Data Sheet November 14, 2006 FN6072.6

LCD Module Calibrator

The VCOM voltage of an LCD panel needs to be adjusted to remove flicker. The ISL45042 can be used to digitally adjust a panel's VCOM voltage by controlling its output sink-current. The output of the ISL45042 is connected to an external voltage divider and an external VCOM buffer amplifier. In this application, the user can control the VCOM voltage with 7 Bit accuracy (128 steps). Once the desired VCOM setting is obtained, the settings can be stored in the non-volatile EEPROM memory, which would then be automatically recalled during every power-up.

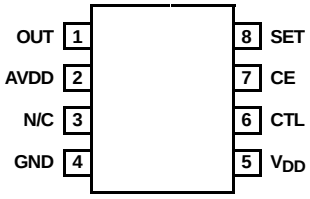
The VCOM adjustment and non-volatile memory programming is through a single interface pin (CTL). Once the desired programmed value is obtained the Counter Enable pin (CE) can be used to prevent further adjustment or programming.

The full-scale sink current of the ISL45042 is set using an external resister connected to the SET pin. The full-scale sink current determines the lowest voltage of the external voltage divider.

The ISL45042 is available in an 8 Ld 3mmx3mm Thin DFN package with a maximum thickness of 0.8mm for ultra thin LCD panel design.

Pinout

ISL45042
(8 LD THIN DFN)
TOP VIEW



Features

- 128-Step Adjustable Sink Current Output
- 2.6V to 3.6V Logic Supply Voltage Operating Range
- 4.5V to 20V Analog Supply Voltage Range
- Rewritable EEPROM for storing the optimum VCOM value
- Output Adjustment Enable/Disable Control
- Output Guaranteed Monotonic Over Temperature
- Two Pin Adjustment, Programming and Enable
- Ultra Thin 8 Ld 3mmx3mm DFN (0.8mm max)
- Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

Applications

- LCD Panels

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #
ISL45042IR	042I	-40 to +85	8 Ld 3x3 Thin DFN	L8.3x3A
ISL45042IR-T	042I	-40 to +85	8 Ld 3x3 Thin DFN Tape and Reel	L8.3x3A
ISL45042IRZ (Note)	042Z	-40 to +85	8 Ld 3x3 Thin DFN (Pb-free)	L8.3x3A
ISL45042IRZ-T (Note)	042Z	-40 to +85	8 Ld 3x3 Thin DFN Tape and Reel (6k pcs) (Pb-free)	L8.3x3A
ISL45042IRZ-TK (Note)	042Z	-40 to +85	8 Ld 3x3 Thin DFN Tape and Reel (1k pcs) (Pb-free)	L8.3x3A

