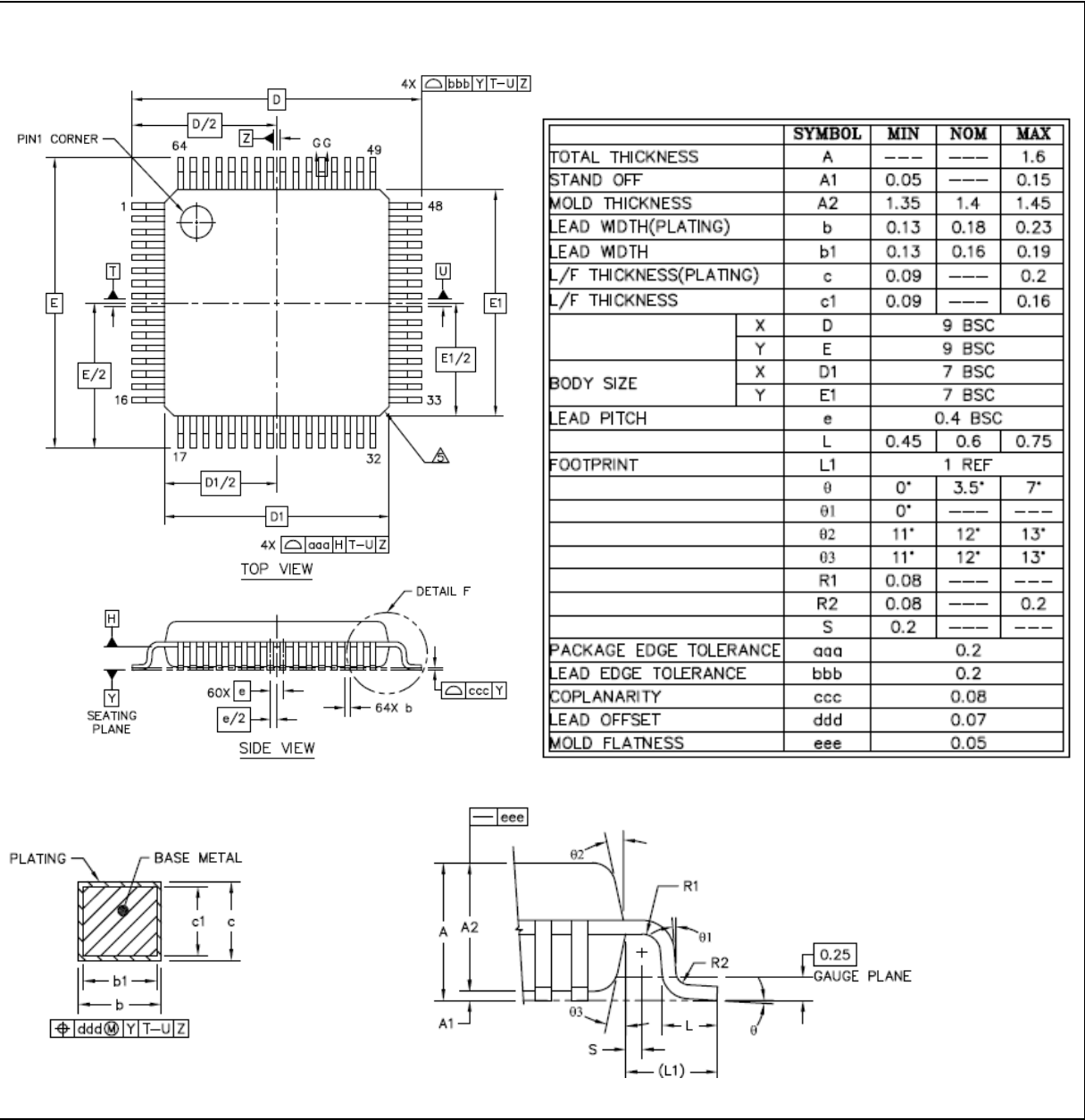
For information on the M0519 series electrical characteristics, please refer to NuMicro® M0519 Series Datasheet.

