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# H8/3802, H8/38004, H8/38002S, H8/38104 Group Hardware Manual

Renesas 8-Bit Single-Chip Microcomputer  
H8 Family / H8/300L Super Low Power Series

|                |          |                 |           |
|----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|
| H8/3802 Group  | H8/3802  | H8/38002S Group | H8/38002S |
|                | H8/3801  |                 | H8/38001S |
|                | H8/3800  |                 | H8/38000S |
| H8/38004 Group | H8/38004 | H8/38104 Group  | H8/38104  |
|                | H8/38003 |                 | H8/38103  |
|                | H8/38002 |                 | H8/38102  |
|                | H8/38001 |                 | H8/38101  |
|                | H8/38000 |                 | H8/38100  |

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# General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

## 1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions may occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

## 2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

- The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

## 3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

## 4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

- When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

## 5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different type number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

- The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different type numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different type numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

# Configuration of This Manual

This manual comprises the following items:

1. General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products
2. Configuration of This Manual
3. Preface
4. Contents
5. Overview
6. Description of Functional Modules
  - CPU and System-Control Modules
  - On-Chip Peripheral Modules

The configuration of the functional description of each module differs according to the module. However, the generic style includes the following items:

- i) Feature
- ii) Input/Output Pin
- iii) Register Description
- iv) Operation
- v) Usage Note

When designing an application system that includes this LSI, take notes into account. Each section includes notes in relation to the descriptions given, and usage notes are given, as required, as the final part of each section.

7. List of Registers
8. Electrical Characteristics
9. Appendix
10. Main Revisions for This Edition (only for revised versions)

The list of revisions is a summary of points that have been revised or added to earlier versions. This does not include all of the revised contents. For details, see the actual locations in this manual.

11. Index

# Preface

The H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, and H8/38104 Group are single-chip microcomputers made up of the high-speed H8/300L CPU employing Renesas technology's original architecture as their cores, and the peripheral functions required to configure a system. The H8/300L CPU has an instruction set that is compatible with the H8/300 CPU. Below is a table listing the product specifications for each group.

| Item                                      |                      | H8/3802 Group |               | H8/38004 Group        |               | H8/38002S Group | H8/38104 Group |               |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
|                                           |                      | ZTAT          | Mask ROM      | Flash ROM             | Mask ROM      | Mask ROM        | Flash ROM      | Mask ROM      |
| Memory                                    | ROM                  | 16 k          | 8 k to 16 k   | 16 k/32 k             | 32 k          | 8 k to 16 k     | 16 k/32 k      | 8 k to 32 k   |
|                                           | RAM                  | 1 k           | 512 or 1 k    | 1 k                   | 1 k           | 512 k           | 1 k            | 512 or 1 k    |
| Operating voltage and operating frequency | 4.5 to 5.5 V         | 16 MHz        | 16 MHz        | —                     | 16 MHz        | —               | 20 MHz         | 20 MHz        |
|                                           | 2.7 to 5.5 V         | 10 MHz        | 10 MHz        | —                     | 16 MHz        | —               | 20 MHz         | 20 MHz        |
|                                           | 1.8 to 5.5 V         | 4 MHz         | 4 MHz         | —                     | —             | —               | —              | —             |
|                                           | 2.7 to 3.6 V         | —             | —             | 10 MHz                | —             | 10 MHz          | —              | —             |
|                                           | 1.8 to 3.6 V         | —             | —             | 4 MHz (2.2 V or more) | —             | 4 MHz           | —              | —             |
| I/O ports                                 | Input                | 9             | 9             | 9                     | 9             | 9               | 9              | 9             |
|                                           | Output               | 6             | 6             | 6                     | 5             | 6               | 5              | 5             |
|                                           | I/O                  | 39            | 39            | 39                    | 39            | 39              | 39             | 39            |
| Timers                                    | Clock (timer A)      | 1             | 1             | 1                     | 1             | 1               | 1              | 1             |
|                                           | Compare (timer F)    | 1             | 1             | 1                     | 1             | 1               | 1              | 1             |
|                                           | AEC                  | 1             | 1             | 1                     | 1             | 1               | 1              | 1             |
|                                           | WDT                  |               |               | 1                     |               | 1               |                |               |
|                                           | WDT (discrete)       |               |               |                       | 1             |                 | 1              | 1             |
| SCI                                       | UART/Clock frequency | 1 ch          | 1 ch          | 1 ch                  | 1 ch          | 1 ch            | 1 ch           | 1 ch          |
| A-D (resolution × input channels)         |                      | 10 bit × 4 ch | 10 bit × 4 ch | 10 bit × 4 ch         | 10 bit × 4 ch | 10 bit × 4 ch   | 10 bit × 4 ch  | 10 bit × 4 ch |
| LCD                                       | seg                  | 25            | 25            | 25                    | 25            | 25              | 25             | 25            |
|                                           | com                  | 4             | 4             | 4                     | 4             | 4               | 4              | 4             |
| External interrupt (internal wakeup)      |                      | 11(8)         | 11(8)         | 11(8)                 | 11(8)         | 11(8)           | 11(8)          | 11(8)         |
| POR (power-on reset)                      |                      | —             | —             | —                     | —             | —               | 1              | 1             |
| LVD                                       |                      | —             | —             | —                     | —             | —               | 1              | 1             |

| Item                  | H8/3802 Group                                          |          | H8/38004 Group |          | H8/38002S Group | H8/38104 Group |          |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|----------|
|                       | ZTAT                                                   | Mask ROM | Flash ROM      | Mask ROM | Mask ROM        | Flash ROM      | Mask ROM |
| Package               | FP-64A                                                 | FP-64A   | FP-64A         | FP-64A   | FP-64A          | FP-64A         | FP-64A   |
|                       | FP-64E                                                 | FP-64E   | FP-64E         | FP-64E   | FP-64K*         | FP-64E         | FP-64E   |
|                       |                                                        |          | TNP-64B        | TNP-64B  | TNP-64B         |                |          |
|                       | DP-64S                                                 | DP-64S   |                |          |                 |                |          |
|                       |                                                        | die      | die            |          |                 |                |          |
| Operating temperature | Standard specifications: -20 to 75°C, WTR: -40 to 85°C |          |                |          |                 |                |          |

Note: \* Under development.

**Target Users:** This manual was written for users who will be using the H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group, and H8/38104 Group in the design of application systems. Target users are expected to understand the fundamentals of electrical circuits, logical circuits, and microcomputers.

**Objective:** This manual was written to explain the hardware functions and electrical characteristics of the H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group, and H8/38104 Group to the target users.  
Refer to the H8/300L Series Software Manual for a detailed description of the instruction set.

Notes on reading this manual:

- In order to understand the overall functions of the chip  
Read the manual according to the contents. This manual can be roughly categorized into parts on the CPU, system control functions, peripheral functions and electrical characteristics.
- In order to understand the details of the CPU's functions  
Read the H8/300L Series Software Manual.
- In order to understand the details of a register when its name is known  
Read the index that is the final part of the manual to find the page number of the entry on the register. The addresses, bits, and initial values of the registers are summarized in section 14, List of Registers.

**Example:**            **Bit order:**            The MSB is on the left and the LSB is on the right.

Notes:

The following limitations apply to H8/38004, H8/38002, H8/38104, and H8/38102 programming and debugging when the on-chip emulator is used.

1. Pin P95 is not available because it is used exclusively by the on-chip emulator.
2. Pins P33, P34, and P35 are unavailable for use. In order to use these pins additional hardware must be mounted on the user board.

3. The address range H'7000 to H'7FFF is used by the on-chip emulator and is unavailable to the user.
4. The address range H'F780 to H'FB7F must not be accessed under any circumstances.
5. When the on-chip emulator is being used, pin P95 is I/O, pins P33 and P34 are input, and pin P35 is output.
6. When using the on-chip emulator, pins OSC1 and OSC2 should be connected to an oscillator, or an external clock should be supplied to pin OSC1, even if the on-chip oscillator of the H8/38104 Group is selected.

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H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group, H8/38104 Group Manuals:

| Document Title                                                                 | Document No. |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group, H8/38104 Group Hardware Manual | This manual  |
| H8/300L Series Software Manual                                                 | REJ09B0214   |

User's Manuals for Development Tools:

| Document Title                                                                        | Document No. |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| H8S, H8/300 Series C/C++ Compiler, Assembler, Optimizing Linkage Editor User's Manual | REJ10B2039   |
| H8S, H8/300 Series Simulator/Debugger User's Manual                                   | REJ10B0211   |
| High-performance Embedded Workshop User's Manual                                      | REJ10J2037   |

Application Notes:

| Document Title                                             | Document No. |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| H8S, H8/300 Series C/C++ Compiler Package Application Note | REJ05B0464   |

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# Section 1 Overview

## 1.1 Features

- High-speed H8/300L central processing unit  
Complete instruction set compatibility with H8/300 CPU  
Sixteen 8-bit general registers (Can be used as eight 16-bit general registers)  
55 basic instructions
- Various peripheral functions  
Timer A (can be used as a time base for a clock)  
Timer F (16-bit timer)  
Asynchronous event counter (16-bit timer)  
Watchdog timer (WDT) (H8/38004, H8/38002S Group and H8/38104 Group only)  
SCI3 (Asynchronous or clocked synchronous serial communication interface)  
10-bit PWM  
10-bit A/D converter  
LCD controller/driver  
Power-on reset and low-voltage detect circuits (H8/38104 Group only)

- On-chip memory

| Product Classification                                    |           | Part No.    | ROM       | RAM       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Flash memory version<br>(F-ZTAT™ version * <sup>1</sup> ) | H8/38004  | HD64F38004  | 32 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38002  | HD64F38002  | 16 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38104  | HD64F38104  | 32 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38102  | HD64F38102  | 16 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
| PROM version<br>(ZTAT™ version * <sup>2</sup> )           | H8/3802   | HD6473802   | 16 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
| Mask ROM version                                          | H8/3802   | HD6433802   | 16 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/3801   | HD6433801   | 12 kbytes | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/3800   | HD6433800   | 8 kbytes  | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38004  | HD64338004  | 32 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38003  | HD64338003  | 24 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38002  | HD64338002  | 16 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38001  | HD64338001  | 12 kbytes | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38000  | HD64338000  | 8 kbytes  | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38002S | HD64338002S | 16 kbytes | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38001S | HD64338001S | 12 kbytes | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38000S | HD64338000S | 8 kbytes  | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38104  | HD64338104  | 32 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38103  | HD64338103  | 24 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38102  | HD64338102  | 16 kbytes | 1 kbyte   |
|                                                           | H8/38101  | HD64338101  | 12 kbytes | 512 bytes |
|                                                           | H8/38100  | HD64338100  | 8 kbytes  | 512 bytes |

Notes: 1. F-ZTAT is a trademark of Renesas Technology Corp.

2. ZTAT is a trademark of Renesas Technology Corp.

- General I/O ports

I/O pins: 39 I/O pins

Input-only pins: 5 input pins

Output-only pins: 6 output pins (5 pins on H8/38104 Group)

- Supports various power-down modes

- Compact package

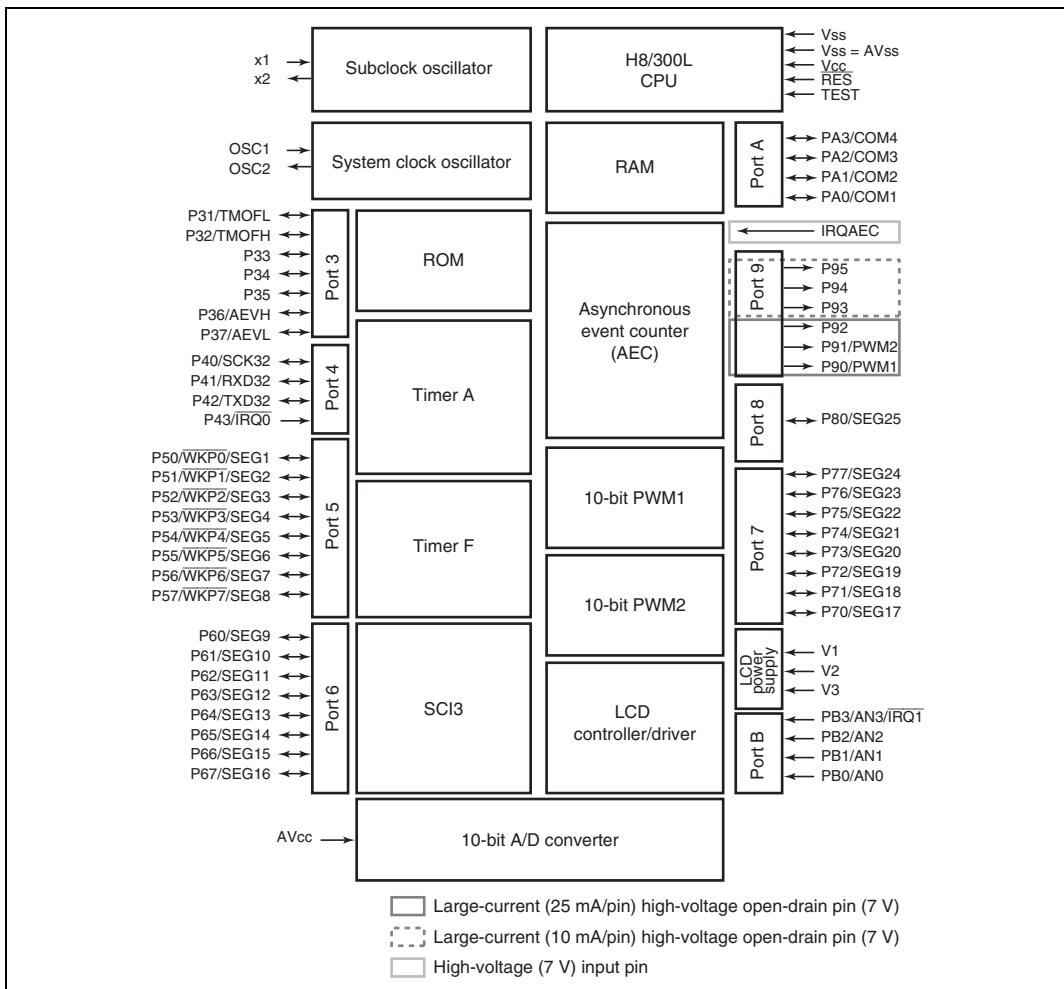
| Package   | Code    | Body Size      | Pin Pitch |
|-----------|---------|----------------|-----------|
| QFP-64    | FP-64A  | 14.0 × 14.0 mm | 0.8 mm    |
| LQFP-64   | FP-64E  | 10.0 × 10.0 mm | 0.5 mm    |
| LQFP-64   | FP-64K* | 10.0 × 10.0 mm | 0.5 mm    |
| P-VQFN-64 | TNP-64B | 8.0 × 8.0 mm   | 0.4 mm    |
| DP-64S    | DP-64S  | 17.0 × 57.6 mm | 1.0 mm    |
| Die       | —       | —              | —         |

The DP-64S package is only for the H8/3802 Group.

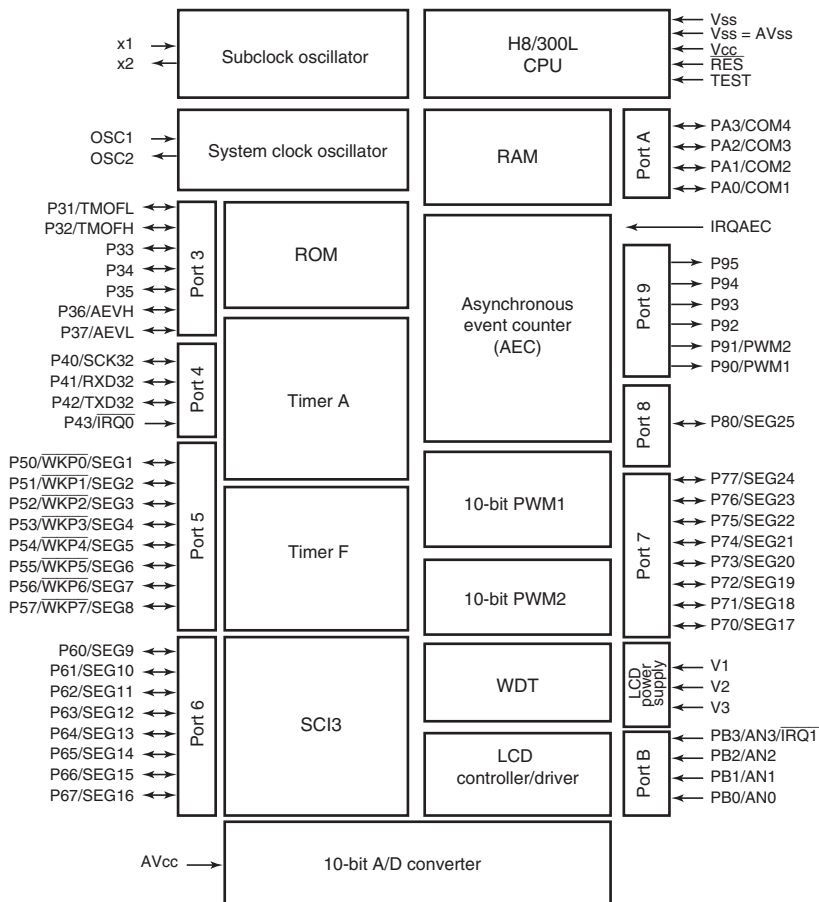
The chip is not supported by the H8/38104 Group.

Note: \* The package dimensions of the FP-64K and FP-64E differ. For details, see appendix E, Package Dimensions.

## 1.2 Internal Block Diagram

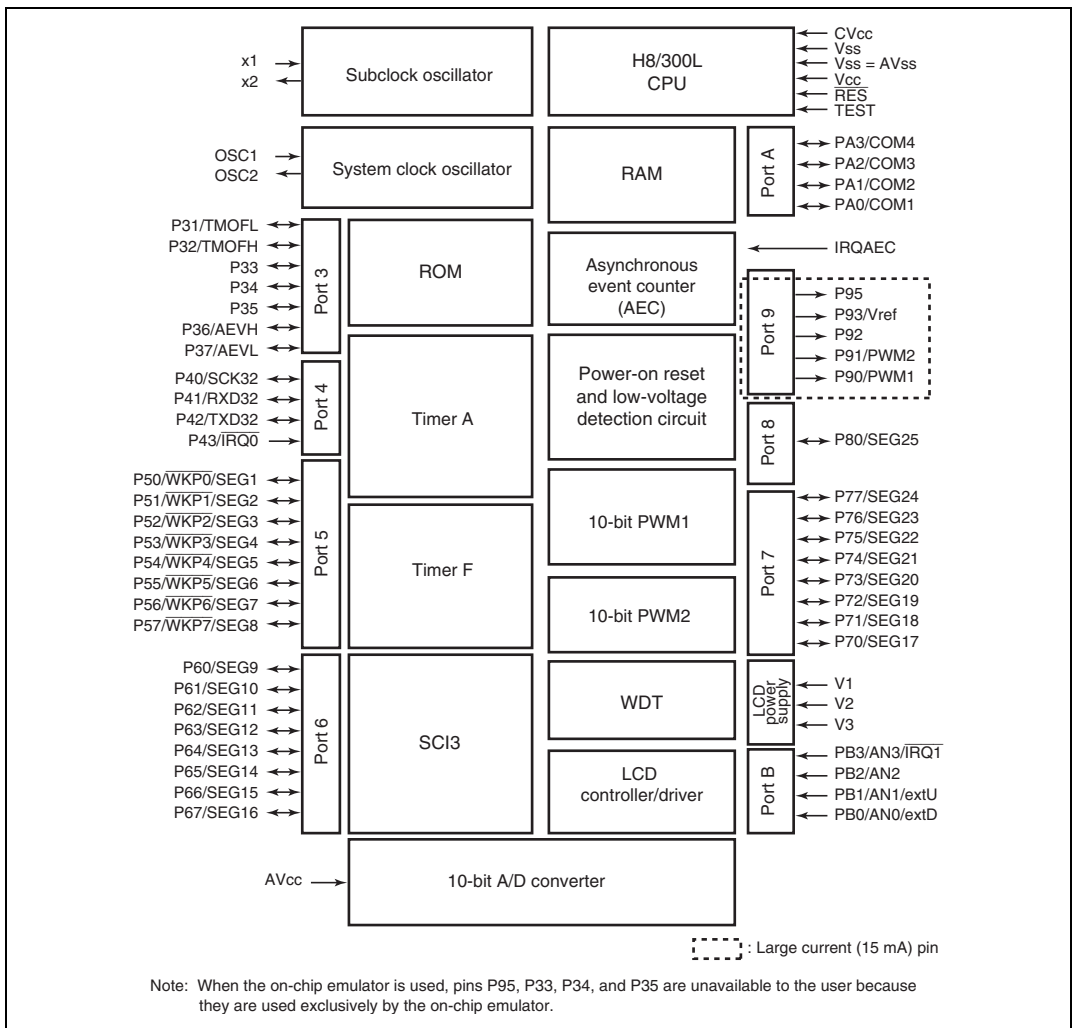


**Figure 1.1 Internal Block Diagram of H8/3802 Group**

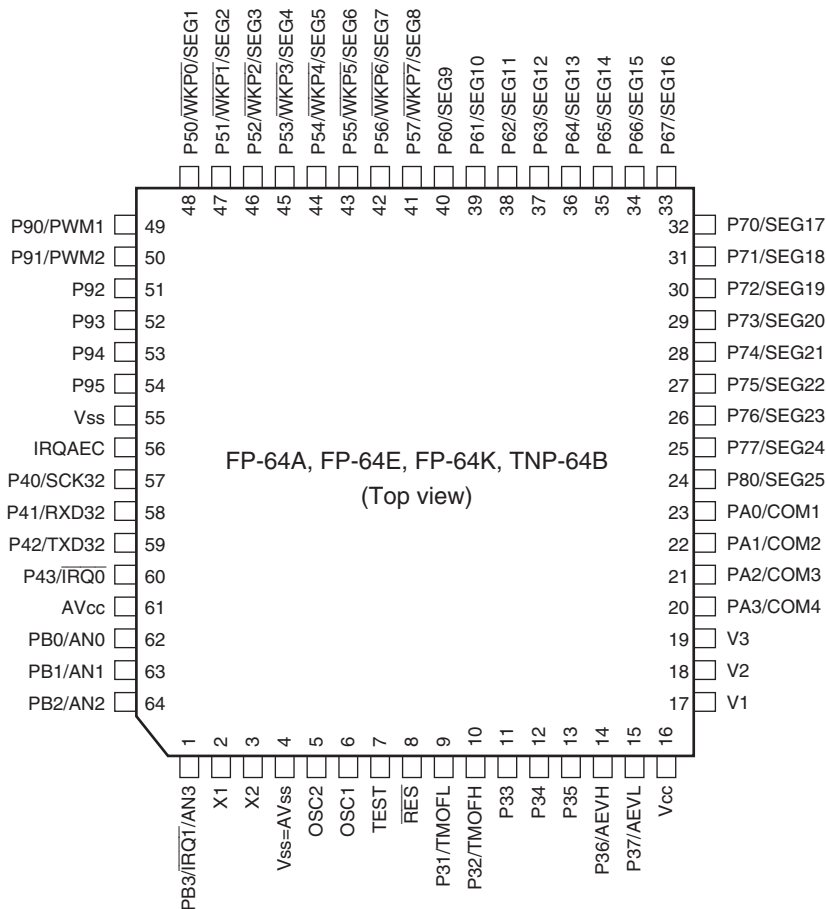


Note: When the on-chip emulator is used, pins P95, P33, P34, and P35 are unavailable to the user because they are used exclusively by the on-chip emulator.

**Figure 1.2 Internal Block Diagram of H8/38004 and H8/38002S Group**



## 1.3 Pin Arrangement



Note: When the on-chip emulator is used, pins P95, P33, P34, and P35 are unavailable to the user because they are used exclusively by the on-chip emulator.

**Figure 1.4 Pin Arrangement of H8/3802, H8/38004 and H8/38002S Group  
(FP-64A, FP-64E, FP-64K, TNP-64B)**

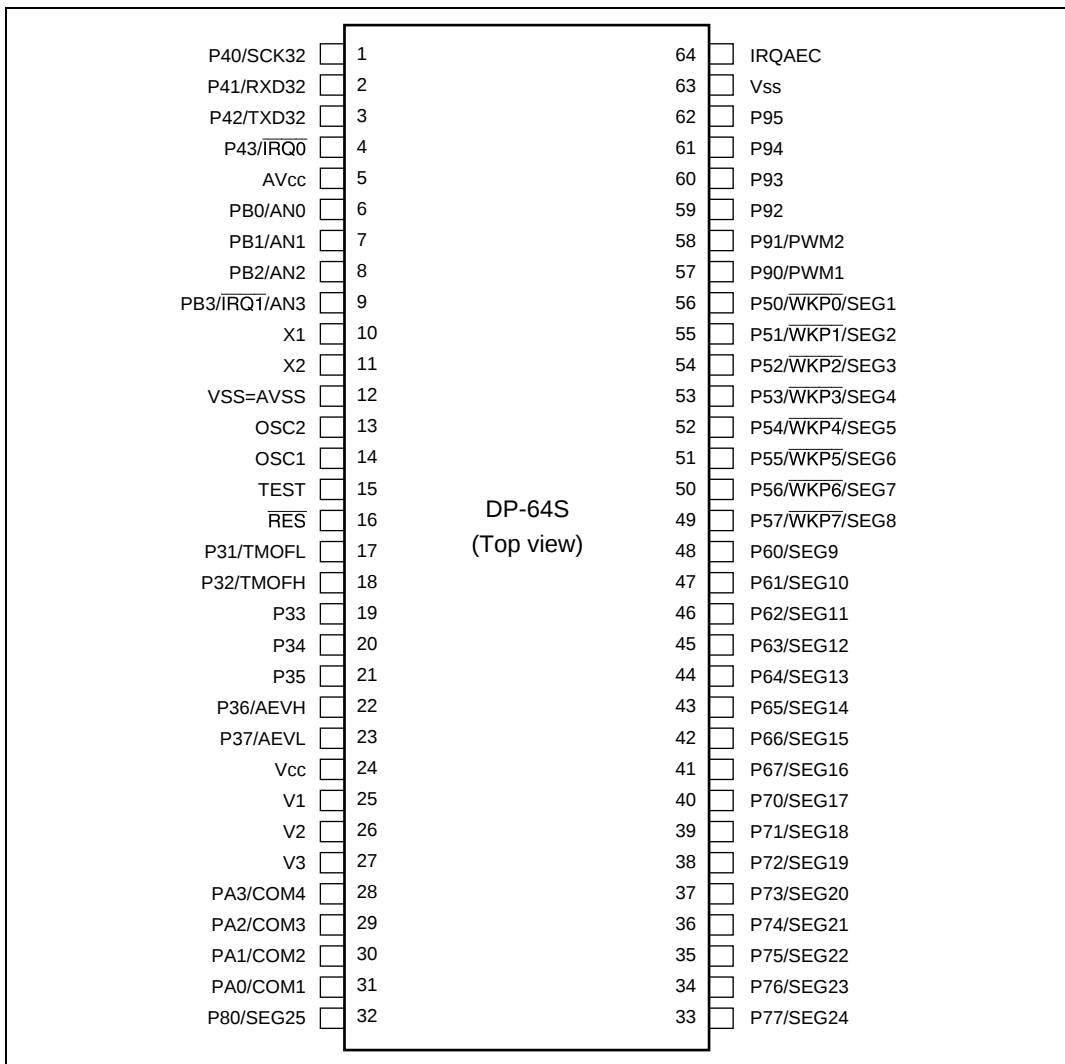
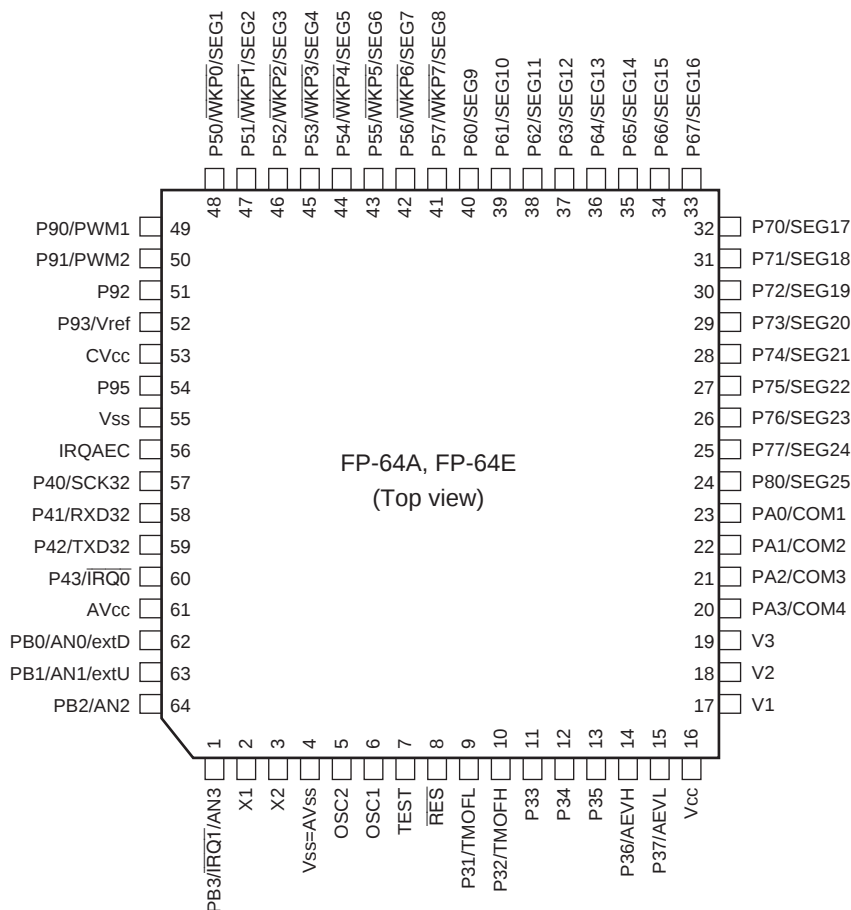
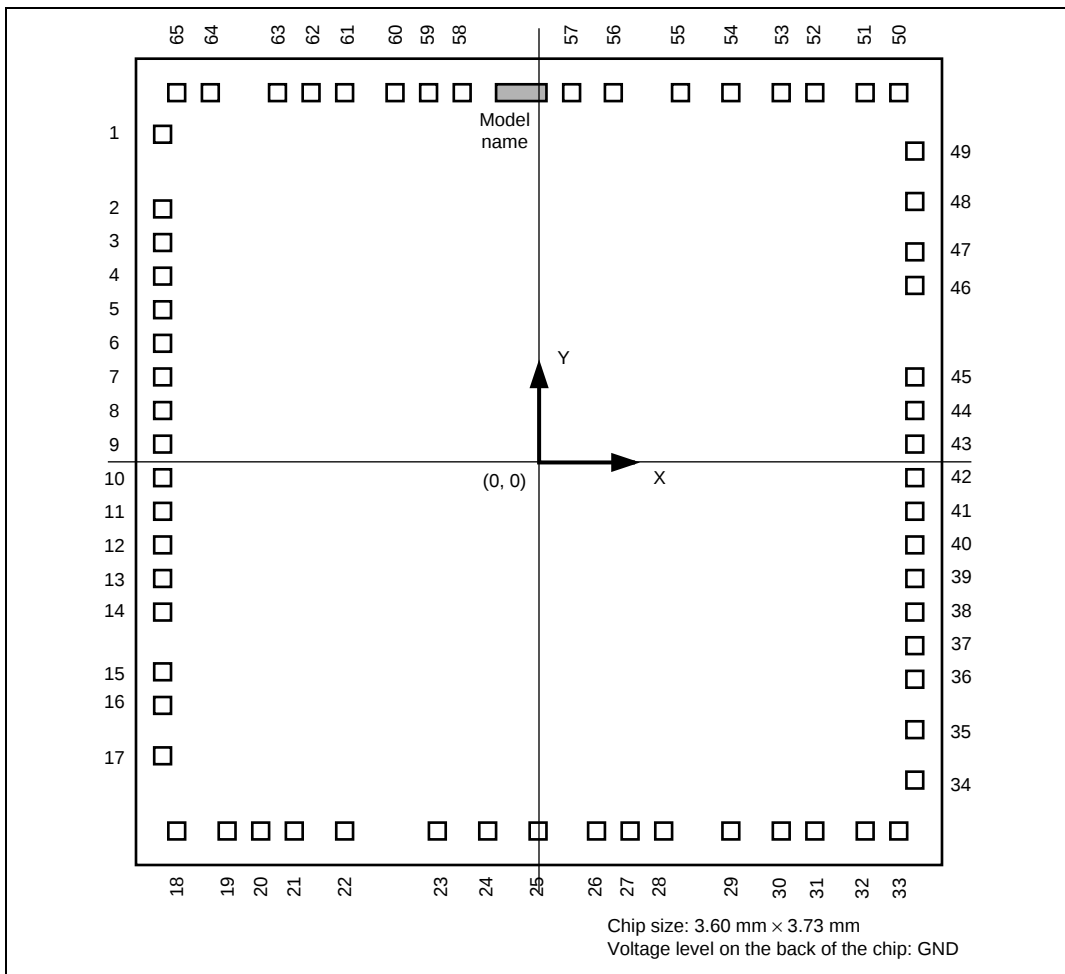


Figure 1.5 Pin Arrangement of H8/3802 Group (DP-64S)



Note: When the on-chip emulator is used, pins P95, P33, P34, and P35 are unavailable to the user because they are used exclusively by the on-chip emulator.

**Figure 1.6 Pin Arrangement of H8/38104 Group (FP-64A, FP-64E)**



**Figure 1.7 Pad Arrangement of HCD6433802, HCD6433801, and HCD6433800 (Top View)**

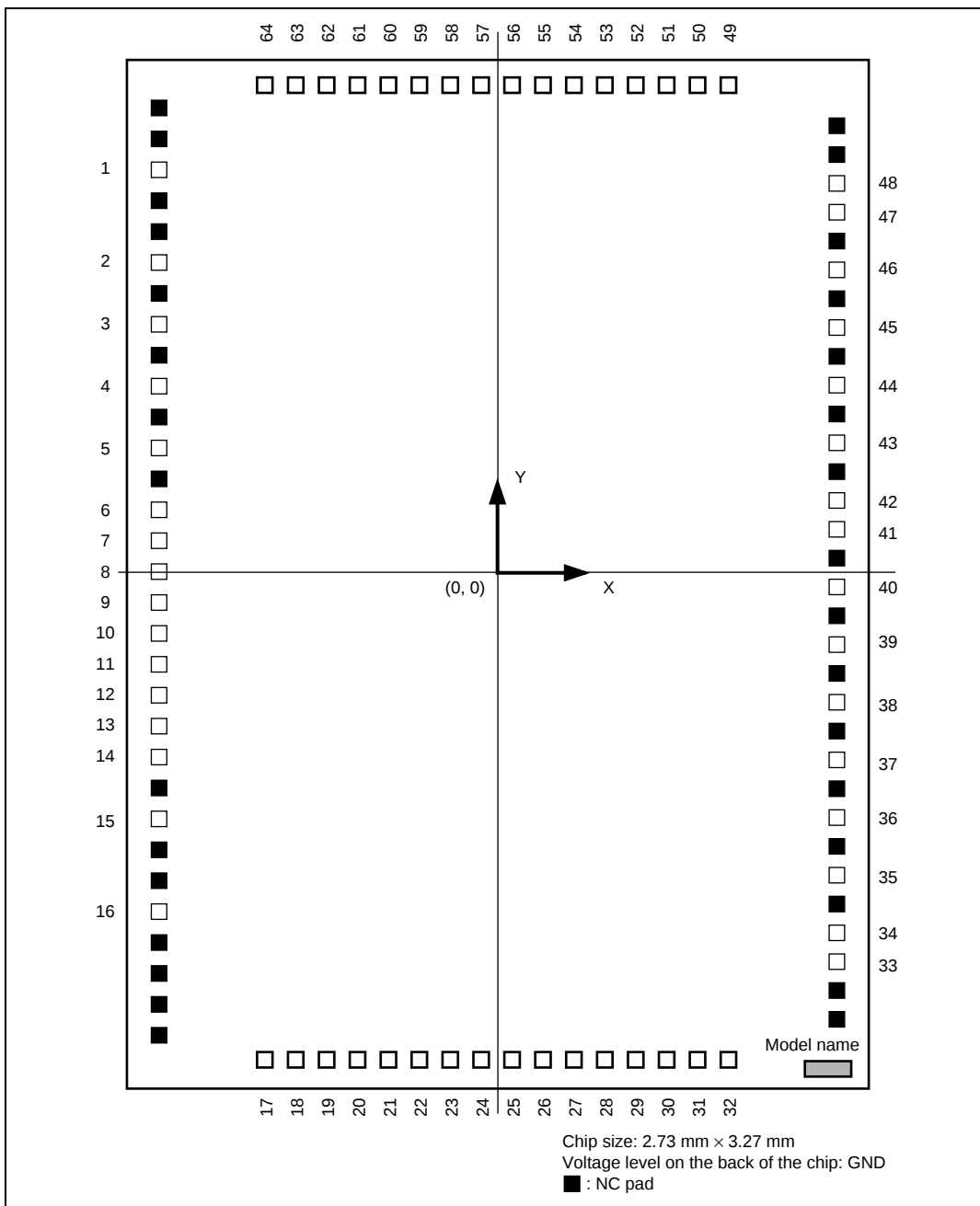
**Table 1.1 Pad Coordinate of HCD6433802, HCD6433801, and HCD6433800**

| Pad No. | Pad Name     | Coordinate |        | Pad No. | Pad Name      | Coordinate |        |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|---------------|------------|--------|
|         |              | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |         |               | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 1       | PB3/IRQ1/AN3 | -1677      | 1495   | 32      | P71/SEG18     | 1400       | -1742  |
| 2       | X1           | -1677      | 1084   | 33      | P70/SEG17     | 1578       | -1742  |
| 3       | X2           | -1677      | 943    | 34      | P67/SEG16     | 1677       | -1401  |
| 4       | AVss         | -1677      | 765    | 35      | P66/SEG15     | 1677       | -1190  |
| 5       | Vss          | -1677      | 619    | 36      | P65/SEG14     | 1677       | -950   |
| 6       | OSC2         | -1677      | 488    | 37      | P64/SEG13     | 1677       | -801   |
| 7       | OSC1         | -1677      | 356    | 38      | P63/SEG12     | 1677       | -608   |
| 8       | TEST         | -1677      | 225    | 39      | P62/SEG11     | 1677       | -459   |
| 9       | RES          | -1677      | 94     | 40      | P61/SEG10     | 1677       | -310   |
| 10      | P31/TMOFL    | -1677      | -40    | 41      | P60/SEG9      | 1677       | -160   |
| 11      | P32/TMOFH    | -1677      | -176   | 42      | P57/WKP7/SEG8 | 1677       | -11    |
| 12      | P33          | -1677      | -313   | 43      | P56/WKP6/SEG7 | 1677       | 121    |
| 13      | P34          | -1677      | -450   | 44      | P55/WKP5/SEG6 | 1677       | 252    |
| 14      | P35          | -1677      | -587   | 45      | P54/WKP4/SEG5 | 1677       | 383    |
| 15      | P36/AEVH     | -1677      | -943   | 46      | P53/WKP3/SEG4 | 1677       | 801    |
| 16      | P37/AEVL     | -1677      | -1083  | 47      | P52/WKP2/SEG3 | 1677       | 950    |
| 17      | Vcc          | -1677      | -1404  | 48      | P51/WKP1/SEG2 | 1677       | 1190   |
| 18      | V1           | -1578      | -1742  | 49      | P50/WKP0/SEG1 | 1677       | 1402   |
| 19      | V2           | -1339      | -1742  | 50      | P90/PWM1      | 1578       | 1742   |
| 20      | V3           | -1193      | -1742  | 51      | P91/PWM2      | 1411       | 1742   |
| 21      | PA3/COM4     | -1049      | -1742  | 52      | P92           | 1193       | 1742   |
| 22      | PA2/COM3     | -850       | -1742  | 53      | P93           | 1051       | 1742   |
| 23      | PA1/COM2     | -400       | -1742  | 54      | P94           | 850        | 1742   |
| 24      | PA0/COM1     | -200       | -1742  | 55      | P95           | 650        | 1742   |
| 25      | P80/SEG25    | 0          | -1742  | 56      | Vss           | 400        | 1742   |
| 26      | P77/SEG24    | 320        | -1742  | 57      | IRQAEC        | 200        | 1742   |
| 27      | P76/SEG23    | 451        | -1742  | 58      | P40/SCK32     | -298       | 1742   |
| 28      | P75/SEG22    | 583        | -1742  | 59      | P41/RXD32     | -435       | 1742   |
| 29      | P74/SEG21    | 850        | -1742  | 60      | P42/TXD32     | -572       | 1742   |
| 30      | P73/SEG20    | 1051       | -1742  | 61      | P43/IRQ0      | -752       | 1742   |
| 31      | P72/SEG19    | 1193       | -1742  | 62      | AVcc          | -1036      | 1742   |

| Pad No. | Pad Name | Coordinate |        |
|---------|----------|------------|--------|
|         |          | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 63      | PB0/AN0  | -1170      | 1742   |
| 64      | PB1/AN1  | -1400      | 1742   |

| Pad No. | Pad Name | Coordinate |        |
|---------|----------|------------|--------|
|         |          | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 65      | PB2/AN2  | -1578      | 1742   |

Note: The power supply (Vss) pads in pad numbers 4, 5, and 56 must not be open but connected. The TEST pad in pad number 8 must be connected to the Vss voltage level. If not, this LSI does not operate correctly. The coordinate values indicate center positions of pads and the accuracy is  $\pm 5\ \mu\text{m}$ . The home-point position is center of the chip and the center is located at half the distance between the upper and lower pads and left and right pads.



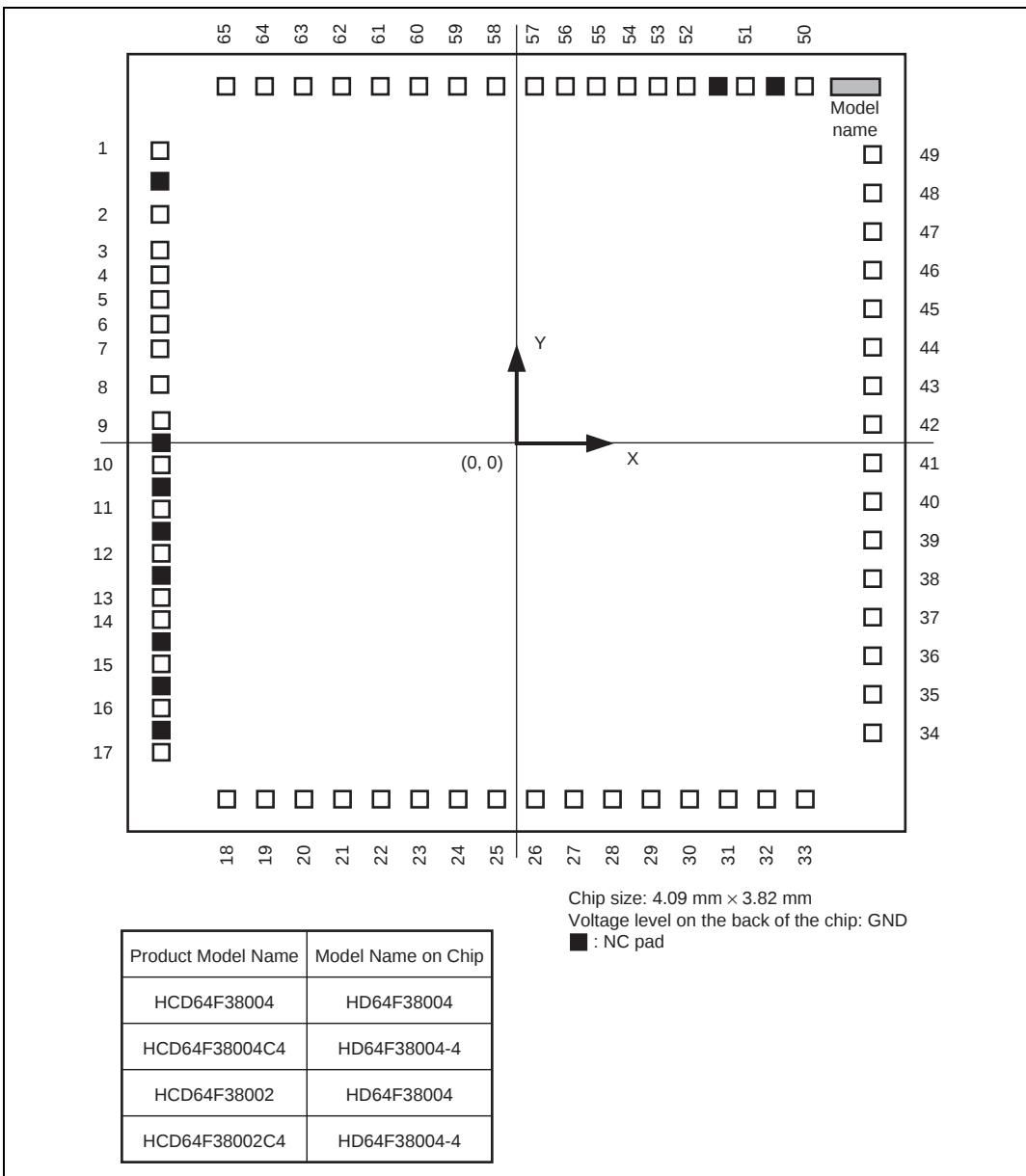
**Figure 1.8 Pad Arrangement of HCD64338004, HCD64338003, HCD64338002, HCD64338001, and HCD64338000 (Top View)**

**Table 1.2 Pad Coordinate of HCD64338004, HCD64338003, HCD64338002, HCD64338001, and HCD64338000**

| Pad No. | Pad Name     | Coordinate |        | Pad No. | Pad Name      | Coordinate |        |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|---------------|------------|--------|
|         |              | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |         |               | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 1       | PB3/IRQ1/AN3 | -1224      | 1214   | 30      | P72/SEG19     | 667        | -1484  |
| 2       | X1           | -1224      | 957    | 31      | P71/SEG18     | 790        | -1484  |
| 3       | X2           | -1224      | 786    | 32      | P70/SEG17     | 913        | -1484  |
| 4       | Vss = AVss   | -1224      | 596    | 33      | P67/SEG16     | 1215       | -1194  |
| 5       | OSC2         | -1224      | 406    | 34      | P66/SEG15     | 1215       | -1080  |
| 6       | OSC1         | -1224      | 234    | 35      | P65/SEG14     | 1215       | -909   |
| 7       | TEST         | -1224      | 120    | 36      | P64/SEG13     | 1215       | -738   |
| 8       | RES          | -1224      | 6      | 37      | P63/SEG12     | 1215       | -566   |
| 9       | P31/TMOFL    | -1224      | -108   | 38      | P62/SEG11     | 1215       | -395   |
| 10      | P32/TMOFH    | -1224      | -222   | 39      | P61/SEG10     | 1215       | -224   |
| 11      | P33          | -1224      | -336   | 40      | P60/SEG9      | 1215       | -52    |
| 12      | P34          | -1224      | -450   | 41      | P57/WKP7/SEG8 | 1215       | 119    |
| 13      | P35          | -1224      | -564   | 42      | P56/WKP6/SEG7 | 1215       | 233    |
| 14      | P36/AEVH     | -1224      | -678   | 43      | P55/WKP5/SEG6 | 1215       | 404    |
| 15      | P37/AEVL     | -1224      | -849   | 44      | P54/WKP4/SEG5 | 1215       | 576    |
| 16      | Vcc          | -1224      | -1142  | 45      | P53/WKP3/SEG4 | 1215       | 747    |
| 17      | V1           | -922       | -1484  | 46      | P52/WKP2/SEG3 | 1215       | 919    |
| 18      | V2           | -799       | -1484  | 47      | P51/WKP1/SEG2 | 1215       | 1090   |
| 19      | V3           | -676       | -1484  | 48      | P50/WKP0/SEG1 | 1215       | 1206   |
| 20      | PA3/COM4     | -553       | -1484  | 49      | P90/PWM1      | 913        | 1494   |
| 21      | PA2/COM3     | -430       | -1484  | 50      | P91/PWM2      | 790        | 1494   |
| 22      | PA1/COM2     | -307       | -1484  | 51      | P92           | 667        | 1494   |
| 23      | PA0/COM1     | -185       | -1484  | 52      | P93           | 544        | 1494   |
| 24      | P80/SEG25    | -62        | -1484  | 53      | P94           | 421        | 1494   |
| 25      | P77/SEG24    | 53         | -1484  | 54      | P95           | 299        | 1494   |
| 26      | P76/SEG23    | 176        | -1484  | 55      | Vss           | 176        | 1494   |
| 27      | P75/SEG22    | 299        | -1484  | 56      | IRQAEC        | 37         | 1494   |
| 28      | P74/SEG21    | 421        | -1484  | 57      | P40/SCK32     | -77        | 1494   |
| 29      | P73/SEG20    | 544        | -1484  | 58      | P41/RXD32     | -200       | 1494   |

| Pad No. | Pad Name  | Coordinate |        | Pad No. | Pad Name | Coordinate |        |
|---------|-----------|------------|--------|---------|----------|------------|--------|
|         |           | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |         |          | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 59      | P42/TXD32 | -323       | 1494   | 62      | PB0/AN0  | -692       | 1494   |
| 60      | P43/IRQ0  | -446       | 1494   | 63      | PB1/AN1  | -815       | 1494   |
| 61      | AVcc      | -569       | 1494   | 64      | PB2/AN2  | -937       | 1494   |

Note: The power supply (Vss) pads in pad numbers 4 and 55 must not be open but connected. The TEST pad in pad number 7 must be connected to the Vss voltage level. If not, this LSI does not operate correctly. The coordinate values indicate center positions of pads and the accuracy is  $\pm 5 \mu\text{m}$ . The home-point position is center of the chip and the center is located at half the distance between the upper and lower pads and left and right pads.



**Figure 1.9 Pad Arrangement of HCD64F38004 and HCD64F38002 (Top View)**

**Table 1.3 Pad Coordinate of HCD64F38004 and HCD64F38002**

| Pad No. | Pad Name     | Coordinate |        | Pad No. | Pad Name      | Coordinate |        |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------|---------|---------------|------------|--------|
|         |              | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |         |               | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 1       | PB3/IRQ1/AN3 | -1915      | 1490   | 32      | P71/SEG18     | 1411       | -1779  |
| 2       | X1           | -1915      | 1182   | 33      | P70/SEG17     | 1628       | -1779  |
| 3       | X2           | -1915      | 1022   | 34      | P67/SEG16     | 1914       | -1496  |
| 4       | Vss          | -1915      | 926    | 35      | P66/SEG15     | 1914       | -1297  |
| 5       | Vss = AVss   | -1915      | 786    | 36      | P65/SEG14     | 1914       | -1098  |
| 6       | OSC2         | -1915      | 648    | 37      | P64/SEG13     | 1914       | -899   |
| 7       | OSC1         | -1915      | 495    | 38      | P63/SEG12     | 1914       | -700   |
| 8       | TEST         | -1915      | 295    | 39      | P62/SEG11     | 1914       | -500   |
| 9       | RES          | -1915      | 96     | 40      | P61/SEG10     | 1914       | -302   |
| 10      | P31/TMOFL    | -1915      | -103   | 41      | P60/SEG9      | 1914       | -103   |
| 11      | P32/TMOFH    | -1915      | -302   | 42      | P57/WKP7/SEG8 | 1914       | 96     |
| 12      | P33          | -1915      | -486   | 43      | P56/WKP6/SEG7 | 1914       | 295    |
| 13      | P34          | -1915      | -657   | 44      | P55/WKP5/SEG6 | 1914       | 495    |
| 14      | P35          | -1915      | -750   | 45      | P54/WKP4/SEG5 | 1914       | 694    |
| 15      | P36/AEVH     | -1915      | -989   | 46      | P53/WKP3/SEG4 | 1914       | 893    |
| 16      | P37/AEVL     | -1915      | -1247  | 47      | P52/WKP2/SEG3 | 1914       | 1092   |
| 17      | Vcc          | -1915      | -1438  | 48      | P51/WKP1/SEG2 | 1914       | 1291   |
| 18      | V1           | -1623      | -1779  | 49      | P50/WKP0/SEG1 | 1914       | 1490   |
| 19      | V2           | -1406      | -1779  | 50      | P90/PWM1      | 1628       | 1779   |
| 20      | V3           | -1189      | -1779  | 51      | P91/PWM2      | 1368       | 1779   |
| 21      | PA3/COM4     | -973       | -1779  | 52      | P92           | 1113       | 1779   |
| 22      | PA2/COM3     | -756       | -1779  | 53      | P93           | 976        | 1779   |
| 23      | PA1/COM2     | -539       | -1779  | 54      | P94           | 759        | 1779   |
| 24      | PA0/COM1     | -323       | -1779  | 55      | P95           | 542        | 1779   |
| 25      | P80/SEG25    | -106       | -1779  | 56      | Vss           | 324        | 1779   |
| 26      | P77/SEG24    | 111        | -1779  | 57      | IRQAEC        | 96         | 1779   |
| 27      | P76/SEG23    | 328        | -1779  | 58      | P40/SCK32     | -109       | 1779   |
| 28      | P75/SEG22    | 544        | -1779  | 59      | P41/RXD32     | -327       | 1779   |
| 29      | P74/SEG21    | 761        | -1779  | 60      | P42/TXD32     | -545       | 1779   |
| 30      | P73/SEG20    | 978        | -1779  | 61      | P43/IRQ0      | -762       | 1779   |
| 31      | P72/SEG19    | 1194       | -1779  | 62      | AVcc          | -980       | 1779   |

| Pad No. | Pad Name | Coordinate |        |
|---------|----------|------------|--------|
|         |          | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 63      | PB0/AN0  | -1198      | 1779   |
| 64      | PB1/AN1  | -1414      | 1779   |

| Pad No. | Pad Name | Coordinate |        |
|---------|----------|------------|--------|
|         |          | X (μm)     | Y (μm) |
| 65      | PB2/AN2  | -1613      | 1779   |

Note: The power supply (Vss) pads in pad numbers 4, 5, and 56 must not be open but connected. The TEST pad in pad number 8 must be connected to the Vss voltage level. If not, this LSI does not operate correctly. The coordinate values indicate center positions of pads and the accuracy is  $\pm 5\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ . The home-point position is center of the chip and the center is located at half the distance between the upper and lower pads and left and right pads.

## 1.4 Pin Functions

**Table 1.4 Pin Functions**

| Type              | Symbol                         | Pin No.                                  |                                | Pad No. <sup>*1*3</sup> | Pad No. <sup>*2</sup> | I/O    | Functions                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                   |                                | FP-64A,<br>FP-64E,<br>FP-64K,<br>TNP-64B | DP-64S                         |                         |                       |        |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Power source pins | V <sub>CC</sub>                | 16                                       | 24                             | 17                      | 16                    | Input  | Power supply pin. Connect this pin to the system power supply.                                                                                                                    |
|                   | V <sub>SS</sub>                | 4 (= AV <sub>SS</sub> )<br>55            | 12 (= AV <sub>SS</sub> )<br>63 | 4<br>5<br>56            | 4<br>55               | Input  | Ground pin. Connect this pin to the system power supply (0V).                                                                                                                     |
|                   | AV <sub>CC</sub>               | 61                                       | 5                              | 62                      | 61                    | Input  | Analog power supply pin for the A/D converter. When the A/D converter is not used, connect this pin to the system power supply.                                                   |
|                   | AV <sub>SS</sub>               | 4 (= V <sub>SS</sub> )                   | 12 (= V <sub>SS</sub> )        | 4<br>5                  | 4                     | Input  | Ground pin for the A/D converter. Connect this pin to the system power supply (0 V).                                                                                              |
|                   | V1                             | 17                                       | 25                             | 18                      | 17                    | Input  | Power supply pin for the LCD controller/driver.                                                                                                                                   |
|                   | V2                             | 18                                       | 26                             | 19                      | 18                    |        |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                   | V3                             | 19                                       | 27                             | 20                      | 19                    |        |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                   | CV <sub>CC</sub> <sup>*4</sup> | 53                                       | —                              | —                       | —                     | Input  | This is the internal step-down power supply pin. To ensure stability, a capacitor with a rating of about 0.1 μF should be connected between this pin and the V <sub>SS</sub> pin. |
| Clock pins        | OSC1                           | 6                                        | 14                             | 7                       | 6                     | Input  | These pins connect to a crystal or ceramic resonator for system clocks, or can be used to input an external clock.                                                                |
|                   | OSC2                           | 5                                        | 13                             | 6                       | 5                     | Output |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                   |                                |                                          |                                |                         |                       |        | See section 4, Clock Pulse Generators, for a typical connection.                                                                                                                  |

| Type           | Symbol       | Pin No.                                  |          | Pad No. <sup>*1*3</sup> | Pad No. <sup>*2</sup> | I/O    | Functions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------|--------------|------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                |              | FP-64A,<br>FP-64E,<br>FP-64K,<br>TNP-64B | DP-64S   |                         |                       |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Clock pins     | X1           | 2                                        | 10       | 2                       | 2                     | Input  | These pins connect to a 32.768- or 38.4-kHz <sup>*5</sup> crystal resonator for subclocks.<br><br>See section 4, Clock Pulse Generators, for a typical connection.                                                                                                                                                     |
|                | X2           | 3                                        | 11       | 3                       | 3                     | Output |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| System control | RES          | 8                                        | 16       | 9                       | 8                     | Input  | Reset pin. When this driven low, the chip is reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                | TEST         | 7                                        | 15       | 8                       | 7                     | Input  | Test pin. Connect this pin to V <sub>ss</sub> <sup>*</sup> . Users cannot use this pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Interrupt pins | IRQ0         | 60                                       | 4        | 61                      | 60                    | Input  | External interrupt request input pins. Can select the rising or falling edge.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                | IRQ1         | 1                                        | 9        | 1                       | 1                     |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                | IRQAEC       | 56                                       | 64       | 57                      | 56                    | Input  | Asynchronous event counter interrupt input pin. Enables asynchronous event input.<br><br>On the H8/38104 Group, this must be fixed at V <sub>cc</sub> or GND because the oscillator is selected by the input level during resets. Refer to section 4, Clock Pulse Generators, for information on the selection method. |
|                | WKP7 to WKP0 | 41 to 48                                 | 49 to 56 | 42 to 49                | 41 to 48              | Input  | Wakeup interrupt request input pins. Can select the rising or falling edge.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Timer          | AEVL         | 15                                       | 23       | 16                      | 15                    | Input  | This is an event input pin for input to the asynchronous event counter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                | AEVH         | 14                                       | 22       | 15                      | 14                    |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                | TMOFL        | 9                                        | 17       | 10                      | 9                     | Output | This is an output pin for waveforms generated by the timer FL output compare function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

| Type       | Symbol     | Pin No.                                  |          | Pad No. <sup>*1*3</sup> | Pad No. <sup>*2</sup> | I/O    | Functions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------|------------|------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            |            | FP-64A,<br>FP-64E,<br>FP-64K,<br>TNP-64B | DP-64S   |                         |                       |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Timer      | TMOFH      | 10                                       | 18       | 11                      | 10                    | Output | This is an output pin for waveforms generated by the timer FH output compare function.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 10-bit PWM | PWM1       | 49                                       | 57       | 50                      | 49                    | Output | These are output pins for waveforms generated by the channel 1 and 2 10-bit PWMs.                                                                                                                                                                               |
|            | PWM2       | 50                                       | 58       | 51                      | 50                    |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| I/O ports  | P37 to P31 | 15 to 9                                  | 23 to 17 | 16 to 10                | 15 to 9               | I/O    | 7-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register 3 (PCR3). When the on-chip emulator is used, pins P33, P34, and P35 are unavailable to the user because they are used exclusively by the on-chip emulator. |
|            | P43        | 60                                       | 4        | 61                      | 60                    | Input  | 1-bit input port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|            | P42 to P40 | 59 to 57                                 | 3 to 1   | 60 to 58                | 59 to 57              | I/O    | 3-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register 4 (PCR4).                                                                                                                                                  |
|            | P57 to P50 | 41 to 48                                 | 49 to 56 | 42 to 49                | 41 to 48              | I/O    | 8-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register 5 (PCR5).                                                                                                                                                  |
|            | P67 to P60 | 33 to 40                                 | 41 to 48 | 34 to 41                | 33 to 40              | I/O    | 8-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register 6 (PCR6).                                                                                                                                                  |
|            | P77 to P70 | 25 to 32                                 | 33 to 40 | 26 to 33                | 25 to 32              | I/O    | 8-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register 7 (PCR7).                                                                                                                                                  |
|            | P80        | 24                                       | 32       | 25                      | 24                    | I/O    | 1-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register 8 (PCR8).                                                                                                                                                  |

| Type                                              | Symbol        | Pin No.                                  |          | Pad No. <sup>*1*3</sup> | Pad No. <sup>*2</sup> | I/O    | Functions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                   |               | FP-64A,<br>FP-64E,<br>FP-64K,<br>TNP-64B | DP-64S   |                         |                       |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| I/O ports                                         | P95 to P90    | 54 to 49                                 | 62 to 57 | 55 to 50                | 54 to 49              | Output | 6-bit output port. When the on-chip emulator is used, pin P95 is unavailable to the user because it is used exclusively by the on-chip emulator. In the F-ZTAT version, pin P95 should not be open but pulled up to go high in user mode.<br><br>Note that the H8/38104 Group is not equipped with a pin 94. |
|                                                   | PA3 to PA0    | 20 to 23                                 | 28 to 31 | 21 to 24                | 20 to 23              | I/O    | 4-bit I/O port. Input or output can be designated for each bit by means of the port control register A (PCRA).                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                   | PB3 to PB0    | 1, 64 to 62                              | 9 to 6   | 1, 65 to 63             | 1, 64 to 62           | Input  | 4-bit input port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Serial communication interface (SCI)              | RXD32         | 58                                       | 2        | 59                      | 58                    | Input  | Receive data input pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                   | TXD32         | 59                                       | 3        | 60                      | 59                    | Output | Transmit data output pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                   | SCK32         | 57                                       | 1        | 58                      | 57                    | I/O    | Clock I/O pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A/D converter                                     | AN3 to AN0    | 1, 64 to 62                              | 9 to 6   | 1, 65 to 63             | 1, 64 to 62           | Input  | Analog data input pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| LCD controller/driver                             | COM4 to COM1  | 20 to 23                                 | 28 to 31 | 21 to 24                | 20 to 23              | Output | LCD common output pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                   | SEG25 to SEG1 | 24 to 48                                 | 32 to 56 | 25 to 49                | 24 to 48              | Output | LCD segment output pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Low-voltage detection circuit (LVD) <sup>*4</sup> | Vref          | 52                                       | —        | —                       | —                     | Input  | Reference voltage input pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                   | extD          | 62                                       | —        | —                       | —                     | Input  | Power supply drop detection voltage input pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                   | extU          | 63                                       | —        | —                       | —                     | Input  | Power supply rise detection voltage input pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

- Notes: 1. Pad number for HCD6433802, HCD6433801, and HCD6433800  
2. Pad number for HCD64338004, HCD64338003, HCD64338002, HCD64338001, and HCD64338000  
3. Pad number for HCD64F38004 and HCD64F38002  
4. H8/38104 Group only  
5. Does not apply to H8/38104 Group

## Section 2 CPU

The H8/300L CPU has sixteen 8-bit general registers, which can also be paired as eight 16-bit registers. Its concise instruction set is designed for high-speed operation.

### 2.1 Features

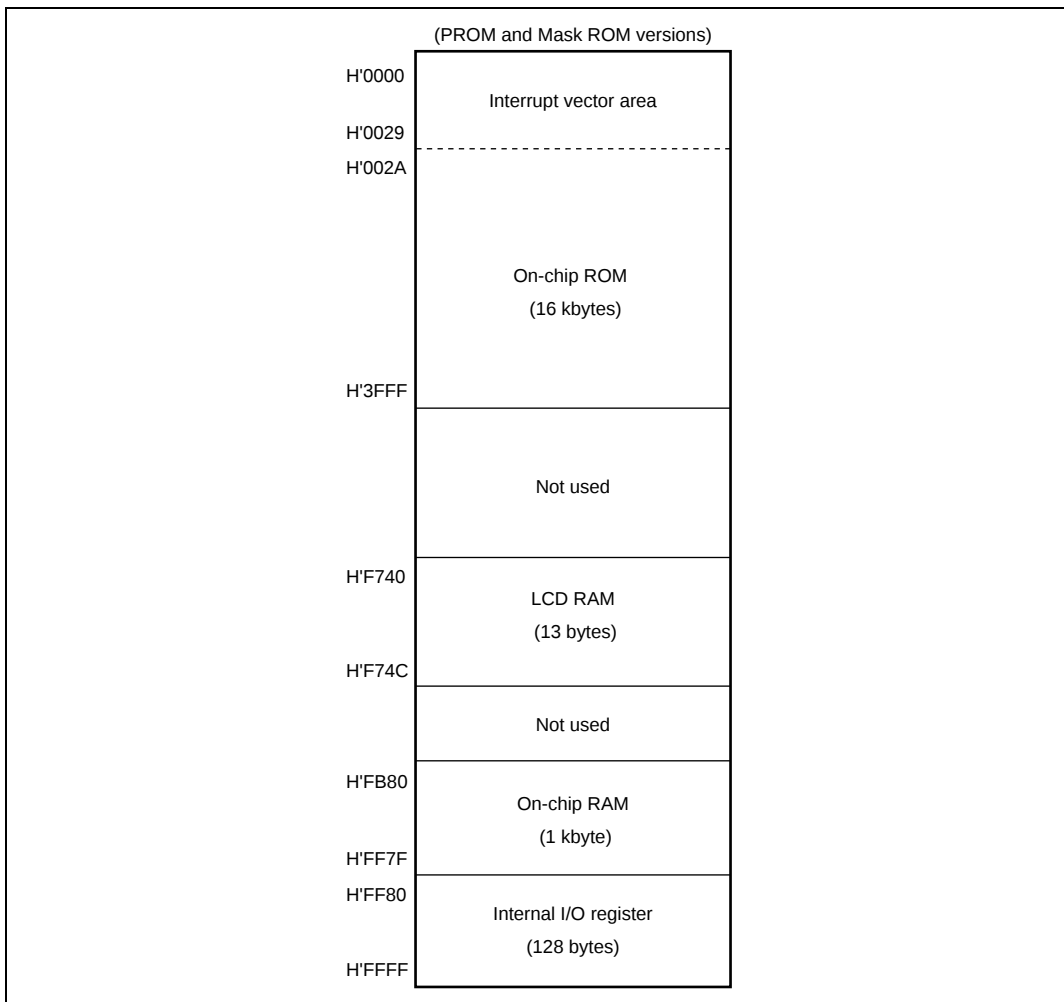
- General-register architecture
  - Sixteen 8-bit general registers, also usable as eight 16-bit registers
- Fifty-five basic instructions
  - Multiply and divide instructions
  - Powerful bit-manipulation instructions
- Eight addressing modes
  - Register direct [Rn]
  - Register indirect [ @Rn]
  - Register indirect with displacement [ @(d:16,Rn)]
  - Register indirect with post-increment or pre-decrement [ @Rn+ or @-Rn]
  - Absolute address [ @aa:8 or @aa:16]
  - Immediate [ #xx:8 or #xx:16]
  - Program-counter relative [ @(d:8,PC)]
  - Memory indirect [ @ @aa:8]
- 64-kbyte address space
- High-speed operation
  - All frequently-used instructions execute in two to four states
  - 8/16-bit register-register add/subtract : 0.25  $\mu$ s\*
  - 8  $\times$  8-bit multiply : 1.75  $\mu$ s\*
  - 16  $\div$  8-bit divide : 1.75  $\mu$ s\*

Note: \* These values are at  $\phi = 8$  MHz.

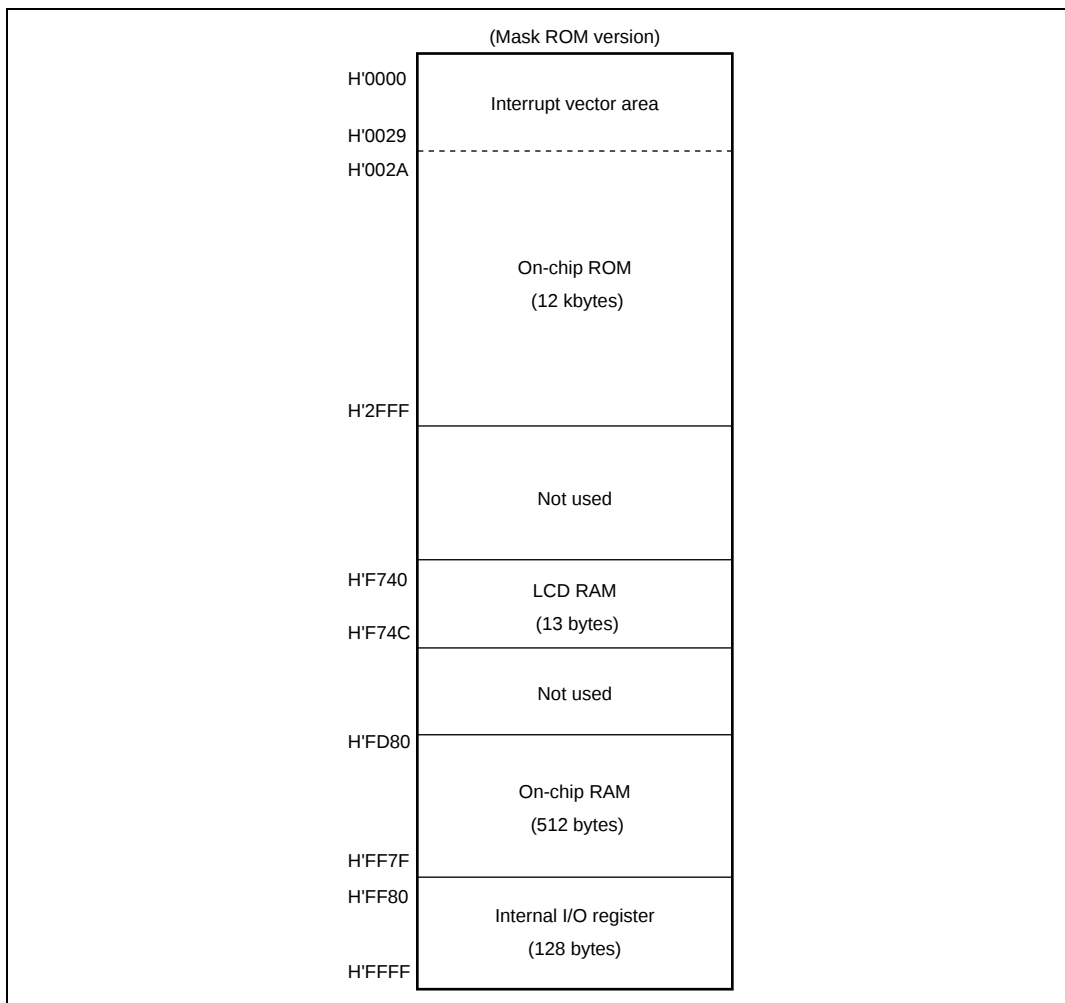
- Power-down state
  - Transition to power-down state by SLEEP instruction

## 2.2 Address Space and Memory Map

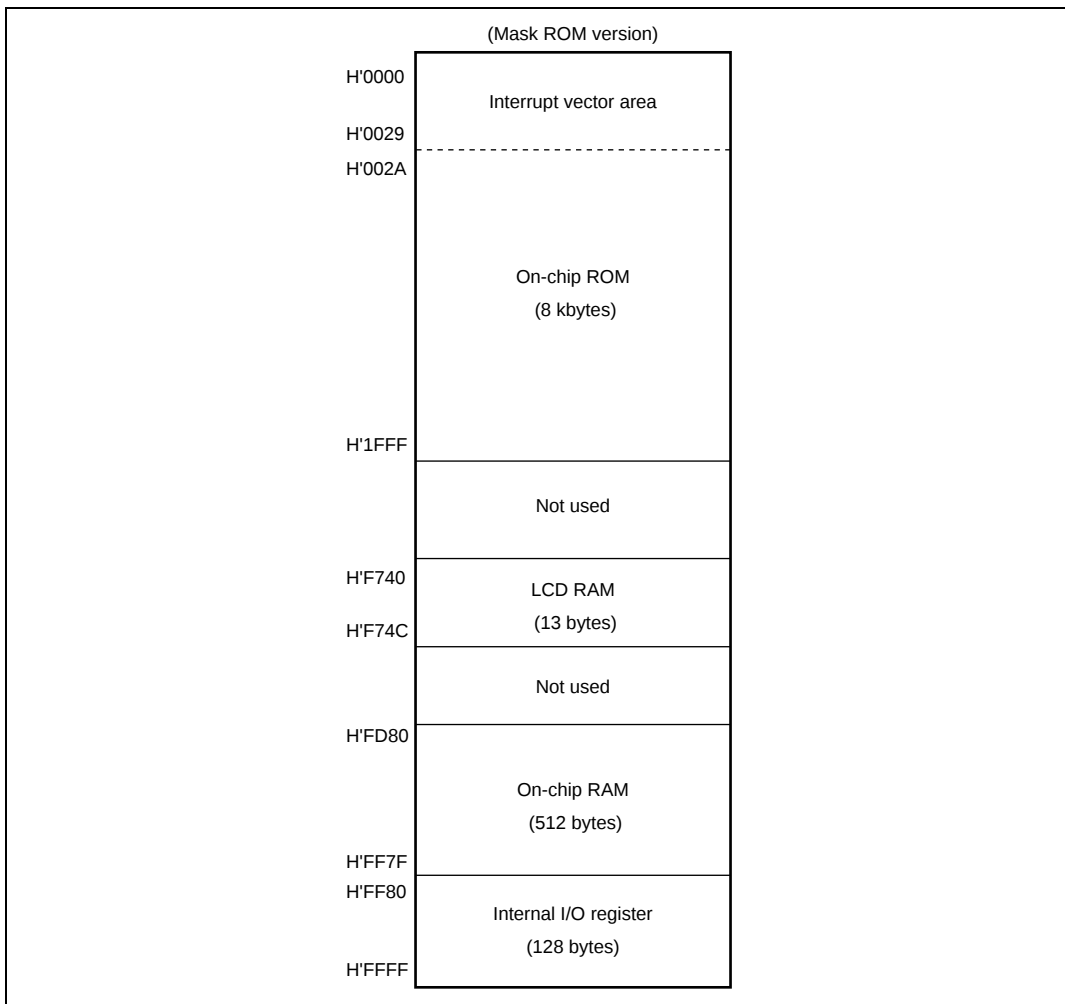
The address space of this LSI is 64 kbytes, which includes the program area and the data area. Figures 2.1 show the memory map.

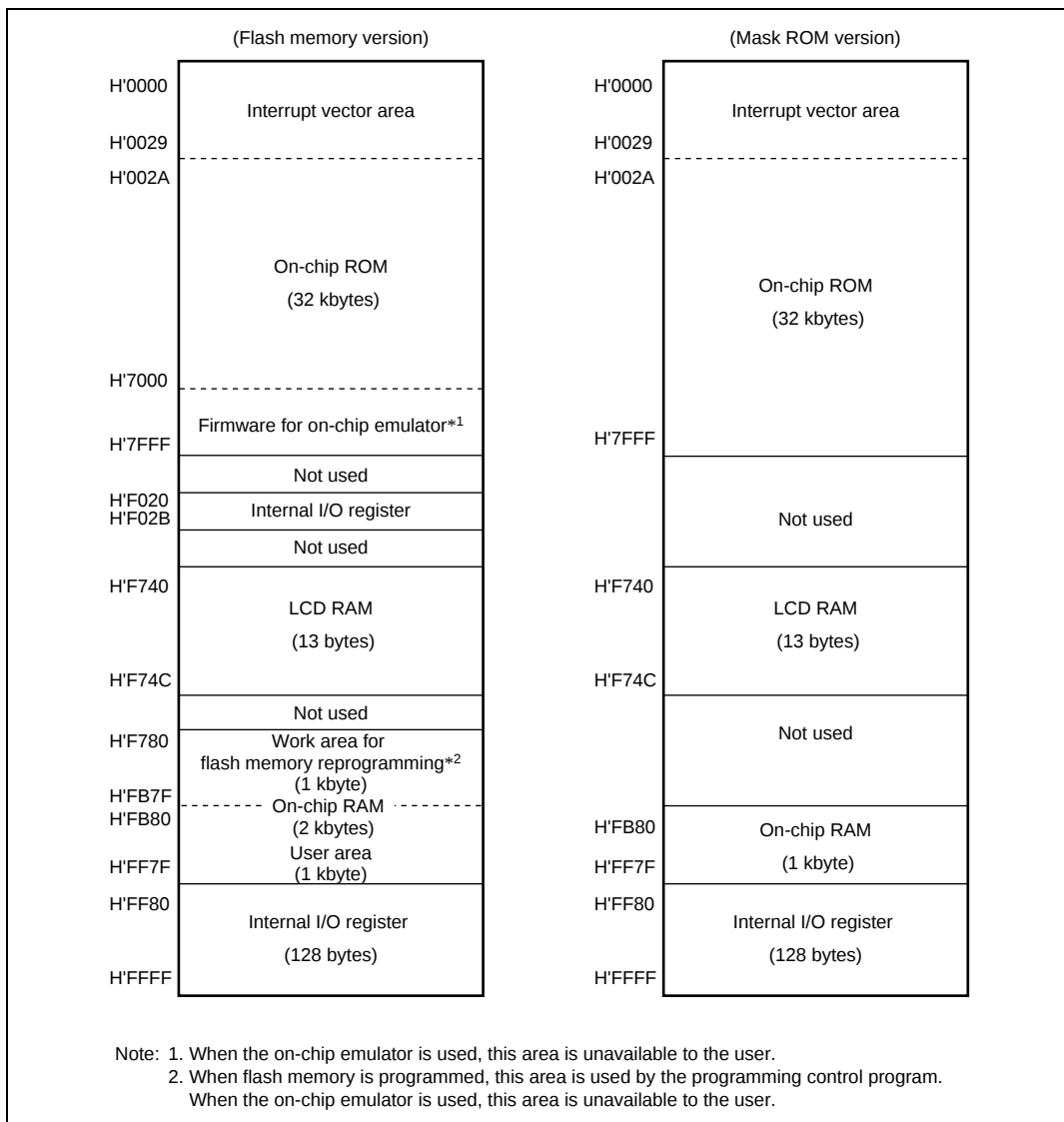


**Figure 2.1(1) H8/3802 Memory Map**

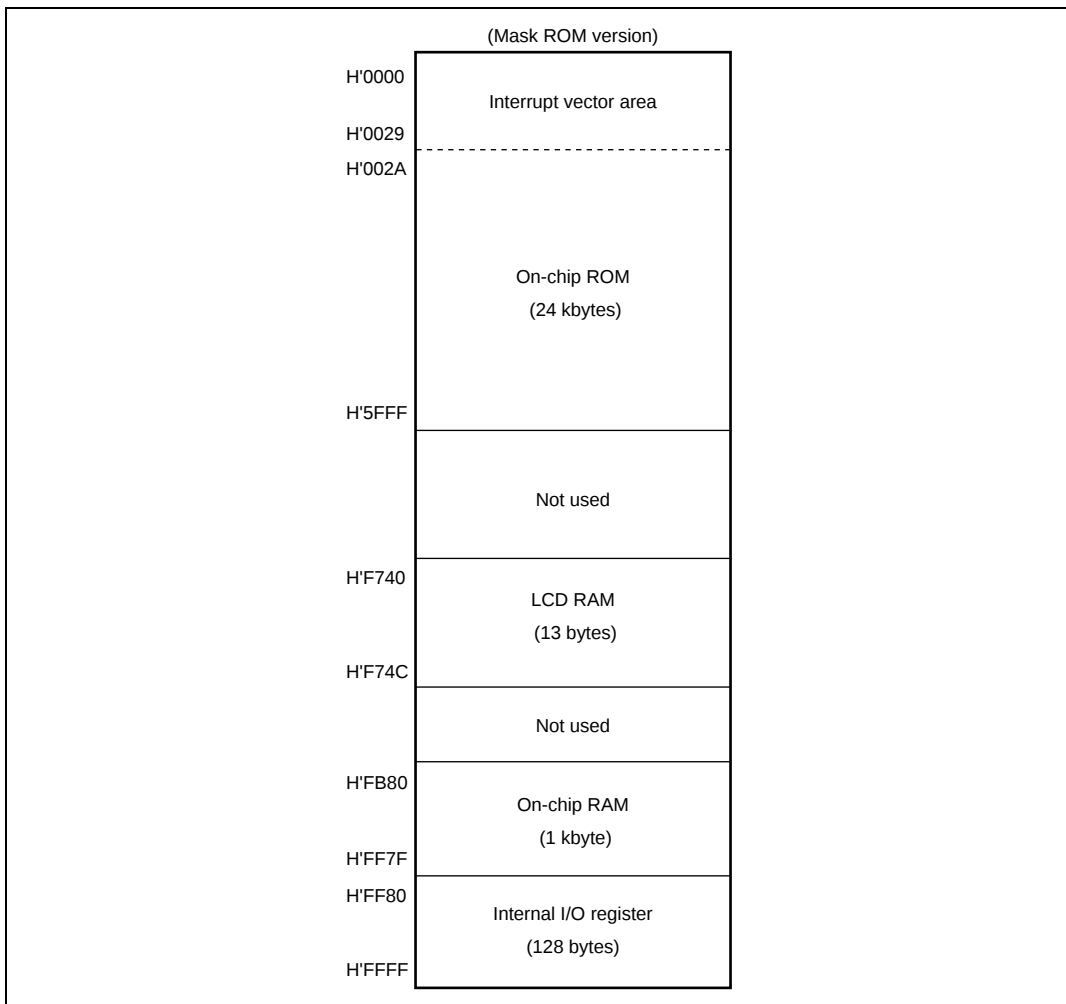


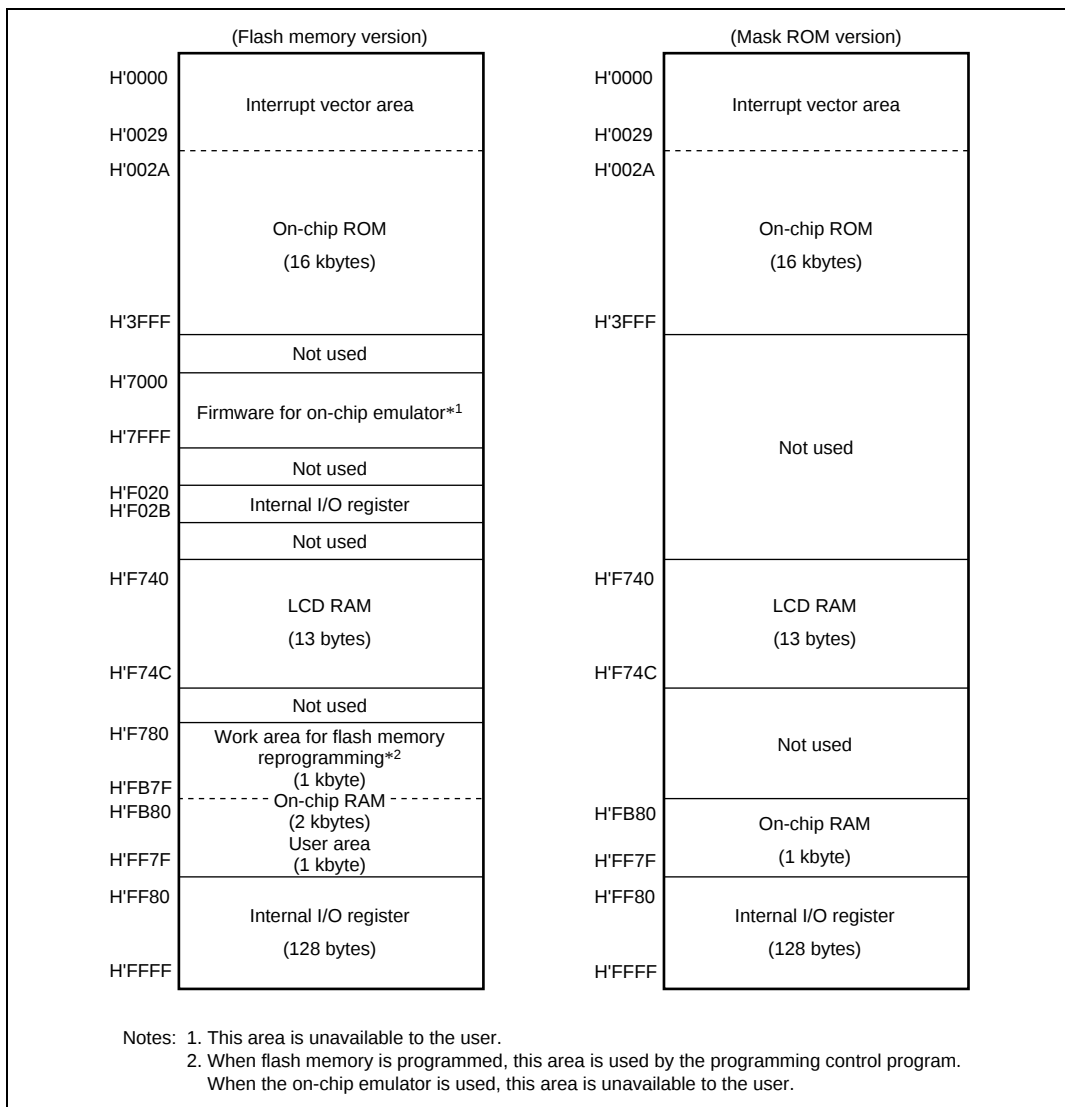
**Figure 2.1(2) H8/3801 Memory Map**

**Figure 2.1(3) H8/3800 Memory Map**

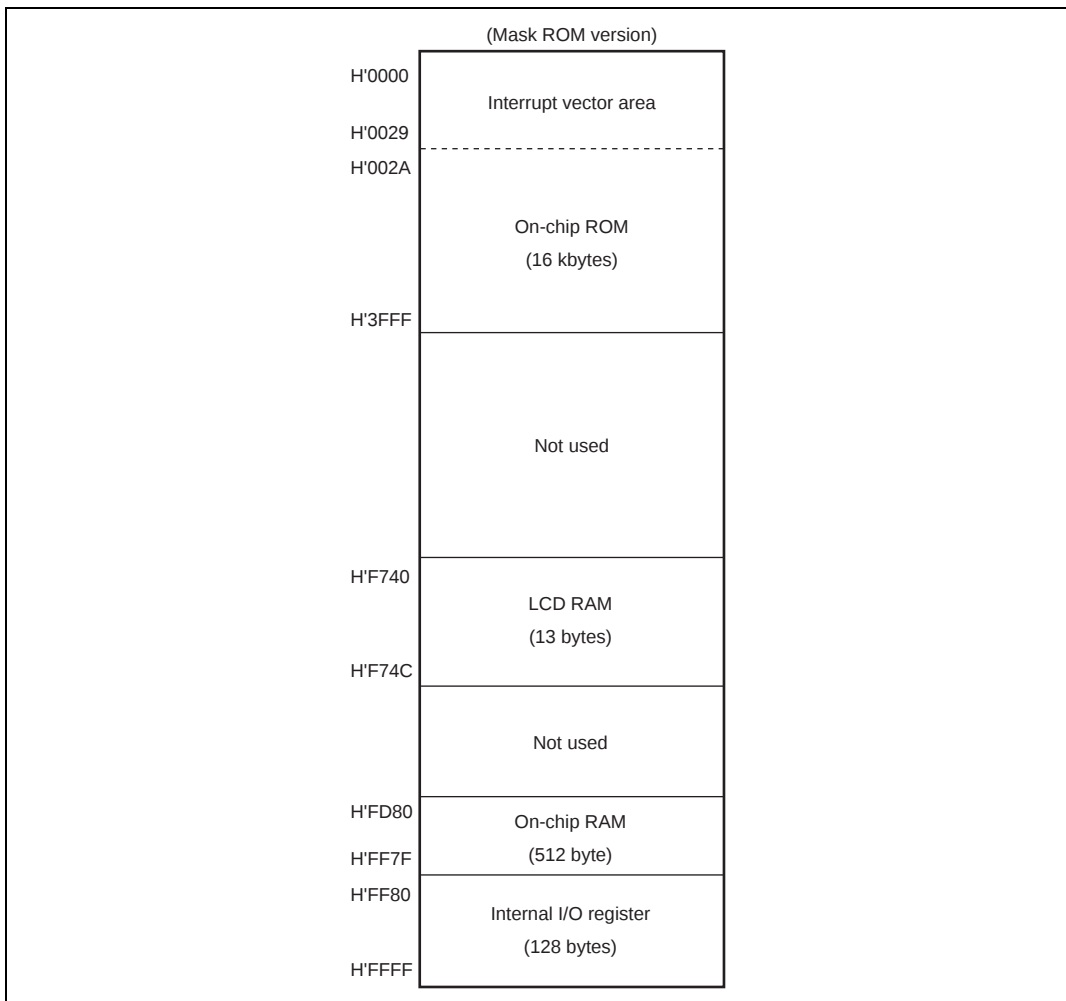


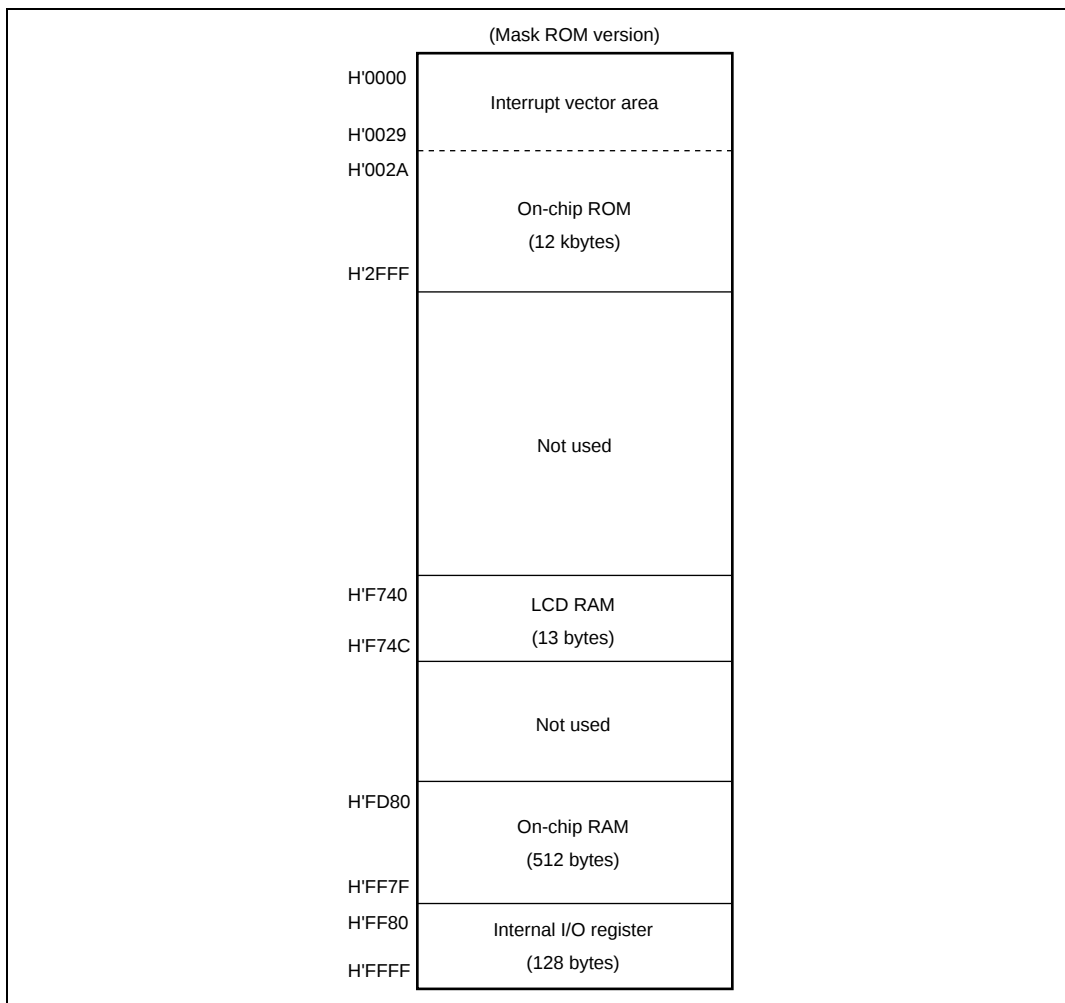
**Figure 2.1(4) H8/38004, H8/38104 Memory Map**

**Figure 2.1(5) H8/38003, H8/38103 Memory Map**

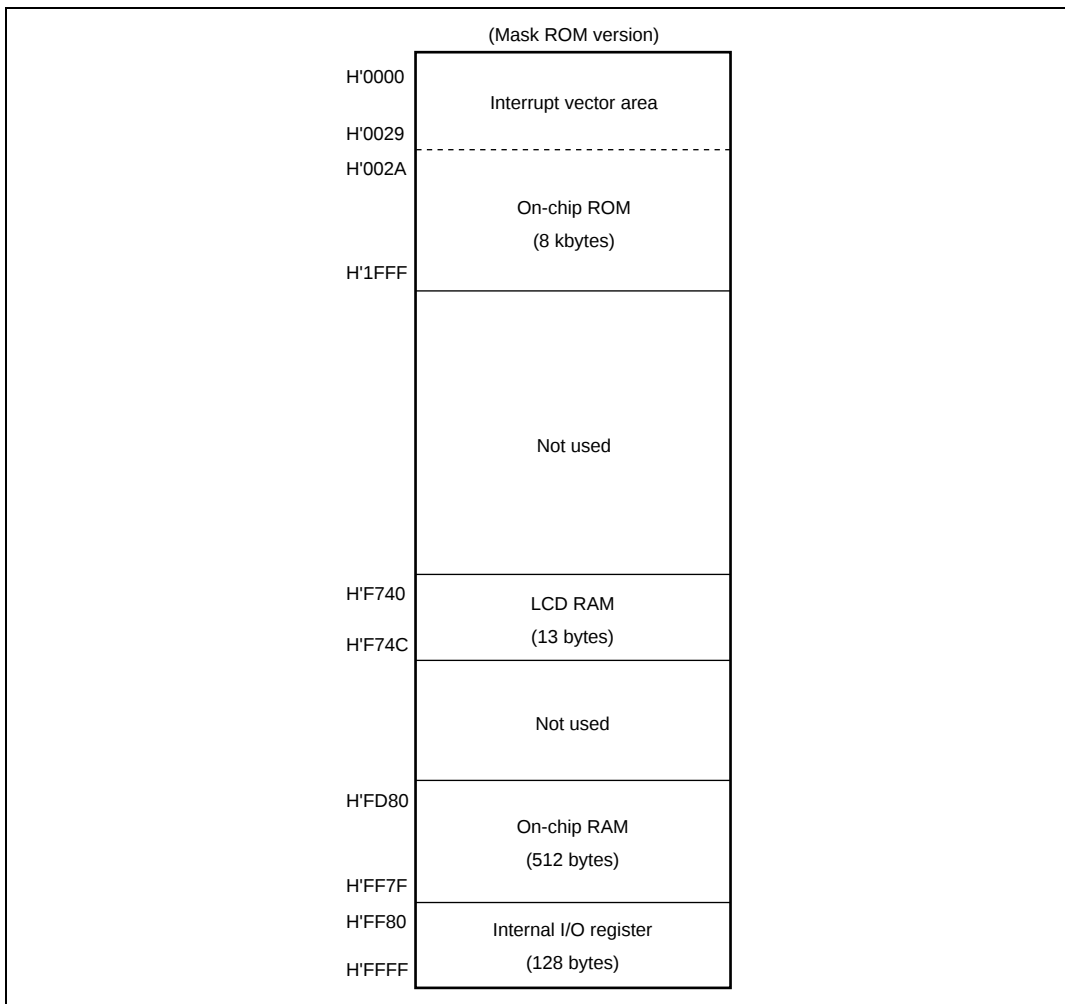


**Figure 2.1(6) H8/38002, H8/38102 Memory Map**

**Figure 2.1(7) H8/38002S Memory Map**

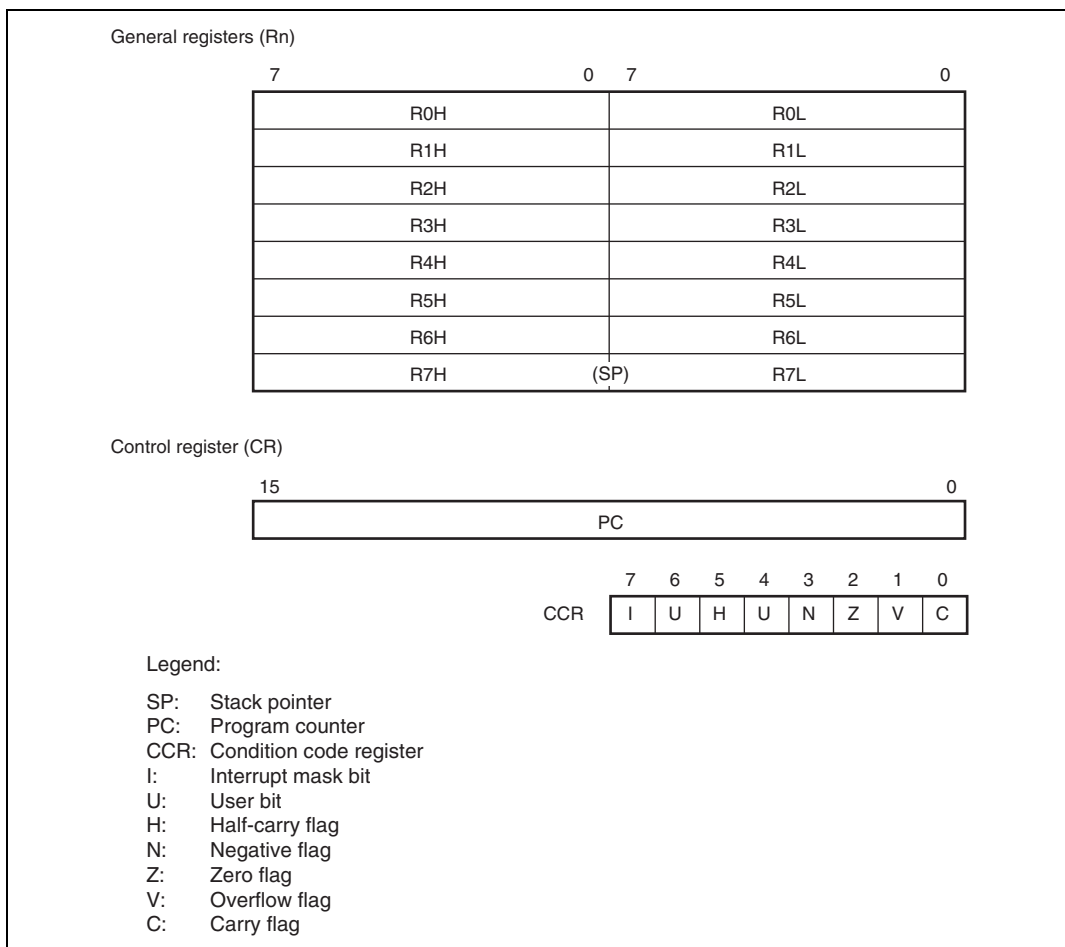


**Figure 2.1(8) H8/38001, H8/38001S, H8/38101 Memory Map**

**Figure 2.1(9) H8/38000, H8/38000S, H8/38100 Memory Map**

## 2.3 Register Configuration

Figure 2.2 shows the internal register configuration of the H8/300L CPU. There are two groups of registers: the general registers and control registers.



**Figure 2.2 CPU Registers**

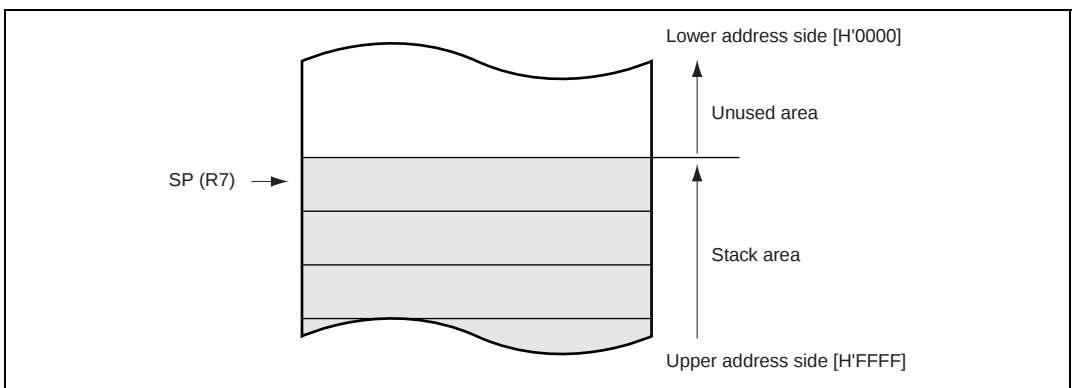
### 2.3.1 General Registers

All the general registers can be used as both data registers and address registers.

When used as data registers, they can be accessed as 16-bit registers (R0 to R7), or the upper bytes (R0H to R7H) and low bytes (R0L to R7L) can be accessed separately as 8-bit registers.

When used as address registers, the general registers are accessed as 16-bit registers (R0 to R7).

R7 also functions as the stack pointer (SP), used implicitly by hardware in exception handling and subroutine calls. When it functions as the stack pointer, as indicated in figure 2.3, SP (R7) points to the top of the stack.



**Figure 2.3 Stack Pointer**

### 2.3.2 Program Counter (PC)

This 16-bit counter indicates the address of the next instruction the CPU will execute. All instructions are fetched 16 bits (1 word) at a time, so the least significant bit of the PC is ignored (always regarded as 0).

### 2.3.3 Condition Code Register (CCR)

This 8-bit register contains internal CPU status information, including an interrupt mask bit (I), half-carry (H), negative (N), zero (Z), overflow (V), and carry (C) flags. The I bit is initialized to 1 by reset exception-handling sequence, but other bits are not initialized.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | I        | 1             | R/W | Interrupt Mask Bit<br>Masks interrupts when set to 1. The I bit is set to 1 at the start of an exception-handling sequence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 6   | U        | Undefined     | R/W | User Bit<br>Can be written and read by software using the LDC, STC, ANDC, ORC, and XORC instructions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 5   | H        | Undefined     | R/W | Half-Carry Flag<br>When the ADD.B, ADDX.B, SUB.B, SUBX.B, CMP.B, or NEG.B instruction is executed, this flag is set to 1 if there is a carry or borrow at bit 3, and cleared to 0 otherwise. When the ADD.W, SUB.W, or CMP.W instruction is executed, the H flag is set to 1 if there is a carry or borrow at bit 11, and cleared to 0 otherwise. |
| 4   | U        | Undefined     | R/W | User Bit<br>Can be written and read by software using the LDC, STC, ANDC, ORC, and XORC instructions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 3   | N        | Undefined     | R/W | Negative Flag<br>Stores the value of the most significant bit of data as a sign bit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 2   | Z        | Undefined     | R/W | Zero Flag<br>Set to 1 to indicate zero data, and cleared to 0 to indicate non-zero data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1   | V        | Undefined     | R/W | Overflow Flag<br>Set to 1 when an arithmetic overflow occurs, and cleared to 0 at other times.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | C        | Undefined     | R/W | <p>Carry Flag</p> <p>Set to 1 when a carry occurs, and cleared to 0 otherwise. Used by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Add instructions, to indicate a carry</li> <li>• Subtract instructions, to indicate a borrow</li> <li>• Shift and rotate instructions, to indicate a carry</li> </ul> <p>The carry flag is also used as a bit accumulator by bit manipulation instructions.</p> |

Some instructions leave flag bits unchanged.

For the action of each instruction on the flag bits, refer to H8/300L Series Software Manual.

### 2.3.4 Initial Register Values

When the CPU is reset, the program counter (PC) is initialized to the value stored at address H'0000 in the vector table, and the I bit in the CCR is set to 1. The other CCR bits and the general registers are not initialized. In particular, the initial value of the stack pointer (R7) is undefined. The stack pointer should be initialized by software, by the first instruction executed after a reset.

## 2.4 Data Formats

The H8/300L CPU can process 1-bit data, 4-bit (BCD) data, 8-bit (byte) data, and 16-bit (word) data. Bit manipulation instructions operate on 1-bit data specified as bit *n* in a byte operand (*n* = 0, 1, 2, ..., 7).

All arithmetic and logic instructions except ADDS and SUBS can operate on byte data. The MOV.W, ADD.W, SUB.W, CMP.W, ADDS, SUBS, MULXU (8 bits × 8 bits), and DIVXU (16 bits ÷ 8 bits) instructions operate on word data.

The DAA and DAS decimal-adjust instructions treat byte data as two digits of 4-bit BCD data.

### 2.4.1 General Register Data Formats

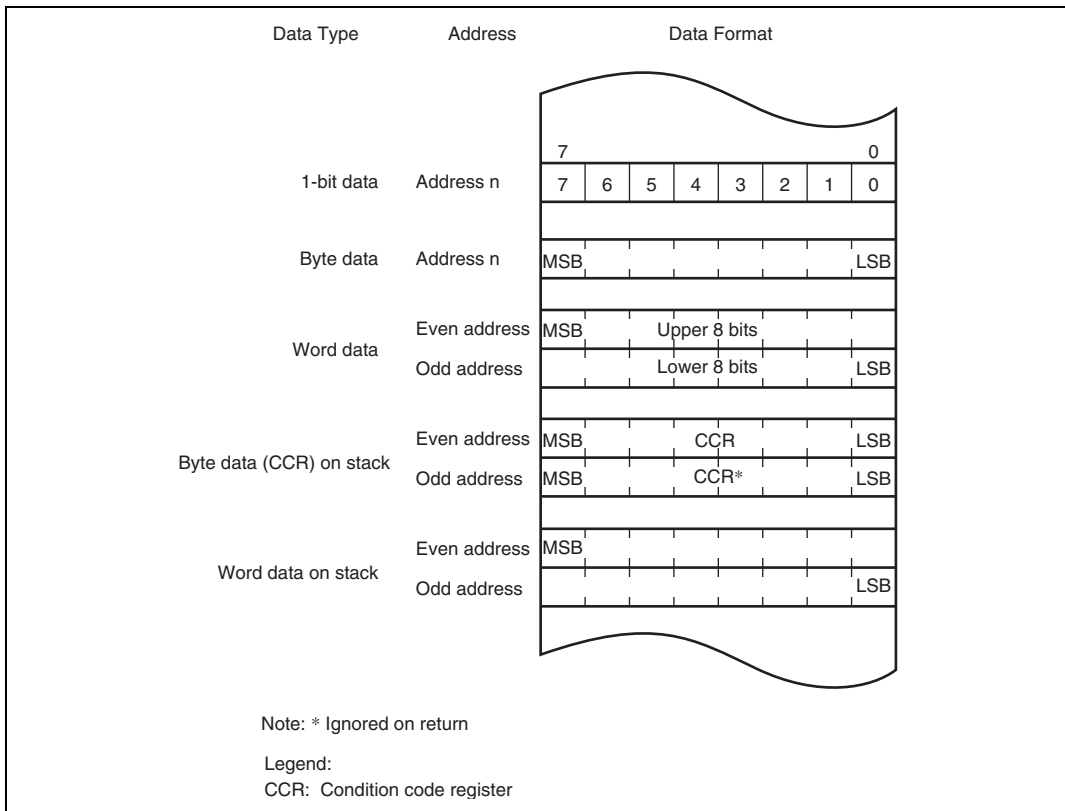
Figure 2.4 shows the data formats in general registers.

| Data Type                           | Register No. | Data Format                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1-bit data                          | RnH          | <div><div><div>70</div><div><div>7</div><div>6</div><div>5</div><div>4</div><div>3</div><div>2</div><div>1</div><div>0</div></div></div><div>Don't care</div></div>                                                                   |
| 1-bit data                          | RnL          | <div><div>Don't care</div><div><div><div>70</div><div><div>7</div><div>6</div><div>5</div><div>4</div><div>3</div><div>2</div><div>1</div><div>0</div></div></div></div></div>                                                        |
| Byte data                           | RnH          | <div><div><div>70</div><div><div>MSB</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div>LSB</div></div></div><div>Don't care</div></div>                                                                     |
| Byte data                           | RnL          | <div><div>Don't care</div><div><div><div>70</div><div><div>MSB</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div>LSB</div></div></div></div></div>                                                          |
| Word data                           | Rn           | <div><div><div>150</div><div><div>MSB</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div>LSB</div></div></div></div> |
| 4-bit BCD data                      | RnH          | <div><div><div><div>7430</div><div><div>Upper digit</div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>Lower digit</div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div><div>Don't care</div></div></div>                             |
| 4-bit BCD data                      | RnL          | <div><div>Don't care</div><div><div><div><div>7430</div><div><div>Upper digit</div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>Lower digit</div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div></div></div></div></div>                  |
| Legend:                             |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| RnH: Upper byte of general register |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| RnL: Lower byte of general register |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| MSB: Most significant bit           |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| LSB: Least significant bit          |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

Figure 2.4 General Register Data Formats

## 2.4.2 Memory Data Formats

Figure 2.5 indicates the data formats in memory. The H8/300L CPU can access word data stored in memory (MOV.W instruction), but the word data must always begin at an even address. If word data starting at an odd address is accessed, the least significant bit of the address is regarded as 0, and the word data starting at the preceding address is accessed. The same applies to instruction codes.



**Figure 2.5 Memory Data Formats**

When the stack is accessed using R7 as an address register, word access should always be performed. When the CCR is pushed on the stack, two identical copies of the CCR are pushed to make a complete word. When they are restored, the lower byte is ignored.

## 2.5 Instruction Set

The H8/300L CPU can use a total of 55 instructions, which are grouped by function in table 2.1.

**Table 2.1 Instruction Set**

| Function              | Instructions                                                                     | Number    |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Data transfer         | MOV, PUSH <sup>*1</sup> , POP <sup>*1</sup>                                      | 1         |
| Arithmetic operations | ADD, SUB, ADDX, SUBX, INC, DEC, ADDS, SUBS, DAA, DAS, MULXU, DIVXU, CMP, NEG     | 14        |
| Logic operations      | AND, OR, XOR, NOT                                                                | 4         |
| Shift                 | SHAL, SHAR, SHLL, SHLR, ROTL, ROTR, ROTXL, ROTXR                                 | 8         |
| Bit manipulation      | BSET, BCLR, BNOT, BTST, BAND, BAND, BOR, BIOR, BXOR, BIXOR, BLD, BILD, BST, BIST | 14        |
| Branch                | Bcc <sup>*2</sup> , JMP, BSR, JSR, RTS                                           | 5         |
| System control        | RTE, SLEEP, LDC, STC, ANDC, ORC, XORC, NOP                                       | 8         |
| Block data transfer   | EEPMOV                                                                           | 1         |
|                       |                                                                                  | Total: 55 |

Notes: 1. PUSH Rn is equivalent to MOV.W Rn, @-SP.

