

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

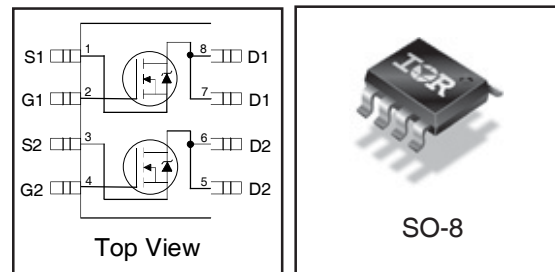
- Advanced Process Technology
- Dual N-Channel MOSFET
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to T_{jmax}
- Lead-Free
- Halogen-Free

V_{DSS}	$R_{DS(on)}$ max	I_D
55V	0.050 @ $V_{GS} = 10V$	5.1A
	0.065 @ $V_{GS} = 4.5V$	4.42A

Description

These HEXFET® Power MOSFET's in a Dual SO-8 package utilize the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of these HEXFET Power MOSFET's are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These benefits combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of other applications.

The 175°C rating for the SO-8 package provides improved thermal performance with increased safe operating area and dual MOSFET die capability make it ideal in a variety of power applications. This dual, surface mount SO-8 can dramatically reduce board space and is also available in Tape & Reel.



Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRF7341GPbF	SO-8	Tube/Bulk	95	IRF7341GPbF
		Tape and Reel	4000	IRF7341GTRPbF

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	55	V
I_D @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	5.1	A
I_D @ $T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	4.2	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current①	42	
P_D @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation③	2.4	W
P_D @ $T_A = 70^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation③	1.7	W
	Linear Derating Factor	16	mW/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy②	140	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current④	5.1	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy	See Fig. 14, 15, 16	mJ
T_J, T_{STG}	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	°C

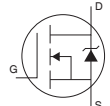
Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JA}$	Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ③	62.5	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.052	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	0.043	0.050	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 5.1A$ ②
		—	0.056	0.065		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 4.42A$ ②
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.0	—	—	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	10.4	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 5.2A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	2.0	μA	$V_{DS} = 44V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	25		$V_{DS} = 44V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	29	44	nC	$I_D = 5.2A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	2.9	4.4		$V_{DS} = 44V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	7.3	11		$V_{GS} = 10V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	9.2	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 28V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	7.7	—		$I_D = 1.0A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	31	—		$R_G = 6.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	12.5	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ②
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	780	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	190	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	66	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

