

FEATURES

- 200mV Max Dropout at 10mA Output Current
- 4 μ A Typical Quiescent Current
- 0.15% Max Initial Accuracy (S8)
- No Output Capacitor Required
- Output Sources 10mA, Sinks 2mA
- 40ppm/°C Max Drift (S8)
- Voltage Options: 2.5V, 3V, 4.1V, 5V and Adjustable
- Available in Small MSOP Package

APPLICATIONS

- Battery-Powered Systems
- Handheld Instruments
- Precision Power Supplies
- A/D and D/A Converters

DESCRIPTION

The LTC[®]1258/LTC1258-2.5/LTC1258-3/LTC1258-4.1/LTC1258-5 are micropower bandgap references that combine high accuracy and low drift with very low supply current and small package size. The combination of ultralow quiescent current and low dropout voltage of only 200mV maximum makes them ideal for battery-powered equipment. The output voltage is set by an external resistor divider for the adjustable LTC1258.

This series of references uses curvature compensation to obtain low temperature coefficient and trimmed thin-film resistors to achieve high output accuracy. These references can source up to 10mA and sink up to 2mA, making them ideal for precision regulator applications. They are stable without an output bypass capacitor, but are also stable with capacitance up to 1 μ F. This feature is important in critical applications where PC board space is a premium and fast settling is demanded.

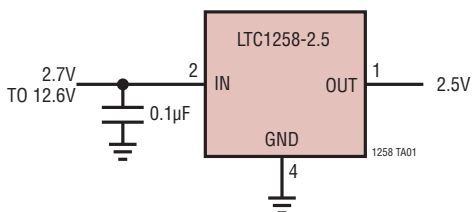
The LTC1258 series references provide power dissipation advantages over shunt references. In addition to supply current, shunt references must also idle the entire load current to operate.

The LTC1258 series is available in the 8-pin MSOP and SO packages.

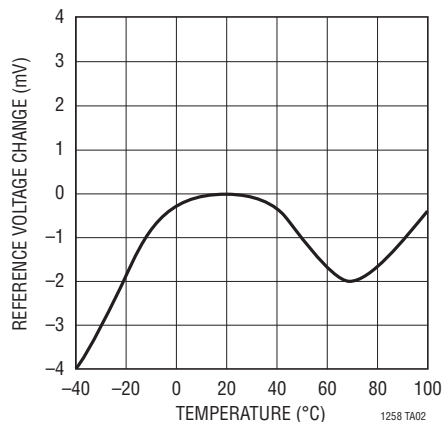
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TYPICAL APPLICATION

2.5V Battery-Powered Reference



LTC1258-2.5 Temperature Drift



1258sfb

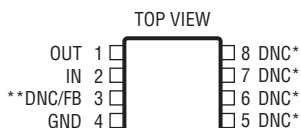
LTC1258 Series

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Supply Voltage 13V
Input Voltages -0.3V to 13V
Output Voltages -0.3V to 13V
Output Short-Circuit Duration Indefinite

Operating Temperature Range (Note 2).. -40°C to 100°C
Specified Temperature Range 0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range (Note 3)..... -65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 300°C

PIN CONFIGURATION

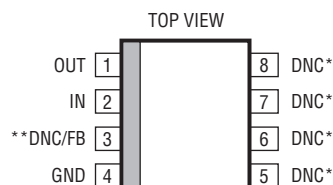


MS8 PACKAGE
8-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP

$T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 250^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

*CONNECTED INTERNALLY. DO NOT CONNECT EXTERNAL CIRCUITRY TO THESE PINS

**DNC FOR LTC1258-2.5/LTC1258-3/LTC1258-4.1/LTC1258-5, FB FOR LTC1258



S8 PACKAGE
8-LEAD PLASTIC SO

$T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 190^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