POP Rn is equivalent to MOV.W @SP+, Rn. The same applies to the machine language.

2. Bcc is the general name for conditional branch instructions.

Tables 2.3 to 2.10 summarize the instructions in each functional category. The notation used in tables 2.3 to 2.10 is defined below.

**Table 2.2 Operation Notation**

| <b>Symbol</b> | <b>Description</b>                                 |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Rd            | General register (destination)                     |
| Rs            | General register (source)                          |
| Rn            | General register                                   |
| (EAd), <Ead>  | Destination operand                                |
| (EAs), <Eas>  | Source operand                                     |
| CCR           | Condition code register                            |
| N             | N (negative) flag in CCR                           |
| Z             | Z (zero) flag in CCR                               |
| V             | V (overflow) flag in CCR                           |
| C             | C (carry) flag in CCR                              |
| PC            | Program counter                                    |
| SP            | Stack pointer                                      |
| #IMM          | Immediate data                                     |
| disp          | Displacement                                       |
| +             | Addition                                           |
| –             | Subtraction                                        |
| ×             | Multiplication                                     |
| ÷             | Division                                           |
| ^             | Logical AND                                        |
| ∨             | Logical OR                                         |
| ⊕             | Logical XOR                                        |
| →             | Move                                               |
| ¬             | NOT (logical complement)                           |
| :3/:8/:16     | 3-, 8-, or 16-bit length                           |
| ( ), < >      | Contents of operand indicated by effective address |

### 2.5.1 Data Transfer Instructions

Table 2.3 describes the data transfer instructions.

**Table 2.3 Data Transfer Instructions**

| Instruction | Size* | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MOV         | B/W   | <p>(EAs) → Rd, Rs → (EAd)</p> <p>Moves data between two general registers or between a general register and memory, or moves immediate data to a general register.</p> <p>The Rn, @Rn, @(d:16, Rn), @aa:16, #xx:16, @-Rn, and @Rn+ addressing modes are available for word data. The @aa:8 addressing mode is available for byte data only.</p> <p>The @-R7 and @R7+ modes require word operands. Do not specify byte size for these two modes.</p> |
| POP         | W     | <p>@SP+ → Rn</p> <p>Pops a general register from the stack. Equivalent to MOV.W@SP+, Rn.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| PUSH        | W     | <p>Rn → @-SP</p> <p>Pushes a general register onto the stack. Equivalent to MOV.W Rn, @-SP.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

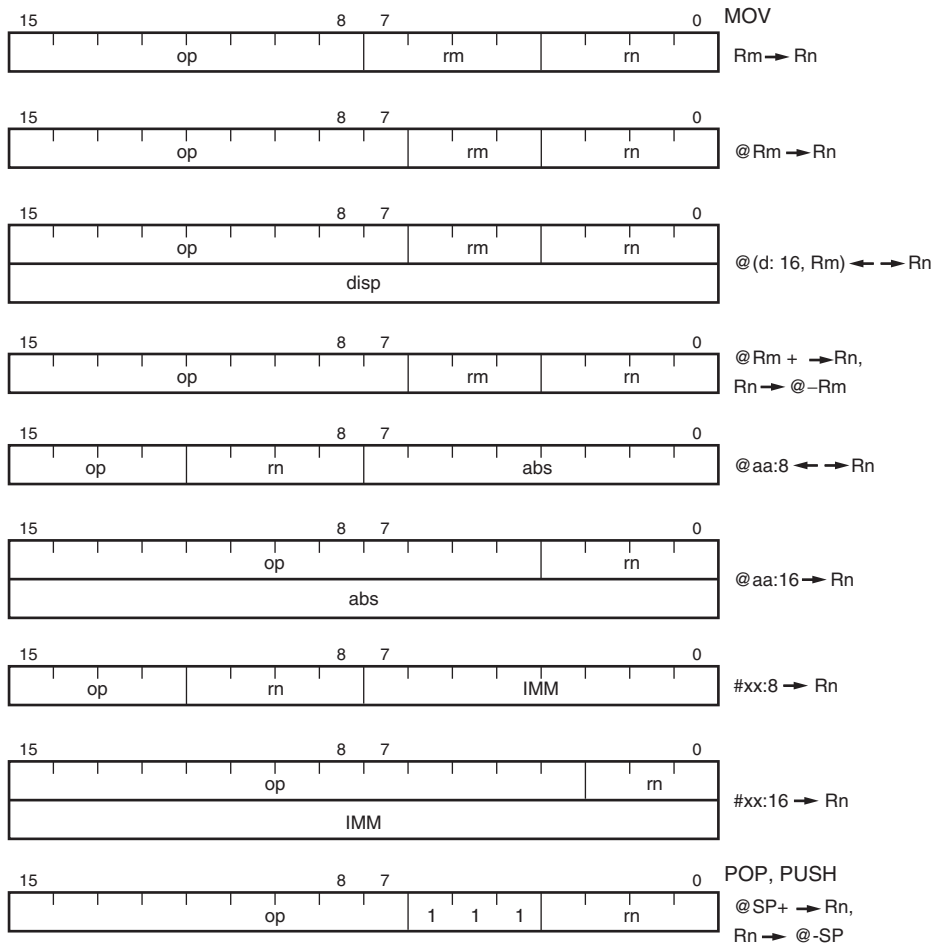
Note: \* Refers to the operand size.

B: Byte

W: Word

For details on data access, see section 2.9.1, Notes on Data Access to Empty Areas and section 2.9.2, Access to Internal I/O Registers.

Figure 2.6 shows the instruction formats of data transfer instructions.



Legend:

op: Operation field  
rm, rn: Register field  
disp: Displacement  
abs: Absolute address  
IMM: Immediate data

**Figure 2.6 Instruction Formats of Data Transfer Instructions**

## 2.5.2 Arithmetic Operations Instructions

Table 2.4 describes the arithmetic operations instructions.

**Table 2.4 Arithmetic Operations Instructions**

| Instruction  | Size* | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADD<br>SUB   | B/W   | $Rd \pm Rs \rightarrow Rd$ , $Rd + \#IMM \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs addition or subtraction on data in two general registers, or addition on immediate data and data in a general register. Immediate data cannot be subtracted from data in a general register. Word data can be added or subtracted only when both words are in general registers. |
| ADDX<br>SUBX | B     | $Rd \pm Rs \pm C \rightarrow Rd$ , $Rd \pm \#IMM \pm C \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs addition or subtraction with carry on byte data in two general registers, or addition or subtraction with carry on immediate data and data in a general register.                                                                                                  |
| INC<br>DEC   | B     | $Rd \pm 1 \rightarrow Rd$<br>Increments or decrements a general register by 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ADDS<br>SUBS | W     | $Rd \pm 1 \rightarrow Rd$ , $Rd \pm 2 \rightarrow Rd$<br>Adds or subtracts 1 or 2 to or from a general register.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| DAA<br>DAS   | B     | $Rd$ (decimal adjust) $\rightarrow Rd$<br>Decimal-adjusts an addition or subtraction result in a general register by referring to the CCR to produce 4-bit BCD data.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| MULXU        | B     | $Rd \times Rs \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs 8-bit $\times$ 8-bit unsigned multiplication on data in two general registers, providing a 16-bit result.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DIVXU        | B     | $Rd \div Rs \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs 16-bit $\div$ 8-bit unsigned division on data in two general registers, providing an 8-bit quotient and 8-bit remainder.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| CMP          | B/W   | $Rd - Rs$ , $Rd - \#IMM$<br>Compares data in a general register with data in another general register or with immediate data, and sets CCR bits according to the result. Word data can be compared only between two general registers.                                                                                                                |
| NEG          | B     | $0 - Rd \rightarrow Rd$<br>Obtains the two's complement (arithmetic complement) of data in a general register.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

Note: \* Refers to the operand size.

B: Byte

W: Word

### 2.5.3 Logic Operations Instructions

Table 2.5 describes the logic operations instructions.

**Table 2.5 Logic Operations Instructions**

| Instruction | Size* | Function                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AND         | B     | $Rd \wedge Rs \rightarrow Rd$ , $Rd \wedge \#IMM \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs a logical AND operation on a general register and another general register or immediate data.          |
| OR          | B     | $Rd \vee Rs \rightarrow Rd$ , $Rd \vee \#IMM \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs a logical OR operation on a general register and another general register or immediate data.               |
| XOR         | B     | $Rd \oplus Rs \rightarrow Rd$ , $Rd \oplus \#IMM \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs a logical exclusive OR operation on a general register and another general register or immediate data. |
| NOT         | B     | $\neg (Rd) \rightarrow (Rd)$<br>Obtains the one's complement (logical complement) of general register contents.                                                                     |

Note: \* Refers to the operand size.  
B: Byte

### 2.5.4 Shift Instructions

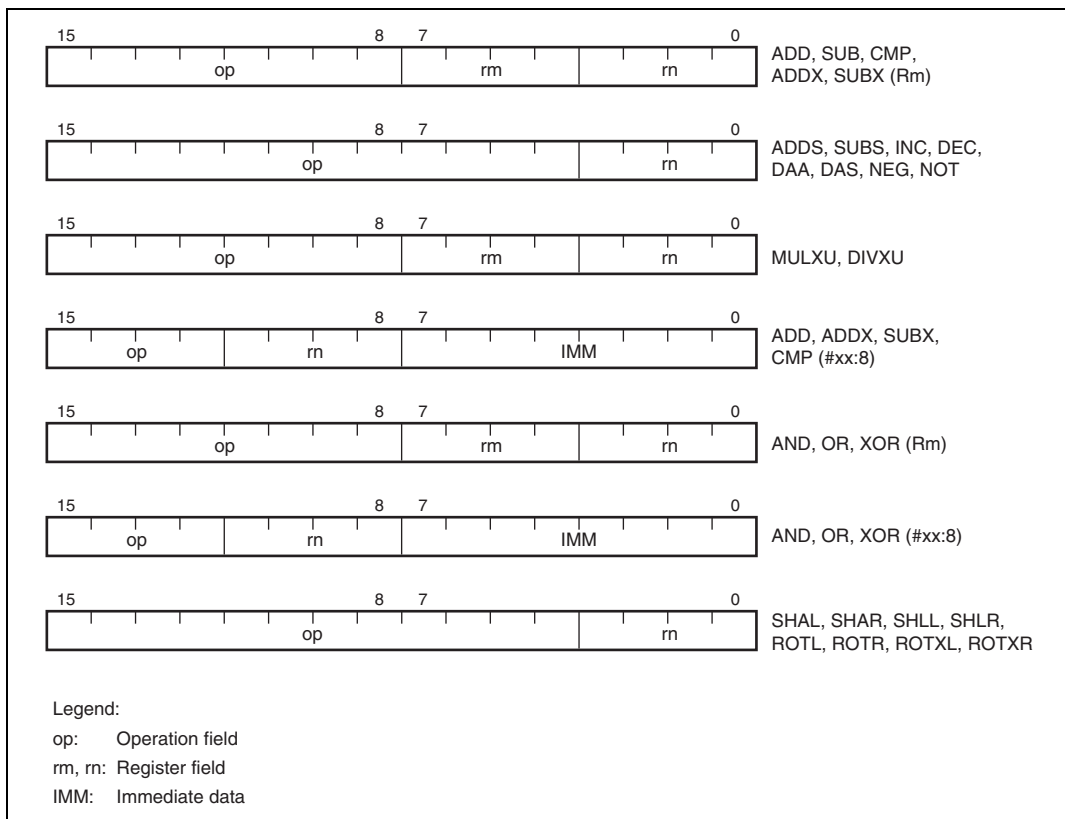
Table 2.6 describes the shift instructions.

**Table 2.6 Shift Instructions**

| Instruction    | Size* | Function                                                                                          |
|----------------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SHAL<br>SHAR   | B     | $Rd \text{ (shift)} \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs an arithmetic shift on general register contents. |
| SHLL<br>SHLR   | B     | $Rd \text{ (shift)} \rightarrow Rd$<br>Performs a logical shift on general register contents.     |
| ROTL<br>ROTR   | B     | $Rd \text{ (rotate)} \rightarrow Rd$<br>Rotates general register contents.                        |
| ROTXL<br>ROTXR | B     | $Rd \text{ (rotate)} \rightarrow Rd$<br>Rotates general register contents through the carry flag. |

Note: \* Refers to the operand size.  
B: Byte

Figure 2.7 shows the instruction formats of arithmetic, logic, and shift instructions.



**Figure 2.7 Instruction Formats of Arithmetic, Logic, and Shift Instructions**

### 2.5.5 Bit Manipulation Instructions

Table 2.7 describes the bit manipulation instructions.

**Table 2.7 Bit Manipulation Instructions (1)**

| Instruction | Size* | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BSET        | B     | $1 \rightarrow (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>})$<br>Sets a specified bit in a general register or memory operand to 1. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data or the lower three bits of a general register.                                            |
| BCLR        | B     | $0 \rightarrow (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>})$<br>Clears a specified bit in a general register or memory operand to 0. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data or the lower three bits of a general register.                                          |
| BNOT        | B     | $\neg (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>}) \rightarrow (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>})$<br>Inverts a specified bit in a general register or memory operand. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data or the lower three bits of a general register.               |
| BTST        | B     | $\neg (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>}) \rightarrow Z$<br>Tests a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and sets or clears the Z flag accordingly. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data or the lower three bits of a general register. |
| BAND        | B     | $C \wedge (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>}) \rightarrow C$<br>ANDs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.                                                                               |
| BIAND       | B     | $C \wedge [\neg (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>})] \rightarrow C$<br>ANDs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.    |
| BOR         | B     | $C \vee (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>}) \rightarrow C$<br>ORs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.                                                                                  |
| BIOR        | B     | $C \vee [\neg (\text{<bit-No.> of <EAd>})] \rightarrow C$<br>ORs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.       |

Note: \* Refers to the operand size.

B: Byte

**Table 2.7 Bit Manipulation Instructions (2)**

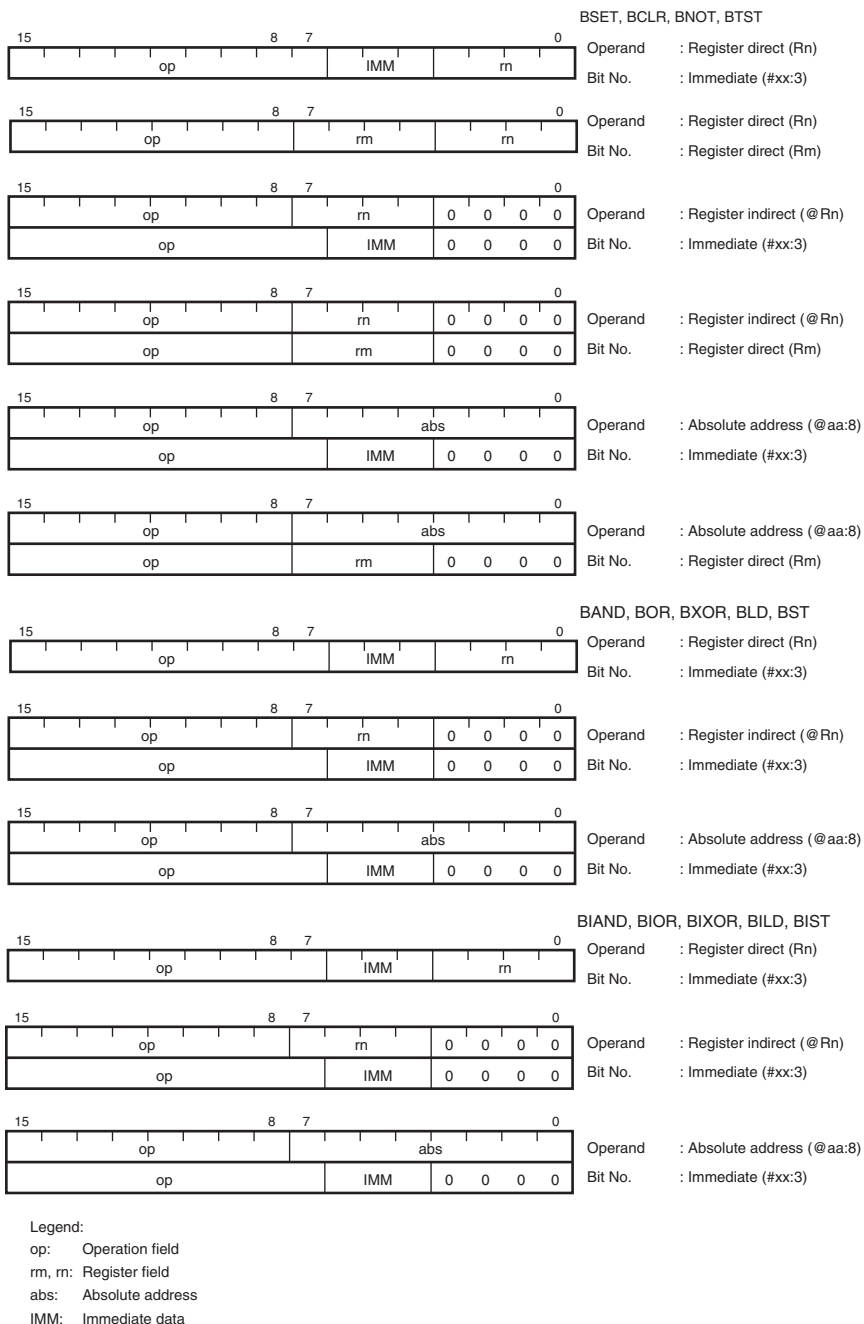
| <b>Instruction</b> | <b>Size*</b> | <b>Function</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BXOR               | B            | $C \oplus (<\text{bit-No.}> \text{ of } <\text{EAd}>) \rightarrow C$<br>XORs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.                                                                               |
| BIXOR              | B            | $C \oplus [\neg (<\text{bit-No.}> \text{ of } <\text{EAd}>)] \rightarrow C$<br>XORs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.<br>The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data. |
| BLD                | B            | $(<\text{bit-No.}> \text{ of } <\text{EAd}>) \rightarrow C$<br>Transfers a specified bit in a general register or memory operand to the carry flag.                                                                                                                             |
| BILD               | B            | $\neg (<\text{bit-No.}> \text{ of } <\text{EAd}>) \rightarrow C$<br>Transfers the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand to the carry flag.<br>The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.                                                 |
| BST                | B            | $C \rightarrow (<\text{bit-No.}> \text{ of } <\text{EAd}>)$<br>Transfers the carry flag value to a specified bit in a general register or memory operand.                                                                                                                       |
| BIST               | B            | $\neg C \rightarrow (<\text{bit-No.}> \text{ of } <\text{EAd}>)$<br>Transfers the inverse of the carry flag value to a specified bit in a general register or memory operand.<br>The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.                                           |

Note: \* Refers to the operand size.

B: Byte

For details on the bit manipulation instructions, see section 2.9.4, Bit Manipulation Instructions.

Figure 2.8 shows the instruction formats of bit manipulation instructions.



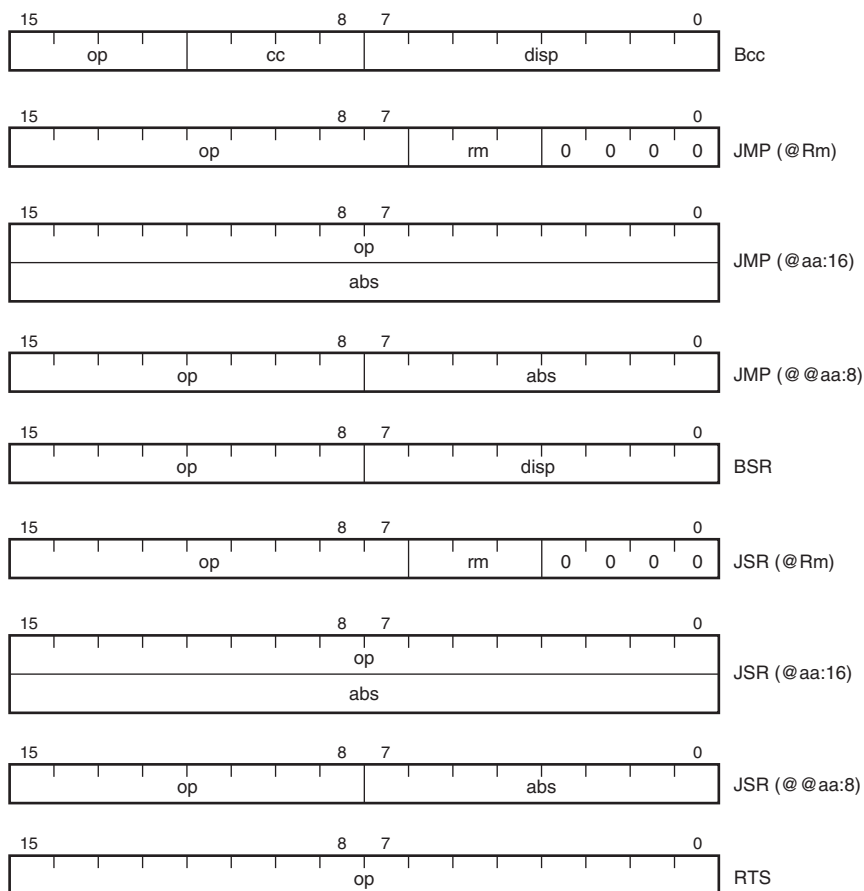
## 2.5.6 Branch Instructions

Table 2.8 describes the branch instructions.

**Table 2.8 Branch Instructions**

| Instruction | Size                          | Function                                                                                                     |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bcc         | —                             | Branches to a specified address if a specified condition is true. The branching conditions are listed below. |
| Mnemonic    | Description                   | Condition                                                                                                    |
| BRA (BT)    | Always (true)                 | Always                                                                                                       |
| BRN (BF)    | Never (false)                 | Never                                                                                                        |
| BHI         | High                          | $C \vee Z = 0$                                                                                               |
| BLS         | Low or same                   | $C \vee Z = 1$                                                                                               |
| BCC (BHS)   | Carry clear<br>(high or same) | $C = 0$                                                                                                      |
| BCS (BLO)   | Carry set (low)               | $C = 1$                                                                                                      |
| BNE         | Not equal                     | $Z = 0$                                                                                                      |
| BEQ         | Equal                         | $Z = 1$                                                                                                      |
| BVC         | Overflow clear                | $V = 0$                                                                                                      |
| BVS         | Overflow set                  | $V = 1$                                                                                                      |
| BPL         | Plus                          | $N = 0$                                                                                                      |
| BMI         | Minus                         | $N = 1$                                                                                                      |
| BGE         | Greater or equal              | $N \oplus V = 0$                                                                                             |
| BLT         | Less than                     | $N \oplus V = 1$                                                                                             |
| BGT         | Greater than                  | $Z \vee (N \oplus V) = 0$                                                                                    |
| BLE         | Less or equal                 | $Z \vee (N \oplus V) = 1$                                                                                    |
| JMP         | —                             | Branches unconditionally to a specified address.                                                             |
| BSR         | —                             | Branches to a subroutine at a specified address.                                                             |
| JSR         | —                             | Branches to a subroutine at a specified address.                                                             |
| RTS         | —                             | Returns from a subroutine.                                                                                   |

Figure 2.9 shows the instruction formats of branch instructions.



Legend:

op: Operation field

cc: Condition field

rm: Register field

disp: Displacement

abs: Absolute address

**Figure 2.9 Instruction Formats of Branch Instructions**

## 2.5.7 System Control Instructions

Table 2.9 describes the system control instructions.

**Table 2.9 System Control Instructions**

| Instruction | Size* | Function                                                                                                     |
|-------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RTE         | —     | Returns from an exception-handling routine.                                                                  |
| SLEEP       | —     | Causes a transition from active mode to power-down mode. See section 5, Power-Down Modes, for details.       |
| LDC         | B     | $R_s \rightarrow CCR$ , $\#IMM \rightarrow CCR$<br>Moves immediate data or general register contents to CCR. |
| STC         | B     | $CCR \rightarrow R_d$<br>Copies CCR to a specified general register.                                         |
| ANDC        | B     | $CCR \wedge \#IMM \rightarrow CCR$<br>Logically ANDs CCR with immediate data.                                |
| ORC         | B     | $CCR \vee \#IMM \rightarrow CCR$<br>Logically ORs CCR with immediate data.                                   |
| XORC        | B     | $CCR \oplus \#IMM \rightarrow CCR$<br>Logically XORs CCR with immediate data.                                |
| NOP         | —     | $PC + 2 \rightarrow PC$<br>Only increments the program counter.                                              |

Note: \* Refers to the operand size.

B: Byte

Figure 2.10 shows the instruction formats of system control instructions.

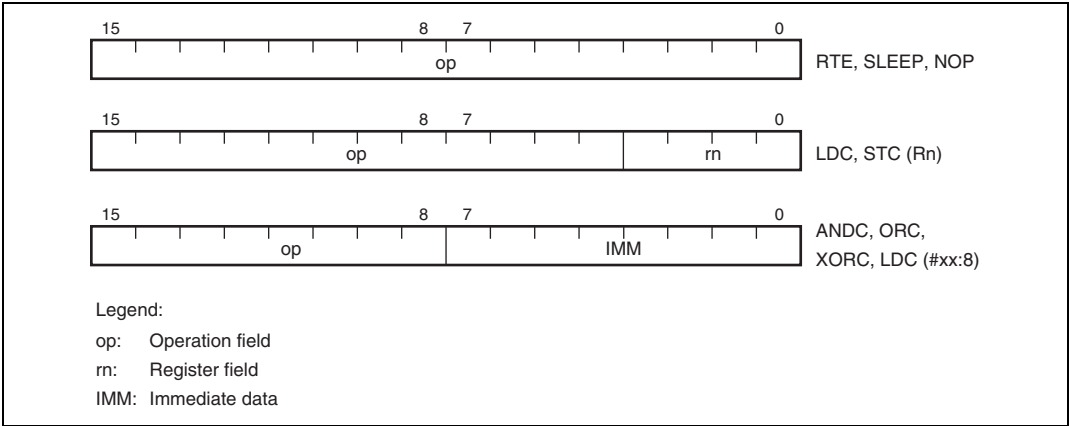


Figure 2.10 Instruction Formats of System Control Instructions

2.5.8 Block Data Transfer Instructions

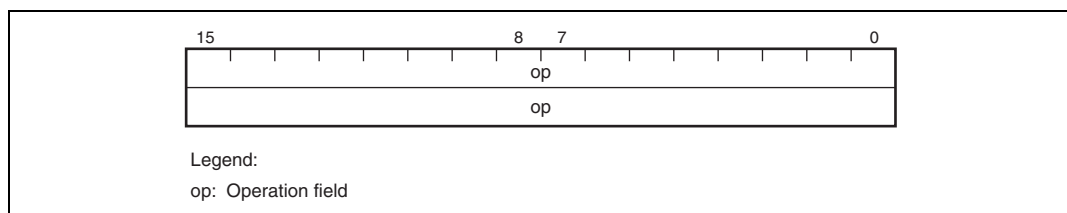
Table 2.10 describes the block data transfer instructions.

Table 2.10 Block Data Transfer Instructions

| Instruction | Size | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EEPMOV      | —    | <p>If <math>R4L \neq 0</math> then</p> <p>repeat @R5+ → @R6+</p> <p>R4L − 1 → R4L</p> <p>until R4L = 0</p> <p>else next;</p> <p>Block data transfer instruction. Transfers the number of data bytes specified by R4L from locations starting at the address indicated by R5 to locations starting at the address indicated by R6. After the transfer, the next instruction is executed.</p> |

Certain precautions are required in using the EEPMOV instruction. See section 2.9.3, EEPMOV Instruction, for details.

Figure 2.11 shows the instruction formats of block data transfer instructions.



**Figure 2.11 Instruction Format of Block Data Transfer Instructions**

## 2.6 Addressing Modes and Effective Address

### 2.6.1 Addressing Modes

The H8/300L CPU supports the eight addressing modes listed in table 2.11. Each instruction uses a subset of these addressing modes.

**Table 2.11 Addressing Modes**

| No. | Addressing Mode                                                               | Symbol       |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1   | Register direct                                                               | Rn           |
| 2   | Register indirect                                                             | @Rn          |
| 3   | Register indirect with displacement                                           | @(d:16,Rn)   |
| 4   | Register indirect with post-increment<br>Register indirect with pre-decrement | @Rn+<br>@-Rn |
| 5   | Absolute address                                                              | @aa:8/@aa:16 |
| 6   | Immediate                                                                     | #xx:8/#xx:16 |
| 7   | Program-counter relative                                                      | @(d:8,PC)    |
| 8   | Memory indirect                                                               | @@aa:8       |

### Register Direct—Rn

The register field of the instruction specifies an 8- or 16-bit general register containing the operand.

Only the MOV.W, ADD.W, SUB.W, CMP.W, ADDS, SUBS, MULXU (8 bits × 8 bits), and DIVXU (16 bits ÷ 8 bits) instructions have 16-bit operands.

**Register Indirect—@Rn**

The register field of the instruction specifies a 16-bit general register containing the address of the operand in memory.

**Register Indirect with Displacement—@(d:16, Rn)**

The instruction has a second word (bytes 3 and 4) containing a displacement which is added to the contents of the specified general register (16 bits) to obtain the operand address in memory.

This mode is used only in MOV instructions. For the MOV.W instruction, the resulting address must be even.

**Register Indirect with Post-Increment or Pre-Decrement—@Rn+ or @-Rn**

- Register indirect with post-increment—@Rn+

The @Rn+ mode is used with MOV instructions that load registers from memory.

The register field of the instruction specifies a 16-bit general register containing the address of the operand. After the operand is accessed, the register is incremented by 1 for MOV.B or 2 for MOV.W. For MOV.W, the original contents of the 16-bit general register must be even.

- Register indirect with pre-decrement—@-Rn

The @-Rn mode is used with MOV instructions that store register contents to memory.

The register field of the instruction specifies a 16-bit general register which is decremented by 1 or 2 to obtain the address of the operand in memory. The register retains the decremented value. The size of the decrement is 1 for MOV.B or 2 for MOV.W. For MOV.W, the original contents of the register must be even.

**Absolute Address—@aa:8/@aa:16**

The instruction specifies the absolute address of the operand in memory.

The absolute address may be 8 bits long (@aa:8) or 16 bits long (@aa:16). The MOV.B and bit manipulation instructions can use 8-bit absolute addresses. The MOV.B, MOV.W, JMP, and JSR instructions can use 16-bit absolute addresses.

For an 8-bit absolute address, the upper 8 bits are assumed to be 1 (H'FF). The address range is H'FF00 to H'FFFF (65280 to 65535).

**Immediate—#xx:8/#xx:16**

The instruction contains an 8-bit operand (#xx:8) in its second byte, or a 16-bit operand (#xx:16) in its third and fourth bytes. Only MOV.W instructions can contain 16-bit immediate values.

The ADDS and SUBS instructions implicitly contain the value 1 or 2 as immediate data. Some bit manipulation instructions contain 3-bit immediate data in the second or fourth byte of the instruction, specifying a bit number.

**Program-Counter Relative—@(d:8, PC)**

This mode is used in the Bcc and BSR instructions. An 8-bit displacement in byte 2 of the instruction code is sign-extended to 16 bits and added to the program counter contents to generate a branch destination address. The possible branching range is –126 to +128 bytes (–63 to +64 words) from the current address. The displacement should be an even number.

**Memory Indirect—@@aa:8**

This mode can be used by the JMP and JSR instructions. The second byte of the instruction code specifies an 8-bit absolute address. The word located at this address contains the branch destination address. The upper 8 bits of the absolute address are assumed to be 0 (H'00), so the address range is from H'0000 to H'00FF (0 to 255). Note that with the H8/300L Series, the lower end of the address area is also used as a vector area. See section 3.1, Exception Sources and Vector Address, for details on the vector area.

If an odd address is specified as a branch destination or as the operand address of a MOV.W instruction, the least significant bit is regarded as 0, causing word access to be performed at the address preceding the specified address. See section 2.4.2, Memory Data Formats, for further information.

### 2.6.2 Effective Address Calculation

Table 2.12 shows how effective addresses are calculated in each of the addressing modes.

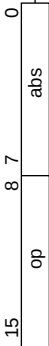
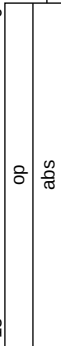
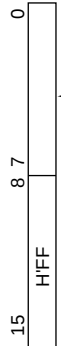
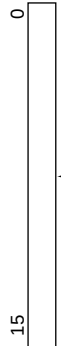
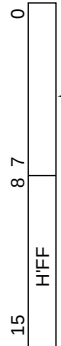
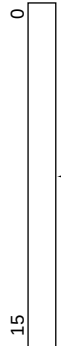
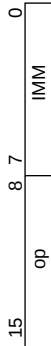
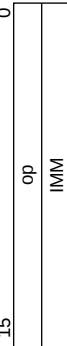
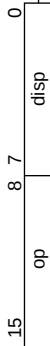
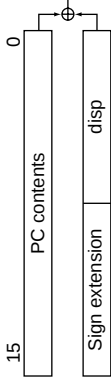
Arithmetic and logic instructions use register direct addressing (1). The ADD.B, ADDX, SUBX, CMP.B, AND, OR, and XOR instructions can also use immediate addressing (6).

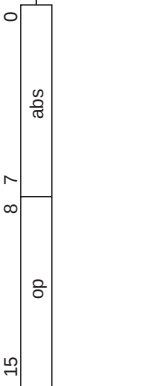
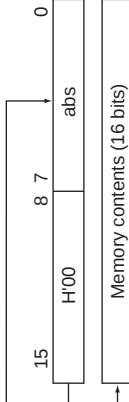
Data transfer instructions can use all addressing modes except program-counter relative (7) and memory indirect (8).

Bit manipulation instructions can use register direct (1), register indirect (2), or 8-bit absolute addressing (5) to specify the operand. Register indirect (1) (BSET, BCLR, BNOT, and BTST instructions) or 3-bit immediate addressing (6) can be used independently to specify a bit position in the operand.

Table 2.12 Effective Address Calculation

| No. | Addressing Mode and Instruction Format                                                                                                                                                                 | Effective Address Calculation Method                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Effective Address (EA)                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | Register direct Rn<br><div> <div>15</div> <div> <div>op</div> <div>8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</div> <div>rm</div> <div>rm</div> </div> </div>                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <div> <div>3</div> <div>0</div> <div>rm</div> <div>3</div> <div>0</div> <div>m</div> </div> <p>Operand is contents of registers indicated by rm/rm</p> |
| 2   | Register indirect @Rn<br><div> <div>15</div> <div> <div>op</div> <div>7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</div> <div>rm</div> </div> </div>                                                                                | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> <div>Contents of register indicated by rm (16 bits)</div> </div>                                                                                                                                    | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> </div>                                                                                                                |
| 3   | Register indirect with displacement<br><div> <div>15</div> <div> <div>op</div> <div>7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</div> <div>rm</div> <div>disp</div> </div> </div>                                                  | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> <div>Contents of register indicated by rm (16 bits)</div> <div> <div>15</div> <div>disp</div> </div> </div>                                                                                         | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> </div>                                                                                                                |
| 4   | Register indirect with post-increment or pre-decrement<br>Register indirect with post-increment @Rn+<br><div> <div>15</div> <div> <div>op</div> <div>7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</div> <div>rm</div> </div> </div> | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> <div>Contents of register indicated by rm (16 bits)</div> <div> <div>15</div> <div>1 or 2</div> </div> </div>                                                                                       | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> </div>                                                                                                                |
|     | Register indirect with pre-decrement @-Rn<br><div> <div>15</div> <div> <div>op</div> <div>7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</div> <div>rm</div> </div> </div>                                                            | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> <div>Contents of register indicated by rm (16 bits)</div> <div> <div>15</div> <div>1 or 2</div> </div> </div> <p>Incremented or decremented by 1 if operand is byte size, and by 2 if word size</p> | <div> <div>15</div> <div>0</div> </div>                                                                                                                |

| No. | Addressing Mode and Instruction Format                                                                                                                                                                                | Effective Address Calculation Method                                                                                                                              | Effective Address (EA)                                                                                                                                            |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5   | <p>Absolute address<br/>@aa:8</p>  <p>@aa:16</p>  |   |   |
| 6   | <p>Immediate<br/>#xx:8</p>  <p>#xx:16</p>         |                                                                                                                                                                   | <p>Operand is 1- or 2-byte immediate data</p>                                                                                                                     |
| 7   | <p>Program-counter relative@ (d: 8, PC)</p>                                                                                         |                                                                                  |                                                                                   |

| No. | Addressing Mode and Instruction Format                                                                                                        | Effective Address Calculation Method                                              | Effective Address (EA)                                                           |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8   | <p data-bbox="425 1145 446 1369">Memory indirect@@aa:8</p>  |  |  |

Legend:

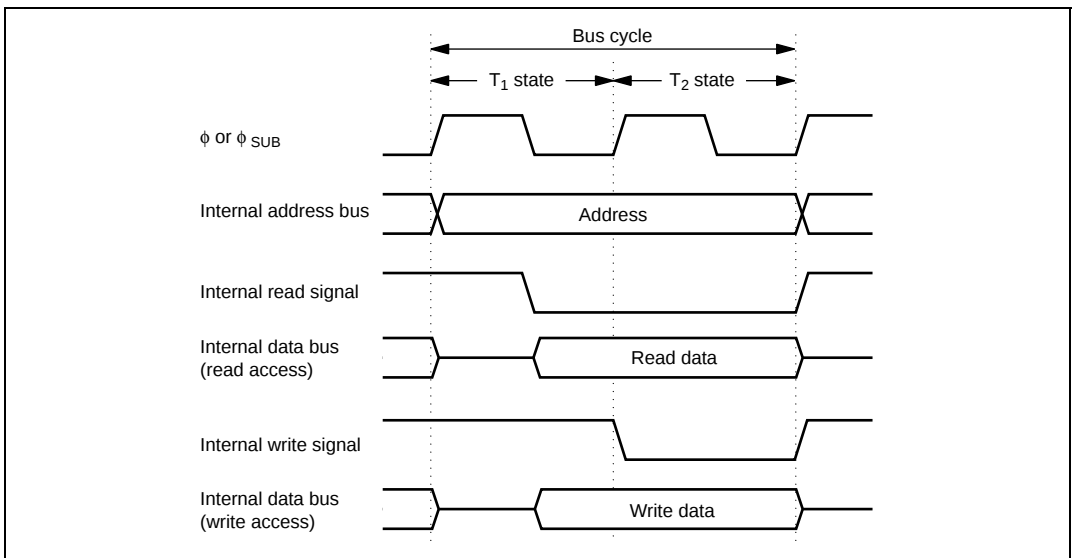
rm, m: Register field  
 op: Operation field  
 disp: Displacement  
 IMM: Immediate data  
 abs: Absolute address

## 2.7 Basic Bus Cycle

CPU operation is synchronized by a system clock ( $\phi$ ) or a subclock ( $\phi_{SUB}$ ). For details on these clock signals see section 4, Clock Pulse Generators. The period from a rising edge of  $\phi$  or  $\phi_{SUB}$  to the next rising edge is called one state. A bus cycle consists of two states or three states. The cycle differs depending on whether access is to on-chip memory or to on-chip peripheral modules.

### 2.7.1 Access to On-Chip Memory (RAM, ROM)

Access to on-chip memory takes place in two states. The data bus width is 16 bits, allowing access in byte or word size. Figure 2.12 shows the on-chip memory access cycle.



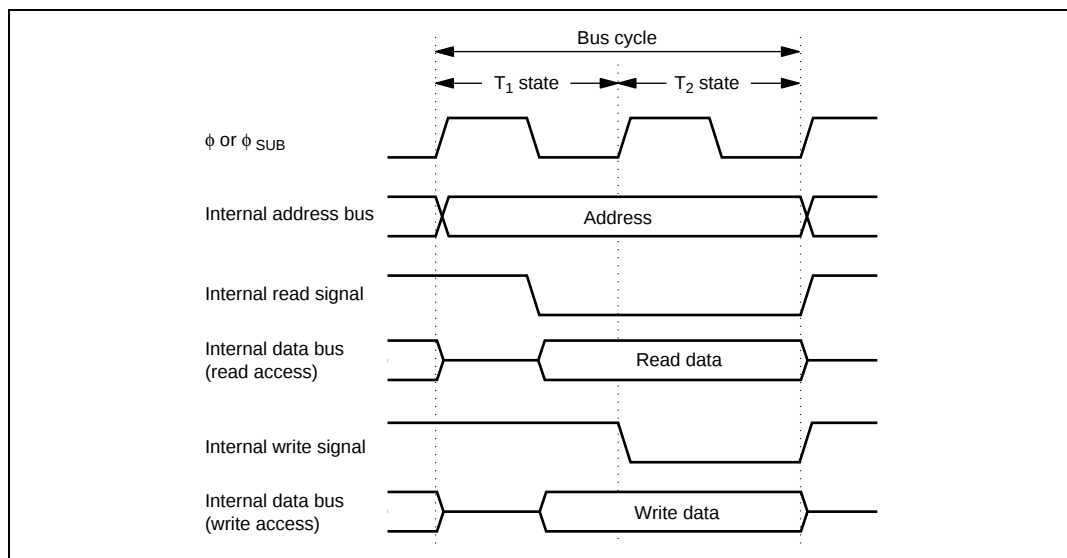
**Figure 2.12 On-Chip Memory Access Cycle**

## 2.7.2 On-Chip Peripheral Modules

On-chip peripheral modules are accessed in two states or three states. The data bus width is 8 bits, so access is by byte size only. This means that for accessing word data, two instructions must be used. For details on the data bus width and number of access states of each register, refer to section 16.1, Register Addresses (Address Order).

### Two-State Access to On-Chip Peripheral Modules:

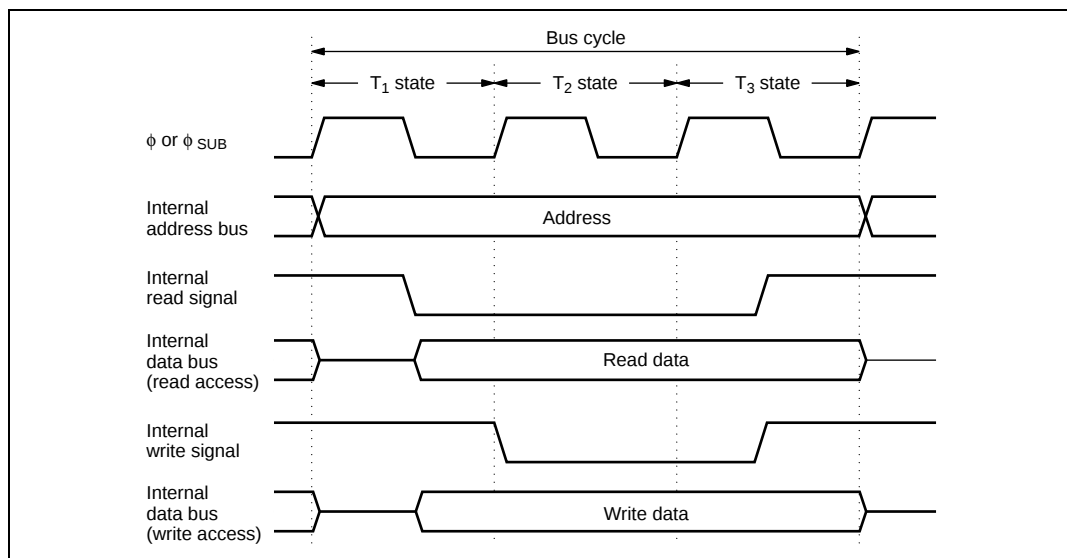
Figure 2.13 shows the operation timing in the case of two-state access to an on-chip peripheral module.



**Figure 2.13 On-Chip Peripheral Module Access Cycle (2-State Access)**

### Three-State Access to On-Chip Peripheral Modules:

Figure 2.14 shows the operation timing in the case of three-state access to an on-chip peripheral module.

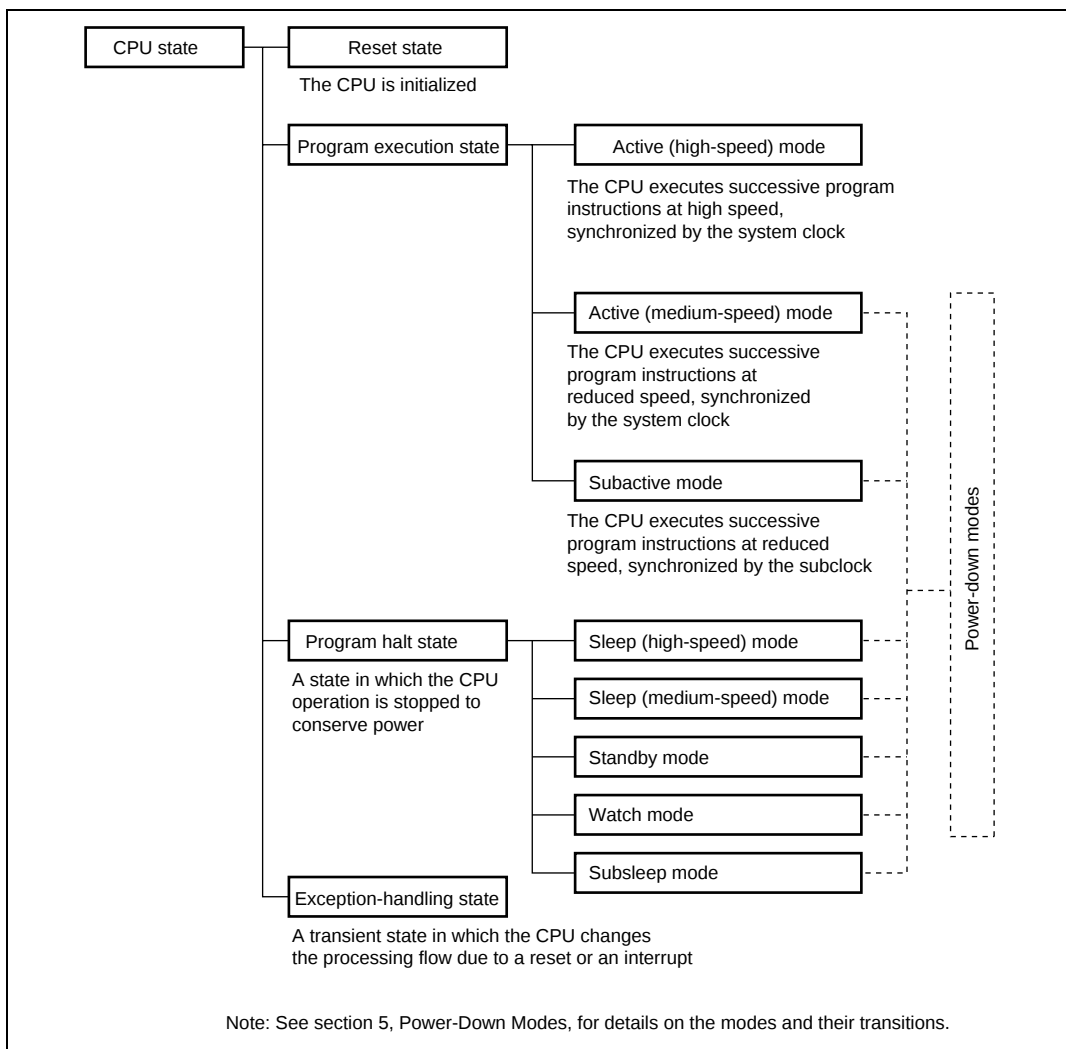


**Figure 2.14 On-Chip Peripheral Module Access Cycle (3-State Access)**

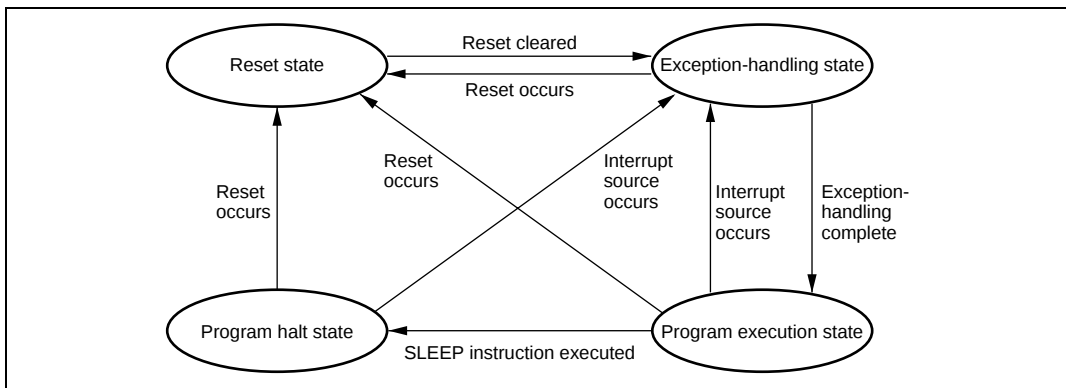
## 2.8 CPU States

There are four CPU states: the reset state, program execution state, program halt state, and exception-handling state. The program execution state includes active (high-speed or medium-speed) mode and subactive mode. In the program halt state, there are a sleep (high-speed or medium-speed) mode, standby mode, watch mode, and sub-sleep mode.

These states are shown in figure 2.15. Figure 2.16 shows the state transitions.



**Figure 2.15 CPU Operation States**



**Figure 2.16 State Transitions**

## 2.9 Usage Notes

### 2.9.1 Notes on Data Access to Empty Areas

The address space of this LSI includes empty areas in addition to the ROM, RAM, and on-chip I/O registers areas available to the user. When data is transferred from CPU to empty areas, the transferred data will be lost. This action may also cause the CPU to malfunction. When data is transferred from an empty area to CPU, the contents of the data cannot be guaranteed.

### 2.9.2 Access to Internal I/O Registers

Internal data transfer to or from on-chip peripheral modules other than the on-chip ROM and RAM areas makes use of an 8-bit data width. If word access is attempted to these areas, the following results will occur.

Word access from CPU to I/O register area:

Upper byte: Will be written to I/O register.

Lower byte: Transferred data will be lost.

Word access from I/O register to CPU:

Upper byte: Will be written to upper part of CPU register.

Lower byte: Data which is written to lower part of CPU register is not guaranteed.

Byte size instructions should therefore be used when transferring data to or from I/O registers other than the on-chip ROM and RAM areas.

### 2.9.3 EEPMOV Instruction

EEPMOV is a block-transfer instruction and transfers the byte size of data indicated by R4L, which starts from the address indicated by R5, to the address indicated by R6. Set R4L and R6 so that the end address of the destination address (value of R6 + R4L) does not exceed H'FFFF (the value of R6 must not change from H'FFFF to H'0000 during execution).

### 2.9.4 Bit Manipulation Instructions

The BSET, BCLR, BNOT, BST, and BIST instructions read data from the specified address in byte units, manipulate the data of the target bit, and write data to the same address again in byte units. Special care is required when using these instructions in cases where two registers are assigned to the same address or when a bit is directly manipulated for a port, because this may rewrite data of a bit other than the bit to be manipulated.

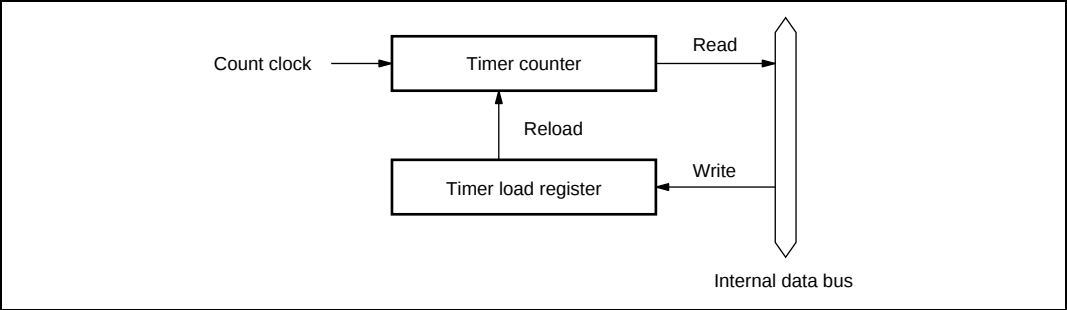
#### Bit Manipulation in Two Registers Assigned to Same Address:

##### Example 1: Timer load register and timer counter

Figure 2.17 shows an example of a timer in which two timer registers are assigned to the same address. When a bit manipulation instruction accesses the timer load register and timer counter of a reloadable timer, since these two registers share the same address, the following operations takes place.

1. Data is read in byte units.
2. The CPU sets or resets the bit to be manipulated with the bit manipulation instruction.
3. The written data is written again in byte units to the timer load register.

The timer is counting, so the value read is not necessarily the same as the value in the timer load register. As a result, bits other than the intended bit in the timer counter may be modified and the modified value may be written to the timer load register.



**Figure 2.17 Example of Timer Configuration with Two Registers Allocated to Same Address**

**Example 2: BSET instruction executed designating port 3**

P37 and P36 are designated as input pins, with a low-level signal input at P37 and a high-level signal at P36. The remaining pins, P35 to P31, are output pins and output low-level signals. In this example, the BSET instruction is used to change pin P31 to high-level output.

Prior to executing BSET

|              | P37       | P36        | P35       | P34       | P33       | P32       | P31       | — |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Input/output | Input     | Input      | Output    | Output    | Output    | Output    | Output    | — |
| Pin state    | Low level | High level | Low level | Low level | Low level | Low level | Low level | — |
| PCR3         | 0         | 0          | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1         | 0          | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1 |

BSET instruction executed

BSET #1, @PDR3

The BSET instruction is executed for port 3.

## After executing BSET

|              | <b>P37</b> | <b>P36</b> | <b>P35</b> | <b>P34</b> | <b>P33</b> | <b>P32</b> | <b>P31</b> | — |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Input/output | Input      | Input      | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | — |
| Pin state    | Low level  | High level | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | High level | — |
| PCR3         | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1 |
| PDR3         | 0          | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1 |

## Description on operation

When the BSET instruction is executed, first the CPU reads port 3.

Since P37 and P36 are input pins, the CPU reads the pin states (low-level and high-level input). P35 to P31 are output pins, so the CPU reads the value in PDR3. In this example PDR3 has a value of H'81, but the value read by the CPU is H'41.

Next, the CPU sets bit 1 of the read data to 1, changing the PDR3 data to H'43.

Finally, the CPU writes H'43 to PDR3, completing execution of BSET.

As a result of the BSET instruction, bit 1 in PDR3 becomes 1, and P31 outputs a high-level signal. However, bits 7 and 6 of PDR3 end up with different values. To prevent this problem, store a copy of the PDR3 data in a work area in memory. Perform the bit manipulation on the data in the work area, then write this data to PDR3.

## Prior to executing BSET

```
MOV.B  #81,  R0L
MOV.B  R0L,   @RAM0
MOV.B  R0L,   @PDR3
```

The PDR3 value (H'81) is written to a work area in memory (RAM0) as well as to PDR3.

|              | <b>P37</b> | <b>P36</b> | <b>P35</b> | <b>P34</b> | <b>P33</b> | <b>P32</b> | <b>P31</b> | — |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Input/output | Input      | Input      | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | — |
| Pin state    | Low level  | High level | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | — |
| PCR3         | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1 |
| RAM0         | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1 |

BSET instruction executed

```
BSET    #1,    @RAM0
```

The BSET instruction is executed designating the PDR3 work area (RAM0).

After executing BSET

```
MOV.B    @RAM0, R0L
MOV.B    R0L,  @PDR3
```

The work area (RAM0) value is written to PDR3.

|              | P37       | P36        | P35       | P34       | P33       | P32       | P31        | — |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|---|
| Input/output | Input     | Input      | Output    | Output    | Output    | Output    | Output     | — |
| Pin state    | Low level | High level | Low level | Low level | Low level | Low level | High level | — |
| PCR3         | 0         | 0          | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1          | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1         | 0          | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1          | 1 |
| RAM0         | 1         | 0          | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1          | 1 |

### Bit Manipulation in Register Containing Write-Only Bit

#### Example 3: BCLR instruction executed designating PCR3

P37 and P36 are input pins, with a low-level signal input at P37 and a high-level signal input at P36. P35 to P31 are output pins that output low-level signals.

An example of setting the P31 pin as an input pin by the BCLR instruction is shown below. It is assumed that a high-level signal will be input to this input pin.

Prior to executing BCLR

|              | P37       | P36        | P35       | P34       | P33       | P32       | P31       | — |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Input/output | Input     | Input      | Output    | Output    | Output    | Output    | Output    | — |
| Pin state    | Low level | High level | Low level | Low level | Low level | Low level | Low level | — |
| PCR3         | 0         | 0          | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1         | 0          | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 1 |

## BCLR instruction executed

```
BCLR    #1,    @PCR3
```

The BCLR instruction is executed for PCR3.

## After executing BCLR

|              | <b>P37</b> | <b>P36</b> | <b>P35</b> | <b>P34</b> | <b>P33</b> | <b>P32</b> | <b>P31</b> | — |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Input/output | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Input      | — |
| Pin state    | Low level  | High level | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | High level | — |
| PCR3         | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 0          | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1 |

## Description on operation

When the BCLR instruction is executed, first the CPU reads PCR3. Since PCR3 is a write-only register, the CPU reads a value of H'FF, even though the PCR3 value is actually H'3F.

Next, the CPU clears bit 1 in the read data to 0, changing the data to H'FD.

Finally, H'FD is written to PCR3 and BCLR instruction execution ends.

As a result of this operation, bit 1 in PCR3 becomes 0, making P31 an input port. However, bits 7 and 6 in PCR3 change to 1, so that P37 and P36 change from input pins to output pins. To prevent this problem, store a copy of the PCR3 data in a work area in memory and manipulate data of the bit in the work area, then write this data to PCR3.

## Prior to executing BCLR

```
MOV.B   #3F,   R0L
MOV.B   R0L,   @RAM0
MOV.B   R0L,   @PCR3
```

The PCR3 value (H'3F) is written to a work area in memory (RAM0) as well as to PCR3.

|              | <b>P37</b> | <b>P36</b> | <b>P35</b> | <b>P34</b> | <b>P33</b> | <b>P32</b> | <b>P31</b> | — |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Input/output | Input      | Input      | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | — |
| Pin state    | Low level  | High level | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | — |
| PCR3         | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1 |
| RAM0         | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1 |

BCLR instruction executed

```
BCLR    #1,    @RAM0
```

The BCLR instructions executed for the PCR3 work area (RAM0).

After executing BCLR

```
MOV.B    @RAM0, R0L
MOV.B    R0L,   @PCR3
```

The work area (RAM0) value is written to PCR3.

|              | <b>P37</b> | <b>P36</b> | <b>P35</b> | <b>P34</b> | <b>P33</b> | <b>P32</b> | <b>P31</b> | — |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Input/output | Input      | Input      | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | Output     | — |
| Pin state    | Low level  | High level | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | Low level  | High level | — |
| PCR3         | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 0          | 1 |
| PDR3         | 1          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0          | 1 |
| RAM0         | 0          | 0          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 1          | 0          | 1 |

Table 2.13 lists the pairs of registers that share identical addresses. Table 2.14 lists the registers that contain write-only bits.

**Table 2.13 Registers with Shared Addresses**

| Register Name         | Abbreviation | Address |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|
| Port data register 3* | PDR3         | H'FFD6  |
| Port data register 4* | PDR4         | H'FFD7  |
| Port data register 5* | PDR5         | H'FFD8  |
| Port data register 6* | PDR6         | H'FFD9  |
| Port data register 7* | PDR7         | H'FFDA  |
| Port data register 8* | PDR8         | H'FFDB  |
| Port data register A* | PDRA         | H'FFDD  |

Note: \* Port data registers have the same addresses as input pins.

**Table 2.14 Registers with Write-Only Bits**

| Register Name            | Abbreviation | Address |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Port control register 3  | PCR3         | H'FFE6  |
| Port control register 4  | PCR4         | H'FFE7  |
| Port control register 5  | PCR5         | H'FFE8  |
| Port control register 6  | PCR6         | H'FFE9  |
| Port control register 7  | PCR7         | H'FFEA  |
| Port control register 8  | PCR8         | H'FFEB  |
| Port control register A  | PCRA         | H'FFED  |
| Timer control register F | TCRF         | H'FFB6  |
| PWM1 control register    | PWCR1        | H'FFD0  |
| PWM1 data register U     | PWDRU1       | H'FFD1  |
| PWM1 data register L     | PWDRL1       | H'FFD2  |
| PWM2 control register    | PWCR2        | H'FFCD  |
| PWM2 data register U     | PWDRU2       | H'FFCE  |
| PWM2 data register L     | PWDRL2       | H'FFCF  |



## Section 3 Exception Handling

Exception handling may be caused by a reset or interrupts.

- Reset

A reset has the highest exception priority. Exception handling starts as soon as the reset is cleared by the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin. The chip is also reset when the watchdog timer overflows, and exception handling starts. Exception handling is the same as exception handling by the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin.

- Interrupts

External interrupts and internal interrupts are masked by the I bit in CCR, and kept masked while the I bit is set to 1. Exception handling starts when the current instruction or exception handling ends, if an interrupt request has been issued.

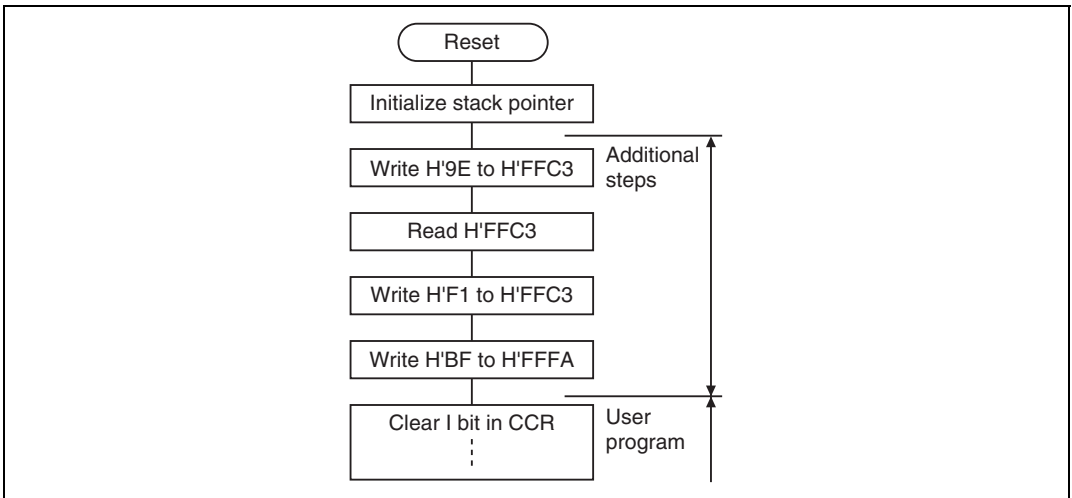
The following notes apply to the HD64F38004.

- Issue

Depending on the circuitry status at power-on, a vector 17 (system reservation) interrupt request may be generated. If bit I in CCR is cleared to 0, this interrupt will be accepted just like any other internal interrupt. This can cause processing exceptions to occur, and program execution will eventually halt since there is no procedure for clearing the interrupt request flag in question.

- Countermeasure

To prevent the above issue from occurring, it is recommended that the following steps be added to programs written for the product.



The following is an example in assembler.

```
.ORG H'0000
.DATA.W      INIT
.ORG H'0100
INIT:
MOV.W  #H'FF80:16, SP

MOV.B  #H'9E:8, R0L
MOV.B  R0L, @H'FFC3:8
MOV.B  @H'FFC3:8, R0L
MOV.B  #H'F1:8, R0L
MOV.B  R0L, @H'FFC3:8
MOV.B  #H'BF:8, R0L
MOV.B  R0L, @H'FFFA:8
ANDC.B #H'7F:8, CCR      ; user program
```

The following is an example in C.

```
void powerON_Reset(void)
{
// -----
    unsigned char dummy;
    *((volatile unsigned char *)0xffc3)= 0x9e;
    dummy = *((volatile unsigned char *)0xffc3);
    *((volatile unsigned char *)0xffc3)= 0xf1;
    *((volatile unsigned char *)0xfffa)= 0xbf;
// -----
    set_imask_ccr(0);      // clear I bit
                          // user program
}
```

On the mask ROM version of the product, user programs may be used as is (including the additional steps described above) or without the additional steps.

### 3.1 Exception Sources and Vector Address

Table 3.1 shows the vector addresses and priority of each exception handling. When more than one interrupt is requested, handling is performed from the interrupt with the highest priority.

**Table 3.1 Exception Sources and Vector Address**

| Relative Module                                          | Exception Sources                                   | Vector Number | Vector Address   | Priority                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| RES pin<br>Watchdog timer                                | Reset                                               | 0             | H'0000 to H'0001 | <div>↑<br/>High</div> <div>↓<br/>Low</div> |
| —                                                        | Reserved for system use                             | 1 to 3        | H'0002 to H'0007 |                                            |
| External interrupt pin/Low-voltage detect circuit (LVD)* | IRQ0/Low-voltage detect interrupt*                  | 4             | H'0008 to H'0009 |                                            |
|                                                          | IRQ1                                                | 5             | H'000A to H'000B |                                            |
|                                                          | IRQAEC                                              | 6             | H'000C to H'000D |                                            |
| —                                                        | Reserved for system use                             | 7, 8          | H'000E to H'0011 |                                            |
| External interrupt pin                                   | WKP0                                                | 9             | H'0012 to H'0013 |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP1                                                |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP2                                                |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP3                                                |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP4                                                |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP5                                                |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP6                                                |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | WKP7                                                |               |                  |                                            |
| —                                                        | Reserved for system use                             | 10            | H'0014 to H'0015 |                                            |
| Timer A                                                  | Timer A overflow                                    | 11            | H'0016 to H'0017 |                                            |
| Asynchronous event counter                               | Asynchronous event counter overflow                 | 12            | H'0018 to H'0019 |                                            |
| —                                                        | Reserved for system use                             | 13            | H'001A to H'001B |                                            |
| Timer F                                                  | Timer FL compare match                              | 14            | H'001C to H'001D |                                            |
|                                                          | Timer FL overflow                                   |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | Timer FH compare match                              | 15            | H'001E to H'001F |                                            |
|                                                          | Timer FH overflow                                   |               |                  |                                            |
| —                                                        | Reserved for system use                             | 16, 17        | H'0020 to H'0023 |                                            |
| SCI3                                                     | Transmit end                                        | 18            | H'0024 to H'0025 |                                            |
|                                                          | Transmit data empty                                 |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | Transmit data full                                  |               |                  |                                            |
|                                                          | Receive error                                       |               |                  |                                            |
| A/D converter                                            | A/D conversion end                                  | 19            | H'0026 to H'0027 |                                            |
| CPU                                                      | Direct transition by execution of SLEEP instruction | 20            | H'0028 to H'0029 |                                            |

Note: \* The low-voltage detection circuit and low-voltage detection interrupt are implemented on the H8/38104 Group only.

## 3.2 Register Descriptions

Interrupts are controlled by the following registers.

- Interrupt edge select register (IEGR)
- Interrupt enable register 1 (IENR1)
- Interrupt enable register 2 (IENR2)
- Interrupt request register 1 (IRR1)
- Interrupt request register 2 (IRR2)
- Wakeup interrupt request register (IWPR)
- Wakeup edge select register (WEGR)

### 3.2.1 Interrupt Edge Select Register (IEGR)

IEGR selects the direction of an edge that generates interrupt requests of pins and  $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$  and  $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ .

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 5 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1.                                                                                                          |
| 4 to 2 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                       |
| 1      | IEG1     | 0             | R/W | IRQ1 and IRQ0 Edge Select                                                                                                                             |
| 0      | IEG0     | 0             | R/W | 0: Falling edge of $\overline{\text{IRQn}}$ pin input is detected<br>1: Rising edge of $\overline{\text{IRQn}}$ pin input is detected<br>(n = 1 or 0) |

### 3.2.2 Interrupt Enable Register 1 (IENR1)

IENR1 enables timers and external pin interrupts.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7    | IENTA    | 0             | R/W | Timer A interrupt enable<br>Enables or disables timer A overflow interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables timer A interrupt requests<br>1: Enables timer A interrupt requests                                                          |
| 6    | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 5    | IENWP    | 0             | R/W | Wakeup Interrupt Enable<br>Enables or disables WKP7 to WKP0 interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables $\overline{WKP7}$ to $\overline{WKP0}$ interrupt requests<br>1: Enables $\overline{WKP7}$ to $\overline{WKP0}$ interrupt requests |
| 4, 3 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 2    | IENEC2   | 0             | R/W | IRQAEC Interrupt Enable<br>Enables or disables IRQAEC interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables IRQAEC interrupt requests<br>1: Enables IRQAEC interrupt requests                                                                       |
| 1    | IEN1     | 0             | R/W | IRQ1 and IRQ0 Interrupt Enable                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 0    | IEN0     | 0             | R/W | Enables or disables IRQ1 and IRQ0 interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables $\overline{IRQn}$ interrupt requests<br>1: Enables $\overline{IRQn}$ interrupt requests<br>(n = 1, 0)                                                       |

### 3.2.3 Interrupt Enable Register 2 (IENR2)

IENR2 enables direct transition, A/D converter, and timer interrupts.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7    | IENDT    | 0             | R/W | Direct Transition Interrupt enable<br>Enables or disables direct transition interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables direct transition interrupt requests<br>1: Enables direct transition interrupt requests                                     |
| 6    | IENAD    | 0             | R/W | A/D Converter Interrupt enable<br>Enables or disables A/D conversion end interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables A/D converter interrupt requests<br>1: Enables A/D converter interrupt requests                                                |
| 5, 4 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 3    | IENTFH   | 0             | R/W | Timer FH Interrupt Enable<br>Enables or disables timer FH compare match or overflow interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables timer FH interrupt requests<br>1: Enables timer FH interrupt requests                                               |
| 2    | IENFL    | 0             | R/W | Timer FL Interrupt Enable<br>Enables or disables timer FL compare match or overflow interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables timer FL interrupt requests<br>1: Enables timer FL interrupt requests                                               |
| 1    | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 0    | IENEC    | 0             | R/W | Asynchronous Event Counter Interrupt Enable<br>Enables or disables asynchronous event counter interrupt requests.<br>0: Disables asynchronous event counter interrupt requests<br>1: Enables asynchronous event counter interrupt requests |

For details on SCI3 interrupt control, refer to section 10.3.6, Serial Control Register 3 (SCR3).

### 3.2.4 Interrupt Request Register 1 (IRR1)

IRR1 is a status flag register for timer A, IRQAEC, IRQ1, and IRQ0 interrupt requests. The corresponding flag is set to 1 when an interrupt request occurs. The flags are not cleared automatically when an interrupt is accepted. It is necessary to write 0 to clear each flag.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------|----------|---------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7    | IRRTA    | 0             | R/W* | Timer A Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When the timer A counter value overflows<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRRTA = 1, it is cleared by writing 0                                                         |
| 6    | —        | —             | W    | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 5    | —        | 1             | —    | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4, 3 | —        | —             | W    | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2    | IRREC2   | 0             | R/W* | IRQAEC Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When pin IRQAEC is designated for interrupt input and the designated signal edge is detected<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRREC2 = 1, it is cleared by writing 0     |
| 1    | IRRI1    | 0             | R/W* | IRQ1 and IRQ0 Interrupt Request Flag                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 0    | IRRI0    | 0             | R/W* | [Setting condition]<br>When pin $\overline{IRQn}$ is designated for interrupt input and the designated signal edge is detected<br>(n = 1, 0)<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRRI1 and IRRI0 = 1, they are cleared by writing 0 |

Note: \* Only 0 can be written for flag clearing.

### 3.2.5 Interrupt Request Register 2 (IRR2)

IRR2 is a status flag register for direct transition, A/D converter, timer FH, timer FL, and asynchronous event counter interrupt requests. The corresponding flag is set to 1 when an interrupt request occurs. The flags are not cleared automatically when an interrupt is accepted. It is necessary to write 0 to clear each flag.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------|----------|---------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7    | IRRDT    | 0             | R/W* | Direct Transition Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When a direct transition is made by executing a SLEEP instruction while the DTON bit = 1<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRRDT = 1, it is cleared by writing 0                           |
| 6    | IRRAD    | 0             | R/W* | A/D Converter Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When A/D conversion is completed and the ADSF bit is cleared to 0<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRRAD = 1, it is cleared by writing 0                                                      |
| 5, 4 | —        | —             | W    | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 3    | IRRTFH   | 0             | R/W* | Timer FH Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When TCFH and OCRFH match in 8-bit timer mode, or when TCF (TCFL, TCFH) and OCRF (OCRFL, OCRFH) match in 16-bit timer mode<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRRTFH = 1, it is cleared by writing 0 |
| 2    | IRRTFL   | 0             | R/W* | Timer FL Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When TCFL and OCRFL match in 8-bit timer mode<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRRTFL = 1, it is cleared by writing 0                                                                              |
| 1    | —        | —             | W    | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|----------|---------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | IRREC    | 0             | R/W* | Asynchronous Event Counter Interrupt Request Flag<br>[Setting condition]<br>When ECH overflows in 16-bit counter mode, or ECH or ECL overflows in 8-bit counter mode<br>[Clearing condition]<br>When IRREC = 1, it is cleared by writing 0 |

Note: \* Only 0 can be written for flag clearing.

### 3.2.6 Wakeup Interrupt Request Register (IWPR)

IWPR is a status flag register for  $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$  to  $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$  interrupt requests. The flags are not cleared automatically when an interrupt is accepted. It is necessary to write 0 to clear each flag.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                      |
|-----|----------|---------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | IWPF7    | 0             | R/W* | Wakeup Interrupt Request Flag 7 to 0                                             |
| 6   | IWPF6    | 0             | R/W* | [Setting condition]                                                              |
| 5   | IWPF5    | 0             | R/W* | When pin WKPN is designated for wakeup input and the designated edge is detected |
| 4   | IWPF4    | 0             | R/W* | (n = 7 to 0)                                                                     |
| 3   | IWPF3    | 0             | R/W* | [Clearing condition]                                                             |
| 2   | IWPF2    | 0             | R/W* | When IWPFn = 1, it is cleared by writing 0                                       |
| 1   | IWPF1    | 0             | R/W* |                                                                                  |
| 0   | IWPF0    | 0             | R/W* |                                                                                  |

Note: \* Only 0 can be written for flag clearing.

### 3.2.7 Wakeup Edge Select Register (WEGR)

WEGR specifies rising or falling edge sensing for pins  $\overline{WKPn}$ .

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                       |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | WKEGS7   | 0             | R/W | $\overline{WKPn}$ Edge Select 7 to 0              |
| 6   | WKEGS6   | 0             | R/W | Selects $\overline{WKPn}$ pin input sensing.      |
| 5   | WKEGS5   | 0             | R/W | 0: $\overline{WKPn}$ pin falling edge is detected |
| 4   | WKEGS4   | 0             | R/W | 1: $\overline{WKPn}$ pin rising edge is detected  |
| 3   | WKEGS3   | 0             | R/W | (n = 7 to 0)                                      |
| 2   | WKEGS2   | 0             | R/W |                                                   |
| 1   | WKEGS1   | 0             | R/W |                                                   |
| 0   | WKEGS0   | 0             | R/W |                                                   |

## 3.3 Reset Exception Handling

When the  $\overline{RES}$  pin goes low, all processing halts and this LSI enters the reset. The internal state of the CPU and the registers of the on-chip peripheral modules are initialized by the reset. To ensure that this LSI is reset at power-on, hold the  $\overline{RES}$  pin low until the clock pulse generator output stabilizes. To reset the chip during operation, hold the  $\overline{RES}$  pin low for at least 10 system clock cycles. When the  $\overline{RES}$  pin goes high after being held low for the necessary time, this LSI starts reset exception handling. The reset exception handling sequence is shown in figure 3.1. The reset exception handling sequence is as follows. However, refer to section 14.3.1, Power-On Reset Circuit, for information on the reset sequence for the H8/38104 Group, which has a built-in power-on reset function.

1. Set the I bit in the condition code register (CCR) to 1.
2. The CPU generates a reset exception handling vector address (from H'0000 to H'0001), the data in that address is sent to the program counter (PC) as the start address, and program execution starts from that address.

## 3.4 Interrupt Exception Handling

### 3.4.1 External Interrupts

There are external interrupts, WKP7 to WKP0, IRQ1, IRQ0, and IRQAEC.

#### WKP7 to WKP0 Interrupts

WKP7 to WKP0 interrupts are requested by input signals to pins  $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$  to  $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ . These interrupts have the same vector addresses, and are detected individually by either rising edge sensing or falling edge sensing, depending on the settings of bits WKEGS7 to WKEGS0 in WEGR.

When pins  $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$  to  $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$  are designated for interrupt input in PMR5 and the designated signal edge is input, the corresponding bit in IWPR is set to 1, requesting the CPU of an interrupt. These interrupts can be masked by setting bit IENWP in IENR1.

#### IRQ1 and IRQ0 Interrupts

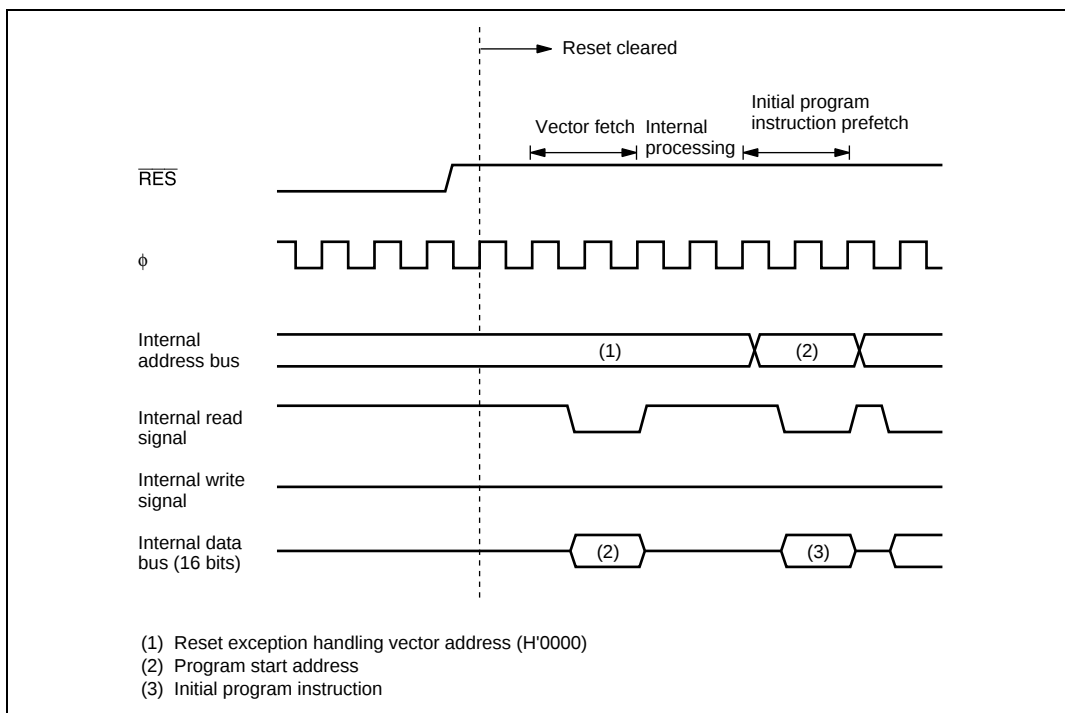
IRQ1 and IRQ0 interrupts are requested by input signals to pins  $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$  and  $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ . These interrupts are given different vector addresses, and are detected individually by either rising edge sensing or falling edge sensing, depending on the settings of bits IEG1 and IEG0 in IEGR.

When pins  $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$  and  $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$  are designated for interrupt input by PMRB and PMR2 and the designated signal edge is input, the corresponding bit in IRR1 is set to 1, requesting the CPU of an interrupt. These interrupts can be masked by setting bits IEN1 and IEN0 in IENR1.

## IRQAEC Interrupt

The IRQAEC interrupt is requested by an input signal to pin IRQAEC. This interrupt is detected by either rising edge sensing or falling edge sensing, depending on the settings of bits AIEGS1 and AIEGS0 in AEGSR.

When bit IENEC2 in IENR1 is designated for interrupt input and the designated signal edge is input, the corresponding bit in IRR1 is set to 1, requesting the CPU of an interrupt.



**Figure 3.1 Reset Sequence**

### 3.4.2 Internal Interrupts

Each on-chip peripheral module has a flag to show the interrupt request status and the enable bit to enable or disable the interrupt. For direct transition interrupt requests generated by execution of a SLEEP instruction, this function is included in IRR1 and IRR2.

When an on-chip peripheral module requests an interrupt, the corresponding interrupt request status flag is set to 1, requesting the CPU of an interrupt. When this interrupt is accepted, the I bit

is set to 1 in CCR. These interrupts can be masked by writing 0 to clear the corresponding enable bit.

### 3.4.3 Interrupt Handling Sequence

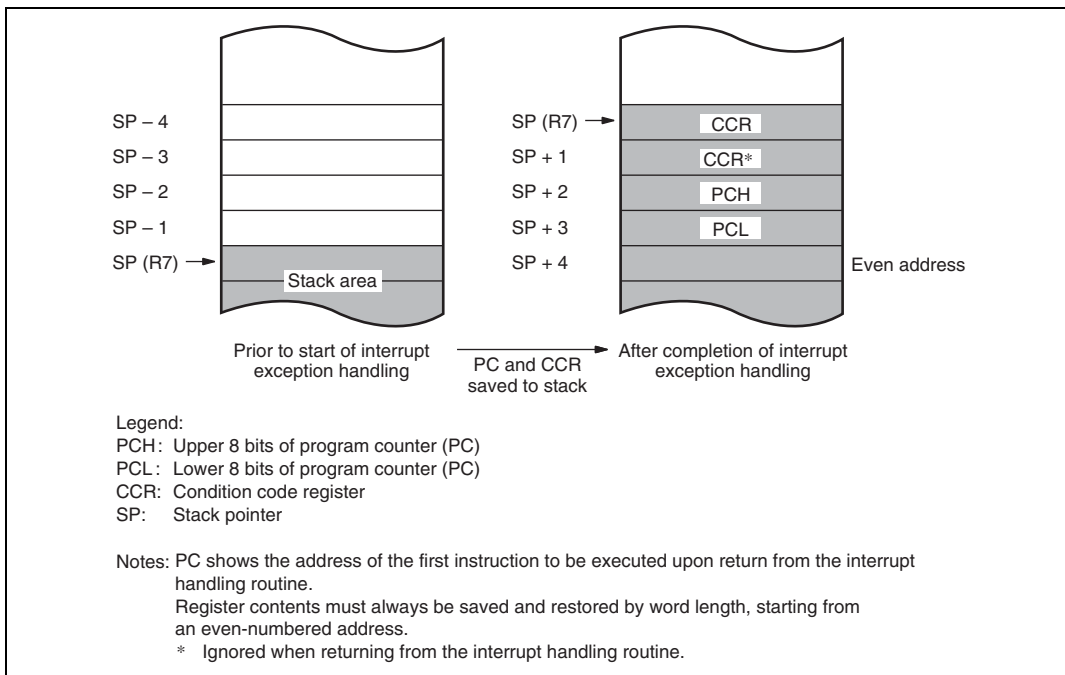
Interrupts are controlled by an interrupt controller.

Interrupt operation is described as follows.

1. If an interrupt occurs while the interrupt enable bit is set to 1, an interrupt request signal is sent to the interrupt controller.
2. When multiple interrupt requests are generated, the interrupt controller requests to the CPU for the interrupt handling with the highest priority at that time according to table 3.1. Other interrupt requests are held pending.
3. Interrupt requests are accepted, if the I bit is cleared to 0 in CCR; if the I bit is set to 1, the interrupt request is held pending.
4. If the CPU accepts the interrupt after processing of the current instruction is completed, interrupt exception handling will begin. First, both PC and CCR are pushed onto the stack. The state of the stack at this time is shown in figure 3.2. The PC value pushed onto the stack is the address of the first instruction to be executed upon return from interrupt handling.
5. Then, the I bit in CCR is set to 1, masking further interrupts. Upon return from interrupt handling, the values of I bit and other bits in CCR will be restored and returned to the values prior to the start of interrupt exception handling.
6. Next, the CPU generates the vector address corresponding to the accepted interrupt, and transfers the address to PC as a start address of the interrupt handling-routine. Then a program starts executing from the address indicated in PC.

Figure 3.3 shows a typical interrupt sequence where the program area is in the on-chip ROM and the stack area is in the on-chip RAM.

- Notes:
1. When disabling interrupts by clearing bits in the interrupt enable register, or when clearing bits in the interrupt request register, always do so while interrupts are masked (I = 1).
  2. If the above clear operations are performed while I = 0, and as a result a conflict arises between the clear instruction and an interrupt request, exception processing for the interrupt will be executed after the clear instruction has been executed.



**Figure 3.2 Stack Status after Exception Handling**

### 3.4.4 Interrupt Response Time

Table 3.2 shows the number of wait states after an interrupt request flag is set until the first instruction of the interrupt handling-routine is executed.

**Table 3.2 Interrupt Wait States**

| Item                                                  | States  | Total    |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Waiting time for completion of executing instruction* | 1 to 13 | 15 to 27 |
| Saving of PC and CCR to stack                         | 4       |          |
| Vector fetch                                          | 2       |          |
| Instruction fetch                                     | 4       |          |
| Internal processing                                   | 4       |          |

Note: \* Not including EEPMOV instruction.

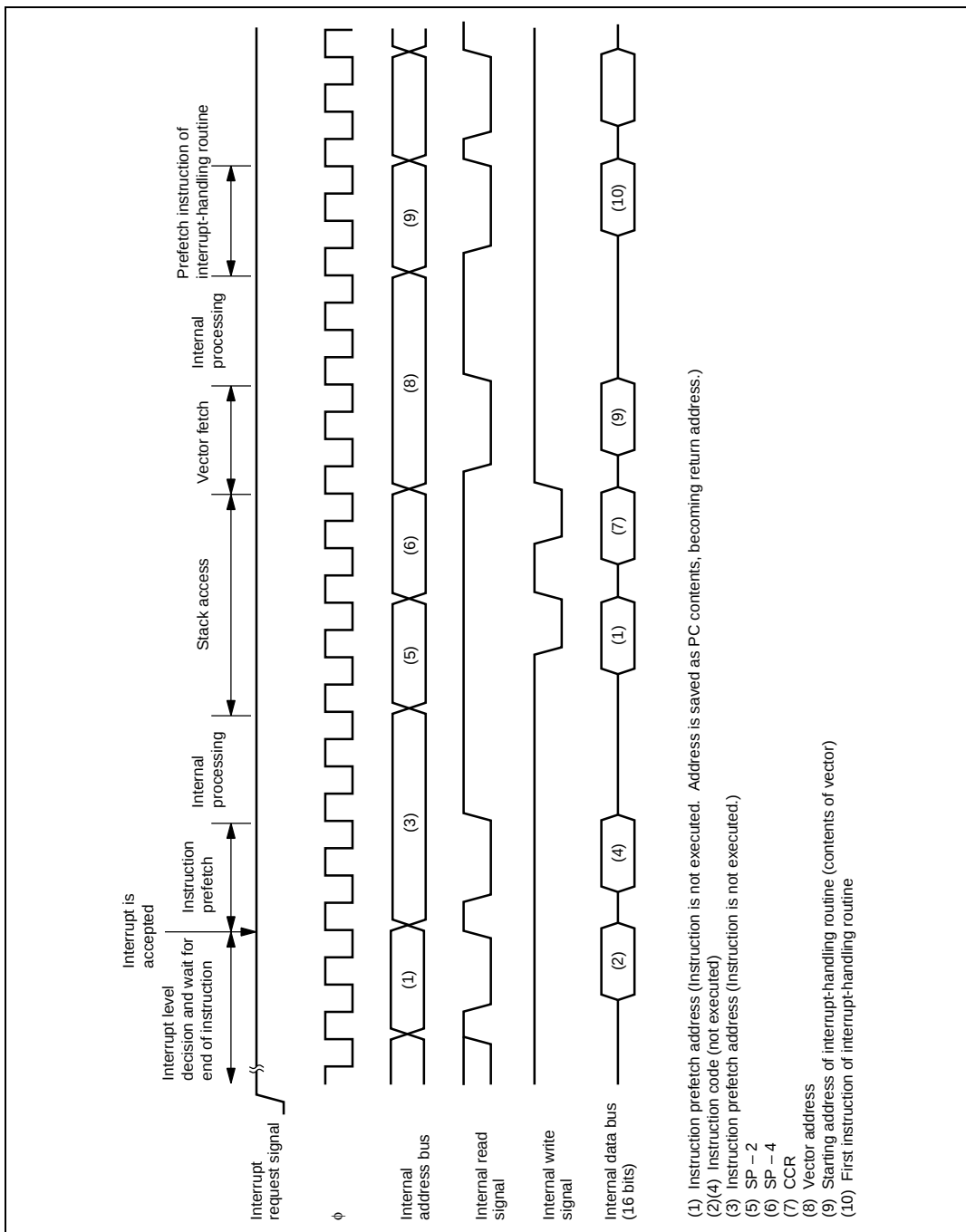


Figure 3.3 Interrupt Sequence

## 3.5 Usage Notes

### 3.5.1 Interrupts after Reset

If an interrupt is accepted after a reset and before the stack pointer (SP) is initialized, the PC and CCR will not be saved correctly, leading to a program crash. To prevent this, all interrupt requests are disabled immediately after a reset. Since the first instruction of a program is always executed immediately after the reset state ends, make sure that this instruction initializes the stack pointer (example: `MOV.W #xx: 16, SP`).

### 3.5.2 Notes on Stack Area Use

When word data is accessed, the least significant bit of the address is regarded as 0. Access to the stack always takes place in word size, so the stack pointer (SP: R7) should never indicate an odd address. Use `PUSH Rn (MOV.W Rn, @-SP)` or `POP Rn (MOV.W @SP+, Rn)` to save or restore register values.

### 3.5.3 Interrupt Request Flag Clearing Method

Use the following recommended method for flag clearing in the interrupt request registers (IRR1, IRR2, and IWPR).

**Recommended Method:** Perform flag clearing with only one instruction. Either a bit manipulation instruction or a data transfer instruction in bytes can be used. Two examples of coding for clearing IRR1 (bit 1 in IRR1) are shown below:

- `BCR #1,@IRR1:8`
- `MOV.B R1L,@IRR1:8` (Set B'11111101 to R1L in advance)

**Malfunction Example:** When flag clearing is performed with several instructions, a flag, other than the intended one, which was set while executing one of those instructions may be accidentally cleared, and thus cause incorrect operations to occur.

An example of coding for clearing IRR1 (bit 1 in IRR1), in which IRR10 is also cleared and the interrupt becomes invalid is shown below.

|                    |                              |                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <code>MOV.B</code> | <code>@IRR1:8,R1L</code>     | At this point, IRR10 is 0. |
| <code>AND.B</code> | <code>#B'11111101,R1L</code> | IRR10 becomes 1 here.      |
| <code>MOV.B</code> | <code>R1L,@IRR1:8</code>     | IRR10 is cleared to 0.     |

In the above example, an IRQ0 interrupt occurs while the AND.B instruction is executed. Since not only the original target IRR11, but also IRR10 is cleared to 0, the IRQ0 interrupt becomes invalid.

### 3.5.4 Notes on Rewriting Port Mode Registers

When a port mode register is rewritten to switch the functions of external interrupt pins, IRQAEC,  $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ , IRQ0, and  $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$  to  $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ , the interrupt request flag may be set to 1.

When switching a pin function, mask the interrupt before setting the bit in the port mode register. After accessing the port mode register, execute at least one instruction (e.g., NOP), then clear the interrupt request flag from 1 to 0.

Table 3.3 lists the interrupt request flags which are set to 1 and the conditions.

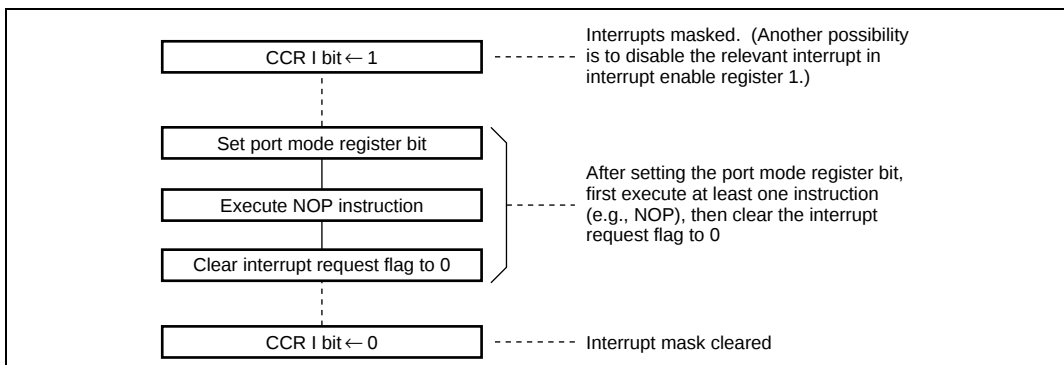
**Table 3.3 Conditions under which Interrupt Request Flag Is Set to 1**

| Interrupt Request Flags Set to 1 |        | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IRR1                             | IRREC2 | When the edge designated by AIEGS1 and AIEGS0 in AEGSR is input while IENEC2 in IENRI is set to 1.                                                                                                                                   |
|                                  | IRRI1  | When IRQ1 bit in PMRB is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ is low and IEG1 bit in IEGR = 0.<br>When IRQ1 bit in PMRB is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ is low and IEG1 bit in IEGR = 1. |
|                                  | IRRI0  | When IRQ0 bit in PMR2 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ is low and IEG0 bit in IEGR = 0.<br>When IRQ0 bit in PMR2 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ is low and IEG0 bit in IEGR = 1. |

**Interrupt Request Flags****Set to 1****Conditions**

|      |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IWPR | IWPF7 | When PMR5 bit WKP7 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS7 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP7 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS7 = 1. |
|      | IWPF6 | When PMR5 bit WKP6 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP6}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS6 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP6 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP6}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS6 = 1. |
|      | IWPF5 | When PMR5 bit WKP5 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP5}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS5 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP5 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP5}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS5 = 1. |
|      | IWPF4 | When PMR5 bit WKP4 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP4}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS4 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP4 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP4}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS4 = 1. |
|      | IWPF3 | When PMR5 bit WKP3 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP3}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS3 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP3 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP3}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS3 = 1. |
|      | IWPF2 | When PMR5 bit WKP2 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP2}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS2 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP2 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP2}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS2 = 1. |
|      | IWPF1 | When PMR5 bit WKP1 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP1}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS1 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP1 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP1}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS1 = 1. |
|      | IWPF0 | When PMR5 bit WKP0 is changed from 0 to 1 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS0 = 0.<br>When PMR5 bit WKP0 is changed from 1 to 0 while pin $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ is low and WEGR bit WKEGS0 = 1. |

Figure 3.4 shows a port mode register setting and interrupt request flag clearing procedure.



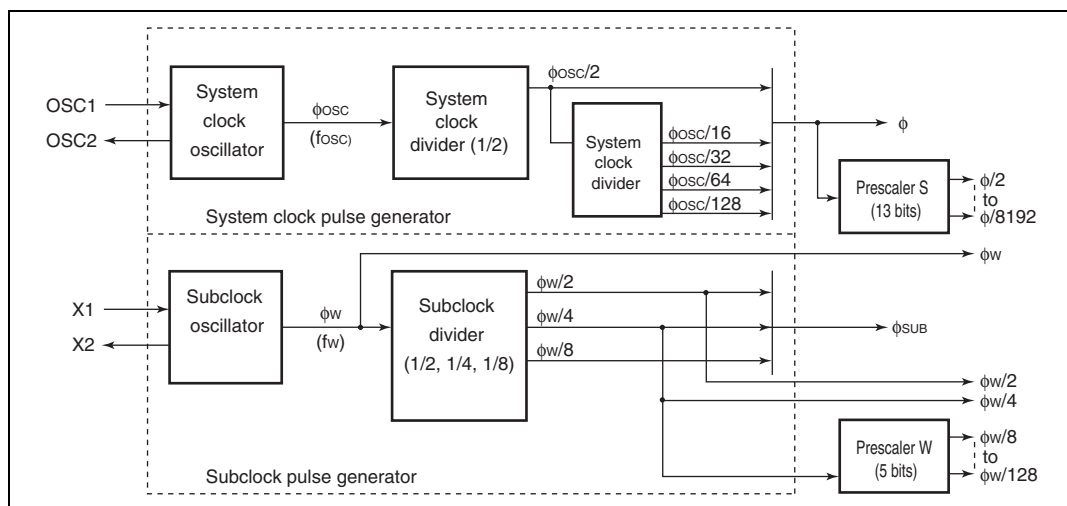
**Figure 3.4 Port Mode Register Setting and Interrupt Request Flag Clearing Procedure**

## Section 4 Clock Pulse Generators

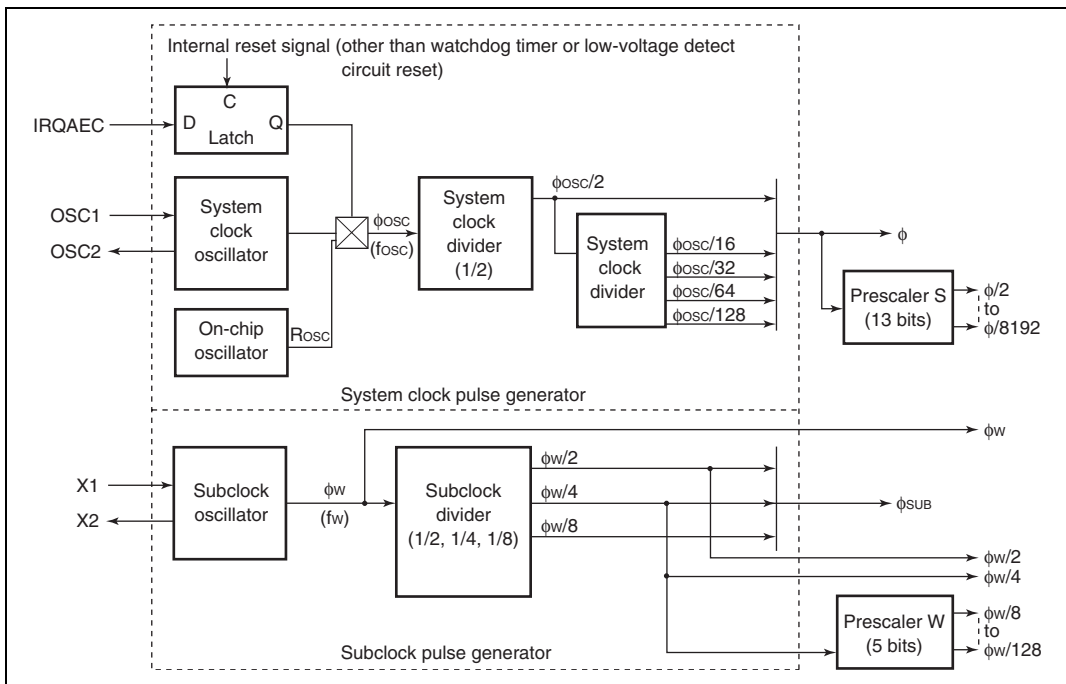
### 4.1 Features

Clock oscillator circuitry (CPG: clock pulse generator) is provided on-chip, including both a system clock pulse generator and a subclock pulse generator. In the H8/38104 Group, the system clock pulse generator includes an on-chip oscillator. The system clock pulse generator consists of a system clock oscillator and system clock dividers. The subclock pulse generator consists of a subclock oscillator and a subclock divider.

Figure 4.1 shows a block diagram of the clock pulse generators of the H8/3802, H8/38004 and H8/38002S Group. Figure 4.2 shows a block diagram of the clock pulse generators of the H8/38104 Group.



**Figure 4.1 Block Diagram of Clock Pulse Generators  
(H8/3802, H8/38004, H8/38002S Group)**



**Figure 4.2 Block Diagram of Clock Pulse Generators (H8/38104 Group)**

The basic clock signals that drive the CPU and on-chip peripheral modules are  $\phi$  and  $\phi_{SUB}$ . The system clock is divided by prescaler S to become a clock signal from  $\phi/8192$  to  $\phi/2$ , and the subclock is divided by prescaler W to become a clock signal from  $\phi_w/128$  to  $\phi_w/8$ . Both the system clock and subclock signals are provided to the on-chip peripheral modules.

## 4.2 Register Description

### Oscillator Control Register (OSCCR) (H8/38104 Group Only)

OSCCR contains a flag indicating the selection status of the system clock oscillator and on-chip oscillator, indicates the input level of the IRQAEC pin during resets, and controls whether the subclock oscillator operates or not.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | SUBSTP   | 0             | R/W | Subclock oscillator stop control<br>0: Subclock oscillator operates<br>1: Subclock oscillator stopped<br>Note: Bit 7 can be set to 1 only in the active mode (high-speed/medium-speed). Setting bit 7 to 1 in the subactive mode will cause the LSI to stop operating. |
| 6      | —        | 0             | R   | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 5 to 3 | —        | All 0         | R/W | Reserved<br>These bits are read/write enabled reserved bits.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2      | IRQAECF  | —             | R   | IRQAEC flag<br>This bit indicates the IRQAEC pin input level set during resets.<br>0: IRQAEC pin set to GND during resets<br>1: IRQAEC pin set to $V_{cc}$ during resets                                                                                               |
| 1      | OSCF     | —             | R   | OSC flag<br>This bit indicates the oscillator operating with the system clock pulse generator.<br>0: System clock oscillator operating (on-chip oscillator stopped)<br>1: On-chip oscillator operating (system clock oscillator stopped)                               |
| 0      | —        | 0             | R/W | Reserved<br>Never write 1 to this bit, as it can cause the LSI to malfunction.                                                                                                                                                                                         |

### 4.3 System Clock Generator

Clock pulses can be supplied to the system clock divider either by connecting a crystal or ceramic resonator, or by providing external clock input. Figure 4.3 shows a block diagram of the system clock generator.

As shown in figure 4.2, the H8/38104 Group supports selection between a system clock oscillator and an on-chip oscillator. See section 4.3.4, on-chip oscillator selection method, for information on selecting the on-chip oscillator.

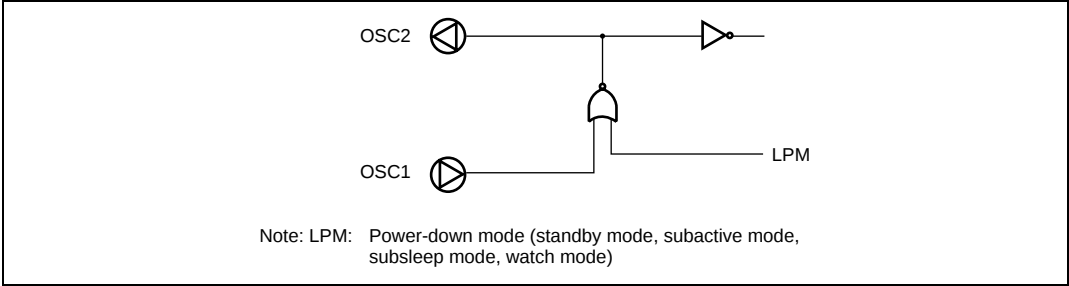


Figure 4.3 Block Diagram of System Clock Generator

#### 4.3.1 Connecting Crystal Resonator

Figure 4.4(1) shows a typical method of connecting a crystal oscillator to the H8/3802 Group, and figure 4.4(2) shows a typical method of connecting a crystal oscillator to the H8/38004, H8/38104 and H8/38002S Group. Figure 4.5 shows the equivalent circuit of a crystal resonator. A resonator having the characteristics given in table 4.1 should be used.

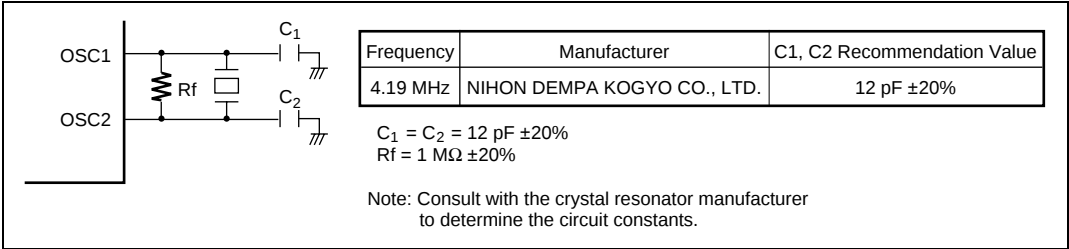
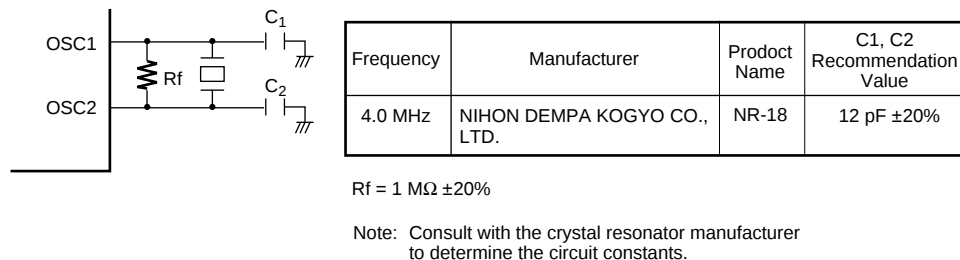
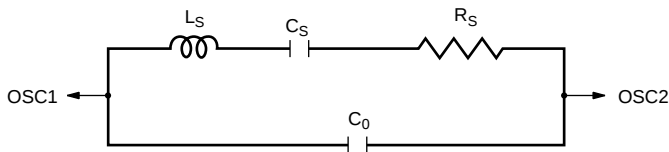


Figure 4.4(1) Typical Connection to Crystal Resonator (H8/3802 Group)



**Figure 4.4(2) Typical Connection to Crystal Resonator (H8/38004, H8/38002S, H8/38104 Group)**



**Figure 4.5 Equivalent Circuit of Crystal Resonator**

**Table 4.1 Crystal Resonator Parameters**

|                 |              |       |
|-----------------|--------------|-------|
| Frequency (MHz) | 4.10         | 4.193 |
| $R_s$ (max)     | 100 $\Omega$ |       |
| $C_0$ (max)     | 7 pF         |       |

4.3.2 Connecting Ceramic Resonator

Figure 4.6(1) shows a typical method of connecting a ceramic oscillator to the H8/3802 Group, and figure 4.6(2) shows a typical method of connecting a crystal oscillator to the H8/38004, H8/38002S and H8/38104 Group.

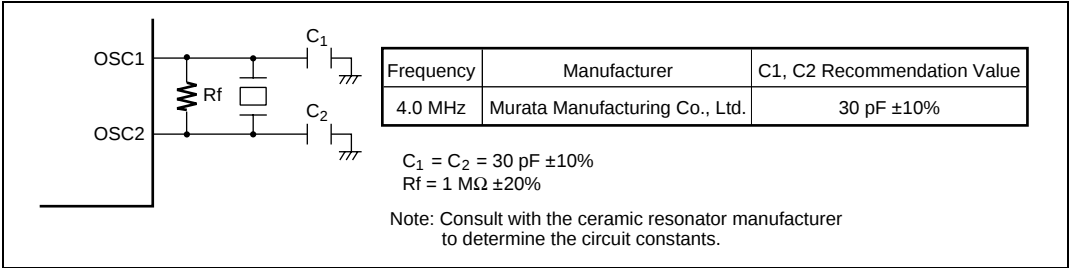


Figure 4.6(1) Typical Connection to Ceramic Resonator (H8/3802 Group)

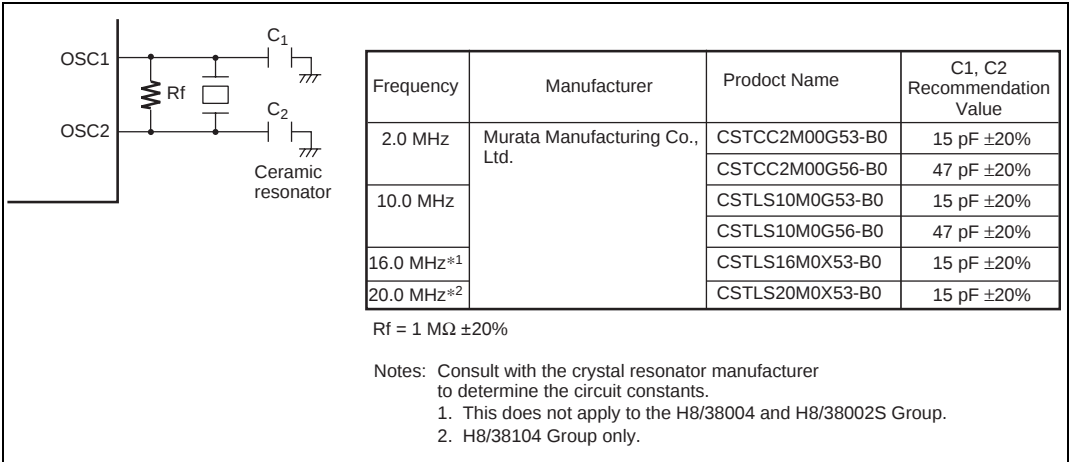
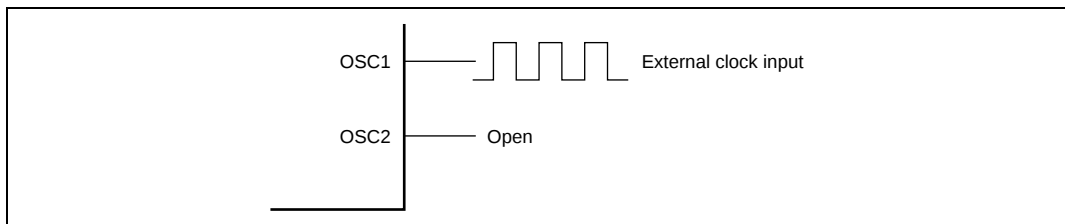


Figure 4.6(2) Typical Connection to Ceramic Resonator (H8/38004, H8/38002S, H8/38104 Group)

### 4.3.3 External Clock Input Method

Connect an external clock signal to pin OSC1, and leave pin OSC2 open. Figure 4.7 shows a typical connection. The duty cycle of the external clock signal must be 45 to 55%.