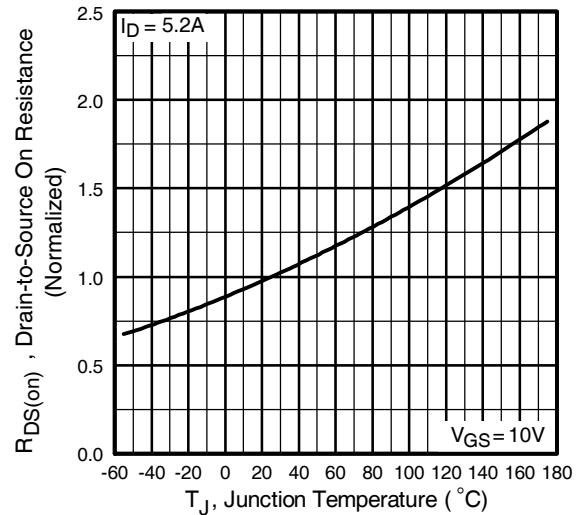
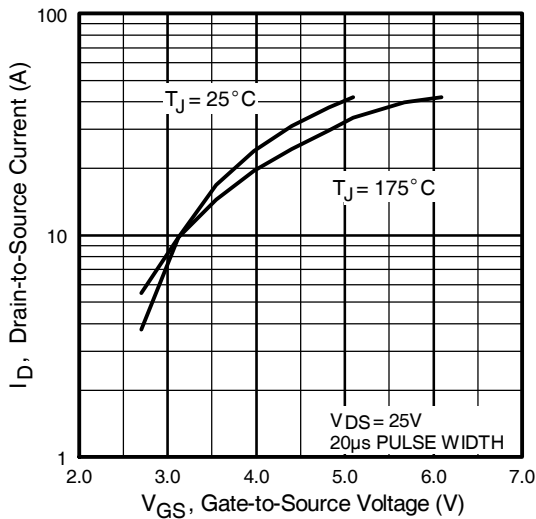
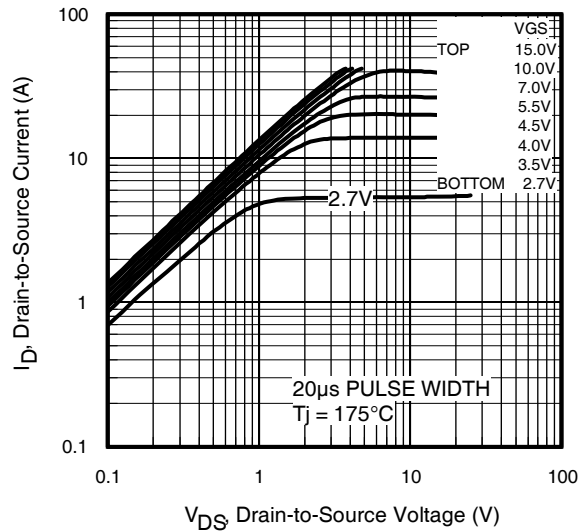
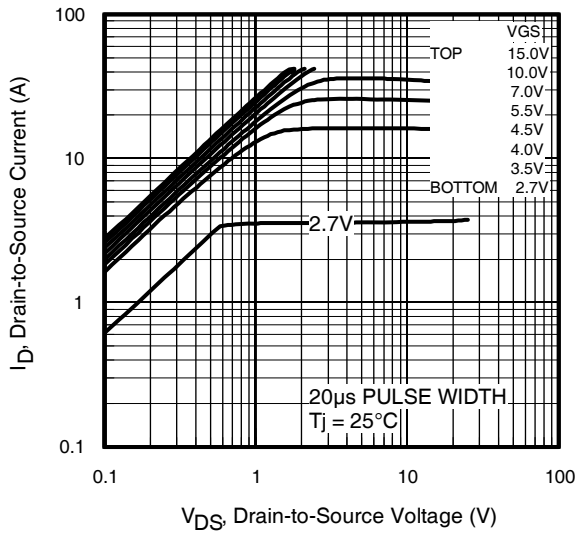
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	2.4	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	42		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.2	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 2.6A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ②
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	51	77	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 2.6A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	76	114	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ②

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

② Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

③ Surface mounted on FR-4 board, $t \leq 10\text{sec}$.