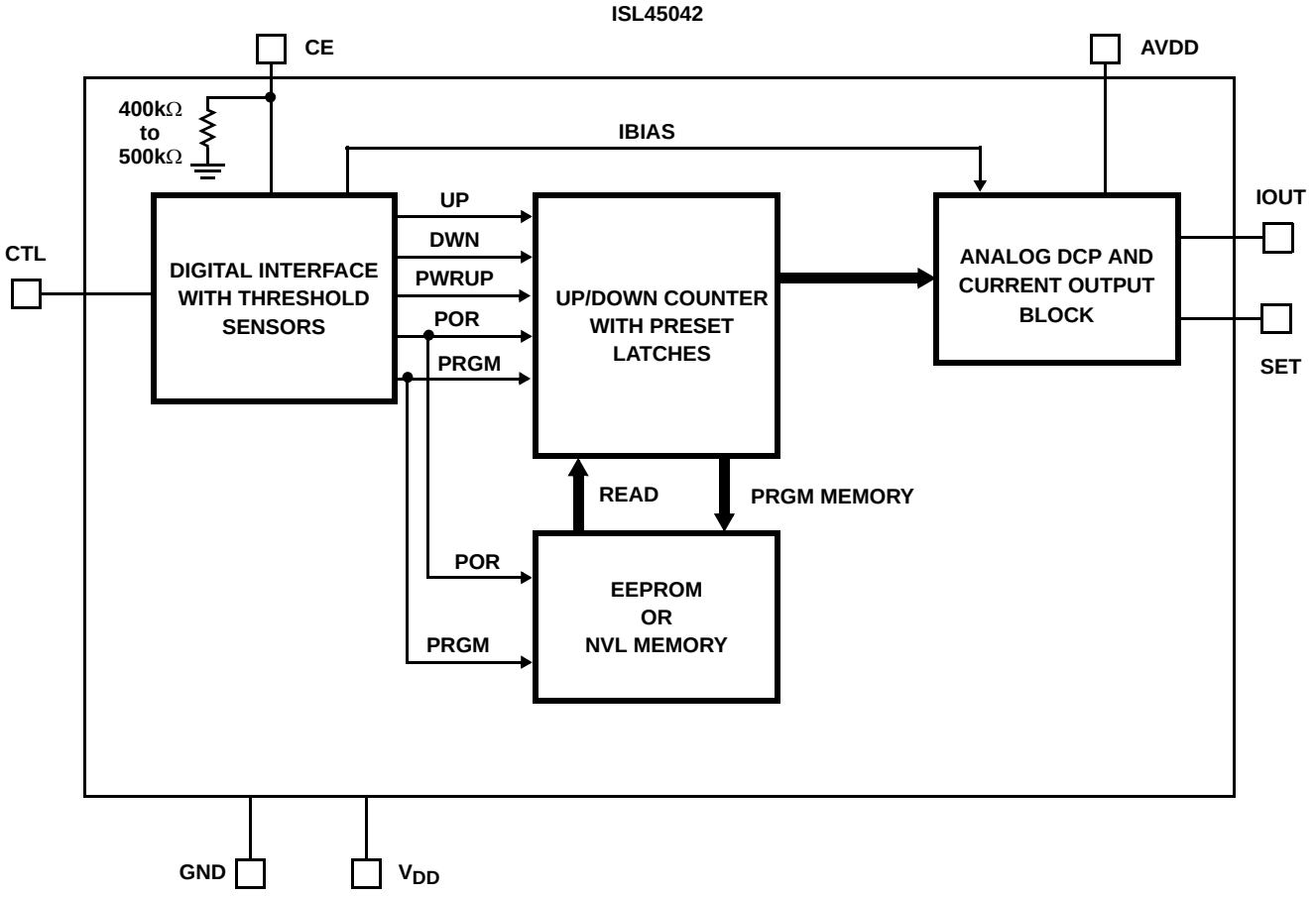
NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper IC Handling Procedures.
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Pin Descriptions

PIN	FUNCTION
OUT	Adjustable Sink Current Output Pin. The current sinks into the OUT pin is equal to the DAC setting times the maximum adjustable sink current divided by 128. See SET pin function description for the maxim adjustable sink current setting.
AVDD	High-Voltage Analog Supply. Connects to top of external resistor divider to determine the VCOM voltage. Typically 10V to 20V. Bypass to GND with 0.1µF de-coupling capacitor.
N/C	No Connect. Not internally connected.
GND	Ground connection.
V_{DD}	ISL45042 power supply input. Bypass to GND with 0.1µF de-coupling capacitor.
CTL	Internal Counter Up/Down Control and Internal EEPROM Programming Control Input. If CE is high, a mid-to-low transition increments the 7-bit counter, raising the DAC setting, increasing the OUT sink current, and lowering the divider voltage at OUT. A mid-to-high transition decrements the 7-bit counter, lowering the DAC setting, decreasing the OUT sink current, and increasing the divider voltage at OUT. Applying 4.9V and above with appropriately arranged timing will overwrite EEPROM with the contents in the 7-bit counter. See EEPROM Programming section for details.
CE	Counter Enable Pin. Connect CE to V_{DD} to enable adjustment of the output sink current. Float or connect CE to GND to prevent further adjustment or programming (note: the CE pin has an internal pull down resistor).
SET	Maximum Sink Current Adjustment Point. Connect a resistor from the SET pin to GND to set the maximum adjustable sink current of the OUT pin. The maximum adjustable sink current is equal to (AVDD/20) divided by RSET. The maximum set current has to be less than 120µA.