**Figure 4.7 Example of External Clock Input**

### 4.3.4 On-Chip Oscillator Selection Method (H8/38104 Group Only)

The on-chip oscillator is selected by setting the IRQAEC pin input level during resets\*. The IRQAEC pin input level set during resets must be fixed at  $V_{CC}$  or GND, based on the oscillator to be selected. It is not necessary to connect an oscillator to pins OSC1 and OSC2 if the on-chip oscillator is selected. In this case, pin OSC1 should be fixed at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

Notes: The system clock oscillator must be selected in order to program or erase flash memory as part of operations such as on-board programming. Also, when using the on-chip emulator, an oscillator should be connected, or an external clock input, even if the on-chip oscillator is selected.

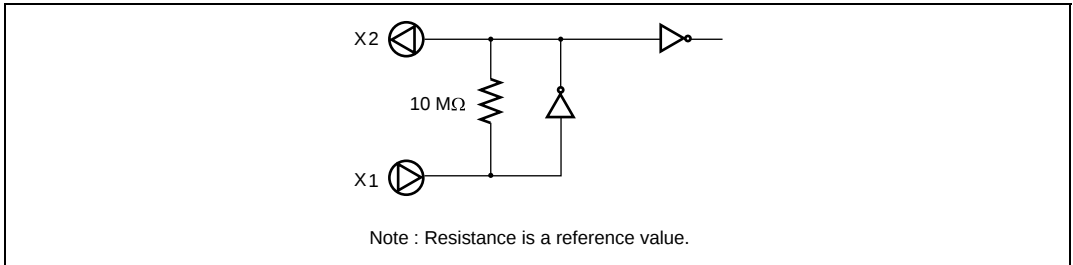
\* Other than watchdog timer or low-voltage detect circuit reset.

**Table 4.2 System Clock Oscillator and On-Chip Oscillator Selection Methods**

| IRQAEC pin input level (during resets) | 0        | 1        |
|----------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| <b>System clock oscillator</b>         | Enabled  | Disabled |
| <b>On-chip oscillator</b>              | Disabled | Enabled  |

## 4.4 Subclock Generator

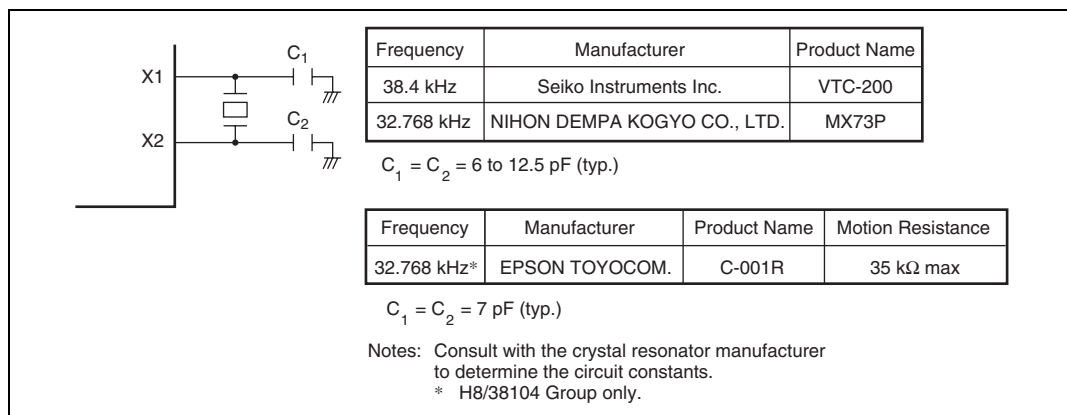
Figure 4.8 shows a block diagram of the subclock generator. Note that on the H8/38104 Group the subclock oscillator can be disabled by programs by setting the SUBSTP bit in the OSCCR register. The register setting to disable the subclock oscillator should be made in the active mode. When restoring operation of the subclock oscillator after it has been disabled using the OSCCR register, it is necessary to wait for the oscillation stabilization time (typ = 8s) to elapse before using the subclock.



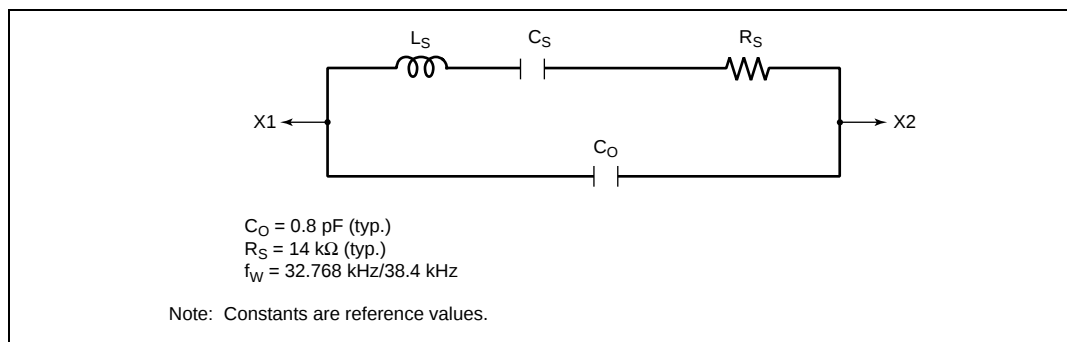
**Figure 4.8 Block Diagram of Subclock Generator**

#### 4.4.1 Connecting 32.768-kHz/38.4-kHz Crystal Resonator

Clock pulses can be supplied to the subclock divider by connecting a 32.768-kHz or 38.4-kHz crystal resonator, as shown in figure 4.9. Figure 4.10 shows the equivalent circuit of the 32.768-kHz or 38.4-kHz crystal resonator. Note that only operation at 32.768 kHz is guaranteed on the H8/38104 Group.



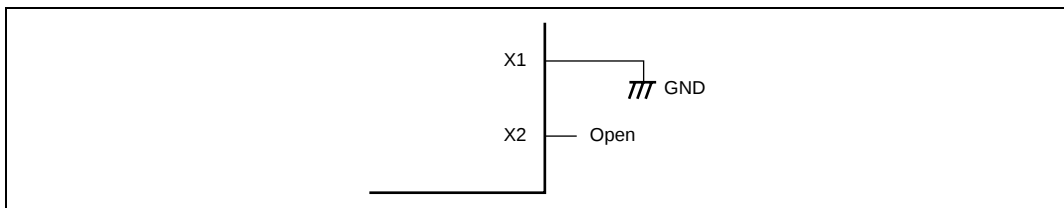
**Figure 4.9 Typical Connection to 32.768-kHz/38.4-kHz Crystal Resonator**



**Figure 4.10 Equivalent Circuit of 32.768-kHz/38.4-kHz Crystal Resonator**

#### 4.4.2 Pin Connection when Not Using Subclock

When the subclock is not used, connect pin X1 to GND and leave pin X2 open, as shown in figure 4.11.

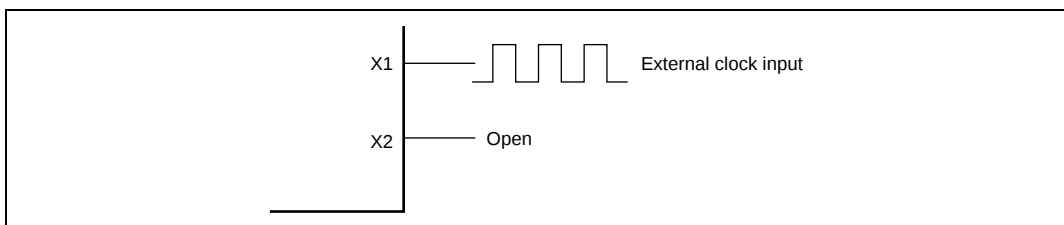


**Figure 4.11 Pin Connection when Not Using Subclock**

#### 4.4.3 External Clock Input

Connect the external clock to pin X1 and leave pin X2 open, as shown in figure 4.12.

Note that input of an external clock is not supported on the H8/38104 Group.



**Figure 4.12 Pin Connection when Inputting External Clock**

| Frequency | Subclock ( $\phi_w$ ) |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| Duty      | 45% to 55%            |

## 4.5 Prescalers

### 4.5.1 Prescaler S

Prescaler S is a 13-bit counter using the system clock ( $\phi$ ) as its input clock. It is incremented once per clock period. Prescaler S is initialized to H'0000 by a reset, and starts counting on exit from the reset state. In standby mode, watch mode, subactive mode, and subsleep mode, the system clock pulse generator stops. Prescaler S also stops and is initialized to H'0000. The CPU cannot read or write prescaler S. The output from prescaler S is shared by the on-chip peripheral modules. The division ratio can be set separately for each on-chip peripheral function. In active (medium-speed) mode and sleep mode, the clock input to prescaler S is determined by the division ratio designated by the MA1 and MA0 bits in SYSCR2.

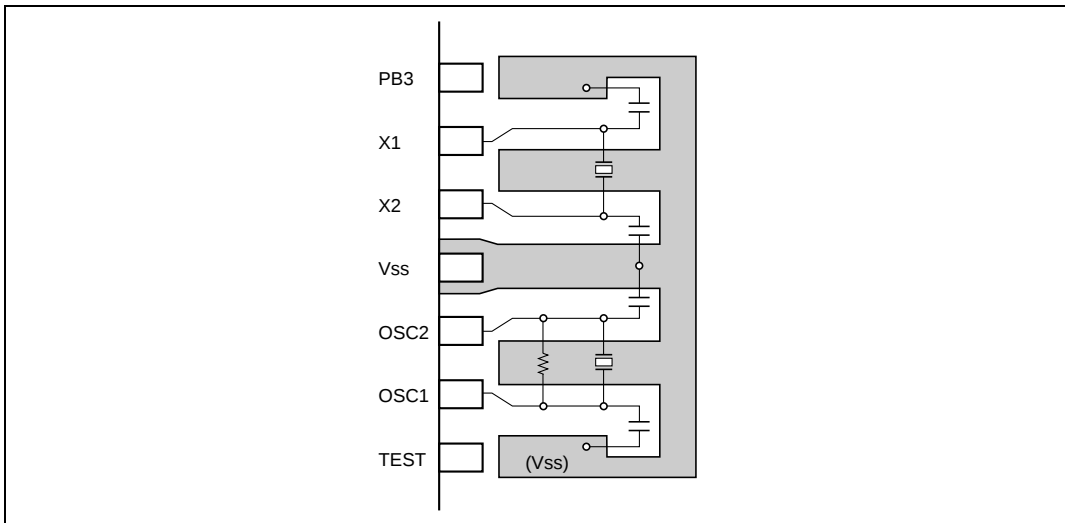
### 4.5.2 Prescaler W

Prescaler W is a 5-bit counter using a 32.768 kHz or 38.4 kHz signal divided by 4 ( $\phi_w/4$ ) as its input clock. The divided output is used for clock time base operation of timer A. Prescaler W is initialized to H'00 by a reset, and starts counting on exit from the reset state. Even in standby mode, watch mode, subactive mode, or subsleep mode, prescaler W continues functioning. Prescaler W can be reset by setting 1s in bits TMA3 and TMA2 in TMA.

## 4.6 Usage Notes

### 4.6.1 Note on Resonators

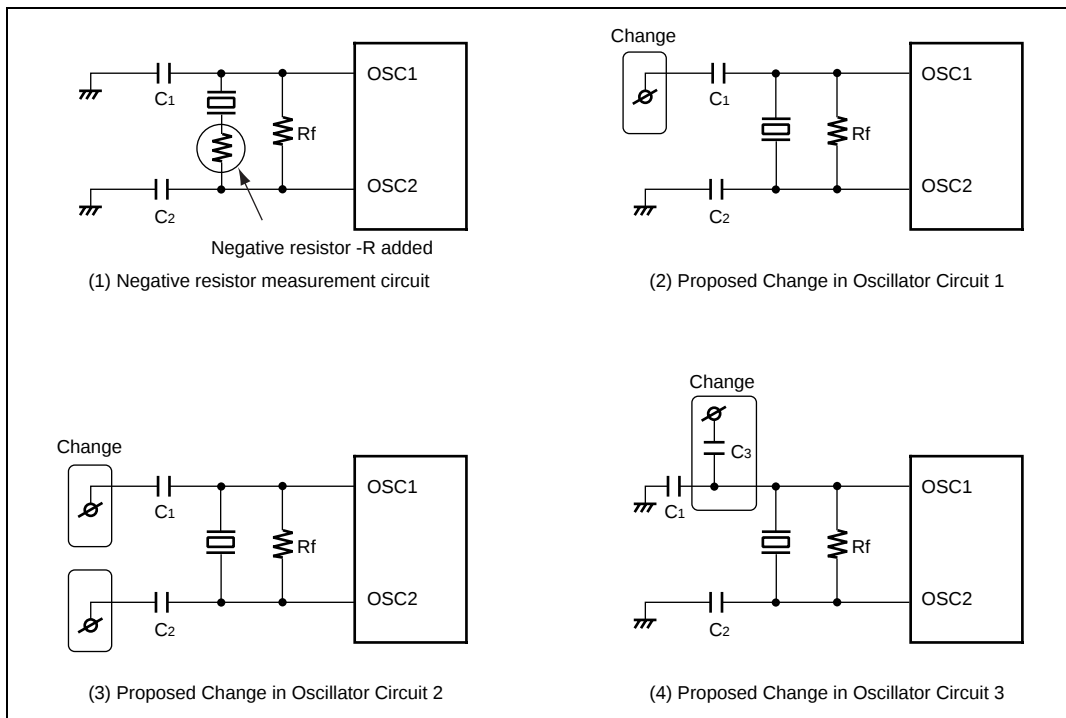
Resonator characteristics are closely related to board design and should be carefully evaluated by the user, referring to the examples shown in this section. Resonator circuit constants will differ depending on the resonator element, stray capacitance in its interconnecting circuit, and other factors. Suitable constants should be determined in consultation with the resonator manufacturer. Design the circuit so that the resonator never receives voltages exceeding its maximum rating.



**Figure 4.13 Example of Crystal and Ceramic Resonator Arrangement**

Figure 4.14 (1) shows an example of the measurement circuit for the negative resistor which is recommended by the resonator manufacturer. Note that if the negative resistor in this circuit does not reach the level which is recommended by the resonator manufacturer, the main oscillator may be hard to start oscillation.

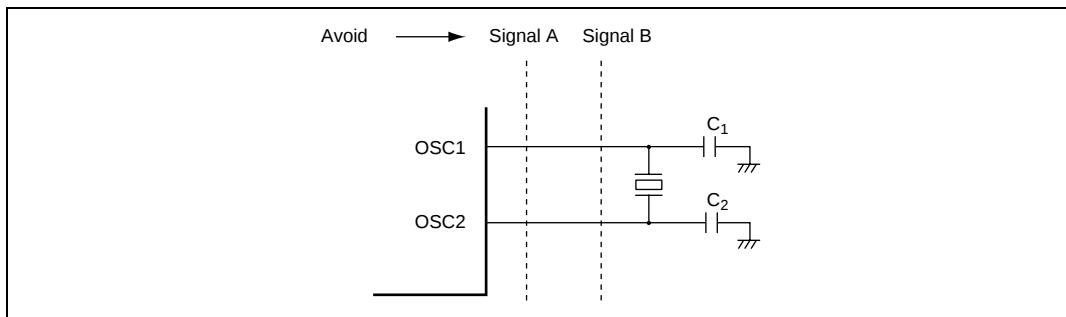
If the negative resistor does not reach the level which is recommended by the resonator manufacturer and oscillation is not started, changes as shown in figure 4.14 (2) to (4) should be made. The proposed change and capacitor size to be applied should be determined according to the evaluation result of the negative resistor and frequency deviation, etc.



**Figure 4.14 Negative Resistor Measurement and Proposed Changes in Circuit**

#### 4.6.2 Notes on Board Design

When using a crystal resonator (ceramic resonator), place the resonator and its load capacitors as close as possible to the OSC1 and OSC2 pins. Other signal lines should be routed away from the resonator circuit to prevent induction from interfering with correct oscillation (see figure 4.15).



**Figure 4.15 Example of Incorrect Board Design**

### 4.6.3 Definition of Oscillation Stabilization Standby Time

Figure 4.16 shows the oscillation waveform (OSC2), system clock ( $\phi$ ), and microcomputer operating mode when a transition is made from standby mode, watch mode, or subactive mode, to active (high-speed/medium-speed) mode, with a resonator connected to the system clock oscillator.

As shown in figure 4.16, as the system clock oscillator is halted in standby mode, watch mode, and subactive mode, when a transition is made to active (high-speed/medium-speed) mode, the sum of the following two times (oscillation stabilization time and standby time) is required.

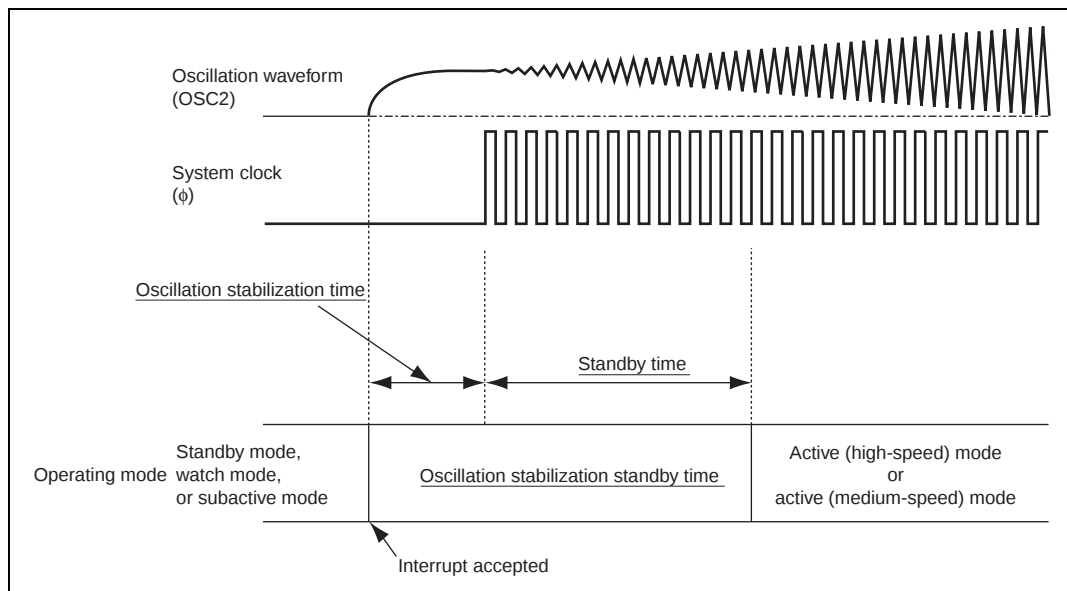
#### 1. Oscillation stabilization time ( $t_{cs}$ )

The time from the point at which the oscillation waveform of the system clock oscillator starts to change when an interrupt is generated, until the amplitude of the oscillation waveform increases and the oscillation frequency stabilizes.

#### 2. Standby time

The time required for the CPU and peripheral functions to begin operating after the oscillation waveform frequency and system clock have stabilized.

The standby time setting is selected with standby timer select bits 2 to 0 (STS2 to STS0) (bits 6 to 4 in the system control register 1 (SYSCR1)).



**Figure 4.16 Oscillation Stabilization Standby Time**

When standby mode, watch mode, or subactive mode is cleared by an interrupt or reset, and a transition is made to active (high-speed/medium-speed) mode, the oscillation waveform begins to change at the point at which the interrupt is accepted. Therefore, when a resonator is connected in standby mode, watch mode, or subactive mode, since the system clock oscillator is halted, the time from the point at which this oscillation waveform starts to change until the amplitude of the oscillation waveform increases and the oscillation frequency stabilizes—that is, the oscillation stabilization time—is required.

The oscillation stabilization time in the case of these state transitions is the same as the oscillation stabilization time at power-on (the time from the point at which the power supply voltage reaches the prescribed level until the oscillation stabilizes), specified by "oscillation stabilization time  $t_{tc}$ " in the AC characteristics.

Meanwhile, once the system clock has halted, a standby time is necessary in order for the CPU and peripheral functions to operate normally.

Thus, the time required from interrupt generation until operation of the CPU and peripheral functions is the sum of the above described oscillation stabilization time and standby time. This total time is called the oscillation stabilization standby time, and is expressed by equation (1) below.

Oscillation stabilization standby time = oscillation stabilization time + standby time

$$= t_{rc} + (8 \text{ to } 16,384 \text{ states}) *^1 \dots\dots\dots (1) \\ (\text{to } 131,072 \text{ states}) *^2$$

- Notes: 1. H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 and H8/38002S Group  
2. H8/38104 Group

Therefore, when a transition is made from standby mode, watch mode, or subactive mode, to active (high-speed/medium-speed) mode, with a resonator connected to the system clock oscillator, careful evaluation must be carried out on the installation circuit before deciding on the oscillation stabilization standby time. In particular, since the oscillation settling time is affected by installation circuit constants, stray capacitance, and so forth, suitable constants should be determined in consultation with the resonator manufacturer.

#### 4.6.4 Notes on Use of Resonator

When a microcomputer operates, the internal power supply potential fluctuates slightly in synchronization with the system clock. Depending on the individual resonator characteristics, the oscillation waveform amplitude may not be sufficiently large immediately after the oscillation stabilization standby time, making the oscillation waveform susceptible to influence by fluctuations in the power supply potential. In this state, the oscillation waveform may be disrupted, leading to an unstable system clock and erroneous operation of the microcomputer.

If erroneous operation occurs, change the setting of standby timer select bits 2 to 0 (STS2 to STS0) (bits 6 to 4 in system control register 1 (SYSCR1)) to give a longer standby time.

For example, if erroneous operation occurs with a standby time setting of 16 states, check the operation with a standby time setting of 1,024\* states or more.

If the same kind of erroneous operation occurs after a reset as after a state transition, hold the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin low for a longer period.

Note: \* This figure applies to the H8/3802, H8/38004 and H8/38002S Groups. The number of states on the H8/38104 Group is 8,192 or more.

#### 4.6.5 Notes on H8/38104 Group

When using the on-chip emulator, system clock precision is necessary for programming or erasing the flash memory. However, the on-chip oscillator frequency can vary due to changes in conditions such as voltage or temperature. Consequently, when using the on-chip emulator, pins OSC1 and OSC2 should be connected to an oscillator, or an external clock should be supplied, if the on-chip oscillator is selected. In this case, the LSI uses the on-chip oscillator when user programs are being executed and the system clock oscillator when programming or erasing flash memory. The process is controlled by the on-chip emulator.



## Section 5 Power-Down Modes

This LSI has eight modes of operation after a reset. These include a normal active (high-speed) mode and seven power-down modes, in which power consumption is significantly reduced. The module standby function reduces power consumption by selectively halting on-chip module functions.

- Active (medium-speed) mode  
The CPU and all on-chip peripheral modules are operable on the system clock. The system clock frequency can be selected from  $\phi_{osc}/16$ ,  $\phi_{osc}/32$ ,  $\phi_{osc}/64$ , and  $\phi_{osc}/128$ .
- Subactive mode  
The CPU and all on-chip peripheral modules are operable on the subclock. The subclock frequency can be selected from  $\phi_w/2$ ,  $\phi_w/4$ , and  $\phi_w/8$ .
- Sleep (high-speed) mode  
The CPU halts. On-chip peripheral modules are operable on the system clock.
- Sleep (medium-speed) mode  
The CPU halts. On-chip peripheral modules are operable on the system clock. The system clock frequency can be selected from  $\phi_{osc}/16$ ,  $\phi_{osc}/32$ ,  $\phi_{osc}/64$ , and  $\phi_{osc}/128$ .
- Subsleep mode  
The CPU halts. The timer A, timer F, SCI3, AEC, and LCD controller/driver are operable on the subclock. The subclock frequency can be selected from  $\phi_w/2$ ,  $\phi_w/4$ , and  $\phi_w/8$ .
- Watch mode  
The CPU halts. Timer A's timekeeping function, timer F, AEC, and LCD controller/driver are operable on the subclock.
- Standby mode  
The CPU and all on-chip peripheral modules halt.
- Module standby function  
Independent of the above modes, power consumption can be reduced by halting on-chip peripheral modules that are not used in module units.

**Note:** In this manual, active (high-speed) mode and active (medium-speed) mode are collectively called active mode.

## 5.1 Register Descriptions

The registers related to power-down modes are as follows.

- System control register 1 (SYSCR1)
- System control register 2 (SYSCR2)
- Clock halt registers 1 and 2 (CKSTPR1 and CKSTPR2)

### 5.1.1 System Control Register 1 (SYSCR1)

SYSCR1 controls the power-down modes, as well as SYSCR2.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | SSBY     | 0             | R/W | <p>Software Standby</p> <p>Selects the mode to transit after the execution of the SLEEP instruction.</p> <p>0: A transition is made to sleep mode or subsleep mode.<br/>1: A transition is made to standby mode or watch mode.</p> <p>For details, see table 5.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 6   | STS2     | 0             | R/W | Standby Timer Select 2 to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 5   | STS1     | 0             | R/W | <p>Designate the time the CPU and peripheral modules wait for stable clock operation after exiting from standby mode, subactive mode, subsleep mode, or watch mode to active mode or sleep mode due to an interrupt. The designation should be made according to the operating frequency so that the waiting time is at least equal to the oscillation stabilization time. The relationship between the specified value and the number of wait states is shown in tables 5.1(1) and 5.1(2).</p> <p>When an external clock is to be used, the minimum value (STS2 = 1, STS1 = 0, STS0 = 1) is recommended. 8,192 states (STS2 = STS1 = STS0 = 0) is recommended if the on-chip oscillator is used on the H8/38104 Group. If the setting other than the recommended value is made, operation may start before the end of the waiting time.</p> |
| 4   | STS0     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 3   | LSON     | 0             | R/W | <p>Selects the system clock (<math>\phi</math>) or subclock (<math>\phi_{\text{SUB}}</math>) as the CPU operating clock when watch mode is cleared.</p> <p>0: The CPU operates on the system clock (<math>\phi</math>)<br/>1: The CPU operates on the subclock (<math>\phi_{\text{SUB}}</math>)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2   | —        | 1             | —   | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1   | MA1      | 1             | R/W | Active Mode Clock Select 1 and 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0   | MA0      | 1             | R/W | Select $\phi_{osc}/16$ , $\phi_{osc}/32$ , $\phi_{osc}/64$ , or $\phi_{osc}/128$ as the operating clock in active (medium-speed) mode and sleep (medium-speed) mode. The MA1 and MA0 bits should be written to in active (high-speed) mode or subactive mode.<br>00: $\phi_{osc}/16$<br>01: $\phi_{osc}/32$<br>10: $\phi_{osc}/64$<br>11: $\phi_{osc}/128$ |

**Table 5.1(1) Operating Frequency and Waiting Time (H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group)**

| Bit  |      |      | Waiting Time                    | Operating Frequency |       |
|------|------|------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| STS2 | STS1 | STS0 |                                 | 5 MHz               | 2 MHz |
| 0    | 0    | 0    | 8,192 states                    | 1.638               | 4.1   |
|      |      | 1    | 16,384 states                   | 3.277               | 8.2   |
|      | 1    | 0    | 1,024 states                    | 0.205               | 0.512 |
|      |      | 1    | 2,048 states                    | 0.410               | 1.024 |
| 1    | 0    | 0    | 4,096 states                    | 0.819               | 2.048 |
|      |      | 1    | 2 states (external clock input) | 0.0004              | 0.001 |
|      | 1    | 0    | 8 states                        | 0.002               | 0.004 |
|      |      | 1    | 16 states                       | 0.003               | 0.008 |

**Table 5.1(2) Operating Frequency and Waiting Time (H8/38104 Group)**

| Bit  |      |      | Waiting Time                    | Operating Frequency |       |
|------|------|------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| STS2 | STS1 | STS0 |                                 | 5 MHz               | 2 MHz |
| 0    | 0    | 0    | 8,192 states                    | 1.638               | 4.1   |
|      |      | 1    | 16,384 states                   | 3.277               | 8.2   |
|      | 1    | 0    | 32,768 states                   | 6.554               | 16.4  |
|      |      | 1    | 65,536 states                   | 13.108              | 32.8  |
| 1    | 0    | 0    | 131,072 states                  | 26.216              | 65.5  |
|      |      | 1    | 2 states (external clock input) | 0.0004              | 0.001 |
|      | 1    | 0    | 8 states                        | 0.002               | 0.004 |
|      |      | 1    | 16 states                       | 0.003               | 0.008 |

Note: The time unit is ms.

If external clock input is used, STS2 to STS0 should be set to the external clock input mode before the mode transition is executed. In addition, STS2 to STS0 should not be set to the external clock input mode if external clock input is not used. When the on-chip clock oscillator is used on the H8/38104 Group, a setting of 8,192 states (STS2 = STS1 = STS0 = 0) is recommended.

### 5.1.2 System Control Register 2 (SYSCR2)

SYSCR2 controls the power-down modes, as well as SYSCR1.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 5 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4      | NESEL    | 1             | R/W | Noise Elimination Sampling Frequency Select<br>Selects the frequency at which the watch clock signal ( $\phi_w$ ) generated by the subclock pulse generator is sampled, in relation to the oscillator clock ( $\phi_{osc}$ ) generated by the system clock pulse generator. When $\phi_{osc} = 2$ to 16 MHz, clear this bit to 0.<br>0: Sampling rate is $\phi_{osc}/16$ .<br>1: Sampling rate is $\phi_{osc}/4$ . |
| 3      | DTON     | 0             | R/W | Direct Transfer on Flag<br>Selects the mode to which the transition is made after the SLEEP instruction is executed with bits SSBY and LSON in SYSCR1, bit MSON in SYSCR2, and bit TMA3 in TMA.<br>For details, see table 5.2.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2      | MSON     | 0             | R/W | Medium Speed on Flag<br>After standby, watch, or sleep mode is cleared, this bit selects active (high-speed) or active (medium-speed) mode.<br>0: Operation in active (high-speed) mode<br>1: Operation in active (medium-speed) mode                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 1      | SA1      | 0             | R/W | Subactive Mode Clock Select 1 and 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 0      | SA0      | 0             | R/W | Select the operating clock frequency in subactive and subsleep modes. The operating clock frequency changes to the set frequency after the SLEEP instruction is executed.<br>00: $\phi_w/8$<br>01: $\phi_w/4$<br>1X: $\phi_w/2$                                                                                                                                                                                    |

Legend: X: Don't care.

### 5.1.3 Clock Halt Registers 1 and 2 (CKSTPR1 and CKSTPR2)

CKSTPR1 and CKSTPR2 allow the on-chip peripheral modules to enter a standby state in module units.

- CKSTPR1

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                        |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7, 6 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved                                                                                           |
| 5    | S32CKSTP | 1             | R/W | SCI Module Standby<br>SCI3 enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0. <sup>*1</sup>        |
| 4    | ADCKSTP  | 1             | R/W | A/D Converter Module Standby<br>A/D converter enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0.   |
| 3    | —        | 1             | —   | Reserved                                                                                           |
| 2    | TFCKSTP  | 1             | R/W | Timer F Module Standby<br>Timer F enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0.               |
| 1    | —        | 1             | —   | Reserved                                                                                           |
| 0    | TACKSTP  | 1             | R/W | Timer A Module Standby <sup>*2</sup><br>Timer A enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0. |

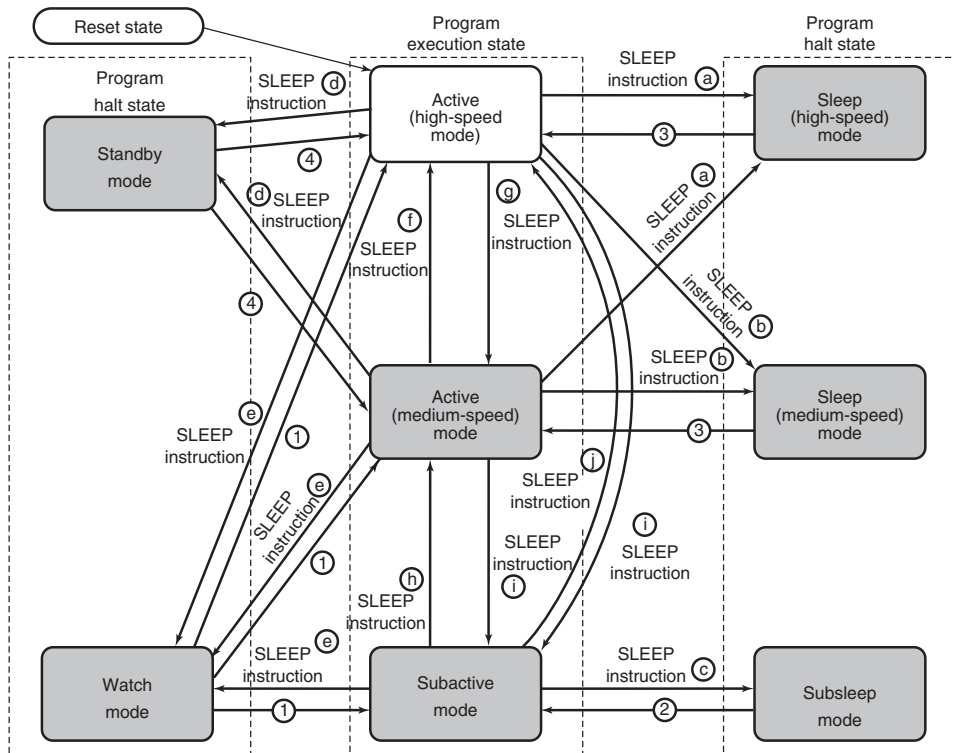
- CKSTPR2

| Bit  | Bit Name  | Initial Value | R/W               | Description                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7    | LVDCCKSTP | 1             | R/W               | LVD module standby<br>The LVD module enters standby status when this bit is cleared to 0.<br>Note: On products other than the H8/38104 Group, this bit is reserved like bits 6 and 5. |
| 6, 5 | —         | All 1         | —                 | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4    | PW2CKSTP  | 1             | R/W <sup>*3</sup> | PWM2 Module Standby<br>PWM2 enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0.                                                                                                        |
| 3    | AECKSTP   | 1             | R/W               | Asynchronous Event Counter Module Standby<br>Asynchronous event counter enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0                                                             |
| 2    | WDCKSTP   | 1             | R/W <sup>*4</sup> | Watchdog Timer Module Standby<br>Watchdog timer enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0                                                                                     |
| 1    | PW1CKSTP  | 1             | R/W               | PWM1 Module Standby<br>PWM1 enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0                                                                                                         |
| 0    | LDCKSTP   | 1             | R/W               | LCD Module Standby<br>LCD controller/driver enters standby mode when this bit is cleared to 0                                                                                         |

- Notes:
1. When the SCI module standby is set, all registers in the SCI3 enter the reset state.
  2. When the timer A module standby is set, the TMA3 bit in TMA cannot be rewritten. When the TMA3 bit is rewritten, the TACKSTP bit in CKSTPR1 should be set to 1 in advance.
  3. This bit cannot be read or written in the H8/3802 Group.
  4. This bit cannot be read or written in the H8/3802 Group. This bit is valid when the WDON bit in TCSRW is 0. If this bit is cleared to 0 while the WDON bit is set to 1 (while the watchdog timer is operating), this bit is cleared to 0. However, the watchdog timer does not enter module standby mode and continues operating. When the watchdog timer stops operating and the WDON bit is cleared to 0 by software, this bit is valid and the watchdog timer enters module standby mode.

## 5.2 Mode Transitions and States of LSI

Figure 5.1 shows the possible transitions among these operating modes. A transition is made from the program execution state to the program halt state of the program by executing a SLEEP instruction. Interrupts allow for returning from the program halt state to the program execution state of the program. A direct transition between active mode and subactive mode, which are both program execution states, can be made without halting the program. The operating frequency can also be changed in the same modes by making a transition directly from active mode to active mode, and from subactive mode to subactive mode.  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  input enables transitions from a mode to the reset state. Table 5.2 shows the transition conditions of each mode after the SLEEP instruction is executed and a mode to return by an interrupt. Table 5.3 shows the internal states of the LSI in each mode.



→ : Transition is made after exception handling is executed.

 Power-down modes

Mode Transition Conditions (1)

|     | LSON | MSON | SSBY | TMA3 | DTON |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| (a) | 0    | 0    | 0    | *    | 0    |
| (b) | 0    | 1    | 0    | *    | 0    |
| (c) | 1    | *    | 0    | 1    | 0    |
| (d) | 0    | *    | 1    | 0    | 0    |
| (e) | *    | *    | 1    | 1    | 0    |
| (f) | 0    | 0    | 0    | *    | 1    |
| (g) | 0    | 1    | 0    | *    | 1    |
| (h) | 0    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| (i) | 1    | *    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| (j) | 0    | 0    | 1    | 1    | 1    |

Legend: \* Don't care

Mode Transition Conditions (2)

|     | Interrupt Sources                                                                                |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | Timer A, Timer F, IRQ0 interrupt, WKP7 to WKP0 interrupts                                        |
| (2) | Timer A, Timer F, SCI3 interrupt, IRQ1 and IRQ0, IRQAEC interrupts, WKP7 to WKP0 interrupts, AEC |
| (3) | All interrupts                                                                                   |
| (4) | IRQ1 or IRQ0, WKP7 to WKP0 interrupts                                                            |

Note: A transition between different modes cannot be made to occur simply because an interrupt request is generated. Make sure that interrupts are enabled.

**Figure 5.1 Mode Transition Diagram**

**Table 5.2 Transition Mode after SLEEP Instruction Execution and Interrupt Handling**

| <b>LSON</b> | <b>MSON</b> | <b>SSBY</b> | <b>TMA3</b> | <b>DTON</b> | <b>Transition Mode after<br/>SLEEP Instruction<br/>Execution</b> | <b>Transition Mode due to<br/>Interrupt</b> |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 0           | 0           | 0           | X           | 0           | Sleep (high-speed) mode                                          | Active (high-speed) mode                    |
| 0           | 1           | 0           | X           | 0           | Sleep (medium-speed)<br>mode                                     | Active (medium-speed)<br>mode               |
| 1           | X           | 0           | 1           | 0           | Subsleep mode                                                    | Subactive mode                              |
| 0           | X           | 1           | 0           | 0           | Standby mode                                                     | Active mode                                 |
| X           | X           | 1           | 1           | 0           | Watch mode                                                       | Active mode, subactive<br>mode              |
| 0           | 0           | 0           | X           | 1           | Active (high-speed) mode                                         | —                                           |
| 0           | 1           | 0           | X           | 1           | Active (medium-speed)<br>mode                                    | —                                           |
| 0           | 1           | 1           | 1           | 1           | Active (medium-speed)<br>mode                                    | —                                           |
| 1           | X           | 1           | 1           | 1           | Subactive mode (direct<br>transition)                            | —                                           |
| 0           | 0           | 1           | 1           | 1           | Active (high-speed) mode<br>(direct transition)                  | —                                           |

Legend: X: Don't care.

**Table 5.3 Internal State in Each Operating Mode**

| Function                   |                              | Active Mode |              | Sleep Mode  |              | Watch Mode                              | Subac-<br>tive Mode                     | Subsleep Mode                           | Stand-by Mode                            |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
|                            |                              | High-speed  | Medium-speed | High-speed  | Medium-speed |                                         |                                         |                                         |                                          |
| System clock oscillator    |                              | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Halted                                  | Halted                                  | Halted                                  | Halted                                   |
| Subclock oscillator        |                              | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning                             | Functioning                             | Functioning                             | Functioning                              |
| CPU                        | Instruc-<br>tions            | Functioning | Functioning  | Halted      | Halted       | Halted                                  | Functioning                             | Halted                                  | Halted                                   |
|                            | RAM                          |             |              | Retained    | Retained     | Retained                                |                                         | Retained                                | Retained                                 |
|                            | Registers                    |             |              |             |              |                                         |                                         |                                         |                                          |
|                            | I/O                          |             |              |             |              |                                         |                                         |                                         | Re-<br>tained* <sup>1</sup>              |
| External<br>interrupts     | IRQ0                         | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning                             | Functioning                             | Functioning                             | Functioning                              |
|                            | IRQ1                         |             |              |             |              | Re-<br>tained* <sup>5</sup>             |                                         |                                         |                                          |
|                            | IRQAEC                       |             |              |             |              |                                         |                                         |                                         | Re-<br>tained* <sup>5</sup>              |
|                            | WKP7 to<br>WKP0              |             |              |             |              | Functioning                             |                                         |                                         | Functioning                              |
| Periph-<br>eral<br>modules | Timer A                      | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning* <sup>4</sup>               | Functioning* <sup>4</sup>               | Functioning* <sup>4</sup>               | Retained                                 |
|                            | Asyn-<br>chronous<br>counter |             |              |             |              | Functioning* <sup>6</sup>               | Functioning                             | Functioning                             | Functioning* <sup>6</sup>                |
|                            | Timer F                      |             |              |             |              | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>7</sup> | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>7</sup> | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>7</sup> | Retained                                 |
|                            | WDT                          |             |              |             |              | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>9</sup> | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>8</sup> | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>9</sup> | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>10</sup> |
|                            | SCI3                         | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Reset                                   | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>2</sup> | Functioning/reta-<br>ined* <sup>2</sup> | Reset                                    |
|                            | PWM                          | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Retained                                | Retained                                | Retained                                | Retained                                 |

|                    |               | Active Mode |              | Sleep Mode  |              | Watch Mode                         | Subac-<br>tive Mode                | Subsleep Mode                      | Stand-by Mode |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Function           |               | High-speed  | Medium-speed | High-speed  | Medium-speed |                                    |                                    |                                    |               |
| Peripheral modules | A/D converter | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Retained                           | Retained                           | Retained                           | Retained      |
|                    | LCD           | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning/retained <sup>*3</sup> | Functioning/retained <sup>*3</sup> | Functioning/retained <sup>*3</sup> | Retained      |
|                    | LVD           | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning | Functioning  | Functioning                        | Functioning                        | Functioning                        | Functioning   |

- Notes:
1. Register contents are retained. Output is the high-impedance state.
  2. Functioning if  $\phi_w/2$  is selected as an internal clock, or halted and retained otherwise.
  3. Functioning if  $\phi_w$ ,  $\phi_w/2$ , or  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as a clock to be used. Halted and retained otherwise.
  4. Functioning if the timekeeping time-base function is selected.
  5. An external interrupt request is ignored. Contents of the interrupt request register are not affected.
  6. The counter can be incremented. An interrupt cannot occur.
  7. Functioning if  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as an internal clock. Halted and retained otherwise.
  8. On the H8/38104 Group, operates when  $\phi_w/32$  is selected as the internal clock or the on-chip oscillator is selected; otherwise stops and stands by. On the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group, operates when  $\phi_w/32$  is selected as the internal clock; otherwise stops and stands by.
  9. On the H8/38104 Group, operates when  $\phi_w/32$  is selected as the internal clock or the on-chip oscillator is selected; otherwise stops and stands by. On the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group, stops and stands by.
  10. On the H8/38104 Group, operates only when the on-chip oscillator is selected; otherwise stops and stands by. On the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group, stops and stands by.

### 5.2.1 Sleep Mode

In sleep mode, CPU operation is halted but the system clock oscillator, subclock oscillator, and on-chip peripheral modules function. In sleep (medium-speed) mode, the on-chip peripheral modules function at the clock frequency set by the MA1 and MA0 bits in SYSCR1. CPU register contents are retained.

Sleep mode is cleared by an interrupt. When an interrupt is requested, sleep mode is cleared and interrupt exception handling starts. Sleep mode is not cleared if the I bit in CCR is set to 1 or the requested interrupt is disabled by the interrupt enable bit. After sleep mode is cleared, a transition is made from sleep (high-speed) mode to active (high-speed) mode or from sleep (medium-speed) mode to active (medium-speed) mode.

When the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin goes low, the CPU goes into the reset state and sleep mode is cleared. Since an interrupt request signal is synchronous with the system clock, the maximum time of  $2/\phi$  (s) may be delayed from the point at which an interrupt request signal occurs until the interrupt exception handling is started.

Furthermore, it sometimes operates with half state early timing at the time of transition to sleep (medium-speed) mode.

### 5.2.2 Standby Mode

In standby mode, the clock pulse generator stops, so the CPU and on-chip peripheral modules stop functioning. However, as long as the rated voltage is supplied, the contents of CPU registers, on-chip RAM, and some on-chip peripheral module registers are retained. On-chip RAM contents will be retained as long as the voltage set by the RAM data retention voltage is provided. The I/O ports go to the high-impedance state.

Standby mode is cleared by an interrupt. When an interrupt is requested, the system clock pulse generator starts. After the time set in bits STS2 to STS0 in SYSCR1 has elapsed, standby mode is cleared and interrupt exception handling starts. After standby mode is cleared, a transition is made to active (high-speed) or active (medium-speed) mode according to the MSON bit in SYSCR2. Standby mode is not cleared if the I bit in CCR is set to 1 or the requested interrupt is disabled by the interrupt enable bit.

When the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin goes low, the system clock pulse generator starts. Since system clock signals are supplied to the entire chip as soon as the system clock pulse generator starts functioning, the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin must be kept low until the pulse generator output stabilizes. After the pulse generator output has stabilized, the CPU starts reset exception handling if the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is driven high.

### 5.2.3 Watch Mode

In watch mode, the system clock oscillator and CPU operation stop and on-chip peripheral modules stop functioning except for the timer A, timer F, asynchronous event counter, and LCD controller/driver. However, as long as the rated voltage is supplied, the contents of CPU registers, some on-chip peripheral module registers, and on-chip RAM are retained. The I/O ports retain their state before the transition.

Watch mode is cleared by an interrupt. When an interrupt is requested, watch mode is cleared and interrupt exception handling starts. When watch mode is cleared by an interrupt, a transition is made to active (high-speed) mode, active (medium-speed) mode, or subactive mode depending on the settings of the LSON bit in SYSCR1 and the MSON bit in SYSCR2. When the transition is made to active mode, after the time set in bits STS2 to STS0 in SYSCR1 has elapsed, interrupt

exception handling starts. Watch mode is not cleared if the I bit in CCR is set to 1 or the requested interrupt is disabled by the interrupt enable bit.

When the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin goes low, the system clock pulse generator starts. Since system clock signals are supplied to the entire chip as soon as the system clock pulse generator starts functioning, the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin must be kept low until the pulse generator output stabilizes. After the pulse generator output has stabilized, the CPU starts reset exception handling if the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is driven high.

#### 5.2.4 Subsleep Mode

In subsleep mode, the CPU operation stops but on-chip peripheral modules other than the A/D converter and PWM function. As long as a required voltage is applied, the contents of CPU registers, the on-chip RAM, and some registers of the on-chip peripheral modules are retained. I/O ports keep the same states as before the transition.

Subsleep mode is cleared by an interrupt. When an interrupt is requested, subsleep mode is cleared and interrupt exception handling starts. After subsleep mode is cleared, a transition is made to subactive mode. Subsleep mode is not cleared if the I bit in CCR is set to 1 or the requested interrupt is disabled in the interrupt enable register.

When the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin goes low, the system clock pulse generator starts. Since system clock signals are supplied to the entire chip as soon as the system clock pulse generator starts functioning, the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin must be kept low until the pulse generator output stabilizes. After the pulse generator output has stabilized, the CPU starts reset exception handling if the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is driven high.

#### 5.2.5 Subactive Mode

In subactive mode, the system clock oscillator stops but on-chip peripheral modules other than the A/D converter and PWM function. As long as a required voltage is applied, the contents of some registers of the on-chip peripheral modules are retained.

Subactive mode is cleared by the SLEEP instruction. When subactive mode is cleared, a transition to subsleep mode, active mode, or watch mode is made, depending on the combination of bits SSBY and LSON in SYSCR1, bits MSON and DTON in SYSCR2, and bit TMA3 in TMA. Subactive mode is not cleared if the I bit in CCR is set to 1 or the requested interrupt is disabled in the interrupt enable register.

When the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin goes low, the system clock pulse generator starts. Since system clock signals are supplied to the entire chip as soon as the system clock pulse generator starts functioning, the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin must be kept low until the pulse generator output stabilizes. After the pulse generator output has stabilized, the CPU starts reset exception handling if the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is driven high.

The operating frequency of subactive mode is selected from  $\phi_w/2$ ,  $\phi_w/4$ , and  $\phi_w/8$  by the SA1 and SA0 bits in SYSCR2. After the SLEEP instruction is executed, the operating frequency changes to the frequency which is set before the execution.

### 5.2.6 Active (Medium-Speed) Mode

In active (medium-speed) mode, the system clock oscillator, subclock oscillator, CPU, and on-chip peripheral modules function.

Active (medium-speed) mode is cleared by the SLEEP instruction. When active (medium-speed) mode is cleared, a transition to standby mode is made depending on the combination of bits SSBY and LSON in SYSCR1 and bit TMA3 in TMA, a transition to watch mode is made depending on the combination of bit SSBY in SYSCR1 and bit TMA3 in TMA, or a transition to sleep mode is made depending on the combination of bits SSBY and LSON in SYSCR1. Moreover, a transition to active (high-speed) mode or subactive mode is made by a direct transition. Active (medium-sleep) mode is not entered if the I bit in CCR is set to 1 or the requested interrupt is disabled in the interrupt enable register. When the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin goes low, the CPU goes into the reset state and active (medium-sleep) mode is cleared.

Furthermore, it sometimes operates with half state early timing at the time of transition to active (medium-speed) mode.

In active (medium-speed) mode, the on-chip peripheral modules function at the clock frequency set by the MA1 and MA0 bits in SYSCR1.

### 5.3 Direct Transition

The CPU can execute programs in two modes: active and subactive mode. A direct transition is a transition between these two modes without stopping program execution. A direct transition can be made by executing a SLEEP instruction while the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1. The direct transition also enables operating frequency modification in active or subactive mode. After the mode transition, direct transition interrupt exception handling starts.

If the direct transition interrupt is disabled in interrupt permission register 2, a transition is made instead to sleep or watch mode. Note that if a direct transition is attempted while the I bit in CCR is set to 1, sleep or watch mode will be entered, and the resulting mode cannot be cleared by means of an interrupt.

- Direct transfer from active (high-speed) mode to active (medium-speed) mode  
When a SLEEP instruction is executed in active (high-speed) mode while the SSBY and LSON bits in SYSCR1 are cleared to 0, the MSON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, and the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, a transition is made to active (medium-speed) mode via sleep mode.
- Direct transfer from active (medium-speed) mode to active (high-speed) mode  
When a SLEEP instruction is executed in active (medium-speed) mode while the SSBY and LSON bits in SYSCR1 are cleared to 0, the MSON bit in SYSCR2 is cleared to 0, and the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, a transition is made to active (high-speed) mode via sleep mode.
- Direct transfer from active (high-speed) mode to subactive mode  
When a SLEEP instruction is executed in active (high-speed) mode while the SSBY and LSON bits in SYSCR1 are set to 1, the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, and the TMA3 bit in TMA is set to 1, a transition is made to subactive mode via watch mode.
- Direct transfer from subactive mode to active (high-speed) mode  
When a SLEEP instruction is executed in subactive mode while the SSBY bit in SYSCR1 is set to 1, the LSON bit in SYSCR1 is cleared to 0, the MSON bit in SYSCR2 is cleared to 0, the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, and the TMA3 bit in TMA is set to 1, a transition is made directly to active (high-speed) mode via watch mode after the waiting time set in bits STS2 to STS0 in SYSCR1 has elapsed.
- Direct transfer from active (medium-speed) mode to subactive mode  
When a SLEEP instruction is executed in active (medium-speed) while the SSBY and LSON bits in SYSCR1 are set to 1, the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, and the TMA3 bit in TMA is set to 1, a transition is made to subactive mode via watch mode.

- Direct transfer from subactive mode to active (medium-speed) mode

When a SLEEP instruction is executed in subactive mode while the SSBY bit in SYSCR1 is set to 1, the LSON bit in SYSCR1 is cleared to 0, the MSON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, the DTON bit in SYSCR2 is set to 1, and the TMA3 bit in TMA is set to 1, a transition is made directly to active (medium-speed) mode via watch mode after the waiting time set in bits STS2 to STS0 in SYSCR1 has elapsed.

### 5.3.1 Direct Transition from Active (High-Speed) Mode to Active (Medium-Speed) Mode

The time from the start of SLEEP instruction execution to the end of interrupt exception handling (the direct transition time) is calculated by equation (1).

$$\text{Direct transition time} = \{(\text{Number of SLEEP instruction execution states}) + (\text{Number of internal processing states})\} \times (\text{tcyc before transition}) + (\text{Number of interrupt exception handling execution states}) \times (\text{tcyc after transition}) \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

Example: Direct transition time =  $(2 + 1) \times 2\text{tosc} + 14 \times 16\text{tosc} = 230\text{tosc}$  (when  $\phi/8$  is selected as the CPU operating clock)

Legend:

tosc: OSC clock cycle time

tcyc: System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time

### 5.3.2 Direct Transition from Active (Medium-Speed) Mode to Active (High-Speed) Mode

The time from the start of SLEEP instruction execution to the end of interrupt exception handling (the direct transition time) is calculated by equation (2).

$$\text{Direct transition time} = \{(\text{Number of SLEEP instruction execution states}) + (\text{Number of internal processing states})\} \times (\text{tcyc before transition}) + (\text{Number of interrupt exception handling execution states}) \times (\text{tcyc after transition}) \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

Example:     Direct transition time =  $(2 + 1) \times 16\text{tosc} + 14 \times 2\text{tosc} = 76\text{tosc}$  (when  $\phi/8$  is selected as the CPU operating clock)

Legend:

tosc: OSC clock cycle time

tcyc: System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time

### 5.3.3 Direct Transition from Subactive Mode to Active (High-Speed) Mode

The time from the start of SLEEP instruction execution to the end of interrupt exception handling (the direct transition time) is calculated by equation (3).

$$\text{Direct transition time} = \{(\text{Number of SLEEP instruction execution states}) + (\text{Number of internal processing states})\} \times (\text{tsubcyc before transition}) + \{(\text{Wait time set in bits STS2 to STS0}) + (\text{Number of interrupt exception handling execution states})\} \times (\text{tcyc after transition}) \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

Example:     Direct transition time =  $(2 + 1) \times 8\text{tw} + (8192 + 14) \times 2\text{tosc} = 24\text{tw} + 16412\text{tosc}$  (when  $\phi_w/8$  is selected as the CPU operating clock and wait time = 8192 states)

Legend:

tosc:     OSC clock cycle time

tw:       Watch clock cycle time

tcyc:     System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time

tsubcyc: Subclock ( $\phi_{\text{SUB}}$ ) cycle time

### 5.3.4 Direct Transition from Subactive Mode to Active (Medium-Speed) Mode

The time from the start of SLEEP instruction execution to the end of interrupt exception handling (the direct transition time) is calculated by equation (4).

$$\text{Direct transition time} = \{(\text{Number of SLEEP instruction execution states}) + (\text{Number of internal processing states})\} \times (\text{tsubcyc before transition}) + \{(\text{Wait time set in bits STS2 to STS0}) + (\text{Number of interrupt exception handling execution states})\} \times (\text{tcyc after transition}) \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

Example: Direct transition time =  $(2 + 1) \times 8\text{tw} + (8192 + 14) \times 16\text{tosc} = 24\text{tw} + 131296\text{tosc}$  (when  $\phi\text{w}/8$  or  $\phi/8$  is selected as the CPU operating clock and wait time = 8192 states)

Legend:

tosc: OSC clock cycle time  
 tw: Watch clock cycle time  
 tcyc: System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time  
 tsubcyc: Subclock ( $\phi_{\text{SUB}}$ ) cycle time

### 5.3.5 Notes on External Input Signal Changes before/after Direct Transition

- Direct transition from active (high-speed) mode to subactive mode  
 Since the mode transition is performed via watch mode, see section 5.5.2, Notes on External Input Signal Changes before/after Standby Mode.
- Direct transition from active (medium-speed) mode to subactive mode  
 Since the mode transition is performed via watch mode, see section 5.5.2, Notes on External Input Signal Changes before/after Standby Mode.
- Direct transition from subactive mode to active (high-speed) mode  
 Since the mode transition is performed via watch mode, see section 5.5.2, Notes on External Input Signal Changes before/after Standby Mode.
- Direct transition from subactive mode to active (medium-speed) mode  
 Since the mode transition is performed via watch mode, see section 5.5.2, Notes on External Input Signal Changes before/after Standby Mode.

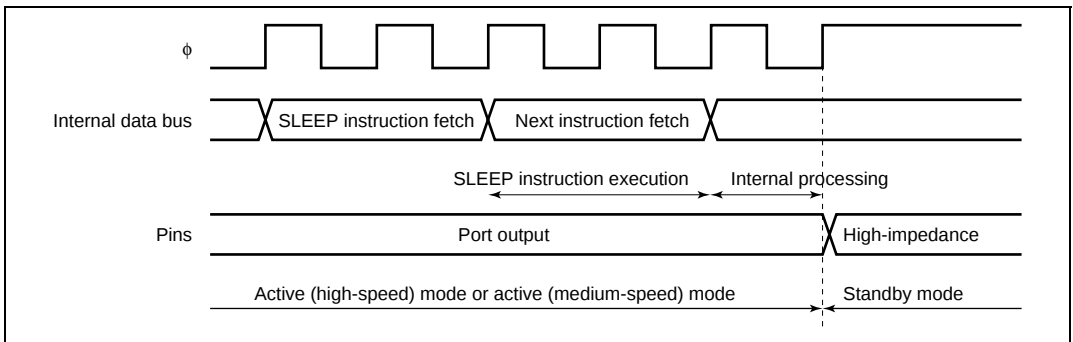
## 5.4 Module Standby Function

The module-standby function can be set to any peripheral module. In module standby mode, the clock supply to modules stops to enter the power-down mode. Module standby mode enables each on-chip peripheral module to enter the standby state by clearing a bit that corresponds to each module in CKSTPR1 and CKSTPR2 to 0 and cancels the mode by setting the bit to 1. (See section 5.1.3, Clock Halt Registers 1 and 2 (CKSTPR1 and CKSTPR2).)

## 5.5 Usage Notes

### 5.5.1 Standby Mode Transition and Pin States

When a SLEEP instruction is executed in active (high-speed) mode or active (medium-speed) mode while bit SSBY is set to 1 and bit LSON is cleared to 0 in SYSCR1, and bit TMA3 is cleared to 0 in TMA, a transition is made to standby mode. At the same time, pins go to the high-impedance state (except pins for which the pull-up MOS is designated as on). Figure 5.2 shows the timing in this case.



**Figure 5.2 Standby Mode Transition and Pin States**

### 5.5.2 Notes on External Input Signal Changes before/after Standby Mode

#### 1. When external input signal changes before/after standby mode or watch mode

When an external input signal such as  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{WKP}}$ , or  $\text{IRQAEC}$  is input, both the high- and low-level widths of the signal must be at least two cycles of system clock  $\phi$  or subclock  $\phi_{\text{SUB}}$  (referred to together in this section as the internal clock). As the internal clock stops in standby mode and watch mode, the width of external input signals requires careful attention when a transition is made via these operating modes. Ensure that external input signals conform to the conditions stated in 3, Recommended timing of external input signals, below.

2. When external input signals cannot be captured because internal clock stops

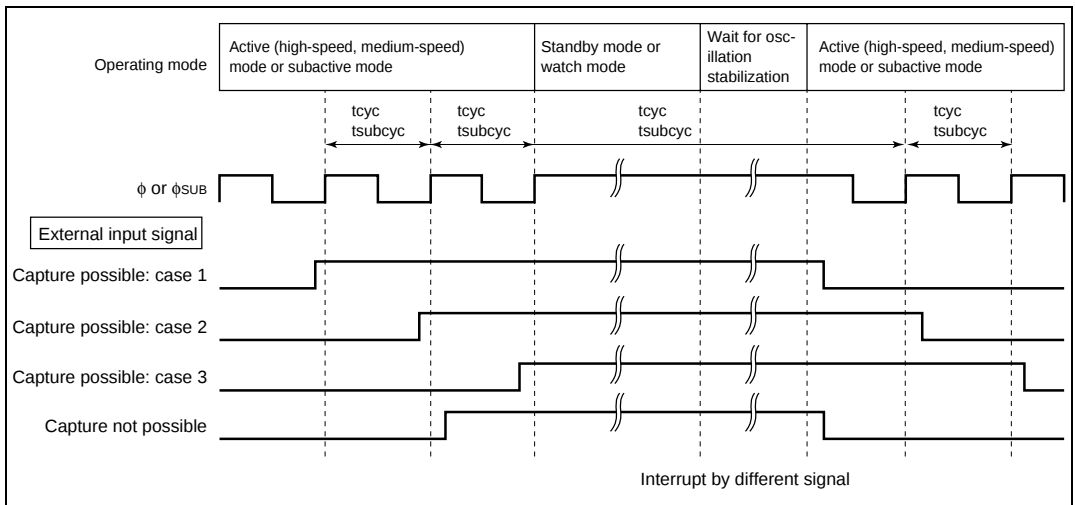
The case of falling edge capture is shown in figure 5.3.

As shown in the case marked "Capture not possible," when an external input signal falls immediately after a transition to active (high-speed or medium-speed) mode or subactive mode, after oscillation is started by an interrupt via a different signal, the external input signal cannot be captured if the high-level width at that point is less than  $2 t_{\text{cyc}}$  or  $2 t_{\text{subcyc}}$ .

3. Recommended timing of external input signals

To ensure dependable capture of an external input signal, high- and low-level signal widths of at least  $2 t_{\text{cyc}}$  or  $2 t_{\text{subcyc}}$  are necessary before a transition is made to standby mode or watch mode, as shown in "Capture possible: case 1."

External input signal capture is also possible with the timing shown in "Capture possible: case 2" and "Capture possible: case 3," in which a  $2 t_{\text{cyc}}$  or  $2 t_{\text{subcyc}}$  level width is secured.



**Figure 5.3 External Input Signal Capture when Signal Changes before/after Standby Mode or Watch Mode**

4. Input pins to which these notes apply:

$\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$  to  $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ , and  $\overline{\text{IRQAEC}}$

### 5.5.3 Contention Between Module Standby and Interrupts

If, due to the timing with which a peripheral module issues interrupt requests, the module in question is set to module standby mode before an interrupt is processed, the module will stop with the interrupt request still pending. In this situation, interrupt processing will be repeated indefinitely unless interrupts are prohibited.

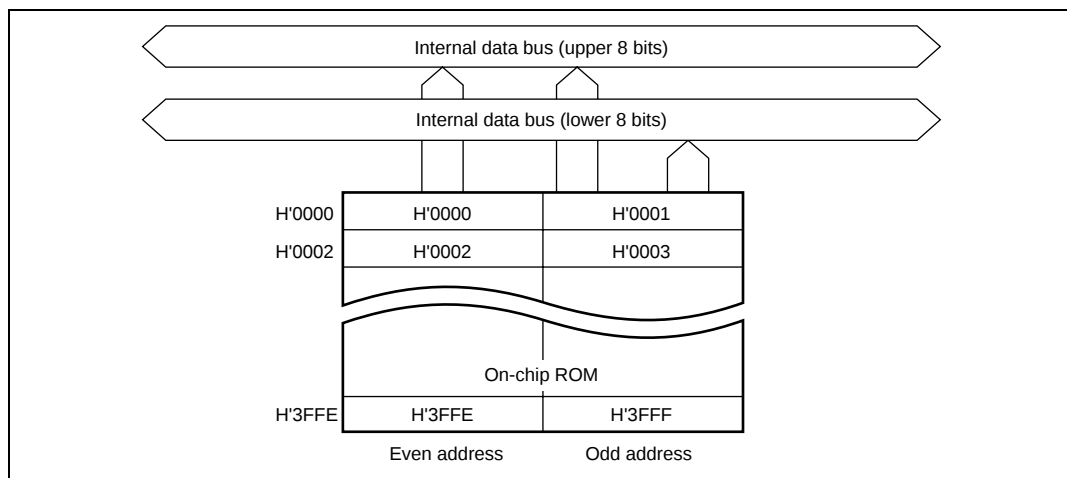
It is therefore necessary to ensure that no interrupts are generated when a module is set to module standby mode. The surest way to do this is to specify the module standby mode setting only when interrupts are prohibited (interrupts prohibited using the interrupt enable register or interrupts masked using bit CCR-I).

## Section 6 ROM

The H8/3802 has 16 kbytes of the on-chip mask ROM, the H8/3801 has 12 kbytes, and the H8/3800 has 8 kbytes. The H8/38004 and H8/38104 have 32 kbytes of the on-chip mask ROM, the H8/38003 and H8/38103 have 24 kbytes, the H8/38002, H8/38002S and H8/38102 have 16 kbytes, the H8/38001, H8/38001S and H8/38101 have 12 kbytes, and the H8/38000, H8/38000S and H8/38100 have 8 kbytes. The ROM is connected to the CPU by a 16-bit data bus, allowing high-speed two-state access for both byte data and word data. The H8/3802 has a ZTAT version with 16-kbyte PROM. The H8/38004, H8/38002, H8/38104, and H8/38102 have F-ZTAT™ versions with 32-kbyte flash memory and 16-kbyte flash memory, respectively.

### 6.1 Block Diagram

Figure 6.1 shows a block diagram of the on-chip ROM.



**Figure 6.1 Block Diagram of ROM (H8/3802)**

## 6.2 H8/3802 PROM Mode

### 6.2.1 Setting to PROM Mode

If the on-chip ROM is PROM, setting the chip to PROM mode stops operation as a microcomputer and allows the PROM to be programmed in the same way as the standard HN27C101 EPROM. However, page programming is not supported.

Table 6.1 shows how to set the chip to PROM mode.

**Table 6.1 Setting to PROM Mode**

| Pin Name | Setting    |
|----------|------------|
| TEST     | High level |
| PB0/AN0  | Low level  |
| PB1/AN1  |            |
| PB2/AN2  | High level |

### 6.2.2 Socket Adapter Pin Arrangement and Memory Map

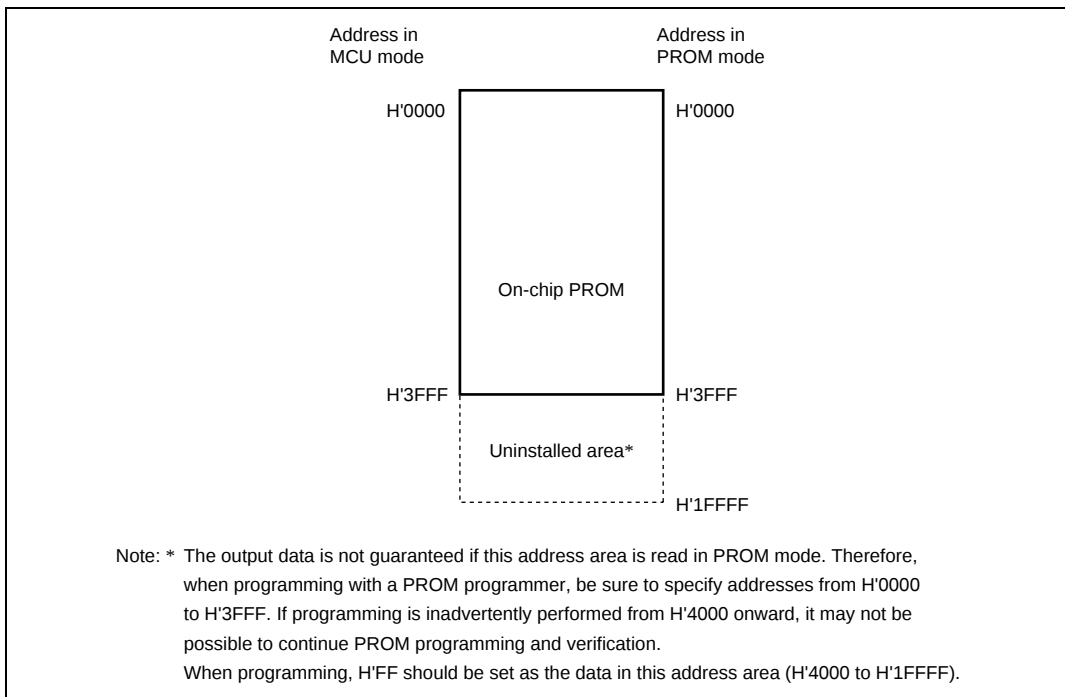
A standard PROM programmer can be used to program the PROM. A socket adapter is required for conversion to 32 pins.

Figure 6.2 shows the pin-to-pin wiring of the socket adapter. Figure 6.3 shows a memory map.

| H8/3802        |        |      | EPROM socket |                    |
|----------------|--------|------|--------------|--------------------|
| FP-64A, FP-64E | DP-64S | Pin  | Pin          | HN27C101 (32 pins) |
| 8              | 16     | RES  | VPP          | 1                  |
| 40             | 48     | P60  | EO0          | 13                 |
| 39             | 47     | P61  | EO1          | 14                 |
| 38             | 46     | P62  | EO2          | 15                 |
| 37             | 45     | P63  | EO3          | 17                 |
| 36             | 44     | P64  | EO4          | 18                 |
| 35             | 43     | P65  | EO5          | 19                 |
| 34             | 42     | P66  | EO6          | 20                 |
| 33             | 41     | P67  | EO7          | 21                 |
| 57             | 1      | P40  | EA0          | 12                 |
| 58             | 2      | P41  | EA1          | 11                 |
| 10             | 18     | P32  | EA2          | 10                 |
| 11             | 19     | P33  | EA3          | 9                  |
| 12             | 20     | P34  | EA4          | 8                  |
| 13             | 21     | P35  | EA5          | 7                  |
| 14             | 22     | P36  | EA6          | 6                  |
| 15             | 23     | P37  | EA7          | 5                  |
| 32             | 40     | P70  | EA8          | 27                 |
| 60             | 4      | P43  | EA9          | 26                 |
| 30             | 38     | P72  | EA10         | 23                 |
| 29             | 37     | P73  | EA11         | 25                 |
| 28             | 36     | P74  | EA12         | 4                  |
| 27             | 35     | P75  | EA13         | 28                 |
| 26             | 34     | P76  | EA14         | 29                 |
| 52             | 60     | P93  | EA15         | 3                  |
| 53             | 61     | P94  | EA16         | 2                  |
| 25             | 33     | P77  | CE           | 22                 |
| 31             | 39     | P71  | OE           | 24                 |
| 51             | 59     | P92  | PGM          | 31                 |
| 16             | 24     | VCC  | VCC          | 32                 |
| 61             | 5      | AVCC |              |                    |
| 7              | 15     | TEST |              |                    |
| 2              | 10     | X1   |              |                    |
| 64             | 8      | PB2  |              |                    |
| 49             | 57     | P90  |              |                    |
| 50             | 58     | P91  |              |                    |
| 54             | 62     | P95  |              |                    |
| 55             | 63     | VSS  | VSS          | 16                 |
| 4              | 12     | AVSS |              |                    |
| 62             | 6      | PB0  |              |                    |
| 63             | 7      | PB1  |              |                    |

Note: Pins not shown in the figure should be open.

**Figure 6.2 Socket Adapter Pin Correspondence (with HN27C101)**



**Figure 6.3 H8/3802 Memory Map in PROM Mode**

## 6.3 H8/3802 Programming

The write, verify, and other modes are selected as shown in table 6.2 in H8/3802 PROM mode.

**Table 6.2 Mode Selection in PROM Mode (H8/3802)**

| Mode                 | Pins                   |                        |                         | Vpp | Vcc | EO7 to EO0     | EA16 to EA0   |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|----------------|---------------|
|                      | $\overline{\text{CE}}$ | $\overline{\text{OE}}$ | $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ |     |     |                |               |
| Write                | L                      | H                      | L                       | Vpp | Vcc | Data input     | Address input |
| Verify               | L                      | L                      | H                       | Vpp | Vcc | Data output    | Address input |
| Programming disabled | L                      | L                      | L                       | Vpp | Vcc | High impedance | Address input |
|                      | L                      | H                      | H                       |     |     |                |               |
|                      | H                      | L                      | L                       |     |     |                |               |
|                      | H                      | H                      | H                       |     |     |                |               |

Legend:

L: Low level

H: High level

Vpp: Vpp level

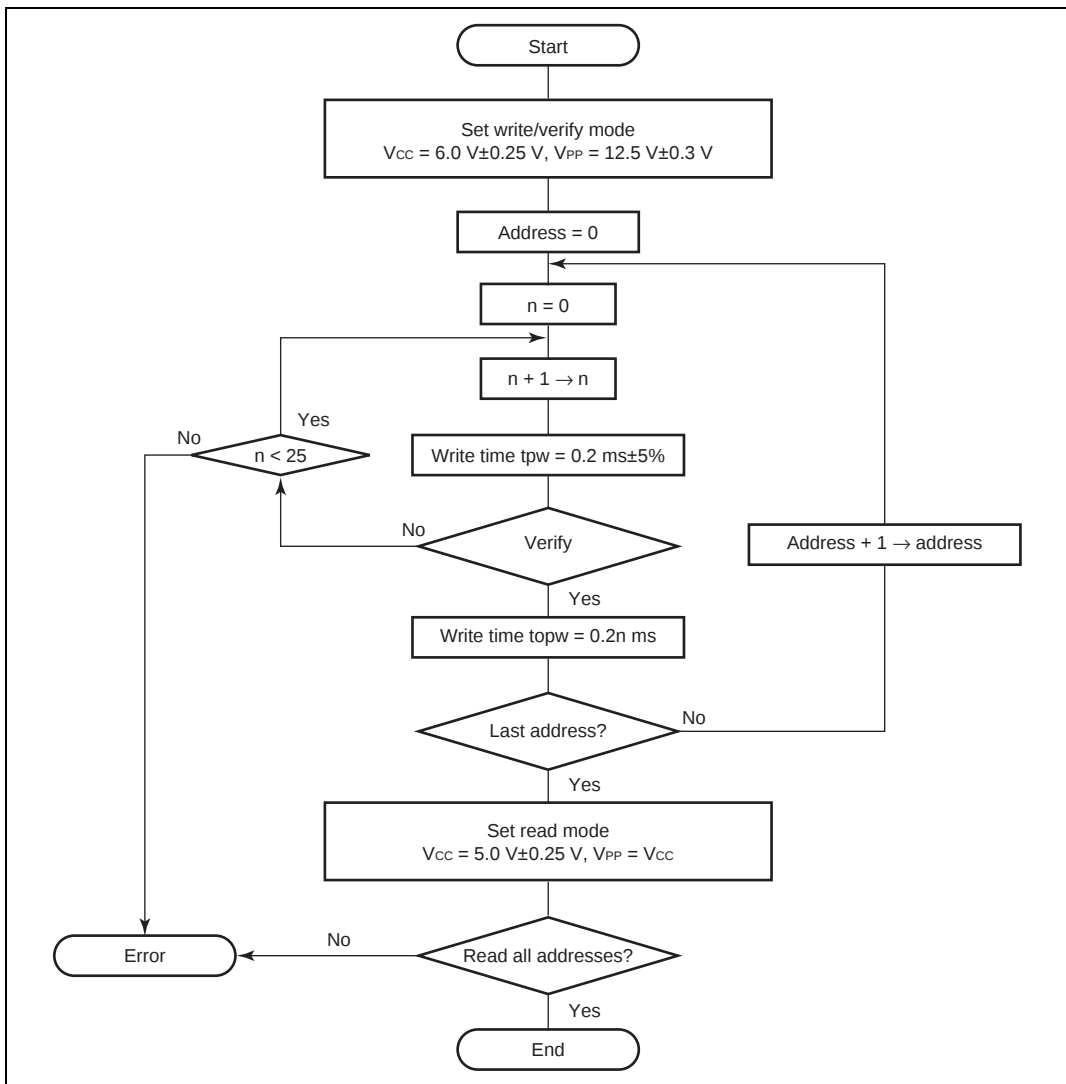
Vcc: Vcc level

The specifications for writing and reading are identical to those for the standard HN27C101 EPROM. However, page programming is not supported, and so page programming mode must not be set. A PROM programmer that only supports page programming mode cannot be used. When selecting a PROM programmer, ensure that it supports high-speed, high-reliability byte-by-byte programming. Also, be sure to specify addresses from H'0000 to H'3FFF.

### 6.3.1 Writing and Verifying

An efficient, high-speed, high-reliability method is available for writing and verifying the PROM data. This method achieves high speed without voltage stress on the device and without lowering the reliability of written data.

The basic flow of this high-speed, high-reliability programming method is shown in figure 6.4.



**Figure 6.4 High-Speed, High-Reliability Programming Flowchart**

Table 6.3 and table 6.4 give the electrical characteristics in programming mode.

**Table 6.3 DC Characteristics**(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{PP} = 12.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                      |                                                                                                    | Symbol     | Min  | Typ | Max            | Unit          | Test Condition                          |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Input high-level voltage  | EO7 to EO0, EA16 to EA0, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ , $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ | $V_{IH}$   | 2.4  | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V             |                                         |
| Input low-level voltage   | EO7 to EO0, EA16 to EA0, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ , $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ | $V_{IL}$   | -0.3 | —   | 0.8            | V             |                                         |
| Output high-level voltage | EO7 to EO0                                                                                         | $V_{OH}$   | 2.4  | —   | —              | V             | $I_{OH} = -200 \mu\text{A}$             |
| Output low-level voltage  | EO7 to EO0                                                                                         | $V_{OL}$   | —    | —   | 0.45           | V             | $I_{OL} = 0.8 \text{ mA}$               |
| Input leakage current     | EO7 to EO0, EA16 to EA0, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ , $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ | $ I_{LI} $ | —    | —   | 2              | $\mu\text{A}$ | $V_{in} = 5.25 \text{ V}/0.5 \text{ V}$ |
| $V_{CC}$ current          |                                                                                                    | $I_{CC}$   | —    | —   | 40             | mA            |                                         |
| $V_{PP}$ current          |                                                                                                    | $I_{PP}$   | —    | —   | 40             | mA            |                                         |

**Table 6.4 AC Characteristics**(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V} \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{PP} = 12.5\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                                      | Symbol         | Min  | Typ  | Max  | Unit          | Test Condition           |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Address setup time                        | $t_{AS}$       | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figure 6.5 <sup>*1</sup> |
| $\overline{\text{OE}}$ setup time         | $t_{OES}$      | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| Data setup time                           | $t_{DS}$       | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| Address hold time                         | $t_{AH}$       | 0    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| Data hold time                            | $t_{DH}$       | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| Data output disable time                  | $t_{DF}^{*2}$  | —    | —    | 130  | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| $V_{PP}$ setup time                       | $t_{VPS}$      | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| Programming pulse width                   | $t_{PW}$       | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.21 | ms            |                          |
| PGM pulse width for overwrite programming | $t_{OPW}^{*3}$ | 0.19 | —    | 5.25 | ms            |                          |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ setup time         | $t_{CES}$      | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| $V_{CC}$ setup time                       | $t_{VCS}$      | 2    | —    | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |                          |
| Data output delay time                    | $t_{OE}$       | 0    | —    | 200  | ns            |                          |

Notes: 1. Input pulse level: 0.45 V to 2.4 V

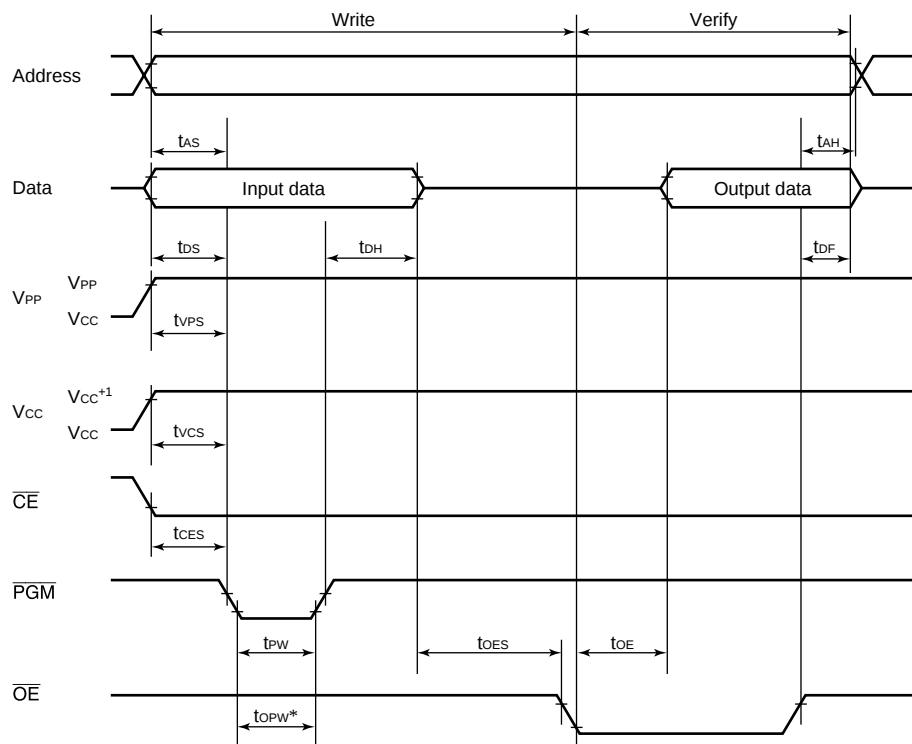
Input rise time/fall time  $\leq 20\text{ ns}$ 

Timing reference levels Input: 0.8 V, 2.0 V

Output: 0.8 V, 2.0 V

2.  $t_{DF}$  is defined at the point at which the output is floating and the output level cannot be read.
3.  $t_{OPW}$  is defined by the value given in figure 6.4, High-Speed, High-Reliability Programming Flow Chart.

Figure 6.5 shows a PROM write/verify timing.



Note: \*  $t_{OPW}$  is defined by the value shown in figure 6.4, High-Speed, High-Reliability Programming Flowchart.

**Figure 6.5 PROM Write/Verify Timing**

### 6.3.2 Programming Precautions

- Use the specified programming voltage and timing.

The programming voltage in PROM mode ( $V_{pp}$ ) is 12.5 V. Use of a higher voltage can permanently damage the chip. Be especially careful with respect to PROM programmer overshoot.

Setting the PROM programmer to Renesas specifications for the HN27C101 will result in correct  $V_{pp}$  of 12.5 V.

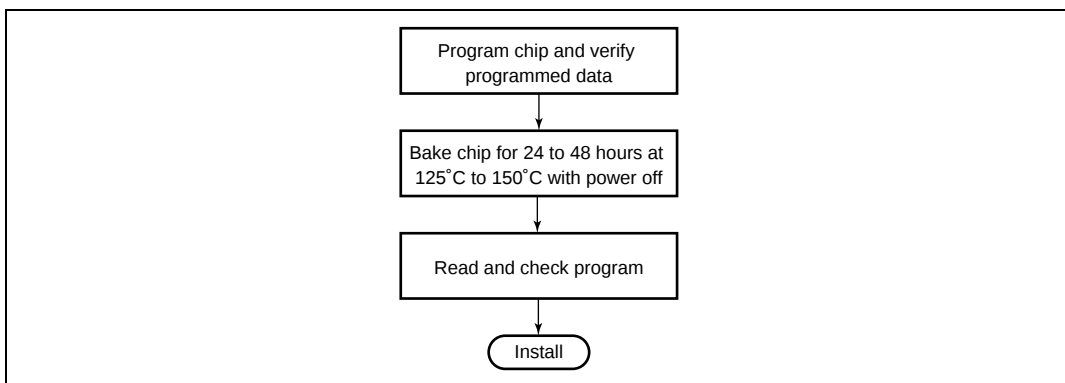
- Make sure the index marks on the PROM programmer socket, socket adapter, and chip are properly aligned. If they are not, the chip may be destroyed by excessive current flow. Before programming, be sure that the chip is properly mounted in the PROM programmer.
- Avoid touching the socket adapter or chip while programming, since this may cause contact faults and write errors.

- Take care when setting the programming mode, as page programming is not supported.
- When programming with a PROM programmer, be sure to specify addresses from H'0000 to H'3FFF. If programming is inadvertently performed from H'4000 onward, it may not be possible to continue PROM programming and verification. When programming, H'FF should be set as the data in address area H'4000 to H'1FFFF.

## 6.4 Reliability of Programmed Data

A highly effective way to improve data retention characteristics is to bake the programmed chips at 150°C, then screen them for data errors. This procedure quickly eliminates chips with PROM memory cells prone to early failure.

Figure 6.6 shows the recommended screening procedure.



**Figure 6.6 Recommended Screening Procedure**

If a Group of programming errors occurs while the same PROM programmer is in use, stop programming and check the PROM programmer and socket adapter for defects.

Please inform Renesas of any abnormal conditions noted during or after programming or in screening of program data after high-temperature baking.

## 6.5 Overview of Flash Memory

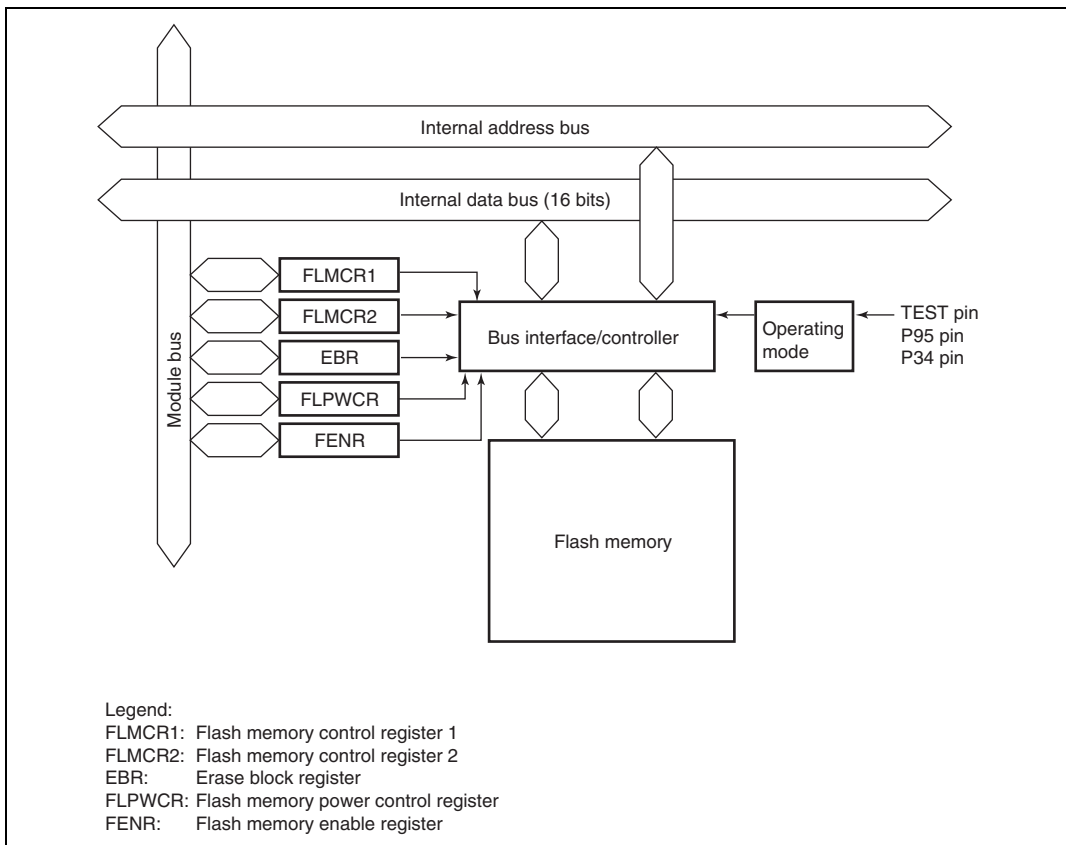
### 6.5.1 Features

The features of the 32-kbyte or 16-kbyte flash memory built into the flash memory version are summarized below.

- Programming/erase methods
  - The flash memory is programmed 128 bytes at a time. Erase is performed in single-block units. The flash memory of the HD64F38004 and HD64F38104 are configured as follows: 1 kbyte  $\times$  4 blocks and 28 kbytes  $\times$  1 block. The flash memory of the HD64F38002 and HD64F38102 are configured as follows: 1 kbyte  $\times$  4 blocks and 12 kbytes  $\times$  1 block. To erase the entire flash memory, each block must be erased in turn.
- On-board programming
  - On-board programming/erasing can be done in boot mode, in which the boot program built into the chip is started to erase or program of the entire flash memory. In normal user program mode, individual blocks can be erased or programmed.
- Programmer mode
  - Flash memory can be programmed/erased in programmer mode using a PROM programmer, as well as in on-board programming mode.
- Automatic bit rate adjustment
  - For data transfer in boot mode, this LSI's bit rate can be automatically adjusted to match the transfer bit rate of the host.
- Programming/erasing protection
  - Sets software protection against flash memory programming/erasing.
- Power-down mode
  - Operation of the power supply circuit can be partly halted in subactive mode. As a result, flash memory can be read with low power consumption.

Note: The system clock oscillator must be used when programming or erasing the flash memory of the HD64F38104 and HD64F38102.

### 6.5.2 Block Diagram



**Figure 6.7 Block Diagram of Flash Memory**

### 6.5.3 Block Configuration

Figure 6.8 shows the block configuration of 32-kbyte flash memory. The thick lines indicate erasing units, the narrow lines indicate programming units, and the values are addresses. The 32-kbyte flash memory is divided into 1 kbyte  $\times$  4 blocks and 28 kbytes  $\times$  1 block. Erasing is performed in these units. The 16-kbyte flash memory is divided into 1 kbyte  $\times$  4 blocks and 12 kbytes  $\times$  1 block. Programming is performed in 128-byte units starting from an address with lower eight bits H'00 or H'80.

|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0000 | H'0001 | H'0002 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'007F |
|                         | H'0080 | H'0081 | H'0082 |                                 | H'00FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'0380 | H'0381 | H'0382 |                                 | H'03FF |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0400 | H'0401 | H'0402 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'047F |
|                         | H'0480 | H'0481 | H'0482 |                                 | H'04FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'0780 | H'0781 | H'0782 |                                 | H'07FF |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0800 | H'0801 | H'0802 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'087F |
|                         | H'0880 | H'0881 | H'0882 |                                 | H'08FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'0B80 | H'0B81 | H'0B82 |                                 | H'0BFF |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0C00 | H'0C01 | H'0C02 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'0C7F |
|                         | H'0C80 | H'0C81 | H'0C82 |                                 | H'0CFF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'0F80 | H'0F81 | H'0F82 |                                 | H'0FFF |
| Erase unit<br>28 kbytes | H'1000 | H'1001 | H'1002 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'107F |
|                         | H'1080 | H'1081 | H'1082 |                                 | H'10FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'7F80 | H'7F81 | H'7F82 |                                 | H'7FFF |

**Figure 6.8(1) Block Configuration of 32-kbyte Flash Memory**

|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0000 | H'0001 | H'0002 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'007F |
|                         | H'0080 | H'0081 | H'0082 |                                 | H'00FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0380 | H'0381 | H'0382 |                                 | H'03FF |
|                         | H'0400 | H'0401 | H'0402 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'047F |
|                         | H'0480 | H'0481 | H'0482 |                                 | H'04FF |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'0780 | H'0781 | H'0782 |                                 | H'07FF |
|                         | H'0800 | H'0801 | H'0802 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'087F |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0880 | H'0881 | H'0882 |                                 | H'08FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'0B80 | H'0B81 | H'0B82 |                                 | H'0BFF |
| Erase unit<br>1 kbyte   | H'0C00 | H'0C01 | H'0C02 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'0C7F |
|                         | H'0C80 | H'0C81 | H'0C82 |                                 | H'0CFF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
| Erase unit<br>12 kbytes | H'0F80 | H'0F81 | H'0F82 |                                 | H'0FFF |
|                         | H'1000 | H'1001 | H'1002 | ← Programming unit: 128 bytes → | H'107F |
|                         | H'1080 | H'1081 | H'1082 |                                 | H'10FF |
|                         |        |        |        |                                 |        |
|                         | H'3F80 | H'3F81 | H'3F82 |                                 | H'3FFF |

Figure 6.8(2) Block Configuration of 16-kbyte Flash Memory

## 6.6 Register Descriptions

The flash memory has the following registers.

- Flash memory control register 1 (FLMCR1)
- Flash memory control register 2 (FLMCR2)
- Erase block register (EBR)
- Flash memory power control register (FLPWCR)
- Flash memory enable register (FENR)

### 6.6.1 Flash Memory Control Register 1 (FLMCR1)

FLMCR1 is a register that makes the flash memory change to program mode, program-verify mode, erase mode, or erase-verify mode. For details on register setting, refer to section 6.8, Flash Memory Programming/Erasing.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | —        | 0             | —   | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 0.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6   | SWE      | 0             | R/W | Software Write Enable<br>When this bit is set to 1, flash memory programming/erasing is enabled. When this bit is cleared to 0, flash memory programming/erasing is invalid. Other FLMCR1 bits and all EBR bits cannot be set. |
| 5   | ESU      | 0             | R/W | Erase Setup<br>When this bit is set to 1, the flash memory changes to the erase setup state. When it is cleared to 0, the erase setup state is cancelled. Set this bit to 1 before setting the E bit to 1 in FLMCR1.           |
| 4   | PSU      | 0             | R/W | Program Setup<br>When this bit is set to 1, the flash memory changes to the program setup state. When it is cleared to 0, the program setup state is cancelled. Set this bit to 1 before setting the P bit in FLMCR1.          |
| 3   | EV       | 0             | R/W | Erase-Verify<br>When this bit is set to 1, the flash memory changes to erase-verify mode. When it is cleared to 0, erase-verify mode is cancelled.                                                                             |
| 2   | PV       | 0             | R/W | Program-Verify<br>When this bit is set to 1, the flash memory changes to program-verify mode. When it is cleared to 0, program-verify mode is cancelled.                                                                       |
| 1   | E        | 0             | R/W | Erase<br>When this bit is set to 1, and while the SWE = 1 and ESU = 1 bits are 1, the flash memory changes to erase mode. When it is cleared to 0, erase mode is cancelled.                                                    |
| 0   | P        | 0             | R/W | Program<br>When this bit is set to 1, and while the SWE = 1 and PSU = 1 bits are 1, the flash memory changes to program mode. When it is cleared to 0, program mode is cancelled.                                              |

Note: Bits SWE, PSU, EV, PV, E, and P should not be set at the same time.

### 6.6.2 Flash Memory Control Register 2 (FLMCR2)

FLMCR2 is a register that displays the state of flash memory programming/erasing. FLMCR2 is a read-only register, and should not be written to.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | FLER     | 0             | R   | Flash Memory Error<br>Indicates that an error has occurred during an operation on flash memory (programming or erasing). When flash memory goes to the error-protection state, this bit is set to 1.<br>See section 6.9.3, Error Protection, for details. |
| 6 to 0 | —        | All 0         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

### 6.6.3 Erase Block Register (EBR)

EBR specifies the flash memory erase area block. EBR is initialized to H'00 when the SWE bit in FLMCR1 is 0. Do not set more than one bit at a time, as this will cause all the bits in EBR to be automatically cleared to 0.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 5 | —        | All 0         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 0.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 4      | EB4      | 0             | R/W | When this bit is set to 1, 28 kbytes of H'1000 to H'7FFF will be erased in the HD64F38004 and HD64F38104.<br>When this bit is set to 1, 12 kbytes of H'1000 to H'3FFF will be erased in the HD64F38002 and HD64F38102. |
| 3      | EB3      | 0             | R/W | When this bit is set to 1, 1 kbyte of H'0C00 to H'0FFF will be erased.                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2      | EB2      | 0             | R/W | When this bit is set to 1, 1 kbyte of H'0800 to H'0BFF will be erased.                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1      | EB1      | 0             | R/W | When this bit is set to 1, 1 kbyte of H'0400 to H'07FF will be erased.                                                                                                                                                 |
| 0      | EB0      | 0             | R/W | When this bit is set to 1, 1 kbyte of H'0000 to H'03FF will be erased.                                                                                                                                                 |

### 6.6.4 Flash Memory Power Control Register (FLPWCR)

FLPWCR enables or disables a transition to the flash memory power-down mode when the LSI switches to subactive mode. There are two modes: mode in which operation of the power supply circuit of flash memory is partly halted in power-down mode and flash memory can be read, and mode in which even if a transition is made to subactive mode, operation of the power supply circuit of flash memory is retained and flash memory can be read.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | PDWND    | 0             | R/W | Power-Down Disable<br><br>When this bit is 0 and a transition is made to subactive mode, the flash memory enters the power-down mode. When this bit is 1, the flash memory remains in the normal mode even after a transition is made to subactive mode. |
| 6 to 0 | —        | All 0         | —   | Reserved<br><br>These bits are always read as 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

### 6.6.5 Flash Memory Enable Register (FENR)

Bit 7 (FLSHE) in FENR enables or disables the CPU access to the flash memory control registers, FLMCR1, FLMCR2, EBR, and FLPWCR.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | FLSHE    | 0             | R/W | Flash Memory Control Register Enable<br><br>Flash memory control registers can be accessed when this bit is set to 1. Flash memory control registers cannot be accessed when this bit is set to 0. |
| 6 to 0 | —        | All 0         | —   | Reserved<br><br>These bits are always read as 0.                                                                                                                                                   |

## 6.7 On-Board Programming Modes

There are two modes for programming/erasing of the flash memory; boot mode, which enables on-board programming/erasing, and programmer mode, in which programming/erasing is performed with a PROM programmer. On-board programming/erasing can also be performed in user program mode. At reset-start in reset mode, this LSI changes to a mode depending on the TEST pin settings, P95 pin settings, and input level of each port, as shown in table 6.5. The input level of each pin must be defined four states before the reset ends.

When changing to boot mode, the boot program built into this LSI is initiated. The boot program transfers the programming control program from the externally-connected host to on-chip RAM via SCI3. After erasing the entire flash memory, the programming control program is executed. This can be used for programming initial values in the on-board state or for a forcible return when programming/erasing can no longer be done in user program mode. In user program mode, individual blocks can be erased and programmed by branching to the user program/erase control program prepared by the user.

**Table 6.5 Setting Programming Modes**

| TEST | P95 | P34 | PB0 | PB1 | PB2 | LSI State after Reset End |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|
| 0    | 1   | X   | X   | X   | X   | User Mode                 |
| 0    | 0   | 1   | X   | X   | X   | Boot Mode                 |
| 1    | X   | X   | 0   | 0   | 0   | Programmer Mode           |

Legend: X: Don't care.

### 6.7.1 Boot Mode

Table 6.6 shows the boot mode operations between reset end and branching to the programming control program.

1. When boot mode is used, the flash memory programming control program must be prepared in the host beforehand. Prepare a programming control program in accordance with the description in section 6.8, Flash Memory Programming/Erasing.
2. The SCI3 should be set to asynchronous mode, and the transfer format as follows: 8-bit data, 1 stop bit, and no parity. Since the inversion function of SPCR is configured not to inverse data of the TXD pin and RXD pin, do not place an inversion circuit between the host and this LSI.
3. When the boot program is initiated, the chip measures the low-level period of asynchronous SCI communication data (H'00) transmitted continuously from the host. The chip then calculates the bit rate of transmission from the host, and adjusts the SCI3 bit rate to match that

of the host. The reset should end with the RXD pin high. The RXD and TXD pins should be pulled up on the board if necessary. After the reset is complete, it takes approximately 100 states before the chip is ready to measure the low-level period.

4. After matching the bit rates, the chip transmits one H'00 byte to the host to indicate the completion of bit rate adjustment. The host should confirm that this adjustment end indication (H'00) has been received normally, and transmit one H'55 byte to the chip. If reception could not be performed normally, initiate boot mode again by a reset. Depending on the host's transfer bit rate and system clock frequency of this LSI, there will be a discrepancy between the bit rates of the host and the chip. To operate the SCI properly, set the host's transfer bit rate and system clock frequency of this LSI within the ranges listed in table 6.7.
5. In boot mode, a part of the on-chip RAM area is used by the boot program. The area H'F780 to H'FEF is the area to which the programming control program is transferred from the host. The boot program area cannot be used until the execution state in boot mode switches to the programming control program.
6. Before branching to the programming control program, the chip terminates transfer operations by SCI3 (by clearing the RE and TE bits in SCR to 0), however the adjusted bit rate value remains set in BRR. Therefore, the programming control program can still use it for transfer of write data or verify data with the host. The TXD pin is high (PCR42 = 1, P42 = 1). The contents of the CPU general registers are undefined immediately after branching to the programming control program. These registers must be initialized at the beginning of the programming control program, as the stack pointer (SP), in particular, is used implicitly in subroutine calls, etc.
7. Boot mode can be cleared by a reset. End the reset after driving the reset pin low, waiting at least 20 states, and then setting the TEST pin and P95 pin. Boot mode is also cleared when a WDT overflow occurs.
8. Do not change the TEST pin and P95 pin input levels in boot mode.

**Table 6.6 Boot Mode Operation**

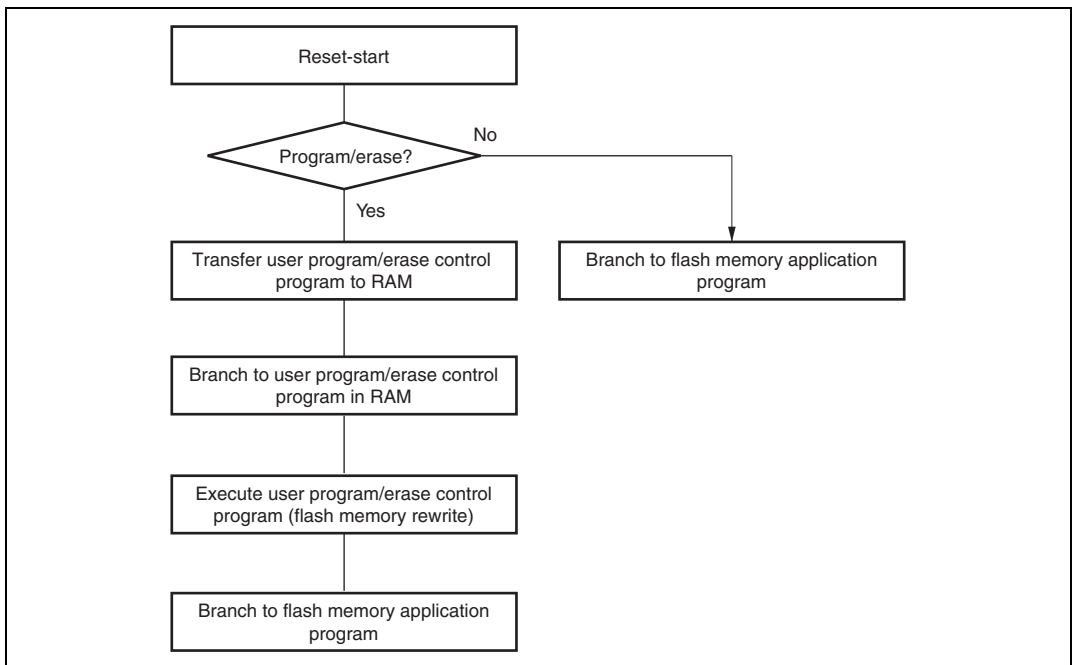
| Item                                                       | Host Operation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Communication Contents                                                                                                                                                                                          | LSI Operation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                            | Processing Contents                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Processing Contents                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Boot mode initiation                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Branches to boot program at reset-start.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Bit rate adjustment                                        | <p>Continuously transmits data H'00 at specified bit rate.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <p>Transmits data H'55 when data H'00 is received error-free.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p>                                                                                                                                                | <p>H'00, H'00 ··· H'00</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← H'00</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← H'55</p>                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Measures low-level period of receive data H'00.</li> <li>Calculates bit rate and sets BRR in SCI3.</li> <li>Transmits data H'00 to host as adjustment end indication.</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p>                                      |
| Flash memory erase                                         | <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <p style="text-align: center;">H'AA reception</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p style="text-align: center;">← H'FF</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← H'AA</p>                                                                                                                             | <p>Checks flash memory data, erases all flash memory blocks in case of written data existing, and transmits data H'AA to host. (If erase could not be done, transmits data H'FF to host and aborts operation.)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p>                                           |
| Transfer of number of bytes of programming control program | <p>Transmits number of bytes (N) of programming control program to be transferred as 2-byte data (low-order byte following high-order byte)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <p>Transmits 1-byte of programming control program (repeated for N times)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <p style="text-align: center;">H'AA reception</p> | <p>Upper bytes, lower bytes</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← Echoback</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← H'XX</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← Echoback</p> <p style="text-align: center;">← H'AA</p> | <p>Echobacks the 2-byte data received to host.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <p>Echobacks received data to host and also transfers it to RAM. (repeated for N times)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <p>Transmits data H'AA to host.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> |
|                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>Branches to programming control program transferred to on-chip RAM and starts execution.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

**Table 6.7 Oscillation Frequencies for which Automatic Adjustment of LSI Bit Rate Is Possible ( $f_{osc}$ )**

| Product Group   | Host Bit Rate | Oscillation Frequency Range of LSI ( $f_{osc}$ ) |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| H8/38004F Group | 4,800 bps     | 8 to 10 MHz                                      |
|                 | 2,400 bps     | 4 to 10 MHz                                      |
|                 | 1,200 bps     | 2 to 10 MHz                                      |
| H8/38104F Group | 19,200 bps    | 16 to 20 MHz                                     |
|                 | 9,600 bps     | 8 to 20 MHz                                      |
|                 | 4,800 bps     | 4 to 20 MHz                                      |
|                 | 2,400 bps     | 2 to 20 MHz                                      |
|                 | 1,200 bps     | 2 to 20 MHz                                      |

### 6.7.2 Programming/Erasing in User Program Mode

User program mode means the execution state of the user program. On-board programming/erasing of an individual flash memory block can also be performed in user program mode by branching to a user program/erase control program. The user must set branching conditions and provide on-board means of supplying programming data. The flash memory must contain the user program/erase control program or a program that provides the user program/erase control program from external memory. As the flash memory itself cannot be read during programming/erasing, transfer the user program/erase control program to on-chip RAM, as in boot mode. Figure 6.9 shows a sample procedure for programming/erasing in user program mode. Prepare a user program/erase control program in accordance with the description in section 6.8, Flash Memory Programming/Erasing.



**Figure 6.9 Programming/Erasing Flowchart Example in User Program Mode**

### 6.7.3 Notes on On-Board Programming

1. You must use the system clock oscillator when programming or erasing flash memory on the H8/38104F Group. The on-chip oscillator should not be used for programming or erasing flash memory. See section 4.3.4, On-Chip Oscillator Selection Method, for information on switching between the system clock oscillator and the on-chip oscillator.
2. On the H8/38104F Group the watchdog timer operates after a reset is canceled. When executing a program prepared by the user that performs programming and erasing in the user mode, the watchdog timer's overflow cycle should be set to an appropriate value. Refer to section 6.8.1, Program/Program-Verify, for information on the appropriate watchdog timer overflow cycle for programming, and to section 6.8.2, Erase/Erase-Verify, for information on the appropriate watchdog timer overflow cycle for erasing.

## 6.8 Flash Memory Programming/Erasing

A software method using the CPU is employed to program and erase flash memory in the on-board programming modes. Depending on the FLMCR1 setting, the flash memory operates in one of the following four modes: Program mode, program-verify mode, erase mode, and erase-verify mode. The programming control program in boot mode and the user program/erase control program in user program mode use these operating modes in combination to perform programming/erasing. Flash memory programming and erasing should be performed in accordance with the descriptions in section 6.8.1, Program/Program-Verify and section 6.8.2, Erase/Erase-Verify, respectively.

### 6.8.1 Program/Program-Verify

When writing data or programs to the flash memory, the program/program-verify flowchart shown in figure 6.10 should be followed. Performing programming operations according to this flowchart will enable data or programs to be written to the flash memory without subjecting the chip to voltage stress or sacrificing program data reliability.

1. Programming must be done to an empty address. Do not reprogram an address to which programming has already been performed.
2. Programming should be carried out 128 bytes at a time. A 128-byte data transfer must be performed even if writing fewer than 128 bytes. In this case, H'FF data must be written to the extra addresses.
3. Prepare the following data storage areas in RAM: A 128-byte programming data area, a 128-byte reprogramming data area, and a 128-byte additional-programming data area. Perform reprogramming data computation according to table 6.8, and additional programming data computation according to table 6.9.
4. Consecutively transfer 128 bytes of data in byte units from the reprogramming data area or additional-programming data area to the flash memory. The program address and 128-byte data are latched in the flash memory. The lower 8 bits of the start address in the flash memory destination area must be H'00 or H'80.
5. The time during which the P bit is set to 1 is the programming time. Table 6.10 shows the allowable programming times.
6. The watchdog timer (WDT) is set to prevent overprogramming due to program runaway, etc. An overflow cycle of approximately 6.6 ms is allowed.
7. For a dummy write to a verify address, write 1-byte data H'FF to an address whose lower one bit is B'0. Verify data can be read in word units from the address to which a dummy write was performed.