*CONNECTED INTERNALLY. DO NOT CONNECT EXTERNAL CIRCUITRY TO THESE PINS

**DNC FOR LTC1258-2.5/LTC1258-3/LTC1258-4.1/LTC1258-5, FB FOR LTC1258

ORDER INFORMATION

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE
LTC1258CMS8#PBF (OBSOLETE)	LTC1258CMS8#TRPBF	LTEL	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CMS8-2.5#PBF	LTC1258CMS8-2.5#TRPBF	LTCF	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CMS8-3#PBF	LTC1258CMS8-3#TRPBF	LTEU	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CMS8-4.1#PBF	LTC1258CMS8-4.1#TRPBF	LTEN	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CMS8-5#PBF	LTC1258CMS8-5#TRPBF	LTEM	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CS8#PBF (OBSOLETE)	LTC1258CS8#TRPBF	1258	8-Lead Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CS8-2.5#PBF	LTC1258CS8-2.5#TRPBF	12582	8-Lead Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CS8-3#PBF	LTC1258CS8-3#TRPBF	12583	8-Lead Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CS8-4.1#PBF	LTC1258CS8-4.1#TRPBF	125841	8-Lead Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C
LTC1258CS8-5#PBF	LTC1258CS8-5#TRPBF	12585	8-Lead Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

Consult LTC Marketing for information on non-standard lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: <http://www.linear.com/leadfree/>

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: <http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/>

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	TEMPERATURE RANGE (°C)	ACCURACY (%)	TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (ppm/°C)	PACKAGE TYPE			
				SO-8 (S8)		MSOP-8 (MS8)	
				ORDER NUMBER	PART MARKING	ORDER NUMBER	PART MARKING
2.5	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1258CS8-2.5	12582	LTC1258CMS8-2.5	LTCF
2.5	0 to 70	0.21	60				
3	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1258CS8-3	12583	LTC1258CMS8-3	LTEU
3	0 to 70	0.20	60				
4.096	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1258CS8-4.1	125841	LTC1258CMS8-4.1	LTEN
4.096	0 to 70	0.18	60				
5	0 to 70	0.15	40	LTC1258CS8-5	12585	LTC1258CMS8-5	LTEM
5	0 to 70	0.18	60				
OBSOLETE							
Adjustable	0 to 70	0.4	40	LTC1258CS8	1258	LTC1258CMS8	LTEL
Adjustable	0 to 70	0.46	60				

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$, $FB = OUT$ for the LTC1258 unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range		●	12.6			V
I _{IN}	Input Current	FB = OUT for LTC1258	●	4	6.5 8.5	μA μA	
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage (Note 4)	LTC1258 (S8), FB = OUT LTC1258-2.5 (S8) LTC1258-3 (S8) LTC1258-4.1 (S8) LTC1258-5 (S8) LTC1258 (MS8), FB = OUT LTC1258-2.5 (MS8) LTC1258-3 (MS8) LTC1258-4.1 (MS8) LTC1258-5 (MS8)		2.3755 2.4963 2.9955 4.090 4.9925 2.374 2.4948 2.994 4.0885 4.991	2.385 2.5 3 4.096 5 2.385 2.5 3 4.096 5	2.3945 2.5037 3.0045 4.102 5.0075 2.396 2.5052 3.006 4.1035 5.009	V V V V V V V V V V
e _n	Output Voltage Noise (Note 5)	0.1Hz ≤ f ≤ 10Hz		8			ppm _{P-P}
TC	Output Voltage Temp Coefficient (Note 6)	T _{MIN} ≤ T _J ≤ T _{MAX} (S8) T _{MIN} ≤ T _J ≤ T _{MAX} (MS8)	● ●	15	40 60	ppm/°C ppm/°C	
V _{OUT} /V _{IN}	Line Regulation	V _{IN} = (V _{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2V) to 12.6V	●	30	120	ppm/V	
V _{OUT} /I _{OUT}	Load Regulation (Note 7)	Sourcing 0mA to 10mA Sinking 0mA to 2mA	● ●	0.1 1.75	0.3 4.0 6.5	mV/mA mV/mA mV/mA	
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Output Current	V _{OUT} Shorted to GND V _{OUT} Shorted to V _{IN}		20 2	40 4	mA mA	
ΔV _{DO}	Dropout Voltage (Note 8)	I _{OUT} = 0, ΔV _{OUT} ≤ 0.1% I _{OUT} = 10mA, ΔV _{OUT} ≤ 0.1%	● ●	100 200			mV mV
V _{HYST}	Output Hysteresis (Note 9)	ΔT = –40°C to 85°C ΔT = 0°C to 70°C		200 50			ppm ppm
I _{FB}	FB Pin Input Current	LTC1258, OUT = FB		10			nA