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

V_{DD} to Ground . . . . . +4V
Input Voltages to GND
SET, CE . . . . . -0.3V to +4V
AVDD . . . . . -0.3V to +20V
CTL. . . . . -0.3V to +17V
Output Voltages to GND
OUT . . . . . -0.3V to +20V
ESD Rating
HBM for Device 2.75kV
HBM for CTL to GND (no EEPROM Content Disruption). 8kV

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 1)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)
8 Ld Thin DFN Package	90

Moisture Sensitivity (see Technical Brief TB363)
All Packages . . . . . Level 1
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package) . . . . . +150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range. . . . . .-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s) . . . . . +300°C
(Lead Tips Only)
Erase/Write Cycles 10,000
Data Retention. . . . . 10 years @ +85°C

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range
ISL45042IR . . . . . .-40°C to +85°C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTE:

1. θ_{JA} is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See Tech Brief TB379.

Electrical Specifications

Test Conditions: VDD = 3V, AVDD = 10V, OUT = 5V, R_{SET} = 24.9kΩ; Unless Otherwise Specified. Typicals are at T_A = +25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS							
V_{DD} Supply Range	V_{DD}	For Programming	0 to 85	3	-	3.6	V
		For Operation	Full	2.6	-	3.6	V
V_{DD} Supply Current	I_{DD}	CE = V_{DD} (Note 6)	Full	-	-	50	µA
		CE = GND	Full	-	-	20	µA
AVDD Supply Range	AVDD		Full	4.5	-	20	V
AVDD Supply Current	IAVDD	(Note 3)	Full	-	-	20	µA
CTL High Voltage	CTL_{IH}	2.6V < V_{DD} < 3.6V	Full	0.7*V_{DD}	-	0.8*V_{DD}	V
CTL Low Voltage	CTL_{IL}	2.6V < V_{DD} < 3.6V	Full	0.2*V_{DD}	-	0.3*V_{DD}	V
CTL High Rejected Pulse Width	CTL_{IHRPW}		Full	20	-	-	µs
CTL Low Rejected Pulse Width	CTL_{ILRPW}		Full	20	-	-	µs
CTL High Minimum Pulse Width	CTL_{IHMPW}		Full	-	-	200	µs
CTL Low Minimum Pulse Width	CTL_{ILMPW}		Full	-	-	200	µs
CTL Minimum Time Between Counts	CTL_{MTC}		Full	-	-	10	µs
CTL Input Current	ICTL	CTL = GND	Full	-	-	10	µA
		CTL = V_{DD}	Full	-	-	10	µA
CTL Input Capacitance	CTL_{CAP}	(Note 5)	Full	-	10	-	pF
CE Input Low Voltage	CE_{IL}	2.6V < V_{DD} < 3.6V	Full	-	-	0.4	V
CE Input High Voltage	CE_{IH}	2.6V < V_{DD} < 3.6V	Full	0.64*V_{DD}	-	-	V
CE Minimum Start Up Time	CE_{ST}	(Note 5)	Full	-	1	-	ms
CTL EEPROM Program Voltage	CTL_{PROM}	2.6V < V_{DD} < 3.6V, (Note 2)	Full	4.9	-	15.75	V
CTL EEPROM Programming Signal Time	CTL_{PT}	>4.9V	Full	200	-	-	µs