8. The maximum number of repetitions of the program/program-verify sequence of the same bit is 1,000.

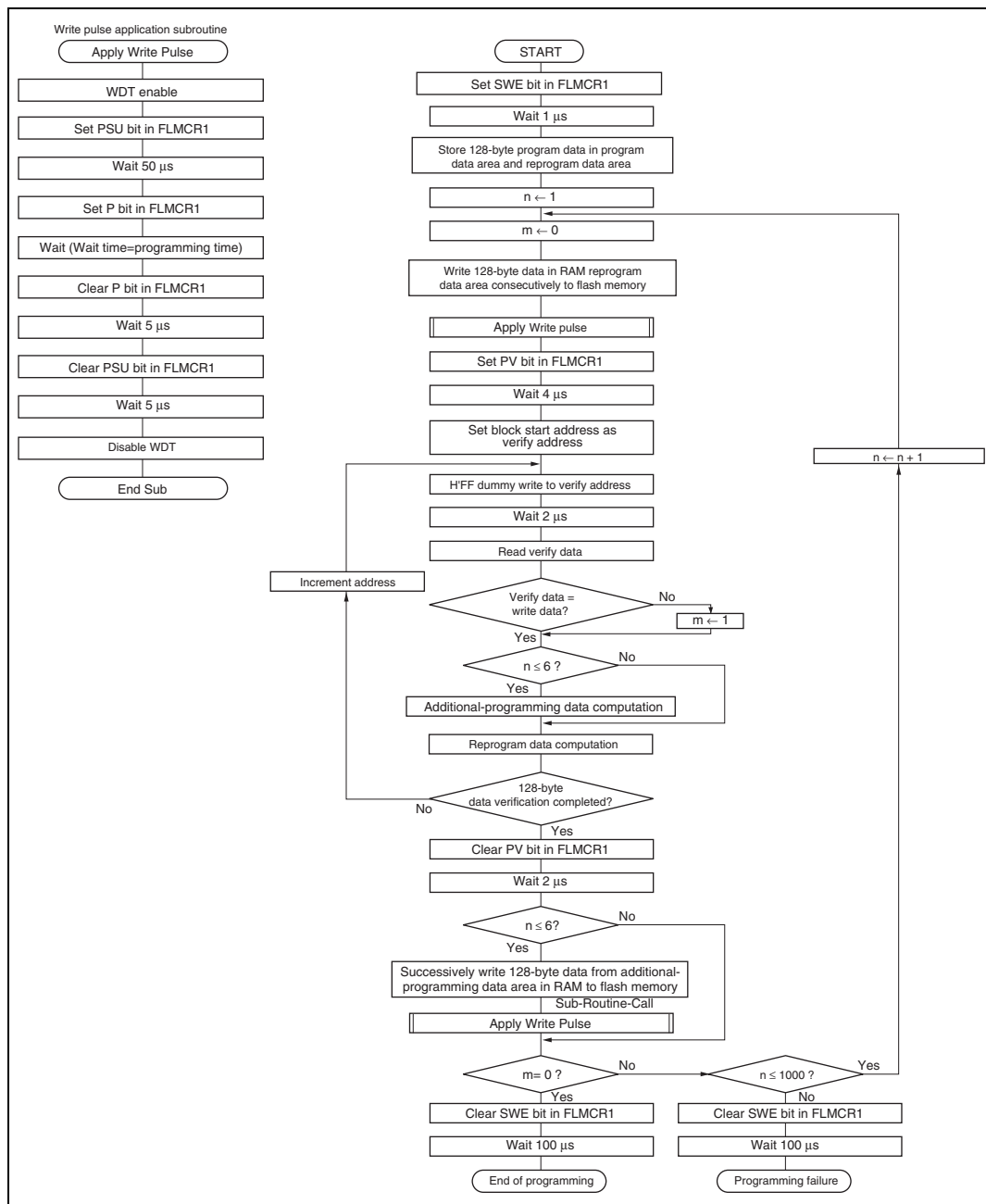


Figure 6.10 Program/Program-Verify Flowchart

**Table 6.8 Reprogram Data Computation Table**

| Program Data | Verify Data | Reprogram Data | Comments                |
|--------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| 0            | 0           | 1              | Programming completed   |
| 0            | 1           | 0              | Reprogram bit           |
| 1            | 0           | 1              | —                       |
| 1            | 1           | 1              | Remains in erased state |

**Table 6.9 Additional-Program Data Computation Table**

| Reprogram Data | Verify Data | Additional-Program Data | Comments                  |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0              | 0           | 0                       | Additional-program bit    |
| 0              | 1           | 1                       | No additional programming |
| 1              | 0           | 1                       | No additional programming |
| 1              | 1           | 1                       | No additional programming |

**Table 6.10 Programming Time**

| n<br>(Number of Writes) | Programming Time | In Additional Programming | Comments |
|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 1 to 6                  | 30               | 10                        |          |
| 7 to 1,000              | 200              | —                         |          |

Note: Time shown in  $\mu$ s.

### 6.8.2 Erase/Erase-Verify

When erasing flash memory, the erase/erase-verify flowchart shown in figure 6.11 should be followed.

1. Prewriting (setting erase block data to all 0s) is not necessary.
2. Erasing is performed in block units. Make only a single-bit specification in the erase block register (EBR). To erase multiple blocks, each block must be erased in turn.
3. The time during which the E bit is set to 1 is the flash memory erase time.
4. The watchdog timer (WDT) is set to prevent overerasing due to program runaway, etc. An overflow cycle of approximately 19.8 ms is allowed.
5. For a dummy write to a verify address, write 1-byte data H'FF to an address whose lower 1 bit is B'0. Verify data can be read in word units from the address to which a dummy write was performed.
6. If the read data is not erased successfully, set erase mode again, and repeat the erase/erase-verify sequence as before. The maximum number of repetitions of the erase/erase-verify sequence is 100.

### 6.8.3 Interrupt Handling when Programming/Erasing Flash Memory

All interrupts, including the NMI interrupt, are disabled while flash memory is being programmed or erased, or while the boot program is executing, for the following three reasons:

1. Interrupt during programming/erasing may cause a violation of the programming or erasing algorithm, with the result that normal operation cannot be assured.
2. If interrupt exception handling starts before the vector address is written or during programming/erasing, a correct vector cannot be fetched and the CPU malfunctions.
3. If an interrupt occurs during boot program execution, normal boot mode sequence cannot be carried out.

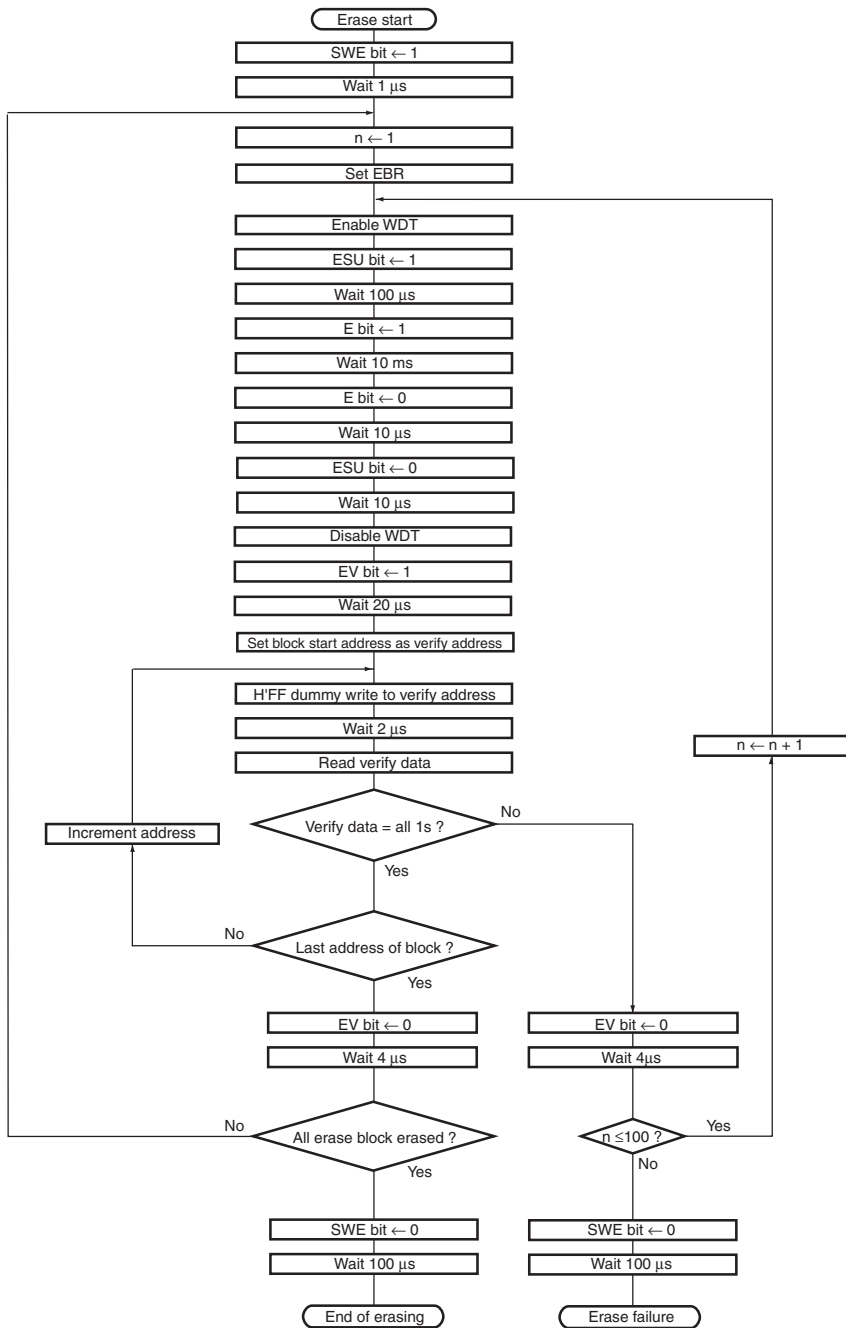


Figure 6.11 Erase/Erase-Verify Flowchart

## 6.9 Program/Erase Protection

There are three kinds of flash memory program/erase protection; hardware protection, software protection, and error protection.

### 6.9.1 Hardware Protection

Hardware protection refers to a state in which programming/erasing of flash memory is forcibly disabled or aborted because of a transition to reset, subactive mode, subsleep mode, watch mode, or standby mode. Flash memory control register 1 (FLMCR1), flash memory control register 2 (FLMCR2), and erase block register (EBR) are initialized. In a reset via the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin, the reset state is not entered unless the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is held low until oscillation stabilizes after powering on. In the case of a reset during operation, hold the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin low for the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pulse width specified in the AC Characteristics section.

### 6.9.2 Software Protection

Software protection can be implemented against programming/erasing of all flash memory blocks by clearing the SWE bit in FLMCR1. When software protection is in effect, setting the P or E bit in FLMCR1 does not cause a transition to program mode or erase mode. By setting the erase block register (EBR), erase protection can be set for individual blocks. When EBR is set to H'00, erase protection is set for all blocks.

### 6.9.3 Error Protection

In error protection, an error is detected when CPU runaway occurs during flash memory programming/erasing, or operation is not performed in accordance with the program/erase algorithm, and the program/erase operation is aborted. Aborting the program/erase operation prevents damage to the flash memory due to overprogramming or overerasing.

When the following errors are detected during programming/erasing of flash memory, the FLER bit in FLMCR2 is set to 1, and the error protection state is entered.

- When the flash memory of the relevant address area is read during programming/erasing (including vector read and instruction fetch)
- Immediately after exception handling excluding a reset during programming/erasing
- When a SLEEP instruction is executed during programming/erasing

The FLMCR1, FLMCR2, and EBR settings are retained, however program mode or erase mode is aborted at the point at which the error occurred. Program mode or erase mode cannot be re-entered

by re-setting the P or E bit. However, PV and EV bit setting is enabled, and a transition can be made to verify mode. Error protection can be cleared only by a power-on reset.

## 6.10 Programmer Mode

In programmer mode, a PROM programmer can be used to perform programming/erasing via a socket adapter, just as a discrete flash memory. Use a PROM programmer that supports the MCU device type with the on-chip Renesas Technology 64-kbyte flash memory (FZTAT64V3). A 10-MHz input clock is required. For the conditions for transition to programmer mode, see table 6.5.

### 6.10.1 Socket Adapter

The socket adapter converts the pin allocation of the HD64F38004, HD64F38002, HD64F38104, and HD64F38102 to that of the discrete flash memory HN28F101. The address of the on-chip flash memory is H'0000 to H'7FFF. Figure 6.12(1) shows a socket-adapter-pin correspondence diagram of the HD64F38004 and HD64F38002. Figure 6.12(2) shows a socket-adapter-pin correspondence of the HD64F38104 and HD64F38102.

### 6.10.2 Programmer Mode Commands

The following commands are supported in programmer mode.

- Memory Read Mode
- Auto-Program Mode
- Auto-Erase Mode
- Status Read Mode

Status polling is used for auto-programming, auto-erasing, and status read modes. In status read mode, detailed internal information is output after the execution of auto-programming or auto-erasing. Table 6.11 shows the sequence of each command. In auto-programming mode, 129 cycles are required since 128 bytes are written at the same time. In memory read mode, the number of cycles depends on the number of address write cycles (n).

**Table 6.11 Command Sequence in Programmer Mode**

| Command Name | Number of Cycles | 1st Cycle |         |      | 2nd Cycle |         |      |
|--------------|------------------|-----------|---------|------|-----------|---------|------|
|              |                  | Mode      | Address | Data | Mode      | Address | Data |
| Memory read  | 1 + n            | Write     | X       | H'00 | Read      | RA      | Dout |
| Auto-program | 129              | Write     | X       | H'40 | Write     | WA      | Din  |
| Auto-erase   | 2                | Write     | X       | H'20 | Write     | X       | H'20 |
| Status read  | 2                | Write     | X       | H'71 | Write     | X       | H'71 |

Legend: n: Number of address write cycles

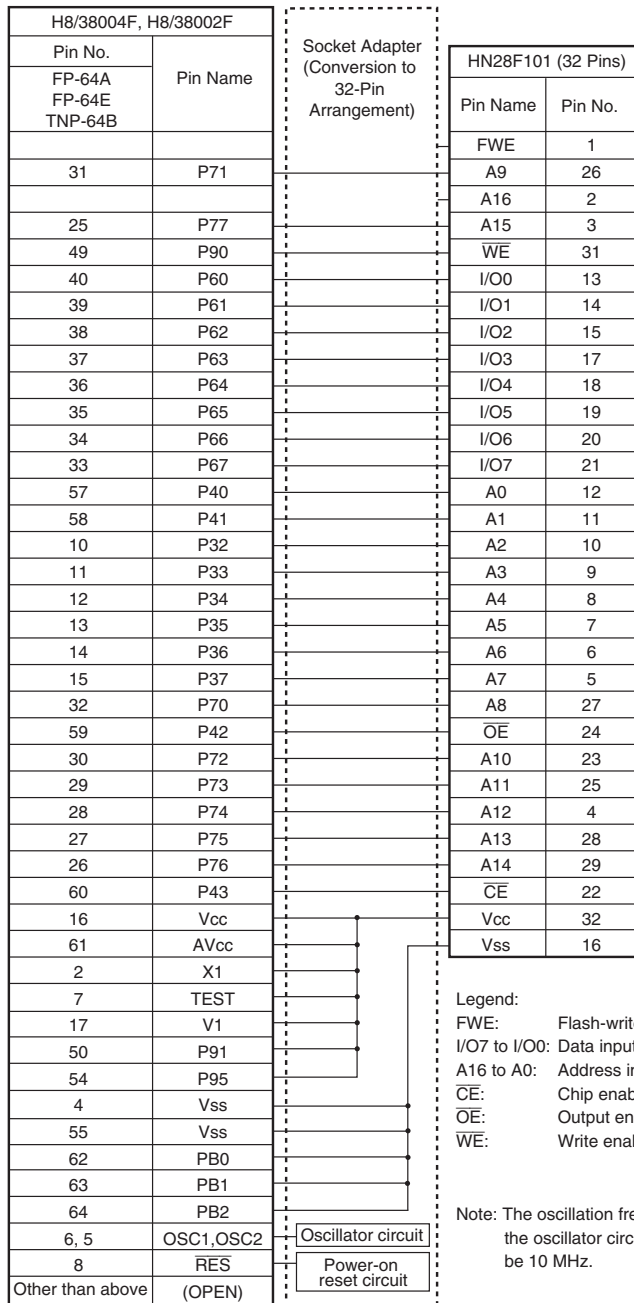


Figure 6.12(1) Socket Adapter Pin Correspondence Diagram (H8/38004F, H8/38002F)

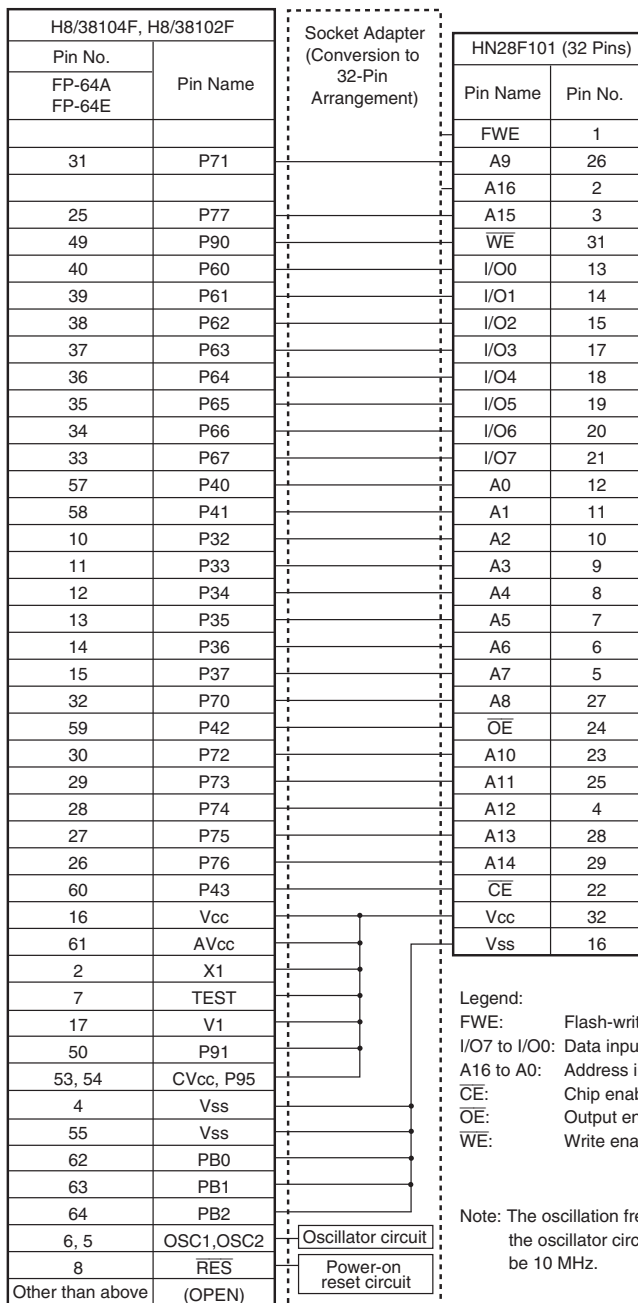


Figure 6.12(2) Socket Adapter Pin Correspondence Diagram (H8/38104F, H8/38102F)

### 6.10.3 Memory Read Mode

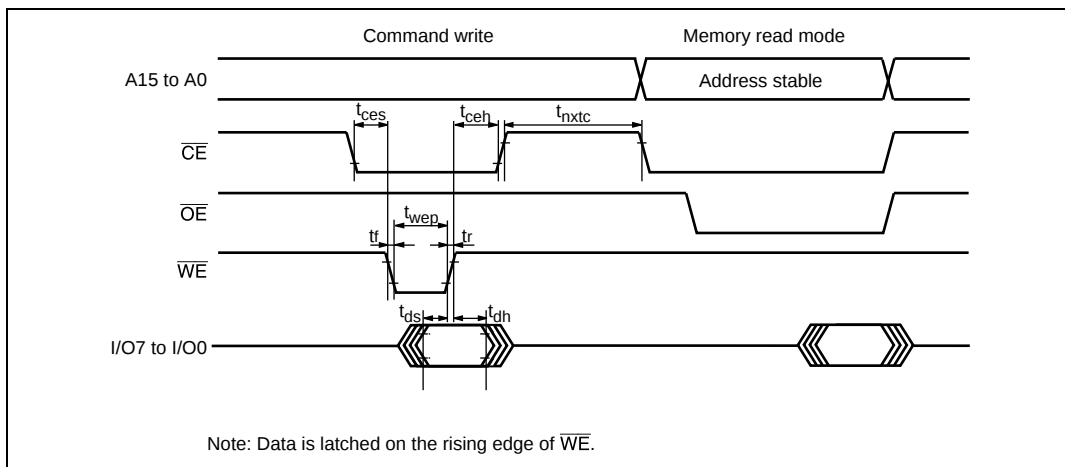
After completion of auto-program/auto-erase/status read operations, a transition is made to the command wait state. When reading memory contents, a transition to memory read mode must first be made with a command write, after which the memory contents are read. Once memory read mode has been entered, consecutive reads can be performed.

1. In memory read mode, command writes can be performed in the same way as in the command wait state.
2. After powering on, memory read mode is entered.
3. Tables 6.12 to 6.14 show the AC characteristics.

**Table 6.12 AC Characteristics in Transition to Memory Read Mode**

(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                              | Symbol     | Min | Max | Unit          | Test Condition |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|---------------|----------------|
| Command write cycle               | $t_{nxtc}$ | 20  | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figure 6.13    |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ hold time  | $t_{ceh}$  | 0   | —   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ setup time | $t_{ces}$  | 0   | —   | ns            |                |
| Data hold time                    | $t_{dh}$   | 50  | —   | ns            |                |
| Data setup time                   | $t_{ds}$   | 50  | —   | ns            |                |
| Write pulse width                 | $t_{wep}$  | 70  | —   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$ rise time  | $t_r$      | —   | 30  | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$ fall time  | $t_f$      | —   | 30  | ns            |                |

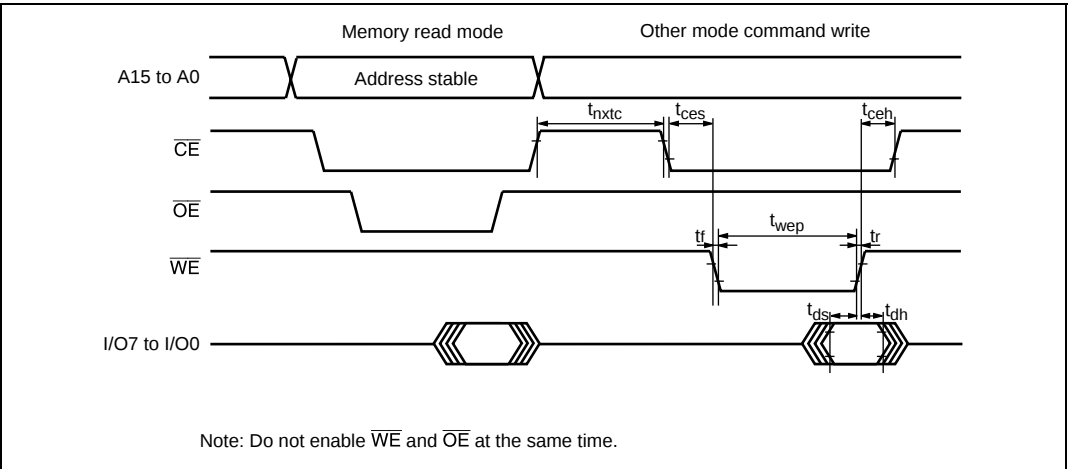


**Figure 6.13 Timing Waveforms for Memory Read after Command Write**

**Table 6.13 AC Characteristics in Transition from Memory Read Mode to Another Mode**

(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                       | Symbol     | Min | Max | Unit          | Test Condition |
|----------------------------|------------|-----|-----|---------------|----------------|
| Command write cycle        | $t_{nxtc}$ | 20  | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figure 6.14    |
| $\overline{CE}$ hold time  | $t_{ceh}$  | 0   | —   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{CE}$ setup time | $t_{ces}$  | 0   | —   | ns            |                |
| Data hold time             | $t_{dh}$   | 50  | —   | ns            |                |
| Data setup time            | $t_{ds}$   | 50  | —   | ns            |                |
| Write pulse width          | $t_{wep}$  | 70  | —   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{WE}$ rise time  | $t_r$      | —   | 30  | ns            |                |
| $\overline{WE}$ fall time  | $t_f$      | —   | 30  | ns            |                |

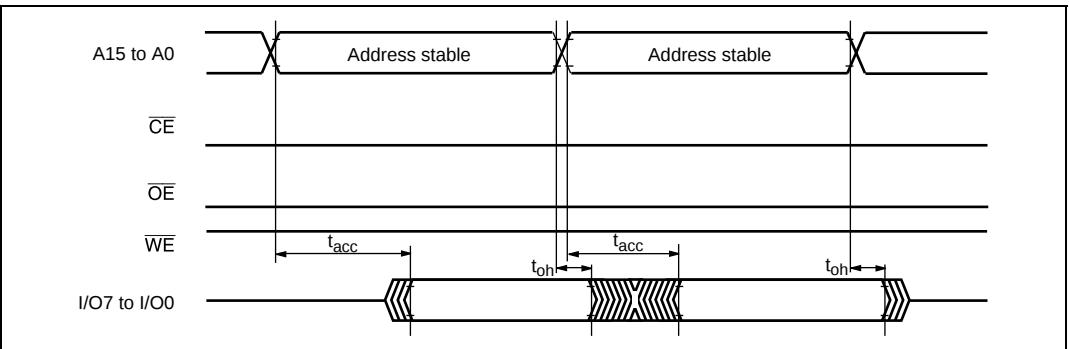


**Figure 6.14** Timing Waveforms in Transition from Memory Read Mode to Another Mode

**Table 6.14** AC Characteristics in Memory Read Mode

(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                              | Symbol    | Min | Max | Unit          | Test Condition        |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------------------|
| Access time                       | $t_{acc}$ | —   | 20  | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figures 6.15 and 6.16 |
| $\overline{CE}$ output delay time | $t_{ce}$  | —   | 150 | ns            |                       |
| $\overline{OE}$ output delay time | $t_{oe}$  | —   | 150 | ns            |                       |
| Output disable delay time         | $t_{df}$  | —   | 100 | ns            |                       |
| Data output hold time             | $t_{oh}$  | 5   | —   | ns            |                       |



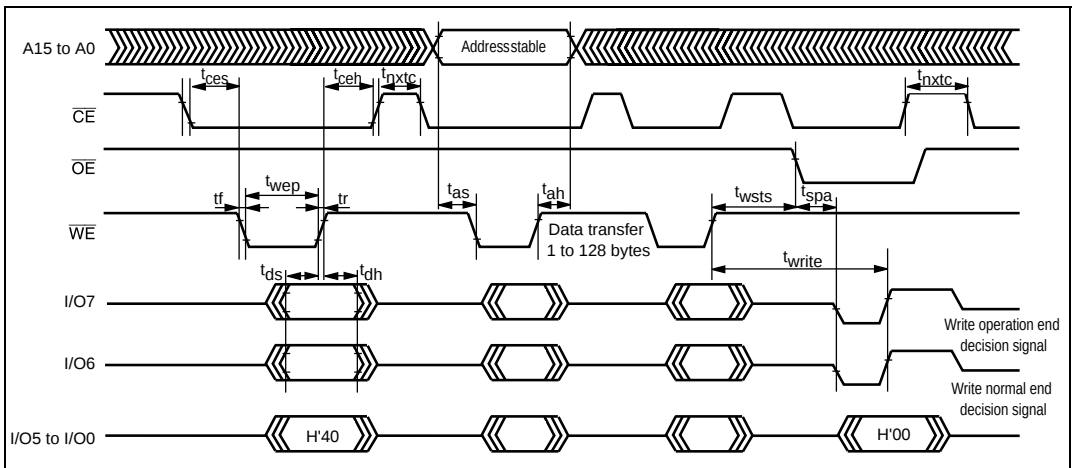
**Figure 6.15** Timing Waveforms in  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  Enable State Read

#### 6.10.4 Auto-Program Mode

1. When reprogramming previously programmed addresses, perform auto-erasing before auto-programming.
2. Perform auto-programming once only on the same address block. It is not possible to program an address block that has already been programmed.
3. In auto-program mode, 128 bytes are programmed simultaneously. This should be carried out by executing 128 consecutive byte transfers. A 128-byte data transfer is necessary even when programming fewer than 128 bytes. In this case, H'FF data must be written to the extra addresses.
4. The lower 7 bits of the transfer address must be low. If a value other than an effective address is input, processing will switch to a memory write operation but a write error will be flagged.
5. Memory address transfer is performed in the second cycle (figure 6.17). Do not perform transfer after the third cycle.
6. Do not perform a command write during a programming operation.
7. Perform one auto-program operation for a 128-byte block for each address. Two or more additional programming operations cannot be performed on a previously programmed address block.
8. Confirm normal end of auto-programming by checking I/O6. Alternatively, status read mode can also be used for this purpose (I/O7 status polling uses the auto-program operation end decision pin).
9. Status polling I/O6 and I/O7 pin information is retained until the next command write. As long as the next command write has not been performed, reading is possible by enabling  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$ .
10. Table 6.15 shows the AC characteristics.

**Table 6.15 AC Characteristics in Auto-Program Mode**(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                              | Symbol      | Min | Max  | Unit          | Test Condition |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----|------|---------------|----------------|
| Command write cycle               | $t_{nxtc}$  | 20  | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figure 6.17    |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ hold time  | $t_{ceh}$   | 0   | —    | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ setup time | $t_{ces}$   | 0   | —    | ns            |                |
| Data hold time                    | $t_{dh}$    | 50  | —    | ns            |                |
| Data setup time                   | $t_{ds}$    | 50  | —    | ns            |                |
| Write pulse width                 | $t_{wep}$   | 70  | —    | ns            |                |
| Status polling start time         | $t_{wsts}$  | 1   | —    | ms            |                |
| Status polling access time        | $t_{spa}$   | —   | 150  | ns            |                |
| Address setup time                | $t_{as}$    | 0   | —    | ns            |                |
| Address hold time                 | $t_{ah}$    | 60  | —    | ns            |                |
| Memory write time                 | $t_{write}$ | 1   | 3000 | ms            |                |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$ rise time  | $t_r$       | —   | 30   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$ fall time  | $t_f$       | —   | 30   | ns            |                |

**Figure 6.17 Timing Waveforms in Auto-Program Mode**

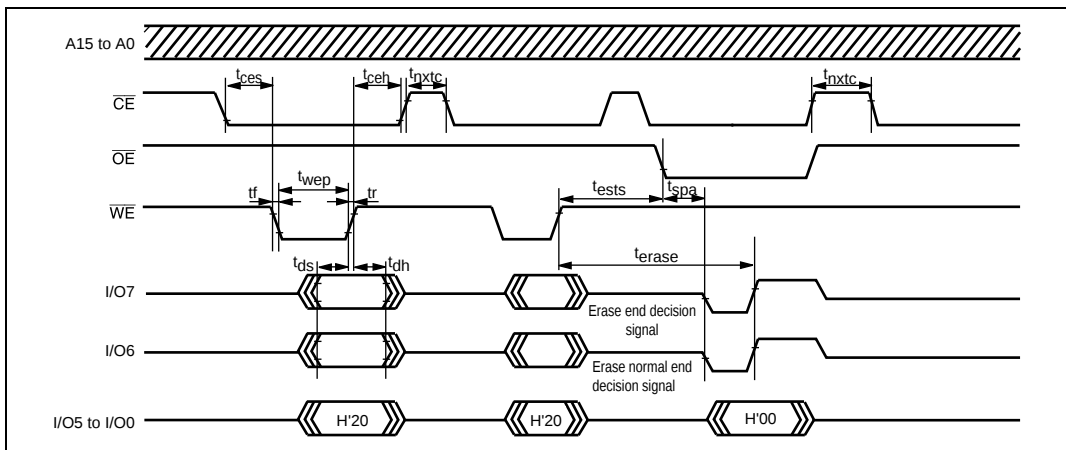
### 6.10.5 Auto-Erase Mode

1. Auto-erase mode supports only entire memory erasing.
2. Do not perform a command write during auto-erasing.
3. Confirm normal end of auto-erasing by checking I/O6. Alternatively, status read mode can also be used for this purpose (I/O7 status polling uses the auto-erase operation end decision pin).
4. Status polling I/O6 and I/O7 pin information is retained until the next command write. As long as the next command write has not been performed, reading is possible by enabling  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$ .
5. Table 6.16 shows the AC characteristics.

**Table 6.16 AC Characteristics in Auto-Erase Mode**

(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                              | Symbol             | Min | Max   | Unit          | Test Condition |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----|-------|---------------|----------------|
| Command write cycle               | $t_{\text{nxtc}}$  | 20  | —     | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figure 6.18    |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ hold time  | $t_{\text{ceh}}$   | 0   | —     | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ setup time | $t_{\text{ces}}$   | 0   | —     | ns            |                |
| Data hold time                    | $t_{\text{dh}}$    | 50  | —     | ns            |                |
| Data setup time                   | $t_{\text{ds}}$    | 50  | —     | ns            |                |
| Write pulse width                 | $t_{\text{wep}}$   | 70  | —     | ns            |                |
| Status polling start time         | $t_{\text{ests}}$  | 1   | —     | ms            |                |
| Status polling access time        | $t_{\text{spa}}$   | —   | 150   | ns            |                |
| Memory erase time                 | $t_{\text{erase}}$ | 100 | 40000 | ms            |                |
| WE rise time                      | $t_r$              | —   | 30    | ns            |                |
| WE fall time                      | $t_f$              | —   | 30    | ns            |                |



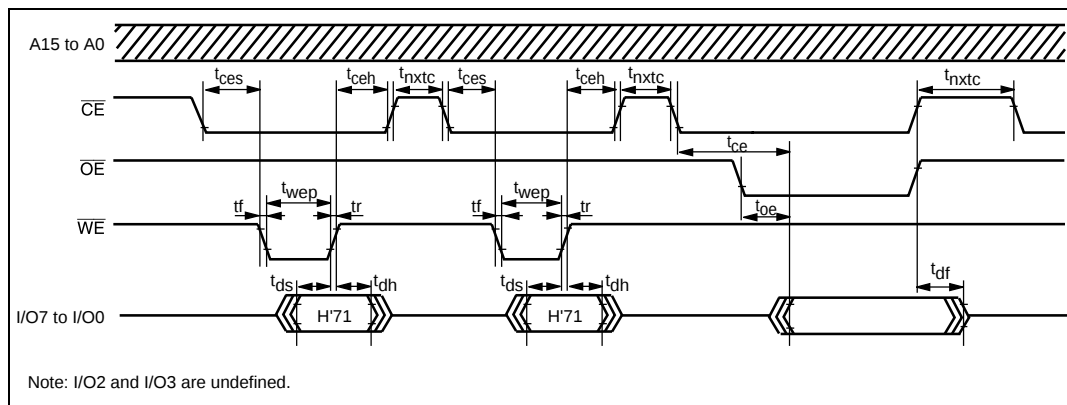
**Figure 6.18 Timing Waveforms in Auto-Erase Mode**

### 6.10.6 Status Read Mode

1. Status read mode is provided to identify the kind of abnormal end. Use this mode when an abnormal end occurs in auto-program mode or auto-erase mode.
2. The return code is retained until a command write other than command write in status read mode is executed.
3. Table 6.17 shows the AC characteristics and table 6.18 shows the return codes.

**Table 6.17 AC Characteristics in Status Read Mode**(Conditions:  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Item                                     | Symbol     | Min | Max | Unit          | Test Condition |
|------------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|---------------|----------------|
| Read time after command write            | $t_{nxtc}$ | 20  | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ | Figure 6.19    |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ hold time         | $t_{ceh}$  | 0   | —   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ setup time        | $t_{ces}$  | 0   | —   | ns            |                |
| Data hold time                           | $t_{dh}$   | 50  | —   | ns            |                |
| Data setup time                          | $t_{ds}$   | 50  | —   | ns            |                |
| Write pulse width                        | $t_{wep}$  | 70  | —   | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{OE}}$ output delay time | $t_{oe}$   | —   | 150 | ns            |                |
| Disable delay time                       | $t_{df}$   | —   | 100 | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ output delay time | $t_{ce}$   | —   | 150 | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$ rise time         | $t_r$      | —   | 30  | ns            |                |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$ fall time         | $t_f$      | —   | 30  | ns            |                |

**Figure 6.19 Timing Waveforms in Status Read Mode**

**Table 6.18 Return Codes in Status Read Mode**

| Pin Name | Initial Value | Description                                            |
|----------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| I/O7     | 0             | 1: Abnormal end<br>0: Normal end                       |
| I/O6     | 0             | 1: Command error<br>0: Otherwise                       |
| I/O5     | 0             | 1: Programming error<br>0: Otherwise                   |
| I/O4     | 0             | 1: Erasing error<br>0: Otherwise                       |
| I/O3     | 0             | Undefined                                              |
| I/O2     | 0             | Undefined                                              |
| I/O1     | 0             | 1: Over counting of writing or erasing<br>0: Otherwise |
| I/O0     | 0             | 1: Effective address error<br>0: Otherwise             |

### 6.10.7 Status Polling

1. The I/O7 status polling flag indicates the operating status in auto-program/auto-erase mode.
2. The I/O6 status polling flag indicates a normal or abnormal end in auto-program/auto-erase mode.

**Table 6.19 Status Polling Output**

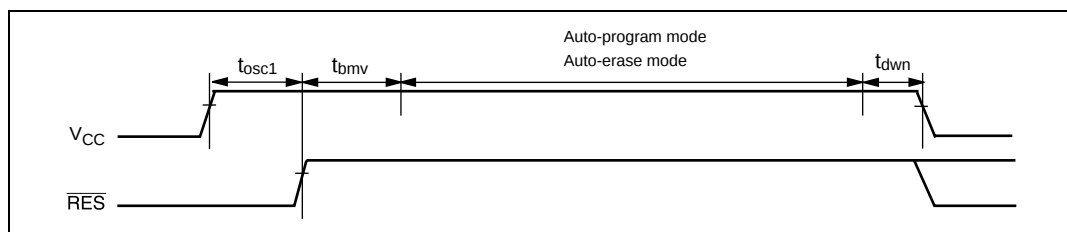
| I/O7 | I/O6 | I/O0 to I/O5 | Status                    |
|------|------|--------------|---------------------------|
| 0    | 0    | 0            | During internal operation |
| 1    | 0    | 0            | Abnormal end              |
| 1    | 1    | 0            | Normal end                |
| 0    | 1    | 0            | —                         |

### 6.10.8 Programmer Mode Transition Time

Commands cannot be accepted during the oscillation stabilization period or the programmer mode setup period. After the programmer mode setup time, a transition is made to memory read mode.

**Table 6.20 Stipulated Transition Times to Command Wait State**

| Item                                               | Symbol     | Min | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|------|----------------|
| Oscillation stabilization time (crystal resonator) | $t_{osc1}$ | 10  | —   | ms   | Figure 6.20    |
| Oscillation stabilization time (ceramic resonator) |            | 5   | —   | ms   |                |
| Programmer mode setup time                         | $t_{bmV}$  | 10  | —   | ms   |                |
| $V_{CC}$ hold time                                 | $t_{dwn}$  | 0   | —   | ms   |                |



**Figure 6.20 Oscillation Stabilization Time, Boot Program Transfer Time, and Power-Down Sequence**

### 6.10.9 Notes on Memory Programming

1. When performing programming using programmer mode on a chip that has been programmed/erased in on-board programming mode, auto-erasing is recommended before carrying out auto-programming.
2. The flash memory is initially in the erased state when the device is shipped by Renesas. For other chips for which the erasure history is unknown, it is recommended that auto-erasing be executed to check and supplement the initialization (erase) level.

## 6.11 Power-Down States for Flash Memory

In user mode, the flash memory will operate in either of the following states:

- Normal operating mode  
The flash memory can be read and written to at high speed.
- Power-down operating mode  
The power supply circuit of flash memory can be partly halted. As a result, flash memory can be read with low power consumption.
- Standby mode  
All flash memory circuits are halted.

Table 6.21 shows the correspondence between the operating modes of this LSI and the flash memory. In subactive mode, the flash memory can be set to operate in power-down mode with the PDWND bit in FLPWCR. When the flash memory returns to its normal operating state from power-down mode or standby mode, a period to stabilize operation of the power supply circuits that were stopped is needed. When the flash memory returns to its normal operating state, bits STS2 to STS0 in SYSCR1 must be set to provide a wait time of at least 20  $\mu$ s, even when the external clock is being used.

**Table 6.21 Flash Memory Operating States**

| LSI Operating State | Flash Memory Operating State |                       |
|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                     | PDWND = 0 (Initial value)    | PDWND = 1             |
| Active mode         | Normal operating mode        | Normal operating mode |
| Subactive mode      | Power-down mode              | Normal operating mode |
| Sleep mode          | Normal operating mode        | Normal operating mode |
| Subsleep mode       | Standby mode                 | Standby mode          |
| Standby mode        | Standby mode                 | Standby mode          |
| Watch mode          | Standby mode                 | Standby mode          |

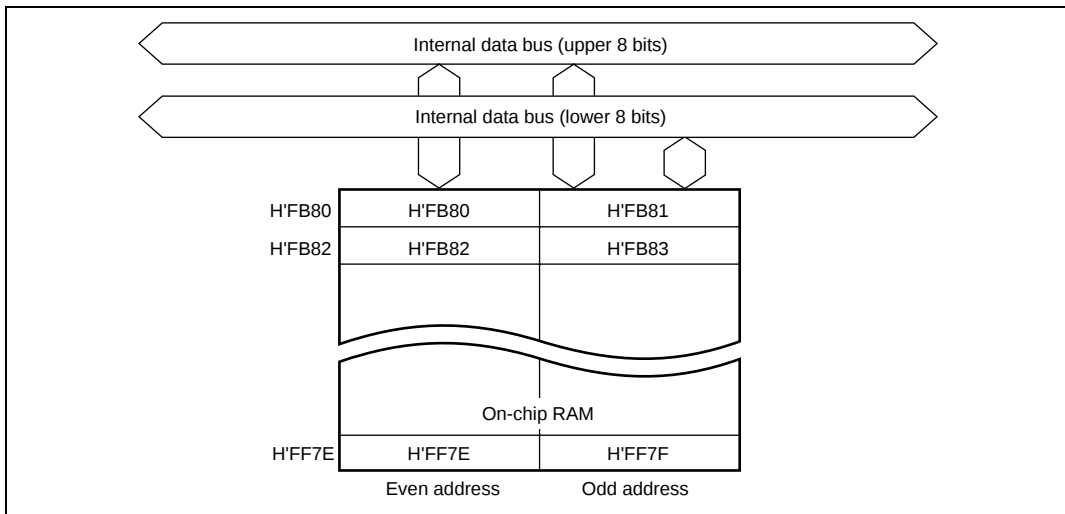
## Section 7 RAM

This LSI has an on-chip high-speed static RAM. The RAM is connected to the CPU by a 16-bit data bus, enabling two-state access by the CPU to both byte data and word data.

| Product Classification |           | RAM Size  | RAM Address      |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| Flash memory version   | H8/38004  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38002  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38104  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38102  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
| PROM version           | H8/3802   | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
| Mask ROM version       | H8/3802   | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/3801   | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/3800   | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38004  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38003  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38002  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38001  | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38000  | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38002S | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38001S | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38000S | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38104  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38103  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38102  | 1 kbyte   | H'FB80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38101  | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |
|                        | H8/38100  | 512 bytes | H'FD80 to H'FF7F |

## 7.1 Block Diagram

Figure 7.1 shows a block diagram of the on-chip RAM.



**Figure 7.1 Block Diagram of RAM (H8/3802)**

## Section 8 I/O Ports

This LSI is provided with three 8-bit I/O ports, one 7-bit I/O port, one 4-bit I/O port, one 3-bit I/O port, one 1-bit I/O port, one 4-bit input-only port, one 1-bit input-only port, and one 6-bit output-only port.

Each port is configured by the port control register (PCR) that controls input and output, and the port data register (PDR) that stores output data. Input or output can be assigned to individual bits. Ports 5, 6, 7, 8, and A are also used as liquid crystal display segment and common pins, selectable in 4-bit units.

See section 2.9.4, Bit Manipulation Instructions, for information on executing bit-manipulation instructions to write data in PCR or PDR. Block diagrams of each port are given in Appendix B, I/O Port Block Diagrams. Table 8.1 lists the functions of each port.

**Table 8.1 Port Functions**

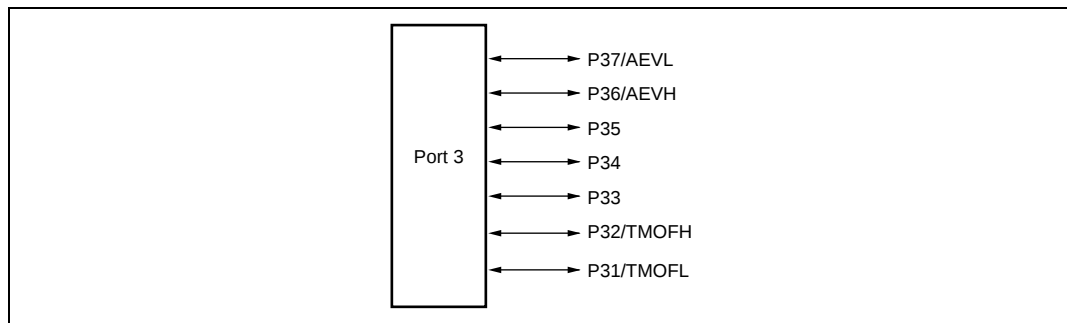
| Port   | Description                                                                                                                                 | Pins                                               | Other Functions                                                                                      | Function Switching Registers |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Port 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7-bit I/O port</li> <li>Input pull-up MOS option</li> <li>Large-current port<sup>*1</sup></li> </ul> | P37/AEVL<br>P36/AEVH<br>P35<br>P34<br>P33          | Asynchronous event counter event inputs AEVL, AEVH                                                   | PMR3                         |
|        |                                                                                                                                             | P32/TMOFH<br>P31/TMOFL                             | Timer F output compare output                                                                        | PMR3                         |
| Port 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1-bit input-only port</li> <li>3-bit I/O port</li> </ul>                                             | P43/IRQ0                                           | External interrupt 0                                                                                 | PMR2                         |
|        |                                                                                                                                             | P42/TXD32<br>P41/RXD32<br>P40/SCK32                | SCI3 data output (TXD32), data input (RXD32), clock input/output (SCK32)                             | SCR3<br>SMR                  |
| Port 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8-bit I/O port</li> <li>Input pull-up MOS option</li> </ul>                                          | P57 to P50/<br>WKP7 to<br>WKP0/<br>SEG8 to<br>SEG1 | Wakeup input ( $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$ to $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ ), segment output (SEG8 to SEG1) | PMR5<br>LPCR                 |
| Port 6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8-bit I/O port</li> <li>Input pull-up MOS option</li> </ul>                                          | P67 to P60/<br>SEG16 to<br>SEG9                    | Segment output (SEG16 to SEG9)                                                                       | LPCR                         |
| Port 7 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8-bit I/O port</li> </ul>                                                                            | P77 to P70/<br>SEG24 to<br>SEG17                   | Segment output (SEG24 to SEG17)                                                                      | LPCR                         |

| Port   | Description                                                                  | Pins                                             | Other Functions                                                  | Function Switching Registers |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Port 8 | • 1-bit I/O port                                                             | P80/SEG25                                        | Segment output (SEG25)                                           | LPCR                         |
| Port 9 | • 6-bit output-only port<br>• High-voltage, large-current port <sup>*2</sup> | P95 to P92<br>(P95, P92, P93/Vref) <sup>*3</sup> | None<br>(LVD reference voltage external input pin) <sup>*3</sup> | (LVDSR) <sup>*3</sup>        |
|        |                                                                              | P91, P90/<br>PWM2, PWM1                          | 10-bit PWM output                                                | PMR9                         |
|        | • High-voltage, input port <sup>*4</sup>                                     | IRQAEC                                           | None                                                             |                              |
| Port A | • 4-bit I/O port                                                             | PA3 to PA0/<br>COM4 to COM1                      | Common output (COM4 to COM1)                                     | LPCR                         |
| Port B | • 4-bit input-only port                                                      | PB3/AN3/<br>IRQ1                                 | A/D converter analog input<br>External interrupt 1               | AMR<br>PMRB                  |
|        |                                                                              | PB2/AN2                                          | A/D converter analog input                                       | AMR                          |
|        |                                                                              | PB1/AN1/<br>(extU) <sup>*5</sup>                 | A/D converter analog input<br>(LVD detection voltage             | AMR<br>(LVDCR) <sup>*5</sup> |
|        |                                                                              | PB0/AN0/<br>(extD) <sup>*5</sup>                 | external input pin) <sup>*5</sup>                                |                              |

- Notes:
1. Implemented on H8/3802 Group and H8/38104 Group only.
  2. Implemented on H8/3802 Group only. Standard high-voltage port on H8/38104 Group, H8/38002S Group and H8/38004 Group.
  3. Implemented on H8/38104 Group only. Pin 94 does not function on H8/38104 Group.
  4. Implemented on H8/3802 Group only. Input port on H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group and H8/38104 Group.
  5. Implemented on H8/38104 Group only.

## 8.1 Port 3

Port 3 is an I/O port also functioning as an asynchronous event counter input pin and timer F output pin. Figure 8.1 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.1 Port 3 Pin Configuration**

Port 3 has the following registers.

- Port data register 3 (PDR3)
- Port control register 3 (PCR3)
- Port pull-up control register 3 (PUCR3)
- Port mode register 3 (PMR3)
- Port mode register 2 (PMR2)

### 8.1.1 Port Data Register 3 (PDR3)

PDR3 is a register that stores data of port 3.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | P37      | 0             | R/W | If port 3 is read while PCR3 bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDR3 are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port 3 is read while PCR3 bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |
| 6   | P36      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | P35      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4   | P34      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3   | P33      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | P32      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1   | P31      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0   | —        | —             | —   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                              |

### 8.1.2 Port Control Register 3 (PCR3)

PCR3 controls whether each of the port 3 pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PCR37    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCR3 bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCR3 and in PDR3 are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated in PMR3 as a general I/O pin. |
| 6   | PCR36    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 5   | PCR35    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 4   | PCR34    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 3   | PCR33    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 2   | PCR32    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1   | PCR31    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 0   | —        | —             | W   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|     |          |               |     | The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

### 8.1.3 Port Pull-Up Control Register 3 (PUCR3)

PUCR3 controls whether the pull-up MOS of each of the port 3 pins is on or off.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PUCR37   | 0             | R/W | When a PCR3 bit is cleared to 0, setting the corresponding PUCR3 bit to 1 turns on the pull-up MOS for the corresponding pin, while clearing the bit to 0 turns off the pull-up MOS. |
| 6   | PUCR36   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 5   | PUCR35   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4   | PUCR34   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 3   | PUCR33   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2   | PUCR32   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1   | PUCR31   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0   | —        | —             | W   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                             |
|     |          |               |     | The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                  |

### 8.1.4 Port Mode Register 3 (PMR3)

PMR3 controls the selection of pin functions for port 3 pins.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | AEVL     | 0             | R/W | <p>P37/AEVL Pin Function Switch</p> <p>This bit selects whether pin P37/AEVL is used as P37 or as AEVL.</p> <p>0: P37 I/O pin</p> <p>1: AEVL input pin</p>      |
| 6      | AEVH     | 0             | R/W | <p>P36/AEVH Pin Function Switch</p> <p>This bit selects whether pin P36/AEVH is used as P36 or as AEVH.</p> <p>0: P36 I/O pin</p> <p>1: AEVH input pin</p>      |
| 5 to 3 | —        | —             | W   | <p>Reserved</p> <p>The write value should always be 0.</p>                                                                                                      |
| 2      | TMOFH    | 0             | R/W | <p>P32/TMOFH Pin Function Switch</p> <p>This bit selects whether pin P32/TMOFH is used as P32 or as TMOFH.</p> <p>0: P32 I/O pin</p> <p>1: TMOFH output pin</p> |
| 1      | TMOFL    | 0             | R/W | <p>P31/TMOFL Pin Function Switch</p> <p>This bit selects whether pin P31/TMOFL is used as P31 or as TMOFL.</p> <p>0: P31 I/O pin</p> <p>1: TMOFL output pin</p> |
| 0      | —        | —             | W   | <p>Reserved</p> <p>The write value should always be 0.</p>                                                                                                      |

### 8.1.5 Port Mode Register 2 (PMR2)

PMR2 controls the PMOS on/off state for the P35 pin, selects a pin function for the P43/ $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$  pin, and selects a clock of the watchdog timer.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7, 6 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 5    | POF1     | 0             | R/W | P35 Pin PMOS Control<br>This bit controls the on/off state of the PMOS of the P35 pin output buffer.<br>0: CMOS output<br>1: NMOS open-drain output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4, 3 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 2    | WDCKS    | 0             | R/W | Watchdog Timer Source Clock Select<br>This bit selects the input clock for the watchdog timer.<br>Note that this bit is implemented differently on the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group and on H8/38104 Group.<br>H8/38004, H8/38002S Group:<br>0: $\phi/8, 192$<br>1: $\phi_w/32$<br>H8/38104 Group: 0: Clock specified by timer mode register W (TMW)*<br>1: $\phi_w/32$<br>Note: This bit is reserved and only 0 can be written in the H8/3802 Group. |
| 1    | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 0    | IRQ0     | 0             | R/W | P43/ $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ Pin Function Switch<br>This bit selects whether pin P43/ $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ is used as P43 or as $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ .<br>0: P43 input pin<br>1: $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ input pin                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

Note: \* See section 9.5, Watchdog Timer, for details.

### 8.1.6 Pin Functions

The port 3 pin functions are shown below.

- P37/AEVL pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit AEVL in PMR3 and bit PCR37 in PCR3.

|              |               |                |                |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| AEVL         | 0             |                | 1              |
| PCR37        | 0             | 1              | *              |
| Pin Function | P37 input pin | P37 output pin | AEVL input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P36/AEVH pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit AEVH in PMR3 and bit PCR36 in PCR3.

|              |               |                |                |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| AEVH         | 0             |                | 1              |
| PCR36        | 0             | 1              | *              |
| Pin Function | P36 input pin | P36 output pin | AEVH input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P35 to P33 pins

The pin function depends on the corresponding bit in PCR3.

(n = 5 to 3)

|              |               |                |   |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|---|
| PCR3n        | 0             |                | 1 |
| Pin Function | P3n input pin | P3n output pin |   |

- P32/TMOFH pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit TMOFH in PMR3 and bit PCR32 in PCR3.

|              |               |                |                  |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| TMOFH        | 0             |                | 1                |
| PCR32        | 0             | 1              | *                |
| Pin Function | P32 input pin | P32 output pin | TMOFH output pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P31/TMOFL pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit TMOFL in PMR3 and bit PCR31 in PCR3.

| TMOFL        | 0             |                | 1                |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| PCR31        | 0             | 1              | *                |
| Pin Function | P31 input pin | P31 output pin | TMOFL output pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

### 8.1.7 Input Pull-Up MOS

Port 3 has an on-chip input pull-up MOS function that can be controlled by software. When the PCR3 bit is cleared to 0, setting the corresponding PUCR3 bit to 1 turns on the input pull-up MOS for that pin. The input pull-up MOS function is in the off state after a reset.

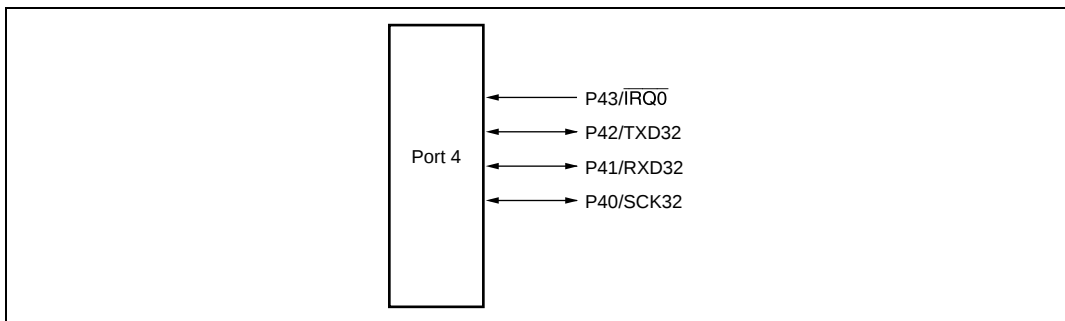
(n = 7 to 1)

| PCR3n             | 0   |    | 1   |
|-------------------|-----|----|-----|
| PUCR3n            | 0   | 1  | *   |
| Input Pull-Up MOS | Off | On | Off |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

## 8.2 Port 4

Port 4 is an I/O port also functioning as an interrupt input pin and SCI I/O pin. Figure 8.2 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.2 Port 4 Pin Configuration**

Port 4 has the following registers.

- Port data register 4 (PDR4)
- Port control register 4 (PCR4)
- Serial port control register (SPCR)

### 8.2.1 Port Data Register 4 (PDR4)

PDR4 is a register that stores data of port 4.

| Bit                              | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4                           | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| These bits are always read as 1. |          |               |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3                                | P43      | 1             | R   | If port 4 is read while PCR4 bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDR4 are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port 4 is read while PCR4 bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |
| 2                                | P42      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1                                | P41      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0                                | P40      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

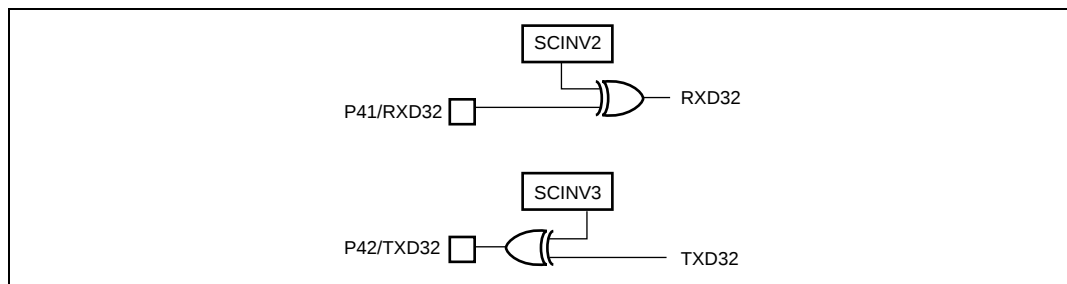
### 8.2.2 Port Control Register 4 (PCR4)

PCR4 controls whether each of the port 4 pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 3 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2      | PCR42    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCR4 bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCR4 and in PDR4 are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated in SCR3 and SCR2 as a general I/O pin.<br><br>PCR4 is a write-only register. Bits 2 to 0 are always read as 1. |
| 1      | PCR41    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 0      | PCR40    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### 8.2.3 Serial Port Control Register (SPCR)

SPCR performs input/output data inversion switching of the RXD32 and TXD32 pins. Figure 8.3 shows the configuration.



**Figure 8.3 Input/Output Data Inversion Function**

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7, 6 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                             |
| 5    | SPC32    | 0             | R/W | P42/TXD32 Pin Function Switch<br>This bit selects whether pin P42/TXD32 is used as P42 or as TXD32.<br>0: P42 I/O pin<br>1: TXD32 output pin*<br>Note: * Set the TE bit in SCR3 after setting this bit to 1.    |
| 4    | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 3    | SCINV3   | 0             | R/W | TXD32 Pin Output Data Inversion Switch<br>This bit selects whether or not the logic level of the TXD32 pin output data is inverted.<br>0: TXD32 output data is not inverted<br>1: TXD32 output data is inverted |
| 2    | SCINV2   | 0             | R/W | RXD32 Pin Input Data Inversion Switch<br>This bit selects whether or not the logic level of the RXD32 pin input data is inverted.<br>0: RXD32 input data is not inverted<br>1: RXD32 input data is inverted     |
| 1, 0 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                 |

**Note:** When the serial port control register is modified, the data being input or output up to that point is inverted immediately after the modification, and an invalid data change is input or output. When modifying the serial port control register, modification must be made in a state in which data changes are invalidated.

### 8.2.4 Pin Functions

The port 4 pin functions are shown below.

- P43/ $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$  pin

The pin function depends on the IRQ0 bit in PMR2.

|              |               |                                    |
|--------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| IRQ0         | 0             | 1                                  |
| Pin Function | P43 input pin | $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ input pin |

- P42/TXD32 pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit TE in SCR3, bit SPC32 in SPCR, and bit PCR42 in PCR4.

|              |               |                |                  |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| SPC32        | 0             |                | 1                |
| TE           | 0             |                | 1                |
| PCR42        | 0             | 1              | *                |
| Pin Function | P42 input pin | P42 output pin | TXD32 output pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P41/RXD32 pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit RE in SCR3 and bit PCR41 in PCR4.

|              |               |                |                 |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| RE           | 0             |                | 1               |
| PCR41        | 0             | 1              | *               |
| Pin Function | P41 input pin | P41 output pin | RXD32 input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P40/SCK32 pin

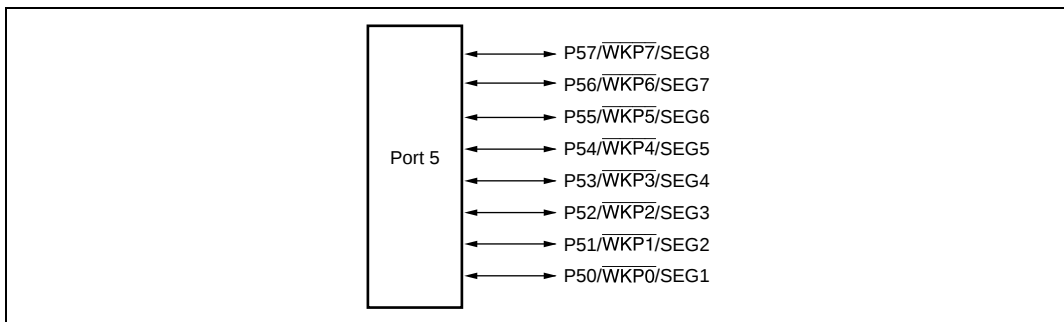
The pin function depends on the combination of bits CKE1 and CKE0 in SCR3, bit COM in SMR, and bit PCR40 in PCR4.

| CKE1         | 0             |                |                  | 1               |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| CKE0         | 0             |                | 1                | *               |
| COM          | 0             |                | 1                | *               |
| PCR40        | 0             | 1              | *                | *               |
| Pin Function | P40 input pin | P40 output pin | SCK32 output pin | SCK32 input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

### 8.3 Port 5

Port 5 is an I/O port also functioning as a wakeup interrupt request input pin and LCD segment output pin. Figure 8.4 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.4 Port 5 Pin Configuration**

Port 5 has the following registers.

- Port data register 5 (PDR5)
- Port control register 5 (PCR5)
- Port pull-up control register 5 (PUCR5)
- Port mode register 5 (PMR5)

### 8.3.1 Port Data Register 5 (PDR5)

PDR5 is a register that stores data of port 5.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | P57      | 0             | R/W | If port 5 is read while PCR5 bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDR5 are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port 5 is read while PCR5 bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |
| 6   | P56      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | P55      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4   | P54      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3   | P53      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | P52      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1   | P51      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0   | P50      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### 8.3.2 Port Control Register 5 (PCR5)

PCR5 controls whether each of the port 5 pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PCR57    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCR5 bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCR5 and in PDR5 are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated by PMR5 and the SGS3 to SGS0 bits in LPCR as a general I/O pin. |
| 6   | PCR56    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 5   | PCR55    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 4   | PCR54    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 3   | PCR53    | 0             | W   | PCR5 is a write-only register. Bits 7 to 0 are always read as 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 2   | PCR52    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1   | PCR51    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 0   | PCR50    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

### 8.3.3 Port Pull-Up Control Register 5 (PUCR5)

PUCR5 controls whether the pull-up MOS of each of the port 5 pins is on or off.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PUCR57   | 0             | R/W | When a PCR5 bit is cleared to 0, setting the corresponding PUCR5 bit to 1 turns on the pull-up MOS for the corresponding pin, while clearing the bit to 0 turns off the pull-up MOS. |
| 6   | PUCR56   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 5   | PUCR55   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4   | PUCR54   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 3   | PUCR53   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2   | PUCR52   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1   | PUCR51   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0   | PUCR50   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### 8.3.4 Port Mode Register 5 (PMR5)

PMR5 controls the selection of pin functions for port 5 pins.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | WKP7     | 0             | R/W | P5n/ $\overline{\text{WKPn}}$ /SEGn+1 Pin Function Switch                                                                                            |
| 6   | WKP6     | 0             | R/W | When pin P5n/ $\overline{\text{WKPn}}$ /SEGn+1 is not used as SEGn+1, these bits select whether the pin is used as P5n or $\overline{\text{WKPn}}$ . |
| 5   | WKP5     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4   | WKP4     | 0             | R/W | 0: P5n I/O pin                                                                                                                                       |
| 3   | WKP3     | 0             | R/W | 1: $\overline{\text{WKPn}}$ input pin                                                                                                                |
| 2   | WKP2     | 0             | R/W | (n = 7 to 0)                                                                                                                                         |
| 1   | WKP1     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0   | WKP0     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                      |

Note: For use as SEGn+1, see section 13.3.1, LCD Port Control Register (LPCR).

### 8.3.5 Pin Functions

The port 5 pin functions are shown below.

- P57/ $\overline{\text{WKP7}}$ /SEG8 to P54/ $\overline{\text{WKP4}}$ /SEG5 pins

The pin function depends on the combination of bit WKP<sub>n</sub> in PMR5, bit PCR5<sub>n</sub> in PCR5, and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

(n = 7 to 4)

|                   |                                                                           |                            |                            |                                                                |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SGS3 to SGS0      | Other than B'0010, B'0011, B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001 |                            |                            | B'0010, B'0011, B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001 |
| WKP <sub>n</sub>  | 0                                                                         |                            | 1                          | *                                                              |
| PCR5 <sub>n</sub> | 0                                                                         | 1                          | *                          | *                                                              |
| Pin Function      | P5 <sub>n</sub> input pin                                                 | P5 <sub>n</sub> output pin | WKP <sub>n</sub> input pin | SEG <sub>n+1</sub> output pin                                  |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P53/ $\overline{\text{WKP3}}$ /SEG4 to P50/ $\overline{\text{WKP0}}$ /SEG1 pins

The pin function depends on the combination of bit WKP<sub>m</sub> in PMR5, bit PCR5<sub>m</sub> in PCR5, and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

(m = 3 to 0)

|                   |                                                                           |                            |                            |                                                                |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SGS3 to SGS0      | Other than B'0001, B'0010, B'0011, B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000 |                            |                            | B'0001, B'0010, B'0011, B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000 |
| WKP <sub>m</sub>  | 0                                                                         |                            | 1                          | *                                                              |
| PCR5 <sub>m</sub> | 0                                                                         | 1                          | *                          | *                                                              |
| Pin Function      | P5 <sub>m</sub> input pin                                                 | P5 <sub>m</sub> output pin | WKP <sub>m</sub> input pin | SEG <sub>m+1</sub> output pin                                  |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

### 8.3.6 Input Pull-Up MOS

Port 5 has an on-chip input pull-up MOS function that can be controlled by software. When the PCR5 bit is cleared to 0, setting the corresponding PUCR5 bit to 1 turns on the input pull-up MOS for that pin. The input pull-up MOS function is in the off state after a reset.

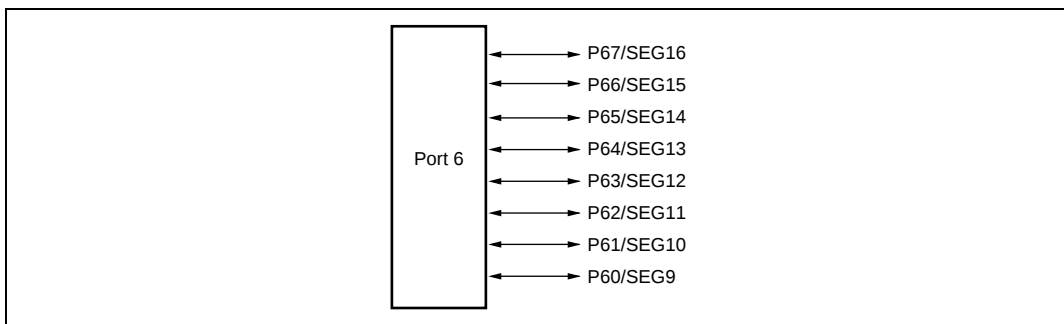
(n = 7 to 0)

| PCR5n             | 0   |    | 1   |
|-------------------|-----|----|-----|
| PUCR5n            | 0   | 1  | *   |
| Input Pull-Up MOS | Off | On | Off |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

## 8.4 Port 6

Port 6 is an I/O port also functioning as an LCD segment output pin. Figure 8.5 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.5 Port 6 Pin Configuration**

Port 6 has the following registers.

- Port data register 6 (PDR6)
- Port control register 6 (PCR6)
- Port pull-up control register 6 (PUCR6)

### 8.4.1 Port Data Register 6 (PDR6)

PDR6 is a register that stores data of port 6.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | P67      | 0             | R/W | If port 6 is read while PCR6 bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDR6 are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port 6 is read while PCR6 bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |
| 6   | P66      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | P65      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4   | P64      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3   | P63      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | P62      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1   | P61      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0   | P60      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### 8.4.2 Port Control Register 6 (PCR6)

PCR6 controls whether each of the port 6 pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PCR67    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCR6 bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCR6 and in PDR6 are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated by the SGS3 to SGS0 bits in LPCR as a general I/O pin. |
| 6   | PCR66    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 5   | PCR65    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 4   | PCR64    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 3   | PCR63    | 0             | W   | PCR6 is a write-only register. Bits 7 to 0 are always read as 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2   | PCR62    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1   | PCR61    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 0   | PCR60    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

### 8.4.3 Port Pull-Up Control Register 6 (PUCR6)

PUCR6 controls whether the pull-up MOS of each of the port 6 pins is on or off.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PUCR67   | 0             | R/W | When a PCR6 bit is cleared to 0, setting the corresponding PUCR6 bit to 1 turns on the pull-up MOS for the corresponding pin, while clearing the bit to 0 turns off the pull-up MOS. |
| 6   | PUCR66   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 5   | PUCR65   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4   | PUCR64   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 3   | PUCR63   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2   | PUCR62   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1   | PUCR61   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0   | PUCR60   | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### 8.4.4 Pin Functions

The port 6 pin functions are shown below.

- P67/SEG16 to P64/SEG13 pins

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCR6n in PCR6 and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

(n = 7 to 4)

|              |                                                                           |                |                                                                |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SGS3 to SGS0 | Other than B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011 |                | B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011 |
| PCR6n        | 0                                                                         | 1              | *                                                              |
| Pin Function | P6n input pin                                                             | P6n output pin | SEGN+9 output pin                                              |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P63/SEG12 to P60/SEG9 pins

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCR6m in PCR6 and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

(m = 3 to 0)

|              |                                                                           |                |                                                                |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SGS3 to SGS0 | Other than B'0011, B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010 |                | B'0011, B'0100, B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010 |
| PCR6m        | 0                                                                         | 1              | *                                                              |
| Pin Function | P6m input pin                                                             | P6m output pin | SEGm+9 output pin                                              |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

#### 8.4.5 Input Pull-Up MOS

Port 6 has an on-chip input pull-up MOS function that can be controlled by software. When the PCR6 bit is cleared to 0, setting the corresponding PUCR6 bit to 1 turns on the input pull-up MOS for that pin. The input pull-up MOS function is in the off state after a reset.

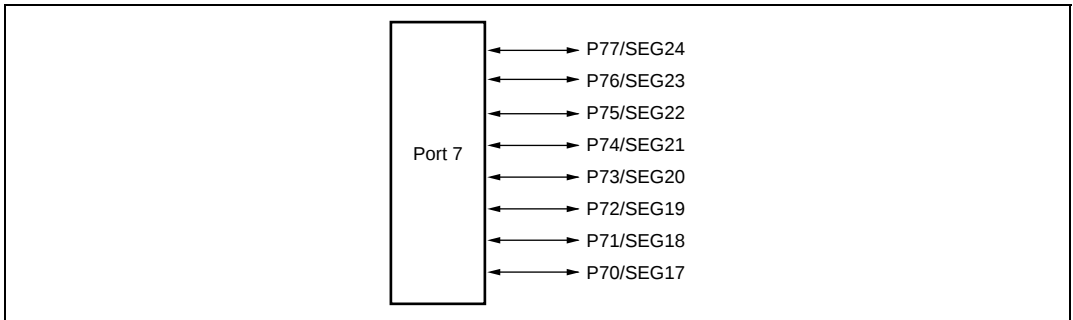
(n = 7 to 0)

|                   |     |    |     |
|-------------------|-----|----|-----|
| PCR6n             | 0   |    | 1   |
| PUCR6n            | 0   | 1  | *   |
| Input Pull-Up MOS | Off | On | Off |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

## 8.5 Port 7

Port 7 is an I/O port also functioning as an LCD segment output pin. Figure 8.6 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.6 Port 7 Pin Configuration**

Port 7 has the following registers.

- Port data register 7 (PDR7)
- Port control register 7 (PCR7)

### 8.5.1 Port Data Register 7 (PDR7)

PDR7 is a register that stores data of port 7.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | P77      | 0             | R/W | If port 7 is read while PCR7 bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDR7 are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port 7 is read while PCR7 bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |
| 6   | P76      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | P75      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4   | P74      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3   | P73      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | P72      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1   | P71      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0   | P70      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### 8.5.2 Port Control Register 7 (PCR7)

PCR7 controls whether each of the port 7 pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | PCR77    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCR7 bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCR7 and in PDR7 are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated by the SGS3 to SGS0 bits in LPCR as a general I/O pin. |
| 6   | PCR76    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 5   | PCR75    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 4   | PCR74    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 3   | PCR73    | 0             | W   | PCR7 is a write-only register. Bits 7 to 0 are always read as 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2   | PCR72    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1   | PCR71    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 0   | PCR70    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

### 8.5.3 Pin Functions

The port 7 pin functions are shown below.

- P77/SEG24 to P74/SEG21 pins

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCR7n in PCR7 and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

(n = 7 to 4)

|              |                                                                           |                |                                                                |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SGS3 to SGS0 | Other than B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011, B'1100, B'1101 |                | B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011, B'1100, B'1101 |
| PCR7n        | 0                                                                         | 1              | *                                                              |
| Pin Function | P7n input pin                                                             | P7n output pin | SEGN+17 output pin                                             |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- P73/SEG20 to P70/SEG17 pins

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCR7m in PCR7 and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

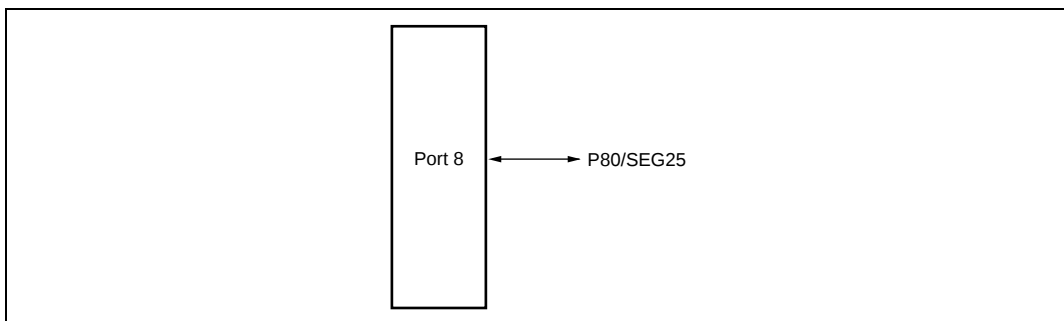
(m = 3 to 0)

| SGS3 to SGS0 | Other than B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011, B'1100 |                | B'0101, B'0110, B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011, B'1100 |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| PCR7m        | 0                                                                         | 1              | *                                                              |
| Pin Function | P7m input pin                                                             | P7m output pin | SEGm+17 output pin                                             |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

## 8.6 Port 8

Port 8 is an I/O port also functioning as an LCD segment output pin. Figure 8.7 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.7 Port 8 Pin Configuration**

Port 8 has the following registers.

- Port data register 8 (PDR8)
- Port control register 8 (PCR8)

### 8.6.1 Port Data Register 8 (PDR8)

PDR8 is a register that stores data of port 8.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 1 | —        | —             | —   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 0      | P80      | 0             | R/W | If port 8 is read while PCR8 bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDR8 are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port 8 is read while PCR8 bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |

### 8.6.2 Port Control Register 8 (PCR8)

PCR8 controls whether each of the port 8 pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 1 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 0      | PCR80    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCR8 bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCR8 and in PDR8 are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated by the SGS3 to SGS0 bits in LPCR as a general I/O pin.<br>PCR8 is a write-only register. |

### 8.6.3 Pin Functions

The port 8 pin functions are shown below.

- P80/SEG25 pin

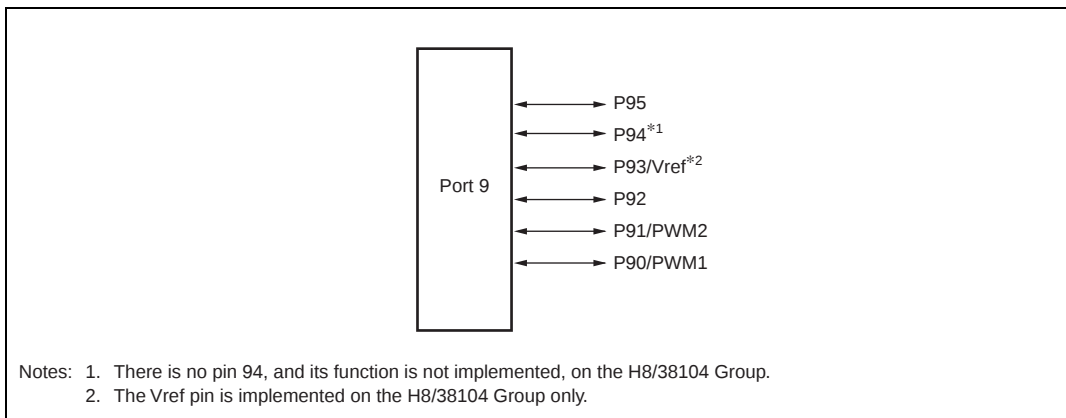
The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCR80 in PCR8 and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

| SGS3 to SGS0 | Other than B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011, B'1100, B'1101, B'1110 |                | B'0111, B'1000, B'1001, B'1010, B'1011, B'1100, B'1101, B'1110 |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| PCR80        | 0                                                                         | 1              | *                                                              |
| Pin Function | P80 input pin                                                             | P80 output pin | SEG25 output pin                                               |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

## 8.7 Port 9

Port 9 is a dedicated current port for NMOS output that also functions as a PWM output pin. Figure 8.8 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.8 Port 9 Pin Configuration**

Port 9 has the following registers.

- Port data register 9 (PDR9)
- Port mode register 9 (PMR9)

### 8.7.1 Port Data Register 9 (PDR9)

PDR9 is a register that stores data of port 9.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                          |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|
| 7, 6 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>The initial value should not be changed. |
| 5    | P95      | 1             | R/W | If PDR9 is read, the values stored in PDR9 are read. |
| 4    | P94*     | 1             | R/W |                                                      |
| 3    | P93      | 1             | R/W |                                                      |
| 2    | P92      | 1             | R/W |                                                      |
| 1    | P91      | 1             | R/W |                                                      |
| 0    | P90      | 1             | R/W |                                                      |

Note: \* There is no pin 94, and its function is not implemented, on the H8/38104 Group. However, the register is read/write enabled.

### 8.7.2 Port Mode Register 9 (PMR9)

PMR9 controls the selection of the P90 and P91 pin functions.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>The initial value should not be changed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 3      | PIOFF    | 0             | R/W | P92 to P90 Step-Up Circuit Control<br>This bit turns on and off the P92 to P90 step-up circuit.<br>0: Step-up circuit of large-current port is turned on<br>1: Step-up circuit of large-current port is turned off<br>Note: This bit is valid in the H8/3802 Group only. It functions as a readable/writable reserved bit in versions other than the H8/3802 Group. |
| 2      | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1      | PWM2     | 0             | R/W | P9n/PWMn+1 Pin Function Switch                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0      | PWM1     | 0             | R/W | These bits select whether pin P9n/PWMn+1 is used as P9n or as PWMn+1. (n = 1, 0)<br>0: P9n output pin<br>1: PWMn+1 output pin                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

Note: When turning the step-up circuit on or off, the register must be rewritten only when the buffer NMOS is off (port data is 1).

When turning the step-up circuit on, first clear PIOFF to 0, then wait for the elapse of 30 system clock before turning the buffer NMOS on (clearing port data to 0).

Without the elapse of the 30 system clock interval the step-up circuit will not start up, and it will not be possible for a large current to flow, making operation unstable.

### 8.7.3 Pin Functions

The port 9 pin functions are shown below.

- P91/PWMn+1 to P90/PWMn+1 pins

(n = 1, 0)

|              |                |                   |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------|
| PMR9n        | 0              | 1                 |
| Pin Function | P9n output pin | PWMn+1 output pin |

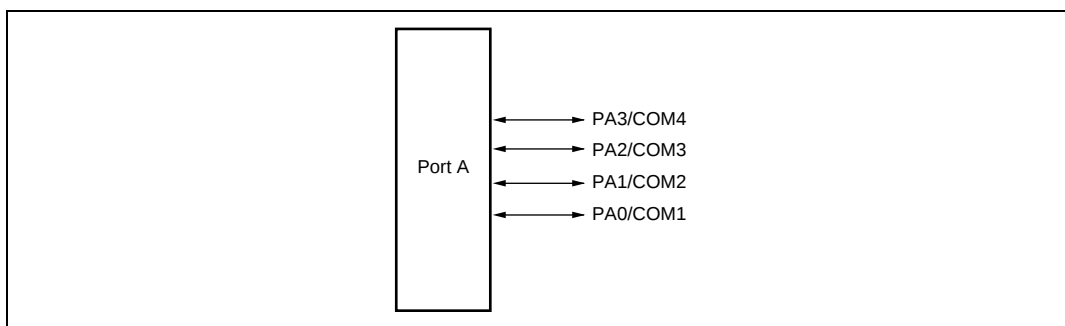
- P93/Vref

As shown below, switching is performed based on the setting of VREFSEL in LVDSR. Note that this function is implemented on the H8/38104 Group only. The  $V_{ref}$  pin is the input pin for the LVD's external reference voltage.

| VREFSEL      | 0              | 1              |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Pin Function | P93 output pin | Vref input pin |

## 8.8 Port A

Port A is an I/O port also functioning as an LCD common output pin. Figure 8.9 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.9 Port A Pin Configuration**

Port A has the following registers.

- Port data register A (PDRA)
- Port control register A (PCRA)

### 8.8.1 Port Data Register A (PDRA)

PDRA is a register that stores data of port A.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>The initial value should not be changed.                                                                                                                                                  |
| 3      | PA3      | 0             | R/W | If port A is read while PCRA bits are set to 1, the values stored in PDRA are read, regardless of the actual pin states. If port A is read while PCRA bits are cleared to 0, the pin states are read. |
| 2      | PA2      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1      | PA1      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0      | PA0      | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### 8.8.2 Port Control Register A (PCRA)

PCRA controls whether each of the port A pins functions as an input pin or output pin.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>The initial value should not be changed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 3      | PCRA3    | 0             | W   | Setting a PCRA bit to 1 makes the corresponding pin an output pin, while clearing the bit to 0 makes the pin an input pin. The settings in PCRA and in PDRA are valid only when the corresponding pin is designated in LPCR as a general I/O pin.<br><br>PCRA is a write-only register. Bits 3 to 0 are always read as 1. |
| 2      | PCRA2    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1      | PCRA1    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0      | PCRA0    | 0             | W   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### 8.8.3 Pin Functions

The port A pin functions are shown below.

- PA3/COM4 pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCRA3 in PCRA and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

| SGS3 to SGS0 | B'0000        | B'0000         | Other than B'0000 |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| PCRA3        | 0             | 1              | *                 |
| Pin Function | PA3 input pin | PA3 output pin | COM4 output pin   |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- PA2/COM3 pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCRA2 in PCRA and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

| SGS3 to SGS0 | B'0000        | B'0000         | Other than B'0000 |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| PCRA2        | 0             | 1              | *                 |
| Pin Function | PA2 input pin | PA2 output pin | COM3 output pin   |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- PA1/COM2 pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCRA1 in PCRA and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

| SGS3 to SGS0 | B'0000        | B'0000         | Other than B'0000 |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| PCRA1        | 0             | 1              | *                 |
| Pin Function | PA1 input pin | PA1 output pin | COM2 output pin   |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- PA0/COM1 pin

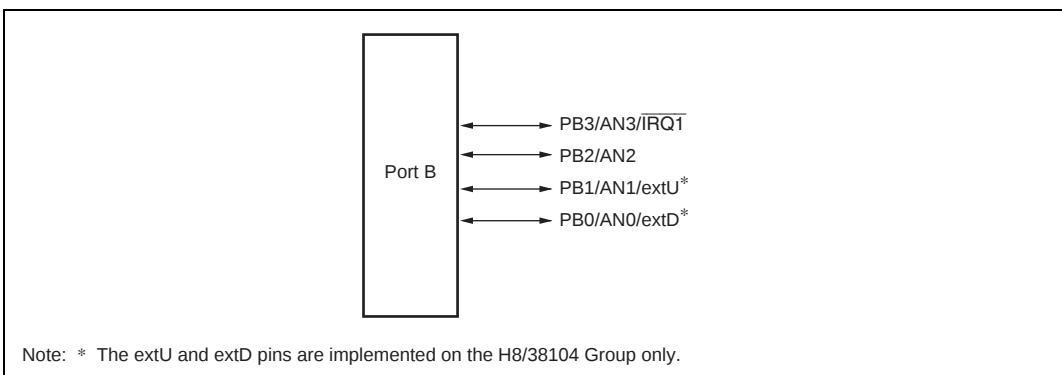
The pin function depends on the combination of bit PCRA0 in PCRA and bits SGS3 to SGS0 in LPCR.

| SGS3 to SGS0 | B'0000        | B'0000         | Other than B'0000 |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| PCRA0        | 0             | 1              | *                 |
| Pin Function | PA0 input pin | PA0 output pin | COM1 output pin   |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

## 8.9 Port B

Port B is an input-only port also functioning as an analog input pin and interrupt input pin. Figure 8.10 shows its pin configuration.



**Figure 8.10 Port B Pin Configuration**

Port B has the following registers.

- Port data register B (PDRB)
- Port mode register B (PMRB)

### 8.9.1 Port Data Register B (PDRB)

PDRB is a register that stores data of port B.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4 | —        | Undefined     | —   | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 3      | PB3      | Undefined     | R   | Reading PDRB always gives the pin states. However, if a port B pin is selected as an analog input channel for the A/D converter by bits CH3 to CH0 in AMR, that pin reads 0 regardless of the input voltage. |
| 2      | PB2      |               | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 1      | PB1      |               | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 0      | PB0      |               | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

### 8.9.2 Port Mode Register B (PMRB)

PMRB controls the selection of the PB3 pin functions.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3      | IRQ1     | 0             | R/W | PB3/AN3/ $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ Pin Function Switch<br>This bit selects whether pin PB3/AN3/ $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ is used as PB3/AN3 or as $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ .<br>0: PB3/AN3 input pin<br>1: $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ input pin |
| 2 to 0 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                          |

### 8.9.3 Pin Functions

The port B pin functions are shown below.

- PB3/AN3/ $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$  pin

The pin function depends on the combination of bits CH3 to CH0 in AMR and bit IRQ1 in PMRB.

| IRQ1         | 0                 |               | 1                                  |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| CH3 to CH0   | Other than B'0111 | B'0111        | *                                  |
| Pin Function | PB3 input pin     | AN3 input pin | $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care.

- PB2/AN2 pin

The pin function depends on bits CH3 to CH0 in AMR.

| CH3 to CH0   | Other than B'0110 | B'0110        |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Pin Function | PB2 input pin     | AN2 input pin |

- PB1/AN1/extU pin

Switching is accomplished by combining CH3 to CH0 in AMR and VINTUSEL in LVDCR as shown below. Note that the extU pin and VINTUSEL are implemented on the H8/38104 Group only.

| VINTUSEL     | 0                 |               | 1              |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| CH3 to CH0   | Other than B'0101 | B'0101        | *              |
| Pin Function | PB1 input pin     | AN1 input pin | extU input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care

- PB0/AN0/extD pin

Switching is accomplished by combining CH3 to CH0 in AMR and VINTDSEL in LVDCR as shown below. Note that the extD pin and VINTDSEL are implemented on the H8/38104 Group only.

| VINTDSEL     | 0                 |               | 1              |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| CH3 to CH0   | Other than B'0100 | B'0100        | *              |
| Pin Function | PB0 input pin     | AN0 input pin | extD input pin |

Legend: \*: Don't care

## 8.10 Usage Notes

### 8.10.1 How to Handle Unused Pin

If an I/O pin not used by the user system is floating, pull it up or down.

- If an unused pin is an input pin, handle it in one of the following ways:
  - Pull it up to  $V_{CC}$  with an on-chip pull-up MOS.
  - Pull it up to  $V_{CC}$  with an external resistor of approximately 100 k $\Omega$ .
  - Pull it down to  $V_{SS}$  with an external resistor of approximately 100 k $\Omega$ .
  - For a pin also used by the A/D converter, pull it up to  $AV_{CC}$ .
- If an unused pin is an output pin, handle it in one of the following ways:
  - Set the output of the unused pin to high and pull it up to  $V_{CC}$  with an on-chip pull-up MOS.
  - Set the output of the unused pin to high and pull it up to  $V_{CC}$  with an external resistor of approximately 100 k $\Omega$ .
  - Set the output of the unused pin to low and pull it down to GND with an external resistor of approximately 100 k $\Omega$ .



## Section 9 Timers

### 9.1 Overview

The H8/3802 Group provides three timers: timer A, timer F, and asynchronous event counter. The H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group and H8/38104 Group provide four timers: timer A, timer F, asynchronous event counter, and watchdog timer.

The functions of these timers are summarized in table 9.1.

**Table 9.1 Timer Functions**

| Name                       | Functions                                                                                             | Internal Clock                                                | Event Input Pin | Waveform Output Pin | Remarks                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Timer A                    | • 8-bit timer                                                                                         | $\phi/8$ to $\phi/8192$                                       | —               | —                   |                           |
|                            | • Interval function                                                                                   | (8 choices)                                                   |                 |                     |                           |
|                            | • Clock time base                                                                                     | $\phi_w/128$ (choice of 4 overflow periods)                   |                 |                     |                           |
| Timer F                    | • 16-bit timer                                                                                        | $\phi/4$ to $\phi/32$ , $\phi_w/4$                            | —               | TMOFL               |                           |
|                            | • Also usable as two independent 8-bit timers.                                                        | (4 choices)                                                   |                 | TMOFH               |                           |
|                            | • Output compare output function                                                                      |                                                               |                 |                     |                           |
| Asynchronous event counter | • 16-bit counter                                                                                      | $\phi/2$ to $\phi/8$                                          | AEVL            | —                   |                           |
|                            | • Also usable as two independent 8-bit counters                                                       | (3 choices)                                                   | AEVH            |                     |                           |
|                            | • Counts events asynchronous to $\phi$ and $\phi_w$                                                   |                                                               | IRQAEC          |                     |                           |
|                            | • Can count asynchronous events (rising/falling/both edges) independently of the MCU's internal clock |                                                               |                 |                     |                           |
| Watchdog timer*            | • Generates a reset signal by overflow of 8-bit counter                                               | $\phi/8192$ , $\phi_w/32$                                     | —               | —                   | H8/38004, H8/38002S Group |
|                            |                                                                                                       | $\phi/64$ to $\phi/8192$<br>$\phi_w/32$<br>On-chip oscillator |                 |                     | H8/38104 Group            |

Note: \* The watchdog timer functions differently on the H8/38004, H8/38002S and H8/38104 Group. See section 9.5, Watchdog Timer, for details.

## 9.2 Timer A

The timer A is an 8-bit timer with interval timing and realtime clock time-base functions. The clock time-base function is available when a 32.768kHz crystal oscillator is connected. Figure 9.1 shows a block diagram of the timer A.

### 9.2.1 Features

- The timer A can be used as an interval timer or a clock time base.
- An interrupt is requested when the counter overflows.
- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)

#### Interval Timer

- Choice of eight internal clock sources ( $\phi/8192$ ,  $\phi/4096$ ,  $\phi/2048$ ,  $\phi/512$ ,  $\phi/256$ ,  $\phi/128$ ,  $\phi/32$ , and  $\phi/8$ )

#### Clock Time Base

- Choice of four overflow periods (1 s, 0.5 s, 0.25 s, and 31.25 ms) when timer A is used as a clock time base (using a 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator).

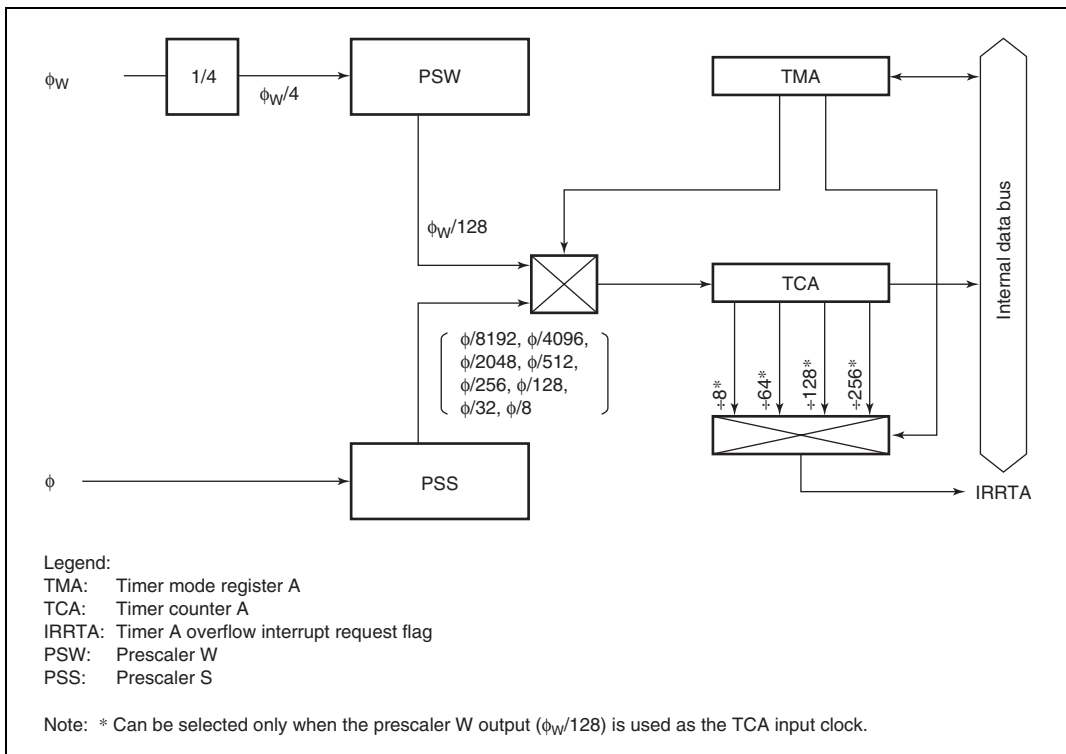


Figure 9.1 Block Diagram of Timer A

### 9.2.2 Register Descriptions

The timer A has the following registers.

- Timer mode register A (TMA)
- Timer counter A (TCA)

**Timer Mode Register A (TMA):** TMA selects the operating mode, the divided clock output, and the input clock.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                         |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 7 to 5 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved                            |
|        |          |               |     | The write value should always be 0. |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4   | —        | 1             | —   | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 3   | TMA3     | 0             | R/W | Internal Clock Select 3<br>Selects the operating mode of the timer A.<br>0: Functions as an interval timer to count the outputs of prescaler S.<br>1: Functions as a clock-time base to count the outputs of prescaler W.                                                                                                                                              |
| 2   | TMA2     | 0             | R/W | Internal Clock Select 2 to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1   | TMA1     | 0             | R/W | Select the clock input to TCA when TMA3 = 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0   | TMA0     | 0             | R/W | 000: $\phi/8192$<br>001: $\phi/4096$<br>010: $\phi/2048$<br>011: $\phi/512$<br>100: $\phi/256$<br>101: $\phi/128$<br>110: $\phi/32$<br>111: $\phi/8$<br>These bits select the overflow period when TMA3 = 1 (when a 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator is used as $\phi_w$ ).<br>000: 1 s<br>001: 0.5 s<br>010: 0.25 s<br>011: 0.03125 s<br>1XX: Both PSW and TCA are reset |

Legend: X: Don't care.

**Timer Counter A (TCA):** TCA is an 8-bit readable up-counter, which is incremented by internal clock input. The clock source for input to this counter is selected by bits TMA3 to TMA0 in TMA. TCA values can be read by the CPU in active mode, but cannot be read in subactive mode. When TCA overflows, the IRRTA bit in the interrupt request register 1 (IRR1) is set to 1. TCA is cleared by setting bits TMA3 and TMA2 in TMA to B'11. TCA is initialized to H'00.

### 9.2.3 Operation

**Interval Timer Operation:** When bit TMA3 in TMA is cleared to 0, the timer A functions as an 8-bit interval timer.

Upon reset, TCA is cleared to H'00 and bit TMA3 is cleared to 0, so up-counting of the timer A resume immediately as an interval timer. The clock input to timer A is selected by bits TMA2 to TMA0 in TMA; any of eight internal clock signals output by prescaler S can be selected.

After the count value in TCA reaches H'FF, the next clock signal input causes timer A to overflow, setting bit IRRTA to 1 in interrupt Flag Register 1 (IRR1). If IENTA = 1 in the interrupt enable register 1 (IENR1), a CPU interrupt is requested. At overflow, TCA returns to H'00 and starts counting up again. In this mode the timer A functions as an interval timer that generates an overflow output at intervals of 256 input clock pulses.

**Clock Time Base Operation:** When bit TMA3 in TMA is set to 1, the timer A functions as a clock-timer base by counting clock signals output by prescaler W. The overflow period of timer A is set by bits TMA1 and TMA0 in TMA. A choice of four periods is available. In clock time base operation (TMA3 = 1), setting bit TMA2 to 1 clears both TCA and prescaler W to H'00.

### 9.2.4 Timer A Operating States

Table 9.2 summarizes the timer A operating states.

**Table 9.2 Timer A Operating States**

| Operating Mode |                 | Reset | Active     | Sleep      | Watch     | Sub-active | Sub-sleep | Standby  | Module Standby |
|----------------|-----------------|-------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| TCA            | Interval        | Reset | Functions  | Functions  | Halted    | Halted     | Halted    | Halted   | Halted         |
|                | Clock time base | Reset | Functions* | Functions* | Functions | Functions  | Functions | Halted   | Halted         |
| TMA            |                 | Reset | Functions  | Retained   | Retained  | Functions  | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |

Note: \* When the clock time base function is selected as the internal clock of TCA in active mode or sleep mode, the internal clock is not synchronous with the system clock, so it is synchronized by a synchronizing circuit. This may result in a maximum error of  $1/\phi$  (s) in the count cycle.

## 9.3 Timer F

The timer F has a 16-bit timer having an output compare function. The timer F also provides for counter resetting, interrupt request generation, toggle output, etc., using compare match signals. Thus, it can be applied to various systems. The timer F can also be used as two independent 8-bit timers (timer FH and timer FL). Figure 9.2 shows a block diagram of the timer F.

### 9.3.1 Features

- Choice of four internal clock sources ( $\phi/32$ ,  $\phi/16$ ,  $\phi/4$ , and  $\phi_w/4$ )
- Toggle output function

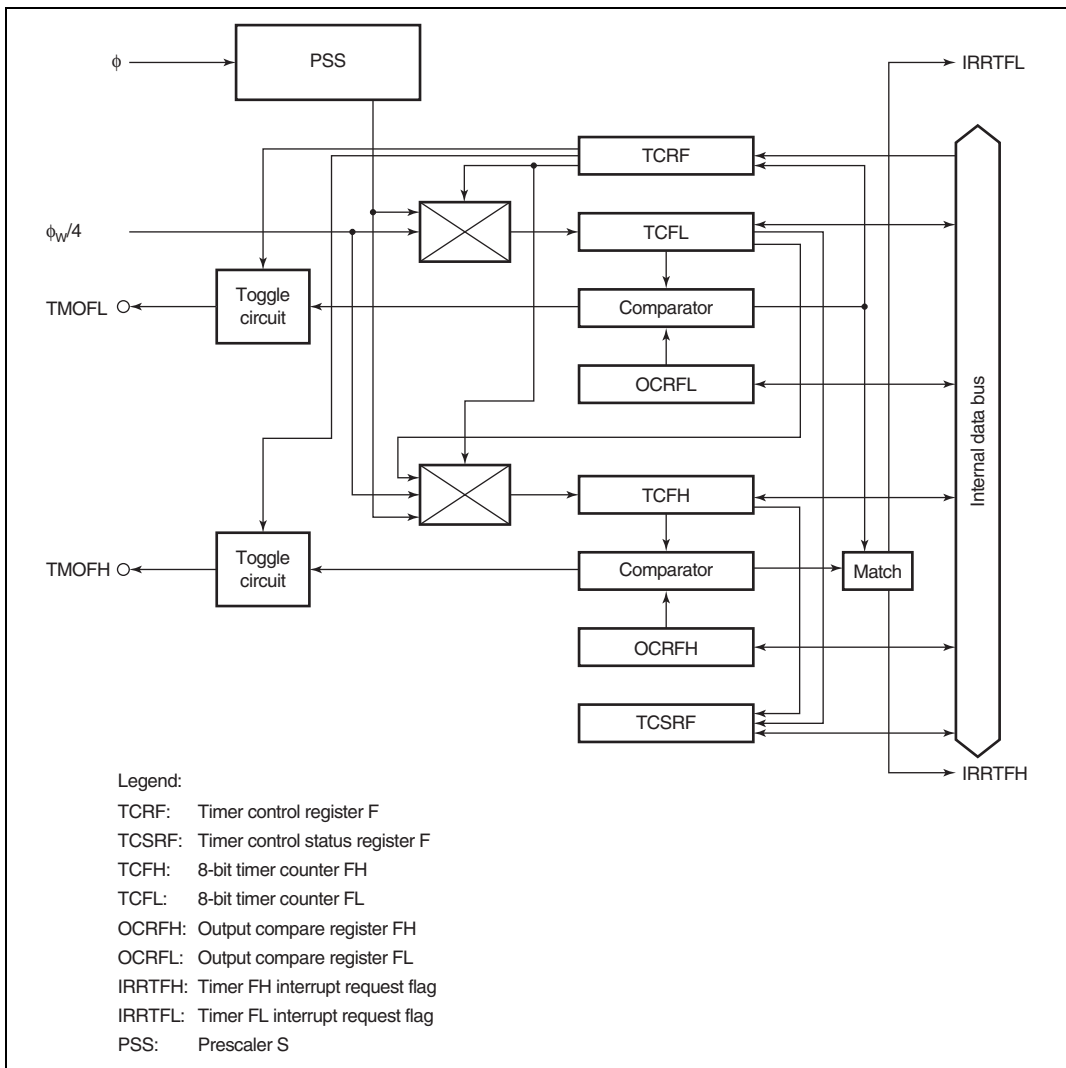
Toggle output is performed to the TMOFH pin (TMOFL pin) using a single compare match signal.

The initial value of toggle output can be set.

- Counter resetting by a compare match signal
- Two interrupt sources: One compare match, one overflow
- Choice of 16-bit or 8-bit mode by settings of bits CKSH2 to CKSH0 in TCRF
- Can operate in watch mode, subactive mode, and subsleep mode

When  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as an internal clock, the timer F can operate in watch mode, subactive mode, and subsleep mode.

- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)



**Figure 9.2 Block Diagram of Timer F**

### 9.3.2 Input/Output Pins

Table 9.3 shows the pin configuration of the timer F.

**Table 9.3 Pin Configuration**

| Name            | Abbreviation | I/O    | Function                   |
|-----------------|--------------|--------|----------------------------|
| Timer FH output | TMOFH        | Output | Timer FH toggle output pin |
| Timer FL output | TMOFL        | Output | Timer FL toggle output pin |

### 9.3.3 Register Descriptions

The timer F has the following registers.

- Timer counters FH and FL (TCFH, TCFL)
- Output compare registers FH and FL (OCR FH, OCR FL)
- Timer control register F (TCRF)
- Timer control status register F (TCSRF)

**Timer Counters FH and FL (TCFH, TCFL):** TCF is a 16-bit read/write up-counter configured by cascaded connection of 8-bit timer counters TCFH and TCFL. In addition to the use of TCF as a 16-bit counter with TCFH as the upper 8 bits and TCFL as the lower 8 bits, TCFH and TCFL can also be used as independent 8-bit counters.

TCFH and TCFL can be read and written by the CPU, but when they are used in 16-bit mode, data transfer to and from the CPU is performed via a temporary register (TEMP). For details of TEMP, see section 9.3.4, CPU Interface. TCFH and TCFL are initialized to H'00 upon reset.

- 16-bit mode (TCF)

When CKSH2 is cleared to 0 in TCRF, TCF operates as a 16-bit counter. The TCF input clock is selected by bits CKSL2 to CKSL0 in TCRF.

TCF can be cleared in the event of a compare match by means of CCLR H in TCSRF.

When TCF overflows from H'FFFF to H'0000, OV FH is set to 1 in TCSRF. If OV IEH in TCSRF is 1 at this time, IRR TFH is set to 1 in IRR2, and if IENT FH in IENR2 is 1, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

- 8-bit mode (TCFL/TCFH)

When CKSH2 is set to 1 in TCRF, TCFH and TCFL operate as two independent 8-bit counters. The TCFH (TCFL) input clock is selected by bits CKSH2 to CKSH0 (CKSL2 to CKSL0) in TCRF.

TCFH (TCFL) can be cleared in the event of a compare match by means of CCLR<sub>H</sub> (CCLR<sub>L</sub>) in TCSR<sub>F</sub>.

When TCFH (TCFL) overflows from H'FF to H'00, OVFH (OVFL) is set to 1 in TCSR<sub>F</sub>. If OVIEH (OVIEL) in TCSR<sub>F</sub> is 1 at this time, IRRTFH (IRRTFL) is set to 1 in IRR2, and if IENTFH (IENTFL) in IENR2 is 1, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

**Output Compare Registers FH and FL (OCR<sub>FH</sub>, OCR<sub>FL</sub>):** OCR<sub>F</sub> is a 16-bit read/write register composed of the two registers OCR<sub>FH</sub> and OCR<sub>FL</sub>. In addition to the use of OCR<sub>F</sub> as a 16-bit register with OCR<sub>FH</sub> as the upper 8 bits and OCR<sub>FL</sub> as the lower 8 bits, OCR<sub>FH</sub> and OCR<sub>FL</sub> can also be used as independent 8-bit registers.

OCR<sub>FH</sub> and OCR<sub>FL</sub> can be read and written by the CPU, but when they are used in 16-bit mode, data transfer to and from the CPU is performed via a temporary register (TEMP). For details of TEMP, see section 9.3.4, CPU Interface. OCR<sub>FH</sub> and OCR<sub>FL</sub> are initialized to H'FF upon reset.

- 16-bit mode (OCR<sub>F</sub>)

When CKSH2 is cleared to 0 in TCR<sub>F</sub>, OCR<sub>F</sub> operates as a 16-bit register. OCR<sub>F</sub> contents are constantly compared with TCF, and when both values match, CMFH is set to 1 in TCSR<sub>F</sub>. At the same time, IRRTFH is set to 1 in IRR2. If IENTFH in IENR2 is 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

Toggle output can be provided from the TMOFH pin by means of compare matches, and the output level can be set (high or low) by means of TOLH in TCR<sub>F</sub>.

- 8-bit mode (OCR<sub>FH</sub>/OCR<sub>FL</sub>)

When CKSH2 is set to 1 in TCR<sub>F</sub>, OCR<sub>FH</sub> and OCR<sub>FL</sub> operate as two independent 8-bit registers. OCR<sub>FH</sub> contents are compared with TCF<sub>H</sub>, and OCR<sub>FL</sub> contents are with TCF<sub>L</sub>. When the OCR<sub>FH</sub> (OCR<sub>FL</sub>) and TCF<sub>H</sub> (TCF<sub>L</sub>) values match, CMFH (CMFL) is set to 1 in TCSR<sub>F</sub>. At the same time, IRRTFH (IRRTFL) is set to 1 in IRR2. If IENTFH (IENTFL) in IENR2 is 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

Toggle output can be provided from the TMOFH pin (TMOFL pin) by means of compare matches, and the output level can be set (high or low) by means of TOLH (TOLL) in TCR<sub>F</sub>.

**Timer Control Register F (TCRF):** TCRF switches between 16-bit mode and 8-bit mode, selects the input clock from among four internal clock sources, and sets the output level of the TMOFH and TMOFL pins.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | TOLH     | 0             | W   | Toggle Output Level H<br>Sets the TMOFH pin output level.<br>0: Low level<br>1: High level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6   | CKSH2    | 0             | W   | Clock Select H                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 5   | CKSH1    | 0             | W   | Select the clock input to TCFH from among four internal clock sources or TCFL overflow.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 4   | CKSH0    | 0             | W   | 000: 16-bit mode, counting on TCFL overflow signal<br>001: 16-bit mode, counting on TCFL overflow signal<br>010: 16-bit mode, counting on TCFL overflow signal<br>011: Using prohibited<br>100: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/32$<br>101: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/16$<br>110: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/4$<br>111: Internal clock: counting on $\phi_w/4$ |
| 3   | TOLL     | 0             | W   | Toggle Output Level L<br>Sets the TMOFL pin output level.<br>0: Low level<br>1: High level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2   | CKSL2    | 0             | W   | Clock Select L                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1   | CKSL1    | 0             | W   | Select the clock input to TCFL from among four internal clock sources or external event input.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 0   | CKSL0    | 0             | W   | 000: Non-operational<br>001: Using prohibited<br>010: Using prohibited<br>011: Using prohibited<br>100: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/32$<br>101: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/16$<br>110: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/4$<br>111: Internal clock: counting on $\phi_w/4$                                                                                         |

**Timer Control Status Register F (TCSR F):** TCSR F performs counter clear selection, overflow flag setting, and compare match flag setting, and controls enabling of overflow interrupt requests.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----|----------|---------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | OVFH     | 0             | R/W* | <p>Timer Overflow Flag H</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When TCFH overflows from H'FF to H'00</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When this bit is written to 0 after reading OVFH = 1</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 6   | CMFH     | 0             | R/W* | <p>Compare Match Flag H</p> <p>This is a status flag indicating that TCFH has matched OCRFH.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When the TCFH value matches the OCRFH value</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When this bit is written to 0 after reading CMFH = 1</p>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 5   | OVIEH    | 0             | R/W  | <p>Timer Overflow Interrupt Enable H</p> <p>Selects enabling or disabling of interrupt generation when TCFH overflows.</p> <p>0: TCFH overflow interrupt request is disabled</p> <p>1: TCFH overflow interrupt request is enabled</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 4   | CCLR H   | 0             | R/W  | <p>Counter Clear H</p> <p>In 16-bit mode, this bit selects whether TCF is cleared when TCF and OCRF match. In 8-bit mode, this bit selects whether TCFH is cleared when TCFH and OCRFH match.</p> <p>In 16-bit mode:</p> <p>0: TCF clearing by compare match is disabled</p> <p>1: TCF clearing by compare match is enabled</p> <p>In 8-bit mode:</p> <p>0: TCFH clearing by compare match is disabled</p> <p>1: TCFH clearing by compare match is enabled</p> |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----|----------|---------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3   | OVFL     | 0             | R/W* | <p>Timer Overflow Flag L</p> <p>This is a status flag indicating that TCFL has overflowed.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When TCFL overflows from H'FF to H'00</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When this bit is written to 0 after reading OVFL = 1</p>         |
| 2   | CMFL     | 0             | R/W* | <p>Compare Match Flag L</p> <p>This is a status flag indicating that TCFL has matched OCRFL.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When the TCFL value matches the OCRFL value</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When this bit is written to 0 after reading CMFL = 1</p> |
| 1   | OVIEL    | 0             | R/W  | <p>Timer Overflow Interrupt Enable L</p> <p>Selects enabling or disabling of interrupt generation when TCFL overflows.</p> <p>0: TCFL overflow interrupt request is disabled</p> <p>1: TCFL overflow interrupt request is enabled</p>                                  |
| 0   | CCLRL    | 0             | R/W  | <p>Counter Clear L</p> <p>Selects whether TCFL is cleared when TCFL and OCRFL match.</p> <p>0: TCFL clearing by compare match is disabled</p> <p>1: TCFL clearing by compare match is enabled</p>                                                                      |

Note: \* Only 0 can be written to clear the flag.