8 PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

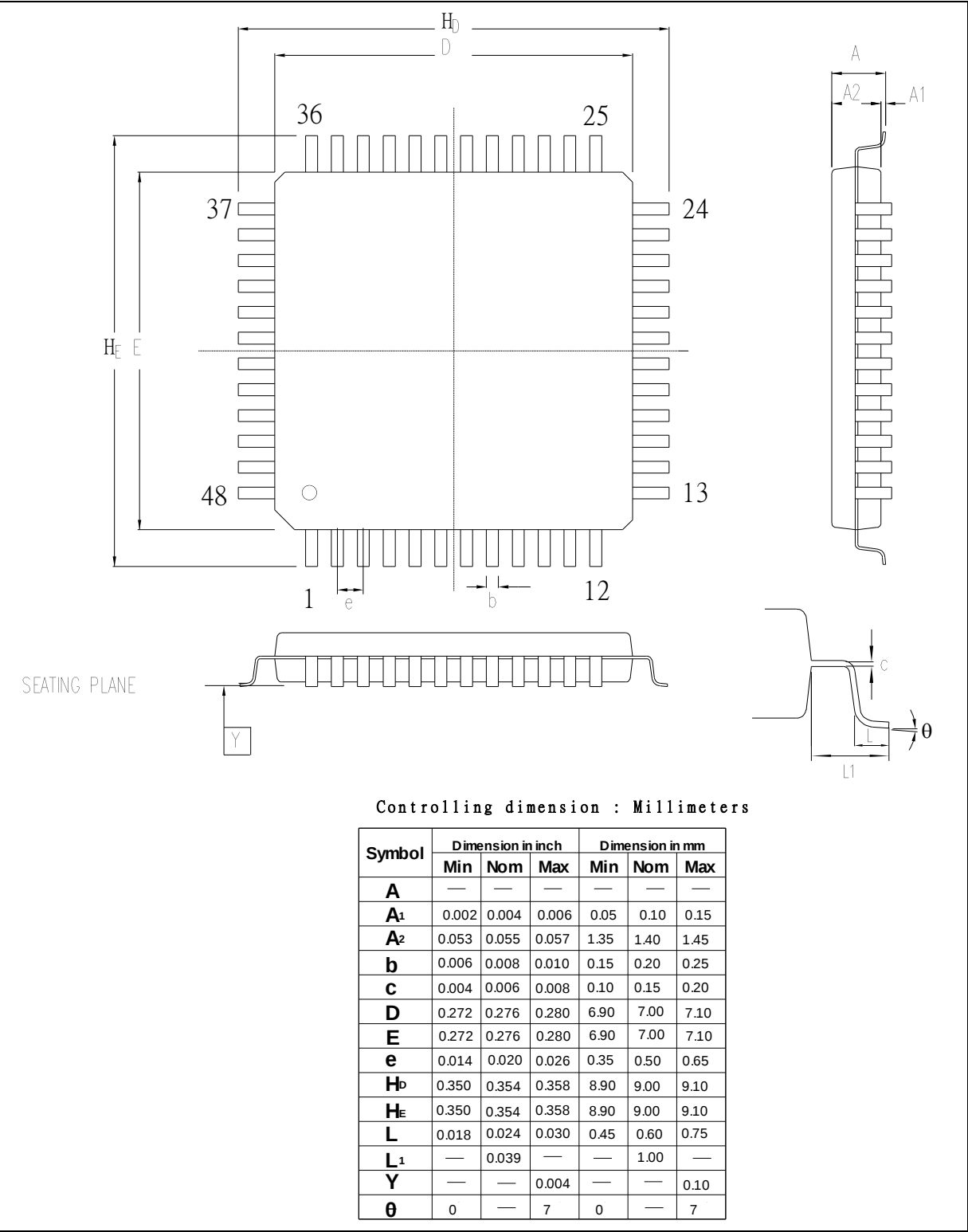
8.1 LQFP 100L (14x14x1.4 mm footprint 2.0mm)



8.2 LQFP 64L (7x7x1.4 mm footprint 2.0 mm)



8.3 LQFP 48L (7x7x1.4mm footprint 2.0mm)



## 9 REVISION HISTORY

| Date       | Revision | Description                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2015.06.11 | 1.00     | 1. Preliminary version.                                                                                                                                                               |
| 2016.04.11 | 1.01     | 1. Updated pin table in section 4.3.<br>2. Added register protection table in REGWRPROT register.<br>3. Added band-gap and Internal reference voltage descripton in section 6.16.4.5. |
| 2016.11.02 | 1.02     | 1. Added Figure 6-125 HDIV clock control diagram<br>2. Updated OPA and ADC item in 4.1.1 NuMicro M0519 Selection Guide.                                                               |

### Important Notice

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