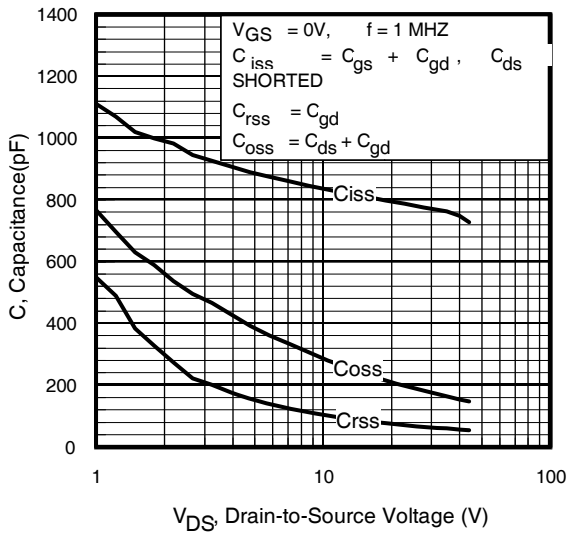


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

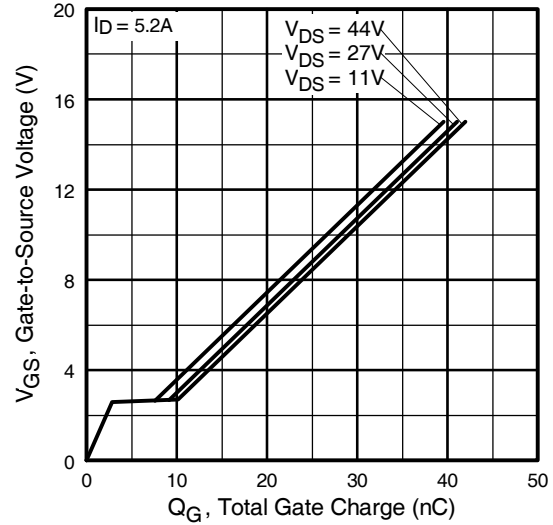


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

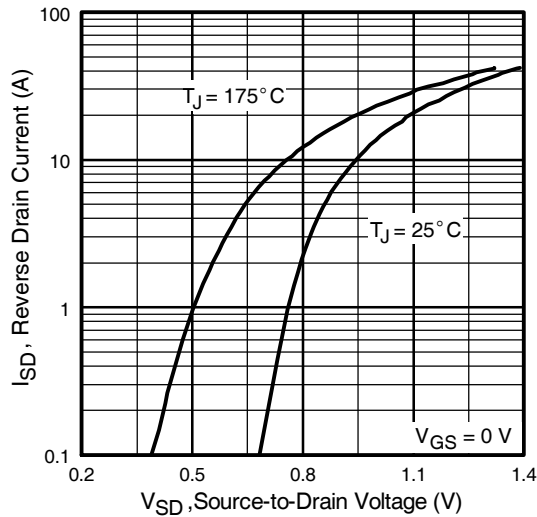


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

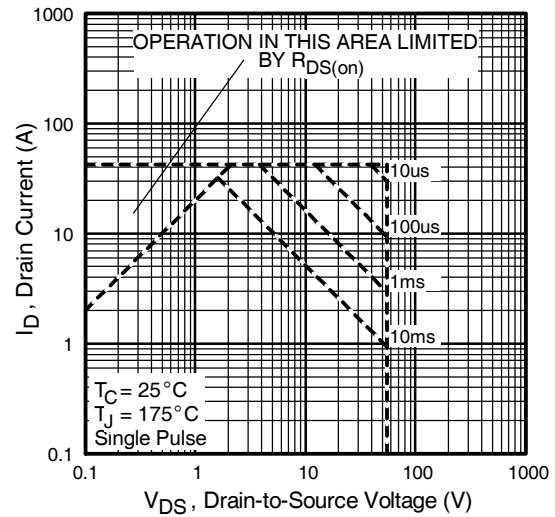


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

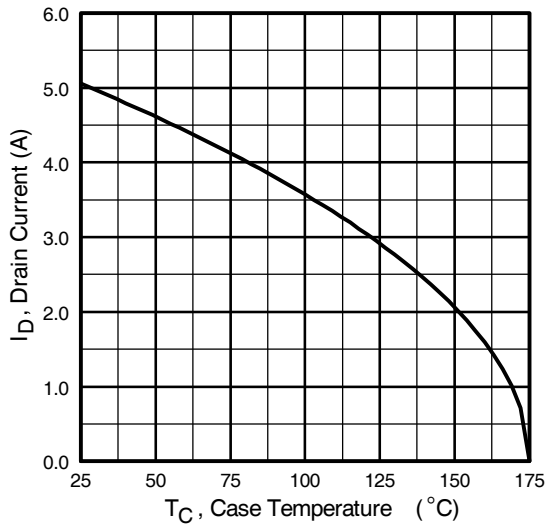


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

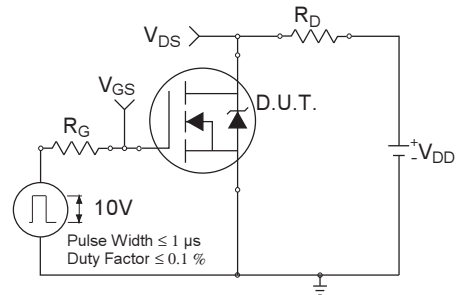


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

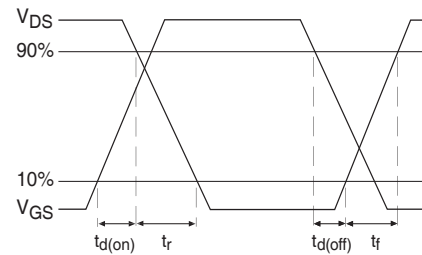


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

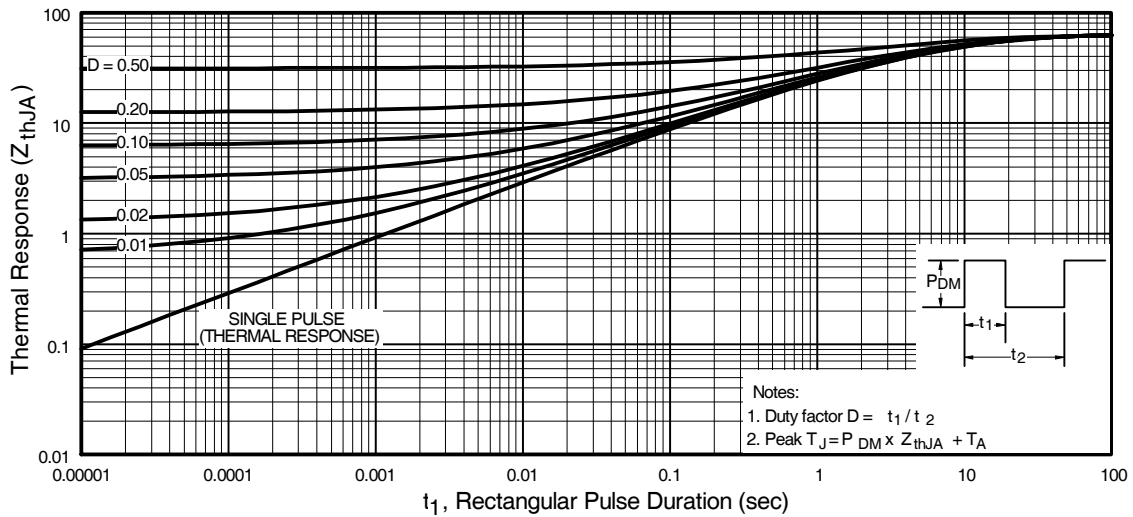


Fig 10. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

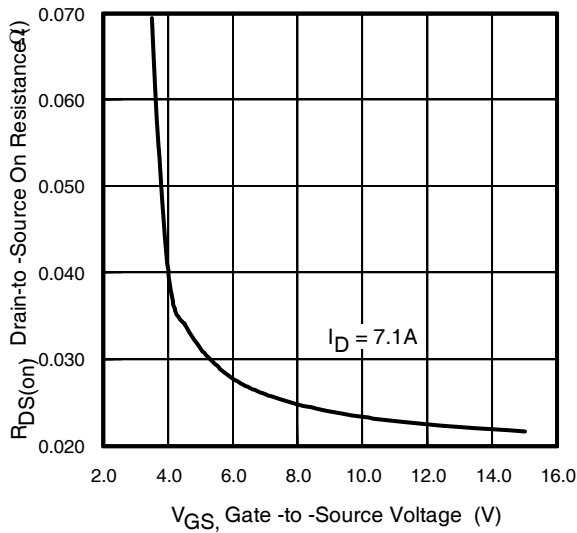