### 9.3.4 CPU Interface

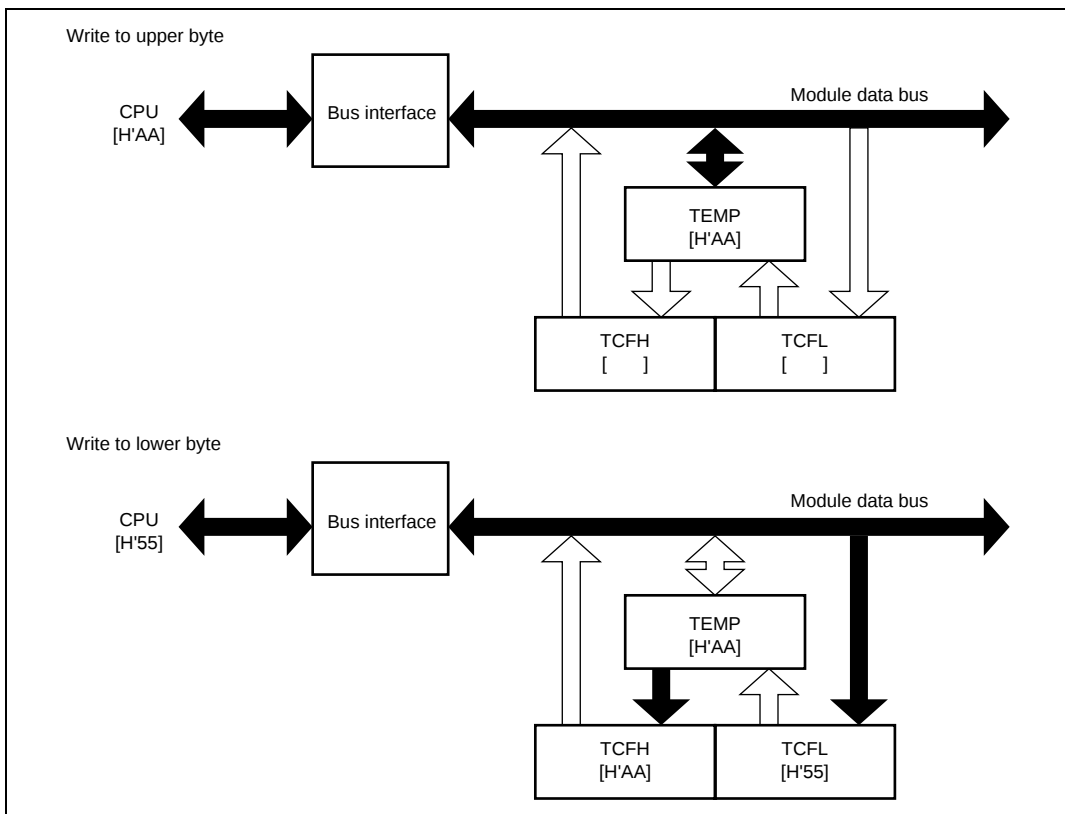
TCF and OCRF are 16-bit readable/writable registers, but the CPU is connected to the on-chip peripheral modules by an 8-bit data bus. When the CPU accesses these registers, it therefore uses an 8-bit temporary register (TEMP).

When performing TCF read/write access or OCRF write access in 16-bit mode, data will not be transferred correctly if only the upper byte or only the lower byte is accessed. Access must be performed for all 16 bits (using two consecutive byte-size MOV instructions), and the upper byte must be accessed before the lower byte.

In 8-bit mode, there are no restrictions on the order of access.

**Write Access:** Write access to the upper byte results in transfer of the upper-byte write data to TEMP. Next, write access to the lower byte results in transfer of the data in TEMP to the upper register byte, and direct transfer of the lower-byte write data to the lower register byte.

Figure 9.3 shows an example in which H'AA55 is written to TCF.

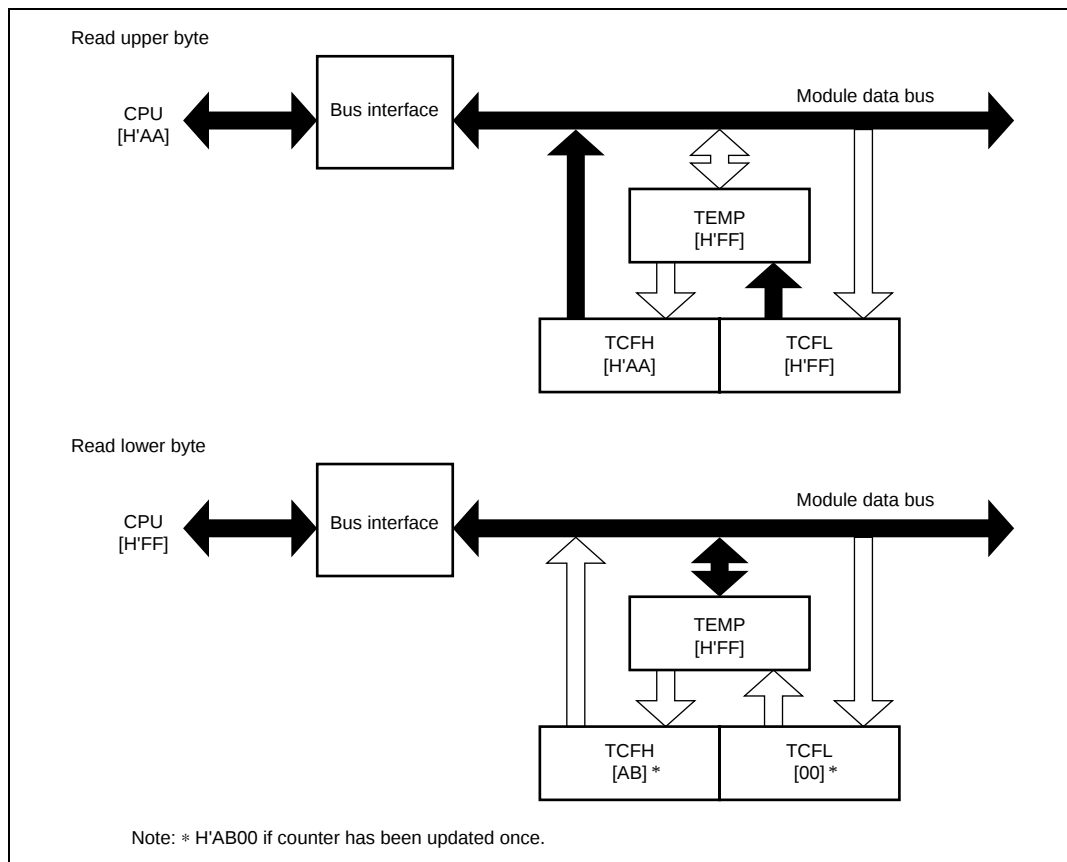


**Figure 9.3 Write Access to TCF (CPU → TCF)**

**Read Access:** In access to TCF, when the upper byte is read the upper-byte data is transferred directly to the CPU and the lower-byte data is transferred to TEMP. Next, when the lower byte is read, the lower-byte data in TEMP is transferred to the CPU.

In access to OCRF, when the upper byte is read the upper-byte data is transferred directly to the CPU. When the lower byte is read, the lower-byte data is transferred directly to the CPU.

Figure 9.4 shows an example in which TCF is read when it contains H'AAFF.



**Figure 9.4 Read Access to TCF (TCF → CPU)**

### 9.3.5 Operation

The timer F is a 16-bit counter that increments on each input clock pulse. The timer F value is constantly compared with the value set in the output compare register F, and the counter can be cleared, an interrupt requested, or port output toggled, when the two values match. The timer F can also function as two independent 8-bit timers.

**Timer F Operation:** The timer F has two operating modes, 16-bit timer mode and 8-bit timer mode. The operation in each of these modes is described below.

- Operation in 16-bit timer mode

When CKSH2 is cleared to 0 in timer control register F (TCRF), timer F operates as a 16-bit timer.

The timer F operating clock can be selected from three internal clocks output by prescaler S by means of bits CKSL2 to CKSL0 in TCRF.

OCRFB contents are constantly compared with TCF, and when both values match, CMFB is set to 1 in TCSRFB. If IENTFB in IENR2 is 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU, and at the same time, TMOFB pin output is toggled. If CCLRFB in TCSRFB is 1, TCF is cleared. TMOFB pin output can also be set by TOLB in TCRF.

When TCF overflows from H'FFFF to H'0000, OVFB is set to 1 in TCSRFB. If OVIEB in TCSRFB and IENTFB in IENR2 are both 1, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

- Operation in 8-bit timer mode

When CKSH2 is set to 1 in TCRF, TCF operates as two independent 8-bit timers, TCFB and TCFL. The TCFB/TCFL input clock is selected by CKSH2 to CKSH0/CKSL2 to CKSL0 in TCRF.

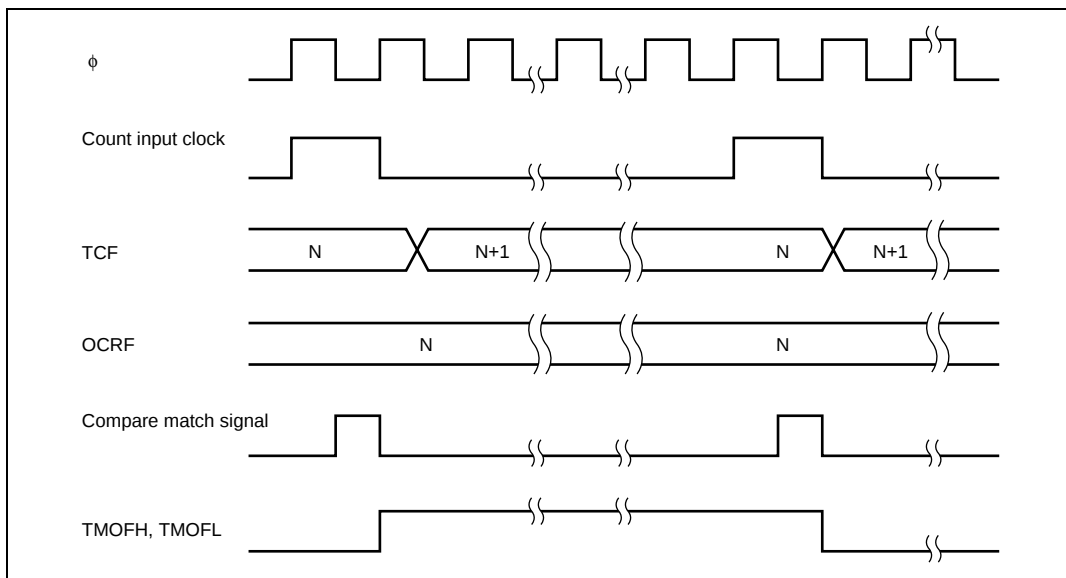
When the OCRFB/OCRFL and TCFB/TCFL values match, CMFB/CMFL is set to 1 in TCSRFB. If IENTFB/IENTFL in IENR2 is 1, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU, and at the same time, TMOFB pin/TMOFL pin output is toggled. If CCLRFB/CCLRL in TCSRFB is 1, TCFB/TCFL is cleared. TMOFB pin/TMOFL pin output can also be set by TOLB/TOLL in TCRF.

When TCFB/TCFL overflows from H'FF to H'00, OVFB/OVFL is set to 1 in TCSRFB. If OVIEB/OVIEL in TCSRFB and IENTFB/IENTFL in IENR2 are both 1, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

**TCF Increment Timing:** TCF is incremented by clock input (internal clock input). Bits CKSH2 to CKSH0 or CKSL2 to CKSL0 in TCRF select one of four internal clock sources ( $\phi/32$ ,  $\phi/16$ ,  $\phi/4$ , or  $\phi_w/4$ ) created by dividing the system clock ( $\phi$  or  $\phi_w$ ).

**TMOFB/TMOFL Output Timing:** In TMOFB/TMOFL output, the value set in TOLB/TOLL in TCRF is output. The output is toggled by the occurrence of a compare match.

Figure 9.5 shows the output timing.



**Figure 9.5 TMOFH/TMOFL Output Timing**

**TCF Clear Timing:** TCF can be cleared by a compare match with OCRF.

**Timer Overflow Flag (OVF) Set Timing:** OVF is set to 1 when TCF overflows from H'FFFF to H'0000.

**Compare Match Flag Set Timing:** The compare match flag (CMFH or CMFL) is set to 1 when the TCF and OCRF values match. The compare match signal is generated in the last state during which the values match (when TCF is updated from the matching value to a new value). When TCF matches OCRF, the compare match signal is not generated until the next counter clock.

### 9.3.6 Timer F Operating States

The timer F operating states are shown in table 9.4.

**Table 9.4 Timer F Operating States**

| Operating Mode | Reset | Active     | Sleep      | Watch                 | Sub-active            | Sub-sleep             | Standby  | Module Standby |
|----------------|-------|------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------------|
| TCF            | Reset | Functions* | Functions* | Functions/<br>Halted* | Functions/<br>Halted* | Functions/<br>Halted* | Halted   | Halted         |
| OCRf           | Reset | Functions  | Retained   | Retained              | Functions             | Retained              | Retained | Retained       |
| TCRf           | Reset | Functions  | Retained   | Retained              | Functions             | Retained              | Retained | Retained       |
| TCSRf          | Reset | Functions  | Retained   | Retained              | Functions             | Retained              | Retained | Retained       |

Note: \* When  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as the TCF internal clock in active mode or sleep mode, since the system clock and internal clock are mutually asynchronous, synchronization is maintained by a synchronization circuit. This results in a maximum count cycle error of  $1/\phi$  (s). When the counter is operated in subactive mode, watch mode, or subsleep mode,  $\phi_w/4$  must be selected as the internal clock. The counter will not operate if any other internal clock is selected.

### 9.3.7 Usage Notes

The following types of contention and operation can occur when the timer F is used.

**16-Bit Timer Mode:** In toggle output, TMOFH pin output is toggled when all 16 bits match and a compare match signal is generated. If a TCRf write by a MOV instruction and generation of the compare match signal occur simultaneously, TOLH data is output to the TMOFH pin as a result of the TCRf write. TMOFL pin output is unstable in 16-bit mode, and should not be used; the TMOFL pin should be used as a port pin.

If an OCRf write and compare match signal generation occur simultaneously, the compare match signal is invalid. However, if the written data and the counter value match, a compare match signal will be generated at that point. As the compare match signal is output in synchronization with the TCFL clock, a compare match will not result in compare match signal generation if the clock is stopped.

Compare match flag CMFH is set when all 16 bits match and a compare match signal is generated. Compare match flag CMFL is set if the setting conditions for the lower 8 bits are satisfied.

When TCF overflows, OVFH is set. OVFL is set if the setting conditions are satisfied when the lower 8 bits overflow. If a TCFL write and overflow signal output occur simultaneously, the overflow signal is not output.

### 8-Bit Timer Mode:

- TCFH, OCRFH

In toggle output, TMOFH pin output is toggled when a compare match occurs. If a TCRF write by a MOV instruction and generation of the compare match signal occur simultaneously, TOLH data is output to the TMOFH pin as a result of the TCRF write.

If an OCRFH write and compare match signal generation occur simultaneously, the compare match signal is invalid. However, if the written data and the counter value match, a compare match signal will be generated at that point. The compare match signal is output in synchronization with the TCFH clock.

If a TCFH write and overflow signal output occur simultaneously, the overflow signal is not output.

- TCFL, OCRFL

In toggle output, TMOFL pin output is toggled when a compare match occurs. If a TCRF write by a MOV instruction and generation of the compare match signal occur simultaneously, TOLL data is output to the TMOFL pin as a result of the TCRF write.

If an OCRFL write and compare match signal generation occur simultaneously, the compare match signal is invalid. However, if the written data and the counter value match, a compare match signal will be generated at that point. As the compare match signal is output in synchronization with the TCFL clock, a compare match will not result in compare match signal generation if the clock is stopped.

If a TCFL write and overflow signal output occur simultaneously, the overflow signal is not output.

**Clear Timer FH, Timer FL Interrupt Request Flags (IRRTFH, IRRFL), Timer Overflow Flags H, L (OVFH, OVFL), and Compare Match Flags H, L (CMFH, CMFL):** When  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as the internal clock, “Interrupt source generation signal” will be operated with  $\phi_w$  and the signal will be outputted with  $\phi_w$  width. And, “Overflow signal” and “Compare match signal” are controlled with 2 cycles of  $\phi_w$  signals. Those signals are outputted with 2 cycles width of  $\phi_w$  (figure 9.6)

In active (high-speed, medium-speed) mode, even if you cleared interrupt request flag during the term of validity of “Interrupt source generation signal”, same interrupt request flag is set. (1 in figure 9.6) And, the timer overflow flag and compare match flag cannot be cleared during the term of validity of “Overflow signal” and “Compare match signal”.

For interrupt request flag is set right after interrupt request is cleared, interrupt process to one time timer FH, timer FL interrupt might be repeated. (2 in figure 9.6) Therefore, to definitely clear interrupt request flag in active (high-speed, medium-speed) mode, clear should be processed after the time that calculated with below (1) formula. And, to definitely clear timer overflow flag and compare match flag, clear should be processed after read timer control status register F (TCSRFB) after the time that calculated with below (1) formula.

For ST of (1) formula, please substitute the longest number of execution states in used instruction. (10 states of RTE instruction when MULXU, DIVXU instruction is not used, 14 states when MULXU, DIVXU instruction is used)

In subactive mode, there are not limitation for interrupt request flag, timer overflow flag, and compare match flag clear.

The term of validity of “Interrupt source generation signal”

$$\begin{aligned} &= 1 \text{ cycle of } \phi_w + \text{waiting time for completion of executing instruction} \\ &+ \text{interrupt time synchronized with } \phi \\ &= 1/\phi_w + ST \times (1/\phi) + (2/\phi) \text{ (second)} \dots (1) \end{aligned}$$

ST: Executing number of execution states

Method 1 is recommended to operate for time efficiency.

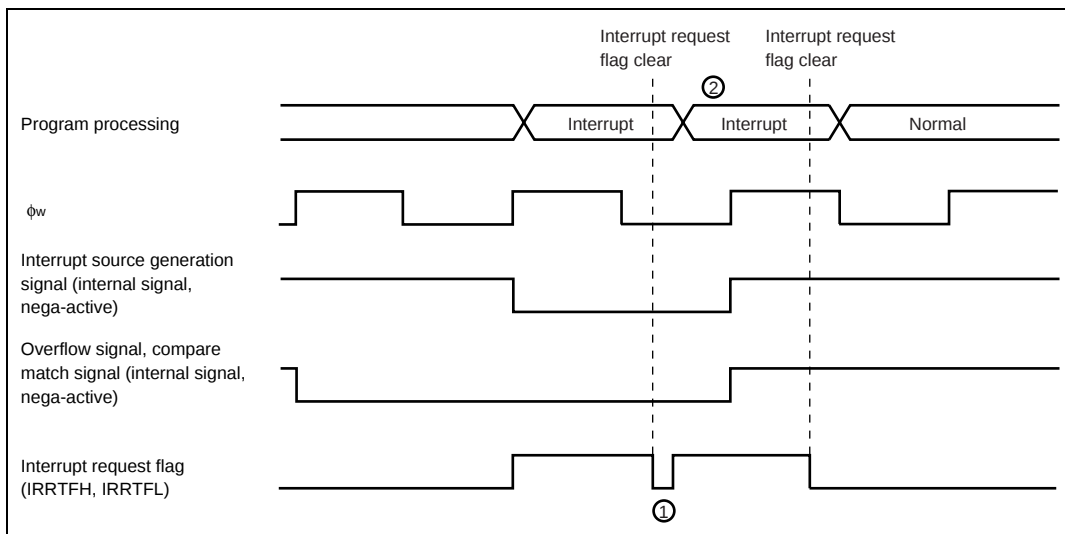
#### Method 1

1. Prohibit interrupt in interrupt handling routine (set IENFH, IENFL to 0).
2. After program process returned normal handling, clear interrupt request flags (IRRTFH, IRRTFL) after more than that calculated with (1) formula.
3. After reading the timer control status register F (TCSRFB), clear the timer overflow flags (OVFH, OVFL) and compare match flags (CMFH, CMFL).
4. Enable interrupts (set IENFH, IENFL to 1).

#### Method 2

1. Set interrupt handling routine time to more than time that calculated with (1) formula.
2. Clear interrupt request flags (IRRTFH, IRRTFL) at the end of interrupt handling routine.
3. After read timer control status register F (TCSRFB), clear timer overflow flags (OVFH, OVFL) and compare match flags (CMFH, CMFL).

All above attentions are also applied in 16-bit mode and 8-bit mode.



**Figure 9.6 Clear Interrupt Request Flag when Interrupt Source Generation Signal Is Valid**

**Timer Counter (TCF) Read/Write:** When  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as the internal clock in active (high-speed, medium-speed) mode, write on TCF is impossible. And when reading TCF, as the system clock and internal clock are mutually asynchronous, TCF synchronizes with synchronization circuit. This results in a maximum TCF read value error of  $\pm 1$ .

When reading or writing TCF in active (high-speed, medium-speed) mode is needed, please select the internal clock except for  $\phi_w/4$  before read/write is performed.

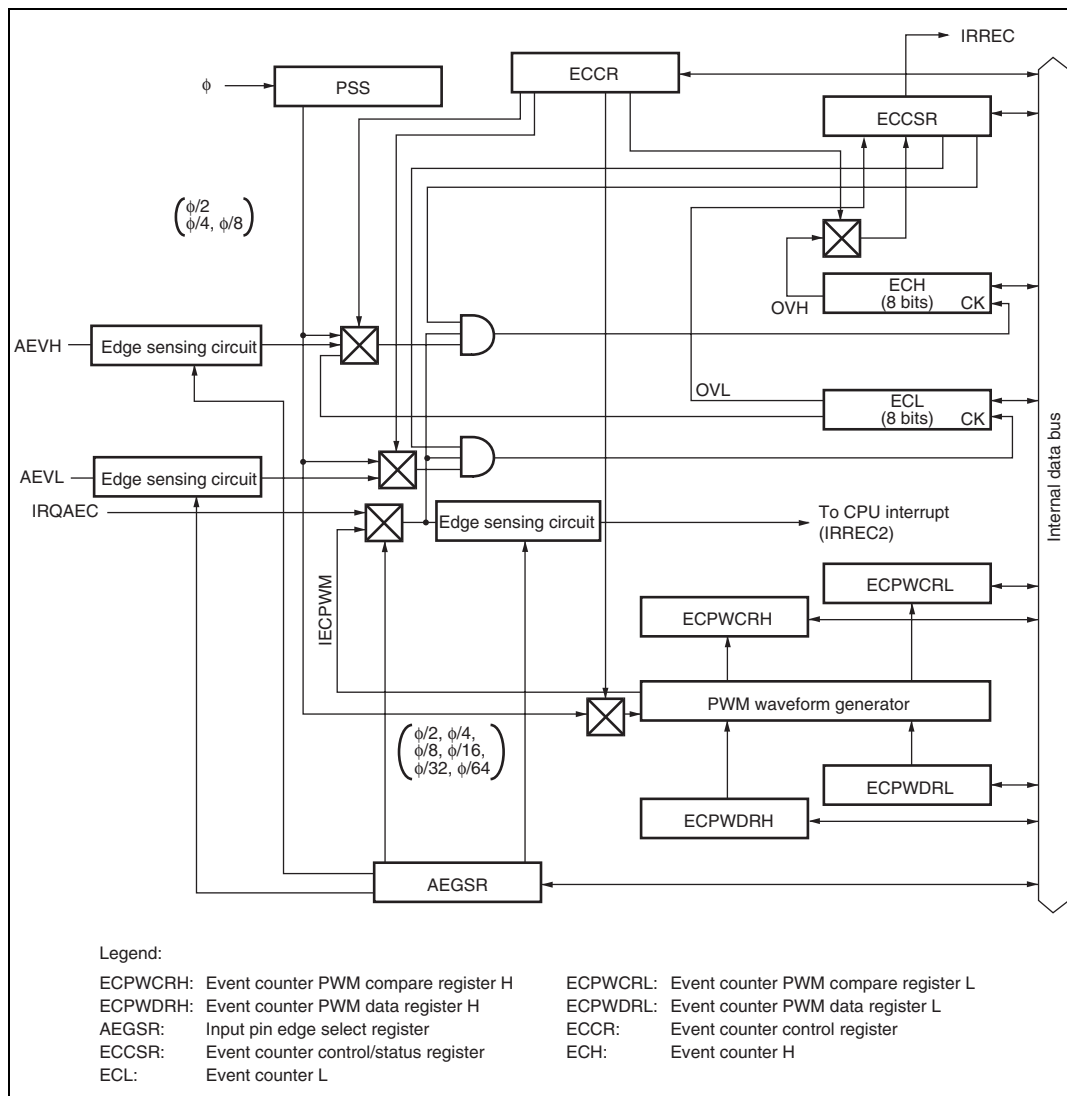
In subactive mode, even if  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as the internal clock, TCF can be read from or written to normally.

## 9.4 Asynchronous Event Counter (AEC)

The asynchronous event counter is incremented by external event clock or internal clock input. Figure 9.7 shows a block diagram of the asynchronous event counter.

### 9.4.1 Features

- Can count asynchronous events  
Can count external events input asynchronously without regard to the operation of system clocks  $\phi$  and  $\phi_{\text{SUB}}$
- Can be used as two-channel independent 8-bit event counter or single-channel independent 16-bit event counter.
- Event/clock input is enabled only when IRQAEC is high or event counter PWM output (IECPWM) is high.
- Both edge sensing can be used for IRQAEC or event counter PWM output (IECPWM) interrupts. When the asynchronous counter is not used, they can be used as independent interrupts.
- When an event counter PWM is used, event clock input enabling/disabling can be controlled automatically in a fixed cycle.
- External event input or a prescaler output clock can be selected by software for the ECH and ECL clock sources.  $\phi/2$ ,  $\phi/4$ , or  $\phi/8$  can be selected as the prescaler output clock.
- Both edge counting is possible for AEVL and AEVH.
- Counter resetting and halting of the count-up function can be controlled by software
- Automatic interrupt generation on detection of an event counter overflow
- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)



**Figure 9.7 Block Diagram of Asynchronous Event Counter**

### 9.4.2 Input/Output Pins

Table 9.5 shows the pin configuration of the asynchronous event counter.

**Table 9.5 Pin Configuration**

| Name                               | Abbreviation | I/O   | Function                                     |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------|----------------------------------------------|
| Asynchronous event input H         | AEVH         | Input | Event input pin for input to event counter H |
| Asynchronous event input L         | AEVL         | Input | Event input pin for input to event counter L |
| Event input enable interrupt input | IRQAEC       | Input | Input pin for interrupt enabling event input |

### 9.4.3 Register Descriptions

The asynchronous event counter has the following registers.

- Event counter PWM compare register H (ECPWCRH)
- Event counter PWM compare register L (ECPWCRL)
- Event counter PWM data register H (ECPWDRH)
- Event counter PWM data register L (ECPWDRL)
- Input pin edge select register (AEGSR)
- Event counter control register (ECCR)
- Event counter control/status register (ECCSR)
- Event counter H (ECH)
- Event counter L (ECL)

**Event Counter PWM Compare Register H (ECPWCRH):** ECPWCRH sets the one conversion period of the event counter PWM waveform.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                         |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ECPWCRH7 | 1             | R/W | One conversion period of event counter PWM waveform |
| 6   | ECPWCRH6 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 5   | ECPWCRH5 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 4   | ECPWCRH4 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 3   | ECPWCRH3 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 2   | ECPWCRH2 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 1   | ECPWCRH1 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 0   | ECPWCRH0 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |

Notes: When ECPWME in AEGSR is 1, the event counter PWM is operating and therefore ECPWCRH should not be modified.

When changing the conversion period, the event counter PWM must be halted by clearing ECPWME to 0 in AEGSR before modifying ECPWCRH.

**Event Counter PWM Compare Register L (ECPWCRL):** ECPWCRL sets the one conversion period of the event counter PWM waveform.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                         |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ECPWCRL7 | 1             | R/W | One conversion period of event counter PWM waveform |
| 6   | ECPWCRL6 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 5   | ECPWCRL5 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 4   | ECPWCRL4 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 3   | ECPWCRL3 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 2   | ECPWCRL2 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 1   | ECPWCRL1 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |
| 0   | ECPWCRL0 | 1             | R/W |                                                     |

Notes: When ECPWME in AEGSR is 1, the event counter PWM is operating and therefore ECPWCRL should not be modified.

When changing the conversion period, the event counter PWM must be halted by clearing ECPWME to 0 in AEGSR before modifying ECPWCRL.

**Event Counter PWM Data Register H (ECPWDRH):** ECPWDRH controls data of the event counter PWM waveform generator.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ECPWDRH7 | 0             | W   | Data control of event counter PWM waveform generator |
| 6   | ECPWDRH6 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 5   | ECPWDRH5 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 4   | ECPWDRH4 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 3   | ECPWDRH3 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 2   | ECPWDRH2 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 1   | ECPWDRH1 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 0   | ECPWDRH0 | 0             | W   |                                                      |

Notes: When ECPWME in AEGSR is 1, the event counter PWM is operating and therefore ECPWDRH should not be modified.

When changing the data, the event counter PWM must be halted by clearing ECPWME to 0 in AEGSR before modifying ECPWDRH.

**Event Counter PWM Data Register L (ECPWDRL):** ECPWDRL controls data of the event counter PWM waveform generator.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ECPWDRL7 | 0             | W   | Data control of event counter PWM waveform generator |
| 6   | ECPWDRL6 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 5   | ECPWDRL5 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 4   | ECPWDRL4 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 3   | ECPWDRL3 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 2   | ECPWDRL2 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 1   | ECPWDRL1 | 0             | W   |                                                      |
| 0   | ECPWDRL0 | 0             | W   |                                                      |

Notes: When ECPWME in AEGSR is 1, the event counter PWM is operating and therefore ECPWDRL should not be modified.

When changing the data, the event counter PWM must be halted by clearing ECPWME to 0 in AEGSR before modifying ECPWDRL.

**Input Pin Edge Select Register (AEGSR):** AEGSR selects rising, falling, or both edge sensing for the AEVH, AEVL, and IRQAEC pins.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | AHEGS1   | 0             | R/W | AEC Edge Select H                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 6   | AHEGS0   | 0             | R/W | Select rising, falling, or both edge sensing for the AEVH pin.<br>00: Falling edge on AEVH pin is sensed<br>01: Rising edge on AEVH pin is sensed<br>10: Both edges on AEVH pin are sensed<br>11: Setting prohibited         |
| 5   | ALEGS1   | 0             | R/W | AEC Edge Select L                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 4   | ALEGS0   | 0             | R/W | Select rising, falling, or both edge sensing for the AEVL pin.<br>00: Falling edge on AEVL pin is sensed<br>01: Rising edge on AEVL pin is sensed<br>10: Both edges on AEVL pin are sensed<br>11: Setting prohibited         |
| 3   | AIEGS1   | 0             | R/W | IRQAEC Edge Select                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2   | AIEGS0   | 0             | R/W | Select rising, falling, or both edge sensing for the IRQAEC pin.<br>00: Falling edge on IRQAEC pin is sensed<br>01: Rising edge on IRQAEC pin is sensed<br>10: Both edges on IRQAEC pin are sensed<br>11: Setting prohibited |
| 1   | ECPWME   | 0             | R/W | Event Counter PWM Enable<br>Controls operation of event counter PWM and selection of IRQAEC.<br>0: AEC PWM halted, IRQAEC selected<br>1: AEC PWM enabled, IRQAEC not selected                                                |
| 0   | —        | 0             | R/W | Reserved<br>This bit can be read from or written to. However, this bit should not be set to 1.                                                                                                                               |

**Event Counter Control Register (ECCR):** ECCR controls the counter input clock and IRQAEC/IECPWM.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ACKH1    | 0             | R/W | AEC Clock Select H                                                                                   |
| 6   | ACKH0    | 0             | R/W | Select the clock used by ECH.<br>00: AEVH pin input<br>01: $\phi/2$<br>10: $\phi/4$<br>11: $\phi/8$  |
| 5   | ACKL1    | 0             | R/W | AEC Clock Select L                                                                                   |
| 4   | ACKL0    | 0             | R/W | Select the clock used by ECL.<br>00: AEVL pin input<br>01: $\phi/2$<br>10: $\phi/4$<br>11: $\phi/8$  |
| 3   | PWCK2    | 0             | R/W | Event Counter PWM Clock Select                                                                       |
| 2   | PWCK1    | 0             | R/W | Select the event counter PWM clock.                                                                  |
| 1   | PWCK0    | 0             | R/W | 000: $\phi/2$<br>001: $\phi/4$<br>010: $\phi/8$<br>011: $\phi/16$<br>1X0: $\phi/32$<br>1X1 $\phi/64$ |
| 0   | —        | 0             | R/W | Reserved<br>This bit can be read from or written to. However, this bit should not be set to 1.       |

Legend: X: Don't care.

**Event Counter Control/Status Register (ECCSR):** ECCSR controls counter overflow detection, counter clear resetting, and the count-up function.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----|----------|---------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | OVH      | 0             | R/W* | <p>Counter Overflow H</p> <p>This is a status flag indicating that ECH has overflowed.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When ECH overflows from H'FF to H'00</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When this bit is written to 0 after reading OVH = 1</p> |
| 6   | OVL      | 0             | R/W* | <p>Counter Overflow L</p> <p>This is a status flag indicating that ECL has overflowed.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When ECL overflows from H'FF to H'00</p> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <p>When this bit is written to 0 after reading OVL = 1</p> |
| 5   | —        | 0             | R/W  | <p>Reserved</p> <p>This bit can be read from or written to. However, the initial value should not be changed.</p>                                                                                                                                        |
| 4   | CH2      | 0             | R/W  | <p>Channel Select</p> <p>Selects how ECH and ECL event counters are used</p> <p>0: ECH and ECL are used together as a single-channel 16-bit event counter</p> <p>1: ECH and ECL are used as two-channel 8-bit event counter</p>                          |
| 3   | CUEH     | 0             | R/W  | <p>Count-Up Enable H</p> <p>Enables event clock input to ECH.</p> <p>0: ECH event clock input is disabled (ECH value is retained)</p> <p>1: ECH event clock input is enabled</p>                                                                         |
| 2   | CUEL     | 0             | R/W  | <p>Count-Up Enable L</p> <p>Enables event clock input to ECL.</p> <p>0: ECL event clock input is disabled (ECL value is retained)</p> <p>1: ECL event clock input is enabled</p>                                                                         |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | CRCH     | 0             | R/W | Counter Reset Control H<br>Controls resetting of ECH.<br>0: ECH is reset<br>1: ECH reset is cleared and count-up function is enabled |
| 0   | CRCL     | 0             | R/W | Counter Reset Control L<br>Controls resetting of ECL.<br>0: ECL is reset<br>1: ECL reset is cleared and count-up function is enabled |

Note: \* Only 0 can be written to clear the flag.

**Event Counter H (ECH):** ECH is an 8-bit read-only up-counter that operates as an independent 8-bit event counter. ECH also operates as the upper 8-bit up-counter of a 16-bit event counter configured in combination with ECL.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ECH7     | 0             | R   | Either the external asynchronous event AEVH pin, $\phi/2$ , $\phi/4$ , or $\phi/8$ , or the overflow signal from lower 8-bit counter ECL can be selected as the input clock source. ECH can be cleared to H'00 by software. |
| 6   | ECH6     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 5   | ECH5     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4   | ECH4     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 3   | ECH3     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 2   | ECH2     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 1   | ECH1     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 0   | ECH0     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Event Counter L (ECL):** ECL is an 8-bit read-only up-counter that operates as an independent 8-bit event counter. ECL also operates as the lower 8-bit up-counter of a 16-bit event counter configured in combination with ECH.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | ECL7     | 0             | R   | Either the external asynchronous event AEVL pin, $\phi/2$ , $\phi/4$ , or $\phi/8$ can be selected as the input clock source. ECL can be cleared to H'00 by software. |
| 6   | ECL6     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | ECL5     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4   | ECL4     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3   | ECL3     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | ECL2     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1   | ECL1     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0   | ECL0     | 0             | R   |                                                                                                                                                                       |

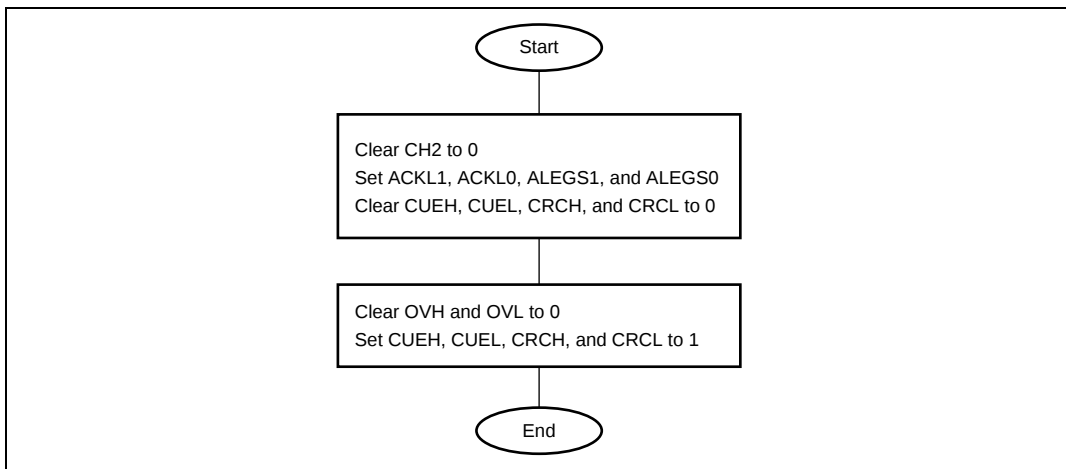
#### 9.4.4 Operation

**16-Bit Counter Operation:** When bit CH2 is cleared to 0 in ECCSR, ECH and ECL operate as a 16-bit event counter.

Any of four input clock sources— $\phi/2$ ,  $\phi/4$ ,  $\phi/8$ , or AEVL pin input—can be selected by means of bits ACKL1 and ACKL0 in ECCR.

When AEVL pin input is selected, input sensing is selected with bits ALEGS1 and ALEGS0.

The input clock is enabled only when IRQAEC is high or IECPWM is high. When IRQAEC is low or IECPWM is low, the input clock is not input to the counter, which therefore does not operate. Figure 9.8 shows an example of the software processing when ECH and ECL are used as a 16-bit event counter.



**Figure 9.8 Example of Software Processing when Using ECH and ECL as 16-Bit Event Counter**

As CH2 is cleared to 0 by a reset, ECH and ECL operate as a 16-bit event counter after a reset, and as ACKL1 and ACKL0 are cleared to B'00, the operating clock is asynchronous event input from the AEVL pin (using falling edge sensing).

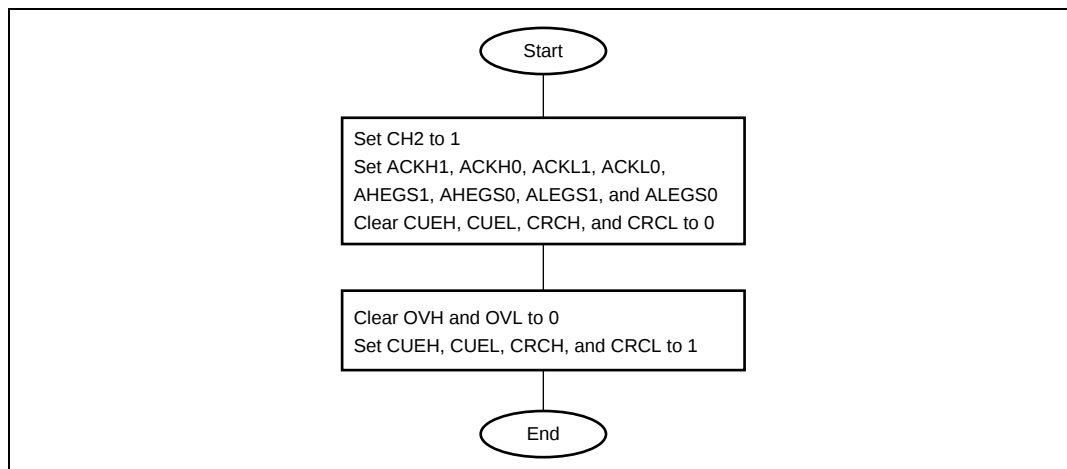
When the next clock is input after the count value reaches H'FF in both ECH and ECL, ECH and ECL overflow from H'FFFF to H'0000, the OVH flag is set to 1 in ECCSR, the ECH and ECL count values each return to H'00, and counting up is restarted. When overflow occurs, the IRREC bit is set to 1 in IRR2. If the IENEC bit in IENR2 is 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

**8-Bit Counter Operation:** When bit CH2 is set to 1 in ECCSR, ECH and ECL operate as independent 8-bit event counters.

$\phi/2$ ,  $\phi/4$ ,  $\phi/8$ , or AEVH pin input can be selected as the input clock source for ECH by means of bits ACKH1 and ACKH0 in ECCR, and  $\phi/2$ ,  $\phi/4$ ,  $\phi/8$ , or AEVL pin input can be selected as the input clock source for ECL by means of bits ACKL1 and ACKL0 in ECCR.

Input sensing is selected with bits AHEGS1 and AHEGS0 when AEVH pin input is selected, and with bits ALEGS1 and ALEGS0 when AEVL pin input is selected.

The input clock is enabled only when IRQAEC is high or IECPWM is high. When IRQAEC is low or IECPWM is low, the input clock is not input to the counter, which therefore does not operate. Figure 9.9 shows an example of the software processing when ECH and ECL are used as 8-bit event counters.



**Figure 9.9 Example of Software Processing when Using ECH and ECL as 8-Bit Event Counters**

ECH and ECL can be used as 8-bit event counters by carrying out the software processing shown in the example in figure 9.9. When the next clock is input after the ECH count value reaches H'FF, ECH overflows, the OVH flag is set to 1 in ECCSR, the ECH count value returns to H'00, and counting up is restarted. Similarly, when the next clock is input after the ECL count value reaches H'FF, ECL overflows, the OVL flag is set to 1 in ECCSR, the ECL count value returns to H'00, and counting up is restarted. When an overflow occurs, the IRREC bit is set to 1 in IRR2. If the IENEC bit in IENR2 is 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

**IRQAEC Operation:** When ECPWME in AEGSR is 0, the ECH and ECL input clocks are enabled only when IRQAEC is high. When IRQAEC is low, the input clocks are not input to the counters, and so ECH and ECL do not count. ECH and ECL count operations can therefore be controlled from outside by controlling IRQAEC. In this case, ECH and ECL cannot be controlled individually.

IRQAEC can also operate as an interrupt source. In this case the vector number is 6 and the vector addresses are H'000C and H'000D.

Interrupt enabling is controlled by IENEC2 in IENR1. When an IRQAEC interrupt is generated, IRR1 interrupt request flag IRREC2 is set to 1. If IENEC2 in IENR1 is set to 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

Rising, falling, or both edge sensing can be selected for the IRQAEC input pin with bits AIAGS1 and AIAGS0 in AEGSR.

**Note:** On the H8/38104 Group, control of switching between the system clock oscillator and the on-chip oscillator during resets should be performed by setting the IRQAEC input level. Refer to section 4.4, Subclock Generator, for details.

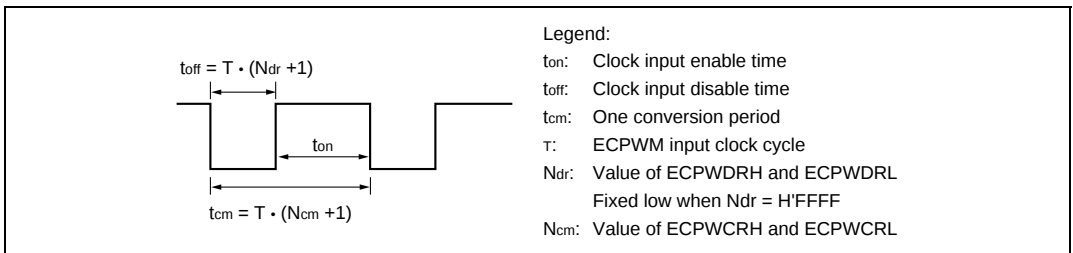
**Event Counter PWM Operation:** When ECPWME in AEGSR is 1, the ECH and ECL input clocks are enabled only when event counter PWM output (IECPWM) is high. When IECPWM is low, the input clocks are not input to the counters, and so ECH and ECL do not count. ECH and ECL count operations can therefore be controlled cyclically from outside by controlling event counter PWM. In this case, ECH and ECL cannot be controlled individually.

IECPWM can also operate as an interrupt source. In this case the vector number is 6 and the vector addresses are H'000C and H'000D.

Interrupt enabling is controlled by IENEC2 in IENR1. When an IECPWM interrupt is generated, IRR1 interrupt request flag IRREC2 is set to 1. If IENEC2 in IENR1 is set to 1 at this time, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

Rising, falling, or both edge detection can be selected for IECPWM interrupt sensing with bits AIAGS1 and AIAGS0 in AEGSR.

Figure 9.10 and table 9.6 show examples of event counter PWM operation.



**Figure 9.10 Event Counter Operation Waveform**

**Note:** Ndr and Ncm above must be set so that  $Ndr < Ncm$ . If the settings do not satisfy this condition, do not set ECPWME to 1 in AEGSR.

**Table 9.6 Examples of Event Counter PWM Operation**

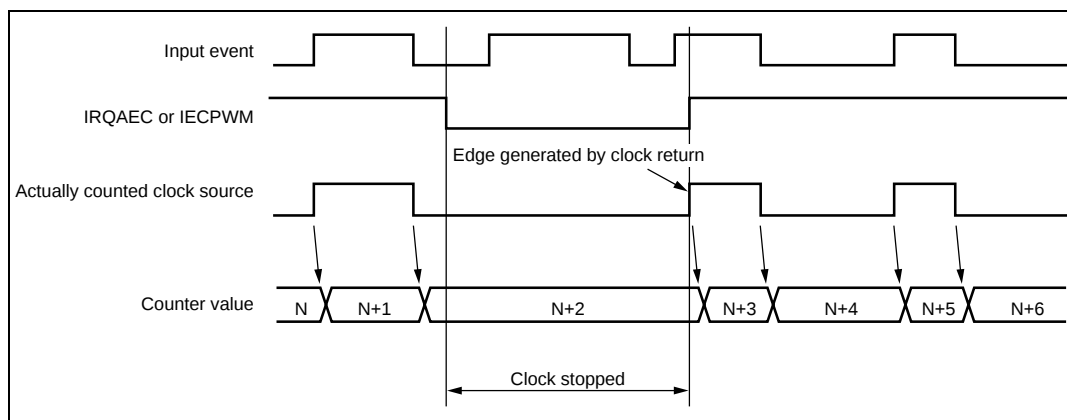
Conditions: fosc = 4 MHz, f $\phi$  = 2 MHz, high-speed active mode, ECPWCR value (Ncm) = H'7A11, ECPWDR value (Ndr) = H'16E3

| Clock Source Selection | Clock Source Cycle (T)* | ECPWMCR Value (Ncm) | ECPWMDR Value (Ndr) | toff = T × (Ndr + 1) | tcm = T × (Ncm + 1) | ton = tcm – toff |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| $\phi/2$               | 1 $\mu$ s               | H'7A11              | H'16E3              | 5.86 ms              | 31.25 ms            | 25.39 ms         |
| $\phi/4$               | 2 $\mu$ s               | D'31249             | D'5859              | 11.72 ms             | 62.5 ms             | 50.78 ms         |
| $\phi/8$               | 4 $\mu$ s               |                     |                     | 23.44 ms             | 125.0 ms            | 101.56 ms        |
| $\phi/16$              | 8 $\mu$ s               |                     |                     | 46.88 ms             | 250.0 ms            | 203.12 ms        |
| $\phi/32$              | 16 $\mu$ s              |                     |                     | 93.76 ms             | 500.0 ms            | 406.24 ms        |
| $\phi/64$              | 32 $\mu$ s              |                     |                     | 187.52 ms            | 1000.0 ms           | 812.48 ms        |

Note: \* toff minimum width

**Clock Input Enable/Disable Function Operation:** The clock input to the event counter can be controlled by the IRQAEC pin when ECPWME in AEGSR is 0, and by the event counter PWM output, IECPWM when ECPWME in AEGSR is 1. As this function forcibly terminates the clock input by each signal, a maximum error of one count will occur depending on the IRQAEC or IECPWM timing.

Figure 9.11 shows an example of the operation of this function.

**Figure 9.11 Example of Clock Control Operation**

### 9.4.5 Operating States of Asynchronous Event Counter

The operating states of the asynchronous event counter are shown in table 9.7.

**Table 9.7 Operating States of Asynchronous Event Counter**

| Operating Mode    | Reset | Active    | Sleep     | Watch                     | Sub-active              | Sub-sleep               | Standby                   | Module Standby         |
|-------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| AEGR              | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained <sup>*1</sup>    | Functions               | Functions               | Retained <sup>*1</sup>    | Retained               |
| ECCR              | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained <sup>*1</sup>    | Functions               | Functions               | Retained <sup>*1</sup>    | Retained               |
| ECCSR             | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained <sup>*1</sup>    | Functions               | Functions               | Retained <sup>*1</sup>    | Retained               |
| ECH               | Reset | Functions | Functions | Functions <sup>*1*2</sup> | Functions <sup>*2</sup> | Functions <sup>*2</sup> | Functions <sup>*1*2</sup> | Halted                 |
| ECL               | Reset | Functions | Functions | Functions <sup>*1*2</sup> | Functions <sup>*2</sup> | Functions <sup>*2</sup> | Functions <sup>*1*2</sup> | Halted                 |
| IRQAEC            | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained <sup>*3</sup>    | Functions               | Functions               | Retained <sup>*3</sup>    | Retained <sup>*4</sup> |
| Event counter PWM | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained                  | Retained                | Retained                | Retained                  | Retained               |

- Notes: 1. When an asynchronous external event is input, the counter increments but the counter overflow H/L flags are not affected.
2. Functions when asynchronous external events are selected; halted and retained otherwise.
3. Clock control by IRQAEC operates, but interrupts do not.
4. As the clock is stopped in module standby mode, IRQAEC has no effect.

### 9.4.6 Usage Notes

1. When reading the values in ECH and ECL, first clear bits CUEH and CUEL to 0 in ECCSR in 8-bit mode and clear bit CUEL to 0 in 16-bit mode to prevent asynchronous event input to the counter. The correct value will not be returned if the event counter increments while being read.
2. The maximum clock frequency that may be input to the AEVH and AEVL pins is 16 MHz<sup>\*1</sup>. Furthermore, the clock high width and low width should be half or more the OSC clock cycle time. The duty ratio does not matter as long as the high width and low width satisfy the minimum requirement.

| Mode                                                    |                | Maximum Clock Frequency<br>Input to AEVH/AEVL Pin |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Active (high-speed), sleep (high-speed)                 |                | 16 MHz <sup>*1</sup>                              |
| Active (medium-speed), sleep (medium-speed)             | ( $\phi/16$ )  | $2 \times f_{OSC}$                                |
|                                                         | ( $\phi/32$ )  | $f_{OSC}$                                         |
|                                                         | ( $\phi/64$ )  | $1/2 \times f_{OSC}$                              |
|                                                         | ( $\phi/128$ ) | $1/4 \times f_{OSC}$                              |
| $f_{OSC} = 1 \text{ MHz to } 4 \text{ MHz}$             |                |                                                   |
| Watch, subactive, subsleep, standby                     | ( $\phi_W/2$ ) | 1000 kHz                                          |
|                                                         | ( $\phi_W/4$ ) | 500 kHz                                           |
|                                                         | ( $\phi_W/8$ ) | 250 kHz                                           |
| $\phi_W = 32.768 \text{ kHz or } 38.4 \text{ kHz}^{*2}$ |                |                                                   |

Notes: 1. Up to 10 MHz in the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group.

2. Does not apply to H8/38104 Group.

- When AEC uses with 16-bit mode, set CUEH in ECCSR to 1 first, set CRCH in ECCSR to 1 second, or set both CUEH and CRCH to 1 at same time before clock input. While AEC is operating on 16-bit mode, do not change CUEH. Otherwise, ECH will be miscounted up.
- When ECPWME in AEGSR is 1, the event counter PWM is operating and therefore ECPWCRH, ECPWCRL, ECPWDRH, and ECPWDRL should not be modified.  
When changing the data, the event counter PWM must be halted by clearing ECPWME to 0 in AEGSR before modifying these registers.
- The event counter PWM data register and event counter PWM compare register must be set so that event counter PWM data register < event counter PWM compare register. If the settings do not satisfy this condition, do not set ECPWME to 1 in AEGSR.
- As synchronization is established internally when an IRQAEC interrupt is generated, a maximum error of 1 tcyc will occur between clock halting and interrupt acceptance.

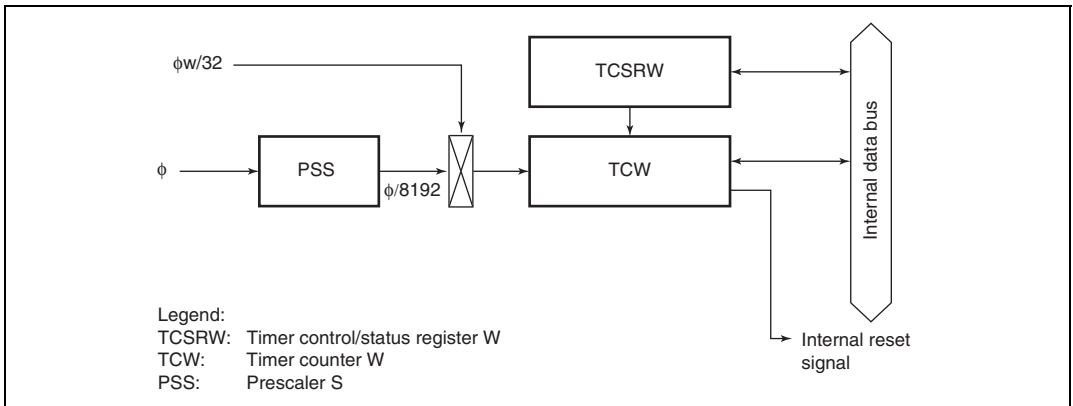
## 9.5 Watchdog Timer

The watchdog timer is an 8-bit timer that can generate an internal reset signal for this LSI if a system crash prevents the CPU from writing to the timer counter, thus allowing it to overflow.

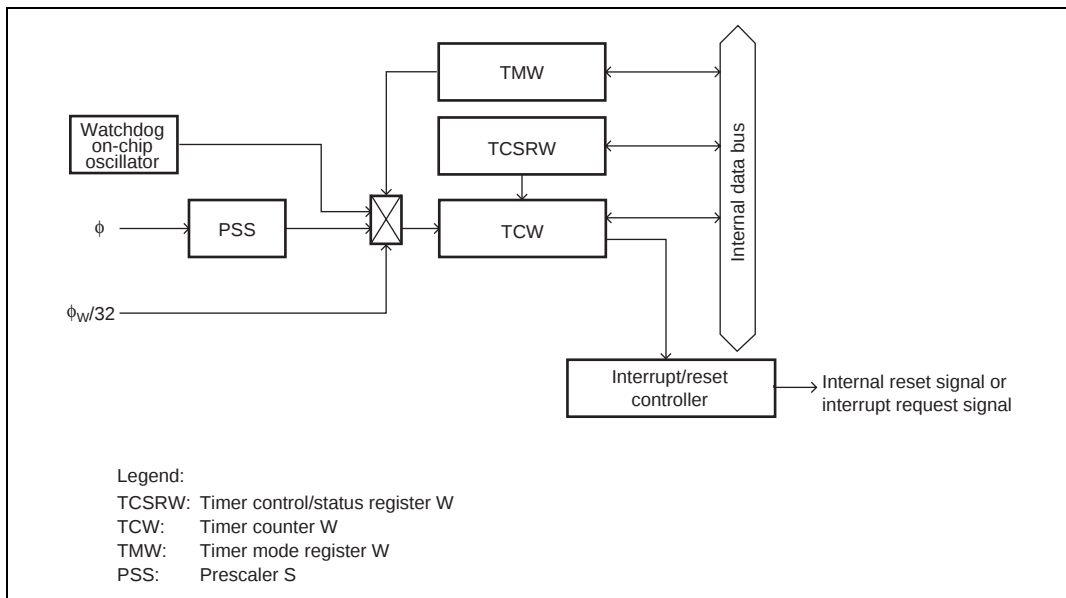
However, as shown in watchdog timer block diagrams figure 9.12 (1) and figure 9.12 (2), the implementation differs in the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group and the H8/38104 Group.

### 9.5.1 Features

- Selectable from two counter input clocks (H8/38004, H8/38002S Group).  
Two clock sources ( $\phi/8192$  or  $\phi_w/32$ ) can be selected as the timer-counter clock.
- On the H8/38104 Group, 10 internal clocks are available for selection. Ten internal clocks ( $\phi/64$ ,  $\phi/128$ ,  $\phi/256$ ,  $\phi/512$ ,  $\phi/1024$ ,  $\phi/2048$ ,  $\phi/4096$ ,  $\phi/8192$ ,  $\phi_w/32$ , or watchdog on-chip oscillator) can be selected as the timer-counter clock.
- Reset signal generated on counter overflow  
An overflow period of 1 to 256 times the selected clock can be set.
- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)



**Figure 9.12(1) Block Diagram of Watchdog Timer (H8/38004, H8/38002S Group)**



**Figure 9.12(2) Block Diagram of Watchdog Timer (H8/38104 Group)**

### 9.5.2 Register Descriptions

The watchdog timer has the following registers.

- Timer control/status register W (TCSRW)
- Timer counter W (TCW)
- Timer mode register W (TMW)\*

Note: \* This register is implemented on the H8/38104 Group only.

**Timer Control/Status Register W (TCSRW):** TCSRW performs the TCSRW and TCW write control. TCSRW also controls the watchdog timer operation and indicates the operating state. TCSRW must be rewritten by using the MOV instruction. The bit manipulation instruction cannot be used to change the setting value.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value     | R/W                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | B6WI     | 1                 | R                   | <p>Bit 6 Write Inhibit</p> <p>The TCWE bit can be written only when the write value of the B6WI bit is 0.</p> <p>This bit is always read as 1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 6   | TCWE     | 0                 | R/(W) <sup>*1</sup> | <p>Timer Counter W Write Enable</p> <p>TCW can be written when the TCWE bit is set to 1.</p> <p>When writing data to this bit, the value for bit 7 must be 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 5   | B4WI     | 1                 | R                   | <p>Bit 4 Write Inhibit</p> <p>The TCSRWE bit can be written only when the write value of the B4WI bit is 0. This bit is always read as 1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 4   | TCSRWE   | 0                 | R/(W) <sup>*1</sup> | <p>Timer Control/Status Register W Write Enable</p> <p>The WDON and WRST bits can be written when the TCSRWE bit is set to 1.</p> <p>When writing data to this bit, the value for bit 5 must be 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 3   | B2WI     | 1                 | R                   | <p>Bit 2 Write Inhibit</p> <p>This bit can be written to the WDON bit only when the write value of the B2WI bit is 0.</p> <p>This bit is always read as 1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 2   | WDON     | 0/1 <sup>*2</sup> | R/(W) <sup>*1</sup> | <p>Watchdog Timer On</p> <p>TCW starts counting up when WDON is set to 1 and halts when WDON is cleared to 0.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When 1 is written to the WDON bit while writing 0 to the B2WI bit when the TCSRWE bit=1</p> <p>[Clearing conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reset by <math>\overline{\text{RES}}</math> pin<sup>*3</sup></li> <li>When 0 is written to the WDON bit while writing 0 to the B2WI when the TCSRWE bit=1</li> </ul> |
| 1   | B0WI     | 1                 | R                   | <p>Bit 0 Write Inhibit</p> <p>This bit can be written to the WRST bit only when the write value of the B0WI bit is 0. This bit is always read as 1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------|---------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | WRST     | 0             | R/(W)*1 | <p>Watchdog Timer Reset</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <p>When TCW overflows and an internal reset signal is generated</p> <p>[Clearing conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reset by <math>\overline{\text{RES}}</math> pin</li> <li>When 0 is written to the WRST bit while writing 0 to the B0WI bit when the TCSRWE bit = 1</li> </ul> |

Notes: 1. These bits can be written only when the writing conditions are satisfied.  
 2. Initial value 0 on H8/38004, H8/38002S Group and 1 on H8/38104 Group.  
 3. On reset, cleared to 0 on H8/38004, H8/38002S Group and set to 1 on H8/38104 Group.

**Timer Counter W (TCW):** TCW is an 8-bit readable/writable up-counter. When TCW overflows from H'FF to H'00, the internal reset signal is generated and the WRST bit in TCSRW is set to 1. TCW is initialized to H'00.

**Timer Mode Register W (TMW):** TMW selects the input clock. Clock source selection using this register is enabled when WDCKS in port mode register 2 (PMR2) is cleared to 0. If WDCKS is set to 1,  $\phi_w/32$  is selected as the clock source, regardless of the setting of TMW.

Note: TMW is implemented on H8/38104 Group only.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 4 | —        | All 1         | —   | This bit is reserved. It is always read as 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 3      | CKS3     | 1             | R/W | Clock Select 3 to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 2      | CKS2     | 1             | R/W | Selects the clock input to TCWD.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1      | CKS1     | 1             | R/W | 1000: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/64$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0      | CKS0     | 1             | R/W | 1001: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/128$<br>1010: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/256$<br>1011: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/512$<br>1100: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/1,024$<br>1101: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/2,048$<br>1110: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/4,096$<br>1111: Internal clock: counting on $\phi/8,192$<br>0XXX: On-chip oscillator<br><br>See section 17, Electrical Characteristics, for information on the overflow period of the on-chip oscillator. |

Legend: X: Don't care

### 9.5.3 Operation

The watchdog timer is provided with an 8-bit counter. The input clock is selected by the WDCKS bit in the port mode register 2 (PMR2)\*: On the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group,  $\phi/8192$  is selected when the WDCKS bit is cleared to 0, and  $\phi w/32$  when set to 1. On the H8/38104 Group, the clock specified by timer mode register W (TMW) is selected when WDCKS is cleared to 0, and  $\phi w/32$  is selected when WDCKS is set to 1. If 1 is written to WDON while writing 0 to B2WI when the TCSRWE bit in TCSRW is set to 1, TCW begins counting up. (To operate the watchdog timer, two write accesses to TCSRW are required. However, on the H8/38104 Group, TCW begins counting up even if no write access occurs, because WDON is set to 1 when the reset is cleared.) When a clock pulse is input after the TCW count value has reached H'FF, the watchdog timer overflows and an internal reset signal is generated. The internal reset signal is output for a period of  $512 \phi_{osc}$  clock cycles. TCW is a writable counter, and when a value is set in TCW, the count-up starts from that value. An overflow period in the range of 1 to 256 input clock cycles can therefore be set, according to the TCW set value.

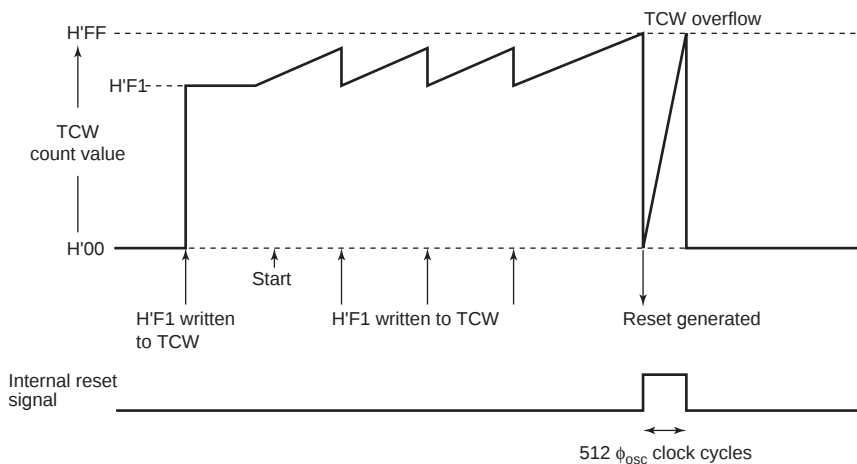
Note: \* For details, refer to section 8.1.5, Port Mode Register 2 (PMR2).

Figure 9.13 shows an example of watchdog timer operation.

Example: With 30-ms overflow period when  $\phi = 4$  MHz

$$\frac{4 \times 10^6}{8192} \times 30 \times 10^{-3} = 14.6$$

Therefore,  $256 - 15 = 241$  (H'F1) is set in TCW.



**Figure 9.13 Example of Watchdog Timer Operation**

### 9.5.4 Operating States of Watchdog Timer

Tables 9.8(1) and 9.8(2) summarize the operating states of the watchdog timer for the H8/38004, H8/38002S Group and H8/38104 Group, respectively.

**Table 9.8(1) Operating States of Watchdog Timer (H8/38004, H8/38002S Group)**

| Operating Mode | Reset | Active    | Sleep     | Watch    | Sub-active            | Sub-sleep | Standby  | Module Standby |
|----------------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| TCW            | Reset | Functions | Functions | Halted   | Functions/<br>Halted* | Halted    | Halted   | Halted         |
| TCSRW          | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained | Functions/<br>Halted* | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |

Note: \* Functions when  $\phi_w/32$  is selected as the input clock.

**Table 9.8(2) Operating States of Watchdog Timer (H8/38104 Group)**

| Operating Mode | Reset | Active    | Sleep     | Watch                                | Sub-active                         | Sub-sleep                            | Standby                              | Module Standby |
|----------------|-------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| TCW            | Reset | Functions | Functions | Functions/<br>Halted* <sup>1</sup>   | Functions/<br>Halted* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Halted* <sup>1</sup>   | Functions/<br>Halted* <sup>2</sup>   | Halted         |
| TCSRW          | Reset | Functions | Functions | Functions/<br>Retained* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Halted* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Retained* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Retained* <sup>2</sup> | Retained       |
| TMW            | Reset | Functions | Functions | Functions/<br>Retained* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Halted* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Retained* <sup>1</sup> | Functions/<br>Retained* <sup>2</sup> | Retained       |

Notes: 1. Functions when  $\phi_w/32$  or the on-chip clock oscillator is selected as the internal clock.  
 2. Functions only when the on-chip clock oscillator is selected.

## Section 10 Serial Communication Interface 3 (SCI3)

Serial Communication Interface 3 (SCI3) can handle both asynchronous and clocked synchronous serial communication. In the asynchronous method, serial data communication can be carried out using standard asynchronous communication chips such as a Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) or an Asynchronous Communication Interface Adapter (ACIA).

Figure 10.1 shows a block diagram of the SCI3.

### 10.1 Features

- Choice of asynchronous or clocked synchronous serial communication mode
- Full-duplex communication capability

The transmitter and receiver are mutually independent, enabling transmission and reception to be executed simultaneously.

Double-buffering is used in both the transmitter and the receiver, enabling continuous transmission and continuous reception of serial data.

- On-chip baud rate generator allows any bit rate to be selected
- External clock or on-chip baud rate generator can be selected as a transfer clock source.
- Six interrupt sources

Transmit-end, transmit-data-empty, receive-data-full, overrun error, framing error, and parity error.

**Note:** On the H8/38104 Group, the system clock generator must be used when carrying out this function.

#### Asynchronous mode

- Data length: 7, 8, or 5 bits
- Stop bit length: 1 or 2 bits
- Parity: Even, odd, or none
- Receive error detection: Parity, overrun, and framing errors
- Break detection: Break can be detected by reading the RXD32 pin level directly in the case of a framing error

#### Clocked synchronous mode

- Data length: 8 bits
- Receive error detection: Overrun errors detected

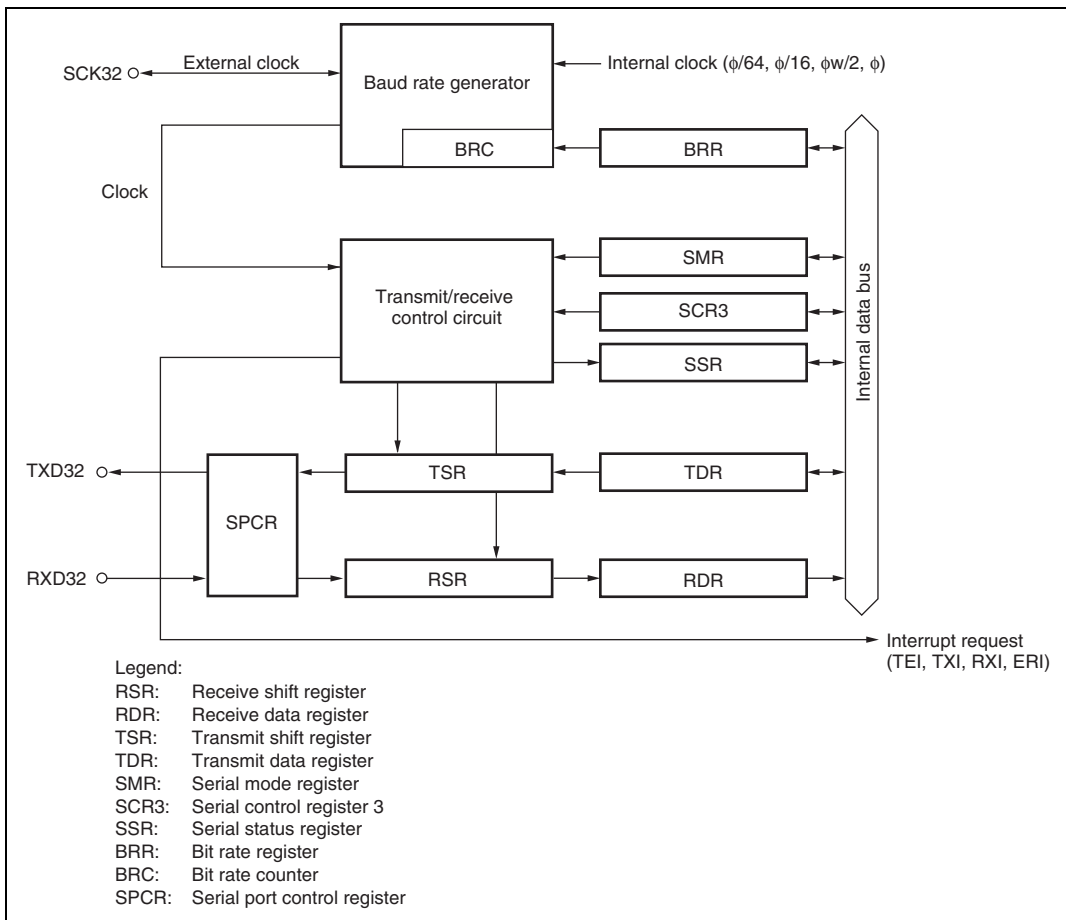


Figure 10.1 Block Diagram of SCI3

## 10.2 Input/Output Pins

Table 10.1 shows the SCI3 pin configuration.

**Table 10.1 Pin Configuration**

| Pin Name                  | Abbreviation | I/O    | Function                  |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------|---------------------------|
| SCI3 clock                | SCK32        | I/O    | SCI3 clock input/output   |
| SCI3 receive data input   | RXD32        | Input  | SCI3 receive data input   |
| SCI3 transmit data output | TXD32        | Output | SCI3 transmit data output |

## 10.3 Register Descriptions

The SCI3 has the following registers.

- Receive shift register (RSR)
- Receive data register (RDR)
- Transmit shift register (TSR)
- Transmit data register (TDR)
- Serial mode register (SMR)
- Serial control register 3 (SCR3)
- Serial status register (SSR)
- Bit rate register (BRR)
- Serial port control register (SPCR)

### 10.3.1 Receive Shift Register (RSR)

RSR is a shift register that is used to receive serial data input from the RXD32 pin and convert it into parallel data. When one byte of data has been received, it is transferred to RDR automatically. RSR cannot be directly accessed by the CPU.

### 10.3.2 Receive Data Register (RDR)

RDR is an 8-bit register that stores received data. When the SCI3 has received one byte of serial data, it transfers the received serial data from RSR to RDR, where it is stored. After this, RSR is receive-enabled. As RSR and RDR function as a double buffer in this way, continuous receive operations are possible. After confirming that the RDRF bit in SSR is set to 1, read RDR only once. RDR cannot be written to by the CPU. RDR is initialized to H'00 at a reset and in standby, watch, or module standby mode.

### 10.3.3 Transmit Shift Register (TSR)

TSR is a shift register that transmits serial data. To perform serial data transmission, the SCI3 first transfers transmit data from TDR to TSR automatically, then sends the data that starts from the LSB to the TXD32 pin. Data transfer from TDR to TSR is not performed if no data has been written to TDR (if the TDRE bit in SSR is set to 1). TSR cannot be directly accessed by the CPU.

### 10.3.4 Transmit Data Register (TDR)

TDR is an 8-bit register that stores data for transmission. When the SCI3 detects that TSR is empty, it transfers the transmit data written in TDR to TSR and starts transmission. The double-buffered structure of TDR and TSR enables continuous serial transmission. If the next transmit data has already been written to TDR during transmission of one-frame data, the SCI3 transfers the written data to TSR to continue transmission. To achieve reliable serial transmission, write transmit data to TDR only once after confirming that the TDRE bit in SSR is set to 1. TDR is initialized to H'FF at a reset and in standby, watch, or module standby mode.

### 10.3.5 Serial Mode Register (SMR)

SMR is used to set the SCI3's serial transfer format and select the on-chip baud rate generator clock source. SMR is initialized to H'00 at a reset and in standby, watch, or module standby mode.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | COM      | 0             | R/W | Communication Mode<br>0: Asynchronous mode<br>1: Clocked synchronous mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 6   | CHR      | 0             | R/W | Character Length (enabled only in asynchronous mode)<br>0: Selects 8 or 5 bits as the data length.<br>1: Selects 7 or 5 bits as the data length.<br>When 7-bit data is selected, the MSB (bit 7) in TDR is not transmitted. To select 5 bits as the data length, set 1 to both the PE and MP bits. The three most significant bits (bits 7, 6, and 5) in TDR are not transmitted. In clocked synchronous mode, the data length is fixed to 8 bits regardless of the CHR bit setting. |
| 5   | PE       | 0             | R/W | Parity Enable (enabled only in asynchronous mode)<br>When this bit is set to 1, the parity bit is added to transmit data before transmission, and the parity bit is checked in reception. In clocked synchronous mode, parity bit addition and checking is not performed regardless of the PE bit setting.                                                                                                                                                                           |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4   | PM       | 0             | R/W | <p>Parity Mode (enabled only when the PE bit is 1 in asynchronous mode)</p> <p>0: Selects even parity.</p> <p>1: Selects odd parity.</p> <p>When even parity is selected, a parity bit is added in transmission so that the total number of 1 bits in the transmit data plus the parity bit is an even number; in reception, a check is carried out to confirm that the number of 1 bits in the receive data plus the parity bit is an even number.</p> <p>When odd parity is selected, a parity bit is added in transmission so that the total number of 1 bits in the transmit data plus the parity bit is an odd number; in reception, a check is carried out to confirm that the number of 1 bits in the receive data plus the parity bit is an odd number.</p> <p>If parity bit addition and checking is disabled in clocked synchronous mode and asynchronous mode, the PM bit setting is invalid.</p> |
| 3   | STOP     | 0             | R/W | <p>Stop Bit Length (enabled only in asynchronous mode)</p> <p>Selects the stop bit length in transmission.</p> <p>0: 1 stop bit</p> <p>1: 2 stop bits</p> <p>For reception, only the first stop bit is checked, regardless of the value in the bit. If the second stop bit is 0, it is treated as the start bit of the next transmit character.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 2   | MP       | 0             | R/W | <p>5 Bit Communication</p> <p>When this bit is one, the format of 5 bits communication becomes possible.</p> <p>In the case of writing 1 to this bit, bit 5 (PE) should be written with 1 all at one.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | CKS1     | 0             | R/W | Clock Select 0 and 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0   | CKS0     | 0             | R/W | <p>These bits select the clock source for the on-chip baud rate generator.</p> <p>00: <math>\phi</math> clock (<math>n = 0</math>)</p> <p>01: <math>\phi w/2</math> or <math>\phi w</math> clock (<math>n = 1</math>)</p> <p>10: <math>\phi/16</math> clock (<math>n = 2</math>)</p> <p>11: <math>\phi/64</math> clock (<math>n = 3</math>)</p> <p>When the setting value is 01 in active mode and sleep mode, <math>\phi w/2</math> clock is set. In subactive mode and subsleep mode, <math>\phi w</math> clock is set. The SCI3 is enabled only when <math>\phi w/2</math> is selected for the CPU operating clock.</p> <p>For the relationship between the bit rate register setting and the baud rate, see section 10.3.8, Bit Rate Register (BRR). <math>n</math> is the decimal representation of the value of <math>n</math> in BRR (see section 10.3.8, Bit Rate Register (BRR)).</p> |

### 10.3.6 Serial Control Register 3 (SCR3)

SCR3 is a register that enables or disables SCI3 transfer operations and interrupt requests, and is also used to select the transfer clock source. SCR3 is initialized to H'00 at a reset and in standby, watch, or module standby mode. For details on interrupt requests, refer to section 10.7, Interrupts.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | TIE      | 0             | R/W | <p>Transmit Interrupt Enable</p> <p>When this bit is set to 1, the TXI interrupt request is enabled. TXI can be released by clearing the TDRE bit or TIE bit to 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 6   | RIE      | 0             | R/W | <p>Receive Interrupt Enable</p> <p>When this bit is set to 1, RXI and ERI interrupt requests are enabled. RXI and ERI can be released by clearing bit RDRF or the FER, PER, or OER error flag to 0, or by clearing bit RIE to 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 5   | TE       | 0             | R/W | <p>Transmit Enable</p> <p>When this bit is set to 1, transmission is enabled. When this bit is 0, the TDRE bit in SSR is fixed at 1. When transmit data is written to TDR while this bit is 1, bit TDRE in SSR is cleared to 0 and serial data transmission is started. Be sure to carry out SMR settings, and setting of bit SPC32 in SPCR, to decide the transmission format before setting bit TE to 1.</p>                                                                           |
| 4   | RE       | 0             | R/W | <p>Receive Enable</p> <p>When this bit is set to 1, reception is enabled. In this state, serial data reception is started when a start bit is detected in asynchronous mode or serial clock input is detected in clocked synchronous mode. Be sure to carry out the SMR settings to decide the reception format before setting bit RE to 1.</p> <p>Note that the RDRF, FER, PER, and OER flags in SSR are not affected when bit RE is cleared to 0, and retain their previous state.</p> |
| 3   | MPIE     | 0             | R/W | <p>Reserved</p> <p>It's a reserved bit.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2   | TEIE     | 0             | R/W | Transmit End Interrupt Enable<br>When this bit is set to 1, the TEI interrupt request is enabled. TEI can be released by clearing bit TDRE to 0 and clearing bit TEND to 0 in SSR, or by clearing bit TEIE to 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 1   | CKE1     | 0             | R/W | Clock Enable 0 and 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 0   | CKE0     | 0             | R/W | Selects the clock source.<br>Asynchronous mode:<br>00: Internal baud rate generator<br>01: Internal baud rate generator<br>Outputs a clock of the same frequency as the bit rate from the SCK32 pin.<br>10: External clock<br>Inputs a clock with a frequency 16 times the bit rate from the SCK32 pin.<br>11:Reserved<br>Clocked synchronous mode:<br>00: Internal clock (SCK32 pin functions as clock output)<br>01:Reserved<br>10: External clock (SCK32 pin functions as clock input)<br>11:Reserved |

### 10.3.7 Serial Status Register (SSR)

SSR is a register containing status flags of the SCI3 and multiprocessor bits for transfer. 1 cannot be written to flags TDRE, RDRF, OER, PER, and FER; they can only be cleared. SSR is initialized to H'84 at a reset and in standby, watch, or module standby mode.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|----------|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | TDRE     | 1             | R/(W)* | <p>Transmit Data Register Empty</p> <p>Indicates that transmit data is stored in TDR.</p> <p>[Setting conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When the TE bit in SCR3 is 0</li> <li>• When data is transferred from TDR to TSR</li> </ul> <p>[Clearing conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When 0 is written to TDRE after reading TDRE = 1</li> <li>• When the transmit data is written to TDR</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 6   | RDRF     | 0             | R/(W)* | <p>Receive Data Register Full</p> <p>Indicates that the received data is stored in RDR.</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When serial reception ends normally and receive data is transferred from RSR to RDR</li> </ul> <p>[Clearing conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When 0 is written to RDRF after reading RDRF = 1</li> <li>• When data is read from RDR</li> </ul> <p>If an error is detected in reception, or if the RE bit in SCR3 has been cleared to 0, RDR and bit RDRF are not affected and retain their previous state.</p> <p>Note that if data reception is completed while bit RDRF is still set to 1, an overrun error (OER) will occur and the receive data will be lost.</p> |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----|----------|---------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5   | OER      | 0             | R/(W)* | <p>Overrun Error</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When an overrun error occurs in reception</li> </ul> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When 0 is written to OER after reading OER = 1</li> </ul> <p>When bit RE in SCR3 is cleared to 0, bit OER is not affected and retains its previous state.</p> <p>When an overrun error occurs, RDR retains the receive data it held before the overrun error occurred, and data received after the error is lost. Reception cannot be continued with bit OER set to 1, and in clocked synchronous mode, transmission cannot be continued either.</p>                                                                                                    |
| 4   | FER      | 0             | R/(W)* | <p>Framing Error</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When a framing error occurs in reception</li> </ul> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When 0 is written to FER after reading FER = 1</li> </ul> <p>When bit RE in SCR3 is cleared to 0, bit FER is not affected and retains its previous state.</p> <p>Note that, in 2-stop-bit mode, only the first stop bit is checked for a value of 1, and the second stop bit is not checked. When a framing error occurs, the receive data is transferred to RDR but bit RDRF is not set. Reception cannot be continued with bit FER set to 1. In clocked synchronous mode, neither transmission nor reception is possible when bit FER is set to 1.</p> |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|----------|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3   | PER      | 0             | R/(W)* | <p>Parity Error</p> <p>[Setting condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When a parity error is generated during reception</li> </ul> <p>[Clearing condition]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When 0 is written to PER after reading PER = 1</li> </ul> <p>When bit RE in SCR3 is cleared to 0, bit PER is not affected and retains its previous state.</p> <p>Receive data in which a parity error has occurred is still transferred to RDR, but bit RDRF is not set. Reception cannot be continued with bit PER set to 1. In clocked synchronous mode, neither transmission nor reception is possible when bit PER is set to 1.</p> |
| 2   | TEND     | 1             | R      | <p>Transmit End</p> <p>[Setting conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the TE bit in SCR3 is 0</li> <li>When TDRE = 1 at transmission of the last bit of a 1-byte serial transmit character</li> </ul> <p>[Clearing conditions]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When 0 is written to TDRE after reading TDRE = 1</li> <li>When the transmit data is written to TDR</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1   | MPBR     | 0             | R      | <p>Reserved</p> <p>It's a reserved read-only bit.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 0   | MPBT     | 0             | R/W    | <p>Reserved</p> <p>The write value should always be 0.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

Note: \* Only 0 can be written for clearing a flag.

### 10.3.8 Bit Rate Register (BRR)

BRR is an 8-bit readable/writable register that adjusts the bit rate. BRR is initialized to H'FF at a reset and in standby, watch, or module standby mode. Table 10.2 shows the relationship between the N setting in BRR and the n setting in bits CKS1 and CKS0 of SMR in asynchronous mode. Table 10.4 shows the maximum bit rate for each frequency in asynchronous mode. The values shown in both tables 10.2 and 10.4 are values in active (high-speed) mode. Table 10.5 shows the relationship between the N setting in BRR and the n setting in bits CKS1 and CKS0 in SMR in clocked synchronous mode. The values are shown in table 10.5. The N setting in BRR and error for other operating frequencies and bit rates can be obtained by the following formulas:

#### [Asynchronous Mode]

$$N = \frac{\phi}{32 \times 2^{2n} \times B} - 1$$

$$\text{Error (\%)} = \frac{B \text{ (bit rate obtained from } n, N, \phi) - R \text{ (bit rate in left-hand column in table 10.2)}}{R \text{ (bit rate in left-hand column in table 10.2)}} \times 100$$

Legend: B: Bit rate (bit/s)  
 N: BRR setting for baud rate generator ( $0 \leq N \leq 255$ )  
 $\phi$ : Operating frequency (Hz)  
 n: Baud rate generator input clock number ( $n = 0, 2, \text{ or } 3$ )  
 (The relation between n and the clock is shown in table 10.3.)

**Table 10.2 Examples of BRR Settings for Various Bit Rates (Asynchronous Mode) (1)**

| Bit Rate<br>(bit/s) | $\phi$   |   |           |           |   |           |       |     |           |            |     |           |
|---------------------|----------|---|-----------|-----------|---|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|------------|-----|-----------|
|                     | 16.4 kHz |   |           | 19.45 kHz |   |           | 1 MHz |     |           | 1.2288 MHz |     |           |
|                     | n        | N | Error (%) | n         | N | Error (%) | n     | N   | Error (%) | n          | N   | Error (%) |
| 110                 | —        | — | —         | —         | — | —         | 2     | 17  | -1.36     | 2          | 21  | -0.83     |
| 150                 | —        | — | —         | 0         | 3 | 0         | 2     | 12  | 0.16      | 3          | 3   | 0         |
| 200                 | —        | — | —         | 0         | 2 | 0         | 2     | 9   | -2.34     | 3          | 2   | 0         |
| 250                 | 0        | 1 | 2.5       | —         | — | —         | 3     | 1   | -2.34     | 0          | 153 | -0.26     |
| 300                 | —        | — | —         | 0         | 1 | 0         | 0     | 103 | 0.16      | 3          | 1   | 0         |
| 600                 | —        | — | —         | 0         | 0 | 0         | 0     | 51  | 0.16      | 3          | 0   | 0         |
| 1200                |          |   |           | —         | — | —         | 0     | 25  | 0.16      | 2          | 1   | 0         |
| 2400                |          |   |           |           |   |           | 0     | 12  | 0.16      | 2          | 0   | 0         |
| 4800                |          |   |           |           |   |           | —     | —   | —         | 0          | 7   | 0         |
| 9600                |          |   |           |           |   |           | —     | —   | —         | 0          | 3   | 0         |
| 19200               |          |   |           |           |   |           | —     | —   | —         | 0          | 1   | 0         |
| 31250               |          |   |           |           |   |           | 0     | 0   | 0         | —          | —   | —         |
| 38400               |          |   |           |           |   |           | —     | —   | —         | 0          | 0   | 0         |

**Table 10.2 Examples of BRR Settings for Various Bit Rates (Asynchronous Mode) (2)**

| Bit Rate<br>(bit/s) | $\phi$ |     |           |       |    |           |       |     |           |        |    |           |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----------|-------|----|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|--------|----|-----------|
|                     | 2 MHz  |     |           | 5 MHz |    |           | 8 MHz |     |           | 10 MHz |    |           |
|                     | n      | N   | Error (%) | n     | N  | Error (%) | n     | N   | Error (%) | n      | N  | Error (%) |
| 110                 | 3      | 8   | -1.36     | 3     | 21 | 0.88      | 3     | 35  | -1.36     | 3      | 43 | 0.88      |
| 150                 | 2      | 25  | 0.16      | 3     | 15 | 1.73      | 3     | 25  | 0.16      | 3      | 32 | -1.36     |
| 200                 | 3      | 4   | -2.34     | 3     | 11 | 1.73      | 3     | 19  | -2.34     | 3      | 23 | 1.73      |
| 250                 | 2      | 15  | -2.34     | 3     | 9  | -2.34     | 3     | 15  | -2.34     | 3      | 19 | -2.34     |
| 300                 | 2      | 12  | 0.16      | 3     | 7  | 1.73      | 3     | 12  | 0.16      | 3      | 15 | 1.73      |
| 600                 | 0      | 103 | 0.16      | 3     | 3  | 1.73      | 2     | 25  | 0.16      | 3      | 7  | 1.73      |
| 1200                | 0      | 51  | 0.16      | 3     | 1  | 1.73      | 2     | 12  | 0.16      | 3      | 3  | 1.73      |
| 2400                | 0      | 25  | 0.16      | 3     | 0  | 1.73      | 0     | 103 | 0.16      | 3      | 1  | 1.73      |
| 4800                | 0      | 12  | 0.16      | 2     | 1  | 1.73      | 0     | 51  | 0.16      | 3      | 0  | 1.73      |
| 9600                | —      | —   | —         | 2     | 0  | 1.73      | 0     | 25  | 0.16      | 2      | 1  | 1.73      |
| 19200               | —      | —   | —         | 0     | 7  | 1.73      | 0     | 12  | 0.16      | 2      | 0  | 1.73      |
| 31250               | 0      | 1   | 0         | 0     | 4  | 0         | 0     | 7   | 0         | 0      | 9  | 0         |
| 38400               | —      | —   | —         | 0     | 3  | 1.73      | —     | —   | —         | 0      | 7  | 1.73      |

Legend:

No indication: Setting not possible.

—: A setting is available but error occurs

**Table 10.3 Relation between n and Clock**

| n | Clock                       | SMR Setting |      |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------|------|
|   |                             | CKS1        | CKS0 |
| 0 | $\phi$                      | 0           | 0    |
| 0 | $\phi_w/2^{*1}/\phi_w^{*2}$ | 0           | 1    |
| 2 | $\phi/16$                   | 1           | 0    |
| 3 | $\phi/64$                   | 1           | 1    |

Notes: 1.  $\phi_w/2$  clock in active (medium-speed/high-speed) mode and sleep (medium-speed/high-speed) mode2.  $\phi_w$  clock in subactive mode and subsleep modeIn subactive or subsleep mode, the SCI3 can be operated when CPU clock is  $\phi_w/2$  only.

**Table 10.4 Maximum Bit Rate for Each Frequency (Asynchronous Mode)**

| OSC (MHz) | $\phi$ (MHz) | Maximum Bit Rate (bit/s) | Setting |   |
|-----------|--------------|--------------------------|---------|---|
|           |              |                          | n       | N |
| 0.0384*   | 0.0192       | 600                      | 0       | 0 |
| 2         | 1            | 31250                    | 0       | 0 |
| 2.4576    | 1.2288       | 38400                    | 0       | 0 |
| 4         | 2            | 62500                    | 0       | 0 |
| 10        | 5            | 156250                   | 0       | 0 |
| 16        | 8            | 250000                   | 0       | 0 |
| 20        | 10           | 312500                   | 0       | 0 |

Note: \* When CKS1 = 0 and CKS0 = 1 in SMR

**Table 10.5 BRR Settings for Various Bit Rates (Clocked Synchronous Mode) (1)**

| Bit Rate<br>(bit/s) | $\phi$   |    |           |       |     |           |       |     |           |
|---------------------|----------|----|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|
|                     | 19.2 kHz |    |           | 1 MHz |     |           | 2 MHz |     |           |
|                     | n        | N  | Error (%) | n     | N   | Error (%) | n     | N   | Error (%) |
| 200                 | 0        | 23 | 0         | —     | —   | —         | —     | —   | —         |
| 250                 | —        | —  | —         | —     | —   | —         | 2     | 124 | 0         |
| 300                 | 2        | 0  | 0         | —     | —   | —         | —     | —   | —         |
| 500                 | —        | —  | —         | —     | —   | —         | —     | —   | —         |
| 1k                  | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 249 | 0         | —     | —   | —         |
| 2.5k                | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 99  | 0         | 0     | 199 | 0         |
| 5k                  | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 49  | 0         | 0     | 99  | 0         |
| 10k                 | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 24  | 0         | 0     | 49  | 0         |
| 25k                 | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 9   | 0         | 0     | 19  | 0         |
| 50k                 | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 4   | 0         | 0     | 9   | 0         |
| 100k                | —        | —  | —         | —     | —   | —         | 0     | 4   | 0         |
| 250k                | —        | —  | —         | 0     | 0   | 0         | 0     | 1   | 0         |
| 500k                | —        | —  | —         | —     | —   | —         | 0     | 0   | 0         |
| 1M                  | —        | —  | —         | —     | —   | —         | —     | —   | —         |

**Table 10.5 BRR Settings for Various Bit Rates (Clocked Synchronous Mode) (2)**

| Bit Rate<br>(bit/s) | $\phi$ |     |           |       |     |           |        |       |           |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
|                     | 5 MHz  |     |           | 8 MHz |     |           | 10 MHz |       |           |
|                     | n      | N   | Error (%) | n     | N   | Error (%) | n      | N     | Error (%) |
| 200                 | —      | —   | —         | —     | —   | —         | 0      | 12499 | 0         |
| 250                 | —      | —   | —         | 3     | 124 | 0         | 2      | 624   | 0         |
| 300                 | —      | —   | —         | —     | —   | —         | 0      | 8332  | 0         |
| 500                 | —      | —   | —         | 2     | 249 | 0         | 0      | 4999  | 0         |
| 1k                  | —      | —   | —         | 2     | 124 | 0         | 0      | 2499  | 0         |
| 2.5k                | —      | —   | —         | 2     | 49  | 0         | 0      | 999   | 0         |
| 5k                  | 0      | 249 | 0         | 2     | 24  | 0         | 0      | 499   | 0         |
| 10k                 | 0      | 124 | 0         | 0     | 199 | 0         | 0      | 249   | 0         |
| 25k                 | 0      | 49  | 0         | 0     | 79  | 0         | 0      | 99    | 0         |
| 50k                 | 0      | 24  | 0         | 0     | 39  | 0         | 0      | 49    | 0         |
| 100k                | —      | —   | —         | 0     | 19  | 0         | 0      | 24    | 0         |
| 250k                | 0      | 4   | 0         | 0     | 7   | 0         | 0      | 9     | 0         |
| 500k                | —      | —   | —         | 0     | 3   | 0         | 0      | 4     | 0         |
| 1M                  | —      | —   | —         | 0     | 1   | 0         | —      | —     | —         |

Legend:

Blankx: No setting is available.

—: A setting is available but error occurs.

Note: The value set in BRR is given by the following formula:

$$N = \frac{\phi}{8 \times 2^{2n} \times B} - 1$$

B: Bit rate (bit/s)

N: BRR setting for baud rate generator ( $0 \leq N \leq 255$ ) $\phi$ : Operating frequency (Hz)n: Baud rate generator input clock number ( $n = 0, 2, \text{ or } 3$ )

(The relation between n and the clock is shown in table 10.6.)

**Table 10.6 Relation between n and Clock**

| n | Clock                       | SMR Setting |      |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------|------|
|   |                             | CKS1        | CKS0 |
| 0 | $\phi$                      | 0           | 0    |
| 0 | $\phi_w/2^{*1}/\phi_w^{*2}$ | 0           | 1    |
| 2 | $\phi/16$                   | 1           | 0    |
| 3 | $\phi/64$                   | 1           | 1    |

Notes: 1.  $\phi_w/2$  clock in active (medium-speed/high-speed) mode and sleep (medium-speed/high-speed) mode  
 2.  $\phi_w$  clock in subactive mode and subsleep mode  
 In subactive or subsleep mode, the SCI3 can be operated when CPU clock is  $\phi_w/2$  only.

### 10.3.9 Serial Port Control Register (SPCR)

SPCR selects whether input/output data of the RXD32 and TXD32 pins is inverted or not.

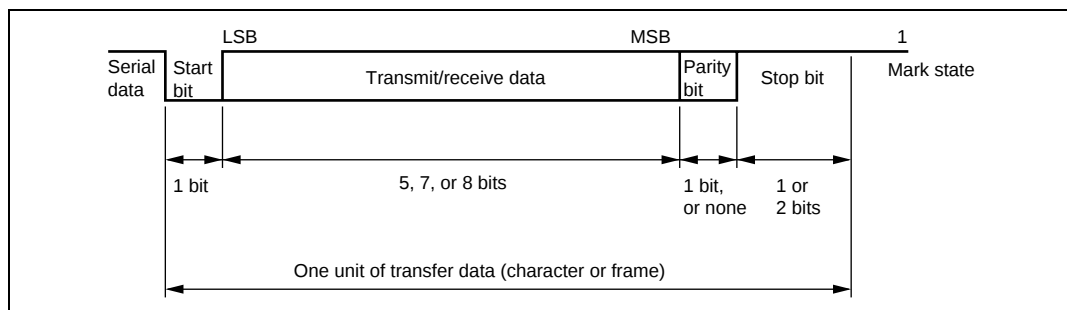
| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7, 6 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                             |
| 5    | SPC32    | 0             | R/W | P42/TXD32 Pin Function Switch<br>This bit selects whether pin P42/TXD32 is used as P42 or as TXD32.<br>0: P42 I/O pin<br>1: TXD32 output pin*<br>Note: * Set the TE bit in SCR3 after setting this bit to 1.    |
| 4    | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 3    | SCINV3   | 0             | R/W | TXD32 Pin Output Data Inversion Switch<br>This bit selects whether or not the logic level of the TXD32 pin output data is inverted.<br>0: TXD32 output data is not inverted<br>1: TXD32 output data is inverted |

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2    | SCINV2   | 0             | R/W | RXD32 Pin Input Data Inversion Switch<br>This bit selects whether or not the logic level of the RXD32 pin input data is inverted.<br>0: RXD32 input data is not inverted<br>1: RXD32 input data is inverted |
| 1, 0 | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0.                                                                                                                                                             |

**Note:** When the serial port control register is modified, the data being input or output up to that point is inverted immediately after the modification, and an invalid data change is input or output. When modifying the serial port control register, modification must be made in a state in which data changes are invalidated.

## 10.4 Operation in Asynchronous Mode

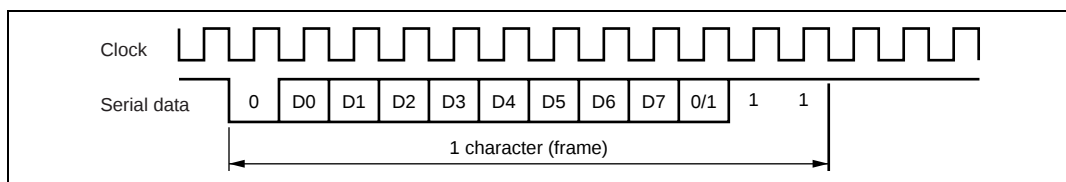
Figure 10.2 shows the general format for asynchronous serial communication. One frame consists of a start bit (low level), followed by data (in LSB-first order), a parity bit (high or low level), and finally stop bits (high level). In asynchronous mode, synchronization is performed at the falling edge of the start bit during reception. The data is sampled on the 8th pulse of a clock with a frequency 16 times the bit period, so that the transfer data is latched at the center of each bit. Inside the SCI3, the transmitter and receiver are independent units, enabling full duplex. Both the transmitter and the receiver also have a double-buffered structure, so data can be read or written during transmission or reception, enabling continuous data transfer. Table 10.7 shows the 16 data transfer formats that can be set in asynchronous mode. The format is selected by the settings in SMR as shown in table 10.8.



**Figure 10.2 Data Format in Asynchronous Communication**

### 10.4.1 Clock

Either an internal clock generated by the on-chip baud rate generator or an external clock input at the SCK32 pin can be selected as the SCI3's serial clock source, according to the setting of the COM bit in SMR and the CKE0 and CKE1 bits in SCR3. For details on selection of the clock source, see table 10.9. When an external clock is input at the SCK32 pin, the clock frequency should be 16 times the bit rate used. When the SCI3 is operated on an internal clock, the clock can be output from the SCK32 pin. The frequency of the clock output in this case is equal to the bit rate, and the phase is such that the rising edge of the clock is in the middle of the transmit data, as shown in figure 10.3.



**Figure 10.3 Relationship between Output Clock and Transfer Data Phase (Asynchronous Mode) (Example with 8-Bit Data, Parity, Two Stop Bits)**

**Table 10.7 Data Transfer Formats (Asynchronous Mode)**

| SMR |    |    |      | Serial Data Transfer Format and Frame Length |            |   |                    |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |      |  |
|-----|----|----|------|----------------------------------------------|------------|---|--------------------|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| CHR | PE | MP | STOP | 1                                            | 2          | 3 | 4                  | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8    | 9    | 10   | 11   | 12   |  |
| 0   | 0  | 0  | 0    | START                                        | 8-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      |      | STOP |      |      |  |
| 0   | 0  | 0  | 1    | START                                        | 8-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      |      | STOP | STOP |      |  |
| 0   | 0  | 1  | 0    |                                              |            |   | Setting prohibited |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |      |  |
| 0   | 0  | 1  | 1    |                                              |            |   | Setting prohibited |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |      |  |
| 0   | 1  | 0  | 0    | START                                        | 8-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      |      | P    | STOP |      |  |
| 0   | 1  | 0  | 1    | START                                        | 8-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      |      | P    | STOP | STOP |  |
| 0   | 1  | 1  | 0    | START                                        | 5-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   | STOP |      |      |      |      |  |
| 0   | 1  | 1  | 1    | START                                        | 5-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   | STOP | STOP |      |      |      |  |
| 1   | 0  | 0  | 0    | START                                        | 7-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      | STOP |      |      |      |  |
| 1   | 0  | 0  | 1    | START                                        | 7-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      | STOP | STOP |      |      |  |
| 1   | 0  | 1  | 0    |                                              |            |   | Setting prohibited |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |      |  |
| 1   | 0  | 1  | 1    |                                              |            |   | Setting prohibited |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |      |  |
| 1   | 1  | 0  | 0    | START                                        | 7-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      | P    | STOP |      |      |  |
| 1   | 1  | 0  | 1    | START                                        | 7-bit data |   |                    |   |   |   |      | P    | STOP | STOP |      |  |
| 1   | 1  | 1  | 0    | START                                        | 5-bit data |   |                    |   |   | P | STOP |      |      |      |      |  |
| 1   | 1  | 1  | 1    | START                                        | 5-bit data |   |                    |   |   | P | STOP | STOP |      |      |      |  |

Legend:

\*: Don't care

START: Start bit

STOP: Stop bit

P: Parity bit

MPB Multiprocessor bit

**Table 10.8 SMR Settings and Corresponding Data Transfer Formats**

| SMR          |              |             |             |               | Data Transfer Format           |                      |                       |               |                    |        |        |        |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Bit 7<br>COM | Bit 6<br>CHR | Bit 2<br>MP | Bit 5<br>PE | Bit 3<br>STOP | Mode                           | Data<br>Length       | Multiprocessor<br>Bit | Parity<br>Bit | Stop Bit<br>Length |        |        |        |
| 0            | 0            | 0           | 0           | 0             | Asynchronous<br>mode           | 8-bit data           | No                    | No            | 1 bit              |        |        |        |
|              |              |             |             | 1             |                                |                      |                       |               | 2 bits             |        |        |        |
|              |              |             | 1           | 0             |                                |                      |                       |               | Yes                | 1 bit  |        |        |
|              |              |             |             | 1             |                                |                      |                       |               |                    | 2 bits |        |        |
|              |              |             | 1           | 0             |                                |                      |                       | 0             | 7-bit data         | No     | 1 bit  |        |
|              |              |             |             |               |                                |                      |                       | 1             |                    |        | 2 bits |        |
|              |              |             |             | 1             |                                |                      |                       | 0             |                    |        | Yes    | 1 bit  |
|              |              |             |             |               |                                |                      |                       | 1             |                    |        |        | 2 bits |
|              | 0            | 1           | 0           | 0             | Setting prohibited             |                      |                       |               |                    |        |        |        |
|              |              |             |             |               | 1                              |                      |                       |               |                    |        |        |        |
|              |              |             |             | 1             | 0                              | Asynchronous<br>mode | 5-bit data            | No            | No                 | 1 bit  |        |        |
|              |              |             |             |               | 1                              |                      |                       |               |                    | 2 bits |        |        |
|              |              |             |             | 1             | 0                              | Setting prohibited   |                       |               |                    |        |        |        |
|              |              |             |             |               |                                | 1                    |                       |               |                    |        |        |        |
|              |              |             |             |               | 1                              | 0                    | Asynchronous<br>mode  | 5-bit data    | No                 | Yes    | 1 bit  |        |
|              |              |             |             |               |                                | 1                    |                       |               |                    |        | 2 bits |        |
| 1            | *            | 0           | *           | *             | Clocked<br>synchronous<br>mode | 8-bit data           | No                    | No            | No                 |        |        |        |

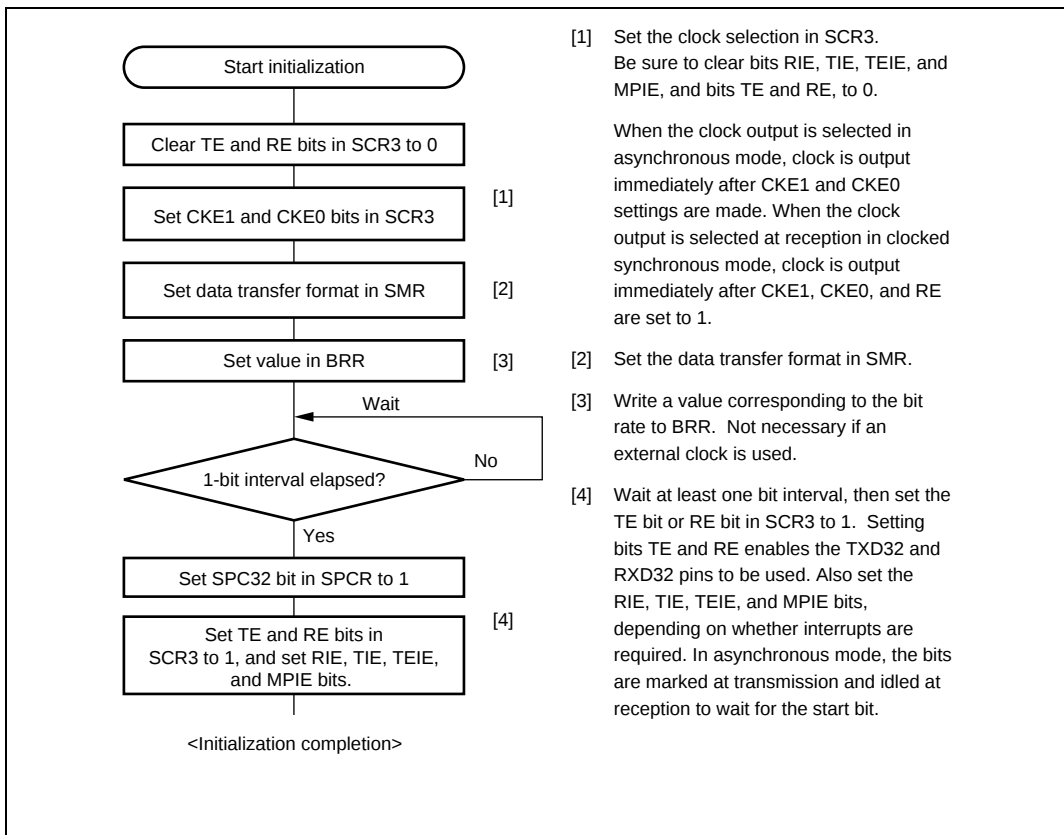
Legend: \*: Don't care

**Table 10.9 SMR and SCR3 Settings and Clock Source Selection**

| SMR   |       | SCR3  |                                              |                        |                                               |
|-------|-------|-------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Bit 7 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |                                              | Transmit/Receive Clock |                                               |
| COM   | CKE1  | CKE0  | Mode                                         | Clock Source           | SCK32 Pin Function                            |
| 0     | 0     | 0     | Asynchronous mode                            | Internal               | I/O port (SCK32 pin not used)                 |
|       |       | 1     |                                              |                        | Outputs clock with same frequency as bit rate |
|       | 1     | 0     |                                              | External               | Inputs clock with frequency 16 times bit rate |
| 1     | 0     | 0     | Clocked synchronous mode                     | Internal               | Outputs serial clock                          |
|       | 1     | 0     |                                              | External               | Inputs serial clock                           |
| 0     | 1     | 1     | Reserved (Do not specify these combinations) |                        |                                               |
| 1     | 0     | 1     |                                              |                        |                                               |
| 1     | 1     | 1     |                                              |                        |                                               |

### 10.4.2 SCI3 Initialization

Follow the flowchart as shown in figure 10.4 to initialize the SCI3. When the TE bit is cleared to 0, the TDRE flag is set to 1. Note that clearing the RE bit to 0 does not initialize the contents of the RDRF, PER, FER, and OER flags, or the contents of RDR. When the external clock is used in asynchronous mode, the clock must be supplied even during initialization. When the external clock is used in clocked synchronous mode, the clock must not be supplied during initialization.

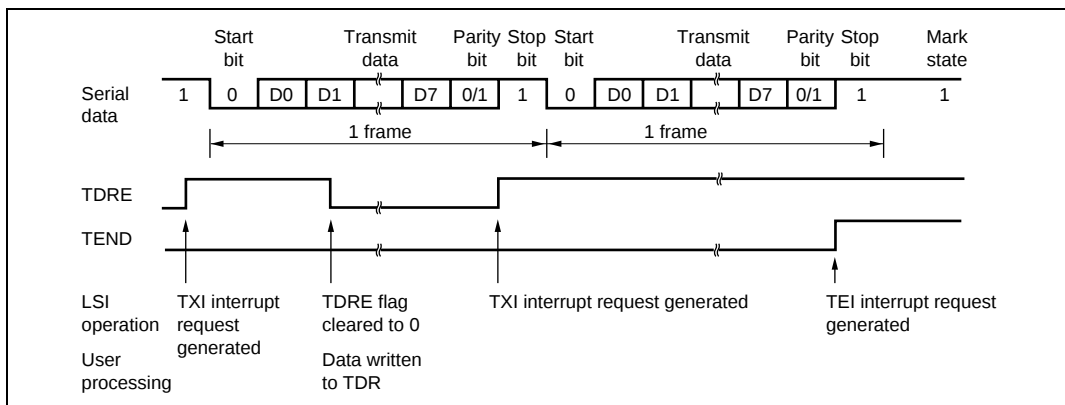


**Figure 10.4 Sample SCI3 Initialization Flowchart**

### 10.4.3 Data Transmission

Figure 10.5 shows an example of operation for transmission in asynchronous mode. In transmission, the SCI3 operates as described below.

1. The SCI3 monitors the TDRE flag in SSR. If the flag is cleared to 0, the SCI3 recognizes that data has been written to TDR, and transfers the data from TDR to TSR.
2. After transferring data from TDR to TSR, the SCI3 sets the TDRE flag to 1 and starts transmission. If the TIE bit is set to 1 at this time, a TXI interrupt request is generated. Continuous transmission is possible because the TXI interrupt routine writes next transmit data to TDR before transmission of the current transmit data has been completed.
3. The SCI3 checks the TDRE flag at the timing for sending the stop bit.
4. If the TDRE flag is 0, the data is transferred from TDR to TSR, the stop bit is sent, and then serial transmission of the next frame is started.
5. If the TDRE flag is 1, the TEND flag in SSR is set to 1, the stop bit is sent, and then the “mark state” is entered, in which 1 is output. If the TEIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, a TEI interrupt request is generated.
6. Figure 10.6 shows a sample flowchart for transmission in asynchronous mode.