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: VDD = 3V, AVDD = 10V, OUT = 5V, R_{SET} = 24.9kΩ; Unless Otherwise Specified. Typicals are at T_A = +25°C **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Programming Time	P_T		Full			100	ms
SET Voltage Resolution	SET_{VR}	(Note 4)	Full	7	7	7	Bits
SET Differential Nonlinearity	SET_{DN}	Monotonic Over Temperature	Full	-	-	±1	LSB
SET Zero-Scale Error	SET_{ZSE}		Full	-	-	±2	LSB
SET Full-Scale Error	SET_{FSE}		Full	-	-	±8	LSB
SET Current	ISET	Through R_{SET} (Note 7)	Full	-	20	-	µA
SET External Resistance	SET_{ER}	To GND, AVDD = 20V	Full	10	-	200	kΩ
		To GND, AVDD = 4.5V	Full	2.25	-	45	kΩ
AVDD to SET Voltage Attenuation	AVDD to SET		Full	-	1:20	-	V/V
OUT Settling Time	OUT_{ST}	to ±0.5 LSB Error Band (Note 5)	Full	-	20	-	µs
OUT Voltage Range	V_{OUT}		Full	VSET + 0.5V	-	13	V
OUT Voltage Drift	OUT_{VD}	(Note 5)	25 to 55	-	<10	-	mV

NOTES:

2. CTL signal only needs to be greater than 4.9V to program EEPROM.
3. Tested at AVDD = 20V.
4. The Counter value is set to mid-scale ±4 LSB's in the Production.
5. Simulated and Determined via Design and NOT Directly Tested.
6. Simulated Maximum Current Draw when Programming EEPROM is 23mA, should be considered when designing Power Supply.
7. A Typical Current of 20µA is Calculated using the AVDD = 10V and RSET = 24.9kΩ. The maximum suggested SET Current should be 120µA.

Application Information

The application circuit to adjust the VCOM voltage in an LCD panel is shown in Figure 1. The ISL45042 has a 128-step sink current resolution. The output is connected to an external voltage divider, that results in decreasing the output VCOM voltage as you increase the ISL45042 sink current.

CTL Pin

The adjustment of the output VCOM voltage and the programming of the non-volatile memory are provided through a single pin called CTL, when the CE pin is high.

The output VCOM voltage is increased with a mid (Vdd/2) to high transition (0.8*VDD) on CTL pin. The output VCOM voltage is decreased with a mid (Vdd/2) to low transition (0.3*VDD), on CTL pin (Reference Figure 6). Once the minimum or maximum value is reached on the 128 steps, the device will not overflow or underflow beyond that minimum or maximum value.

Programming of the non-volatile memory occurs when the CTL pin exceeds 4.9V. The CTL signal needs to remain above 4.9V for more than 200µs. The level and timing needed to program the non-volatile memory is given in Figure 2. It then takes a maximum of 100ms for the programming to be completed inside the device.