Fig 11. Typical On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

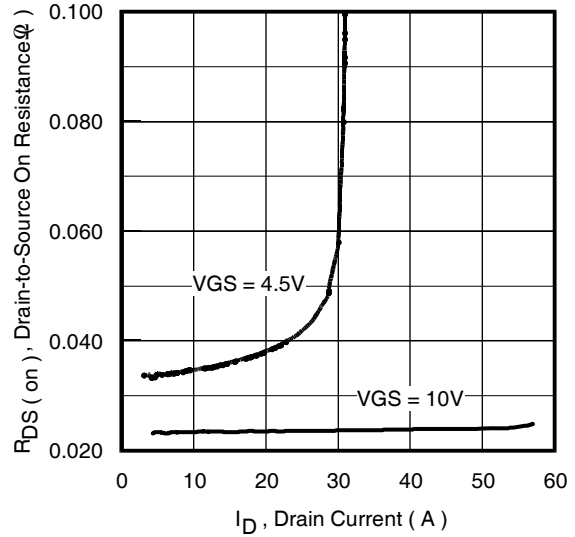


Fig 12. Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

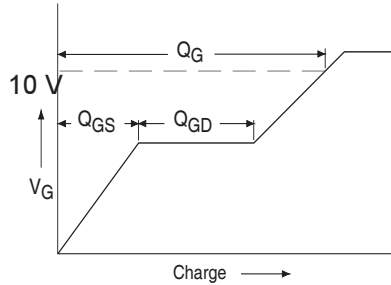


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

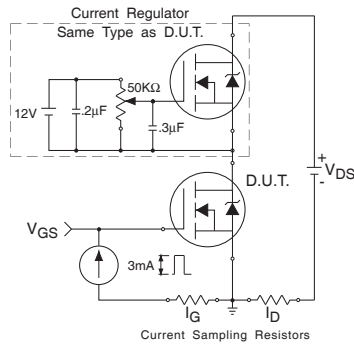


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

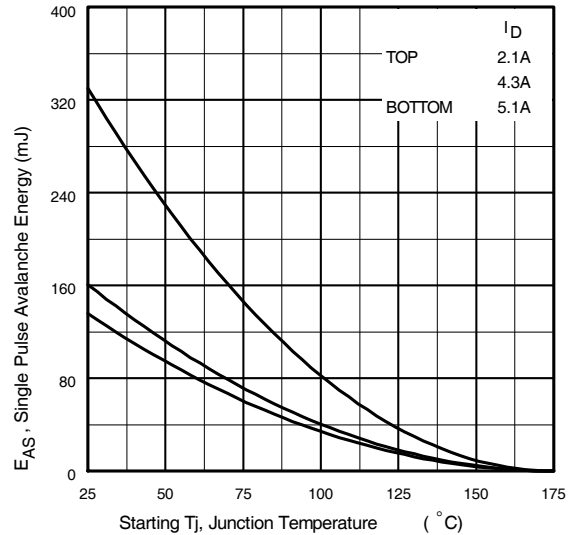


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

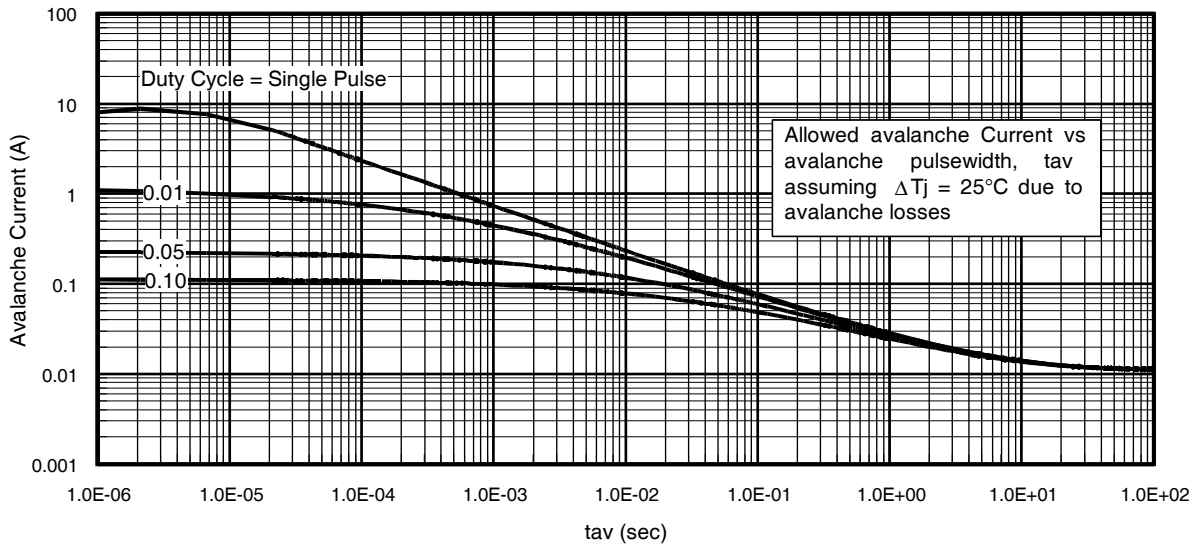


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

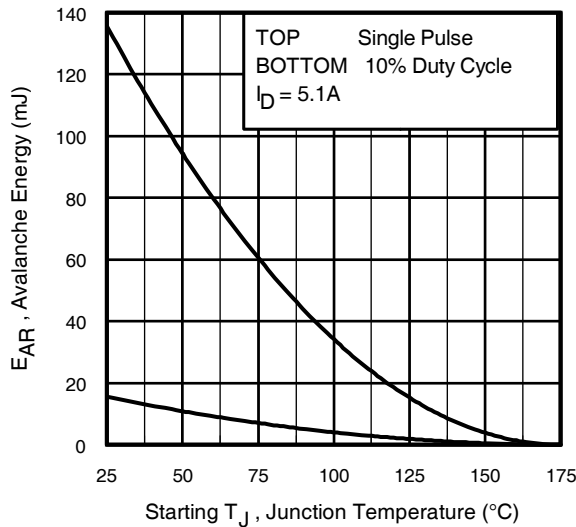


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)**

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

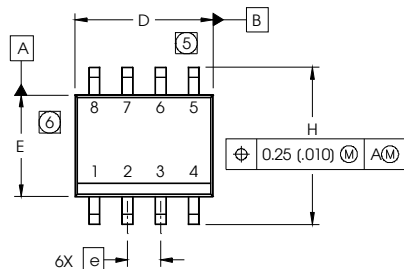
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

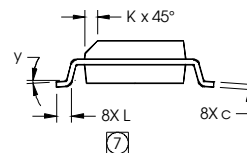