**Figure 10.5 Example SCI3 Operation in Transmission in Asynchronous Mode (8-Bit Data, Parity, One Stop Bit)**

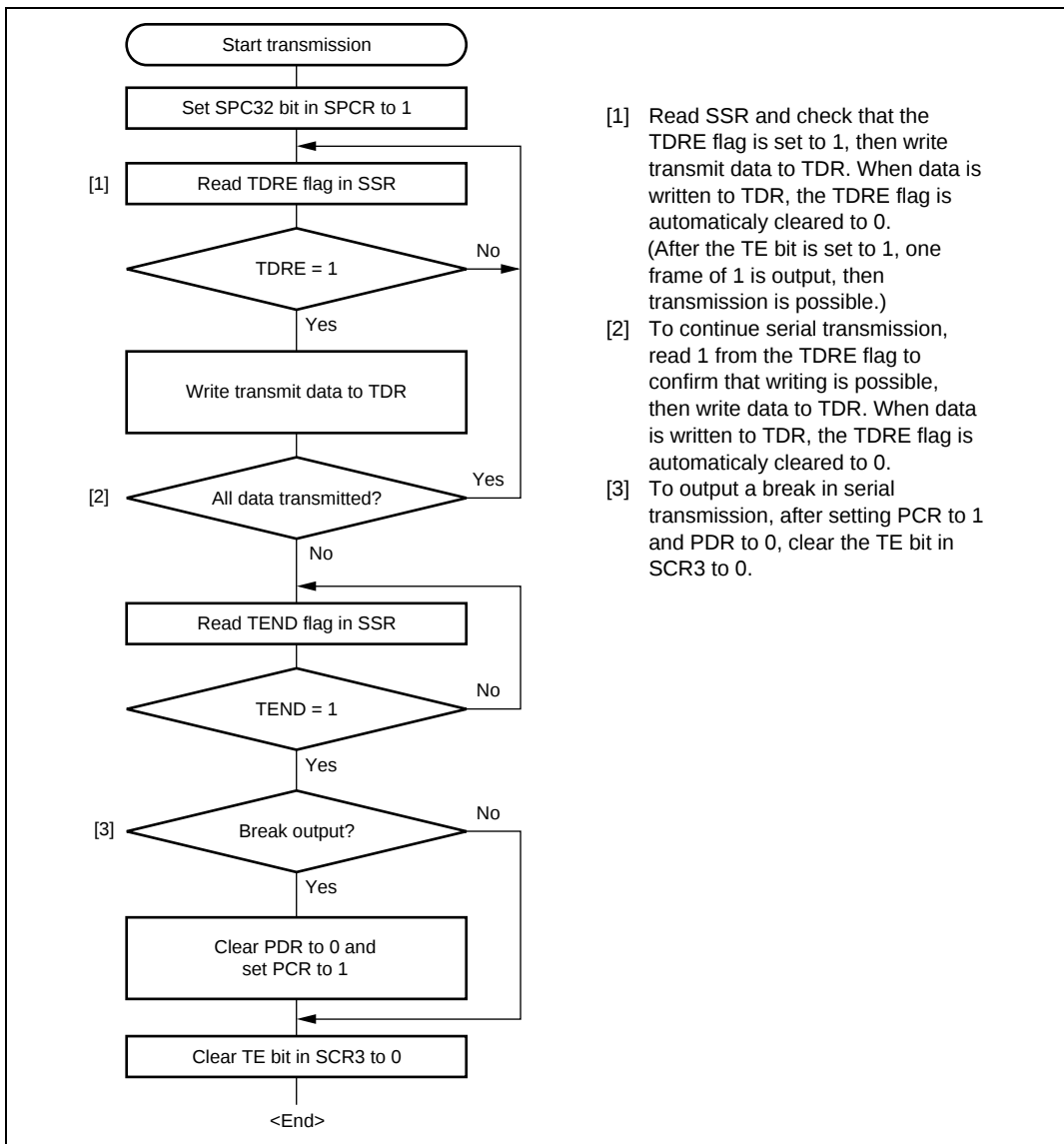
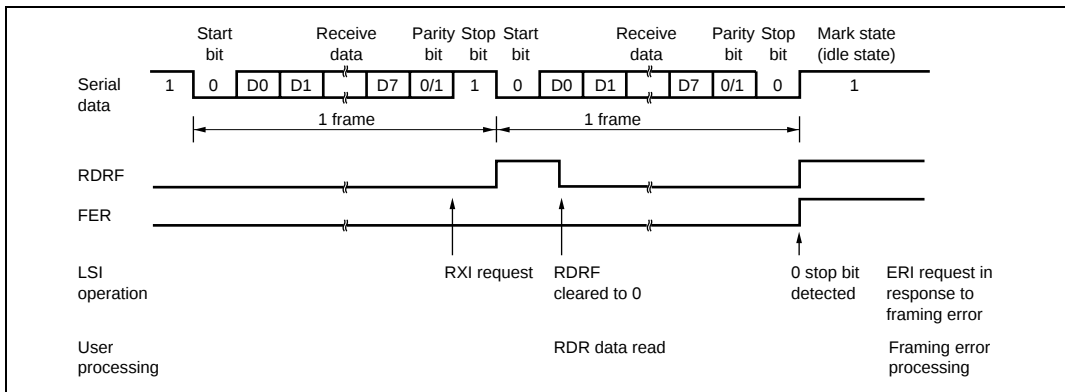


Figure 10.6 Sample Serial Transmission Flowchart (Asynchronous Mode)

### 10.4.4 Serial Data Reception

Figure 10.7 shows an example of operation for reception in asynchronous mode. In serial reception, the SCI operates as described below.

1. The SCI3 monitors the communication line. If a start bit is detected, the SCI3 performs internal synchronization, receives data in RSR, and checks the parity bit and stop bit.
  - Parity check  
The SCI3 checks that the number of 1 bits in the receive data conforms to the parity (odd or even) set in bit PM in the serial mode register (SMR).
  - Stop bit check  
The SCI3 checks that the stop bit is 1. If two stop bits are used, only the first is checked.
  - Status check  
The SCI3 checks that bit RDRF is set to 0, indicating that the receive data can be transferred from RSR to RDR.
2. If an overrun error occurs (when reception of the next data is completed while the RDRF flag is still set to 1), the OER bit in SSR is set to 1. If the RIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, an ERI interrupt request is generated. Receive data is not transferred to RDR.
3. If a parity error is detected, the PER bit in SSR is set to 1 and receive data is transferred to RDR. If the RIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, an ERI interrupt request is generated.
4. If a framing error is detected (when the stop bit is 0), the FER bit in SSR is set to 1 and receive data is transferred to RDR. If the RIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, an ERI interrupt request is generated.
5. If reception is completed successfully, the RDRF bit in SSR is set to 1, and receive data is transferred to RDR. If the RIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, an RXI interrupt request is generated. Continuous reception is possible because the RXI interrupt routine reads the receive data transferred to RDR before reception of the next receive data has been completed.



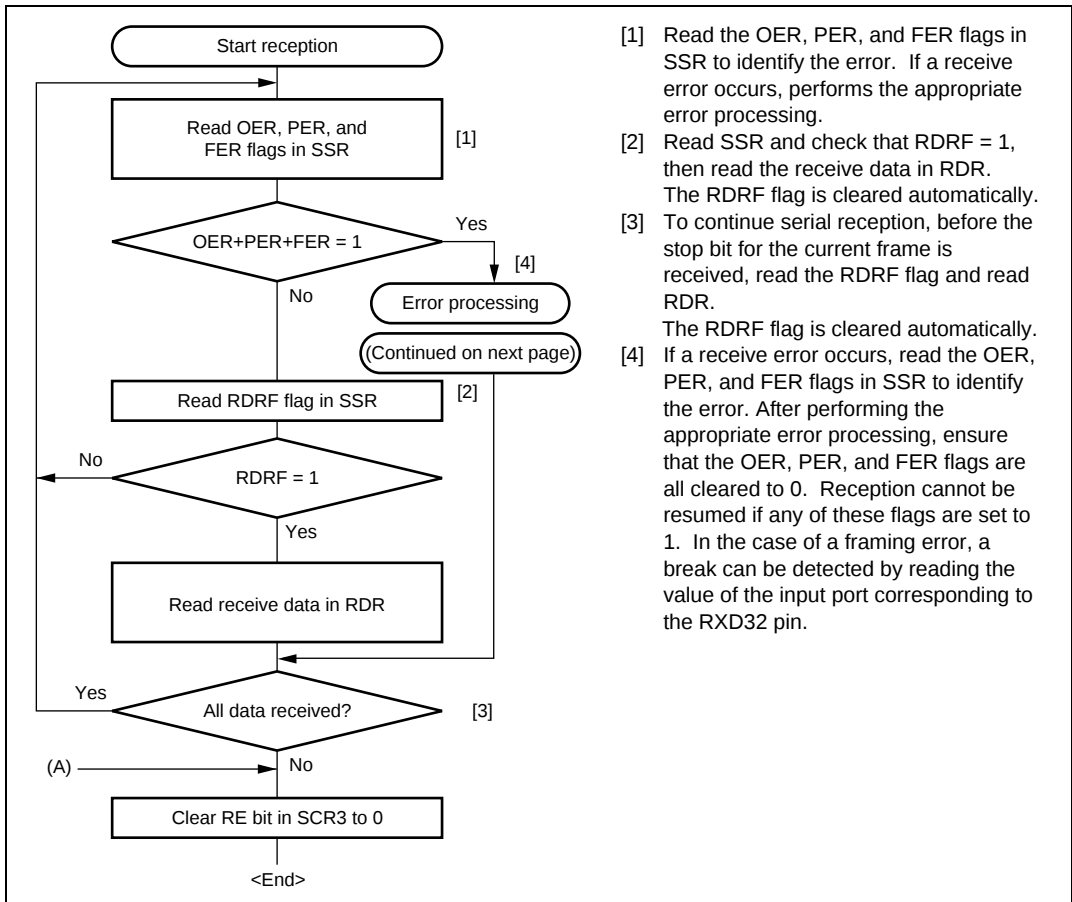
**Figure 10.7 Example SCI3 Operation in Reception in Asynchronous Mode (8-Bit Data, Parity, One Stop Bit)**

Table 10.10 shows the states of the SSR status flags and receive data handling when a receive error is detected. If a receive error is detected, the RDRF flag retains its state before receiving data. Reception cannot be resumed while a receive error flag is set to 1. Accordingly, clear the OER, FER, PER, and RDRF bits to 0 before resuming reception. Figure 10.8 shows a sample flowchart for serial data reception.

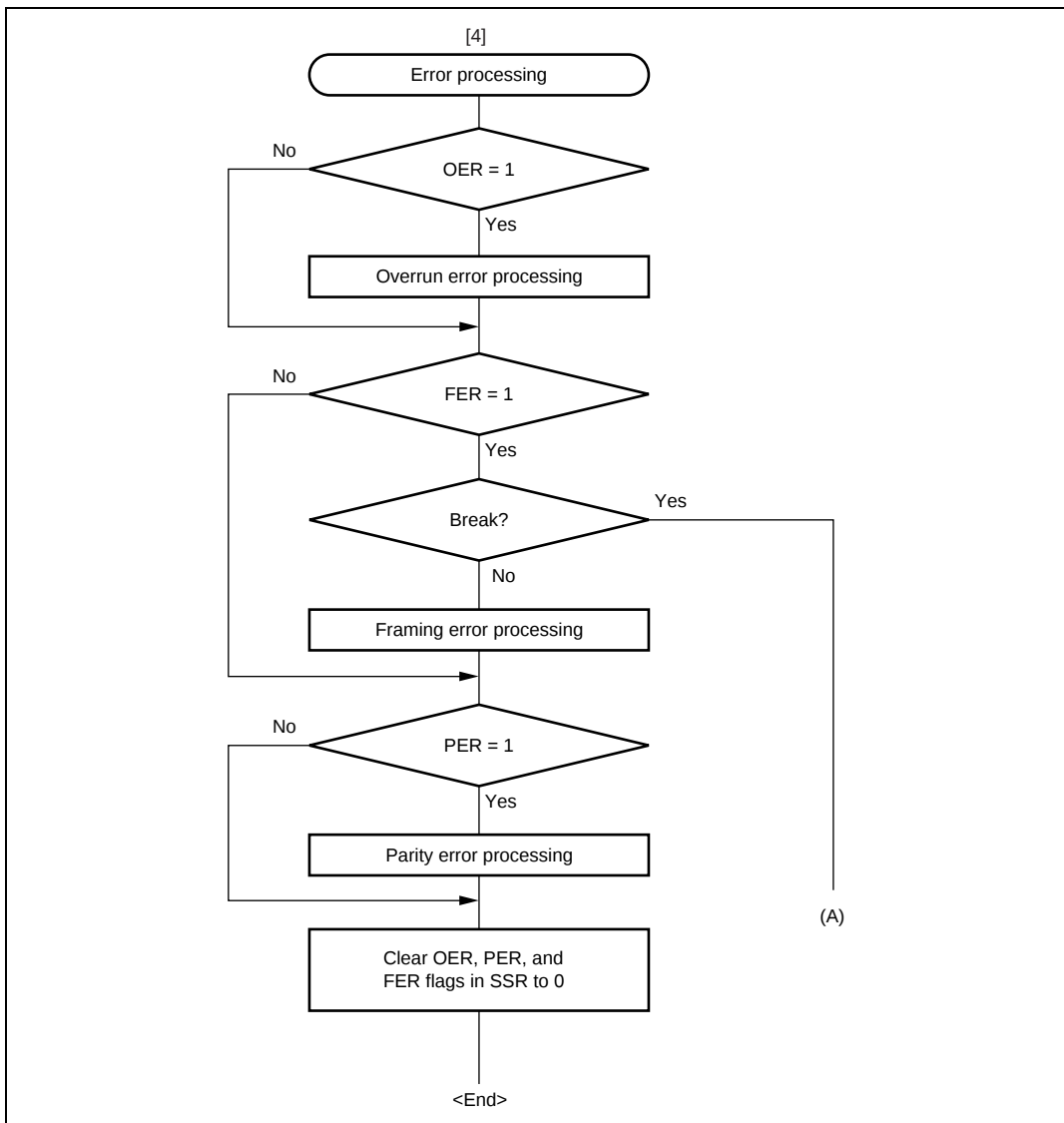
**Table 10.10 SSR Status Flags and Receive Data Handling**

| SSR Status Flag |     |     |     | Receive Data       | Receive Error Type                           |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| RDRF*           | OER | FER | PER |                    |                                              |
| 1               | 1   | 0   | 0   | Lost               | Overrun error                                |
| 0               | 0   | 1   | 0   | Transferred to RDR | Framing error                                |
| 0               | 0   | 0   | 1   | Transferred to RDR | Parity error                                 |
| 1               | 1   | 1   | 0   | Lost               | Overrun error + framing error                |
| 1               | 1   | 0   | 1   | Lost               | Overrun error + parity error                 |
| 0               | 0   | 1   | 1   | Transferred to RDR | Framing error + parity error                 |
| 1               | 1   | 1   | 1   | Lost               | Overrun error + framing error + parity error |

Note: \* The RDRF flag retains the state it had before data reception. However, note that if RDR is read after an overrun error has occurred in a frame because reading of the receive data in the previous frame was delayed, the RDRF flag will be cleared to 0.

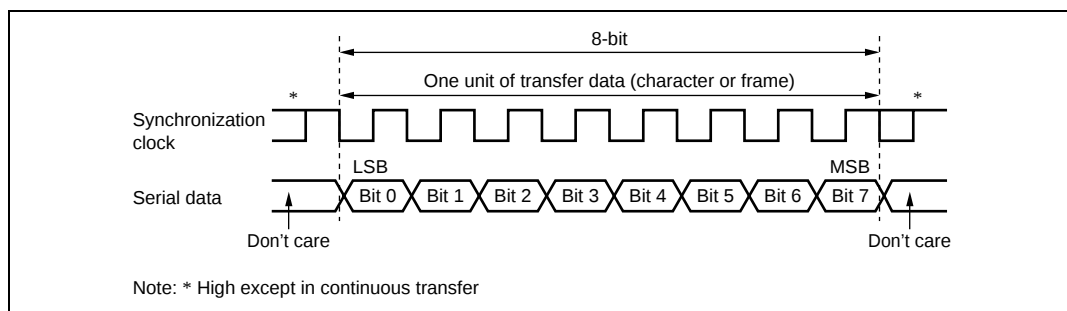


**Figure 10.8 Sample Serial Data Reception Flowchart (Asynchronous Mode) (1)**

**Figure 10.8 Sample Serial Data Reception Flowchart (Asynchronous Mode) (2)**

## 10.5 Operation in Clocked Synchronous Mode

Figure 10.9 shows the general format for clocked synchronous communication. In clocked synchronous mode, data is transmitted or received synchronous with clock pulses. A single character in the transmit data consists of the 8-bit data starting from the LSB. In clocked synchronous serial communication, data on the transmission line is output from one falling edge of the serial clock to the next. In clocked synchronous mode, the SCI3 receives data in synchronous with the rising edge of the serial clock. After 8-bit data is output, the transmission line holds the MSB state. In clocked synchronous mode, no parity or multiprocessor bit is added. Inside the SCI3, the transmitter and receiver are independent units, enabling full-duplex communication through the use of a common clock. Both the transmitter and the receiver also have a double-buffered structure, so data can be read or written during transmission or reception, enabling continuous data transfer.



**Figure 10.9 Data Format in Clocked Synchronous Communication**

### 10.5.1 Clock

Either an internal clock generated by the on-chip baud rate generator or an external synchronization clock input at the SCK32 pin can be selected, according to the setting of the COM bit in SMR and CKE0 and CKE1 bits in SCR3. When the SCI3 is operated on an internal clock, the serial clock is output from the SCK32 pin. Eight serial clock pulses are output in the transfer of one character, and when no transfer is performed the clock is fixed high.

### 10.5.2 SCI3 Initialization

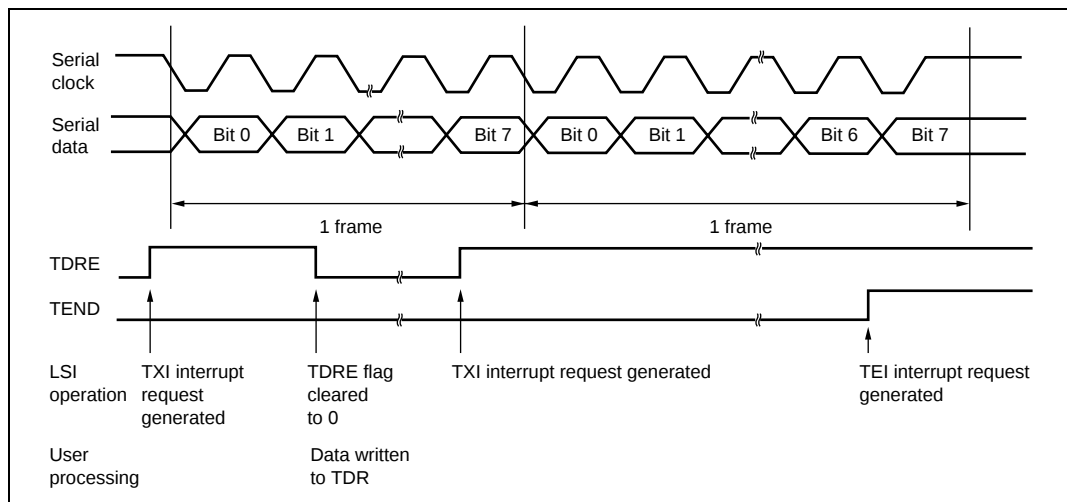
Before transmitting and receiving data, the SCI3 should be initialized as described in a sample flowchart in figure 10.4.

### 10.5.3 Serial Data Transmission

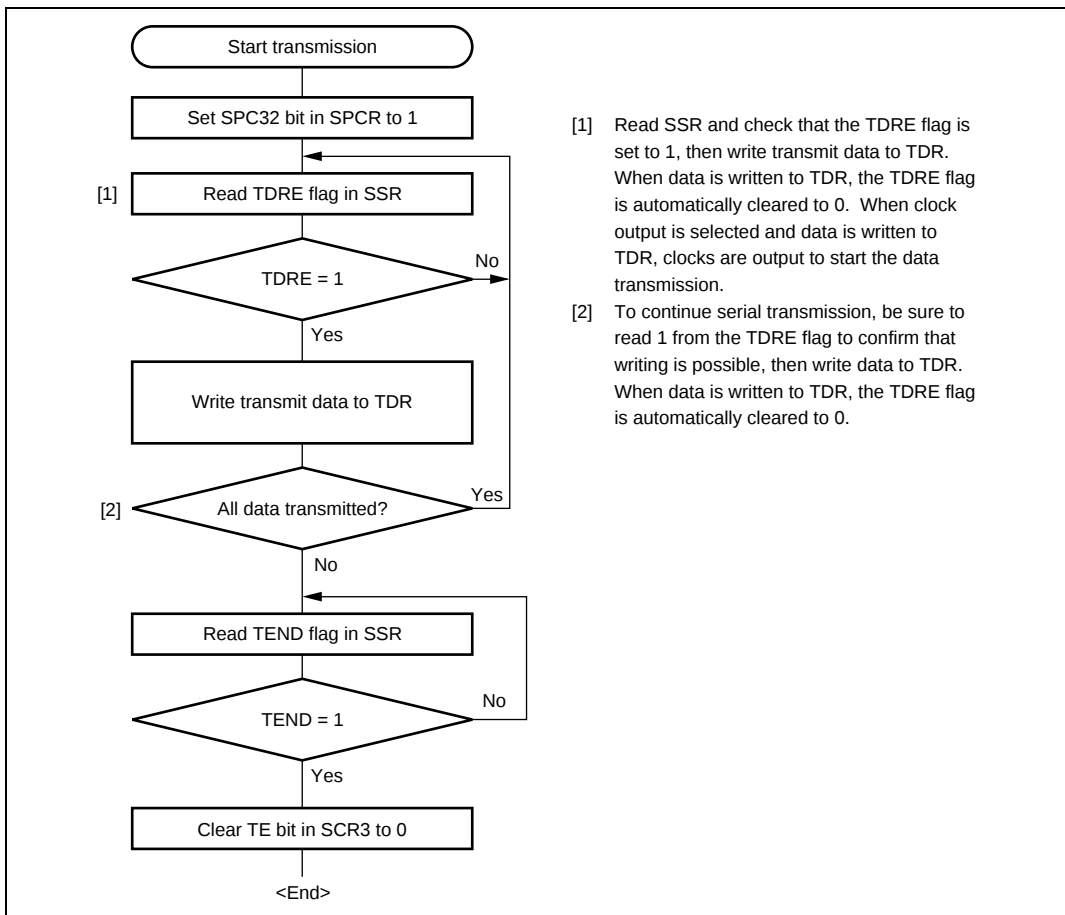
Figure 10.10 shows an example of SCI3 operation for transmission in clocked synchronous mode. In serial transmission, the SCI3 operates as described below.

1. The SCI3 monitors the TDRE flag in SSR, and if the flag is 0, the SCI recognizes that data has been written to TDR, and transfers the data from TDR to TSR.
2. The SCI3 sets the TDRE flag to 1 and starts transmission. If the TIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, a transmit data empty interrupt (TXI) is generated.
3. 8-bit data is sent from the TXD32 pin synchronized with the output clock when output clock mode has been specified, and synchronized with the input clock when use of an external clock has been specified. Serial data is transmitted sequentially from the LSB (bit 0), from the TXD32 pin.
4. The SCI checks the TDRE flag at the timing for sending the MSB (bit 7).
5. If the TDRE flag is cleared to 0, data is transferred from TDR to TSR, and serial transmission of the next frame is started.
6. If the TDRE flag is set to 1, the TEND flag in SSR is set to 1, and the TDRE flag maintains the output state of the last bit. If the TEIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, a TEI interrupt request is generated.
7. The SCK32 pin is fixed high.

Figure 10.11 shows a sample flowchart for serial data transmission. Even if the TDRE flag is cleared to 0, transmission will not start while a receive error flag (OER, FER, or PER) is set to 1. Make sure that the receive error flags are cleared to 0 before starting transmission.



**Figure 10.10 Example of SCI3 Operation in Transmission in Clocked Synchronous Mode**

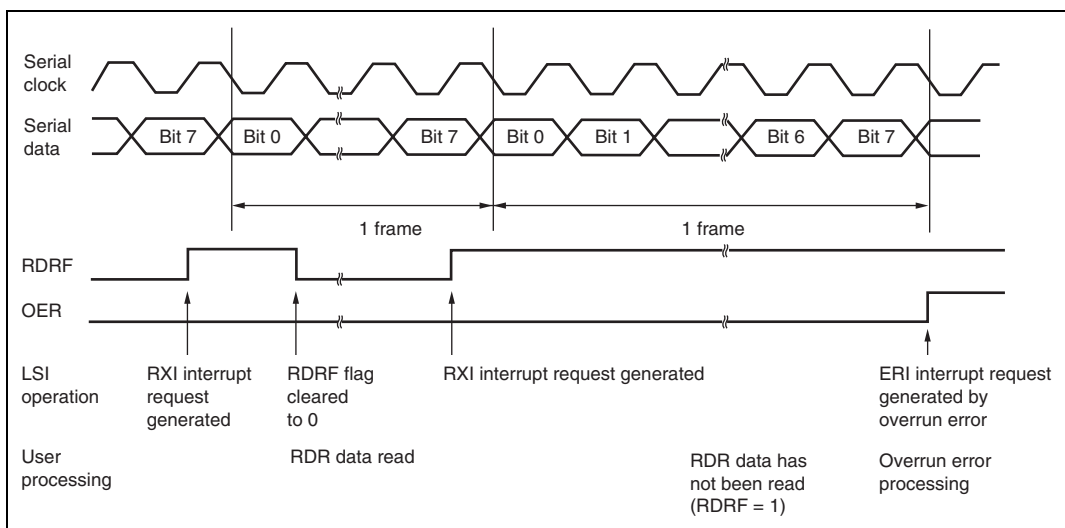


**Figure 10.11 Sample Serial Transmission Flowchart (Clocked Synchronous Mode)**

### 10.5.4 Serial Data Reception (Clocked Synchronous Mode)

Figure 10.12 shows an example of SCI3 operation for reception in clocked synchronous mode. In serial reception, the SCI3 operates as described below.

1. The SCI3 performs internal initialization synchronous with a synchronous clock input or output, starts receiving data.
2. The SCI3 stores the received data in RSR.
3. If an overrun error occurs (when reception of the next data is completed while the RDRF flag in SSR is still set to 1), the OER bit in SSR is set to 1. If the RIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, an ERI interrupt request is generated, receive data is not transferred to RDR, and the RDRF flag remains to be set to 1.
4. If reception is completed successfully, the RDRF bit in SSR is set to 1, and receive data is transferred to RDR. If the RIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 at this time, an RXI interrupt request is generated.



**Figure 10.12 Example of SCI3 Reception Operation in Clocked Synchronous Mode**

Reception cannot be resumed while a receive error flag is set to 1. Accordingly, clear the OER, FER, PER, and RDRF bits to 0 before resuming reception. Figure 10.13 shows a sample flowchart for serial data reception.

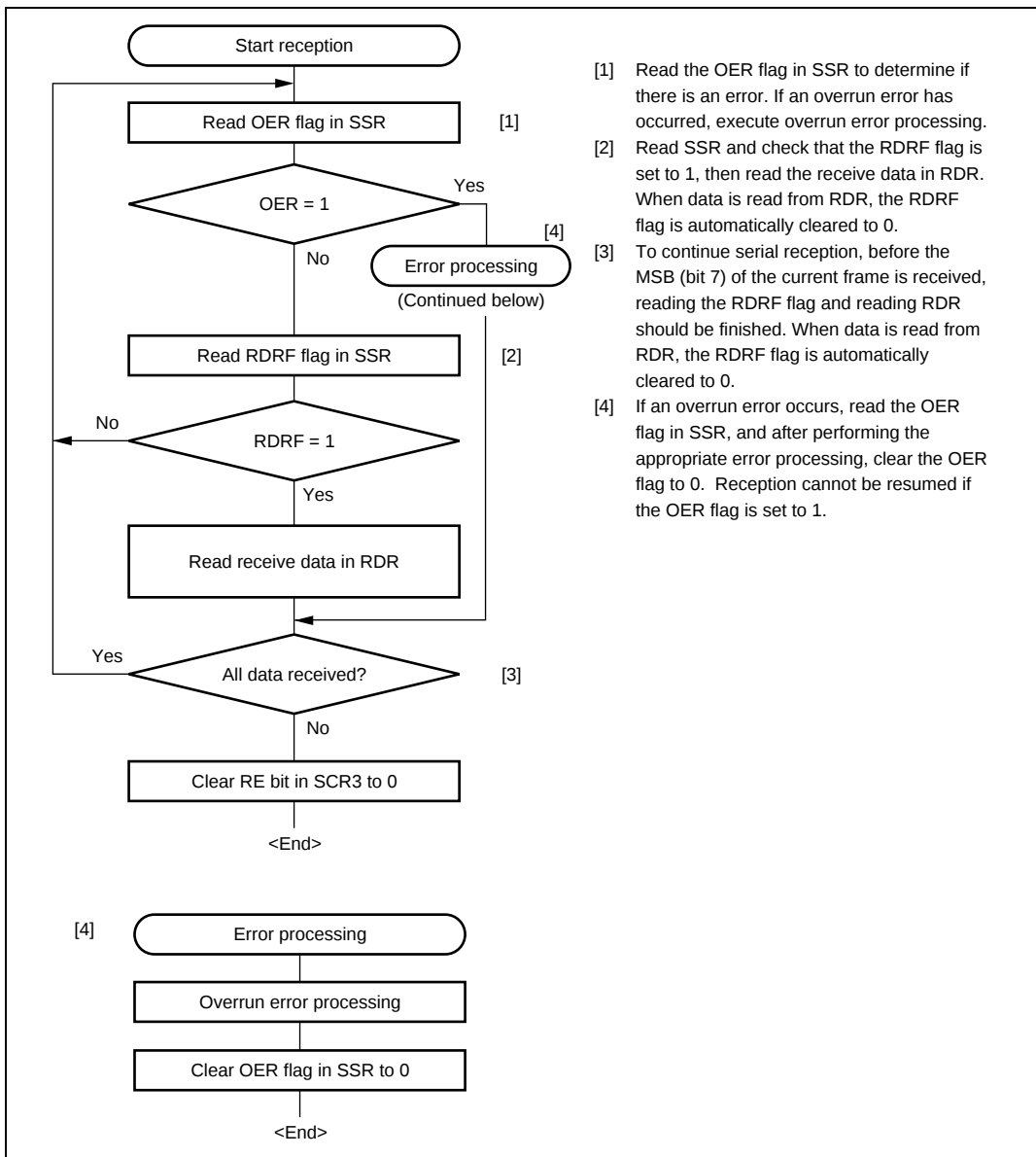
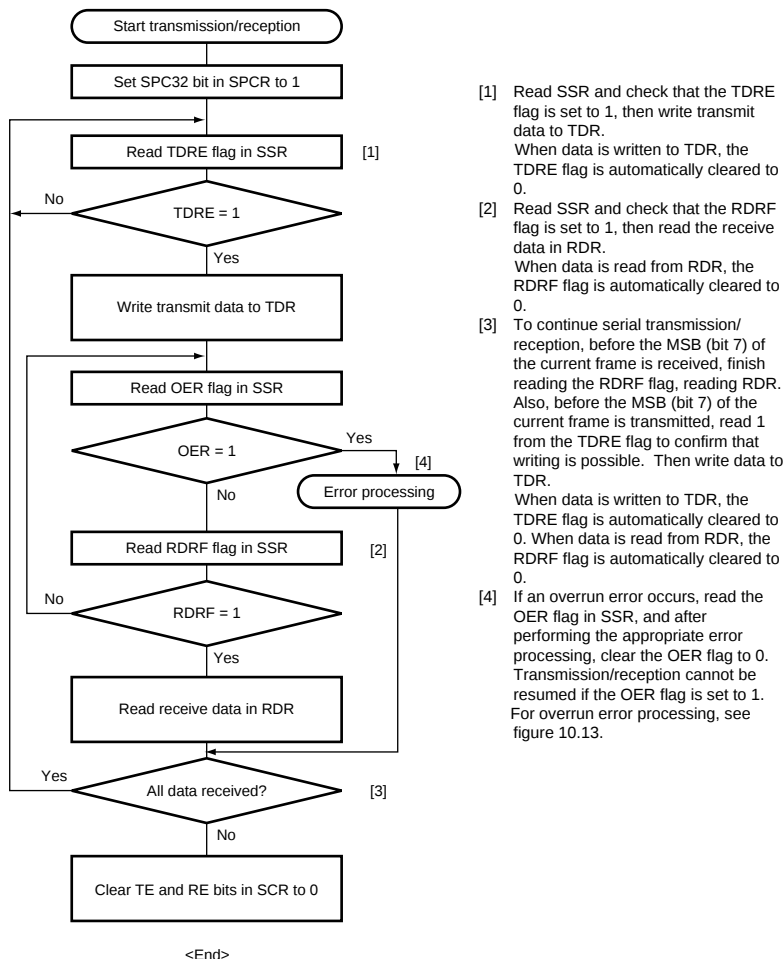


Figure 10.13 Sample Serial Reception Flowchart (Clocked Synchronous Mode)

### 10.5.5 Simultaneous Serial Data Transmission and Reception

Figure 10.14 shows a sample flowchart for simultaneous serial transmit and receive operations. The following procedure should be used for simultaneous serial data transmit and receive operations. To switch from transmit mode to simultaneous transmit and receive mode, after checking that the SCI3 has finished transmission and the TDRE and TEND flags are set to 1, clear TE to 0. Then simultaneously set TE and RE to 1 with a single instruction. To switch from receive mode to simultaneous transmit and receive mode, after checking that the SCI3 has finished reception, clear RE to 0. Then after checking that the RDRF and receive error flags (OER, FER, and PER) are cleared to 0, simultaneously set TE and RE to 1 with a single instruction.



**Figure 10.14 Sample Flowchart of Simultaneous Serial Transmit and Receive Operations (Clocked Synchronous Mode)**

## 10.6 Interrupts

The SCI3 creates the following six interrupt requests: transmission end, transmit data empty, receive data full, and receive errors (overflow error, framing error, and parity error). Table 10.11 shows the interrupt sources.

**Table 10.11 SCI3 Interrupt Requests**

| Interrupt Requests  | Abbreviation | Interrupt Sources               | Enable Bit |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| Receive Data Full   | RXI          | Setting RDRF in SSR             | RIE        |
| Transmit Data Empty | TXI          | Setting TDRE in SSR             | TIE        |
| Transmission End    | TEI          | Setting TEND in SSR             | TEIE       |
| Receive Error       | ERI          | Setting OER, FER, or PER in SSR | RIE        |

Each interrupt request can be enabled or disabled by means of bits TIE, RIE and TEIE in SCR3.

When bit TDRE is set to 1 in SSR, a TXI interrupt is requested. When bit TEND is set to 1 in SSR, a TEI interrupt is requested. These two interrupts are generated during transmission.

The initial value of the TDRE flag in SSR is 1. Thus, when the TIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 before transferring the transmit data to TDR, a TXI interrupt request is generated even if the transmit data is not ready. The initial value of the TEND flag in SSR is 1. Thus, when the TEIE bit in SCR3 is set to 1 before transferring the transmit data to TDR, a TEI interrupt request is generated even if the transmit data has not been sent. It is possible to make use of the most of these interrupt requests efficiently by transferring the transmit data to TDR in the interrupt routine. To prevent the generation of these interrupt requests (TXI and TEI), set the enable bits (TIE and TEIE) that correspond to these interrupt requests to 1, after transferring the transmit data to TDR.

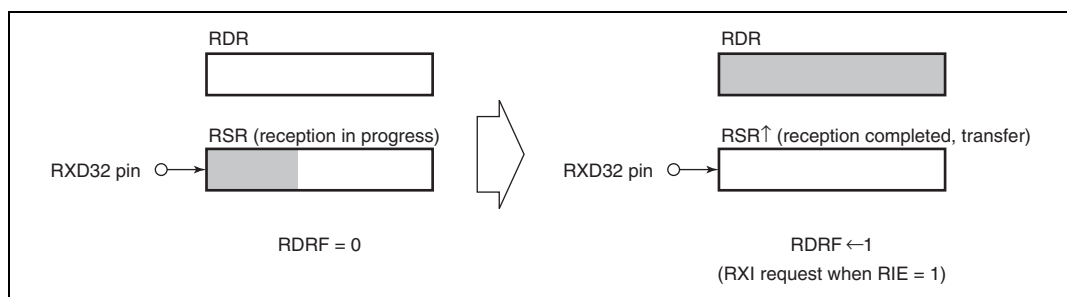
When bit RDRF is set to 1 in SSR, an RXI interrupt is requested, and if any of bits OER, PER, and FER is set to 1, an ERI interrupt is requested. These two interrupt requests are generated during reception.

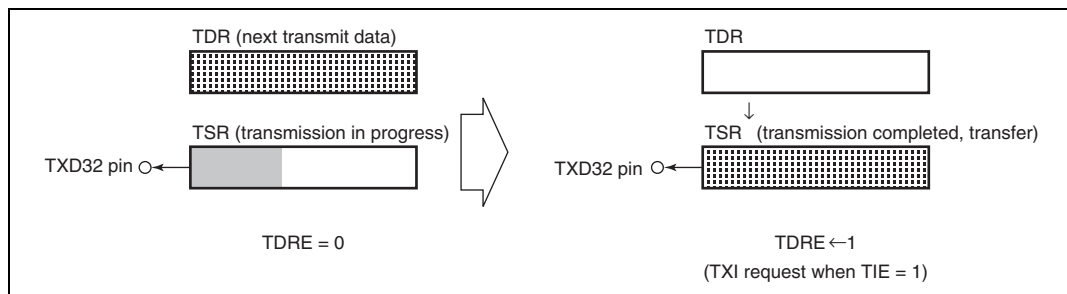
For further details, see section 3, Exception Handling.

The SCI3 can carry out continuous reception using RXI and continuous transmission using TXI. These interrupts are shown in table 10.12.

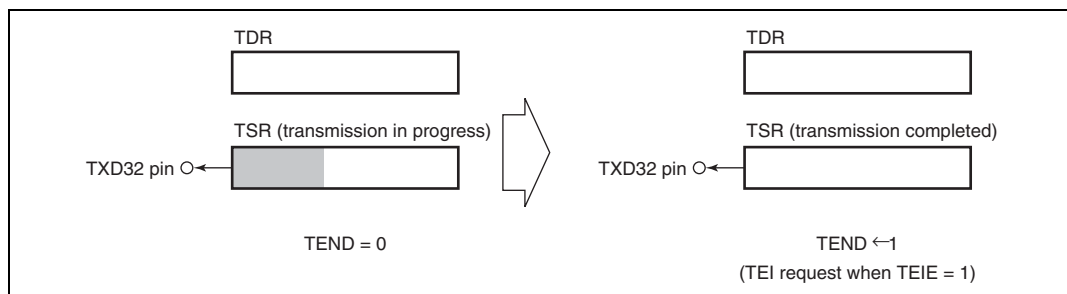
**Table 10.12 Transmit/Receive Interrupts**

| <b>Interrupt</b> | <b>Flag and Enable Bit</b> | <b>Interrupt Request Conditions</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>Notes</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RXI              | RDRF<br>RIE                | When serial reception is performed normally and receive data is transferred from RSR to RDR, bit RDRF is set to 1, and if bit RIE is set to 1 at this time, RXI is enabled and an interrupt is requested. (See figure 10.15(a).)                                      | The RXI interrupt routine reads the receive data transferred to RDR and clears bit RDRF to 0. Continuous reception can be performed by repeating the above operations until reception of the next RSR data is completed.    |
| TXI              | TDRE<br>TIE                | When TSR is found to be empty (on completion of the previous transmission) and the transmit data placed in TDR is transferred to TSR, bit TDRE is set to 1. If bit TIE is set to 1 at this time, TXI is enabled and an interrupt is requested. (See figure 10.15(b).) | The TXI interrupt routine writes the next transmit data to TDR and clears bit TDRE to 0. Continuous transmission can be performed by repeating the above operations until the data transferred to TSR has been transmitted. |
| TEI              | TEND<br>TEIE               | When the last bit of the character in TSR is transmitted, if bit TDRE is set to 1, bit TEND is set to 1. If bit TEIE is set to 1 at this time, TEI is enabled and an interrupt is requested. (See figure 10.15(c).)                                                   | TEI indicates that the next transmit data has not been written to TDR when the last bit of the transmit character in TSR is transmitted.                                                                                    |

**Figure 10.15(a) RDRF Setting and RXI Interrupt**



**Figure 10.15(b) TDRE Setting and TXI Interrupt**



**Figure 10.15(c) TEND Setting and TEI Interrupt**

## 10.7 Usage Notes

### 10.7.1 Break Detection and Processing

When framing error detection is performed, a break can be detected by reading the RXD32 pin value directly. In a break, the input from the RXD32 pin becomes all 0, setting the FER flag, and possibly the PER flag. Note that as the SCI3 continues the receive operation after receiving a break, even if the FER flag is cleared to 0, it will be set to 1 again.

### 10.7.2 Mark State and Break Sending

When TE is 0, the TXD32 pin is used as an I/O port whose direction (input or output) and level are determined by PCR and PDR. This can be used to set the TXD32 pin to mark state (high level) or send a break during serial data transmission. To maintain the communication line at mark state until TE is set to 1, set both PCR and PDR to 1. As TE is cleared to 0 at this point, the TXD32 pin becomes an I/O port, and 1 is output from the TXD32 pin. To send a break during serial transmission, first set PCR to 1 and PDR to 0, and then clear TE to 0. When TE is cleared to 0, the

transmitter is initialized regardless of the current transmission state, the TXD32 pin becomes an I/O port, and 0 is output from the TXD32 pin.

### 10.7.3 Receive Error Flags and Transmit Operations (Clocked Synchronous Mode Only)

Transmission cannot be started when a receive error flag (OER, PER, or FER) is set to 1, even if the TDRE flag is cleared to 0. Be sure to clear the receive error flags to 0 before starting transmission. Note also that receive error flags cannot be cleared to 0 even if the RE bit is cleared to 0.

### 10.7.4 Receive Data Sampling Timing and Reception Margin in Asynchronous Mode

In asynchronous mode, the SCI3 operates on a basic clock with a frequency of 16 times the transfer rate. In reception, the SCI3 samples the falling edge of the start bit using the basic clock, and performs internal synchronization. Receive data is latched internally at the rising edge of the 8th pulse of the basic clock as shown in figure 10.16.

Thus, the reception margin in asynchronous mode is given by formula (1) below.

$$M = \left\{ \left( 0.5 - \frac{1}{2N} \right) - \frac{D - 0.5}{N} - (L - 0.5) F \right\} \times 100(\%)$$

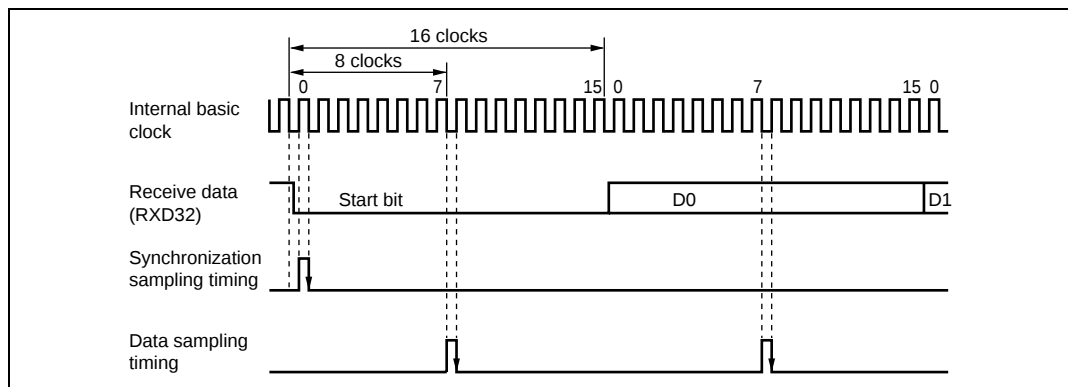
... Formula (1)

Where     $N$  : Ratio of bit rate to clock ( $N = 16$ )  
           $D$  : Clock duty ( $D = 0.5$  to  $1.0$ )  
           $L$  : Frame length ( $L = 9$  to  $12$ )  
           $F$  : Absolute value of clock rate deviation

Assuming values of  $F$  (absolute value of clock rate deviation) = 0 and  $D$  (clock duty) = 0.5 in formula (1), the reception margin can be given by the formula.

$$M = \{ 0.5 - 1/(2 \times 16) \} \times 100 [\%] = 46.875\%$$

However, this is only the computed value, and a margin of 20% to 30% should be allowed for in system design.



**Figure 10.16 Receive Data Sampling Timing in Asynchronous Mode**

### 10.7.5 Note on Switching SCK32 Function

If pin SCK32 is used as a clock output pin by the SCI3 in clocked synchronous mode and is then switched to a general input/output pin (a pin with a different function), the pin outputs a low level signal for half a system clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle immediately after it is switched.

This can be prevented by either of the following methods according to the situation.

- a. When an SCK32 function is switched from clock output to non clock-output  
 When stopping data transfer, issue one instruction to clear bits TE and RE to 0 and to set bits CKE1 and CKE0 in SCR3 to 1 and 0, respectively.  
 In this case, bit COM in SMR should be left 1. The above prevents SCK32 from being used as a general input/output pin. To avoid an intermediate level of voltage from being applied to SCK32, the line connected to SCK32 should be pulled up to the  $V_{cc}$  level via a resistor, or supplied with output from an external device.
- b. When an SCK32 function is switched from clock output to general input/output  
 When stopping data transfer,
  - (i) Issue one instruction to clear bits TE and RE to 0 and to set bits CKE1 and CKE0 in SCR3 to 1 and 0, respectively.
  - (ii) Clear bit COM in SMR to 0
  - (iii) Clear bits CKE1 and CKE0 in SCR3 to 0
 Note that special care is also needed here to avoid an intermediate level of voltage from being applied to SCK32.

### 10.7.6 Relation between Writing to TDR and Bit TDRE

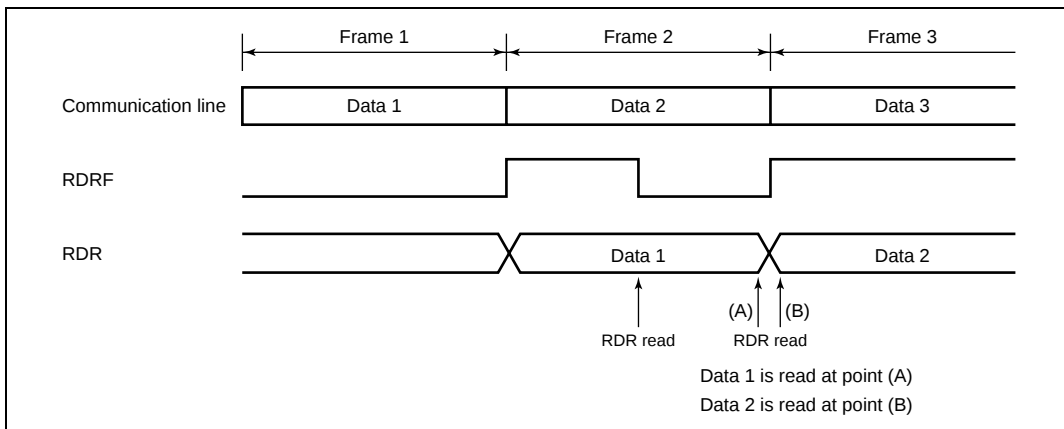
Bit TDRE in the serial status register (SSR) is a status flag that indicates that data for serial transmission has not been prepared in TDR. When data is written to TDR, bit TDRE is cleared to 0 automatically. When the SCI3 transfers data from TDR to TSR, bit TDRE is set to 1.

Data can be written to TDR irrespective of the state of bit TDRE, but if new data is written to TDR while bit TDRE is cleared to 0, the data previously stored in TDR will be lost if it has not yet been transferred to TSR. Accordingly, to ensure that serial transmission is performed dependably, you should first check that bit TDRE is set to 1, then write the transmit data to TDR only once (not two or more times).

### 10.7.7 Relation between RDR Reading and bit RDRF

In a receive operation, the SCI3 continually checks the RDRF flag. If bit RDRF is cleared to 0 when reception of one frame ends, normal data reception is completed. If bit RDRF is set to 1, this indicates that an overrun error has occurred.

When the contents of RDR are read, bit RDRF is cleared to 0 automatically. Therefore, if RDR is read more than once, the second and subsequent read operations will be performed while bit RDRF is cleared to 0. Note that, when an RDR read is performed while bit RDRF is cleared to 0, if the read operation coincides with completion of reception of a frame, the next frame of data may be read. This is shown in figure 10.17.



**Figure 10.17 Relation between RDR Read Timing and Data**

In this case, only a single RDR read operation (not two or more) should be performed after first checking that bit RDRF is set to 1. If two or more reads are performed, the data read the first time

should be transferred to RAM, etc., and the RAM contents used. Also, ensure that there is sufficient margin in an RDR read operation before reception of the next frame is completed. To be precise in terms of timing, the RDR read should be completed before bit 7 is transferred in clocked synchronous mode, or before the STOP bit is transferred in asynchronous mode.

### **10.7.8 Transmit and Receive Operations when Making State Transition**

Make sure that transmit and receive operations have completely finished before carrying out state transition processing.

### **10.7.9 Setting in Subactive or Subsleep Mode**

In subactive or subsleep mode, the SCI3 can operate only when the CPU clock is  $\phi_w/2$ . The SA1 bit in SYSCR2 should be set to 1.

### **10.7.10 Oscillator Use with Serial Communication Interface 3 in Asynchronous Mode (H8/38104 Group Only)**

When implementing serial communication interface 3 in asynchronous mode on the H8/38104 Group, the system clock oscillator must be used. The on-chip oscillator should not be used in this case. See section 4.3.4, On-Chip Oscillator Selection Method, for information on switching between the system clock oscillator and the on-chip oscillator.



## Section 11 10-Bit PWM

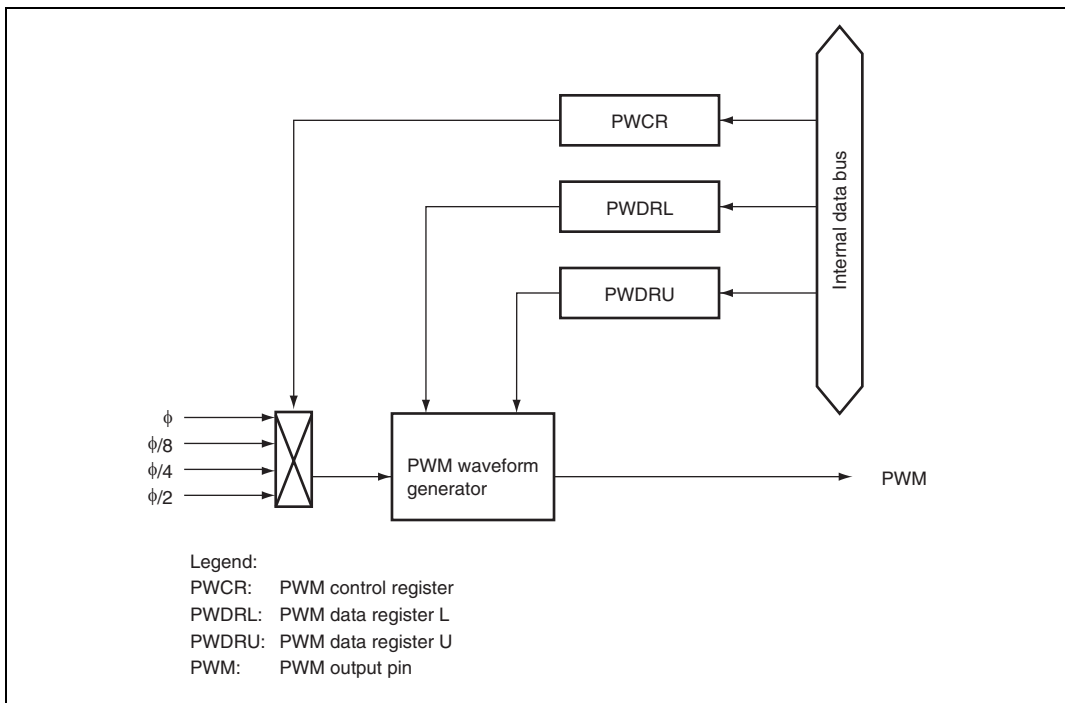
This LSI has a two-channel 10-bit PWM. The PWM with a low-pass filter connected can be used as a D/A converter. Figure 11.1(1) shows a block diagram of the 10-bit PWM of the H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group and H8/38002S Group. Figure 11.1(2) shows a block diagram of the 10-bit PWM of the H8/38104 Group.

### 11.1 Features

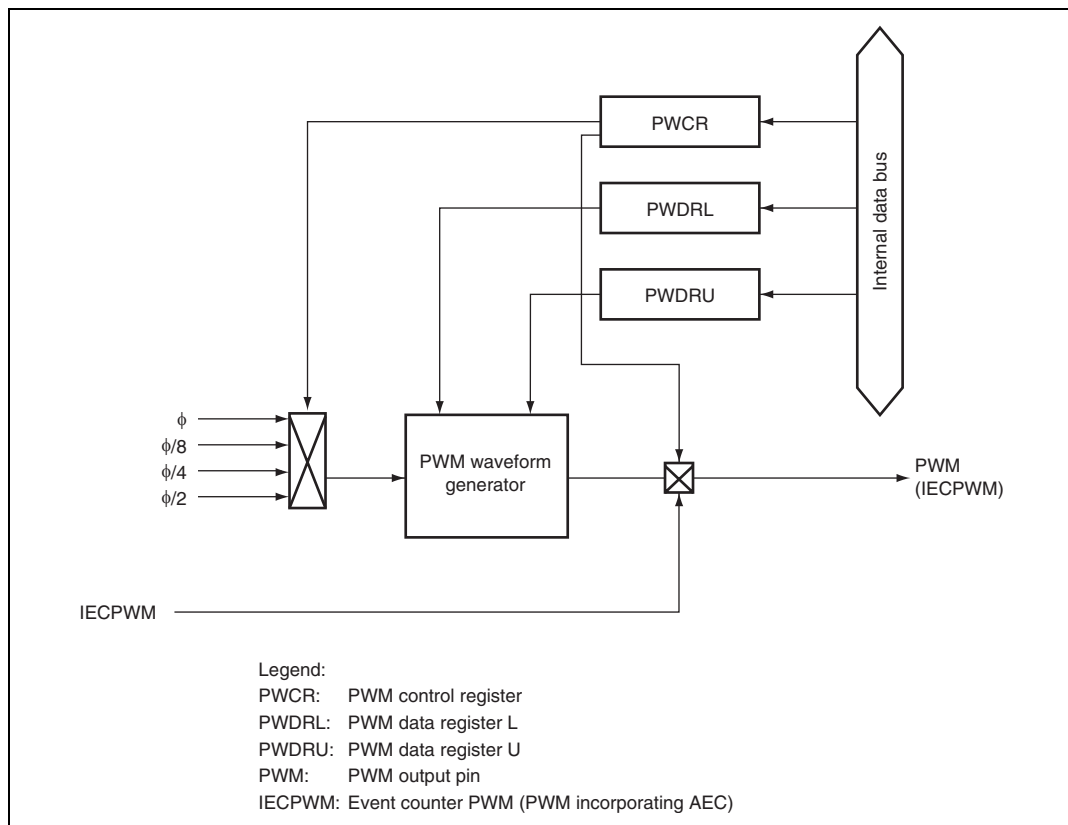
- Choice of four conversion periods

A conversion period of  $4096/\phi$  with a minimum modulation width of  $4/\phi$ , a conversion period of  $2048/\phi$  with a minimum modulation width of  $2/\phi$ , a conversion period of  $1024/\phi$  with a minimum modulation width of  $1/\phi$ , or a conversion period of  $512/\phi$  with a minimum modulation width of  $1/2\phi$  can be selected.

- Pulse division method for less ripple
- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)
- On the H8/38104 Group it is possible to select between two types of PWM output: pulse-division 10-bit PWM and event counter PWM (PWM incorporating AEC). (The H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group and H8/38002S Group can only produce 10-bit PWM output.) Refer to section 9.4, Asynchronous Event Counter (AEC), for information on event counter PWM.



**Figure 11.1(1) Block Diagram of 10-Bit PWM  
(H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group)**



**Figure 11.1(2) Block Diagram of 10-Bit PWM (H8/38104 Group)**

## 11.2 Input/Output Pins

Table 11.1 shows the 10-bit PWM pin configuration.

**Table 11.1 Pin Configuration**

| Name                            | Abbreviation | I/O    | Function                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10-bit PWM square-wave output 1 | PWM1         | Output | Channel 1: 10-bit PWM waveform output pin/event counter PWM output pin* |
| 10-bit PWM square-wave output 2 | PWM2         | Output | Channel 2: 10-bit PWM waveform output pin/event counter PWM output pin* |

Note: \* The event counter PWM output pin is valid on the H8/38104 Group only.

## 11.3 Register Descriptions

The 10-bit PWM has the following registers.

- PWM control register (PWCR)
- PWM data register U (PWDRU)
- PWM data register L (PWDRL)

### 11.3.1 PWM Control Register (PWCR)

On the H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group and H8/38002S Group, PWCR selects the conversion period.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 2 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1, and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1      | PWCR1    | 0             | W   | Clock Select 1, 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 0      | PWCR0    | 0             | W   | 00: The input clock is $\phi$ ( $t\phi = 1/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $512/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $1/2\phi$<br>01: The input clock is $\phi/2$ ( $t\phi = 2/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $1024/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $1/\phi$<br>10: The input clock is $\phi/4$ ( $t\phi = 4/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $2048/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $2/\phi$<br>11: The input clock is $\phi/8$ ( $t\phi = 8/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $4096/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $4/\phi$ |

Legend:  $t\phi$ : Period of PWM clock input

Selects the PWCR output format and the conversion period on the H8/38104 Group.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 to 3 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>This bit is reserved. It is always read as 1 and cannot be written to.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 2      | PWCR2    | 0             | W   | Output Format Select<br>0: 10-bit PWM<br>1: Event counter PWM (PWM incorporating AEC)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 1      | PWCR1    | 0             | W   | Clock Select 1, 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 0      | PWCR0    | 0             | W   | 00: The input clock is $\phi$ ( $t\phi = 1/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $512/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $1/2\phi$<br>01: The input clock is $\phi/2$ ( $t\phi = 2/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $1,024/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $1/\phi$<br>10: The input clock is $\phi/4$ ( $t\phi = 4/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $2,048/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $2/\phi$<br>11: The input clock is $\phi/8$ ( $t\phi = 8/\phi$ )<br>— The conversion period is $4,096/\phi$ , with a minimum modulation width of $4/\phi$ |

Legend:  $t\phi$ : Period of PWM clock input

### 11.3.2 PWM Data Registers U and L (PWDRU, PWDRL)

PWDRU and PWDRL indicate high level width in one PWM waveform cycle. PWDRU and PWDRL are 10-bit write-only registers, with the upper 2 bits assigned to PWDRU and the lower 8 bits to PWDRL. When read, all bits are always read as 1.

Both PWDRU and PWDRL are accessible only in bytes. Note that the operation is not guaranteed if word access is performed. When 10-bit data is written in PWDRU and PWDRL, the contents are latched in the PWM waveform generator and the PWM waveform generation data is updated. When writing the 10-bit data, the order is as follows: PWDRL to PWDRU.

PWDRU and PWDRL are initialized to H'FC00.

## 11.4 Operation

### 11.4.1 Operation

When using the 10-bit PWM, set the registers in this sequence:

1. Set the PWM2 and/or PWM1 bits in port mode register 9 (PMR9) to 1 to set the P91/PWM2 pin or P90/PWM1 pin, or both, to function as PWM output pins.
2. Set the PWCR0 and PWCR1 bits in PWCR to select a conversion period of either. On the H8/38104 Group, the output format is selected using the PWCR2 bit. Refer to section 9.4, Asynchronous Event Counter (AEC), for information on how to select event counter PWM (PWM incorporating AEC), one of the two available output formats.
3. Set the output waveform data in PWDRU and PWDRL. Be sure to write byte data first to PWDRL and then to PWDRU. When the data is written in PWDRU, the contents of these registers are latched in the PWM waveform generator, and the PWM waveform generation data is updated in synchronization with internal signals.

One conversion period consists of four pulses, as shown in figure 11.2. The total high-level width during this period ( $T_H$ ) corresponds to the data in PWDRU and PWDRL. This relation can be expressed as follows:

$$T_H = (\text{data value in PWDRU and PWDRL} + 4) \times t\phi/2$$

where  $t\phi$  is the period of PWM clock input:  $1/\phi$  (PWCR1 = 0, PWCR0 = 0),  $2/\phi$  (PWCR1 = 0, PWCR0 = 1),  $4/\phi$  (PWCR1 = 1, PWCR0 = 0), or  $8/\phi$  (PWCR1 = 1, PWCR0 = 1).

If the data value in PWDRU and PWDRL is from H'FFFC to H'FFFF, the PWM output stays high.

When the data value is H'FC3C,  $T_H$  is calculated as follows:

$$T_H = 64 \times t\phi/2 = 32 \times t\phi$$

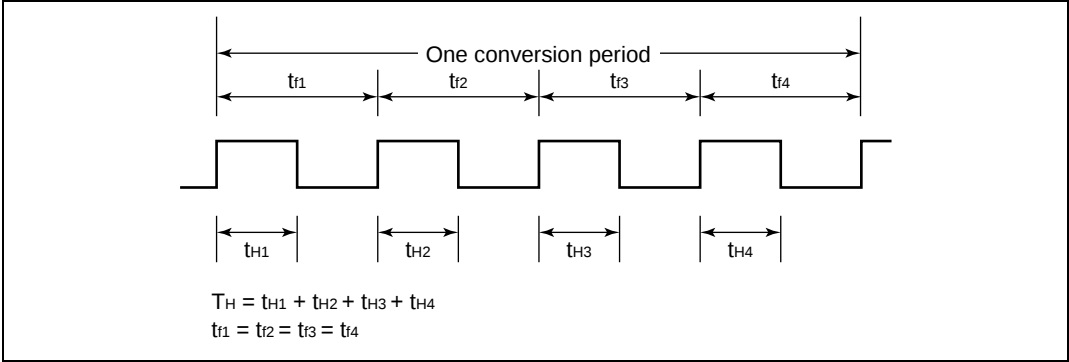


Figure 11.2 Waveform Output by 10-Bit PWM

11.4.2 PWM Operating States

Table 11.2 shows the PWM operating states.

Table 11.2 PWM Operating States

| Operating Mode | Reset | Active    | Sleep     | Watch    | Sub-active | Sub-sleep | Standby  | Module Standby |
|----------------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| PWCR           | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained | Retained   | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |
| PWDRU          | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained | Retained   | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |
| PWDRL          | Reset | Functions | Functions | Retained | Retained   | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |

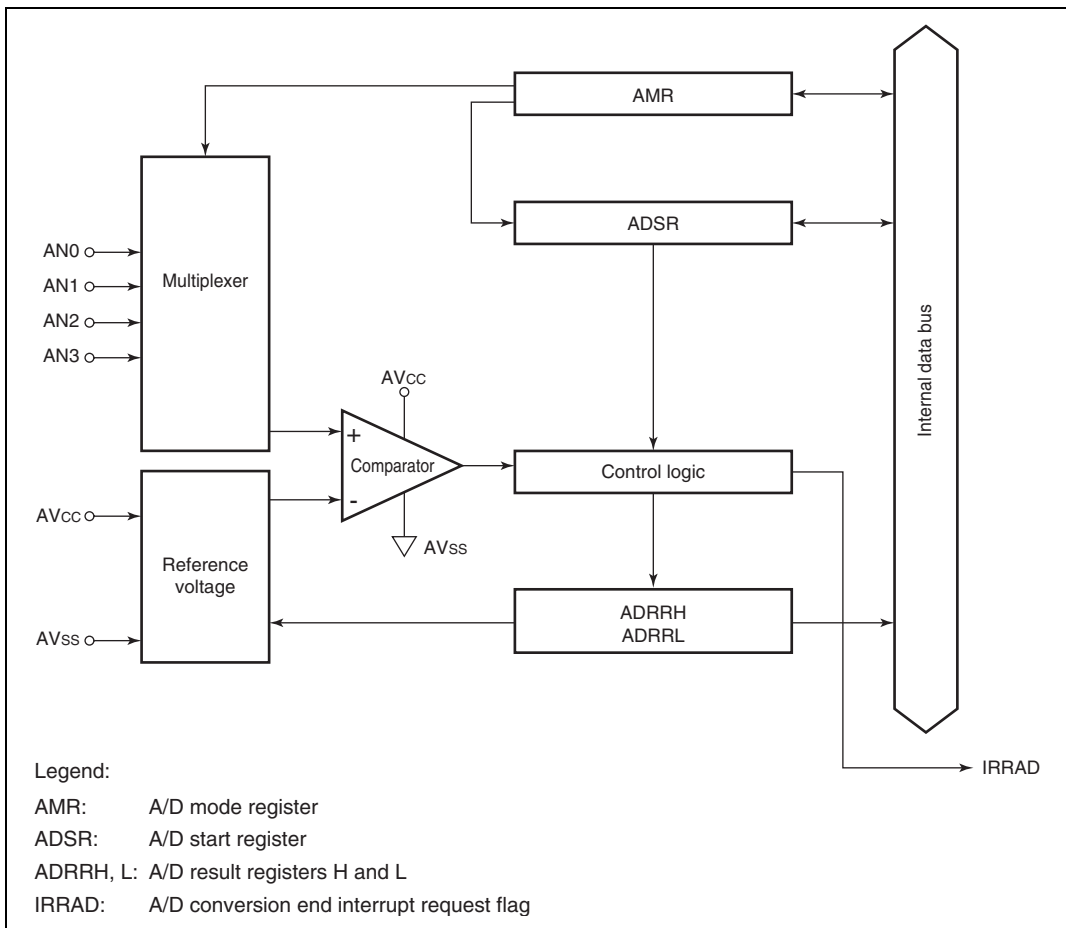
## Section 12 A/D Converter

This LSI includes a successive approximation type 10-bit A/D converter that allows up to four analog input channels to be selected. The block diagram of the A/D converter is shown in figure 12.1.

### 12.1 Features

- 10-bit resolution
- Four input channels
- Conversion time: at least 12.4  $\mu$ s per channel ( $\phi$  = 5-MHz operation)/6.2  $\mu$ s ( $\phi$  = 10-MHz operation)\*
- Sample and hold function
- Conversion start method
  - Software
- Interrupt request
  - An A/D conversion end interrupt request (ADI) can be generated
- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)

Note: \* H8/38104 Group only.



**Figure 12.1 Block Diagram of A/D Converter**

## 12.2 Input/Output Pins

Table 12.1 shows the input pins used by the A/D converter.

**Table 12.1 Pin Configuration**

| Pin Name                | Abbreviation | I/O   | Function                                          |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Analog power supply pin | AVcc         | Input | Power supply and reference voltage of analog part |
| Analog ground pin       | AVss         | Input | Ground and reference voltage of analog part       |
| Analog input pin 0      | AN0          | Input | Analog input pins                                 |
| Analog input pin 1      | AN1          | Input |                                                   |
| Analog input pin 2      | AN2          | Input |                                                   |
| Analog input pin 3      | AN3          | Input |                                                   |

## 12.3 Register Descriptions

The A/D converter has the following registers.

- A/D result registers H and L (ADRRH and ADRRL)
- A/D mode register (AMR)
- A/D start register (ADSR)

### 12.3.1 A/D Result Registers H and L (ADRRH and ADRRL)

ADRRH and ADRRL are 16-bit read-only registers that store the results of A/D conversion.

The upper 8 bits of the data are stored in ADRRH, and the lower 2 bits in ADRRL.

ADRRH and ADRRL can be read by the CPU at any time, but the ADRRH and ADRRL values during A/D conversion are undefined. After A/D conversion is completed, the conversion result is stored as 10-bit data, and this data is retained until the next conversion operation starts.

The initial values of ADRRH and ADRRL are undefined.

### 12.3.2 A/D Mode Register (AMR)

AMR sets the A/D conversion time and analog input pins.

| Bit  | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|------|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7    | CKS      | 0             | R/W | Clock Select<br>Sets the A/D conversion time.<br>0: Conversion time = 62 states<br>1: Conversion time = 31 states                                      |
| 6    | —        | 0             | R/W | Reserved<br>Only 0 can be written to this bit.                                                                                                         |
| 5, 4 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                    |
| 3    | CH3      | 0             | R/W | Channel Select 3 to 0                                                                                                                                  |
| 2    | CH2      | 0             | R/W | Selects the analog input channel.                                                                                                                      |
| 1    | CH1      | 0             | R/W | 00XX: No channel selected                                                                                                                              |
| 0    | CH0      | 0             | R/W | 0100: AN0<br>0101: AN1<br>0110: AN2<br>0111: AN3<br>1XXX: Using prohibited<br>The channel selection should be made while the ADSF bit is cleared to 0. |

Legend: X: Don't care.

### 12.3.3 A/D Start Register (ADSR)

ADSR starts and stops the A/D conversion.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | ADSF     | 0             | R/W | When this bit is set to 1, A/D conversion is started. When conversion is completed, the converted data is set in ADDRHH and ADDRLL and at the same time this bit is cleared to 0. If this bit is written to 0, A/D conversion can be forcibly terminated. |
| 6 to 0 | —        | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## 12.4 Operation

The A/D converter operates by successive approximation with 10-bit resolution. When changing the conversion time or analog input channel, in order to prevent incorrect operation, first clear the bit ADSF to 0 in ADSR.

### 12.4.1 A/D Conversion

1. A/D conversion is started from the selected channel when the ADSF bit in ADSR is set to 1, according to software.
2. When A/D conversion is completed, the result is transferred to the A/D result register.
3. On completion of conversion, the IRRAD flag in IRR2 is set to 1. If the IENAD bit in IENR2 is set to 1 at this time, an A/D conversion end interrupt request is generated.
4. The ADSF bit remains set to 1 during A/D conversion. When A/D conversion ends, the ADSF bit is automatically cleared to 0 and the A/D converter enters the wait state.

### 12.4.2 Operating States of A/D Converter

Table 12.2 shows the operating states of the A/D converter.

**Table 12.2 Operating States of A/D Converter**

| Operating Mode | Reset     | Active    | Sleep     | Watch    | Sub-active | Sub-sleep | Standby  | Module Standby |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| AMR            | Reset     | Functions | Functions | Retained | Retained   | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |
| ADSR           | Reset     | Functions | Functions | Reset    | Reset      | Reset     | Reset    | Reset          |
| ADRRH          | Retained* | Functions | Functions | Retained | Retained   | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |
| ADRRL          | Retained* | Functions | Functions | Retained | Retained   | Retained  | Retained | Retained       |

Note: \* Undefined in a power-on reset.

## 12.5 Example of Use

An example of how the A/D converter can be used is given below, using channel 1 (pin AN1) as the analog input channel. Figure 12.2 shows the operation timing.

1. Bits CH3 to CH0 in the A/D mode register (AMR) are set to 0101, making pin AN1 the analog input channel. A/D interrupts are enabled by setting bit IENAD to 1, and A/D conversion is started by setting bit ADSF to 1.
2. When A/D conversion is completed, bit IRRAD is set to 1, and the A/D conversion result is stored in ADRRH and ADRRL. At the same time bit ADSF is cleared to 0, and the A/D converter goes to the idle state.
3. Bit IENAD = 1, so an A/D conversion end interrupt is requested.
4. The A/D interrupt handling routine starts.
5. The A/D conversion result is read and processed.
6. The A/D interrupt handling routine ends.

If bit ADSF is set to 1 again afterward, A/D conversion starts and steps 2 through 6 take place.

Figures 12.3 and 12.4 show flowcharts of procedures for using the A/D converter.

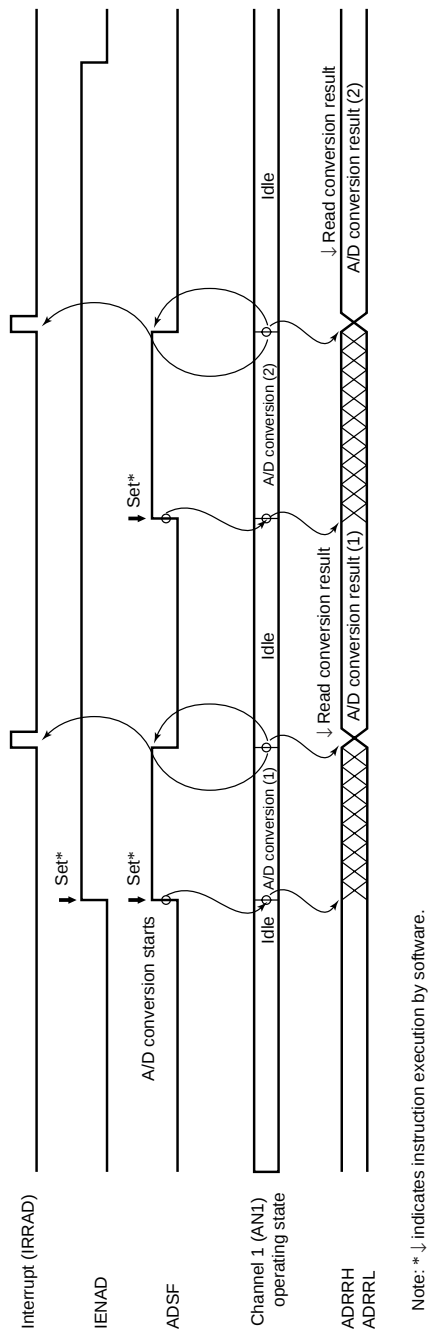
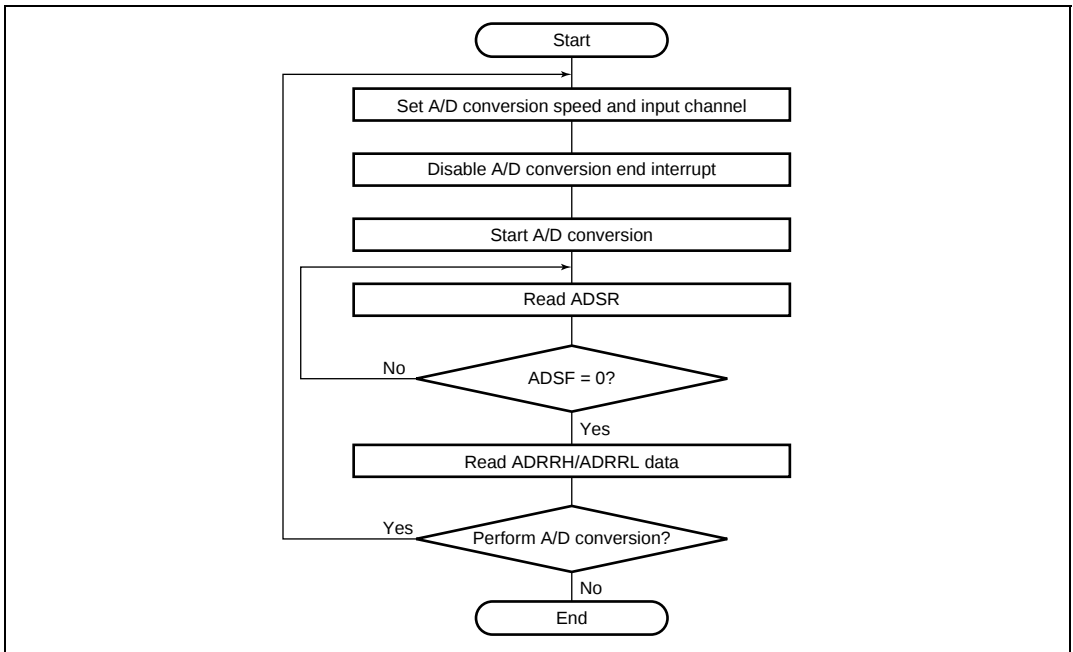
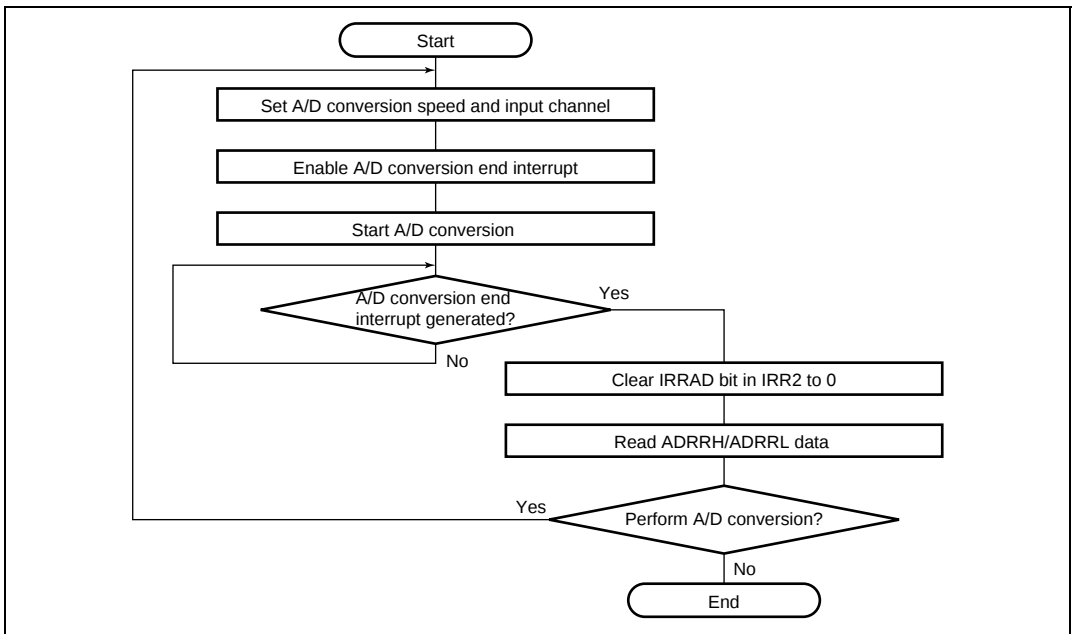


Figure 12.2 Example of A/D Conversion Operation



**Figure 12.3 Flowchart of Procedure for Using A/D Converter (Polling by Software)**

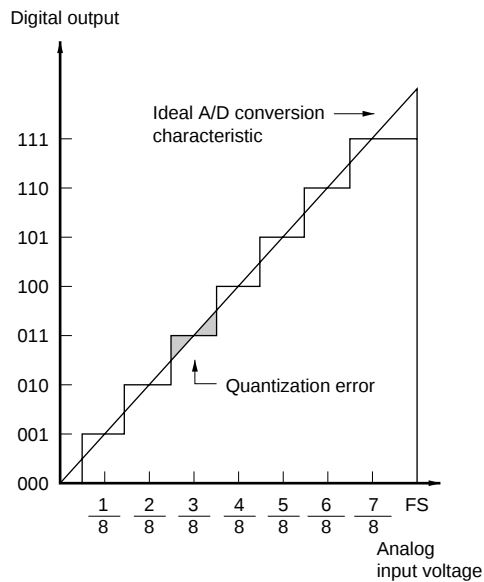


**Figure 12.4 Flowchart of Procedure for Using A/D Converter (Interrupts Used)**

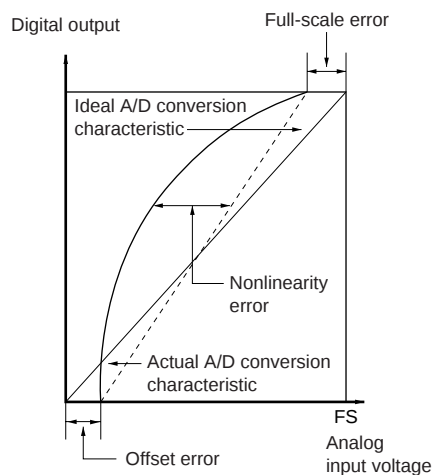
## 12.6 A/D Conversion Accuracy Definitions

This LSI's A/D conversion accuracy definitions are given below.

- Resolution  
The number of A/D converter digital output codes
- Quantization error  
The deviation inherent in the A/D converter, given by 1/2 LSB (see figure 12.5).
- Offset error  
The deviation of the analog input voltage value from the ideal A/D conversion characteristic when the digital output changes from the minimum voltage value 0000000000 to 0000000001 (see figure 12.6).
- Full-scale error  
The deviation of the analog input voltage value from the ideal A/D conversion characteristic when the digital output changes from 1111111110 to 1111111111 (see figure 12.6).
- Nonlinearity error  
The error with respect to the ideal A/D conversion characteristics between zero voltage and full-scale voltage. Does not include offset error, full-scale error, or quantization error.
- Absolute accuracy  
The deviation between the digital value and the analog input value. Includes offset error, full-scale error, quantization error, and nonlinearity error.



**Figure 12.5 A/D Conversion Accuracy Definitions (1)**



**Figure 12.6 A/D Conversion Accuracy Definitions (2)**

## 12.7 Usage Notes

### 12.7.1 Permissible Signal Source Impedance

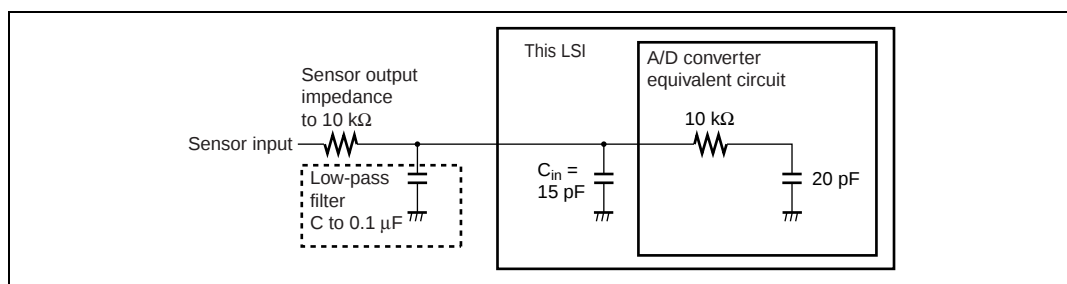
This LSI's analog input is designed such that conversion accuracy is guaranteed for an input signal for which the signal source impedance is 10 k $\Omega$  or less. This specification is provided to enable the A/D converter's sample-and-hold circuit input capacitance to be charged within the sampling time; if the sensor output impedance exceeds 10 k $\Omega$ , charging may be insufficient and it may not be possible to guarantee A/D conversion accuracy.

As a countermeasure, a large capacitance can be provided externally to the analog input pin. This will cause the actual input resistance to comprise only the internal input resistance of 10 k $\Omega$ , allowing the signal source impedance to be ignored. This countermeasure has the disadvantage of creating a low-pass filter from the signal source impedance and capacitance, with the result that it may not be possible to follow analog signals having a large differential coefficient (e.g., 5 mV/ $\mu$ s or greater) (see figure 12.7). When converting a high-speed analog signal, a low-impedance buffer should be inserted.

### 12.7.2 Influences on Absolute Accuracy

Adding capacitance results in coupling with GND, and therefore noise in GND may adversely affect absolute accuracy. Be sure to make the connection to an electrically stable GND.

Care is also required to ensure that filter circuits do not interfere with digital signals or act as antennas on the mounting board.



**Figure 12.7 Example of Analog Input Circuit**

### 12.7.3 Additional Usage Notes

1. ADRRH and ADRRL should be read only when the ADSF bit in ADSR is cleared to 0.
2. Changing the digital input signal at an adjacent pin during A/D conversion may adversely affect conversion accuracy.
3. When A/D conversion is started after clearing module standby mode, wait for 10 $\phi$  clock cycles before starting A/D conversion.
4. In active mode and sleep mode, the analog power supply current flows in the ladder resistance even when the A/D converter is on standby. Therefore, if the A/D converter is not used, it is recommended that AVcc be connected to the system power supply and the ADCKSTP bit be cleared to 0 in CKSTPR1.

## Section 13 LCD Controller/Driver

This LSI has an on-chip segment-type LCD control circuit, LCD driver, and power supply circuit, enabling it to directly drive an LCD panel.

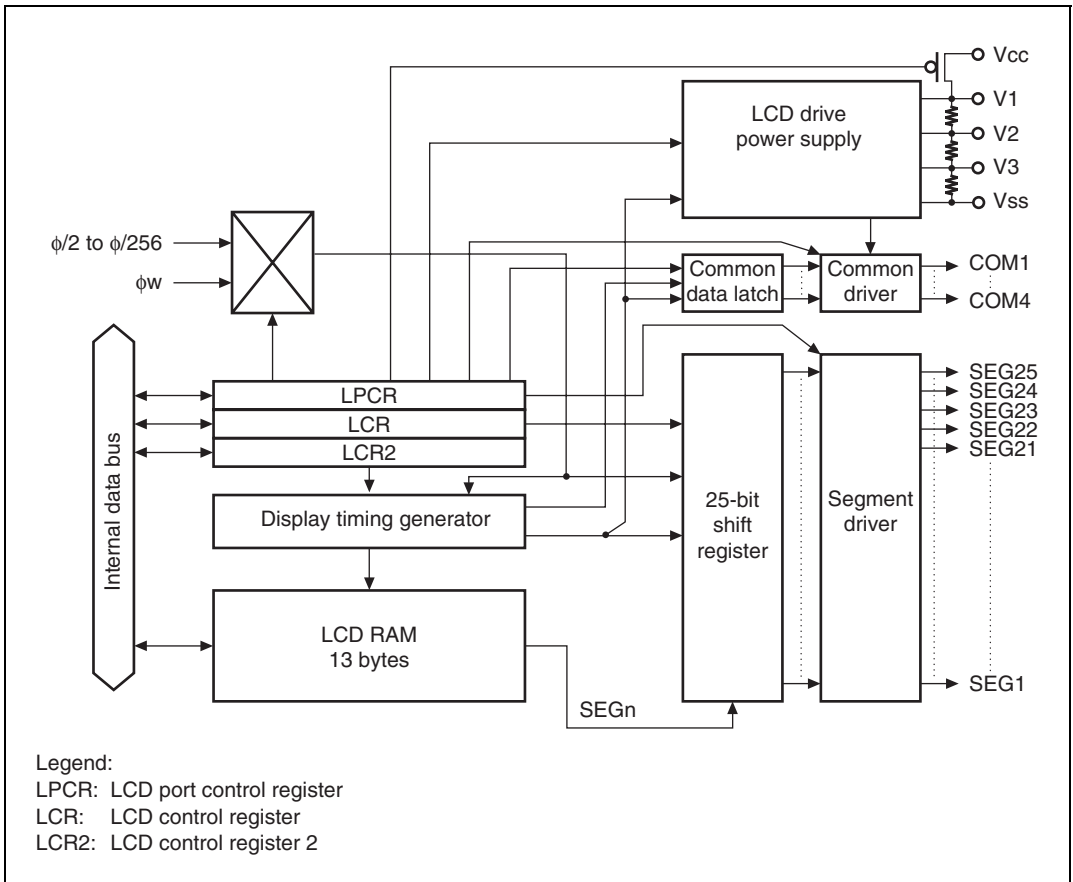
### 13.1 Features

- Display capacity

| Duty Cycle | Internal Driver |
|------------|-----------------|
| Static     | 25 SEG          |
| 1/2        | 25 SEG          |
| 1/3        | 25 SEG          |
| 1/4        | 25 SEG          |

- LCD RAM capacity  
8 bits × 13 bytes (104 bits)
- Word access to LCD RAM
- The segment output pins can be used as ports.  
SEG24 to SEG1 pins can be used as ports in groups of four.
- Common output pins not used because of the duty cycle can be used for common double-buffering (parallel connection).  
With 1/2 duty, parallel connection of COM1 to COM2, and of COM3 to COM4, can be used  
In static mode, parallel connection of COM1 to COM2, COM3, and COM4 can be used
- Choice of 11 frame frequencies
- A or B waveform selectable by software
- On-chip power supply split-resistance  
Removal of split-resistance can be controlled in software. Note that this capability is implemented in the H8/38104 Group only.
- Display possible in operating modes other than standby mode
- Use of module standby mode enables this module to be placed in standby mode independently when not used. (For details, refer to section 5.4, Module Standby Function.)

Figures 13.1(1) and 13.1(2) show a block diagram of the LCD controller/driver.



**Figure 13.1(1) Block Diagram of LCD Controller/Driver  
(H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group)**



## 13.2 Input/Output Pins

Table 13.1 shows the LCD controller/driver pin configuration.

**Table 13.1 Pin Configuration**

| <b>Name</b>           | <b>Abbreviation</b> | <b>I/O</b> | <b>Function</b>                                                                                         |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Segment output pins   | SEG25 to SEG1       | Output     | LCD segment drive pins<br>All pins are multiplexed as port pins (setting programmable)                  |
| Common output pins    | COM4 to COM1        | Output     | LCD common drive pins<br>Pins can be used in parallel with static or 1/2 duty                           |
| LCD power supply pins | V1, V2, V3          | —          | Used when a bypass capacitor is connected externally, and when an external power supply circuit is used |

### 13.3 Register Descriptions

The LCD controller/driver has the following registers.

- LCD port control register (LPCR)
- LCD control register (LCR)
- LCD control register 2 (LCR2)
- LCD RAM

#### 13.3.1 LCD Port Control Register (LPCR)

LPCR selects the duty cycle, LCD driver, and pin functions.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | DTS1     | 0             | R/W | Duty Cycle Select 1 and 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 6   | DTS0     | 0             | R/W | Common Function Select                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 5   | CMX      | 0             | R/W | The combination of DTS1 and DTS0 selects static, 1/2, 1/3, or 1/4 duty.<br><br>CMX specifies whether or not the same waveform is to be output from multiple pins to increase the common drive power when not all common pins are used because of the duty setting.<br><br>For details, see table 13.2. |
| 4   | —        | —             | W   | Reserved<br><br>Only 0 can be written to this bit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 3   | SGS3     | 0             | R/W | Segment Driver Select 3 to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2   | SGS2     | 0             | R/W | Select the segment drivers to be used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1   | SGS1     | 0             | R/W | For details, see table 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0   | SGS0     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

**Table 13.2 Duty Cycle and Common Function Selection**

| Bit 7:<br>DTS1 | Bit 6:<br>DTS0 | Bit 5:<br>CMX | Duty Cycle | Common Drivers | Notes                                                                              |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0              | 0              | 0             | Static     | COM1           | Do not use COM4, COM3, and COM2                                                    |
|                |                | 1             |            | COM4 to COM1   | COM4, COM3, and COM2 output the same waveform as COM1                              |
|                | 1              | 0             | 1/2 duty   | COM2 to COM1   | Do not use COM4 and COM3                                                           |
|                |                | 1             |            | COM4 to COM1   | COM4 outputs the same waveform as COM3, and COM2 outputs the same waveform as COM1 |
| 1              | 0              | 0             | 1/3 duty   | COM3 to COM1   | Do not use COM4                                                                    |
|                |                | 1             |            | COM4 to COM1   | Do not use COM4                                                                    |
|                | 1              | X             | 1/4 duty   | COM4 to COM1   | —                                                                                  |

Legend:

X: Don't care

Table 13.3 Segment Driver Selection

| Bit 3:<br>SGS3 | Bit 2:<br>SGS2 | Bit 1:<br>SGS1 | Bit 0:<br>SGS0 | Function of Pins SEG25 to SEG1 |                   |                   |                   |                  |                 |                 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                |                |                |                | SEG25                          | SEG24 to<br>SEG21 | SEG20 to<br>SEG17 | SEG16 to<br>SEG13 | SEG12 to<br>SEG9 | SEG8 to<br>SEG5 | SEG4 to<br>SEG1 |
| 0              | 0              | 0              | 0              | Port                           | Port              | Port              | Port              | Port             | Port            | Port            |
|                |                |                | 1              | Port                           | Port              | Port              | Port              | Port             | Port            | SEG             |
|                |                | 1              | 0              | Port                           | Port              | Port              | Port              | Port             | SEG             | SEG             |
|                |                |                | 1              | Port                           | Port              | Port              | Port              | SEG              | SEG             | SEG             |
|                | 1              | 0              | 0              | Port                           | Port              | Port              | SEG               | SEG              | SEG             | SEG             |
|                |                |                | 1              | Port                           | Port              | SEG               | SEG               | SEG              | SEG             | SEG             |
|                |                | 1              | 0              | Port                           | SEG               | SEG               | SEG               | SEG              | SEG             | SEG             |
|                |                |                | 1              | SEG                            | SEG               | SEG               | SEG               | SEG              | SEG             | SEG             |
| 1              | 0              | 0              | 0              | SEG                            | SEG               | SEG               | SEG               | SEG              | SEG             | SEG             |
|                |                |                | 1              | SEG                            | SEG               | SEG               | SEG               | SEG              | SEG             | Port            |
|                |                | 1              | 0              | SEG                            | SEG               | SEG               | SEG               | SEG              | Port            | Port            |
|                |                |                | 1              | SEG                            | SEG               | SEG               | SEG               | Port             | Port            | Port            |
|                | 1              | 0              | 0              | SEG                            | SEG               | SEG               | Port              | Port             | Port            | Port            |
|                |                |                | 1              | SEG                            | SEG               | Port              | Port              | Port             | Port            | Port            |
|                |                | 1              | 0              | SEG                            | Port              | Port              | Port              | Port             | Port            | Port            |
|                |                |                | 1              | Port                           | Port              | Port              | Port              | Port             | Port            | Port            |

### 13.3.2 LCD Control Register (LCR)

LCR controls LCD drive power supply and display data, and selects the frame frequency.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | —        | 1             | —   | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 6   | PSW      | 0             | R/W | LCD Drive Power Supply Control<br>Can be used to disconnect the LCD drive power supply from Vcc when LCD display is not required in power-down mode, or when an external power supply is used. When the ACT bit is cleared to 0, and also in standby mode, the LCD drive power supply is disconnected from Vcc regardless of the setting of this bit.<br>0: LCD drive power supply is disconnected from Vcc<br>1: LCD drive power supply is connected to Vcc |
| 5   | ACT      | 0             | R/W | Display Function Activate<br>Specifies whether or not the LCD controller/driver is used. Clearing this bit to 0 halts operation of the LCD controller/driver. The LCD drive power supply is also turned off, regardless of the setting of the PSW bit. However, register contents are retained.<br>0: LCD controller/driver operation halted<br>1: LCD controller/driver operation enabled                                                                   |
| 4   | DISP     | 0             | R/W | Display Data Control<br>Specifies whether the LCD RAM contents are displayed or blank data is displayed regardless of the LCD RAM contents.<br>0: Blank data is displayed<br>1: LCD RAM data is displayed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 3   | CKS3     | 0             | R/W | Frame Frequency Select 3 to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 2   | CKS2     | 0             | R/W | Select the operating clock and the frame frequency. In subactive mode, watch mode, and subsleep mode, the system clock ( $\phi$ ) is halted, and therefore display operations are not performed if one of the clocks from $\phi/2$ to $\phi/256$ is selected. If LCD display is required in these modes, $\phi_w$ , $\phi_w/2$ , or $\phi_w/4$ must be selected as the operating clock.                                                                      |
| 1   | CKS1     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 0   | CKS0     | 0             | R/W |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|     |          |               |     | For details, see table 13.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

Table 13.4 Frame Frequency Selection

| Bit 3:<br>CKS3 | Bit 2:<br>CKS2 | Bit 1:<br>CKS1 | Bit 0:<br>CKS0 | Operating Clock | Frame Frequency <sup>*1</sup> |                                        |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
|                |                |                |                |                 | $\phi = 2 \text{ MHz}$        | $\phi = 250 \text{ kHz}$ <sup>*3</sup> |
| 0              | X              | 0              | 0              | $\phi_W$        | 128 Hz <sup>*2</sup>          | 128 Hz <sup>*2</sup>                   |
|                |                |                | 1              | $\phi_W/2$      | 64 Hz <sup>*2</sup>           | 64 Hz <sup>*2</sup>                    |
|                |                | 1              | X              | $\phi_W/4$      | 32 Hz <sup>*2</sup>           | 32 Hz <sup>*2</sup>                    |
| 1              | 0              | 0              | 0              | $\phi/2$        | —                             | 244 Hz                                 |
|                |                |                | 1              | $\phi/4$        | 977 Hz                        | 122 Hz                                 |
|                |                | 1              | 0              | $\phi/8$        | 488 Hz                        | 61 Hz                                  |
|                |                |                | 1              | $\phi/16$       | 244 Hz                        | 30.5 Hz                                |
|                |                |                |                |                 |                               |                                        |
|                | 1              | 0              | 0              | $\phi/32$       | 122 Hz                        | —                                      |
|                |                |                | 1              | $\phi/64$       | 61 Hz                         | —                                      |
|                |                | 1              | 0              | $\phi/128$      | 30.5 Hz                       | —                                      |
|                |                |                | 1              | $\phi/256$      | —                             | —                                      |

Legend:

X: Don't care

Notes: 1. When 1/3 duty is selected, the frame frequency is 4/3 times the value shown.

2. This is the frame frequency when  $\phi_W = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$ .3. This is the frame frequency in active (medium-speed,  $\phi_{osc}/16$ ) mode when  $\phi = 2 \text{ MHz}$ .

### 13.3.3 LCD Control Register 2 (LCR2)

LCR2 controls switching between the A waveform and B waveform and removal of split-resistance. Note that removal of split-resistance control is only implemented on the H8/38104 Group.

| Bit     | Bit Name                     | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|------------------------------|---------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7       | LCDAB                        | 0             | R/W | A Waveform/B Waveform Switching Control<br>Bit 7 specifies whether the A waveform or B waveform is used as the LCD drive waveform.<br>0: Drive using A waveform<br>1: Drive using B waveform                                    |
| 6, 5    | —                            | All 1         | —   | Reserved<br>These bits are always read as 1 and cannot be modified.                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4       | —                            | —             | W   | Reserved<br>This bit is always read as 0.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 3 to 0* | CDS3<br>CDS2<br>CDS1<br>CDS0 | All 0         | R/W | Removal of Split-Resistance Control<br>These bits control whether the split-resistance is removed or connected.<br>CDS3 = 0, CDS2 = CDS1 = CDS0 = 1: Split-resistance removed<br>All other settings: Split-resistance connected |

Note: \* Applies to H8/38104 Group only. On the H8/3802 Group, H8/38004 Group or H8/38002S Group, these bits are reserved like bit 4.

## 13.4 Operation

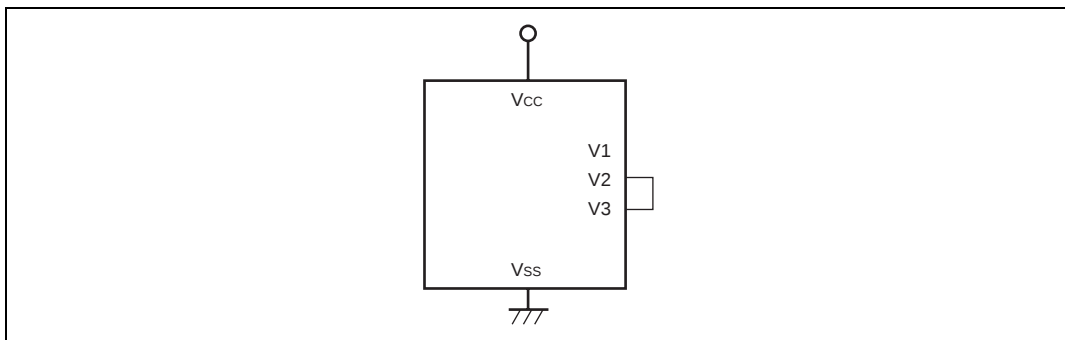
### 13.4.1 Settings up to LCD Display

To perform LCD display, the hardware and software related items described below must first be determined.

#### 1. Hardware Settings

##### A. Using 1/2 duty

When 1/2 duty is used, interconnect pins V2 and V3 as shown in figure 13.2.



**Figure 13.2 Handling of LCD Drive Power Supply when Using 1/2 Duty**

##### B. Large-panel display

As the impedance of the on-chip power supply split-resistance is large, it may not be suitable for driving a large panel. If the display lacks sharpness when using a large panel, refer to section 13.4.4, Boosting LCD Drive Power Supply. When static or 1/2 duty is selected, the common output drive capability can be increased. Set CMX to 1 when selecting the duty cycle. In this mode, with a static duty cycle pins COM4 to COM1 output the same waveform, and with 1/2 duty the COM1 waveform is output from pins COM2 and COM1, and the COM2 waveform is output from pins COM4 and COM3.

##### C. LCD drive power supply setting

With this LSI, there are two ways of providing LCD power: by using the on-chip power supply circuit, or by using an external power supply circuit.

When an external power supply circuit is used for the LCD drive power supply, connect the external power supply to the V1 pin.

## 2. Software Settings

### A. Duty selection

Any of four duty cycles—static, 1/2 duty, 1/3 duty, or 1/4 duty—can be selected with bits DTS1 and DTS0.

### B. Segment selection

The segment drivers to be used can be selected with bits SGS3 to SGS0.

### C. Frame frequency selection

The frame frequency can be selected by setting bits CKS3 to CKS0. The frame frequency should be selected in accordance with the LCD panel specification. For the clock selection method in watch mode, subactive mode, and subsleep mode, see section 13.4.3, Operation in Power-Down Modes.

### D. A or B waveform selection

Either the A or B waveform can be selected as the LCD waveform to be used by means of LCDAB.

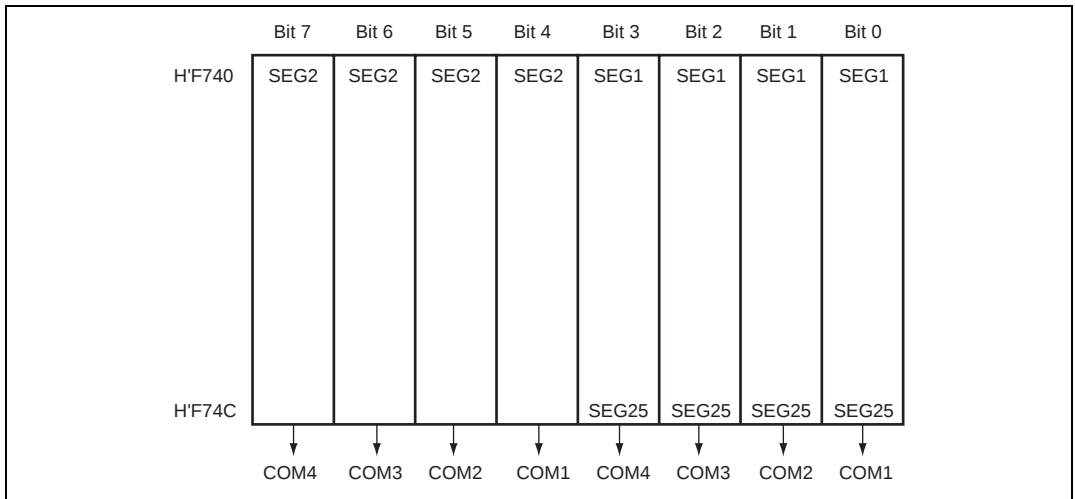
### E. LCD drive power supply selection

When an external power supply circuit is used, turn the LCD drive power supply off with the PSW bit.

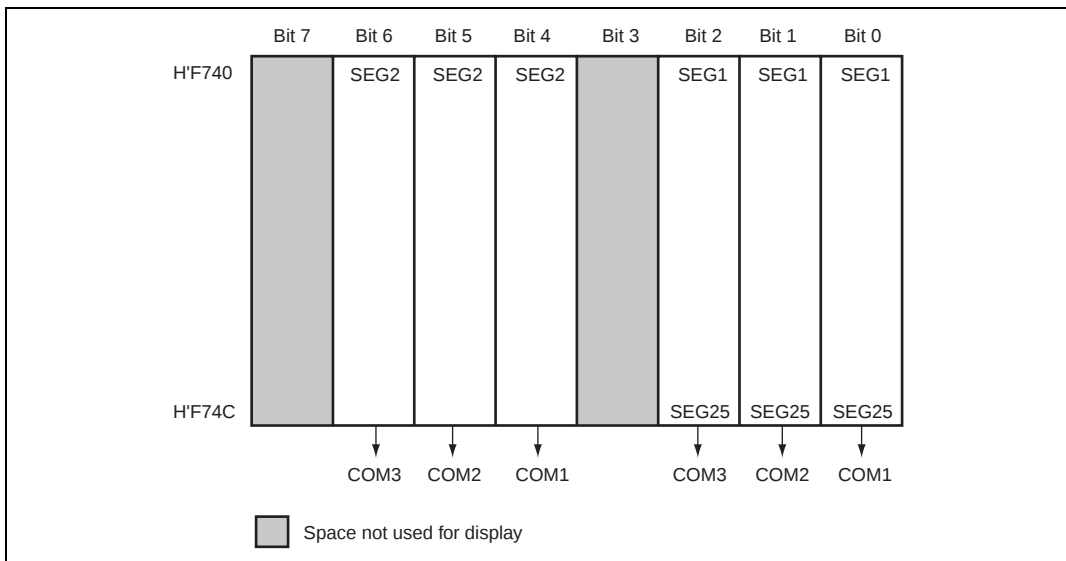
### 13.4.2 Relationship between LCD RAM and Display

The relationship between the LCD RAM and the display segments differs according to the duty cycle. LCD RAM maps for the different duty cycles are shown in figures 13.3 to 13.6.

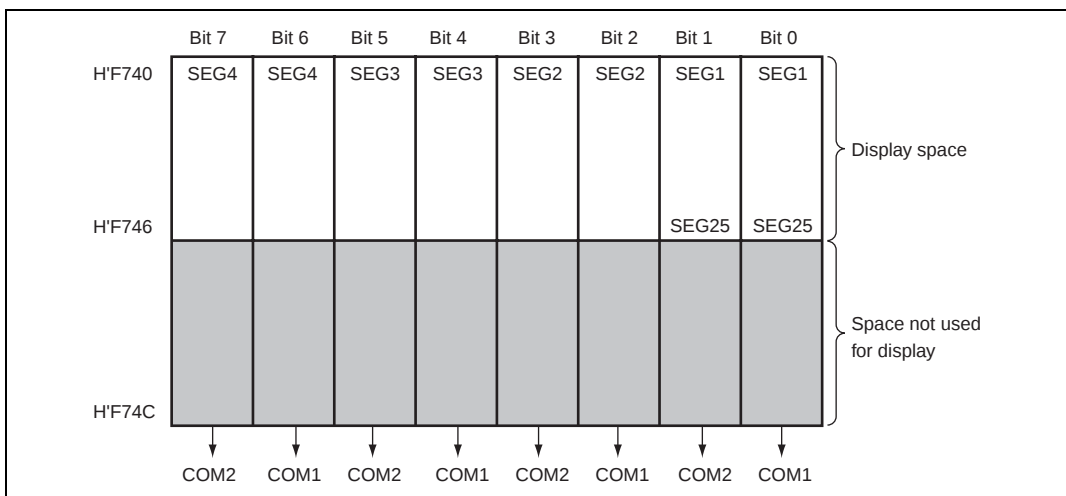
After setting the registers required for display, data is written to the part corresponding to the duty using the same kind of instruction as for ordinary RAM, and display is started automatically when turned on. Word- or byte-access instructions can be used for RAM setting.