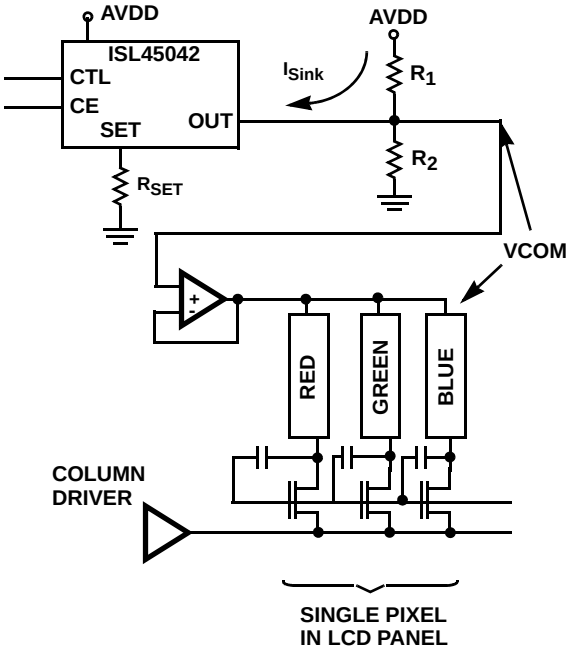


FIGURE 1. VCOM ADJUSTMENT IN AN LCD PANEL

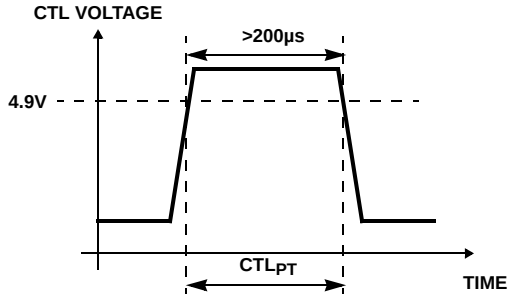


FIGURE 2. EEPROM PROGRAMMING

When the part is programmed, the counter setting is loaded into the non-volatile memory. This value will be loaded from the nonvolatile memory during initial power-up or when the CE pin is pulled low.

Once the programming is completed it is recommended that the user float the CLT pin. The CTL pin is internally tied to a resistor network connected to ground. If left floating, the voltage at the CTL pin will equal $V_{DD}/2$. Under these conditions, no additional pulses will be seen by the Up/Down counter via the CTL pin. To prevent further programming ground the CE pin.

CTL should have a noise filter to reduce bouncing or noise on the input that could cause unwanted counting when the CE pin is high. The board should have an additional ESD protection circuit, with a series 1kΩ resistor and a shunt 0.01µF capacitor connected on the CTL pin. (See Figure 3)

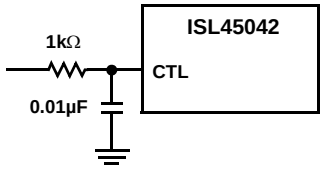


FIGURE 3. EXTERNAL ESD PROTECTION ON CTL PIN

To avoid unintentional adjustment, the ISL45042 guarantees to reject CTL pulses shorter than 20µs.

During Initial Power-up (only), to avoid the possibility of a false pulse (since the internal comparators come up in an unknown state) the very first CTL pulse is ignored. See Figure 6 for the timing information.

CE Pin

To adjust the output voltage, the CE pin must be pulled high (VDD). The CE pin has an internal pull-down resistor to prevent unwanted reprogramming of the EEPROM. The impedance of this resistor is 400kΩ to 500kΩ ($R_{INTERNAL}$ Figure 5).

Transitions of the CE pin are recommended to be less than 10µ seconds.

Replacing Existing Mechanical Potentiometer Circuits

Figure 4 shows the common adjustment mechanical circuits and equivalent replacement with the ISL45042.

Expected Output Voltage

The ISL45042 provides an output sink current which lowers the voltage on the external voltage divider (VCOM output voltage). EQ. 1 and EQ. 2 can be used to calculate the output current (IOUT) and output voltage (VOUT) values.

$$IOUT = \frac{Setting}{128} X \frac{AVDD}{20(RSET)} \quad \text{(EQ. 1)}$$

$$VOUT = \left(\frac{R2}{R1+R2}\right) AVDD \left(1 - \frac{Setting}{128} X \frac{R1}{20(RSET)}\right) \quad \text{(EQ. 2)}$$

NOTE: Where setting is an integer between 1 and 128.