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: The LTC1258 is guaranteed functional over the operating temperature range of -40°C to 100°C .

Note 3: If the part is stored outside of the specified operating temperature range, the output may shift due to hysteresis.

LTC1258 Series

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note 4: ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Extensive use of ESD protection devices are used internal to the LTC1258, however, high electrostatic discharge can damage or degrade the device. Use proper ESD handling precautions.

Note 5: Peak-to-peak noise is measured with a single pole highpass filter at 0.1Hz and 2-pole lowpass filter at 10Hz.

Note 6: Temperature coefficient is the change in output voltage divided by the nominal output voltage divided by the specified temperature range.

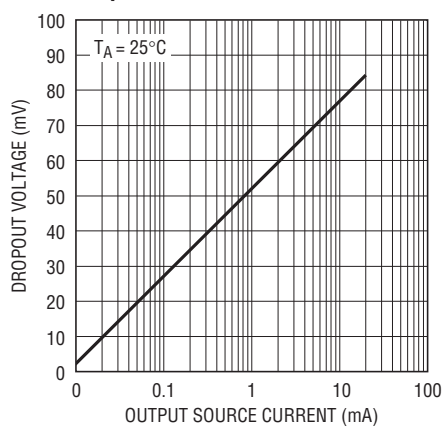
Note 7: Load regulation is measured on a pulse basis from no load to the specified load current. Output changes due to die temperature change must be taken into account separately.

Note 8: Dropout voltage is $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ when V_{OUT} falls to 0.1% below its nominal value at $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V$.

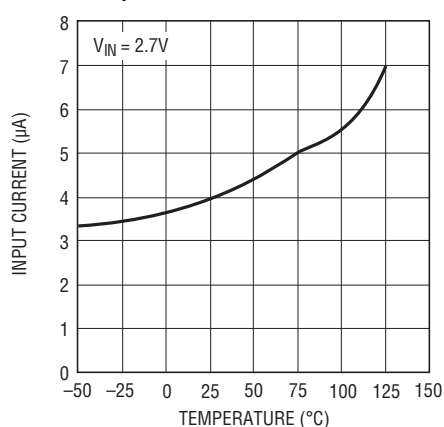
Note 9: Hysteresis in output voltage is created by package stress that differs depending on whether the IC was previously at a higher or lower temperature. Output voltage is always measured at 25°C, but the IC is cycled hot or cold before successive measurements. Hysteresis is not normally a problem for operational temperature excursions where the instrument might be stored at high or low temperature.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

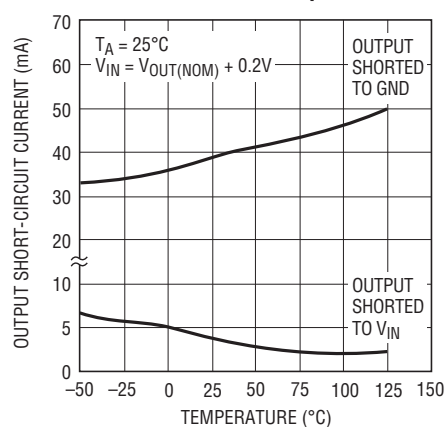
LTC1258-2.5* Dropout Voltage vs Output Source Current