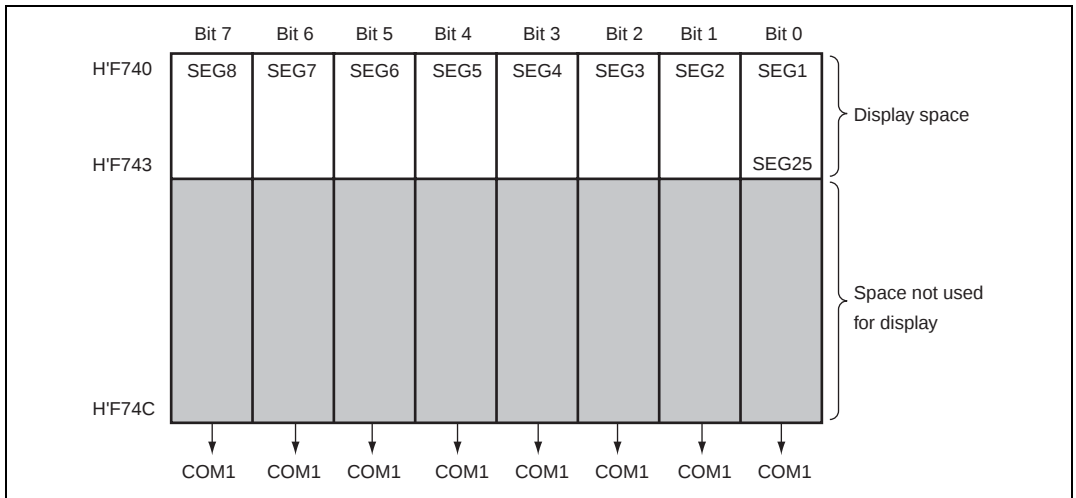
**Figure 13.3 LCD RAM Map (1/4 Duty)**



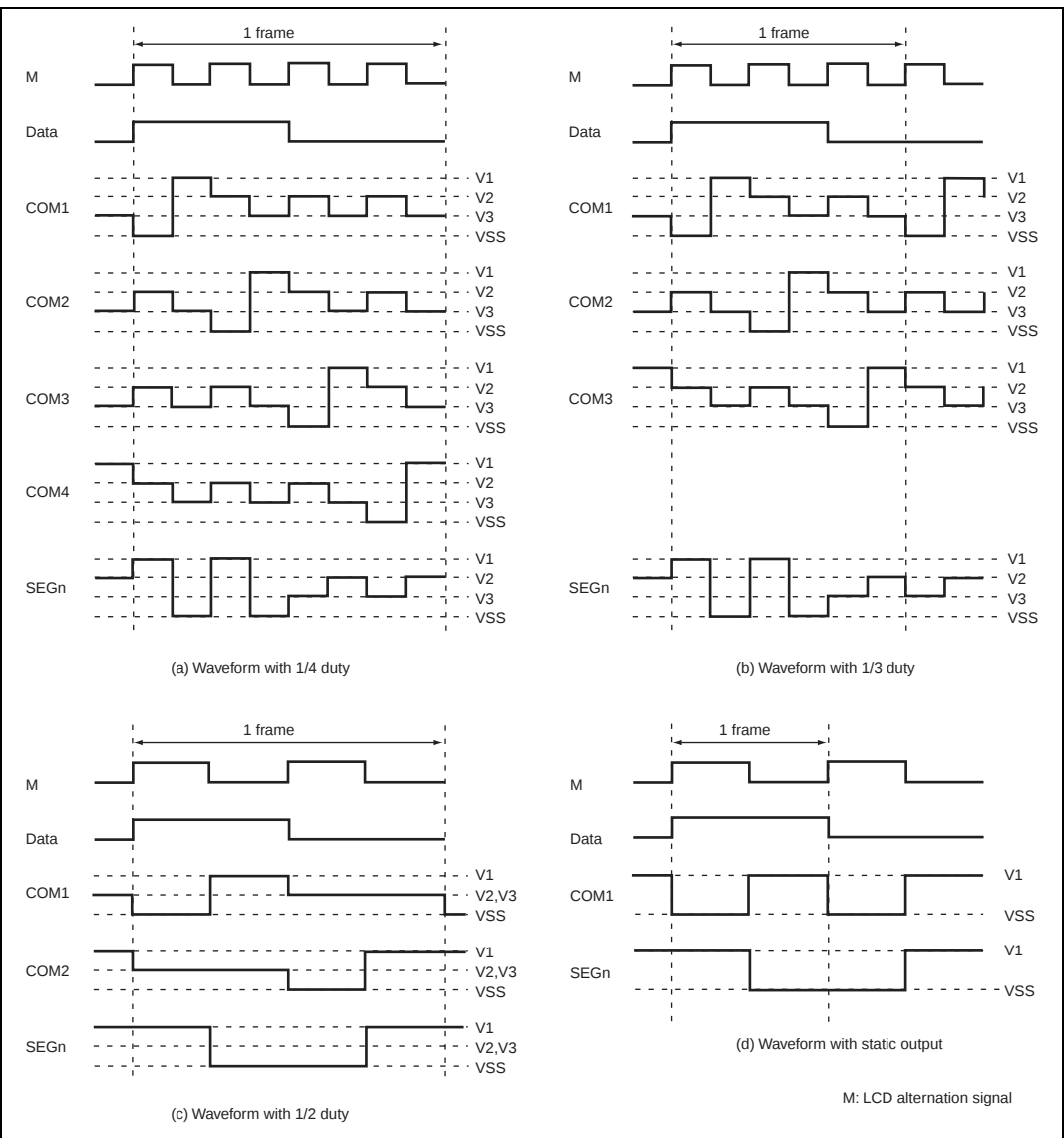
**Figure 13.4 LCD RAM Map (1/3 Duty)**



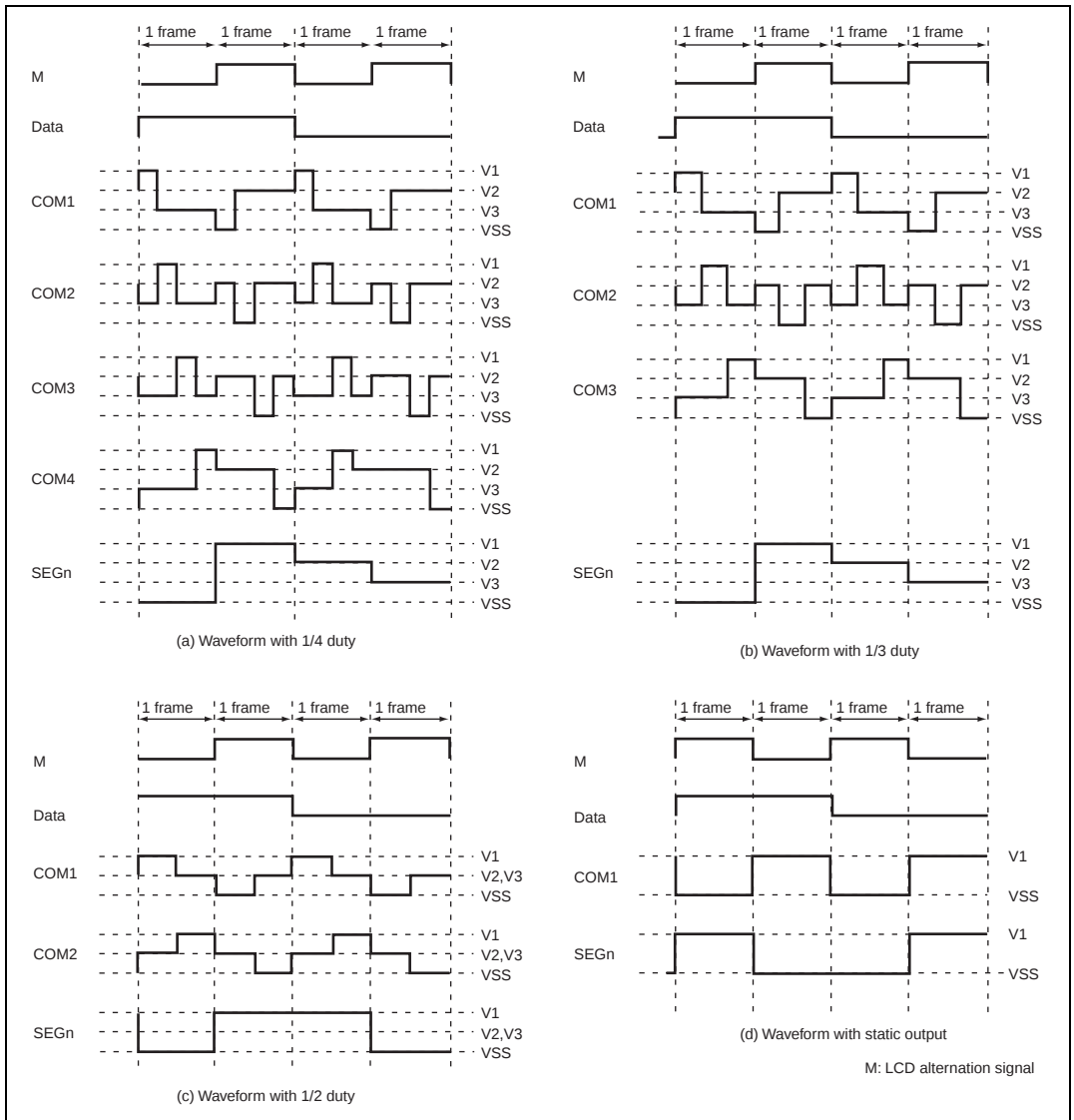
**Figure 13.5 LCD RAM Map (1/2 Duty)**



**Figure 13.6 LCD RAM Map (Static Mode)**



**Figure 13.7 Output Waveforms for Each Duty Cycle (A Waveform)**



**Figure 13.8 Output Waveforms for Each Duty Cycle (B Waveform)**

**Table 13.5 Output Levels**

| <b>Data</b>     |                | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>1</b> |
|-----------------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>M</b>        |                | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> |
| <b>Static</b>   | Common output  | V1       | VSS      | V1       | VSS      |
|                 | Segment output | V1       | VSS      | VSS      | V1       |
| <b>1/2 duty</b> | Common output  | V2, V3   | V2, V3   | V1       | VSS      |
|                 | Segment output | V1       | VSS      | VSS      | V1       |
| <b>1/3 duty</b> | Common output  | V3       | V2       | V1       | VSS      |
|                 | Segment output | V2       | V3       | VSS      | V1       |
| <b>1/4 duty</b> | Common output  | V3       | V2       | V1       | VSS      |
|                 | Segment output | V2       | V3       | VSS      | V1       |

M: LCD alternation signal

### 13.4.3 Operation in Power-Down Modes

In this LSI, the LCD controller/driver can be operated even in the power-down modes. The operating state of the LCD controller/driver in the power-down modes is summarized in table 13.6.

In subactive mode, watch mode, and subsleep mode, the system clock oscillator stops, and therefore, unless  $\phi_w$ ,  $\phi_w/2$ , or  $\phi_w/4$  has been selected by bits CKS3 to CKS0, the clock will not be supplied and display will halt. Since there is a possibility that a direct current will be applied to the LCD panel in this case, it is essential to ensure that  $\phi_w$ ,  $\phi_w/2$ , or  $\phi_w/4$  is selected.

In active (medium-speed) mode, the system clock is switched, and therefore bits CKS3 to CKS0 must be modified to ensure that the frame frequency does not change.

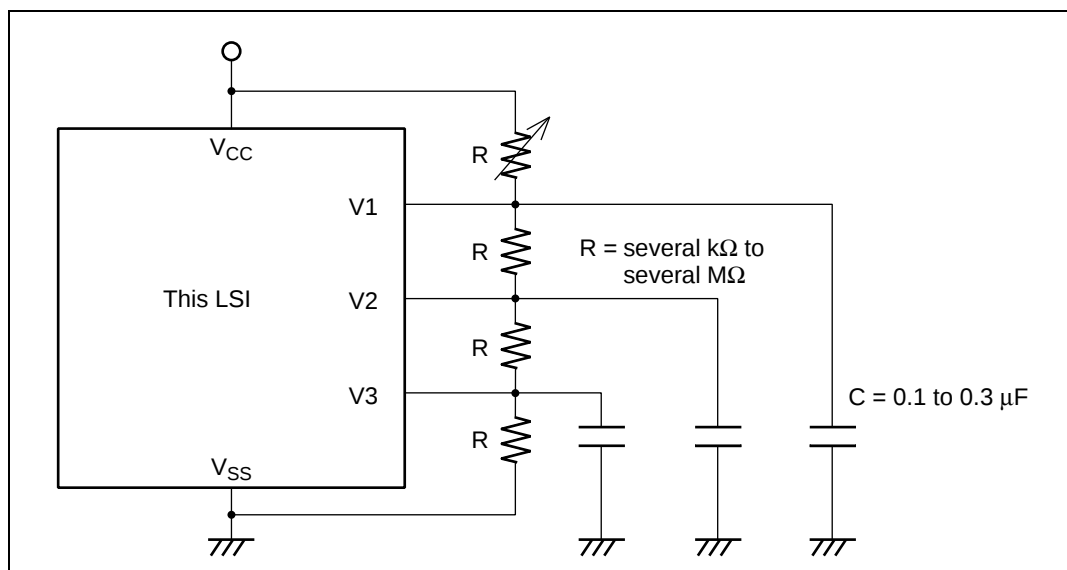
**Table 13.6 Power-Down Modes and Display Operation**

| Mode              |          | Reset | Active    | Sleep     | Watch                   | Subactive               | Subsleep                | Standby             | Module Standby      |
|-------------------|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Clock             | $\phi$   | Runs  | Runs      | Runs      | Stops                   | Stops                   | Stops                   | Stops               | Stops <sup>*4</sup> |
|                   | $\phi_w$ | Runs  | Runs      | Runs      | Runs                    | Runs                    | Runs                    | Stops <sup>*1</sup> | Stops <sup>*4</sup> |
| Display operation | ACT = 0  | Stops | Stops     | Stops     | Stops                   | Stops                   | Stops                   | Stops <sup>*2</sup> | Stops               |
|                   | ACT = 1  | Stops | Functions | Functions | Functions <sup>*3</sup> | Functions <sup>*3</sup> | Functions <sup>*3</sup> | Stops <sup>*2</sup> | Stops               |

- Notes:
1. The subclock oscillator does not stop, but clock supply is halted.
  2. The LCD drive power supply is turned off regardless of the setting of the PSW bit.
  3. Display operation is performed only if  $\phi_w$ ,  $\phi_w/2$ , or  $\phi_w/4$  is selected as the operating clock.
  4. The clock supplied to the LCD stops.

### 13.4.4 Boosting LCD Drive Power Supply

When the on-chip power supply capacity is insufficient for the LCD panel drivability, the power-supply impedance must be reduced. This can be done by connecting bypass capacitors of around 0.1 to 0.3  $\mu\text{F}$  to pins V1 to V3, as shown in figure 13.9, or by adding a split-resistor externally.

**Figure 13.9 Connection of External Split-Resistance**



## Section 14 Power-On Reset and Low-Voltage Detection Circuits (H8/38104 Group Only)

This LSI can include a power-on reset circuit.

The low-voltage detection circuit consists of two circuits: LVDI (interrupt by low voltage detect) and LVDR (reset by low voltage detect) circuits.

This circuit is used to prevent abnormal operation (runaway execution) from occurring due to the power supply voltage fall and to recreate the state before the power supply voltage fall when the power supply voltage rises again.

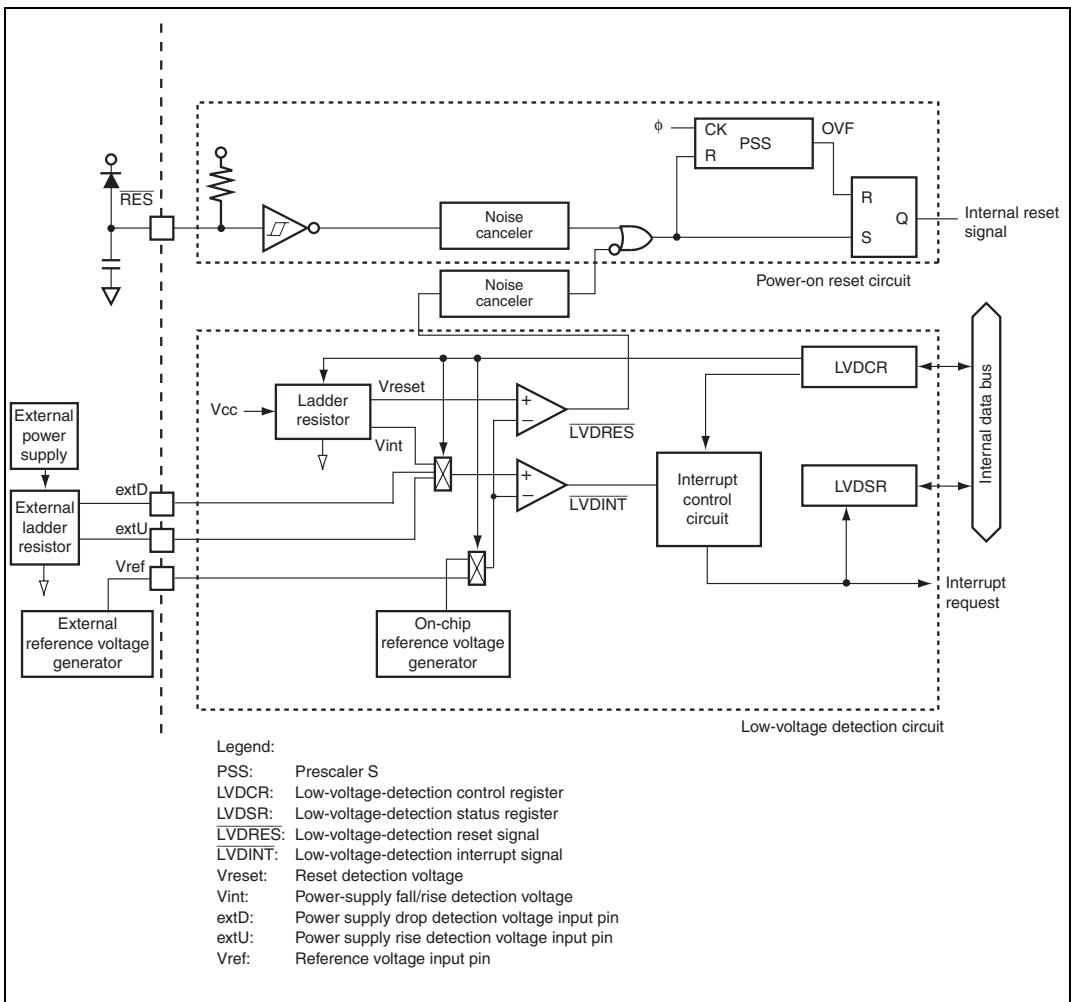
Even if the power supply voltage falls, the unstable state when the power supply voltage falls below the guaranteed operating voltage can be removed by entering standby mode\* when exceeding the guaranteed operating voltage and during normal operation. Thus, system stability can be improved. If the power supply voltage falls more, the reset state is automatically entered. If the power supply voltage rises again, the reset state is held for a specified period, then active mode is automatically entered.

Figure 14.1 is a block diagram of the power-on reset circuit and the low-voltage detection circuit.

Note: \* The voltage maintained in standby mode is the same as the RAM data maintenance voltage ( $V_{RAM}$ ). See section 17.6.2, DC Characteristics, for information on maintenance voltage electrical characteristics.

### 14.1 Features

- Power-on reset circuit  
Uses an external capacitor to generate an internal reset signal when power is first supplied.
- Low-voltage detection circuit  
LVDR: Monitors the power-supply voltage, and generates an internal reset signal when the voltage falls below a specified value.  
LVDI: Monitors the power-supply voltage, and generates an interrupt when the voltage falls below or rises above respective specified values.  
Two pairs of detection levels for reset generation voltage are available: when only the LVDR circuit is used, or when the LVDI and LVDR circuits are both used.  
In addition, power supply rise/drop detection voltages and a detection voltage reference voltage may be input from an external source, allowing the detection level to be set freely by the user.



**Figure 14.1 Block Diagram of Power-On Reset Circuit and Low-Voltage Detection Circuit**

## 14.2 Register Descriptions

The low-voltage detection circuit has the following registers.

- Low-voltage-detection control register (LVDCR)
- Low-voltage-detection status register (LVDSR)
- Low-voltage detection counter (LVDCNT)

### 14.2.1 Low-Voltage Detection Control Register (LVDCR)

LVDCR is used to control whether or not the low-voltage detection circuit is used, settings for external input of power supply drop and rise detection voltages, the LVDR detection level setting, enabling or disabling of resets triggered by the low-voltage detection reset circuit (LVDR), and enabling or disabling of interrupts triggered by power supply voltage drops or rises.

Table 14.1 shows the relationship between LVDCR settings and function selections. Refer to table 14.1 when making settings to LVDCR.

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7   | LVDE     | 0*            | R/W | LVD Enable<br>0: Low-voltage detection circuit not used (standby status)<br>1: Low-voltage detection circuit used                                                           |
| 6   | —        | 0             | R/W | This bit is reserved.                                                                                                                                                       |
| 5   | VINTDSEL | 0             | R/W | Power Supply Drop (LVDD) Detection Level External Input Select<br>0: LVDD detection level generated by on-chip ladder resistor<br>1: LVDD detection level input to extD pin |
| 4   | VINTUSEL | 0             | R/W | Power Supply Rise (LVDU) Detection Level External Input Select<br>0: LVDU detection level generated by on-chip ladder resistor<br>1: LVDU detection level input to extU pin |

| Bit | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----|----------|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3   | LVDSSEL  | 0*            | R/W | LVDR Detection Level Select<br>0: Reset detection voltage 2.3 V (typ.)<br>1: Reset detection voltage 3.3 V (typ.)<br>Select 2.3 V (typical) reset if voltage rise and drop detection interrupts are to be used. For reset detection only, Select 3.3 V (typical) reset. |
| 2   | LVDRE    | 0*            | R/W | LVDR Enable<br>0: LVDR resets disabled<br>1: LVDR resets enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1   | LVDDE    | 0             | R/W | Voltage Drop Interrupt Enable<br>0: Voltage drop interrupt requests disabled<br>1: Voltage drop interrupt requests enabled                                                                                                                                              |
| 0   | LVDUE    | 0             | R/W | Voltage Rise Interrupt Enable<br>0: Voltage rise interrupt requests disabled<br>1: Voltage rise interrupt requests enabled                                                                                                                                              |

Note: \* These bits are not initialized by resets triggered by LVDR. They are initialized by power-on resets and watchdog timer resets.

**Table 14.1 LVDCR Settings and Select Functions**

| LVDCR Settings |         |       |       |       | Select Functions |      |                                         |                                        |
|----------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| LVDE           | LVDSSEL | LVDRE | LVDDE | LVDUE | Power-On Reset   | LVDR | Low-Voltage-Detection Falling Interrupt | Low-Voltage-Detection Rising Interrupt |
| 0              | *       | *     | *     | *     | O                | —    | —                                       | —                                      |
| 1              | 1       | 1     | 0     | 0     | O                | O    | —                                       | —                                      |
| 1              | 0       | 0     | 1     | 0     | O                | —    | O                                       | —                                      |
| 1              | 0       | 0     | 1     | 1     | O                | —    | O                                       | O                                      |
| 1              | 0       | 1     | 1     | 1     | O                | O    | O                                       | O                                      |

Legend: \* means invalid.

### 14.2.2 Low-Voltage Detection Status Register (LVDSR)

LVDSR is used to control external input selection, indicates when the reference voltage is stable, and indicates if the power supply voltage goes below or above a specified range.

| Bit    | Bit Name | Initial Value | R/W | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7      | OVF      | 0*            | R/W | LVD Reference Voltage Stabilized Flag<br>Setting condition:<br>When the low-voltage detection counter (LVDCNT) overflows<br>Clearing condition:<br>When 0 is written after reading 1                                                                                         |
| 6 to 4 | —        | All 0         | R/W | These are read/write enabled reserved bits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 3      | VREFSEL  | 0             | R/W | Reference Voltage External Input Select<br>0: The on-chip circuit is used to generate the reference voltage<br>1: The reference voltage is input to the Vref pin from an external source                                                                                     |
| 2      | —        | 0             | R/W | This bit is reserved. It is always read as 0 and cannot be written to.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1      | LVDDF    | 0*            | R/W | LVD Power Supply Voltage Drop Flag<br>Setting condition:<br>When the power supply voltage drops below Vint(D)<br>Clearing condition:<br>When 0 is written after reading 1                                                                                                    |
| 0      | LVDUF    | 0*            | R/W | LVD Power Supply Voltage Rise Flag<br>Setting condition:<br>When the power supply voltage drops below Vint(D) while the LVDUE bit in LVDCR is set to 1, and it rises above Vint(U) before dropping below Vreset1<br>Clearing condition:<br>When 0 is written after reading 1 |

Note: \* These bits are initialized by resets triggered by LVDR.

### 14.2.3 Low-Voltage Detection Counter (LVDCNT)

LVDCNT is a read-only 8-bit up-counter. Counting begins when 1 is written to LVDE. The counter increments using  $\phi/4$  as the clock source until it overflows by switching from H'FF to H'00, at which time the OVF bit in the LVDSR register is set to 1, indicating that the on-chip reference voltage generator has stabilized. If the LVD function is used, it is necessary to stand by until the counter has overflowed. The initial value of LVDCNT is H'00.

## 14.3 Operation

### 14.3.1 Power-On Reset Circuit

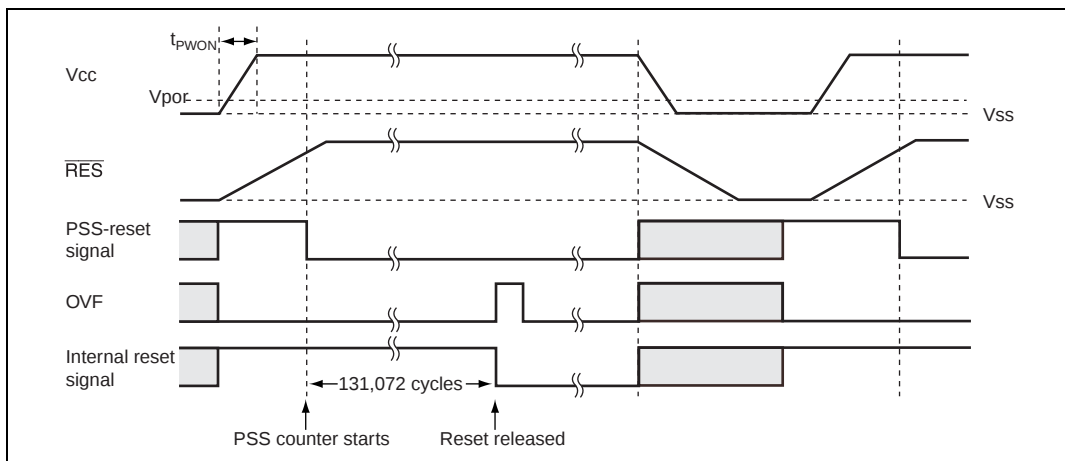
Figure 14.2 shows the timing of the operation of the power-on reset circuit. As the power-supply voltage rises, the capacitor which is externally connected to the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is gradually charged via the on-chip pull-up resistor (typ. 100 k $\Omega$ ). Since the state of the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is transmitted within the chip, the prescaler S and the entire chip are in their reset states. When the level on the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin reaches the specified value, the prescaler S is released from its reset state and it starts counting. The OVF signal is generated to release the internal reset signal after the prescaler S has counted 131,072 clock ( $\phi$ ) cycles. The noise cancellation circuit of approximately 100 ns is incorporated to prevent the incorrect operation of the chip by noise on the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin.

To achieve stable operation of this LSI, the power supply needs to rise to its full level and settles within the specified time. The maximum time required for the power supply to rise and settle after power has been supplied ( $t_{\text{PWON}}$ ) is determined by the oscillation frequency ( $f_{\text{OSC}}$ ) and capacitance which is connected to  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin ( $C_{\overline{\text{RES}}}$ ). If  $t_{\text{PWON}}$  means the time required to reach 90 % of power supply voltage, the power supply circuit should be designed to satisfy the following formula.

$$t_{\text{PWON}} (\text{ms}) \leq 80 \times C_{\overline{\text{RES}}} (\mu\text{F}) \pm 10/f_{\text{OSC}} (\text{MHz})$$

$$(t_{\text{PWON}} \leq 3000 \text{ ms}, C_{\overline{\text{RES}}} \geq 0.22 \mu\text{F}, \text{ and } f_{\text{OSC}} = 10 \text{ in 2-MHz to 10-MHz operation})$$

Note that the power supply voltage ( $V_{\text{CC}}$ ) must fall below  $V_{\text{POR}} = 100 \text{ mV}$  and rise after charge on the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin is removed. To remove charge on the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin, it is recommended that the diode should be placed near  $V_{\text{CC}}$ . If the power supply voltage ( $V_{\text{CC}}$ ) rises from the point above  $V_{\text{POR}}$ , a power-on reset may not occur.



**Figure 14.2 Operational Timing of Power-On Reset Circuit**

### 14.3.2 Low-Voltage Detection Circuit

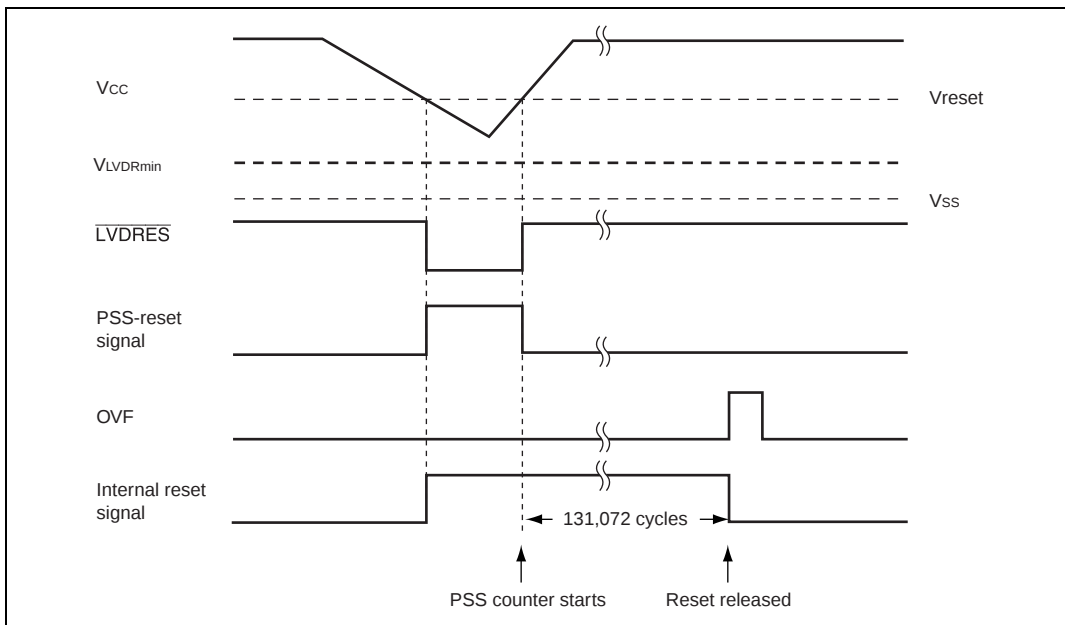
#### LVDR (Reset by Low Voltage Detect) Circuit:

Figure 14.3 shows the timing of the LVDR function. The LVDR enters the module-standby state after a power-on reset is canceled. To operate the LVDR, set the LVDE bit in LVDCR to 1, wait for 150  $\mu$ s ( $t_{LVDRON}$ ) until the reference voltage and the low-voltage-detection power supply have stabilized, based on overflow of LVDCNT, then set the LVDRE bit in LVDCR to 1. After that, the output settings of ports must be made. To cancel the low-voltage detection circuit, first the LVDRE bit should be cleared to 0 and then the LVDE bit should be cleared to 0. The LVDE and LVDRE bits must not be cleared to 0 simultaneously because incorrect operation may occur.

When the power-supply voltage falls below the Vreset voltage (typ. = 2.3 V or 3.3 V), the LVDR clears the LVDRES signal to 0, and resets the prescaler S. The low-voltage detection reset state remains in place until a power-on reset is generated. When the power-supply voltage rises above the Vreset voltage again, the prescaler S starts counting. It counts 131,072 clock ( $\phi$ ) cycles, and then releases the internal reset signal. In this case, the LVDE, LVDSEL, and LVDRE bits in LVDCR are not initialized.

Note that if the power supply voltage (Vcc) falls below  $V_{LVDRmin} = 1.0$  V and then rises from that point, the low-voltage detection reset may not occur.

If the power supply voltage (Vcc) falls below  $V_{por} = 100$  mV, a power-on reset occurs.



**Figure 14.3 Operational Timing of LVDR Circuit**

#### LVDI (Interrupt by Low Voltage Detect) Circuit:

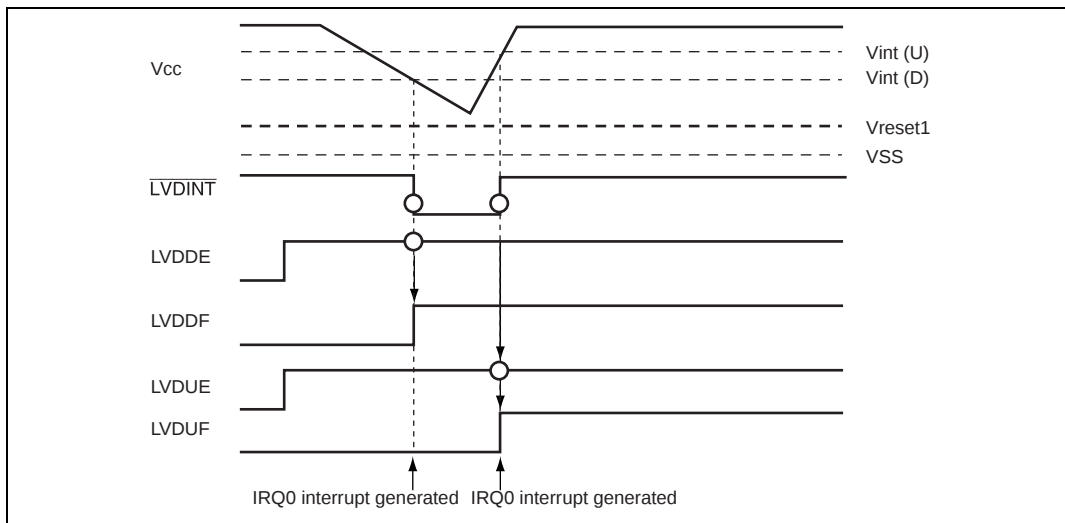
Figure 14.4 shows the timing of LVDI functions. The LVDI enters the module-standby state after a power-on reset is canceled. To operate the LVDI, set the LVDE bit in LVDCR to 1, wait for 150  $\mu$ s ( $t_{LVDR}$ ) until the reference voltage and the low-voltage-detection power supply have stabilized, based on overflow of LVDNT, then set the LVDDE and LVDUE bits in LVDCR to 1. After that, the output settings of ports must be made. To cancel the low-voltage detection circuit, first the LVDDE and LVDUE bits should all be cleared to 0 and then the LVDE bit should be cleared to 0. The LVDE bit must not be cleared to 0 at the same timing as the LVDDE and LVDUE bits because incorrect operation may occur.

When the power-supply voltage falls below  $V_{int}$  (D) (typ. = 3.7 V) voltage, the LVDI clears the  $\overline{LVDINT}$  signal to 0 and the LVDDF bit in LVDSR is set to 1. If the LVDDE bit is 1 at this time, an IRQ0 interrupt request is simultaneously generated. In this case, the necessary data must be saved in the external EEPROM, etc, and a transition must be made to standby mode, watch mode, or subsleep mode. Until this processing is completed, the power supply voltage must be higher than the lower limit of the guaranteed operating voltage.

When the power-supply voltage does not fall below  $V_{reset1}$  (typ. = 2.3 V) voltage but rises above  $V_{int}$  (U) (typ. = 4.0 V) voltage, the LVDI sets the  $\overline{LVDINT}$  signal to 1. If the LVDUE bit is 1 at

this time, the LVDUF bit in LVDSR is set to 1 and an IRQ0 interrupt request is simultaneously generated.

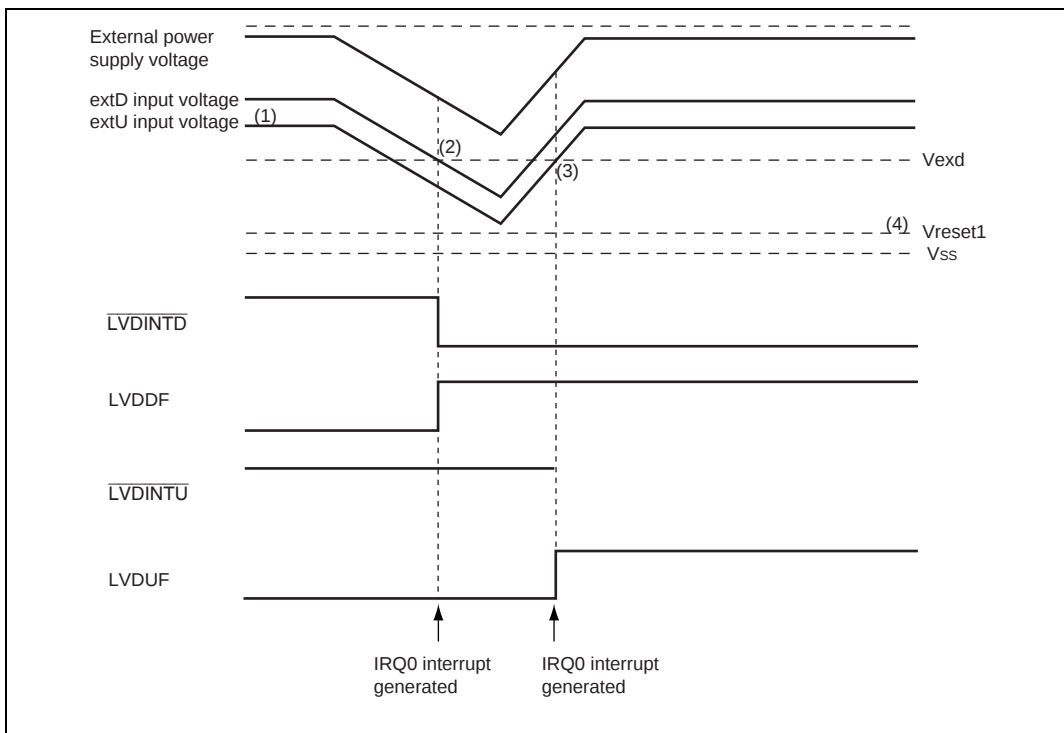
If the power supply voltage ( $V_{cc}$ ) falls below  $V_{reset1}$  (typ. = 2.3 V) voltage, the LVDR function is performed.



**Figure 14.4 Operational Timing of LVDI Circuit**

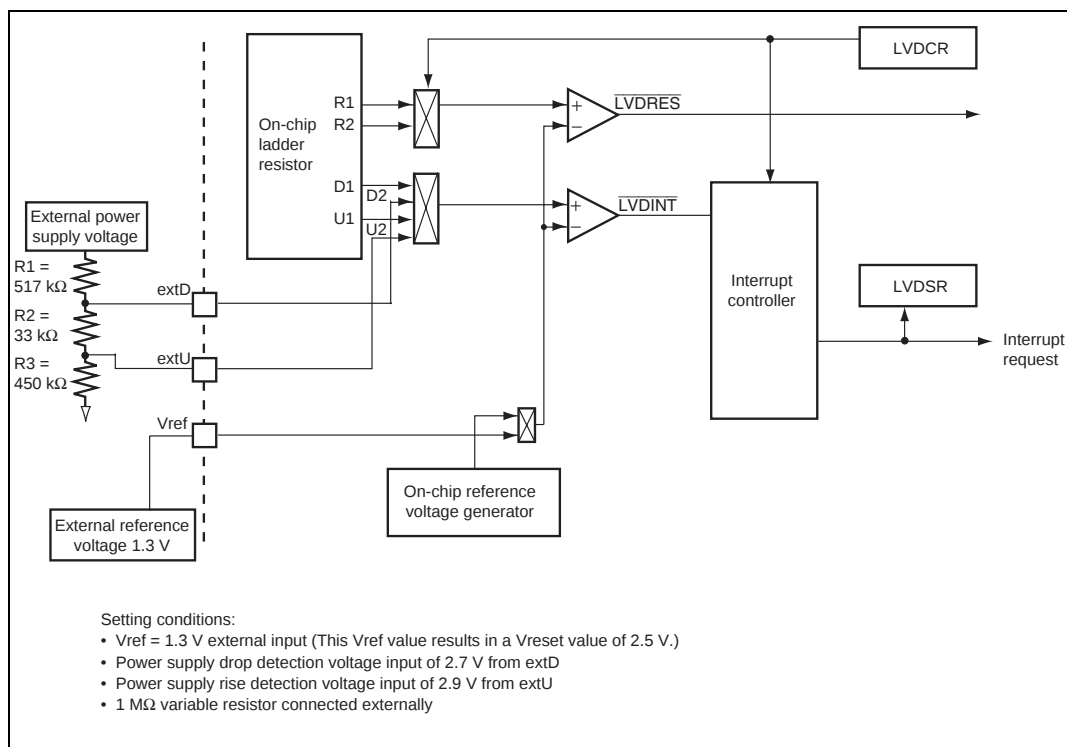
The reference voltage, power supply voltage drop detection level, and power supply voltage rise detection level can be input to the LSI from external sources via the  $V_{ref}$ ,  $extD$ , and  $extU$  pins. Figure 14.5 shows the operational timing using input from the  $V_{ref}$ ,  $extD$ , and  $extU$  pins.

First, make sure that the voltages input to pins  $extD$  and  $extU$  are set to higher levels than the interrupt detection voltage  $V_{exd}$ . After initial settings are made, a power supply drop interrupt is generated if the  $extD$  input voltage drops below  $V_{exd}$ . After a power supply drop interrupt is generated, if the external power supply voltage rises and the  $extU$  input voltage rises higher than  $V_{exd}$ , a power supply rise interrupt is generated. As with the on-chip circuit, the above function should be used in conjunction with LVDR ( $V_{reset1}$ ) when the LVDI function is used.



**Figure 14.5 Operational Timing of Low-Voltage Detection Interrupt Circuit  
(Using Pins Vref, extD, and extU)**

Figure 14.6 shows a usage example for the LVD function employing pins Vref, extD, and extU.



**Figure 14.6 LVD Function Usage Example Employing Pins Vref, extD, and extU**

Below is an explanation of the method for calculating the external resistor values when using the Vref, extD, and extU pins for input of reference and detection voltages from sources external to the LSI.

Procedure:

1. First, determine the overall resistance value, R. The current consumed by the resistor is determined by the value of R. A lower R will result in a greater current flow, and a higher R will result in a reduced current flow. The value of R is dependent on the configuration of the system in which the LSI is installed.
2. Determine the power supply drop detection voltage (Vint(D)) and the power supply rise detection voltage (Vint(U)).
3. Using a resistance value calculation table like the one shown below, plug in values for R, Vreset1, Vint(D), and Vint(U) to calculate the values of Vref, R1, R2, and R3.

**Resistance Value Calculation Table**

| Ex. No | Vref (V) | R (k $\Omega$ ) | Vreset1 | Vint(D) | Vint(U) | R1 (k $\Omega$ ) | R2 (k $\Omega$ ) | R3 (k $\Omega$ ) |
|--------|----------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1      | 1.30     | 1000            | 2.5     | 2.7     | 2.9     | 517              | 33               | 450              |
| 2      | 1.41     | 1000            | 2.7     | 2.9     | 3       | 514              | 16               | 470              |
| 3      | 1.57     | 1000            | 3       | 3.2     | 3.5     | 511              | 42               | 447              |
| 4      | 2.09     | 1000            | 4       | 4.5     | 4.7     | 536              | 20               | 444              |

4. Using an error calculation table like the one shown below, plug in values for R1, R2, R3, and Vref to calculate the deviation of Vreset1, Vint(D), and Vint(U). Make sure to double check the maximum and minimum values for each value.

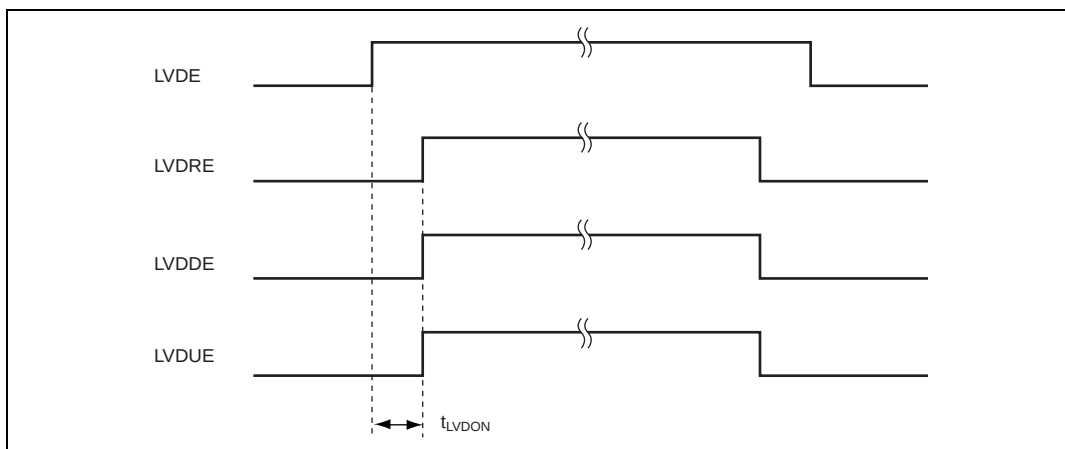
**Error Calculation Table**

| Vref (V) | R1 (k $\Omega$ ) | R2 (k $\Omega$ ) | R3 (k $\Omega$ ) | Resistance Value<br>Error (%) | Comparator<br>Error (V) | Vreset1<br>(V) | Vint(D)<br>(V) | Vint(U)<br>(V) |
|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|          |                  |                  |                  | 5                             |                         |                |                |                |
| 1.3      | 517              | 33               | 450              | R1+Err, R2/R3-Err             | 0.1                     | 2.59           | 2.94           | 3.15           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | 0                       | 2.49           | 2.84           | 3.05           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | -0.1                    | 2.39           | 2.74           | 2.95           |
|          |                  |                  |                  | R1-Err, R2/R3+Err             | 0.1                     | 2.59           | 2.66           | 2.85           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | 0                       | 2.49           | 2.56           | 2.75           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | -0.1                    | 2.39           | 2.46           | 2.65           |
|          |                  |                  |                  | R1/R2/R3 No Err               | 0.1                     | 2.59           | 2.79           | 2.99           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | 0                       | 2.49           | 2.69           | 2.89           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | -0.1                    | 2.39           | 2.59           | 2.79           |
|          |                  |                  |                  | R1/R2+Err, R3-Err             | 0.1                     | 2.59           | 2.93           | 3.16           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | 0                       | 2.49           | 2.83           | 3.06           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | -0.1                    | 2.39           | 2.73           | 2.96           |
|          |                  |                  |                  | R1/R2-Err, R3+Err             | 0.1                     | 2.59           | 2.67           | 2.84           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | 0                       | 2.49           | 2.57           | 2.74           |
|          |                  |                  |                  |                               | -0.1                    | 2.39           | 2.47           | 2.64           |

### Procedures for Clearing Settings when Using LVDR and LVDI:

To operate or release the low-voltage detection circuit normally, follow the procedure described below. Figure 14.7 shows the timing for the operation and release of the low-voltage detection circuit.

1. To operate the low-voltage detection circuit, set the LVDE bit in LVDCR to 1.
2. Wait for  $150\ \mu\text{s}$  ( $t_{\text{LV DON}}$ ) until the reference voltage and the low-voltage-detection power supply have stabilized, based on overflow of LVDNT. Then, clear the LVDDF and LVDUF bits in LVDSR to 0 and set the LVDRE, LVDDE, and LVDUE bits in LVDCR to 1, as required.
3. To release the low-voltage detection circuit, start by clearing all of the LVDRE, LVDDE, and LVDUE bits to 0. Then clear the LVDE bit to 0. The LVDE bit must not be cleared to 0 at the same timing as the LVDRE, LVDDE, and LVDUE bits because incorrect operation may occur.



**Figure 14.7 Timing for Operation/Release of Low-Voltage Detection Circuit**

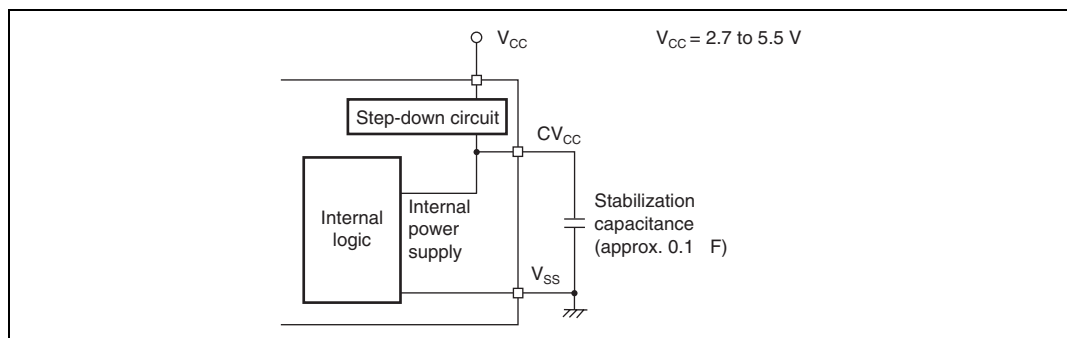


## Section 15 Power Supply Circuit (H8/38104 Group Only)

This LSI incorporates an internal power supply step-down circuit. Use of this circuit enables the internal power supply to be fixed at a constant level of approximately 3.0 V, independently of the voltage of the power supply connected to the external  $V_{CC}$  pin. As a result, the current consumed when an external power supply is used at 3.0 V or above can be held down to virtually the same low level as when used at approximately 3.0 V. If the external power supply is 3.0 V or below, the internal voltage will be practically the same as the external voltage. It is, of course, also possible to use the same level of external power supply voltage and internal power supply voltage without using the internal power supply step-down circuit.

### 15.1 When Using Internal Power Supply Step-Down Circuit

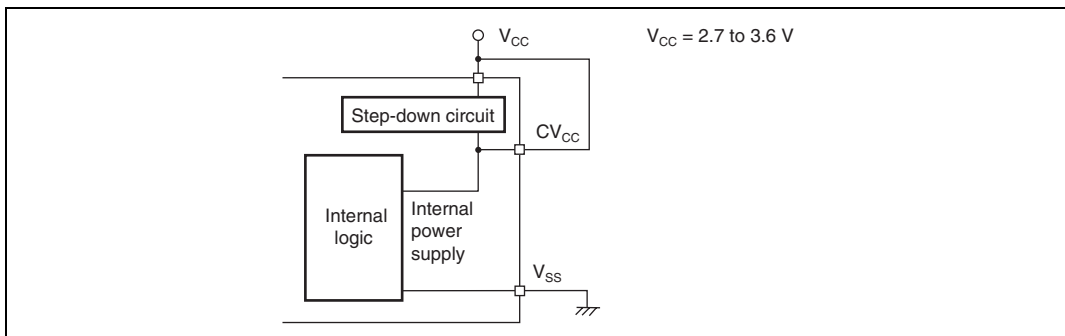
Connect the external power supply to the  $V_{CC}$  pin, and connect a capacitance of approximately 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  between  $CV_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$ , as shown in figure 15.1. The internal step-down circuit is made effective simply by adding this external circuit. In the external circuit interface, the external power supply voltage connected to  $V_{CC}$  and the GND potential connected to  $V_{SS}$  are the reference levels. For example, for port input/output levels, the  $V_{CC}$  level is the reference for the high level, and the  $V_{SS}$  level is that for the low level. The A/D converter analog power supply is not affected by the internal step-down circuit.



**Figure 15.1 Power Supply Connection when Internal Step-Down Circuit Is Used**

## 15.2 When Not Using Internal Power Supply Step-Down Circuit

When the internal power supply step-down circuit is not used, connect the external power supply to the  $CV_{CC}$  pin and  $V_{CC}$  pin, as shown in figure 15.2. The external power supply is then input directly to the internal power supply. The permissible range for the power supply voltage is 2.7 V to 3.6 V. Operation cannot be guaranteed if a voltage outside this range (less than 3.0 V or more than 3.6 V) is input.



**Figure 15.2 Power Supply Connection when Internal Step-Down Circuit Is Not Used**

## Section 16 List of Registers

The register list gives information on the on-chip I/O register addresses, how the register bits are configured, and the register states in each operating mode. The information is given as shown below.

1. Register addresses (address order)
  - Registers are listed from the lower allocation addresses.
  - Registers are classified by functional modules.
  - The data bus width is indicated.
  - The number of access states is indicated.
2. Register bits
  - Bit configurations of the registers are described in the same order as the register addresses.
  - Reserved bits are indicated by — in the bit name column.
  - When registers consist of 16 bits, bits are described from the MSB side.
3. Register states in each operating mode
  - Register states are described in the same order as the register addresses.
  - The register states described here are for the basic operating modes. If there is a specific reset for an on-chip peripheral module, refer to the section on that on-chip peripheral module.

## 16.1 Register Addresses (Address Order)

The data bus width indicates the numbers of bits by which the register is accessed.

The number of access states indicates the number of states based on the specified reference clock.

| Register Name                                        | Abbreviation | Bit No | Address | Module Name       | Data Bus Access Width | Access State |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Flash memory control register 1                      | FLMCR1       | 8      | H'F020  | ROM               | 8                     | 2            |
| Flash memory control register 2                      | FLMCR2       | 8      | H'F021  | ROM               | 8                     | 2            |
| Flash memory power control register                  | FLPWCR       | 8      | H'F022  | ROM               | 8                     | 2            |
| Erase block register                                 | EBR          | 8      | H'F023  | ROM               | 8                     | 2            |
| Flash memory enable register                         | FENR         | 8      | H'F02B  | ROM               | 8                     | 2            |
| Low-voltage detection control register* <sup>4</sup> | LVDCR        | 8      | H'FF86  | LVD               | 8                     | 2            |
| Low-voltage detection status register* <sup>4</sup>  | LVDSR        | 8      | H'FF87  | LVD               | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter PWM compare register H                 | ECPWCRH      | 8      | H'FF8C  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter PWM compare register L                 | ECPWCRL      | 8      | H'FF8D  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter PWM data register H                    | ECPWDRH      | 8      | H'FF8E  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter PWM data register L                    | ECPWDRL      | 8      | H'FF8F  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Wakeup edge select register                          | WEGR         | 8      | H'FF90  | Interrupts        | 8                     | 2            |
| Serial port control register                         | SPCR         | 8      | H'FF91  | SCI3              | 8                     | 2            |
| Input pin edge select register                       | AEGR         | 8      | H'FF92  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter control register                       | ECCR         | 8      | H'FF94  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter control/status register                | ECCSR        | 8      | H'FF95  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter H                                      | ECH          | 8      | H'FF96  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Event counter L                                      | ECL          | 8      | H'FF97  | AEC* <sup>1</sup> | 8                     | 2            |
| Serial mode register                                 | SMR          | 8      | H'FFA8  | SCI3              | 8                     | 3            |
| Bit rate register                                    | BRR          | 8      | H'FFA9  | SCI3              | 8                     | 3            |
| Serial control register 3                            | SCR3         | 8      | H'FFAA  | SCI3              | 8                     | 3            |

| Register Name                               | Abbreviation | Bit No | Address | Module Name       | Data Bus Width | Access State |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Transmit data register                      | TDR          | 8      | H'FFAB  | SCI3              | 8              | 3            |
| Serial status register                      | SSR          | 8      | H'FFAC  | SCI3              | 8              | 3            |
| Receive data register                       | RDR          | 8      | H'FFAD  | SCI3              | 8              | 3            |
| Timer mode register A                       | TMA          | 8      | H'FFB0  | Timer A           | 8              | 2            |
| Timer counter A                             | TCA          | 8      | H'FFB1  | Timer A           | 8              | 2            |
| Timer control/status register W             | TCSRW        | 8      | H'FFB2  | WDT <sup>*2</sup> | 8              | 2            |
| Timer counter W                             | TCW          | 8      | H'FFB3  | WDT <sup>*2</sup> | 8              | 2            |
| Timer control register F                    | TCRF         | 8      | H'FFB6  | Timer F           | 8              | 2            |
| Timer control status register F             | TCSRF        | 8      | H'FFB7  | Timer F           | 8              | 2            |
| 8-bit timer counter FH                      | TCFH         | 8      | H'FFB8  | Timer F           | 8              | 2            |
| 8-bit timer counter FL                      | TCFL         | 8      | H'FFB9  | Timer F           | 8              | 2            |
| Output compare register FH                  | OCRFH        | 8      | H'FFBA  | Timer F           | 8              | 2            |
| Output compare register FL                  | OCRFL        | 8      | H'FFBB  | Timer F           | 8              | 2            |
| LCD port control register                   | LPCR         | 8      | H'FFC0  | LCD <sup>*3</sup> | 8              | 2            |
| LCD control register                        | LCR          | 8      | H'FFC1  | LCD <sup>*3</sup> | 8              | 2            |
| LCD control register 2                      | LCR2         | 8      | H'FFC2  | LCD <sup>*3</sup> | 8              | 2            |
| Low-voltage detection counter <sup>*4</sup> | LVDCNT       | 8      | H'FFC3  | LVD               | 8              | 2            |
| A/D result register H                       | ADRRH        | 8      | H'FFC4  | A/D converter     | 8              | 2            |
| A/D result register L                       | ADRRL        | 8      | H'FFC5  | A/D converter     | 8              | 2            |
| A/D mode register                           | AMR          | 8      | H'FFC6  | A/D converter     | 8              | 2            |
| A/D start register                          | ADSR         | 8      | H'FFC7  | A/D converter     | 8              | 2            |
| Port mode register 2                        | PMR2         | 8      | H'FFC9  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port mode register 3                        | PMR3         | 8      | H'FFCA  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port mode register 5                        | PMR5         | 8      | H'FFCC  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| PWM2 control register                       | PWCR2        | 8      | H'FFCD  | 10-bit PWM        | 8              | 2            |
| PWM2 data register U                        | PWDRU2       | 8      | H'FFCE  | 10-bit PWM        | 8              | 2            |
| PWM2 data register L                        | PWDRL2       | 8      | H'FFCF  | 10-bit PWM        | 8              | 2            |
| PWM1 control register                       | PWCR1        | 8      | H'FFD0  | 10-bit PWM        | 8              | 2            |
| PWM1 data register U                        | PWDRU1       | 8      | H'FFD1  | 10-bit PWM        | 8              | 2            |
| PWM1 data register L                        | PWDRL1       | 8      | H'FFD2  | 10-bit PWM        | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register 3                        | PDR3         | 8      | H'FFD6  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register 4                        | PDR4         | 8      | H'FFD7  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |

| Register Name                             | Abbreviation | Bit No | Address | Module Name       | Data Bus Width | Access State |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Port data register 5                      | PDR5         | 8      | H'FFD8  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register 6                      | PDR6         | 8      | H'FFD9  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register 7                      | PDR7         | 8      | H'FFDA  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register 8                      | PDR8         | 8      | H'FFDB  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register 9                      | PDR9         | 8      | H'FFDC  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register A                      | PDRA         | 8      | H'FFDD  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port data register B                      | PDRB         | 8      | H'FFDE  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port pull-up control register 3           | PUCR3        | 8      | H'FFE1  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port pull-up control register 5           | PUCR5        | 8      | H'FFE2  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port pull-up control register 6           | PUCR6        | 8      | H'FFE3  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register 3                   | PCR3         | 8      | H'FFE6  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register 4                   | PCR4         | 8      | H'FFE7  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register 5                   | PCR5         | 8      | H'FFE8  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register 6                   | PCR6         | 8      | H'FFE9  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register 7                   | PCR7         | 8      | H'FFEA  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register 8                   | PCR8         | 8      | H'FFEB  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port mode register 9                      | PMR9         | 8      | H'FFEC  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port control register A                   | PCRA         | 8      | H'FFED  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| Port mode register B                      | PMRB         | 8      | H'FFEE  | I/O port          | 8              | 2            |
| System control register 1                 | SYSCR1       | 8      | H'FFF0  | SYSTEM            | 8              | 2            |
| System control register 2                 | SYSCR2       | 8      | H'FFF1  | SYSTEM            | 8              | 2            |
| IRQ edge select register                  | IEGR         | 8      | H'FFF2  | Interrupts        | 8              | 2            |
| Interrupt enable register 1               | IENR1        | 8      | H'FFF3  | Interrupts        | 8              | 2            |
| Interrupt enable register 2               | IENR2        | 8      | H'FFF4  | Interrupts        | 8              | 2            |
| Oscillator control register* <sup>4</sup> | OSCCR        | 8      | H'FFF5  | CPG               | 8              | 2            |
| Interrupt request register 1              | IRR1         | 8      | H'FFF6  | Interrupts        | 8              | 2            |
| Interrupt request register 2              | IRR2         | 8      | H'FFF7  | Interrupts        | 8              | 2            |
| Timer mode register W* <sup>4</sup>       | TMW          | 8      | H'FFF8  | WDT* <sup>2</sup> | 8              | 2            |
| Wakeup interrupt request register         | IWPR         | 8      | H'FFF9  | Interrupts        | 8              | 2            |
| Clock stop register 1                     | CKSTPR1      | 8      | H'FFFA  | SYSTEM            | 8              | 2            |
| Clock stop register 2                     | CKSTPR2      | 8      | H'FFFB  | SYSTEM            | 8              | 2            |

- Notes:
1. AEC: Asynchronous event counter
  2. WDT: Watchdog timer
  3. LCD: LCD controller/driver
  4. H8/38104 Group only

## 16.2 Register Bits

Register bit names of the on-chip peripheral modules are described below.

| Register<br>Abbreviation | Bit 7    | Bit 6    | Bit 5    | Bit 4    | Bit 3    | Bit 2    | Bit 1    | Bit 0    | Module<br>Name                   |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------------------|
| FLMCR1                   | —        | SWE      | ESU      | PSU      | EV       | PV       | E        | P        | ROM                              |
| FLMCR2                   | FLER     | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |                                  |
| FLPWCR                   | PDWND    | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |                                  |
| EBR                      | —        | —        | —        | EB4      | EB3      | EB2      | EB1      | EB0      |                                  |
| FENR                     | FLSHE    | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        | —        |                                  |
| LVDCR <sup>*4</sup>      | LVDE     | —        | VINTDSEL | VINTUSEL | LVDSL    | LVDRE    | LVDDE    | LVDUE    | Low-voltage<br>detect<br>circuit |
| LVDSR <sup>*4</sup>      | OVF      | —        | —        | —        | VREFSEL  | —        | LVDDF    | LVDUF    |                                  |
| ECPWCRH                  | ECPWCRH7 | ECPWCRH6 | ECPWCRH5 | ECPWCRH4 | ECPWCRH3 | ECPWCRH2 | ECPWCRH1 | ECPWCRH0 | AEC <sup>*1</sup>                |
| ECPWCRL                  | ECPWCRL7 | ECPWCRL6 | ECPWCRL5 | ECPWCRL4 | ECPWCRL3 | ECPWCRL2 | ECPWCRL1 | ECPWCRL0 |                                  |
| ECPWDRH                  | ECPWDRH7 | ECPWDRH6 | ECPWDRH5 | ECPWDRH4 | ECPWDRH3 | ECPWDRH2 | ECPWDRH1 | ECPWDRH0 |                                  |
| ECPWDRL                  | ECPWDRL7 | ECPWDRL6 | ECPWDRL5 | ECPWDRL4 | ECPWDRL3 | ECPWDRL2 | ECPWDRL1 | ECPWDRL0 |                                  |
| WEGR                     | WKEGS7   | WKEGS6   | WKEGS5   | WKEGS4   | WKEGS3   | WKEGS2   | WKEGS1   | WKEGS0   | Interrupts                       |
| SPCR                     | —        | —        | SPC32    | —        | SCINV3   | SCINV2   | —        | —        | SCI3                             |
| AEGSR                    | AHEGS1   | AHEGS0   | ALEGS1   | ALEGS0   | AIEGS1   | AIEGS0   | ECPWME   | —        | AEC <sup>*1</sup>                |
| ECCR                     | ACKH1    | ACKH0    | ACKL1    | ACKL0    | PWCK2    | PWCK1    | PWCK0    | —        |                                  |
| ECCSR                    | OVH      | OVL      | —        | CH2      | CUEH     | CUEL     | CRCH     | CRCL     |                                  |
| ECH                      | ECH7     | ECH6     | ECH5     | ECH4     | ECH3     | ECH2     | ECH1     | ECH0     |                                  |
| ECL                      | ECL7     | ECL6     | ECL5     | ECL4     | ECL3     | ECL2     | ECL1     | ECL0     |                                  |
| SMR                      | COM      | CHR      | PE       | PM       | STOP     | MP       | CKS1     | CKS0     | SCI3                             |
| BRR                      | BRR7     | BRR6     | BRR5     | BRR4     | BRR3     | BRR2     | BRR1     | BRR0     |                                  |
| SCR3                     | TIE      | RIE      | TE       | RE       | MPiE     | TEiE     | CKE1     | CKE0     |                                  |
| TDR                      | TDR7     | TDR6     | TDR5     | TDR4     | TDR3     | TDR2     | TDR1     | TDR0     |                                  |
| SSR                      | TDRE     | RDRF     | OER      | FER      | PER      | TEND     | MPBR     | MPBT     |                                  |
| RDR                      | RDR7     | RDR6     | RDR5     | RDR4     | RDR3     | RDR2     | RDR1     | RDR0     |                                  |
| TMA                      | —        | —        | —        | —        | TMA3     | TMA2     | TMA1     | TMA0     | Timer A                          |
| TCA                      | TCA7     | TCA6     | TCA5     | TCA4     | TCA3     | TCA2     | TCA1     | TCA0     |                                  |
| TCSRW                    | B6WI     | TCWE     | B4WI     | TCSRWE   | B2WI     | WDON     | BOWI     | WRST     | WDT <sup>*2</sup>                |
| TCW                      | TCW7     | TCW6     | TCW5     | TCW4     | TCW3     | TCW2     | TCW1     | TCW0     |                                  |

| Register<br>Abbreviation | Bit 7   | Bit 6   | Bit 5   | Bit 4   | Bit 3   | Bit 2    | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Module<br>Name                   |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------------------------------|
| TCRF                     | TOLH    | CKSH2   | CKSH1   | CKSH0   | TOLL    | CKSL2    | CKSL1   | CKSL0   | Timer F                          |
| TCSRf                    | OVFH    | CMFH    | OVIEH   | CCLRH   | OVFL    | CMFL     | OVIEL   | CCLRL   |                                  |
| TCFH                     | TCFH7   | TCFH6   | TCFH5   | TCFH4   | TCFH3   | TCFH2    | TCFH1   | TCFH0   |                                  |
| TCFL                     | TCFL7   | TCFL6   | TCFL5   | TCFL4   | TCFL3   | TCFL2    | TCFL1   | TCFL0   |                                  |
| OCRfH                    | OCRfH7  | OCRfH6  | OCRfH5  | OCRfH4  | OCRfH3  | OCRfH2   | OCRfH1  | OCRfH0  | LCD*3                            |
| OCRfL                    | OCRfL7  | OCRfL6  | OCRfL5  | OCRfL4  | OCRfL3  | OCRfL2   | OCRfL1  | OCRfL0  |                                  |
| LPCR                     | DTS1    | DTS0    | CMX     | —       | SGS3    | SGS2     | SGS1    | SGS0    |                                  |
| LCR                      | —       | PSW     | ACT     | DISP    | CKS3    | CKS2     | CKS1    | CKS0    |                                  |
| LCR2                     | LCDAB   | —       | —       | —       | CDS3*4  | CDS2*4   | CDS1*4  | CDS0*4  | Low-voltage<br>detect<br>circuit |
| LVDCNT*4                 | CNT7    | CNT6    | CNT5    | CNT4    | CNT3    | CNT2     | CNT1    | CNT0    |                                  |
| ADRRH                    | ADR9    | ADR8    | ADR7    | ADR6    | ADR5    | ADR4     | ADR3    | ADR2    |                                  |
| ADRRl                    | ADR1    | ADR0    | —       | —       | —       | —        | —       | —       |                                  |
| AMR                      | CKS     | —       | —       | —       | CH3     | CH2      | CH1     | CH0     | A/D<br>converter                 |
| ADSR                     | ADSF    | —       | —       | —       | —       | —        | —       | —       |                                  |
| PMR2                     | —       | —       | POF1    | —       | —       | WDCKS    | —       | IRQ0    |                                  |
| PMR3                     | AEVL    | AEVH    | —       | —       | —       | TMOFH    | TMOFL   | —       |                                  |
| PMR5                     | WKP7    | WKP6    | WKP5    | WKP4    | WKP3    | WKP2     | WKP1    | WKP0    | I/O port                         |
| PWCR2                    | —       | —       | —       | —       | —       | PWCR22*4 | PWCR21  | PWCR20  |                                  |
| PWDRU2                   | —       | —       | —       | —       | —       | —        | PWDRU21 | PWDRU20 |                                  |
| PWDRL2                   | PWDRL27 | PWDRL26 | PWDRL25 | PWDRL24 | PWDRL23 | PWDRL22  | PWDRL21 | PWDRL20 |                                  |
| PWCR1                    | —       | —       | —       | —       | —       | PWCR12*4 | PWCR11  | PWCR10  | 10-bit<br>PWM                    |
| PWDRU1                   | —       | —       | —       | —       | —       | —        | PWDRU11 | PWDRU10 |                                  |
| PWDRL1                   | PWDRL17 | PWDRL16 | PWDRL15 | PWDRL14 | PWDRL13 | PWDRL12  | PWDRL11 | PWDRL10 |                                  |
| PDR3                     | P37     | P36     | P35     | P34     | P33     | P32      | P31     | —       |                                  |
| PDR4                     | —       | —       | —       | —       | P43     | P42      | P41     | P40     | I/O port                         |
| PDR5                     | P57     | P56     | P55     | P54     | P53     | P52      | P51     | P50     |                                  |
| PDR6                     | P67     | P66     | P65     | P64     | P63     | P62      | P61     | P60     |                                  |
| PDR7                     | P77     | P76     | P75     | P74     | P73     | P72      | P71     | P70     |                                  |
| PDR8                     | —       | —       | —       | —       | —       | —        | —       | P80     |                                  |
| PDR9                     | —       | —       | P95     | P94     | P93     | P92      | P91     | P90     |                                  |
| PDRA                     | —       | —       | —       | —       | PA3     | PA2      | PA1     | PA0     |                                  |
| PDRB                     | —       | —       | —       | —       | PB3     | PB2      | PB1     | PB0     |                                  |

| Register<br>Abbreviation | Bit 7                  | Bit 6  | Bit 5    | Bit 4    | Bit 3   | Bit 2   | Bit 1    | Bit 0   | Module<br>Name    |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--------|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|---------|-------------------|
| PUCR3                    | PUCR37                 | PUCR36 | PUCR35   | PUCR34   | PUCR33  | PUCR32  | PUCR31   | —       | I/O port          |
| PUCR5                    | PUCR57                 | PUCR56 | PUCR55   | PUCR54   | PUCR53  | PUCR52  | PUCR51   | PUCR50  |                   |
| PUCR6                    | PUCR67                 | PUCR66 | PUCR65   | PUCR64   | PUCR63  | PUCR62  | PUCR61   | PUCR60  |                   |
| PCR3                     | PCR37                  | PCR36  | PCR35    | PCR34    | PCR33   | PCR32   | PCR31    | —       |                   |
| PCR4                     | —                      | —      | —        | —        | —       | PCR42   | PCR41    | PCR40   |                   |
| PCR5                     | PCR57                  | PCR56  | PCR55    | PCR54    | PCR53   | PCR52   | PCR51    | PCR50   |                   |
| PCR6                     | PCR67                  | PCR66  | PCR65    | PCR64    | PCR63   | PCR62   | PCR61    | PCR60   |                   |
| PCR7                     | PCR77                  | PCR76  | PCR75    | PCR74    | PCR73   | PCR72   | PCR71    | PCR70   |                   |
| PCR8                     | —                      | —      | —        | —        | —       | —       | —        | PCR80   |                   |
| PMR9                     | —                      | —      | —        | —        | PIOFF   | —       | PWM2     | PWM1    |                   |
| PCRA                     | —                      | —      | —        | —        | PCRA3   | PCRA2   | PCRA1    | PCRA0   |                   |
| PMRB                     | —                      | —      | —        | —        | IRQ1    | —       | —        | —       |                   |
| SYSCR1                   | SSBY                   | STS2   | STS1     | STS0     | LSON    | —       | MA1      | MA0     | SYSTEM            |
| SYSCR2                   | —                      | —      | —        | NESEL    | DTON    | MSON    | SA1      | SA0     |                   |
| IEGR                     | —                      | —      | —        | —        | —       | —       | IEG1     | IEG0    | Interrupts        |
| IENR1                    | IENTA                  | —      | IENWP    | —        | —       | IENEC2  | IEN1     | IEN0    |                   |
| IENR2                    | IENDT                  | IENAD  | —        | —        | IENTFH  | IENTFL  | —        | IENEC   |                   |
| OSCCR <sup>*4</sup>      | SUBSTP                 | —      | —        | —        | —       | IRQAECF | OSCF     | —       | CPG               |
| IRR1                     | IRRTA                  | —      | —        | —        | —       | IRREC2  | IRRI1    | IRRI0   | Interrupts        |
| IRR2                     | IRRDY                  | IRRAD  | —        | —        | IRRTFH  | IRRTFL  | —        | IRREC   |                   |
| TMW <sup>*4</sup>        | —                      | —      | —        | —        | CKS3    | CKS2    | CKS1     | CKS0    | WDT <sup>*2</sup> |
| IWPR                     | IWPF7                  | IWPF6  | IWPF5    | IWPF4    | IWPF3   | IWPF2   | IWPF1    | IWPF0   | Interrupts        |
| CKSTPR1                  | —                      | —      | S32CKSTP | ADCKSTP  | —       | TFCKSTP | —        | TACKSTP | SYSTEM            |
| CKSTPR2                  | LVDCKSTP <sup>*4</sup> | —      | —        | PW2CKSTP | AECKSTP | WDCKSTP | PW1CKSTP | LDCKSTP |                   |

- Notes: 1. AEC: Asynchronous event counter  
2. WDT: Watchdog timer  
3. LCD: LCD controller/driver  
4. H8/38104 Group only

## 16.3 Register States in Each Operating Mode

| Register Abbreviation | Reset       | Active | Sleep | Watch       | Subactive   | Subsleep    | Standby     | Module                     |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| FLMCR1                | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | Initialized | Initialized | Initialized | ROM                        |
| FLMCR2                | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| FLPWCR                | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| EBR                   | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | Initialized | Initialized | Initialized |                            |
| FENR                  | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | Low-voltage detect circuit |
| LVDCR <sup>*4</sup>   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| LVDSR <sup>*4</sup>   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| ECPWCRH               | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| ECPWCRL               | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | AEC <sup>*1</sup>          |
| ECPWDRH               | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| ECPWDRL               | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| WEGR                  | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| SPCR                  | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | Interrupts                 |
| AEGSR                 | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | SCI3                       |
| ECCR                  | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | AEC <sup>*1</sup>          |
| ECCSR                 | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| ECH                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| ECL                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| SMR                   | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | —           | —           | Initialized | SCI3                       |
| BRR                   | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | —           | —           | Initialized |                            |
| SCR3                  | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | —           | —           | Initialized |                            |
| TDR                   | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | —           | —           | Initialized |                            |
| SSR                   | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | —           | —           | Initialized | Timer A                    |
| RDR                   | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | —           | —           | Initialized |                            |
| TMA                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| TCA                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| TCSRW                 | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | WDT <sup>*2</sup>          |
| TCW                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |

| Register<br>Abbreviation | Reset       | Active | Sleep | Watch       | Subactive   | Subsleep    | Standby     | Module                     |
|--------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| TCRF                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | Timer F                    |
| TCSRF                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| TCFH                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| TCFL                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| OCRFB                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| OCRFL                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| LPCR                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | LCD <sup>*3</sup>          |
| LCR                      | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| LCR2                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| LVDCNT <sup>*4</sup>     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | Low-voltage detect circuit |
| ADRRH                    | —           | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | A/D converter              |
| ADRRL                    | —           | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| AMR                      | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | I/O port                   |
| ADSR                     | Initialized | —      | —     | Initialized | Initialized | Initialized | Initialized |                            |
| PMR2                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PMR3                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PMR5                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | 10-bit PWM                 |
| PWCR2                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PWDRU2                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PWDRL2                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PWCR1                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           | I/O port                   |
| PWDRU1                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PWDRL1                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR3                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR4                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR5                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR6                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR7                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR8                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDR9                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDRA                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |
| PDRB                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —           | —           | —           | —           |                            |

| Register<br>Abbreviation | Reset       | Active | Sleep | Watch | Subactive | Subsleep | Standby | Module            |
|--------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|----------|---------|-------------------|
| PUCR3                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | I/O port          |
| PUCR5                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PUCR6                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCR3                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCR4                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCR5                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCR6                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCR7                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCR8                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PMR9                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PCRA                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| PMRB                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| SYSCR1                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | SYSTEM            |
| SYSCR2                   | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| IEGR                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | Interrupts        |
| IENR1                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| IENR2                    | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| OSCCR <sup>*4</sup>      | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | CPG               |
| IRR1                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | Interrupts        |
| IRR2                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |
| TMW <sup>*4</sup>        | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | WDT <sup>*2</sup> |
| IWPR                     | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | Interrupts        |
| CKSTPR1                  | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       | SYSTEM            |
| CKSTPR2                  | Initialized | —      | —     | —     | —         | —        | —       |                   |

Notes: — is not initialized

1. AEC: Asynchronous event counter
2. WDT: Watchdog timer
3. LCD: LCD controller/driver
4. H8/38104 Group only



## Section 17 Electrical Characteristics

### 17.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings of H8/3802 Group (ZTAT Version, Mask ROM Version)

Table 17.1 lists the absolute maximum ratings.

**Table 17.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

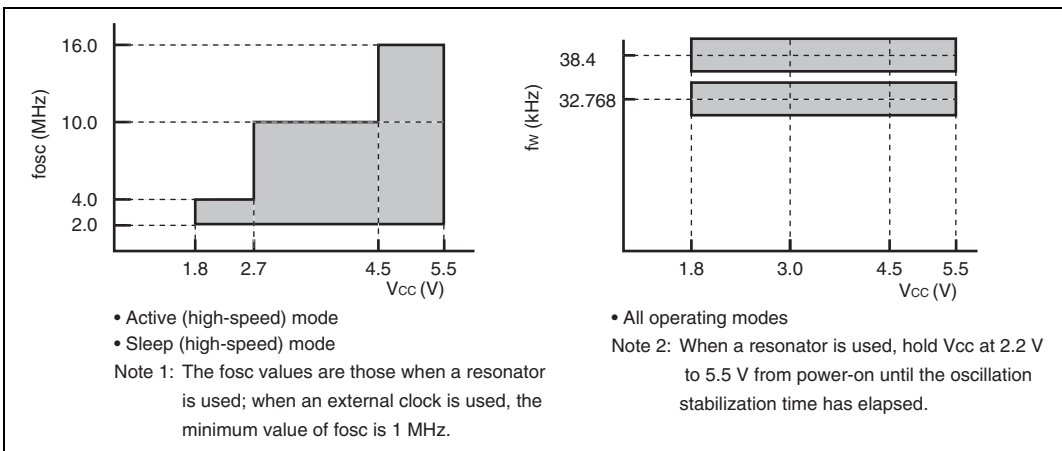
| Item                        | Symbol                       | Value                                             | Unit                    | Note |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage        | $V_{CC}$                     | −0.3 to +7.0                                      | V                       | *    |
| Analog power supply voltage | $AV_{CC}$                    | −0.3 to +7.0                                      | V                       |      |
| Programming voltage         | $V_{PP}$                     | −0.3 to +13.0                                     | V                       |      |
| Input voltage               | Other than port B and IRQAEC | $V_{in}$                                          | −0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |
|                             | Port B                       | $AV_{in}$                                         | −0.3 to $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |
|                             | IRQAEC                       | $HV_{in}$                                         | −0.3 to +7.3            | V    |
| Port 9 pin voltage          | $V_{Pg}$                     | −0.3 to +7.3                                      | V                       |      |
| Operating temperature       | $T_{opr}$                    | Regular specifications:                           | °C                      |      |
|                             |                              | Wide-range temperature specifications: −40 to +85 |                         |      |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$                    | −55 to +125                                       | °C                      |      |

Note: \* Permanent damage may result if maximum ratings are exceeded. Normal operation should be under the conditions specified in Electrical Characteristics. Exceeding these values can result in incorrect operation and reduced reliability.

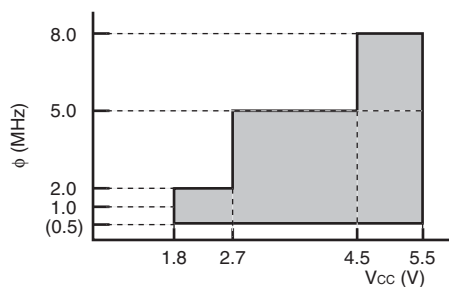
## 17.2 Electrical Characteristics of H8/3802 Group (ZTAT Version, Mask ROM Version)

### 17.2.1 Power Supply Voltage and Operating Ranges

#### Power Supply Voltage and Oscillation Frequency Range

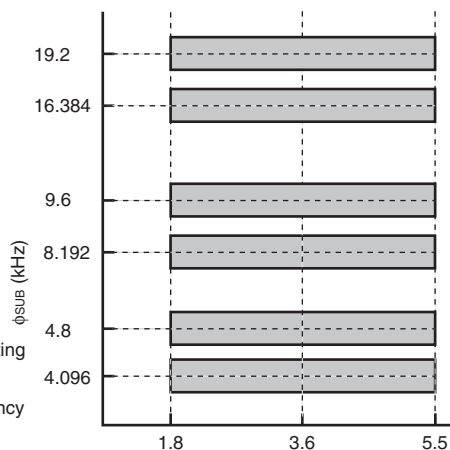


## Power Supply Voltage and Operating Frequency Range

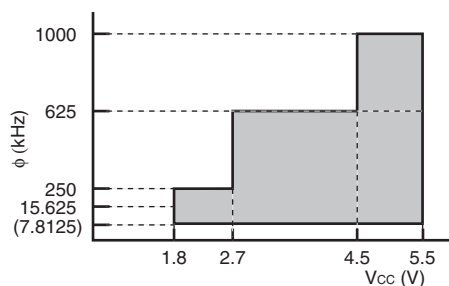


- Active (high-speed) mode
- Sleep (high-speed) mode (except CPU)

Note 1: The values in parentheses is the minimum operating frequency when an external clock is input. When using a resonator, the minimum operating frequency ( $\phi$ ) is 1 MHz.



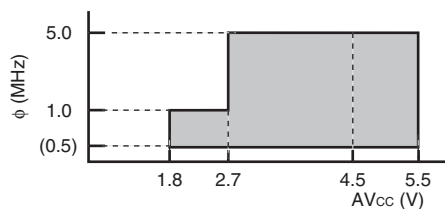
- Subactive mode
- Subsleep mode (except CPU)
- Watch mode (except CPU)



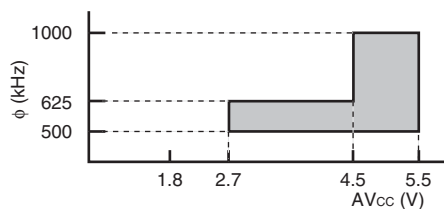
- Active (medium-speed) mode
- Sleep (medium-speed) mode (except A/D converter)

Note 2: The values in parentheses is the minimum operating frequency when an external clock is input. When using a resonator, the minimum operating frequency ( $\phi$ ) is 15.625 kHz.

## Analog Power Supply Voltage and A/D Converter Operating Range



- Active (high-speed) mode
- Sleep (high-speed) mode



- Active (medium-speed) mode
- Sleep (medium-speed) mode

Note: When  $AV_{CC} = 1.8$  V to 2.7 V, the operating range is limited to  $\phi = 1.0$  MHz when using a resonator and is  $\phi = 0.5$  MHz to 1.0 MHz when using an external clock.

## 17.2.2 DC Characteristics

Table 17.2 lists the DC characteristics.

**Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (1)**

$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item               | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Test Condition                            | Values              |     |                 | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----------------|------|-------|
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                           | Min                 | Typ | Max             |      |       |
| Input high voltage | $V_{IH}$ | $\overline{RES}$ ,<br>$\overline{WKP0}$ to $\overline{WKP7}$ ,<br>$\overline{IRQ0}$ , $\overline{AEVL}$ ,<br>$\overline{AEVH}$ , $\overline{SCK32}$                                                                                                                          | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{IRQ1}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{RXD32}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{OSC1}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{X1}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{P31}$ to $\overline{P37}$ ,<br>$\overline{P40}$ to $\overline{P43}$ ,<br>$\overline{P50}$ to $\overline{P57}$ ,<br>$\overline{P60}$ to $\overline{P67}$ ,<br>$\overline{P70}$ to $\overline{P77}$ ,<br>$\overline{P80}$ ,<br>$\overline{PA0}$ to $\overline{PA3}$ | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{PB0}$ to $\overline{PB3}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{IRQAEC}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | 7.3             | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Other than above                          | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | 7.3             |      |       |

Note: Connect the TEST pin to  $V_{SS}$ .

**Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (2)**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                              | Test Condition                              | Values         |     |                     | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|-----|---------------------|------|-------|
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                                             | Min            | Typ | Max                 |      |       |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | RES,<br>WKP0 to WKP7,<br>IRQ0, IRQ1,<br>IRQAEC,<br>AEVL, AEVH,<br>SCK32                                      | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ |      |       |
|                     |          | RXD32                                                                                                        | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ |      |       |
|                     |          | OSC1                                                                                                         | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ |      |       |
|                     |          | X1                                                                                                           | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ | V    |       |
|                     |          | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P43,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3,<br>PB0 to PB3 | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                                             |                |     |                     |      |       |
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P42,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3                | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} - 1.0$ | —   | —                   | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $-I_{OH} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$                  |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.5$ | —   | —                   |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $-I_{OH} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$                  |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $-I_{OH} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$                  | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | —   | —                   |      |       |

**Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (3)**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                                   | Symbol     | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                   | Test Condition                                        | Values |     |      | Unit          | Notes |
|----------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|---------------|-------|
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   |                                                       | Min    | Typ | Max  |               |       |
| Output low voltage                     | $V_{OL}$   | P40 to P42                                                                                                                        | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$           | —      | —   | 0.6  | V             |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$                             |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$                             | —      | —   | 0.5  |               |       |
|                                        |            | P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$                             | —      | —   | 0.5  |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   |                                                       |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   |                                                       |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            | P31 to P37                                                                                                                        | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$           | —      | —   | 1.5  |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$                              |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$           | —      | —   | 0.6  |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$                             |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$                             | —      | —   | 0.5  |               |       |
|                                        |            | P90 to P92                                                                                                                        | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$           | —      | —   | 0.5  |               | *5    |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 25 \text{ mA}$                              |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 15 \text{ mA}$                              |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   | $I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$                              |        |     |      |               | *6    |
|                                        |            | P93 to P95                                                                                                                        | $I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$                              | —      | —   | 0.5  |               |       |
| Input/<br>output<br>leakage<br>current | $ I_{IL} $ | RES, P43                                                                                                                          | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$  | —      | —   | 20.0 | $\mu\text{A}$ | *2    |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   |                                                       | —      | —   | 1.0  |               | *1    |
|                                        |            | OSC1, X1,<br>P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P42,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80, IRQAEC,<br>PA0 to PA3,<br>P90 to P95 | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$  | —      | —   | 1.0  | $\mu\text{A}$ |       |
|                                        |            |                                                                                                                                   |                                                       |        |     |      |               |       |
|                                        |            | PB0 to PB3                                                                                                                        | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ to $AV_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 1.0  |               |       |

**Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (4)**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                            | Symbol      | Applicable Pins                                                       | Test Condition                                                                                               | Values |      |       | Unit          | Notes           |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|-------|---------------|-----------------|
|                                 |             |                                                                       |                                                                                                              | Min    | Typ  | Max   |               |                 |
| Pull-up MOS current             | $-I_p$      | P31 to P37, P50 to P57, P60 to P67                                    | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}$                                                       | 50.0   | —    | 300.0 | $\mu\text{A}$ |                 |
|                                 |             |                                                                       | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}$                                                       | —      | 35.0 | —     |               | Reference value |
| Input capacitance               | $C_{in}$    | All input pins except power supply, RES, P43, IRQAEC, PB0 to PB3 pins | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$                              | —      | —    | 15.0  | $\text{pF}$   |                 |
|                                 |             | IRQAEC                                                                |                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 30.0  |               |                 |
|                                 |             | RES                                                                   |                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 80.0  |               | *2              |
|                                 |             |                                                                       |                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 15.0  |               | *1              |
|                                 |             | P43                                                                   |                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 50.0  |               | *2              |
|                                 |             |                                                                       |                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 15.0  |               | *1              |
|                                 |             | PB0 to PB3                                                            |                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 15.0  |               |                 |
| Active mode current consumption | $I_{OPE1}$  | $V_{CC}$                                                              | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 10 \text{ MHz}$                         | —      | 7.0  | 10.0  | $\text{mA}$   | *3<br>*4        |
|                                 | $I_{OPE2}$  | $V_{CC}$                                                              | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$\phi_{OSC}/128$ | —      | 2.2  | 3.0   | $\text{mA}$   | *3<br>*4        |
| Sleep mode current consumption  | $I_{SLEEP}$ | $V_{CC}$                                                              | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 10 \text{ MHz}$                                                     | —      | 3.8  | 5.0   | $\text{mA}$   | *3<br>*4        |

**Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (5)**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                               | Symbol      | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                        | Values |      |      | Unit          | Notes                       |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|------|---------------|-----------------------------|
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                       | Min    | Typ  | Max  |               |                             |
| Subactive mode current consumption | $I_{SUB}$   | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ ) | —      | 15.0 | 30.0 | $\mu\text{A}$ | *3<br>*4                    |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/8$ ) | —      | 8.0  | —    |               | *3<br>*4<br>Reference value |
| Subsleep mode current consumption  | $I_{SUBSP}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ ) | —      | 7.5  | 16.0 | $\mu\text{A}$ | *3<br>*4                    |
| Watch mode current consumption     | $I_{WATCH}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD not used,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used                          | —      | 3.8  | 6.0  | $\mu\text{A}$ | *2<br>*3<br>*4              |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                       |        | 2.8  | —    |               | *1<br>*3<br>*4              |
| Standby mode current consumption   | $I_{STBY}$  | $V_{CC}$        | 32-kHz crystal resonator not used                                                                     | —      | 1.0  | 5.0  | $\mu\text{A}$ | *3<br>*4                    |
| RAM data retaining voltage         | $V_{RAM}$   | $V_{CC}$        |                                                                                                       | 1.5    | —    | —    | V             |                             |

**Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (6)**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                                    | Symbol           | Applicable Pins                  | Test Condition                              | Values |     |      | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|------|-------|
|                                         |                  |                                  |                                             | Min    | Typ | Max  |      |       |
| Allowable output low current (per pin)  | $I_{OL}$         | Output pins except ports 3 and 9 | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 2.0  | mA   |       |
|                                         |                  | Port 3                           | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 10.0 |      |       |
|                                         |                  | Output pins except port 9        |                                             | —      | —   | 0.5  |      |       |
|                                         |                  | P90 to P92                       | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 25.0 |      | *5    |
|                                         |                  |                                  |                                             | —      | —   | 15.0 |      |       |
|                                         |                  |                                  |                                             | —      | —   | 10.0 |      |       |
|                                         |                  | P93 to P95                       |                                             | —      | —   | 10.0 |      |       |
| Allowable output low current (total)    | $\Sigma I_{OL}$  | Output pins except ports 3 and 9 | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 40.0 | mA   |       |
|                                         |                  | Port 3                           | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 80.0 |      |       |
|                                         |                  | Output pins except port 9        |                                             | —      | —   | 20.0 |      |       |
|                                         |                  | Port 9                           |                                             | —      | —   | 80.0 |      |       |
|                                         |                  |                                  |                                             | —      | —   | 80.0 |      |       |
| Allowable output high current (per pin) | $-I_{OH}$        | All output pins                  | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 2.0  | mA   |       |
|                                         |                  |                                  | Other than above                            | —      | —   | 0.2  |      |       |
| Allowable output high current (total)   | $\Sigma -I_{OH}$ | All output pins                  | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 15.0 | mA   |       |
|                                         |                  |                                  | Other than above                            | —      | —   | 10.0 |      |       |

Notes: 1. Applies to the mask-ROM version.

2. Applies to the HD6473802.

3. Pin states when current consumption is measured

| Mode                                             | $\overline{\text{RES}}$ Pin | Internal State                             | Other Pins      | LCD Power Supply | Oscillator Pins                    |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Active (high-speed) mode ( $I_{\text{OPE1}}$ )   | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only CPU operates                          | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator |
| Active (medium-speed) mode ( $I_{\text{OPE2}}$ ) |                             |                                            |                 |                  | Subclock:<br>Pin X1 = GND          |
| Sleep mode                                       | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only timers operate                        | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            |                                    |
| Subactive mode                                   | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only CPU operates                          | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator |
| Subsleep mode                                    | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only timers operate<br>CPU stops           | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | Subclock:<br>crystal resonator     |
| Watch mode                                       | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only clock time base operates<br>CPU stops | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            |                                    |
| Standby mode                                     | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | CPU and timers both stop                   | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator |
|                                                  |                             |                                            |                 |                  | Subclock:<br>Pin X1 = GND          |

Notes: 4. Except current which flows to the pull-up MOS or output buffer  
5. When the PIOFF bit in the port mode register 9 is 0  
6. When the PIOFF bit in the port mode register 9 is 1

### 17.2.3 AC Characteristics

Table 17.3 lists the control signal timing and table 17.4 lists the serial interface timing.

**Table 17.3 Control Signal Timing**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to } +75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                                  | Symbol       | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                            | Values |                |                      | Unit                      | Reference Figure          |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                       |              |                 |                                                           | Min    | Typ            | Max                  |                           |                           |
| System clock oscillation frequency    | $f_{OSC}$    | OSC1, OSC2      | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                | 2.0    | —              | 16.0                 | MHz                       |                           |
|                                       |              |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                | 2.0    | —              | 10.0                 |                           |                           |
|                                       |              |                 | Other than above                                          | 2.0    | —              | 4.0                  |                           |                           |
| OSC clock ( $\phi_{OSC}$ ) cycle time | $t_{OSC}$    | OSC1, OSC2      | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                | 62.5   | —              | $\frac{500}{(1000)}$ | ns                        | Figure 17.2 <sup>*2</sup> |
|                                       |              |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                | 100    | —              | $\frac{500}{(1000)}$ |                           |                           |
|                                       |              |                 | Other than above                                          | 250    | —              | $\frac{500}{(1000)}$ |                           |                           |
| System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time    | $t_{cyc}$    |                 |                                                           | 2      | —              | 128                  | $t_{OSC}$                 |                           |
|                                       |              |                 |                                                           | —      | —              | 128                  | $\mu\text{s}$             |                           |
| Subclock oscillation frequency        | $f_W$        | X1, X2          |                                                           | —      | 32.768 or 38.4 | —                    | kHz                       |                           |
| Watch clock ( $\phi_W$ ) cycle time   | $t_W$        | X1, X2          |                                                           | —      | 30.5 or 26.0   | —                    | $\mu\text{s}$             | Figure 17.2               |
| Subclock ( $\phi_{SUB}$ ) cycle time  | $t_{subcyc}$ |                 |                                                           | 2      | —              | 8                    | $t_W$                     | <sup>*1</sup>             |
| Instruction cycle time                |              |                 |                                                           | 2      | —              | —                    | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ |                           |
| Oscillation stabilization time        | $t_{tc}$     | OSC1, OSC2      | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ in figure 17.8 | —      | 20             | 45                   | $\mu\text{s}$             | Figure 17.8               |
|                                       |              |                 | Other than above                                          | —      | —              | 50                   | ms                        |                           |
|                                       |              | X1, X2          | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                | —      | —              | 2.0                  | s                         |                           |
|                                       |              |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                | —      | —              | 10.0                 |                           | <sup>*3</sup>             |

| Item                      | Symbol    | Applicable Pins                   | Test Condition                             | Values |                |      | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                           |           |                                   |                                            | Min    | Typ            | Max  |                           |                  |
| External clock high width | $t_{CPH}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 25     | —              | —    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 40     | —              | —    |                           |                  |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above                           | 100    | —              | —    |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                            | —      | 15.26 or 13.02 | —    | $\mu\text{s}$             |                  |
| External clock low width  | $t_{CPL}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 25     | —              | —    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 40     | —              | —    |                           |                  |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above                           | 100    | —              | —    |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                            | —      | 15.26 or 13.02 | —    | $\mu\text{s}$             |                  |
| External clock rise time  | $t_{CPr}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —              | 6    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —              | 10   |                           |                  |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above                           | —      | —              | 25   |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                            | —      | —              | 55.0 | ns                        |                  |
| External clock fall time  | $t_{CPf}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —              | 6    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —              | 10   |                           |                  |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above                           | —      | —              | 25   |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                            | —      | —              | 55.0 | ns                        |                  |
| RES pin low width         | $t_{REL}$ | RES                               |                                            | 10     | —              | —    | $t_{cyc}$                 | Figure 17.3      |
| Input pin high width      | $t_{IH}$  | IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQAEC, WKP0 to WKP7, |                                            | 2      | —              | —    | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.4      |
|                           |           | AEVL, AEVH                        |                                            | 0.5    | —              | —    | $t_{OSC}$                 |                  |
| Input pin low width       | $t_{IL}$  | IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQAEC, WKP0 to WKP7, |                                            | 2      | —              | —    | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.4      |
|                           |           | AEVL, AEVH                        |                                            | 0.5    | —              | —    | $t_{OSC}$                 |                  |

- Notes: 1. Determined by the SA1 and SA0 bits in the system control register 2 (SYSCR2).  
2. Values in parentheses indicate  $t_{OSC}$  max. when the external clock is used.  
3. After powering on, hold  $V_{CC}$  at 2.2 V to 5.5 V until the oscillation stabilization time has elapsed.

**Table 17.4 Serial Interface (SCI3) Timing**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to } +75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                                           | Symbol              | Test Condition                             | Values |     |     | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                                |                     |                                            | Min    | Typ | Max |                           |                  |
| Input clock cycle                              | Asynchronous        | $t_{SCYC}$                                 | 4      | —   | —   | $t_{cyc}$ or $t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.5      |
|                                                | Clocked synchronous |                                            | 6      | —   | —   |                           |                  |
| Input clock pulse width                        |                     | $t_{SCKW}$                                 | 0.4    | —   | 0.6 | $t_{scyc}$                | Figure 17.5      |
| Transmit data delay time (clocked synchronous) | $t_{TXD}$           | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 1   | $t_{cyc}$ or $t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.6      |
|                                                |                     | Other than above                           | —      | —   | 1   |                           |                  |
| Receive data setup time (clocked synchronous)  | $t_{RXS}$           | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 200.0  | —   | —   | ns                        | Figure 17.6      |
|                                                |                     | Other than above                           | 400.0  | —   | —   |                           |                  |
| Receive data hold time (clocked synchronous)   | $t_{RXH}$           | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | 200.0  | —   | —   | ns                        | Figure 17.6      |
|                                                |                     | Other than above                           | 400.0  | —   | —   |                           |                  |

## 17.2.4 A/D Converter Characteristics

Table 17.5 shows the A/D converter characteristics.

**Table 17.5 A/D Converter Characteristics**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to } +75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product), unless otherwise specified

| Item                              | Symbol       | Applicable Test Pins | Condition                                   | Values |     |                 | Unit             | Reference Figure      |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------|
|                                   |              |                      |                                             | Min    | Typ | Max             |                  |                       |
| Analog power supply voltage       | $AV_{CC}$    | $AV_{CC}$            |                                             | 1.8    | —   | 5.5             | V                | *1                    |
| Analog input voltage              | $AV_{IN}$    | AN0 to AN3           |                                             | -0.3   | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V                |                       |
| Analog power supply current       | $AI_{OPE}$   | $AV_{CC}$            | $AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$                   | —      | —   | 1.5             | mA               |                       |
|                                   | $AI_{STOP1}$ | $AV_{CC}$            |                                             | —      | 600 | —               | $\mu\text{A}$    | *2<br>Reference value |
|                                   | $AI_{STOP2}$ | $AV_{CC}$            |                                             | —      | —   | 5.0             | $\mu\text{A}$    | *3                    |
| Analog input capacitance          | $C_{AIN}$    | AN0 to AN3           |                                             | —      | —   | 15.0            | pF               |                       |
| Allowable signal source impedance | $R_{AIN}$    |                      |                                             | —      | —   | 10.0            | $\text{k}\Omega$ |                       |
| Resolution (data length)          |              |                      |                                             | —      | —   | 10              | bit              |                       |
| Nonlinearity error                |              |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | $\pm 2.5$       | LSB              |                       |
|                                   |              |                      | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  | —      | —   | $\pm 2.5$       | LSB              |                       |
|                                   |              |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | $\pm 5.5$       | LSB              |                       |
|                                   |              |                      | $V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$  | —      | —   | $\pm 5.5$       | LSB              |                       |
|                                   |              |                      | Other than above                            | —      | —   | $\pm 7.5$       | LSB              | *4                    |
| Quantization error                |              |                      |                                             | —      | —   | $\pm 0.5$       | LSB              |                       |

| Item              | Symbol | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                          | Values |     |           | Unit          | Reference Figure |
|-------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|---------------|------------------|
|                   |        |                 |                                                                                         | Min    | Typ | Max       |               |                  |
| Absolute accuracy |        |                 | $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$<br>$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | —      | —   | $\pm 3.0$ | LSB           |                  |
|                   |        |                 | $AV_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$<br>$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | —      | —   | $\pm 6.0$ |               |                  |
|                   |        |                 | Other than above                                                                        | —      | —   | $\pm 8.0$ |               |                  |
|                   |        |                 |                                                                                         |        |     |           |               | *4               |
| Conversion time   |        |                 | $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$<br>$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | 12.4   | —   | 124       | $\mu\text{s}$ |                  |
|                   |        |                 | Other than above                                                                        | 62     | —   | 124       |               |                  |

- Notes:
1. Set  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$  when the A/D converter is not used.
  2.  $AI_{STOP1}$  is the current in active and sleep modes while the A/D converter is idle.
  3.  $AI_{STOP2}$  is the current at reset and in standby, watch, subactive, and subsleep modes while the A/D converter is idle.
  4. The conversion time is  $62\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ .

### 17.2.5 LCD Characteristics

Table 17.6 shows the LCD characteristics.

**Table 17.6 LCD Characteristics**

$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified (including subactive mode),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to } +75^\circ\text{C}$  (product with regular specifications),  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$  (product with wide-range temperature specifications),  $T_a = +75^\circ\text{C}$  (bare die product)

| Item                              | Symbol    | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                  | Values |     |     | Unit      | Reference Figure |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----------|------------------|
|                                   |           |                 |                                                                 | Min    | Typ | Max |           |                  |
| Segment driver step-down voltage  | $V_{DS}$  | SEG1 to SEG25   | $I_D = 2 \mu\text{A}$<br>$V1 = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 0.6 | V         | *1               |
| Common driver step-down voltage   | $V_{DC}$  | COM1 to COM4    | $I_D = 2 \mu\text{A}$<br>$V1 = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 0.3 | V         | *1               |
| LCD power supply split-resistance | $R_{LCD}$ |                 | Between V1 and $V_{SS}$                                         | 0.5    | 3.0 | 9.0 | $M\Omega$ |                  |
| Liquid crystal display voltage    | $V_{LCD}$ | V1              |                                                                 | 2.2    | —   | 5.5 | V         | *2               |

- Notes: 1. The voltage step-down from power supply pins V1, V2, V3, and  $V_{SS}$  to each segment pin or common pin.
2. When the liquid crystal display voltage is supplied from an external power supply, ensure that the following relationship is maintained:  $V_{CC} \geq V1 \geq V2 \geq V3 \geq V_{SS}$ .

### 17.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings of H8/38004 Group (F-ZTAT Version, Mask ROM Version), H8/38002S Group (Mask ROM Version)

Table 17.7 lists the absolute maximum ratings.

**Table 17.7 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

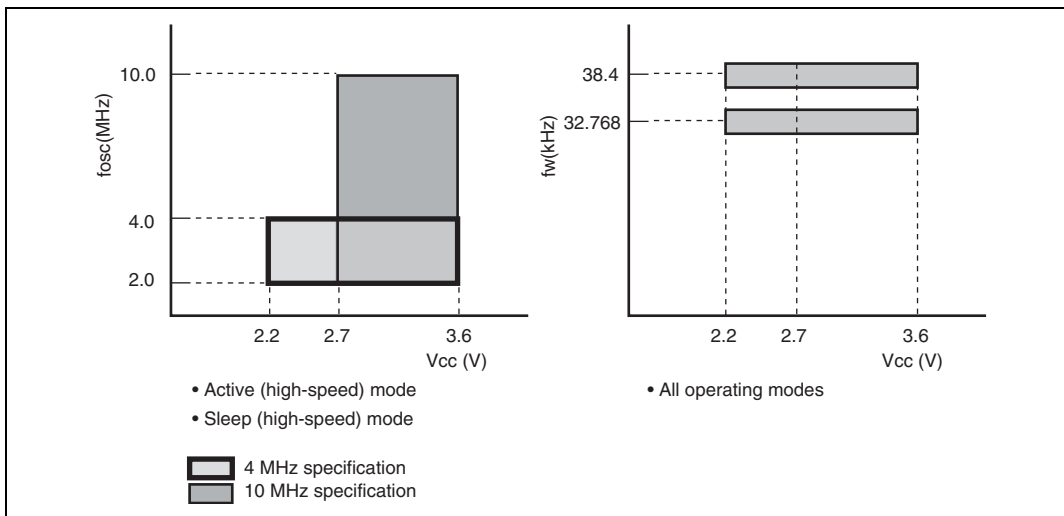
| Item                        | Symbol            | Value                                  | Unit                    | Note |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage        | $V_{CC}$          | -0.3 to +4.3                           | V                       | *1   |
| Analog power supply voltage | $AV_{CC}$         | -0.3 to +4.3                           | V                       |      |
| Input voltage               | Other than port B | $V_{in}$                               | -0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |
|                             | Port B            | $AV_{in}$                              | -0.3 to $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |
| Port 9 pin voltage          | $V_{P9}$          | -0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$                 | V                       |      |
| Operating temperature       | $T_{opr}$         | Regular specifications:                | °C                      |      |
|                             |                   | -20 to +75 <sup>*2</sup>               |                         |      |
|                             |                   | Wide-range temperature specifications: |                         |      |
|                             |                   | -40 to +85 <sup>*3</sup>               |                         |      |
|                             |                   | Bare die product: +75 <sup>*4</sup>    |                         |      |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$         | -55 to +125                            | °C                      |      |

- Notes: 1. Permanent damage may result if maximum ratings are exceeded. Normal operation should be under the conditions specified in Electrical Characteristics. Exceeding these values can result in incorrect operation and reduced reliability.
2. When the operating voltage is  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  to 3.6 V during flash memory reading, the operating temperature ranges from -20°C to +75°C when programming or erasing the flash memory. When the operating voltage is  $V_{CC} = 2.2$  to 3.6 V during flash memory reading, the operating temperature ranges from -20°C to +50°C when programming or erasing the flash memory.
3. The operating temperature ranges from -20°C to +75°C when programming or erasing the flash memory.
4. The current-carrying temperature ranges from -20°C to +75°C.

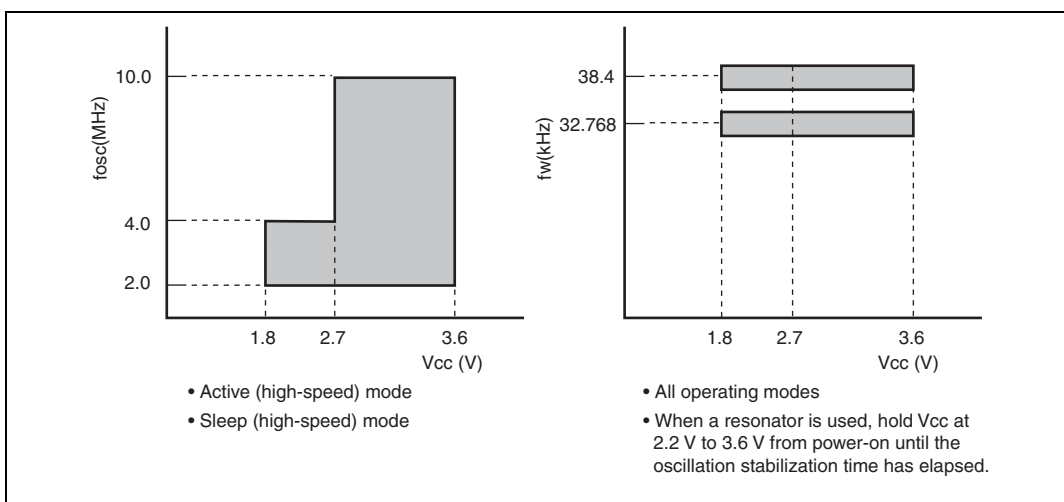
## 17.4 Electrical Characteristics of H8/38004 Group (F-ZTAT Version, Mask ROM Version), H8/38002S Group (Mask ROM Version)

### 17.4.1 Power Supply Voltage and Operating Ranges

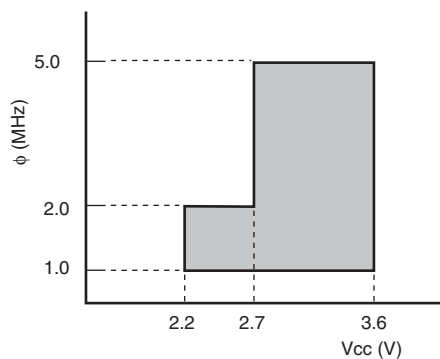
#### Power Supply Voltage and Oscillation Frequency Range (F-ZTAT Version)



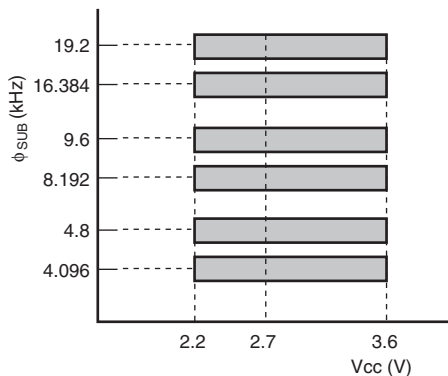
#### Power Supply Voltage and Oscillation Frequency Range (Mask ROM Version)



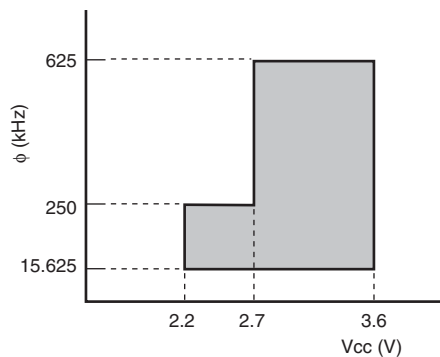
## Power Supply Voltage and Operating Frequency Range (F-ZTAT Version)



- Active (high-speed) mode
- Sleep (high-speed) mode (except CPU)

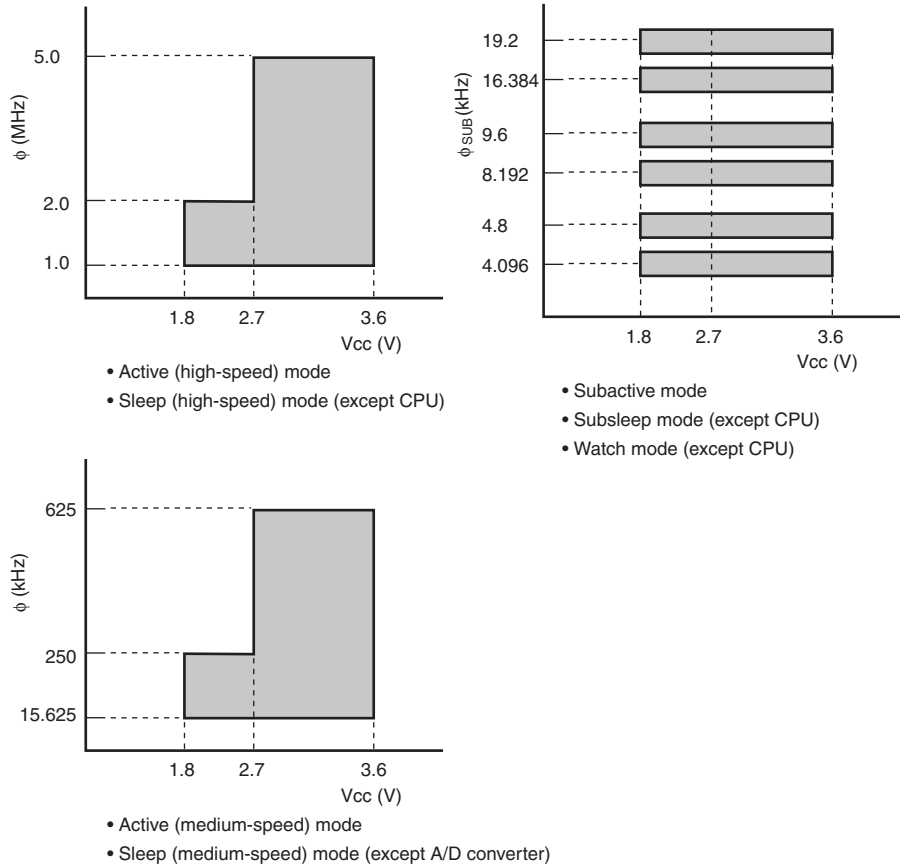


- Subactive mode
- Subsleep mode (except CPU)
- Watch mode (except CPU)

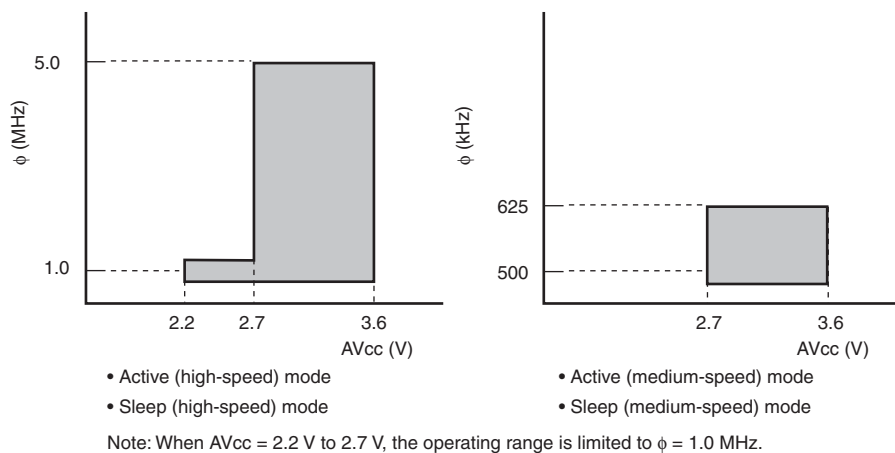


- Active (medium-speed) mode
- Sleep (medium-speed) mode (except A/D converter)

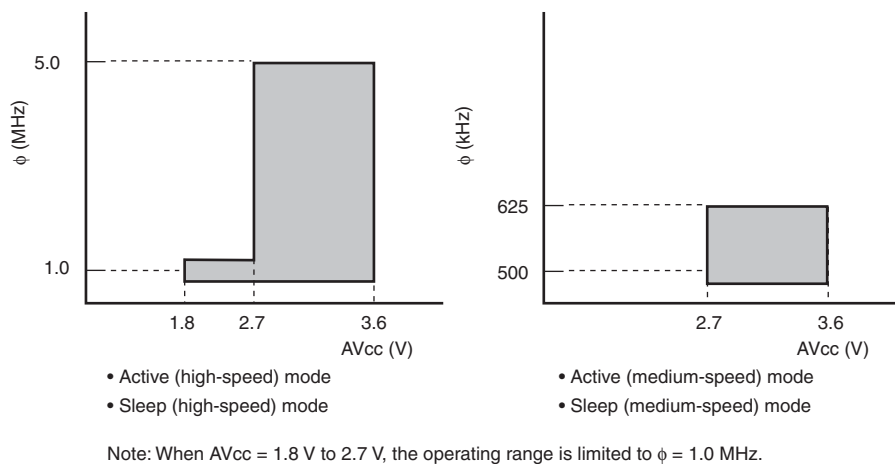
## Power Supply Voltage and Operating Frequency Range (Mask ROM Version)



## Analog Power Supply Voltage and A/D Converter Operating Range (F-ZTAT Version)



## Analog Power Supply Voltage and A/D Converter Operating Range (Mask ROM Version)



## 17.4.2 DC Characteristics

Table 17.8 lists the DC characteristics.