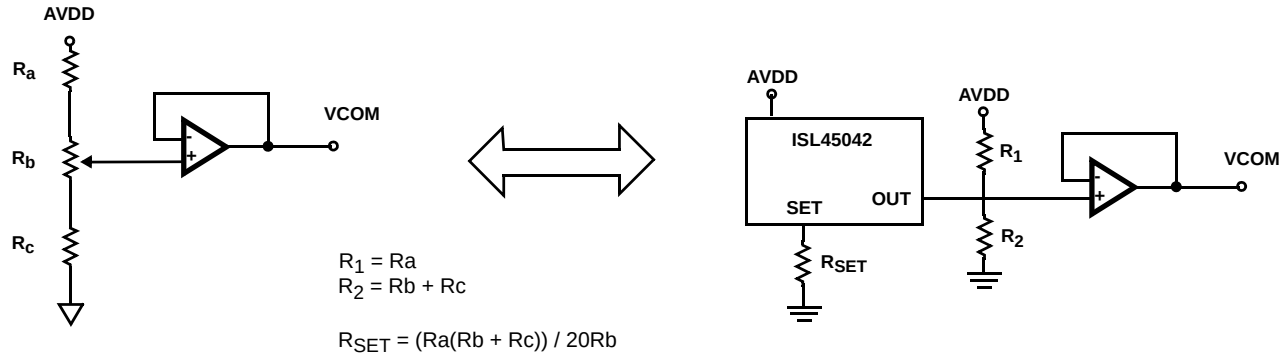


FIGURE 4. EXAMPLE OF THE REPLACEMENT FOR THE MECHANICAL POTENTIOMETER CIRCUIT USING THE ISL45042

Table 1 gives the calculated value of VOUT for resistors values of: R_{SET} = 24.9kΩ, R1 = 200kΩ, R2 = 243kΩ, and V_{ADD} = 10V.

TABLE 1. CALCULATED VCOM OUTPUT VOLTAGES

SETTING VALUE	VOUT
1	5.468
10	5.313
20	5.141
30	4.969
40	4.797
50	4.625
60	4.453
70	4.281
80	4.109
90	3.936
100	3.764
110	3.592
128	3.282

R_{SET} Resistor

The external R_{SET} resistor sets the full-scale sink current that determines the lowest voltage of the external voltage divider R_1 and R_2 (Figure 1). The maximum I_{SET} current has to be less than 120µA. The minimum R_{SET} resistor with A_{VDD} equal to 10V is 4.17kΩ (10V/(20*120µA). Typical applications with A_{VDD} equal to 10V and R_{SET} equal to 24.9kΩ will result in a set current equal to 20µA.

Power Supply Sequence

The recommendation for power supply sequence would be to power down the part first (Vdd, AVdd), after 100msec if programming has occurred, and then power down the control power supplies (CTL, CE).

Verifying the Programmed Value

The following sequence can be used to verify the programmed value without having to sequence the V_{DD} supply. To verify the programmed value, follow the steps below. The ISL45042 will read memory contents and be set to that value when the CE pin is grounded.

1. Power up the ISL45042.
2. CE pin = V_{DD}.
3. Change counter value with CTL pin to desired value.
4. CTL = more than 4.9V and 200msec. Counter value programmed.
5. Change the counter value with CTL pin to a different value.
6. CE pin = Ground.
7. Check that the output value is the one programmed in step #4.

Generating VDD and CE supply from a Larger Voltage Source

The CE pin has an internal pull-down resistor ($R_{INTERNAL}$ Figure 5). The impedance of this resistor is 400kΩ-500kΩ. If your design is using a resistor divider network to generate the 3.3V supply (for both V_{DD} and CE to enable programming) from a larger voltage source, the 400kΩ (worst case) resistor needs to be taken into account as a parallel resistance when the CE pin is connected to this source. Another design concern is to be able to provide enough supply current during programming. The ISL45042 draws about 2mA during this process. Recommended resistor values are shown in Figure 5. This design will result in an additional 0.83mA quiescent current flowing through resistors R_A and R_B..

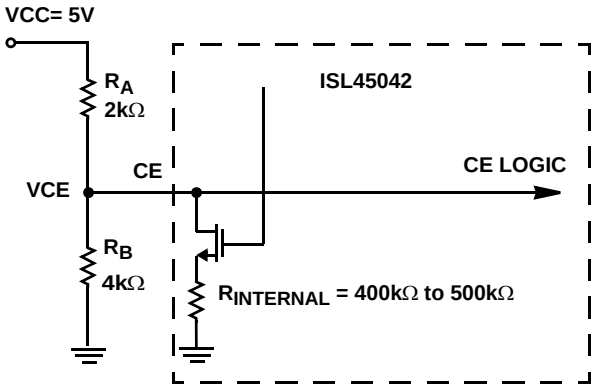


FIGURE 5. APPLICATION GENERATING VDD AND VCE VOLTAGES

ISL45042 Truth Table

The ISL45042 truth table is shown in Table 2. For proper operation the CE should be disabled (pulled low) before powering the device down to assure that the glitches and transients will not cause unwanted EEPROM overwriting.