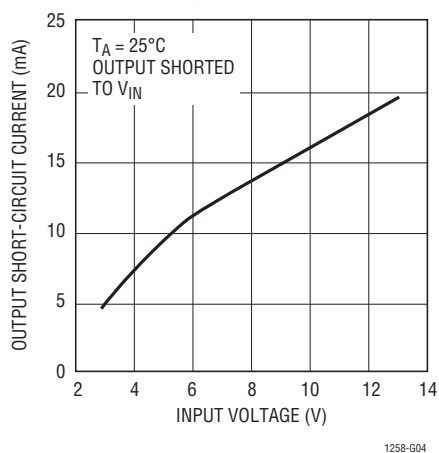
LTC1258-2.5* Input Current vs Temperature



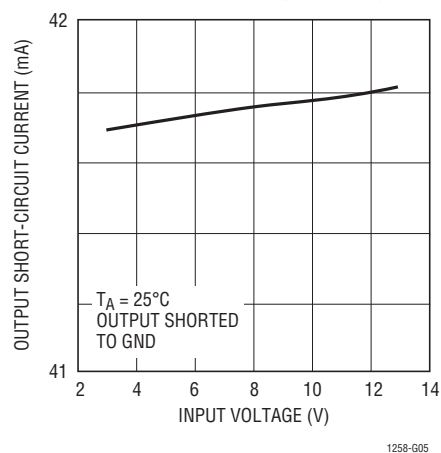
LTC1258 Series Output Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature



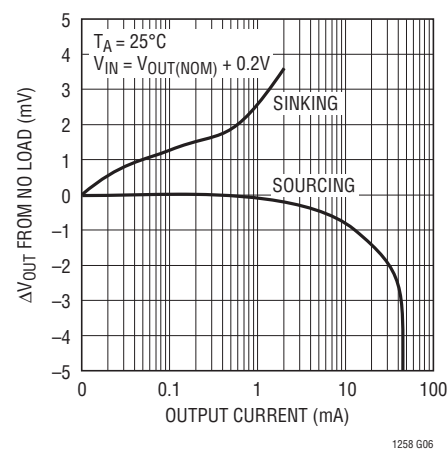
LTC1258-2.5* Output Short-Circuit vs Input Voltage



LTC1258-2.5* Output Short-Circuit Current vs Input Voltage



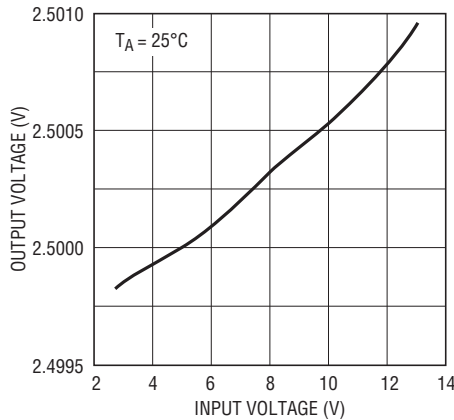
LTC1258 Series Load Regulation



*Similar performance characteristics can be expected for all voltage options.

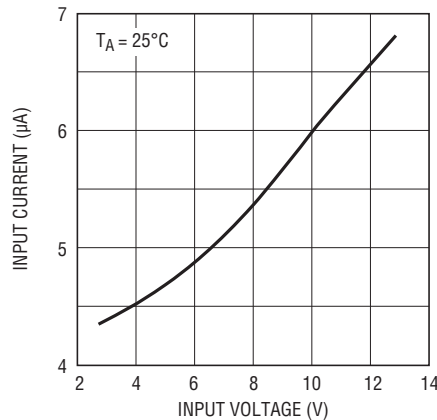
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