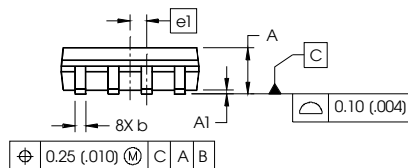
$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

SO-8 Package Outline(Mosfet & Fetky)

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



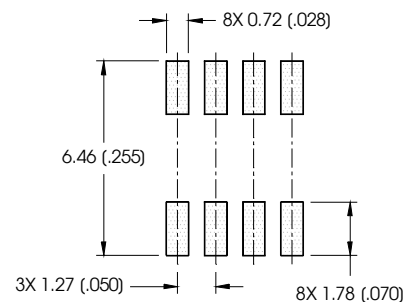
DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
c	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
e	.050 BASIC		1.27 BASIC	
e1	.025 BASIC		0.635 BASIC	
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
y	0°	8°	0°	8°



NOTES:

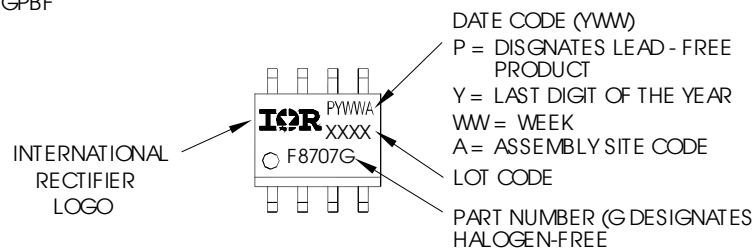
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
5. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15 (.006).
6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 (.010).
7. DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.

FOOTPRINT



SO-8 Part Marking Information

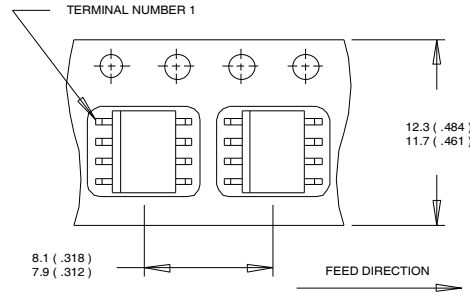
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF8707GPBF



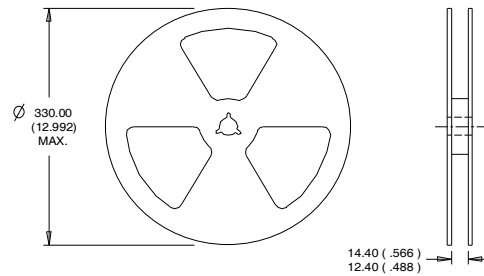
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

SO-8 Tape and Reel

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
 3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES:
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Qualification information[†]

Qualification level	Industrial (per JEDEC JESD47F ^{††} guidelines)	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	SO-8	MSL1 (per JEDEC J-STD-020D ^{††})
RoHS compliant	Yes	

[†] Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability>

^{††} Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release

International
 Rectifier

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To contact International Rectifier, please visit <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/>