TABLE 2. TRUTH TABLE

INPUT			OUTPUT		
CTL	CE	VDD	OUT	ICC	MEMORY
Mid to Hi	Hi	VDD	Increment	Normal	X
Mid to Lo	Hi	VDD	Decrement	Normal	X
X	Lo	VDD	No Change	Increased	Read
>4.9V	Hi	VDD	No Change	Increased	Program

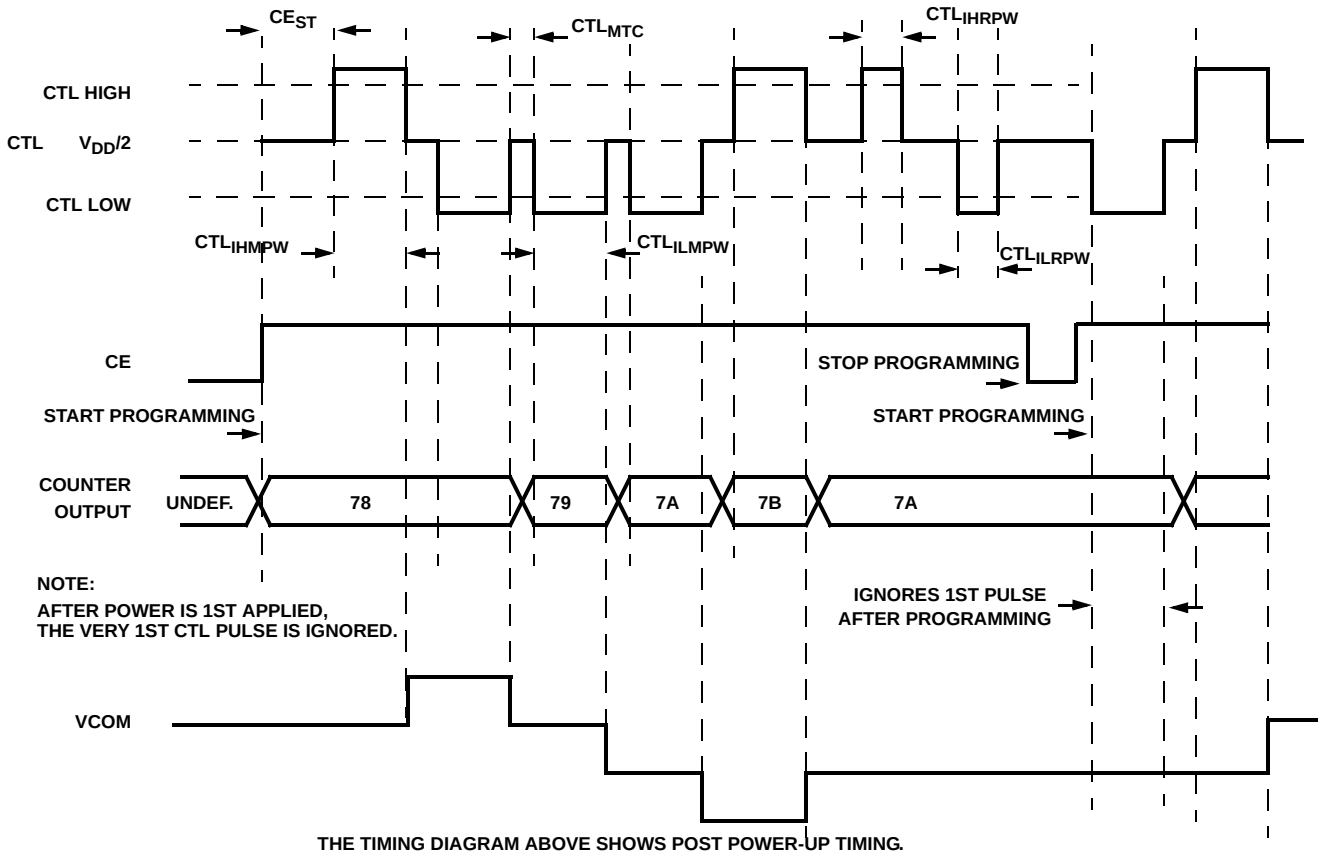
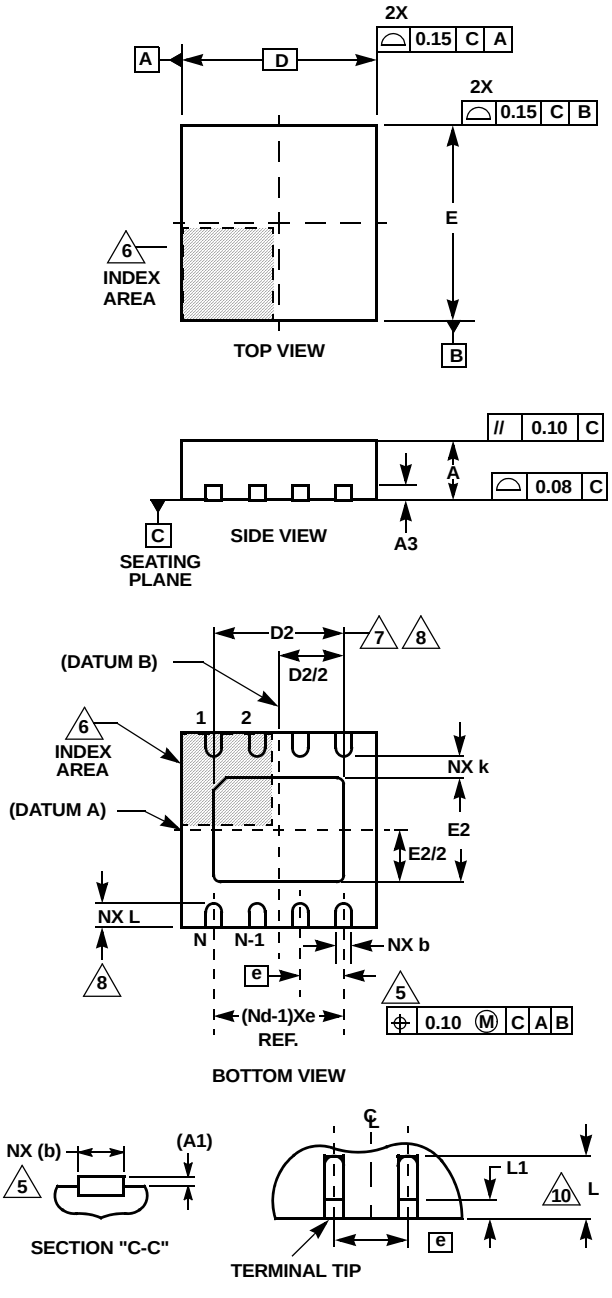


FIGURE 6. ISL45042 TIMMING DIAGRAM

Thin Dual Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (TDFN)



L8.3x3A

8 LEAD THIN DUAL FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			NOTES
	MIN	NOMINAL	MAX	
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	-
A1	-	0.02	0.05	-
A3		0.20 REF		-
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	5, 8
D		3.00 BSC		-
D2	2.20	2.30	2.40	7, 8, 9
E		3.00 BSC		-
E2	1.40	1.50	1.60	7, 8, 9
e		0.65 BSC		-
k	0.25	-	-	-
L	0.20	0.30	0.40	8
N		8		2
Nd		4		3

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NOTES:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
2. N is the number of terminals.
3. Nd refers to the number of terminals on D.
4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
6. The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
7. Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
9. Compliant to JEDEC MO-WEEC-2 except for the “L” min dimension.

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