LTC1258-2.5 Output Voltage vs Input Voltage



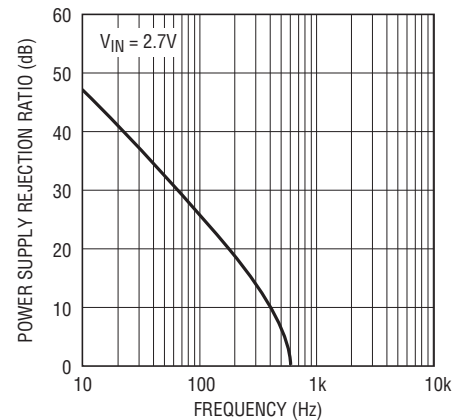
1258 G07

LTC1258-2.5 Input Current vs Input Voltage



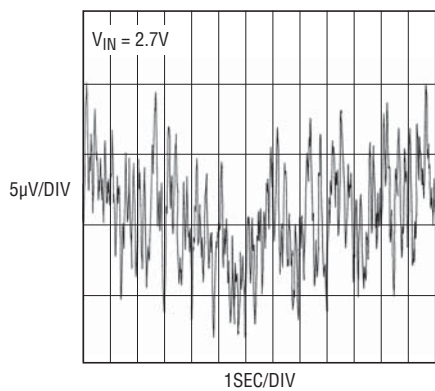
1258 G08

LTC1258-2.5 PSRR vs Frequency



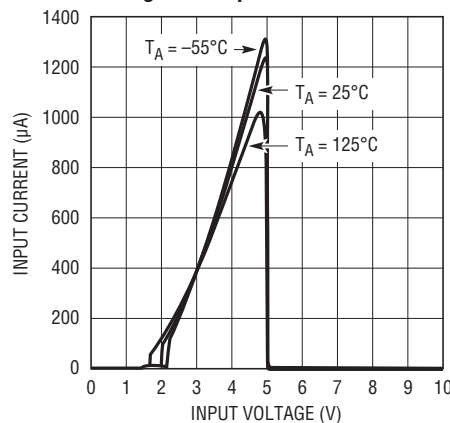
1258 G09

LTC1258-2.5 0.1Hz to 10Hz Noise



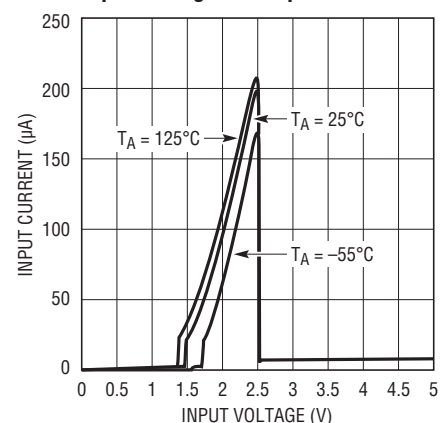
1258 G10

LTC1258-5 Input Current vs Input Voltage in Dropout



1258 G11

LTC1258-2.5 Input Current vs Input Voltage in Dropout



1258 G12

PIN FUNCTIONS

OUT (Pin 1): Reference Output. The output can source up to 10mA and sink up to 2mA. It is stable with output bypass capacitor ranging from 0 μF to 1 μF .

IN (Pin 2): Positive Supply. Bypassing with a 0.1 μF capacitor is recommended if the output loading changes. $(V_{OUT} + 0.2\text{V}) \leq V_{IN} \leq 12.6\text{V}$.

DNC (Pin 3): (LTC1258-2.5/LTC1258-3/LTC1258-4.1/LTC1258-5) Do Not Connect. Connected internally for post package trim. This pin must be left unconnected.

FB (Pin 3): (LT1258) Resistor Divider Feedback Pin. Connect a resistor divider from OUT to GND and the center tap to FB. This pin sets the output potential.

$$V_{OUT} = 2.385\text{V} \left(\frac{R1 + R2}{R2} \right); R1 \text{ is connected from OUT to}$$

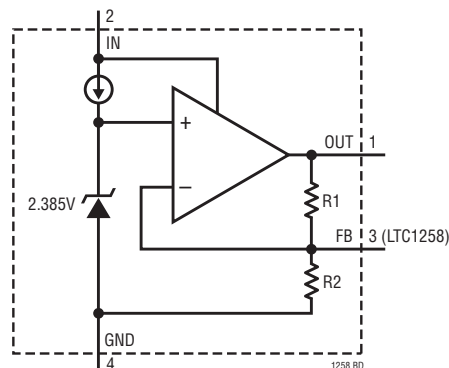
FB and R2 from FB to GND.

GND (Pin 4): Negative Supply or Ground Connection.

DNC (Pins 5, 6, 7, 8): Do Not Connect. Connected internally for post package trim. These pins must be left unconnected.

1258sfb

BLOCK DIAGRAM



NOTE: R1 AND R2 ARE NOT CONNECTED FOR LTC1258

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Longer Battery Life

Series references have an advantage over shunt style references. To operate, shunt references require a resistor between the power supply and the output. This resistor must be chosen to supply the maximum current that is demanded by the circuit being regulated. When the circuit being controlled is not operating at this maximum current, the shunt reference must always sink this current, resulting in high power dissipation and short battery life.

The LTC1258 series low dropout references do not require a current setting resistor and can operate with any supply voltage from ($V_{OUT(NOMINAL)} + 0.2V$) to 12.6V. When the circuitry being regulated does not demand current, the LTC1258 series reduces its dissipation and battery life is extended. If the reference is not delivering load current it dissipates only 10.8 μ W when operating on a 2.7V supply for LTC1258-2.5, yet the same connection can deliver 10mA of load current when demanded.

Output Bypass Capacitor

The LTC1258 series is designed to be stable with or without capacitive loads. With no capacitive load, the reference is ideal for fast settling applications, or where PC board space is at a premium.

In applications with significant output loading changes, an output bypass capacitor of up to 1 μ F can be used to improve the output transient response. Figure 1 shows the response of the reference to a 1mA to 0 μ A load step with a 1 μ F output capacitor. If more than 1 μ F of output capacitance is required, a resistor in series with the capacitor is recommended to reduce the output ringing. Figure 2 illustrates the use of a damping resistor for capacitive loads greater than 1 μ F. Figure 3 shows the resistor and capacitor values required to achieve critical damping.

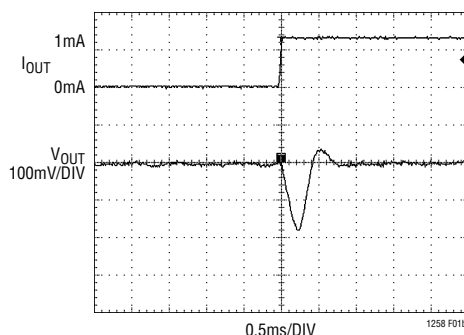
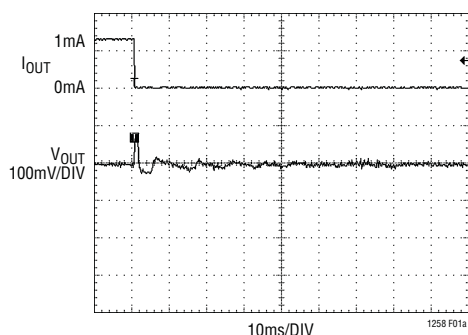


Figure 1. Reference Output Load Transient Response, 1 μ F Output Capacitor

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APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

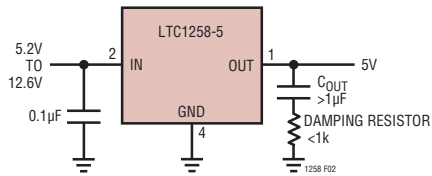


Figure 2. Adding a Damping Resistor with Output Capacitors Greater Than 1µF

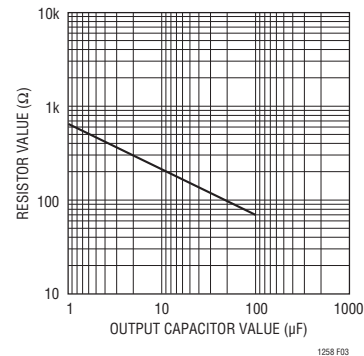


Figure 3. Damping Resistance vs Output Capacitor Value

Internal P-Channel Pass Transistor

The LTC1258 series features an internal P-channel MOSFET pass transistor. This provides several advantages over similar designs using a PNP bipolar pass transistor.

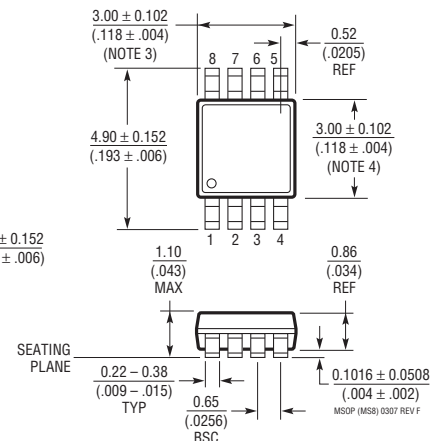
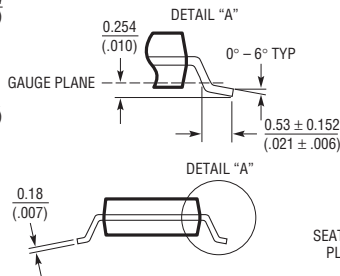
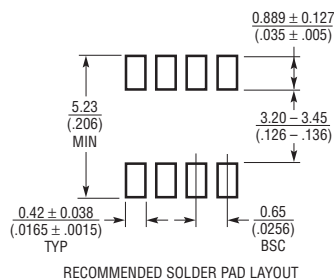
These references consume only 4µA of quiescent current under light and heavy loads as well as in dropout; whereas,

PNP-based references waste considerable amounts of current when the pass transistor is saturated. In addition, the LTC1258 series provides a lower dropout voltage (200mV max) than PNP-based references.

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

MS8 Package 8-Lead Plastic MSOP

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660 Rev F)

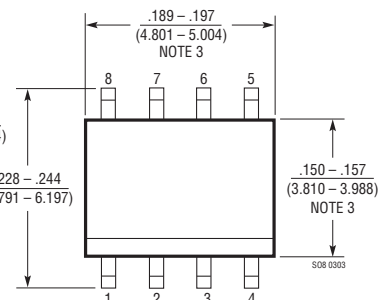
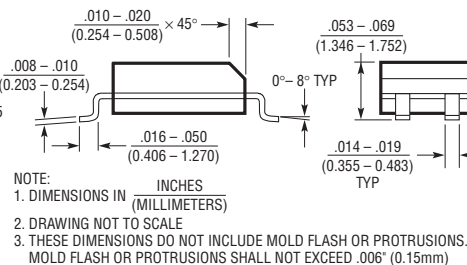
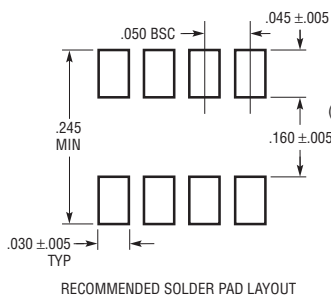


- NOTE:
1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)
 2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
 3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE

4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)

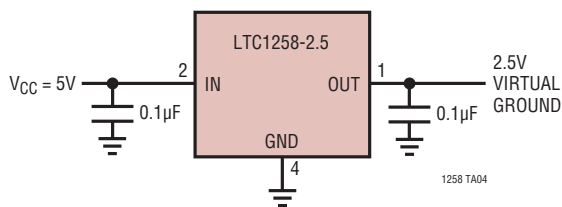
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



1258sfb

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Supply Splitter



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT®1389	Nanopower Precision Shunt Voltage Reference	800nA Quiescent Current, 0.05% Max, 10ppm/°C Max Drift, 1.25V and 2.5V Versions, SO-8 Package
LT1634	Micropower Precision Shunt Voltage Reference	0.05% Max, 25ppm/°C Max Drift, 1.25V, 2.5V, 4.096V and 5V Outputs
LT1460	Micropower Series Reference	0.075% Max, 10ppm/°C Max Drift, 2.5V, 5V and 10V Outputs
LT1461	LDO Micropower Precision Reference	0.04% Max, 3ppm/°C Max Drift in SO-8
LT1790	SOT-23, LDO Micropower Precision Reference	0.05% Max, 10ppm/°C Max