**Table 17.8 DC Characteristics**

One of following conditions is applied unless otherwise specified.

Condition A (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition B (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition C (Mask ROM version):  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

| Item               | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                            | Test Condition                             | Values              |     |                 | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----------------|------|-------|
|                    |          |                                                                                                            |                                            | Min                 | Typ | Max             |      |       |
| Input high voltage | $V_{IH}$ | $\overline{RES}$ ,<br>$\overline{WKP0}$ to $\overline{WKP7}$ ,<br>$\overline{IRQ0}$ , AEVL,<br>AEVH, SCK32 |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{IRQ1}$                                                                                          |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                    |          | RXD32                                                                                                      |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          | OSC1                                                                                                       |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          | X1                                                                                                         | $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P43,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3              |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          | PB0 to PB3                                                                                                 |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                    |          | IRQAEC, P95 <sup>*5</sup>                                                                                  |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |

| Item                | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                              | Test Condition            | Values         |     |                     | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----|---------------------|------|-------|
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                           | Min            | Typ | Max                 |      |       |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | RES,<br>WKP0 to WKP7,<br>IRQ0, IRQ1,<br>IRQAEC, P95 <sup>*5</sup> ,<br>AEVL, AEVH,<br>SCK32                  |                           | - 0.3          | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ | V    |       |
|                     |          | RXD32                                                                                                        |                           | - 0.3          | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ | V    |       |
|                     |          | OSC1                                                                                                         |                           | - 0.3          | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ | V    |       |
|                     |          | X1                                                                                                           |                           | - 0.3          | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ | V    |       |
|                     |          | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P43,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3,<br>PB0 to PB3 |                           | - 0.3          | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                           |                |     |                     |      |       |
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P42,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3                | $V_{CC} = 2.7$ V to 3.6 V | $V_{CC} - 1.0$ | —   | —                   | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $-I_{OH} = 1.0$ mA        |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $-I_{OH} = 0.1$ mA        | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | —   | —                   |      |       |
| Output low voltage  | $V_{OL}$ | P40 to P42,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3,<br>P31 to P37                | $I_{OL} = 0.4$ mA         | —              | —   | 0.5                 | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                           |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                           |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              |                           |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          | P90 to P95                                                                                                   | $V_{CC} = 2.2$ V to 3.6 V | —              | —   | 0.5                 |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $I_{OL} = 10.0$ mA        |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V to 3.6 V |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                              | $I_{OL} = 8.0$ mA         |                |     |                     |      |       |

| Item                            | Symbol     | Applicable Pins                                                                                                     | Test Condition                                                                | Values |     |      | Unit          | Notes                                                   |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
|                                 |            |                                                                                                                     |                                                                               | Min    | Typ | Max  |               |                                                         |
| Input/output leakage current    | $ I_{IL} $ | RES, P43, OSC1, X1, P31 to P37, P40 to P42, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80, IRQAEC, PA0 to PA3, P90 to P95 | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V to } V_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$                           | —      | —   | 1.0  | $\mu\text{A}$ |                                                         |
|                                 |            | PB0 to PB3                                                                                                          | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V to } AV_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$                          | —      | —   | 1.0  |               |                                                         |
| Pull-up MOS current             | $-I_p$     | P31 to P37, P50 to P57, P60 to P67                                                                                  | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}$                              | 30     | —   | 180  | $\mu\text{A}$ |                                                         |
| Input capacitance               | $C_{in}$   | All input pins except power supply pin                                                                              | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}, T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$           | —      | —   | 15.0 | $\text{pF}$   |                                                         |
| Active mode current consumption | $I_{OPE1}$ | $V_{CC}$                                                                                                            | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}, f_{OSC} = 2 \text{ MHz}$ | —      | 0.4 | —    | $\text{mA}$   | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times \text{Typ.}$ |
|                                 |            |                                                                                                                     | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}, f_{OSC} = 2 \text{ MHz}$   | —      | 0.6 | —    |               | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times \text{Typ.}$ |
|                                 |            |                                                                                                                     |                                                                               | —      | 1.0 | —    |               | *2*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times \text{Typ.}$ |
|                                 |            |                                                                                                                     | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}, f_{OSC} = 4 \text{ MHz}$   | —      | 1.2 | —    |               | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times \text{Typ.}$ |
|                                 |            |                                                                                                                     |                                                                               | —      | 1.6 | 2.8  |               | *2*3*4<br>Condition B                                   |

| Item                                                                                                        | Symbol            | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                               | Values      |      |                                 | Unit | Notes                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              | Min         | Typ  | Max                             |      |                                 |
| Active mode current consumption                                                                             | I <sub>OPE1</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | Active (high-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 10 MHz                              | —           | 3.1  | 6.0                             | mA   | *1*3*4                          |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              | —           | 3.6  | 6.0                             |      | *2*3*4                          |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              |             |      |                                 |      | Condition A                     |
|                                                                                                             | I <sub>OPE2</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 2 MHz,<br>ϕ <sub>OSC</sub> /128 | —           | 0.06 | —                               |      | *1*3*4                          |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              |             |      |                                 |      | Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ. |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 2 MHz,<br>ϕ <sub>OSC</sub> /128   | —           | 0.1  | —                               |      | *1*3*4                          |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              |             |      |                                 |      | Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ. |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              | —           | 0.5  | —                               |      | *2*3*4                          |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              |             |      | Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ. |      |                                 |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 4 MHz,<br>ϕ <sub>OSC</sub> /128   | —           | 0.2  | —                               |      | *1*3*4                          |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              |             |      | Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ. |      |                                 |
|                                                                                                             | —                 | 0.7             | 1.3                                                                                                          | *2*3*4      |      |                                 |      |                                 |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 | Condition B                                                                                                  |             |      |                                 |      |                                 |
| Active (medium-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 10 MHz,<br>ϕ <sub>OSC</sub> /128 | —                 | 0.6             | 1.8                                                                                                          | *1*3*4      |      |                                 |      |                                 |
|                                                                                                             | —                 | 1.0             | 1.8                                                                                                          | *2*3*4      |      |                                 |      |                                 |
|                                                                                                             |                   |                 |                                                                                                              | Condition A |      |                                 |      |                                 |

| Item                               | Symbol             | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                                               | Values |      |     | Unit          | Notes                                            |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|-----|---------------|--------------------------------------------------|
|                                    |                    |                 |                                                                                                                              | Min    | Typ  | Max |               |                                                  |
| Sleep mode current consumption     | $I_{\text{SLEEP}}$ | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | $V_{\text{CC}} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 2 \text{ MHz}$                                                        | —      | 0.16 | —   | mA            | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times$ Typ. |
|                                    |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 2 \text{ MHz}$                                                          | —      | 0.3  | —   |               | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times$ Typ. |
|                                    |                    |                 |                                                                                                                              | —      | 0.6  | —   |               | *2*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times$ Typ. |
|                                    |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 4 \text{ MHz}$                                                          | —      | 0.5  | —   | mA            | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = $1.1 \times$ Typ. |
|                                    |                    |                 |                                                                                                                              | —      | 0.9  | 2.2 |               | *2*3*4<br>Condition B                            |
|                                    |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 10 \text{ MHz}$                                                         | —      | 1.3  | 4.8 |               | *1*3*4<br>Condition A                            |
| Subactive mode current consumption | $I_{\text{SUB}}$   | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | $V_{\text{CC}} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz External Clock<br>( $\phi_{\text{SUB}} = \phi_{\text{W}}/2$ )             | —      | 6.2  | —   | $\mu\text{A}$ | *1*3*4<br>Reference value                        |
|                                    |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{\text{SUB}} = \phi_{\text{W}}/2$ ) | —      | 5.4  | —   |               |                                                  |
|                                    |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{\text{SUB}} = \phi_{\text{W}}/8$ ) | —      | 4.4  | —   |               | *1*3*4<br>Reference value                        |
|                                    |                    |                 |                                                                                                                              | —      | 8.0  | —   |               | *2*3*4<br>Reference value                        |

| Item                               | Symbol      | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                            | Values |     |     | Unit          | Notes                      |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------|----------------------------|
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                           | Min    | Typ | Max |               |                            |
| Subactive mode current consumption | $I_{SUB}$   | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz<br>External Clock<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )               | —      | 10  | 40  | $\mu\text{A}$ | *1**3*4                    |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )      | —      | 11  | 40  |               |                            |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz<br>External Clock<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )               | —      | 28  | 50  |               |                            |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )      | —      | 25  | 50  |               |                            |
| Subsleep mode current consumption  | $I_{SUBSP}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz<br>External Clock<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )               | —      | 4.6 | 16  | $\mu\text{A}$ | *3*4                       |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )      | —      | 5.1 | 16  |               |                            |
| Watch mode current consumption     | $I_{WATCH}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz External Clock<br>LCD not used          | —      | 1.2 | —   | $\mu\text{A}$ | *1**3*4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used | —      | 0.6 | —   |               |                            |

| Item                                   | Symbol          | Applicable Pins           | Test Condition                                                                                            | Values |     |      | Unit          | Notes                     |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|---------------|---------------------------|
|                                        |                 |                           |                                                                                                           | Min    | Typ | Max  |               |                           |
| Watch mode current consumption         | $I_{WATCH}$     | $V_{CC}$                  | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz External Clock<br>LCD not used          | —      | 2.0 | —    | $\mu\text{A}$ | *3*4<br>Reference value   |
|                                        |                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used | —      | 2.9 | —    |               |                           |
|                                        |                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>32-kHz External Clock<br>LCD not used                                        | —      | 2.0 | 6.0  |               | *3*4                      |
|                                        |                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used                               | —      | 2.9 | 6.0  |               |                           |
| Standby mode current consumption       | $I_{STBY}$      | $V_{CC}$                  | $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator not used              | —      | 0.1 | —    | $\mu\text{A}$ | *1*3*4<br>Reference value |
|                                        |                 |                           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator not used              | —      | 0.3 | —    |               | *3*4<br>Reference value   |
|                                        |                 |                           | 32-kHz crystal resonator not used                                                                         | —      | 1.0 | 5.0  |               | *3*4                      |
| RAM data retaining voltage             | $V_{RAM}$       | $V_{CC}$                  |                                                                                                           | 1.5    | —   | —    | V             |                           |
| Allowable output low current (per pin) | $I_{OL}$        | Output pins except port 9 |                                                                                                           | —      | —   | 0.5  | mA            |                           |
|                                        |                 | P90 to P95                | $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$                                                                   | —      | —   | 10.0 |               |                           |
|                                        |                 | Other than above          |                                                                                                           | —      | —   | 8.0  |               |                           |
| Allowable output low current (total)   | $\Sigma I_{OL}$ | Output pins except port 9 |                                                                                                           | —      | —   | 20.0 | mA            |                           |
|                                        |                 | Port 9                    |                                                                                                           | —      | —   | 60.0 |               |                           |

| Item                                    | Symbol           | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                             | Values |     |      | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|------|-------|
|                                         |                  |                 |                                            | Min    | Typ | Max  |      |       |
| Allowable output high current (per pin) | $-I_{OH}$        | All output pins | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 2.0  | mA   |       |
|                                         |                  |                 | Other than above                           | —      | —   | 0.2  |      |       |
| Allowable output high current (total)   | $\Sigma -I_{OH}$ | All output pins |                                            | —      | —   | 10.0 | mA   |       |

Notes: Connect the TEST pin to  $V_{SS}$ .

1. Applies to the mask-ROM version.
2. Applies to the F-ZTAT version.
3. Pin states when current consumption is measured

| Mode                                      | $\overline{RES}$ Pin | Internal State                               | Other Pins | LCD Power Supply | Oscillator Pins                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Active (high-speed) mode ( $I_{OPE1}$ )   | $V_{CC}$             | Only CPU operates                            | $V_{CC}$   | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator<br><br>Subclock:<br>Pin X1 = GND  |
| Active (medium-speed) mode ( $I_{OPE2}$ ) |                      |                                              |            |                  |                                                                      |
| Sleep mode                                | $V_{CC}$             | Only all on-chip timers operate              | $V_{CC}$   | Stops            |                                                                      |
| Subactive mode                            | $V_{CC}$             | Only CPU operates                            | $V_{CC}$   | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator<br>Subclock:<br>crystal resonator |
| Subsleep mode                             | $V_{CC}$             | Only all on-chip timers operate<br>CPU stops | $V_{CC}$   | Stops            |                                                                      |
| Watch mode                                | $V_{CC}$             | Only clock time base operates<br>CPU stops   | $V_{CC}$   | Stops            |                                                                      |
| Standby mode                              | $V_{CC}$             | CPU and timers both stop                     | $V_{CC}$   | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator<br><br>Subclock:<br>Pin X1 = GND  |

Notes: 4. Except current which flows to the pull-up MOS or output buffer

5. Used when user mode or boot mode is determined after canceling a reset in the F-ZTAT version

### 17.4.3 AC Characteristics

Table 17.9 lists the control signal timing and table 17.10 lists the serial interface timing.

**Table 17.9 Control Signal Timing**

One of following conditions is applied unless otherwise specified.

Condition A (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition B (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition C (Mask ROM version):  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

| Item                                  | Symbol       | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                   | Values |                |      | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                       |              |                 |                                                                  | Min    | Typ            | Max  |                           |                  |
| System clock oscillation frequency    | $f_{OSC}$    | OSC1, OSC2      | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ in conditions A and C | 2.0    | —              | 10.0 | MHz                       |                  |
|                                       |              |                 | Other than above in condition C and condition B                  | 2.0    | —              | 4.0  |                           |                  |
| OSC clock ( $\phi_{OSC}$ ) cycle time | $t_{OSC}$    | OSC1, OSC2      | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ in conditions A and C | 100    | —              | 500  | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                                       |              |                 | Other than above in condition C and condition B                  | 250    | —              | 500  |                           |                  |
| System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time    | $t_{cyc}$    |                 |                                                                  | 2      | —              | 128  | $t_{OSC}$                 |                  |
|                                       |              |                 |                                                                  | —      | —              | 64   | $\mu\text{s}$             |                  |
| Subclock oscillation frequency        | $f_W$        | X1, X2          |                                                                  | —      | 32.768 or 38.4 | —    | kHz                       |                  |
| Watch clock ( $\phi_W$ ) cycle time   | $t_W$        | X1, X2          |                                                                  | —      | 30.5 or 26.0   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$             | Figure 17.2      |
| Subclock ( $\phi_{SUB}$ ) cycle time  | $t_{subcyc}$ |                 |                                                                  | 2      | —              | 8    | $t_W$                     | *                |
| Instruction cycle time                |              |                 |                                                                  | 2      | —              | —    | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ |                  |

| Item                              | Symbol   | Applicable<br>Pins | Test Condition                                                                                                                   | Values |     |     | Unit          | Reference<br>Figure |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------|---------------------|
|                                   |          |                    |                                                                                                                                  | Min    | Typ | Max |               |                     |
| Oscillation<br>stabilization time | $t_{rc}$ | OSC1,<br>OSC2      | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$<br>when using crystal<br>resonator in figure<br>17.9                                  | —      | 0.8 | 2.0 | ms            | Figure 17.9         |
|                                   |          |                    | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$<br>when using crystal<br>resonator in figure<br>17.8 and in<br>conditions B and C     | —      | 1.2 | 3.0 |               |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | Other than above in<br>condition C and<br>when using crystal<br>resonator in figure<br>17.8                                      | —      | 4.0 | —   |               |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$<br>when using ceramic<br>resonator in figure<br>17.8 and in<br>conditions A and C     | —      | 20  | 45  | $\mu\text{s}$ |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$<br>when using ceramic<br>resonator (1) in<br>figure 17.8 and in<br>conditions B and C | —      | 20  | 45  |               |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | Other than above in<br>condition C and<br>when using ceramic<br>resonator (1) in<br>figure 17.8                                  | —      | 80  | —   |               |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | Other than above                                                                                                                 | —      | —   | 50  | ms            |                     |
|                                   |          |                    |                                                                                                                                  |        |     |     |               |                     |
|                                   | $t_{rc}$ | X1, X2             | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                                                                                       | —      | —   | 2.0 | s             |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$<br>and in conditions B<br>and C                                                       | —      | —   | 2.0 |               |                     |
|                                   |          |                    | Other than above in<br>condition C                                                                                               | —      | 4.0 | —   |               |                     |

| Item                      | Symbol    | Applicable Pins                   | Test Condition                                                   | Values |                |      | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                           |           |                                   |                                                                  | Min    | Typ            | Max  |                           |                  |
| External clock high width | $t_{CPH}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ in conditions A and C | 40     | —              | —    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above in condition C and condition B                  | 100    | —              | —    |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                                                  | —      | 15.26 or 13.02 | —    | $\mu\text{s}$             |                  |
| External clock low width  | $t_{CPL}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ in conditions A and C | 40     | —              | —    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above in condition C and condition B                  | 100    | —              | —    |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                                                  | —      | 15.26 or 13.02 | —    | $\mu\text{s}$             |                  |
| External clock rise time  | $t_{CPr}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ in conditions A and C | —      | —              | 10   | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above in condition C and condition B                  | —      | —              | 25   |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                                                  | —      | —              | 55.0 | ns                        |                  |
| External clock fall time  | $t_{CPf}$ | OSC1                              | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ in conditions A and C | —      | —              | 10   | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                           |           |                                   | Other than above in condition C and condition B                  | —      | —              | 25   |                           |                  |
|                           |           | X1                                |                                                                  | —      | —              | 55.0 | ns                        |                  |
| RES pin low width         | $t_{REL}$ | RES                               |                                                                  | 10     | —              | —    | $t_{cyc}$                 | Figure 17.3      |
| Input pin high width      | $t_{IH}$  | IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQAEC, WKP0 to WKP7, |                                                                  | 2      | —              | —    | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.4      |
|                           |           | AEVL, AEVH                        |                                                                  | 0.5    | —              | —    | $t_{osc}$                 |                  |

| Item                | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                                 | Test Condition | Values |     |     | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------|
|                     |          |                                                                                                                 |                | Min    | Typ | Max |                           |                  |
| Input pin low width | $t_{IL}$ | $\overline{IRQ0}$ , $\overline{IRQ1}$ ,<br>$\overline{IRQAEC}$ ,<br>$\overline{WKP0}$ to<br>$\overline{WKP7}$ , |                | 2      | —   | —   | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.4      |
|                     |          | AEVL, AEVH                                                                                                      |                | 0.5    | —   | —   | $t_{OSC}$                 |                  |

Note: \* Determined by the SA1 and SA0 bits in the system control register 2 (SYSCR2).

**Table 17.10 Serial Interface (SCI3) Timing**

One of following conditions is applied unless otherwise specified.

Condition A (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition B (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition C (Mask ROM version):  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

| Item                                           | Symbol              | Test Condition | Values |     |     | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                                |                     |                | Min    | Typ | Max |                           |                  |
| Input clock cycle                              | Asynchronous        | $t_{scyc}$     | 4      | —   | —   | $t_{cyc}$ or $t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.5      |
|                                                | Clocked synchronous |                | 6      | —   | —   |                           |                  |
| Input clock pulse width                        | $t_{SCKW}$          |                | 0.4    | —   | 0.6 | $t_{scyc}$                | Figure 17.5      |
| Transmit data delay time (clocked synchronous) | $t_{TXD}$           |                | —      | —   | 1   | $t_{cyc}$ or $t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.6      |
| Receive data setup time (clocked synchronous)  | $t_{RXS}$           |                | 400.0  | —   | —   | ns                        | Figure 17.6      |
| Receive data hold time (clocked synchronous)   | $t_{RXH}$           |                | 400.0  | —   | —   | ns                        | Figure 17.6      |

### 17.4.4 A/D Converter Characteristics

Table 17.11 shows the A/D converter characteristics.

**Table 17.11 A/D Converter Characteristics**

One of following conditions is applied unless otherwise specified.

Condition A (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition B (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition C (Mask ROM version):  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

| Item                              | Symbol       | Applicable Test Pins | Condition                 | Values |     |                           | Unit          | Reference Figure      |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|                                   |              |                      |                           | Min    | Typ | Max                       |               |                       |
| Analog power supply voltage       | $AV_{CC}$    | $AV_{CC}$            | Condition A               | 2.7    | —   | 3.6                       | V             | *1                    |
|                                   |              |                      | Condition B               | 2.2    | —   | 3.6                       |               |                       |
|                                   |              |                      | Condition C               | 1.8    | —   | 3.6                       |               |                       |
| Analog input voltage              | $AV_{IN}$    | AN0 to AN3           |                           | -0.3   | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ | V             |                       |
| Analog power supply current       | $AI_{OPE}$   | $AV_{CC}$            | $AV_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 1.0                       | mA            | *2<br>Reference value |
|                                   | $AI_{STOP1}$ | $AV_{CC}$            |                           | —      | 600 | —                         | $\mu\text{A}$ |                       |
|                                   | $AI_{STOP2}$ | $AV_{CC}$            |                           | —      | —   | 5.0                       | $\mu\text{A}$ |                       |
| Analog input capacitance          | $C_{AIN}$    | AN0 to AN3           |                           | —      | —   | 15.0                      | pF            |                       |
| Allowable signal source impedance | $R_{AIN}$    |                      |                           | —      | —   | 10.0                      | k $\Omega$    |                       |
| Resolution (data length)          |              |                      |                           | —      | —   | 10                        | bit           |                       |

| Item               | Symbol | Applicable Test Pins | Test Condition                                                                                                          | Values |           |           | Unit          | Reference Figure |
|--------------------|--------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|---------------|------------------|
|                    |        |                      |                                                                                                                         | Min    | Typ       | Max       |               |                  |
| Nonlinearity error |        |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$                                                                              | —      | —         | $\pm 3.5$ | LSB           |                  |
|                    |        |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$ in condition B,<br>$AV_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$ in condition C | —      | —         | $\pm 5.5$ |               |                  |
|                    |        |                      | Other than above in condition C                                                                                         | —      | —         | $\pm 7.5$ |               | *4               |
| Quantization error |        |                      |                                                                                                                         | —      | —         | $\pm 0.5$ | LSB           |                  |
| Absolute accuracy  |        |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$                                                                              | —      | $\pm 2.0$ | $\pm 4.0$ | LSB           |                  |
|                    |        |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$ in condition B,<br>$AV_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$ in condition C | —      | $\pm 2.5$ | $\pm 6.0$ |               |                  |
|                    |        |                      | Other than above in condition C                                                                                         | —      | $\pm 2.5$ | $\pm 8.0$ |               | *4               |
| Conversion time    |        |                      | $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$                                                                              | 12.4   | —         | 124       | $\mu\text{s}$ |                  |
|                    |        |                      | Other than above                                                                                                        | 62     | —         | 124       |               |                  |

- Notes:
1. Set  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$  when the A/D converter is not used.
  2.  $AI_{STOP1}$  is the current in active and sleep modes while the A/D converter is idle.
  3.  $AI_{STOP2}$  is the current at reset and in standby, watch, subactive, and subsleep modes while the A/D converter is idle.
  4. The conversion time is  $62\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ .

### 17.4.5 LCD Characteristics

Table 17.12 shows the LCD characteristics.

**Table 17.12 LCD Characteristics**

One of following conditions is applied unless otherwise specified.

Condition A (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$

Condition B (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$

Condition C (Mask ROM version):  $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$

| Item                              | Symbol    | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                      | Values |     |     | Unit      | Reference Figure |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----------|------------------|
|                                   |           |                 |                                                                     | Min    | Typ | Max |           |                  |
| Segment driver step-down voltage  | $V_{DS}$  | SEG1 to SEG25   | $I_D = 2\text{ }\mu\text{A}$<br>$V1 = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 0.6 | V         | *1               |
| Common driver step-down voltage   | $V_{DC}$  | COM1 to COM4    | $I_D = 2\text{ }\mu\text{A}$<br>$V1 = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 0.3 | V         | *1               |
| LCD power supply split-resistance | $R_{LCD}$ |                 | Between V1 and $V_{SS}$                                             | 1.5    | 3.0 | 7.0 | $M\Omega$ |                  |
| Liquid crystal display voltage    | $V_{LCD}$ | V1              |                                                                     | 2.2    | —   | 3.6 | V         | *2               |

Notes: 1. The voltage step-down from power supply pins V1, V2, V3, and  $V_{SS}$  to each segment pin or common pin.

2. When the liquid crystal display voltage is supplied from an external power supply, ensure that the following relationship is maintained:  $V_{CC} \geq V1 \geq V2 \geq V3 \geq V_{SS}$ .

## 17.4.6 Flash Memory Characteristics

**Table 17.13 Flash Memory Characteristics**

Condition A:  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$  (range of operating voltage when reading),  $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$  (range of operating voltage when programming/erasing),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to }+75^\circ\text{C}$  (range of operating temperature when programming/erasing: product with regular specifications, product with wide-range temperature specifications, bare die product)

Condition B:  $AV_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$  (range of operating voltage when reading),  $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$  (range of operating voltage when programming/erasing),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to }+50^\circ\text{C}$  (range of operating temperature when programming/erasing: product with regular specifications)

| Item                                                      | Symbol                                        | Test Conditions | Values                 |                     |      | Unit              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|
|                                                           |                                               |                 | Min                    | Typ                 | Max  |                   |
| Programming time <sup>*1*2*4</sup>                        | $t_p$                                         |                 | —                      | 7                   | 200  | ms/<br>128 bytes  |
| Erase time <sup>*1*3*5</sup>                              | $t_E$                                         |                 | —                      | 100                 | 1200 | ms/<br>block      |
| Reprogramming count                                       | $N_{WEC}$                                     |                 | 1000 <sup>*8</sup>     | 10000 <sup>*9</sup> | —    | times             |
| Data retain period                                        | $t_{DRP}$                                     |                 | 10 <sup>*10</sup>      | —                   | —    | year              |
| Programming Wait time after SWE-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | x                                             |                 | 1                      | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |
|                                                           | Wait time after PSU-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | y               | 50                     | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |
|                                                           | Wait time after P-bit setting <sup>*1*4</sup> | z1              | $1 \leq n \leq 6$      | 28                  | 30   | 32 $\mu\text{s}$  |
|                                                           |                                               | z2              | $7 \leq n \leq 1000$   | 198                 | 200  | 202 $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                                                           |                                               | z3              | Additional programming | 8                   | 10   | 12 $\mu\text{s}$  |
|                                                           | Wait time after P-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>     | $\alpha$        | 5                      | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |
|                                                           | Wait time after PSU-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | $\beta$         | 5                      | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |
|                                                           | Wait time after PV-bit setting <sup>*1</sup>  | $\gamma$        | 4                      | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |
|                                                           | Wait time after dummy write <sup>*1</sup>     | $\varepsilon$   | 2                      | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |
| Wait time after PV-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>                | $\eta$                                        |                 | 2                      | —                   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$     |

| Item        |                                               | Symbol        | Test Conditions | Values |     |      | Unit          |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|-----|------|---------------|
|             |                                               |               |                 | Min    | Typ | Max  |               |
| Programming | Wait time after SWE-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | $\theta$      |                 | 100    | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Maximum programming count <sup>*1*4*5</sup>   | N             |                 | —      | —   | 1000 | times         |
| Erase       | Wait time after SWE-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | x             |                 | 1      | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after ESU-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | y             |                 | 100    | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after E-bit setting <sup>*1*6</sup> | z             |                 | 10     | —   | 100  | ms            |
|             | Wait time after E-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>     | $\alpha$      |                 | 10     | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after ESU-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | $\beta$       |                 | 10     | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after EV-bit setting <sup>*1</sup>  | $\gamma$      |                 | 20     | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after dummy write <sup>*1</sup>     | $\varepsilon$ |                 | 2      | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after EV-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>    | $\eta$        |                 | 4      | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Wait time after SWE-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | $\theta$      |                 | 100    | —   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|             | Maximum erase count <sup>*1*6*7</sup>         | N             |                 | —      | —   | 120  | times         |

- Notes:
- Set the times according to the program/erase algorithms.
  - Programming time per 128 bytes (Shows the total period for which the P bit in FLMCR1 is set. It does not include the programming verification time.)
  - Block erase time (Shows the total period for which the E bit in FLMCR1 is set. It does not include the erase verification time.)
  - Maximum programming time ( $t_p$  (max))  
 $t_p$  (max) = Wait time after P-bit setting (z) • maximum number of writes (N)
  - The maximum number of writes (N) should be set according to the actual set value of z1, z2, and z3 to allow programming within the maximum programming time ( $t_p$  (max)).  
 The wait time after P-bit setting (z1 and z2) should be alternated according to the number of writes (n) as follows:  
 $1 \leq n \leq 6$       z1 = 30  $\mu\text{s}$   
 $7 \leq n \leq 1000$       z2 = 200  $\mu\text{s}$
  - Maximum erase time ( $t_e$  (max))  
 $t_e$  (max) = Wait time after E-bit setting (z) • maximum erase count (N)
  - The maximum number of erases (N) should be set according to the actual set value of z to allow erasing within the maximum erase time ( $t_e$  (max)).
  - This minimum value guarantees all characteristics after reprogramming (the guaranteed range is from 1 to the minimum value).

9. Reference value when the temperature is 25°C (normally reprogramming will be performed by this count).
10. This is a data retain characteristic when reprogramming is performed within the specification range including this minimum value.

### 17.4.7 Power Supply Characteristics

**Table 17.14 Power Supply Characteristics**

One of following conditions is applied unless otherwise specified.

Condition A (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

Condition B (F-ZTAT version):  $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ ,  
 $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$

| Item                         | Symbol        | Applicable Pins | Test Condition | Values |     |     | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|------|-------|
|                              |               |                 |                | Min    | Typ | Max |      |       |
| Power supply startup voltage | $V_{CCSTART}$ | $V_{CC}$        |                | 0      | —   | 0.1 | V    | *1*2  |
| Power supply startup slope   | $SV_{CC}$     | $V_{CC}$        |                | 0.05   | —   | —   | V/ms | *1*2  |

- Notes:
1. This LSI may not start normally when it starts with the condition beyond specification shown in above (Refer to figure 17.1 for power supply voltage startup time.).
  2. Applies to the F-ZTAT version.

## 17.5 Absolute Maximum Ratings of H8/38104 Group (F-ZTAT Version, Mask ROM Version)

Table 17.15 lists the absolute maximum ratings.

**Table 17.15 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

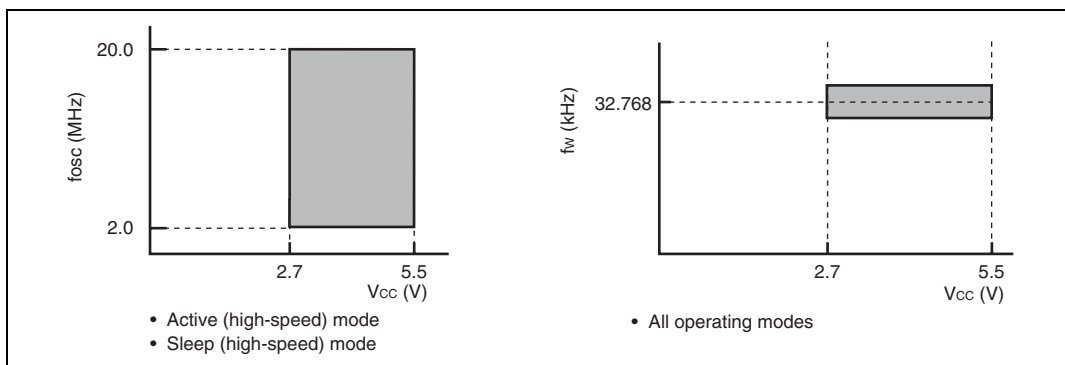
| Item                        | Symbol            | Value                                                                 | Unit                    | Note |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage        | $V_{CC}$          | -0.3 to +7.0                                                          | V                       | *1   |
|                             | $CV_{CC}$         | -0.3 to +4.3                                                          | V                       |      |
| Analog power supply voltage | $AV_{CC}$         | -0.3 to +7.0                                                          | V                       |      |
| Input voltage               | Other than port B | $V_{in}$                                                              | -0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |
|                             | Port B            | $AV_{in}$                                                             | -0.3 to $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |
| Port 9 pin voltage          | $V_{P9}$          | -0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$                                                | V                       |      |
| Operating temperature       | $T_{opr}$         | Regular specifications:<br>-20 to +75 <sup>*2</sup>                   | °C                      |      |
|                             |                   | Wide-range temperature<br>specifications:<br>-40 to +85 <sup>*2</sup> |                         |      |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$         | -55 to +125                                                           | °C                      |      |

- Notes: 1. Permanent damage may result if maximum ratings are exceeded. Normal operation should be under the conditions specified in Electrical Characteristics. Exceeding these values can result in incorrect operation and reduced reliability.
2. The operating temperature ranges from -20°C to +75°C when programming or erasing the flash memory.

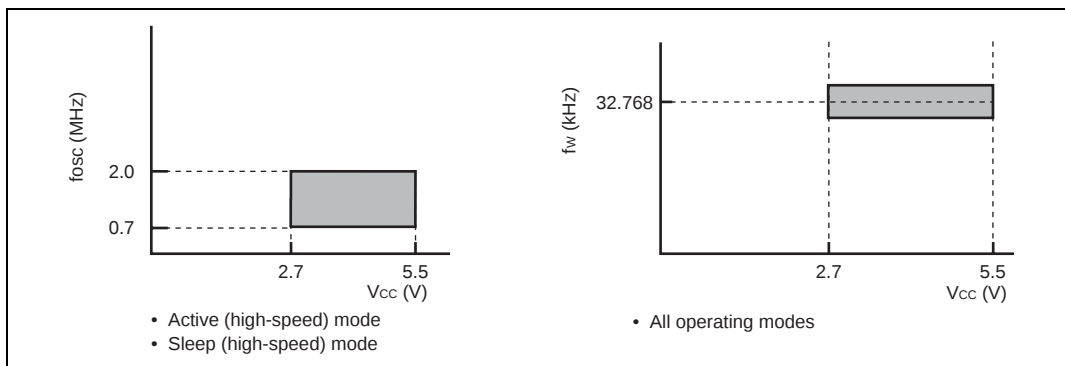
## 17.6 Electrical Characteristics of H8/38104 Group (F-ZTAT Version, Mask ROM Version)

### 17.6.1 Power Supply Voltage and Operating Ranges

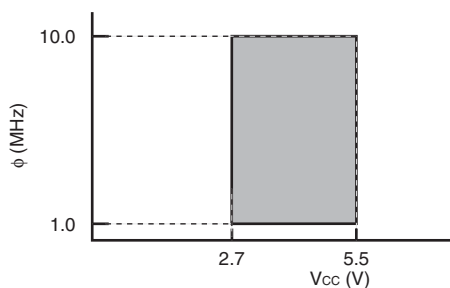
#### Power Supply Voltage and Oscillation Frequency Range (System Clock Oscillator Selected)



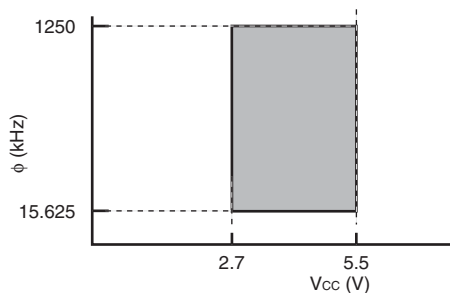
#### Power Supply Voltage and Oscillation Frequency Range (On-Chip Oscillator Selected)



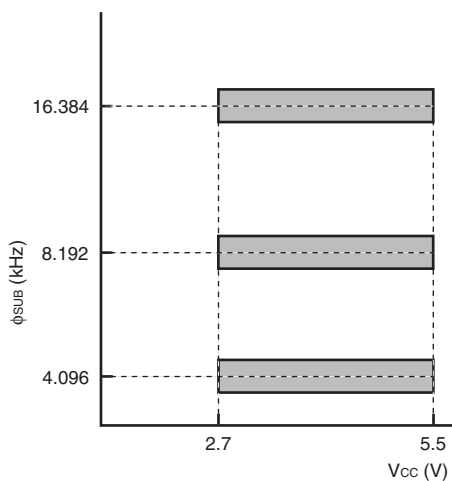
## Power Supply Voltage and Operating Frequency Range (System Clock Oscillator Selected)



- Active (high-speed) mode
- Sleep (high-speed) mode (except CPU)

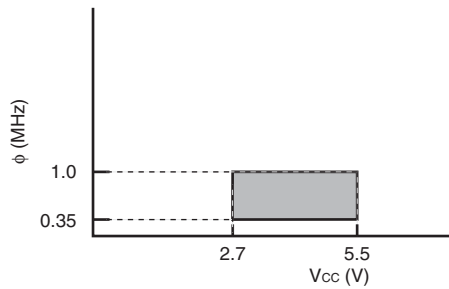


- Active (medium-speed) mode
- Sleep (medium-speed) mode (except A/D converter)

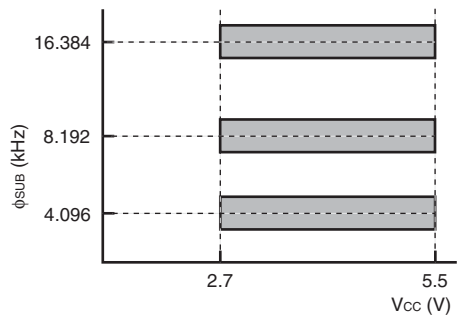


- Subactive mode
- Subsleep mode (except CPU)
- Watch mode (except CPU)

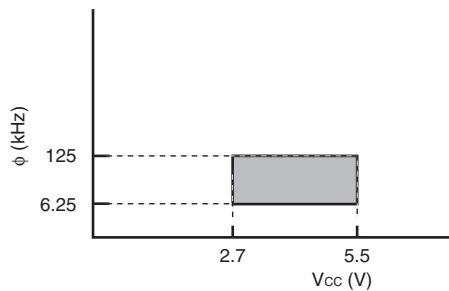
# Power Supply Voltage and Operating Frequency Range (On-Chip Oscillator Selected)



- Active (high-speed) mode
- Sleep (high-speed) mode (except CPU)

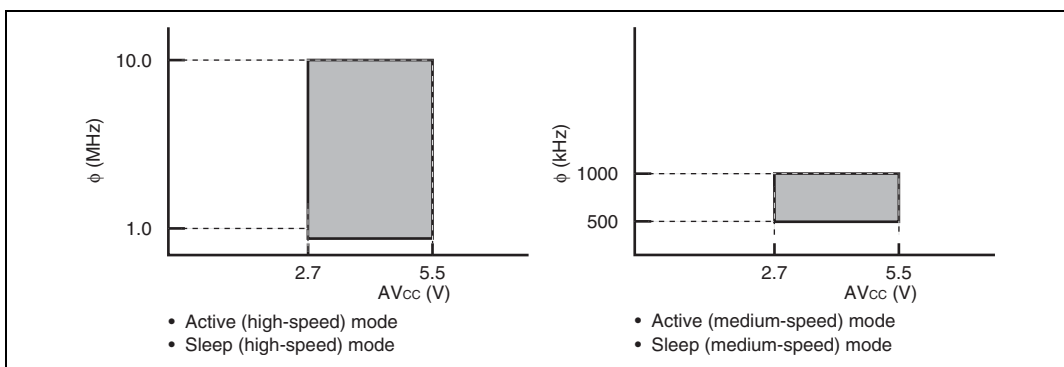


- Subactive mode
- Subsleep mode (except CPU)
- Watch mode (except CPU)

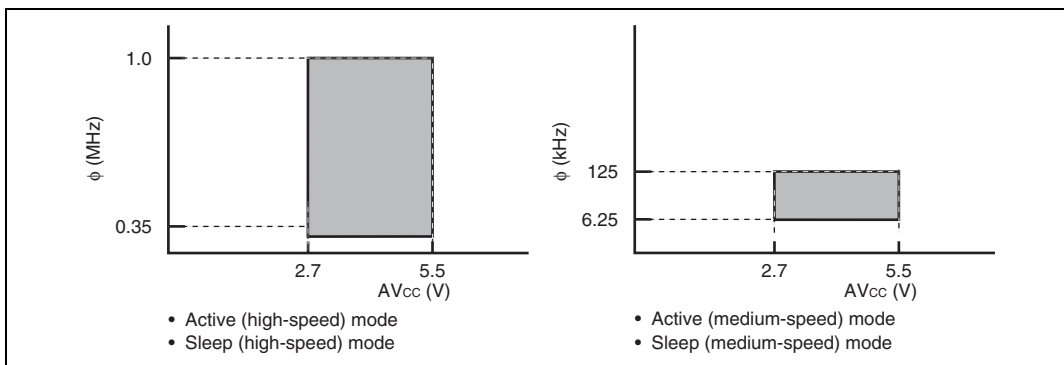


- Active (medium-speed) mode
- Sleep (medium-speed) mode (except A/D converter)

### Analog Power Supply Voltage and A/D Converter Operating Range (System Clock Oscillator Selected)



### Analog Power Supply Voltage and A/D Converter Operating Range (On-Chip Oscillator Selected)



## 17.6.2 DC Characteristics

Table 17.16 lists the DC characteristics.

**Table 17.16 DC Characteristics (1)**

$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item               | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                                               | Test Condition                          | Values              |     |                 | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----------------|------|-------|
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               |                                         | Min                 | Typ | Max             |      |       |
| Input high voltage | $V_{IH}$ | $\overline{RES}$ ,<br>$\overline{WKPO}$ to $\overline{WKP7}$ ,<br>$\overline{IRQ0}$ , $AEVL$ ,<br>$AEVH$ , $SCK32$            | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $\overline{IRQ1}$                                                                                                             | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ |      |       |
|                    |          | $RXD32$                                                                                                                       | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $OSC1$                                                                                                                        | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $P31$ to $P37$ ,<br>$P40$ to $P43$ ,<br>$P50$ to $P57$ ,<br>$P60$ to $P67$ ,<br>$P70$ to $P77$ ,<br>$P80$ ,<br>$PA0$ to $PA3$ | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                    |          | $PB0$ to $PB3$                                                                                                                | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ |      |       |
|                    |          | $IRQAEC$ , $P95^{*5}$                                                                                                         | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                    |          |                                                                                                                               | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |

Note: Connect the TEST pin to  $V_{SS}$ .

**Table 17.16 DC Characteristics (2)**

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                                                | Test Condition                              | Values         |     |                     | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|-----|---------------------|------|-------|
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                |                                             | Min            | Typ | Max                 |      |       |
| Input low voltage   | $V_{IL}$ | $\overline{RES}$ ,<br>$\overline{WKP0}$ to $\overline{WKP7}$ ,<br>$\overline{IRQ0}$ , $\overline{IRQ1}$ ,<br>$\overline{IRQAEC}$ , P95 <sup>*5</sup> ,<br>AEVL, AEVH,<br>SCK32 | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ |      |       |
|                     |          | RXD32                                                                                                                                                                          | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ |      |       |
|                     |          | OSC1                                                                                                                                                                           | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.1$ |      |       |
|                     |          | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P43,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3,<br>PB0 to PB3                                                                   | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.3$ | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | Other than above                            | -0.3           | —   | $V_{CC} \times 0.2$ |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                |                                             |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                |                                             |                |     |                     |      |       |
| Output high voltage | $V_{OH}$ | P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P42,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3                                                                                  | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} - 1.0$ | —   | —                   | V    |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | $-I_{OH} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$                  |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.5$ | —   | —                   |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | $-I_{OH} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$                  |                |     |                     |      |       |
|                     |          |                                                                                                                                                                                | $-I_{OH} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$                  | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | —   | —                   |      |       |

**Table 17.16 DC Characteristics (3)**

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                                       | Symbol                    | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                    | Test Condition                                        | Values                                     |     |     | Unit          | Notes              |     |  |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|--------------------|-----|--|
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       | Min                                        | Typ | Max |               |                    |     |  |
| Output low voltage                         | $V_{OL}$                  | P40 to P42                                                                                                                                         | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$            | —                                          | —   | 0.6 | V             |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           | P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80,<br>PA0 to PA3                                                                                    | $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$                             | —                                          | —   | 0.5 |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    | $I_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$                             |                                            |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           | P31 to P37                                                                                                                                         | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$            | —                                          | —   | 1.0 |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    | $I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$                              | —                                          | —   | 0.6 |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$            |                                            |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    | $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$                             |                                            |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           | P90 to P93, P95                                                                                                                                    | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$            | —                                          | —   | 0.5 |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       | $I_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$                  |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$            | —                                          | —   | 1.5 |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       | $I_{OL} = 15 \text{ mA}$                   | —   | —   |               |                    | 1.0 |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       | $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       | $I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$                   | —   | —   |               |                    | 0.8 |  |
| $V_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       |                                            |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
| $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$                    |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       |                                            |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
| $I_{OL} = 5 \text{ mA}$                    | —                         | —                                                                                                                                                  |                                                       | 1.0                                        |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            | $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$ | —                                                                                                                                                  | —                                                     | 0.6                                        |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            | $I_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$ | —                                                                                                                                                  | —                                                     | 0.5                                        |     |     |               |                    |     |  |
| Input/<br>output<br>leakage<br>current     | $ I_{IL} $                | RES, P43<br>OSC1, X1,<br>P31 to P37,<br>P40 to P42,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77,<br>P80, IRQAEC,<br>PA0 to PA3,<br>P90 to P93, P95 | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V to } V_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$   | —                                          | —   | 1.0 | $\mu\text{A}$ |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           | PB0 to PB3                                                                                                                                         | $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V to } AV_{CC} - 0.5 \text{ V}$  | —                                          | —   | 1.0 |               |                    |     |  |
| Pull-up<br>MOS<br>current                  | $-I_p$                    | P31 to P37,<br>P50 to P57,<br>P60 to P67                                                                                                           | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V},$<br>$V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ | 20                                         | —   | 200 | $\mu\text{A}$ |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$<br>$V_{IN} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ | —                                          | 40  | —   |               |                    |     |  |
|                                            |                           |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                       |                                            |     |     |               | Reference<br>value |     |  |

**Table 17.16 DC Characteristics (4)**

$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                            | Symbol     | Applicable Pins                        | Test Condition                                                                    | Values |     |      | Unit          | Notes                                                       |
|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                 |            |                                        |                                                                                   | Min    | Typ | Max  |               |                                                             |
| Input capacitance               | $C_{in}$   | All input pins except power supply pin | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$V_{in} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$     | —      | —   | 15.0 | $\mu\text{A}$ |                                                             |
| Active mode current consumption | $I_{OPE1}$ | $V_{CC}$                               | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 2\text{ MHz}$ | —      | 0.6 | —    | mA            | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                                        |                                                                                   | —      | 1.0 | —    |               | *2 *3 *4                                                    |
|                                 |            |                                        | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 2\text{ MHz}$   | —      | 0.8 | —    |               | Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ.             |
|                                 |            |                                        |                                                                                   | —      | 1.5 | —    |               | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                                        | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 4\text{ MHz}$   | —      | 1.6 | —    |               | *2 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                                        |                                                                                   | —      | 2.0 | —    |               | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                                        | Active (high-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 10\text{ MHz}$  | —      | 3.3 | 7.0  |               | *2 *3 *4                                                    |
|                                 |            |                                        |                                                                                   | —      | 4.0 | 7.0  |               | *1 *3 *4                                                    |

**Table 17.16 DC Characteristics (5)**

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                            | Symbol     | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                              | Values |     |     | Unit | Notes                                                       |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                 |            |                 |                                                                                                             | Min    | Typ | Max |      |                                                             |
| Active mode current consumption | $I_{OPE2}$ | $V_{CC}$        | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 2 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$\phi_{OSC}/128$ | —      | 0.2 | —   | mA   | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                 |                                                                                                             | —      | 0.5 | —   |      | *2 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                 | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 2 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$\phi_{OSC}/128$   | —      | 0.4 | —   |      | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                 |                                                                                                             | —      | 0.8 | —   |      | *2 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                 | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 4 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$\phi_{OSC}/128$   | —      | 0.6 | —   |      | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                 |                                                                                                             | —      | 0.9 | —   |      | *2 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                 |            |                 | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$f_{OSC} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$\phi_{OSC}/128$  | —      | 0.9 | 3.0 |      | *1 *3 *4                                                    |
|                                 |            |                 |                                                                                                             | —      | 1.2 | 3.0 |      | *2 *3 *4                                                    |

| Item                           | Symbol             | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                       | Values |     |     | Unit | Notes                                                       |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      | Min    | Typ | Max |      |                                                             |
| Sleep mode current consumption | $I_{\text{SLEEP}}$ | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | $V_{\text{CC}} = 2.7 \text{ V},$<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 2 \text{ MHz}$ | —      | 0.3 | —   | mA   | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      | —      | 0.8 | —   |      | *2 *3 *4                                                    |
|                                |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V},$<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 2 \text{ MHz}$   | —      | 0.5 | —   |      | Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ.             |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      | —      | 0.9 | —   |      | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V},$<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 4 \text{ MHz}$   | —      | 0.9 | —   |      | *1 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      | —      | 1.3 | —   |      | *2 *3 *4<br>Approx.<br>max. value<br>= $1.1 \times$<br>Typ. |
|                                |                    |                 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V},$<br>$f_{\text{OSC}} = 10 \text{ MHz}$  | —      | 1.5 | 5.0 |      | *1 *3 *4                                                    |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      | —      | 2.2 | 5.0 |      | *2 *3 *4                                                    |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      |        |     |     |      |                                                             |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      |        |     |     |      |                                                             |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      |        |     |     |      |                                                             |
|                                |                    |                 |                                                                      |        |     |     |      |                                                             |

| Item                               | Symbol      | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                                       | Values |      |     | Unit          | Notes                       |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|-----|---------------|-----------------------------|
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      | Min    | Typ  | Max |               |                             |
| Subactive mode current consumption | $I_{SUB}$   | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/8$ )                 | —      | 11.3 | —   | $\mu\text{A}$ | *1 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      | —      | 12.7 | —   |               | *2 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )                 | —      | 16.3 | 50  |               | *1 *3 *4                    |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      | —      | 30   | 50  |               | *2 *3 *4                    |
| Subsleep mode current consumption  | $I_{SUBSP}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = \phi_W/2$ )                 | —      | 4.0  | 16  | $\mu\text{A}$ | *3 *4                       |
| Watch mode current consumption     | $I_{WATCH}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used            | —      | 1.4  | —   |               | *1 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      | —      | 1.8  | —   |               | *2 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used                                          | —      | 1.8  | 6.0 |               | *3 *4                       |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      |        |      |     |               |                             |
| Standby mode current consumption   | $I_{STBY}$  | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator not used                         | —      | 0.3  | —   | $\mu\text{A}$ | *1 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      | —      | 0.5  | —   |               | *2 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>SUBSTP (subclock oscillator control register) setting = 1 | —      | 0.05 | —   |               | *4<br>Reference value       |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator not used                         | —      | 0.4  | —   |               | *1 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      | —      | 0.6  | —   |               | *2 *3 *4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                                                      |        |      |     |               |                             |

| Item                                    | Symbol                  | Applicable Pins                  | Test Condition                                                                                                               | Values |      |      | Unit          | Notes                 |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|------|---------------|-----------------------|
|                                         |                         |                                  |                                                                                                                              | Min    | Typ  | Max  |               |                       |
| Standby mode current consumption        | $I_{\text{STBY}}$       | $V_{\text{CC}}$                  | $V_{\text{CC}} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>SUBSTP (subclock oscillator control register) setting = 1 | —      | 0.16 | —    | $\mu\text{A}$ | *4<br>Reference value |
|                                         |                         |                                  | 32-kHz crystal resonator not used                                                                                            | —      | 1.0  | 5.0  |               | *3 *4                 |
| RAM data retaining voltage              | $V_{\text{RAM}}$        | $V_{\text{CC}}$                  |                                                                                                                              | 2.0    | —    | —    | V             | *6                    |
| Allowable output low current (per pin)  | $I_{\text{OL}}$         | Output pins except ports 3 and 9 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 2.0  | mA            |                       |
|                                         |                         | Port 3                           | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 10.0 |               |                       |
|                                         |                         | Output pins except port 9        |                                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 0.5  |               |                       |
|                                         |                         | Port 9                           | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 15.0 |               |                       |
|                                         |                         | Other than above                 |                                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 5.0  |               |                       |
| Allowable output low current (total)    | $\Sigma I_{\text{OL}}$  | Output pins except ports 3 and 9 | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 40.0 | mA            |                       |
|                                         |                         | Port 3                           | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 80.0 |               |                       |
|                                         |                         | Output pins except port 9        |                                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 20.0 |               |                       |
|                                         |                         | Port 9                           |                                                                                                                              | —      | —    | 80.0 |               |                       |
|                                         |                         |                                  |                                                                                                                              |        |      |      |               |                       |
| Allowable output high current (per pin) | $-I_{\text{OH}}$        | All output pins                  | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 2.0  | mA            |                       |
|                                         |                         |                                  | Other than above                                                                                                             | —      | —    | 0.2  |               |                       |
| Allowable output high current (total)   | $\Sigma -I_{\text{OH}}$ | All output pins                  | $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$                                                                            | —      | —    | 15.0 | mA            |                       |
|                                         |                         |                                  | Other than above                                                                                                             | —      | —    | 10.0 |               |                       |

Notes: Connect the TEST pin to  $V_{\text{SS}}$ .

1. Applies to the mask-ROM version.
2. Applies to the F-ZTAT version.
3. Pin states when current consumption is measured.

| Mode                                             | $\overline{\text{RES}}$ Pin | Internal State                               | Other Pins      | LCD Power Supply | Oscillator Pins                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Active (high-speed) mode ( $I_{\text{OPE1}}$ )   | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only CPU operates                            | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator                              |
| Active (medium-speed) mode ( $I_{\text{OPE2}}$ ) |                             |                                              |                 |                  | Subclock:<br>Pin X1 = GND                                       |
| Sleep mode                                       | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only all on-chip timers operate              | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            |                                                                 |
| Subactive mode                                   | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only CPU operates                            | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator                              |
| Subsleep mode                                    | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only all on-chip timers operate<br>CPU stops | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | Subclock:<br>crystal resonator                                  |
| Watch mode                                       | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | Only clock time base operates<br>CPU stops   | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            |                                                                 |
| Standby mode                                     | $V_{\text{CC}}$             | CPU and timers both stop                     | $V_{\text{CC}}$ | Stops            | System clock:<br>crystal resonator<br>Subclock:<br>Pin X1 = GND |

4. Except current which flows to the pull-up MOS or output buffer
5. Used when user mode or boot mode is determined after canceling a reset in the F-ZTAT version
6. Voltage maintained in standby mode

### 17.6.3 AC Characteristics

Table 17.17 lists the control signal timing and table 17.18 lists the serial interface timing.

**Table 17.17 Control Signal Timing**

$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                                  | Symbol       | Applicable Pins                     | Test Condition              | Values |        |      | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                       |              |                                     |                             | Min    | Typ    | Max  |                           |                  |
| System clock oscillation frequency    | $f_{OSC}$    | OSC <sub>1</sub> , OSC <sub>2</sub> |                             | 2.0    | —      | 20.0 | MHz                       | *2               |
|                                       |              |                                     | On-chip oscillator selected | 0.7    | —      | 2.0  |                           |                  |
| OSC clock ( $\phi_{OSC}$ ) cycle time | $t_{OSC}$    | OSC <sub>1</sub> , OSC <sub>2</sub> |                             | 50.0   | —      | 500  | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
|                                       |              |                                     | On-chip oscillator selected | 500    | —      | 1429 |                           |                  |
| System clock ( $\phi$ ) cycle time    | $t_{cyc}$    |                                     |                             | 2      | —      | 128  | $t_{OSC}$                 |                  |
|                                       |              |                                     |                             | —      | —      | 182  | $\mu\text{s}$             |                  |
| Subclock oscillation frequency        | $f_W$        | X <sub>1</sub> , X <sub>2</sub>     |                             | —      | 32.768 | —    | kHz                       |                  |
| Watch clock ( $\phi_W$ ) cycle time   | $t_W$        | X <sub>1</sub> , X <sub>2</sub>     |                             | —      | 30.5   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$             | Figure 17.2      |
| Subclock ( $\phi_{SUB}$ ) cycle time  | $t_{subcyc}$ |                                     |                             | 2      | —      | 8    | $t_W$                     | *1               |
| Instruction cycle time                |              |                                     |                             | 2      | —      | —    | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ |                  |
| Oscillation stabilization time        | $t_{rc}$     | OSC <sub>1</sub> , OSC <sub>2</sub> |                             | —      | —      | 20   | ms                        |                  |
|                                       |              | X <sub>1</sub> , X <sub>2</sub>     |                             | —      | —      | 2.0  | s                         |                  |
| External clock high width             | $t_{CPH}$    | OSC <sub>1</sub>                    |                             | 20     | —      | —    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
| External clock low width              | $t_{CPL}$    | OSC <sub>1</sub>                    |                             | 20     | —      | —    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
| External clock rise time              | $t_{CPr}$    | OSC <sub>1</sub>                    |                             | —      | —      | 5    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
| External clock fall time              | $t_{CPf}$    | OSC <sub>1</sub>                    |                             | —      | —      | 5    | ns                        | Figure 17.2      |
| $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin low width | $t_{REL}$    | $\overline{\text{RES}}$             |                             | 10     | —      | —    | $t_{cyc}$                 | Figure 17.3      |

| Item                 | Symbol   | Applicable Pins                   | Test Condition | Values |     |     | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|----------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------|
|                      |          |                                   |                | Min    | Typ | Max |                           |                  |
| Input pin high width | $t_{IH}$ | IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQAEC, WKP0 to WKP7, |                | 2      | —   | —   | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.4      |
|                      |          | AEVL, AEVH                        |                | 0.5    | —   | —   | $t_{osc}$                 |                  |
| Input pin low width  | $t_{IL}$ | IRQ0, IRQ1, IRQAEC, WKP0 to WKP7, |                | 2      | —   | —   | $t_{cyc}$<br>$t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.4      |
|                      |          | AEVL, AEVH                        |                | 0.5    | —   | —   | $t_{osc}$                 |                  |

- Notes: 1. Determined by the SA1 and SA0 bits in the system control register 2 (SYSCR2).  
 2. These characteristics are given as ranges between minimum and maximum values in order to account for factors such as temperature, power supply voltage, and variation among production lots. When designing systems, make sure to give due consideration to the SPEC range. Please see the Web site for this product for actual performance data.

**Table 17.18 Serial Interface (SCI3) Timing**

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                                           | Symbol              | Test Condition | Values |     |     | Unit                      | Reference Figure |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                                |                     |                | Min    | Typ | Max |                           |                  |
| Input clock cycle                              | Asynchronous        | $t_{scyc}$     | 4      | —   | —   | $t_{cyc}$ or $t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.5      |
|                                                | Clocked synchronous |                | 6      | —   | —   |                           |                  |
| Input clock pulse width                        | $t_{SCKW}$          |                | 0.4    | —   | 0.6 | $t_{scyc}$                | Figure 17.5      |
| Transmit data delay time (clocked synchronous) | $t_{TXD}$           |                | —      | —   | 1   | $t_{cyc}$ or $t_{subcyc}$ | Figure 17.6      |
| Receive data setup time (clocked synchronous)  | $t_{RXS}$           |                | 150.0  | —   | —   | ns                        | Figure 17.6      |
| Receive data hold time (clocked synchronous)   | $t_{RXH}$           |                | 150.0  | —   | —   | ns                        | Figure 17.6      |

### 17.6.4 A/D Converter Characteristics

Table 17.19 shows the A/D converter characteristics.

**Table 17.19 A/D Converter Characteristics**

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to  $5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                              | Symbol       | Applicable Pins  | Test Condition                               | Values |           |                 | Unit          | Reference Figure      |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|                                   |              |                  |                                              | Min    | Typ       | Max             |               |                       |
| Analog power supply voltage       | $AV_{CC}$    | $AV_{CC}$        |                                              | 2.7    | —         | 5.5             | V             | *1                    |
| Analog input voltage              | $AV_{IN}$    | $AN_0$ to $AN_3$ |                                              | -0.3   | —         | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V             |                       |
| Analog power supply current       | $AI_{OPE}$   | $AV_{CC}$        | $AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$                    | —      | —         | 1.5             | mA            | *2<br>Reference value |
|                                   | $AI_{STOP1}$ | $AV_{CC}$        |                                              | —      | 600       | —               | $\mu\text{A}$ |                       |
|                                   | $AI_{STOP2}$ | $AV_{CC}$        |                                              | —      | —         | 5.0             | $\mu\text{A}$ |                       |
| Analog input capacitance          | $C_{AIN}$    | $AN_0$ to $AN_3$ |                                              | —      | —         | 15.0            | pF            |                       |
| Allowable signal source impedance | $R_{AIN}$    |                  |                                              | —      | —         | 10.0            | k $\Omega$    |                       |
| Resolution (data length)          |              |                  |                                              | —      | —         | 10              | bit           |                       |
| Nonlinearity error                |              |                  | $AV_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —         | $\pm 3.5$       | LSB           |                       |
|                                   |              |                  | $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | —         | $\pm 7.5$       |               |                       |
| Quantization error                |              |                  |                                              | —      | —         | $\pm 0.5$       | LSB           |                       |
| Absolute accuracy                 |              |                  | $AV_{CC} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | $\pm 2.0$ | $\pm 4.0$       | LSB           |                       |
|                                   |              |                  | $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}$ | —      | $\pm 2.0$ | $\pm 8.0$       |               |                       |
| Conversion time                   |              |                  |                                              | 6.2    | —         | 124             | $\mu\text{s}$ |                       |

Notes: 1. Set  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$  when the A/D converter is not used.

2.  $AI_{STOP1}$  is the current in active and sleep modes while the A/D converter is idle.

3.  $AI_{STOP2}$  is the current at reset and in standby, watch, subactive, and subsleep modes while the A/D converter is idle.

### 17.6.5 LCD Characteristics

Table 17.20 shows the LCD characteristics.

**Table 17.20 LCD Characteristics**

$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                              | Symbol    | Applicable Pins                       | Test Condition                                                         | Values |     |     | Unit       | Reference Figure |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------------|------------------|
|                                   |           |                                       |                                                                        | Min    | Typ | Max |            |                  |
| Segment driver step-down voltage  | $V_{DS}$  | SEG <sub>1</sub> to SEG <sub>25</sub> | $I_D = 2\text{ }\mu\text{A}$<br>$V_1 = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 0.6 | V          | *1               |
| Common driver step-down voltage   | $V_{DC}$  | COM <sub>1</sub> to COM <sub>4</sub>  | $I_D = 2\text{ }\mu\text{A}$<br>$V_1 = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ | —      | —   | 0.3 | V          | *1               |
| LCD power supply split-resistance | $R_{LCD}$ |                                       | Between $V_1$ and $V_{SS}$                                             | 1.5    | 3.0 | 7.0 | M $\Omega$ |                  |
| Liquid crystal display voltage    | $V_{LCD}$ | $V_1$                                 |                                                                        | 2.7    | —   | 5.5 | V          | *2               |

- Notes: 1. The voltage step-down from power supply pins  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $V_3$ , and  $V_{SS}$  to each segment pin or common pin.
2. When the liquid crystal display voltage is supplied from an external power supply, ensure that the following relationship is maintained:  $V_{CC} \geq V_1 \geq V_2 \geq V_3 \geq V_{SS}$ .

## 17.6.6 Flash Memory Characteristics

**Table 17.21 Flash Memory Characteristics**

Condition A:  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$  (range of operating voltage when reading),  $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$  (range of operating voltage when programming/erasing),  $T_a = -20^\circ\text{C to }+75^\circ\text{C}$  (range of operating temperature when programming/erasing: product with regular specifications, product with wide-range temperature specifications)

| Item                                        |                                               | Symbol           | Test Conditions        | Values             |                     |      | Unit         |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------|--------------|
|                                             |                                               |                  |                        | Min                | Typ                 | Max  |              |
| Programming time <sup>*1*2*4</sup>          |                                               | t <sub>P</sub>   |                        | —                  | 7                   | 200  | ms/128 bytes |
| Erase time <sup>*1*3*5</sup>                |                                               | t <sub>E</sub>   |                        | —                  | 100                 | 1200 | ms/block     |
| Reprogramming count                         |                                               | N <sub>WEC</sub> |                        | 1000 <sup>*8</sup> | 10000 <sup>*9</sup> | —    | times        |
| Data retain period                          |                                               | t <sub>DRP</sub> |                        | 10 <sup>*10</sup>  | —                   | —    | year         |
| Programming                                 | Wait time after SWE-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | x                |                        | 1                  | —                   | —    | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after PSU-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | y                |                        | 50                 | —                   | —    | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after P-bit setting <sup>*1*4</sup> | z1               | 1 ≤ n ≤ 6              | 28                 | 30                  | 32   | μs           |
|                                             |                                               | z2               | 7 ≤ n ≤ 1000           | 198                | 200                 | 202  | μs           |
|                                             |                                               | z3               | Additional programming | 8                  | 10                  | 12   | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after P-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>     | α                |                        | 5                  | —                   | —    | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after PSU-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | β                |                        | 5                  | —                   | —    | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after PV-bit setting <sup>*1</sup>  | γ                |                        | 4                  | —                   | —    | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after dummy write <sup>*1</sup>     | ε                |                        | 2                  | —                   | —    | μs           |
|                                             | Wait time after PV-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>    | η                |                        | 2                  | —                   | —    | μs           |
| Wait time after SWE-bit clear <sup>*1</sup> | θ                                             |                  | 100                    | —                  | —                   | μs   |              |
| Maximum programming count <sup>*1*4*5</sup> |                                               | N                |                        | —                  | —                   | 1000 | times        |

| Item  |                                               | Symbol | Test Conditions | Values |     |     | Unit  |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|
|       |                                               |        |                 | Min    | Typ | Max |       |
| Erase | Wait time after SWE-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | x      |                 | 1      | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after ESU-bit setting <sup>*1</sup> | y      |                 | 100    | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after E-bit setting <sup>*1*6</sup> | z      |                 | 10     | —   | 100 | ms    |
|       | Wait time after E-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>     | α      |                 | 10     | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after ESU-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | β      |                 | 10     | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after EV-bit setting <sup>*1</sup>  | γ      |                 | 20     | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after dummy write <sup>*1</sup>     | ε      |                 | 2      | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after EV-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>    | η      |                 | 4      | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Wait time after SWE-bit clear <sup>*1</sup>   | θ      |                 | 100    | —   | —   | μs    |
|       | Maximum erase count <sup>*1*6*7</sup>         | N      |                 | —      | —   | 120 | times |

- Notes: 1. Set the times according to the program/erase algorithms.
2. Programming time per 128 bytes (Shows the total period for which the P bit in FLMCR1 is set. It does not include the programming verification time.)
3. Block erase time (Shows the total period for which the E bit in FLMCR1 is set. It does not include the erase verification time.)
4. Maximum programming time ( $t_p$  (max))  
 $t_p$  (max) = Wait time after P-bit setting (z) • maximum number of writes (N)
5. The maximum number of writes (N) should be set according to the actual set value of z1, z2, and z3 to allow programming within the maximum programming time ( $t_p$  (max)).  
 The wait time after P-bit setting (z1 and z2) should be alternated according to the number of writes (n) as follows:  
 $1 \leq n \leq 6$       z1 = 30 μs  
 $7 \leq n \leq 1000$     z2 = 200 μs
6. Maximum erase time ( $t_E$  (max))  
 $t_E$  (max) = Wait time after E-bit setting (z) • maximum erase count (N)
7. The maximum number of erases (N) should be set according to the actual set value of z to allow erasing within the maximum erase time ( $t_E$  (max)).
8. This minimum value guarantees all characteristics after reprogramming (the guaranteed range is from 1 to the minimum value).
9. Reference value when the temperature is 25°C (normally reprogramming will be performed by this count).

10. This is a data retain characteristic when reprogramming is performed within the specification range including this minimum value.

### 17.6.7 Power Supply Voltage Detection Circuit Characteristics

**Table 17.22 Power Supply Voltage Detection Circuit Characteristics (1)**

$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                             | Symbol        | Test Conditions                                               | Rated Values |     |     | Unit |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|------|
|                                  |               |                                                               | Min          | Typ | Max |      |
| LVDR operation drop voltage*     | $V_{LVDRmin}$ |                                                               | 1.0          | —   | —   | V    |
| LVD stabilization time           | $V_{LVDRON}$  |                                                               | 150          | —   | —   | μs   |
| Standby mode current consumption | $I_{STBY}$    | LVDE = 1<br>$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$<br>32 resonator not used | —            | —   | 100 | μA   |

Note: \* In some cases no reset may occur if the power supply voltage,  $V_{CC}$ , drops below  $VLVDRmin = 1.0 \text{ V}$  and then rises, so thorough evaluation is called for.

**Table 17.23 Power Supply Voltage Detection Circuit Characteristics (2)**

Using on-chip reference voltage and ladder resistor (VREFSEL = VINTDSEL = VINTUSEL = 0)

| Item                                    | Symbol                | Test Conditions | Rated Values |     |     | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----|-----|------|
|                                         |                       |                 | Min          | Typ | Max |      |
| Power supply drop detection voltage     | Vint(D) <sup>*3</sup> | LVDSEL = 0      | 3.3          | 3.7 | 4.2 | V    |
| Power supply rise detection voltage     | Vint(U) <sup>*3</sup> | LVDSEL = 0      | 3.6          | 4.0 | 4.5 | V    |
| Reset detection voltage 1 <sup>*1</sup> | Vreset1 <sup>*3</sup> | LVDSEL = 0      | 2.0          | 2.3 | 2.7 | V    |
| Reset detection voltage 2 <sup>*2</sup> | Vreset2 <sup>*3</sup> | LVDSEL = 1      | 2.7          | 3.3 | 3.9 | V    |

Notes: 1. The above function should be used in conjunction with the voltage drop/rise detection function.

2. Low-voltage detection reset should be selected for low-voltage detection reset 2 only.

3. The values of Vint(D), Vint(U), Vreset1, and Vreset2 change relative to each other.

Example: If Vint(D) is the minimum value, Vint(U), Vreset1, and Vreset2 are also the minimum values.

**Table 17.24 Power Supply Voltage Detection Circuit Characteristics (3)**

Using on-chip reference voltage and detect voltage external input (VREFSEL = 0, VINTDSEL and VINTUSEL = 1)

| Item                                      | Symbol              | Test Condition                 | Rated Values |      |                                                                     | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
|                                           |                     |                                | Min          | Typ  | Max                                                                 |      |
| extD/extU interrupt detection level       | Vexd                |                                | 0.80         | 1.20 | 1.60                                                                | V    |
| extD/extU pin input voltage <sup>*2</sup> | VextD <sup>*1</sup> | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.3 V | −0.3         | —    | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 or AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3, whichever is lower | V    |
|                                           | VextU <sup>*1</sup> | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 to 5.5 V | −0.3         | —    | 3.6 or AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3, whichever is lower                   | V    |

Notes: 1. The VextD voltage must always be greater than the VextU voltage.

2. The maximum input voltage of the extD and extU pins is 3.6 V.

**Table 17.25 Power Supply Voltage Detection Circuit Characteristics (4)**

Using external reference voltage and ladder resistor (VREFSEL = 1, VINTDSEL = VINTUSEL = 0)

| Item                                | Symbol                | Test Condition | Rated Values           |                |                        | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|------|
|                                     |                       |                | Min                    | Typ            | Max                    |      |
| Power supply drop detection voltage | Vint(D) <sup>*1</sup> | LVDSEL = 0     | $3.08 * (Vref1 - 0.1)$ | $3.08 * Vref1$ | $3.08 * (Vref1 + 0.1)$ | V    |
| Vref input voltage (Vint(D))        | Vref1 <sup>*2</sup>   | Vint(D)        | 0.98                   | —              | 1.68                   | V    |
| Power supply rise detection voltage | Vint(U) <sup>*1</sup> | LVDSEL = 0     | $3.33 * (Vref2 - 0.1)$ | $3.33 * Vref2$ | $3.33 * (Vref2 + 0.1)$ | V    |
| Vref input voltage (Vint(U))        | Vref2 <sup>*2</sup>   | Vint(U)        | 0.91                   | —              | 1.55                   | V    |
| Reset detection voltage 1           | Vreset1 <sup>*1</sup> | LVDSEL = 0     | $1.91 * (Vref3 - 0.1)$ | $1.91 * Vref3$ | $1.91 * (Vref3 + 0.1)$ | V    |
| Vref input voltage (Vreset1)        | Vref3 <sup>*2</sup>   | Vreset1        | 0.89                   | —              | 2.77                   | V    |
| Reset detection voltage 2           | Vreset2 <sup>*1</sup> | LVDSEL = 1     | $2.76 * (Vref4 - 0.1)$ | $2.76 * Vref4$ | $2.76 * (Vref4 + 0.1)$ | V    |
| Vref input voltage (Vreset2)        | Vref4 <sup>*2</sup>   | Vreset2        | 1.08                   | —              | 1.89                   | V    |

Notes: 1. The values of Vint(D), Vint(U), Vreset1, and Vreset2 change relative to each other.

Example: If Vint(D) is the minimum value, Vint(U), Vreset1, and Vreset2 are also the minimum values.

2. The Vref input voltage is calculated using the following formula.

2.7 V (=  $V_{cc}$  min) < Vint(D), Vint(U), Vreset2 < 5.5 V (=  $V_{cc}$  max)  
 1.5 V (= RAM retention voltage) < Vreset1 < 5.5 V (=  $V_{cc}$  max)

Vref1:  $2.7 < 3.08 * (Vref1 - 0.1)$ ,  $3.08 * (Vref1 + 0.1) < 5.5 \rightarrow 0.98 < Vref1 < 1.68$

Vref2:  $2.7 < 3.33 * (Vref2 - 0.1)$ ,  $3.33 * (Vref2 + 0.1) < 5.5 \rightarrow 0.91 < Vref2 < 1.55$

Vref3:  $1.5 < 1.91 * (Vref3 - 0.1)$ ,  $1.91 * (Vref3 + 0.1) < 5.5 \rightarrow 0.89 < Vref3 < 2.77$

Vref4:  $2.7 < 2.76 * (Vref4 - 0.1)$ ,  $2.76 * (Vref4 + 0.1) < 5.5 \rightarrow 1.08 < Vref4 < 1.89$

**Table 17.26 Power Supply Voltage Detection Circuit Characteristics (5)**

Using external reference voltage and detect voltage external input ( $V_{REFSEL} = V_{INTDSEL} = V_{INTUSEL} = 1$ )

| Item                          | Symbol                       | Test Condition                                   | Rated Values |     |                                                                 | Unit |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------|
|                               |                              |                                                  | Min          | Typ | Max                                                             |      |
| Comparator detection accuracy | $V_{cdl}$                    | $ V_{extU} - V_{ref} $<br>$ V_{extD} - V_{ref} $ | 0.1          | —   | —                                                               | V    |
| extD/extU pin input voltage   | $V_{extD}^*$<br>$V_{extU}^*$ | $V_{CC} = 2.7$ to $3.3$ V                        | -0.3         | —   | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ or<br>$AV_{CC} + 0.3$ ,<br>whichever is<br>lower | V    |
|                               |                              | $V_{CC} = 3.3$ to $5.5$ V                        | -0.3         | —   | $3.6$ or $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ ,<br>whichever<br>is lower             | V    |
| Vref pin input voltage        | $V_{ref5}$                   | $V_{CC} = 2.7$ to $5.5$ V                        | 0.8          | —   | 2.8                                                             | V    |

Note: \* The VextD voltage must always be greater than the VextU voltage.

## 17.6.8 Power-On Reset Circuit Characteristics

**Table 17.27 Power-On Reset Circuit Characteristics**

$V_{CC} = 2.7$  V to  $5.5$  V,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7$  V to  $5.5$  V,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0$  V, unless otherwise specified

| Item                         | Symbol    | Test Condition | Rated Values |     |     | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|-----|-----|------|
|                              |           |                | Min          | Typ | Max |      |
| RES pin pull-up resistance   | $R_{RES}$ |                | 65           | 100 | —   | k    |
| Power-on reset start voltage | $V_{por}$ |                | —            | —   | 100 | mV   |

Note: Make sure to drop the power supply voltage,  $V_{CC}$ , to below  $V_{por} = 100$  mV and then raise it after the RES pin load had thoroughly dissipated. To drain the load of the RES pin, attaching a diode to the  $V_{CC}$  side is recommended. The power-on reset function may not work properly if the power supply voltage,  $V_{CC}$ , is raised from a level exceeding 100 mV.

### 17.6.9 Watchdog Timer Characteristics

**Table 17.28 Watchdog Timer Characteristics**

$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Item                             | Symbol    | Applicable Pins | Test Condition        | Rated Values |     |     | Unit | Note |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----|-----|------|------|
|                                  |           |                 |                       | Min          | Typ | Max |      |      |
| On-chip oscillator overflow time | $t_{OVF}$ |                 | $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ | 0.2          | 0.4 | —   | s    | *    |

Note: \* When the watchdog on-chip oscillator is selected, the timer counts from 0 to 255, indicating the time remaining until an internal reset is generated.

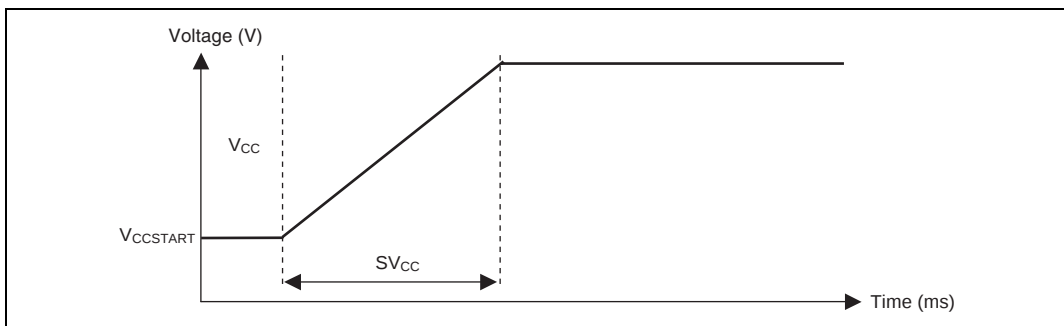
### 17.6.10 Power Supply Characteristics

**Table 17.29 Power Supply Characteristics**

Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$

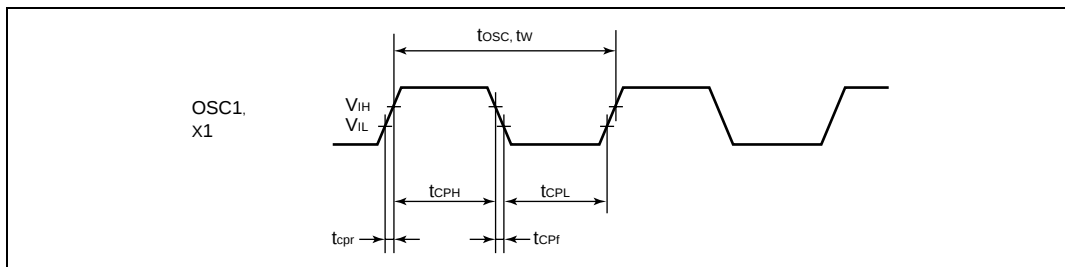
| Item                         | Symbol        | Applicable Pins | Test Condition | Values |     |     | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|------|-------|
|                              |               |                 |                | Min    | Typ | Max |      |       |
| Power supply startup voltage | $V_{CCSTART}$ | $V_{CC}$        |                | 0      | —   | 0.1 | V    | *1*2  |
| Power supply startup slope   | $SV_{CC}$     | $V_{CC}$        |                | 0.05   | —   | —   | V/ms | *1*2  |

Notes: 1. This LSI may not start normally when it starts with the condition beyond specification shown in above (Refer to figure 17.1 for power supply voltage startup time.).  
2. Applies to the F-ZTAT version.

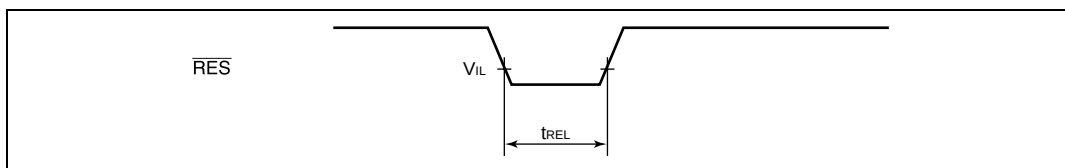

**Figure 17.1 Power Supply Voltage Startup Timing**

## 17.7 Operation Timing

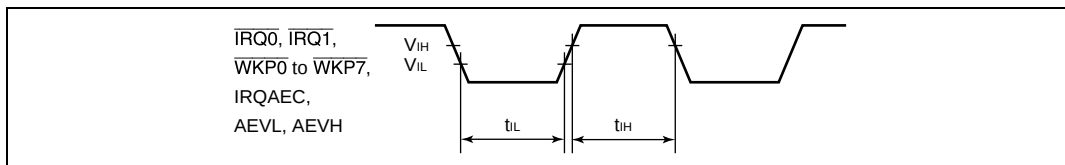
Figures 17.2 to 17.6 show the operation timings.



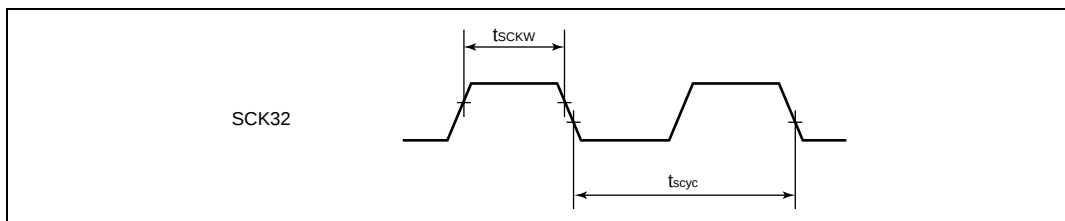
**Figure 17.2 Clock Input Timing**



**Figure 17.3  $\overline{RES}$  Low Width Timing**



**Figure 17.4 Input Timing**



**Figure 17.5 SCK3 Input Clock Timing**

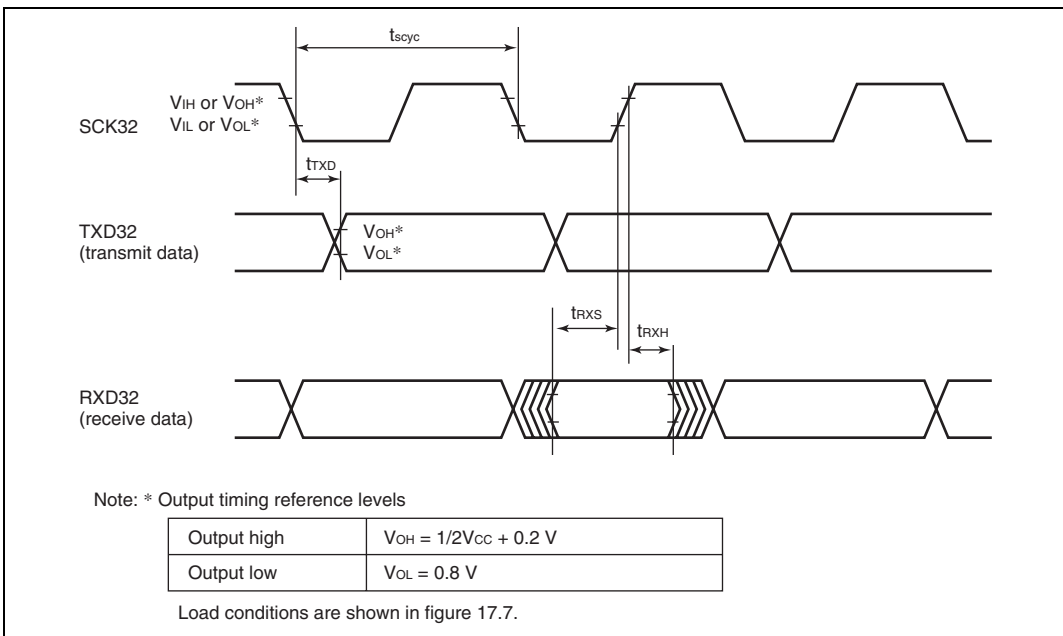


Figure 17.6 SCI3 Input/Output Timing in Clocked Synchronous Mode

## 17.8 Output Load Condition

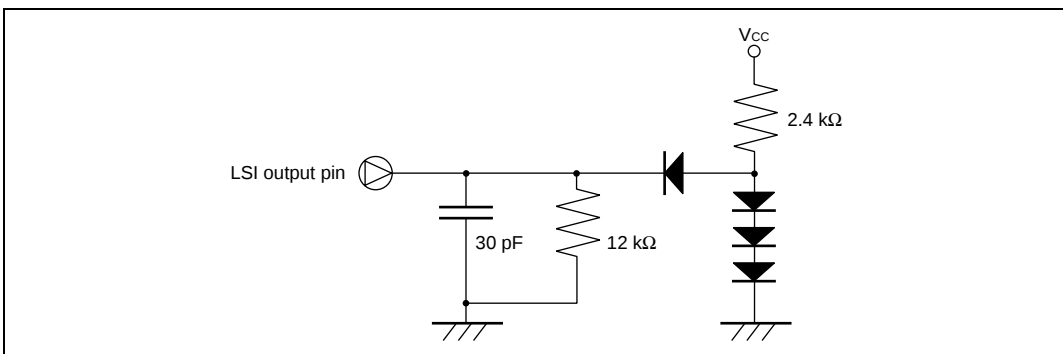
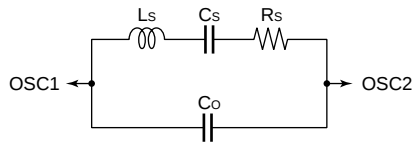


Figure 17.7 Output Load Circuit

## 17.9 Resonator Equivalent Circuit



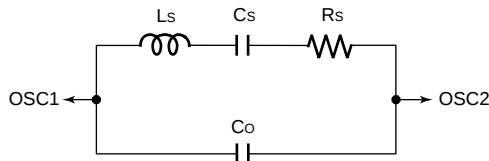
Crystal Resonator Parameter

| Frequency (MHz) | 4            | 4.193        | 10          |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| $R_s$ (max)     | 100 $\Omega$ | 100 $\Omega$ | 30 $\Omega$ |
| $C_o$ (max)     | 16 pF        | 16 pF        | 16 pF       |

Ceramic Resonator Parameter

| Frequency (MHz) | 2             | 4            | 10           |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| $R_s$ (max)     | 18.3 $\Omega$ | 6.8 $\Omega$ | 4.6 $\Omega$ |
| $C_o$ (max)     | 36.94 pF      | 36.72 pF     | 32.31 pF     |

**Figure 17.8 Resonator Equivalent Circuit**

Crystal Resonator Parameter  
(Nominal Values by Manufacturer)

| Frequency   | 4            | Manufacturer                      |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| $R_s$ (max) | 100 $\Omega$ | NIHON DEMPA<br>KOGYO<br>CO., LTD. |
| $C_o$ (max) | 16pF         |                                   |

Ceramic Resonator Parameter (1)  
(Nominal Values by Manufacturer)

| Frequency   | 2             | Manufacturer                         |
|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| $R_s$ (max) | 18.3 $\Omega$ | Murata<br>Manufacturing<br>Co., Ltd. |
| $C_o$ (max) | 36.94pF       |                                      |

Ceramic Resonator Parameter (2)  
(Nominal Values by Manufacturer)

| Frequency   | 10           | Manufacturer                         |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| $R_s$ (max) | 4.6 $\Omega$ | Murata<br>Manufacturing<br>Co., Ltd. |
| $C_o$ (max) | 32.31pF      |                                      |

**Figure 17.9 Resonator Equivalent Circuit**

## 17.10 Usage Note

The ZTAT, F-ZTAT, and mask ROM versions satisfy the electrical characteristics shown in this manual, but actual electrical characteristic values, operating margins, noise margins, and other properties may vary due to differences in manufacturing process, on-chip ROM, layout patterns, and so on.

When system evaluation testing is carried out using the ZTAT or F-ZTAT version, the same evaluation testing should also be conducted for the mask ROM version when changing over to that version.

# Appendix A Instruction Set

## A.1 Instruction List

### Operation Notation

| Symbol     | Description                                   |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Rd8/16     | General register (destination) (8 or 16 bits) |
| Rs8/16     | General register (source) (8 or 16 bits)      |
| Rn8/16     | General register (8 or 16 bits )              |
| CCR        | Condition-code register                       |
| N          | N (negative) flag in CCR                      |
| Z          | Z (zero) flag in CCR                          |
| V          | V (overflow) flag in CCR                      |
| C          | C (carry) flag in CCR                         |
| PC         | Program counter                               |
| SP         | Stack pointer                                 |
| #xx:3/8/16 | Immediate data (3, 8, or 16 bits)             |
| d:8/16     | Displacement (8 or 16 bits)                   |
| @aa:8/16   | Absolute address (8 or 16 bits)               |
| +          | Addition                                      |
| −          | Subtraction                                   |
| ×          | Multiplication                                |
| ÷          | Division                                      |
| ^          | Logical AND                                   |
| ∨          | Logical OR                                    |
| ⊕          | Logical exclusive OR                          |
| →          | Move                                          |
| —          | Logical complement                            |

**Condition Code Notation**

| <b>Symbol</b> | <b>Description</b>                    |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| ↕             | Changed according to execution result |
| *             | Undetermined (no guaranteed value)    |
| 0             | Cleared to 0                          |
| —             | Not affected by execution result      |

Table A.1 Instruction Set

| Mnemonic | Operand Size          | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |           |          |            | Operation | Condition Code |   |   |   |   |   |   | Number of Execution States |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|
|          |                       | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @-Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) |           | @@aa           | I | H | N | Z | V | C |                            |
| MOV      | MOV.B #xx:8, Rd       | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 2 |                            |
|          | MOV.B Rs, Rd          | B                                           |    | 2   |             |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 2 |                            |
|          | MOV.B @Rs, Rd         | B                                           |    |     | 2           |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.B @(d:16, Rs), Rd | B                                           |    |     |             | 4         |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.B @Rs+, Rd        | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 2        |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.B @aa:8, Rd       | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.B @aa:16, Rd      | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 4          |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.B Rs, @Rd         | B                                           |    |     | 2           |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.B Rs, @(d:16, Rd) | B                                           |    |     |             | 4         |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.B Rs, @-Rd        | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 2        |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.B Rs, @aa:8       | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.B Rs, @aa:16      | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 4          |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.W #xx:16, Rd      | W                                           | 4  |     |             |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.W Rs, Rd          | W                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.W @Rs, Rd         | W                                           |    |     | 2           |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 2 |                            |
|          | MOV.W @(d:16, Rs), Rd | W                                           |    |     |             | 4         |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.W @Rs+, Rd        | W                                           |    |     |             |           | 2        |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.W @aa:16, Rd      | W                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            | 4         |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |
|          | MOV.W Rs, @Rd         | W                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 4 |                            |
|          | MOV.W Rs, @(d:16, Rd) | W                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 4          |           |                |   | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | — | 6 |                            |

| Mnemonic | Operand Size     | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |            |           |          | Operation  | Condition Code |   |     |   |     |   |     | Number of Execution States |
|----------|------------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|----------------------------|
|          |                  | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d16, Rn) | @-Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d18, PC) | @aa            | I | H   | N | Z   | V | C   |                            |
| MOV      | MOV.W Rs, @-Rd   | W                                           |    |     |            | 2         |          |            |                | — | —   | ↑ | ↑   | 0 | —   | 6                          |
|          | MOV.W Rs, @aa:16 | W                                           |    |     |            |           | 4        |            |                | — | —   | ↑ | ↑   | 0 | —   | 6                          |
| POP      | POP Rd           | W                                           |    |     |            | 2         |          |            |                | — | —   | ↑ | ↑   | 0 | —   | 6                          |
|          | PUSH Rs          | W                                           |    |     |            | 2         |          |            |                | — | —   | ↑ | ↑   | 0 | —   | 6                          |
| ADD      | ADD.B #xx:8, Rd  | B                                           | 2  |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
|          | ADD.B Rs, Rd     | B                                           | 2  |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
| ADDX     | ADDX.W Rs, Rd    | W                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | (1) | ↑ | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
|          | ADDX.B #xx:8, Rd | B                                           | 2  |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | (2) | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
| ADDS     | ADDS.B Rs, Rd    | B                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | (2) | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
|          | ADDS.W #1, Rd    | W                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | —   | — | —   | — | —   | 2                          |
| INC      | INCB.W #2, Rd    | W                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | —   | — | —   | — | —   | 2                          |
|          | INCB.Rd          | B                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | —   | — | ↑   | ↑ | —   | 2                          |
| DAA      | DAA.B Rd         | B                                           | 2  |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | *   | ↑ | ↑   | * | (3) | 2                          |
|          | SUBB.B Rs, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
| SUBX     | SUBX.W Rs, Rd    | W                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | (1) | ↑ | ↑   | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
|          | SUBX.B #xx:8, Rd | B                                           | 2  |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | (2) | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |
|          | SUBX.B Rs, Rd    | B                                           |    |     |            |           |          |            |                | — | ↑   | ↑ | (2) | ↑ | ↑   | 2                          |



| Mnemonic        | Operand Size | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |          |          |            | Operation          | Condition Code |   |   |   |   | Number of Execution States |   |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|----------|----------|------------|--------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|---|
|                 |              | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) |                    | @aa            | I | H | N | Z |                            | V |
| SHAR            | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| SHLL            | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| SHLR            | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | 0 | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| ROTXL           | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| ROTXR           | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| ROTL            | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| ROTR            | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            |                    | —              | — | ↑ | ↑ | 0 | ↑                          | 2 |
| BSET #xx:3, Rd  | B            |                                             | 2  |     |             |          |          |            | (#xx:3 of Rd) ← 1  | —              | — | — | — | — | —                          | 2 |
| BSET #xx:3, @Rd | B            |                                             | 4  |     |             |          |          |            | (#xx:3 of @Rd) ← 1 | —              | — | — | — | — | —                          | 8 |

| Mnemonic | Operand Size      | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |           |          | Operation  | Condition Code |   |   |   |   |   |   | Number of States<br>Execution |
|----------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------------|
|          |                   | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @-Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) | @aa            | I | H | N | Z | V | C |                               |
| BSET     | BSET #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BSET Rn, Rd       | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BSET Rn, @Rd      | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BSET Rn, @aa:8    | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
| BCLR     | BCLR #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BCLR #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BCLR #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BCLR Rn, Rd       | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BCLR Rn, @Rd      | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BCLR Rn, @aa:8    | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BNOT #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BNOT #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
| BTST     | BTST Rn, Rd       | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST Rn, @Rd      | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST Rn, @aa:8    | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                             |
| BTST     | BTST Rn, Rd       | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST Rn, @Rd      | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST Rn, @aa:8    | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                             |
|          | BTST #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                             |

| Mnemonic | Operand Size       | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |           |          | Operation  | Condition Code |   |   |   |   |   |   | Number of Execution States |
|----------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|
|          |                    | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @-Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) | @aa            | I | H | N | Z | V | C |                            |
| BTST     | BTST Rn, @Rd       | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | ↑ | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BTST Rn, @aa:8     | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | ↑ | — | — | 6                          |
| BLD      | BLD #xx:3, Rd      | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BLD #xx:3, @Rd     | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BLD #xx:3, @aa:8   | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BLD #xx:3, Rd      | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
| BILD     | BILD #xx:3, @Rd    | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BILD #xx:3, @aa:8  | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BILD #xx:3, Rd     | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BILD #xx:3, @Rd    | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
| BST      | BST #xx:3, Rd      | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BST #xx:3, @Rd     | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                          |
|          | BST #xx:3, @aa:8   | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                          |
|          | BST #xx:3, Rd      | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
| BIST     | BIST #xx:3, Rd     | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BIST #xx:3, @Rd    | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                          |
|          | BIST #xx:3, @aa:8  | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8                          |
|          | BIST #xx:3, Rd     | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
| BAND     | BAND #xx:3, Rd     | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BAND #xx:3, @Rd    | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BAND #xx:3, @aa:8  | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BAND #xx:3, Rd     | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
| BIAND    | BIAND #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BIAND #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BIAND #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BIAND #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
| BOR      | BOR #xx:3, Rd      | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2                          |
|          | BOR #xx:3, @Rd     | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BOR #xx:3, @aa:8   | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |
|          | BOR #xx:3, Rd      | B                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            |                | — | — | — | — | — | — | 6                          |

| Mnemonic | Operand Size      | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |           |          | Operation  | Condition Code |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | Number of Execution States |
|----------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----------------------------|
|          |                   | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @-Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) | @aa            | I                                                         | H | N | Z | V | C |                            |
| BIOR     | BIOR #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 2                          |
|          | BIOR #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 6                          |
|          | BIOR #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 6                          |
|          | BXOR #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 2                          |
| BXOR     | BXOR #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 6                          |
|          | BXOR #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 6                          |
|          | BXOR #xx:3, Rd    | B                                           | 2  |     |             |           |          |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 2                          |
|          | BXOR #xx:3, @Rd   | B                                           |    | 4   |             |           |          |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 6                          |
| BCC      | BXOR #xx:3, @aa:8 | B                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | ↑ | 6                          |
|          | BRA d:8 (BT d:8)  | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | — | 4                          |
|          | BRN d:8 (BF d:8)  | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | — | 4                          |
|          | BHI d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                | —                                                         | — | — | — | — | — | 4                          |
|          | BLS d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                | If condition<br>is true then<br>PC ← PC+d:8<br>else next; |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BCC d:8 (BHS d:8) | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BCS d:8 (BLO d:8) | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BNE d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BEQ d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BVC d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BVS d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BPL d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BMI d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BGE d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BLT d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BGT d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |
|          | BLE d:8           | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          | 2          |                |                                                           |   |   |   |   |   | 4                          |

| Mnemonic | Operand Size | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |           |          |            |       | Operation                                       | Condition Code |    |    |    |    | Number of Execution States |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----|----|----|----|----------------------------|
|          |              | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @-Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) | @/@aa |                                                 | I              | H  | N  | Z  | V  |                            |
| JMP      | JMP @Rn      | —                                           |    | 2   |             |           |          |            |       | PC ← Rn16                                       | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 4                          |
|          | JMP @aa:16   | —                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |       | PC ← aa:16                                      | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 6                          |
|          | JMP @ @aa:8  | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            | 2     | PC ← @aa:8                                      | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 8                          |
| BSR      | BSR d:8      | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            | 2     | SP+2 → SP<br>PC → @SP<br>PC ← PC+d:8            | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 6                          |
|          | JSR @Rn      | —                                           |    | 2   |             |           |          |            |       | SP+2 → SP<br>PC → @SP<br>PC ← Rn16              | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 6                          |
|          | JSR @aa:16   | —                                           |    |     |             |           | 4        |            |       | SP+2 → SP<br>PC → @SP<br>PC ← aa:16             | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 8                          |
| JSR      | JSR @ @aa:8  | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            | 2     | SP+2 → SP<br>PC → @SP<br>PC ← @aa:8             | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 8                          |
|          | RTS          | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            | 2     | PC ← @SP<br>SP+2 → SP                           | —              | —  | —  | —  | —  | 8                          |
|          | RTE          | —                                           |    |     |             |           |          |            | 2     | CCR ← @SP<br>SP+2 → SP<br>PC ← @SP<br>SP+2 → SP | ↑↑             | ↑↑ | ↑↑ | ↑↑ | ↑↑ | 10                         |

| Mnemonic |                 | Operand Size | Addressing Modes/Instruction Length (bytes) |    |     |             |          |          |            | Operation                                                                                  | Condition Code |   |   |   |   |   |     | Number of Execution States |
|----------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-------------|----------|----------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|----------------------------|
|          |                 |              | #xx:8/16                                    | Rn | @Rn | @(d:16, Rn) | @Rn/@Rn+ | @aa:8/16 | @(d:8, PC) |                                                                                            | @aa            | I | H | N | Z | V | C   |                            |
| SLEEP    | SLEEP           | —            | —                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | 2          | Transit to power-down mode.                                                                | —              | — | — | — | — | — | 2   |                            |
| LDC      | LDC #xx:8, CCR  | B            | 2                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | —          | #xx:8→CCR                                                                                  | ↑              | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | 2   |                            |
|          | LDC Rs, CCR     | B            | —                                           | 2  | —   | —           | —        | —        | —          | Rs8→CCR                                                                                    | ↑              | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | 2   |                            |
| STC      | STC CCR, Rd     | B            | —                                           | 2  | —   | —           | —        | —        | —          | CCR→Rd8                                                                                    | —              | — | — | — | — | — | 2   |                            |
| ANDC     | ANDC #xx:8, CCR | B            | 2                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | —          | CCR/#xx:8→CCR                                                                              | ↑              | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | 2   |                            |
| ORC      | ORC #xx:8, CCR  | B            | 2                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | —          | CCR/#xx:8→CCR                                                                              | ↑              | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | 2   |                            |
| XORC     | XORC #xx:8, CCR | B            | 2                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | —          | CCR ⊕ #xx:8→CCR                                                                            | ↑              | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | 2   |                            |
| NOP      | NOP             | —            | —                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | 2          | PC←PC+2                                                                                    | —              | — | — | — | — | — | 2   |                            |
| EEPMOV   | EEPMOV          | —            | —                                           | —  | —   | —           | —        | —        | 4          | if R4L=0<br>Repeat @R5→@R6<br>R5+1→R5<br>R6+1→R6<br>R4L-1→R4L<br>Until R4L=0<br>else next; | —              | — | — | — | — | — | (4) |                            |

Notes: (1) Set to 1 when a carry or borrow occurs at bit 11; otherwise cleared to 0.

(2) Retains its previous value when the result is zero; otherwise cleared to 0.

(3) Set to 1 when the adjustment produces a carry; otherwise retains its previous value.

(4) The number of states required for execution is  $4n + 9$  ( $n$  = value of R4L), in the H8/38004 Group, H8/38002S Group and H8/38104 Group, the number of states required for execution is  $4n + 8$ .

(5) Set to 1 when the divisor is negative; otherwise cleared to 0.

(6) Set to 1 when the divisor is zero; otherwise cleared to 0.

## A.2 Operation Code Map

Table A.2 is an operation code map. It shows the operation codes contained in the first byte of the instruction code (bits 15 to 8 of the first instruction word).

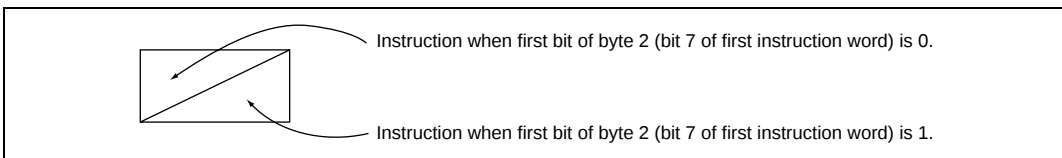


Table A.2 Operation Code Map

| Low<br>High | 0            | 1            | 2             | 3             | 4   | 5            | 6             | 7           | 8   | 9   | A   | B    | C   | D   | E    | F   |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----|--------------|---------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| 0           | NOP          | SLEEP        | STC           | LDC           | ORC | XORC         | ANDC          | LDC         |     | ADD | INC | ADDS | MOV |     | ADDX | DAA |
| 1           | SHLL<br>SHLR | SHLL<br>SHLR | ROTXL<br>ROTL | ROTXR<br>ROTR | OR  | XOR          | AND           | NOT<br>NEG  |     | SUB | DEC | SUBS | CMP |     | SUBX | DAS |
| 2           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| 3           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| 4           | BRA          | BRN          | BHI           | BLS           | BCC | BCS          | BNE           | BEQ         | BVC | BVS | BPL | BMI  | BGE | BLT | BGT  | BLE |
| 5           | MULXU        | DIVXU        |               |               | RTS | BSR          | RTE           |             |     |     | JMP |      |     |     | JSR  |     |
| 6           | BSET         | BNOT         | BCLR          | BTST          | BOR | BXOR<br>BIOH | BAND<br>BIXOH | BLT<br>BIST |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| 7           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| 8           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| 9           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| A           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| B           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| C           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| D           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| E           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |
| F           |              |              |               |               |     |              |               |             |     |     |     |      |     |     |      |     |

Note: \* The PUSH and POP instructions are identical in machine language to MOV instructions.

### A.3 Number of Execution States

The status of execution for each instruction of the H8/300L CPU and the method of calculating the number of states required for instruction execution are shown below. Table A.4 shows the number of cycles of each type occurring in each instruction, such as instruction fetch and data read/write. Table A.3 shows the number of states required for each cycle. The total number of states required for execution of an instruction can be calculated by the following expression:

$$\text{Execution states} = I \times S_I + J \times S_J + K \times S_K + L \times S_L + M \times S_M + N \times S_N$$

**Examples:** When an instruction is fetched from the on-chip ROM, and the on-chip RAM is accessed.

BSET #0, @FF00

From table A.4:

$$I = L = 2, \quad J = K = M = N = 0$$

From table A.3:

$$S_I = 2, \quad S_L = 2$$

$$\text{Number of states required for execution} = 2 \times 2 + 2 \times 2 = 8$$

When an instruction is fetched from the on-chip ROM, a branch address is read from the on-chip ROM, and the on-chip RAM is used for stack area.

JSR @@ 30

From table A.4:

$$I = 2, \quad J = K = 1, \quad L = M = N = 0$$

From table A.3:

$$S_I = S_J = S_K = 2$$

$$\text{Number of states required for execution} = 2 \times 2 + 1 \times 2 + 1 \times 2 = 8$$

**Table A.3 Number of States Required for Execution**

| Execution Status<br>(Instruction Cycle) |                | Access Location |                           |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
|                                         |                | On-Chip Memory  | On-Chip Peripheral Module |
| Instruction fetch                       | S <sub>I</sub> | 2               | —                         |
| Branch address read                     | S <sub>J</sub> |                 |                           |
| Stack operation                         | S <sub>K</sub> |                 |                           |
| Byte data access                        | S <sub>L</sub> |                 | 2 or 3*                   |
| Word data access                        | S <sub>M</sub> |                 | —                         |
| Internal operation                      | S <sub>N</sub> | 1               |                           |

Note: \* Depends on which on-chip peripheral module is accessed. See section 16.1, Register Addresses (Address Order).

**Table A.4 Number of Cycles in Each Instruction**

| Instruction | Mnemonic          | Instruction Fetch | Branch Addr. Read | Stack Operation | Byte Data Access | Word Data Access | Internal Operation |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
|             |                   | I                 | J                 | K               | L                | M                | N                  |
| ADD         | ADD.B #xx:8, Rd   | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
|             | ADD.B Rs, Rd      | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
|             | ADD.W Rs, Rd      | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
| ADDS        | ADDS.W #1, Rd     | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
|             | ADDS.W #2, Rd     | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
| ADDX        | ADDX.B #xx:8, Rd  | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
|             | ADDX.B Rs, Rd     | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
| AND         | AND.B #xx:8, Rd   | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
|             | AND.B Rs, Rd      | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
| ANDC        | ANDC #xx:8, CCR   | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
| BAND        | BAND #xx:3, Rd    | 1                 |                   |                 |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BAND #xx:3, @Rd   | 2                 |                   |                 | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BAND #xx:3, @aa:8 | 2                 |                   |                 | 1                |                  |                    |

| Instruction | Mnemonic           | Instruction Fetch | Branch Addr. | Stack Read | Byte Data Access | Word Data Access | Internal Operation |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
|             |                    | I                 | J            | K          | L                | M                | N                  |
| Bcc         | BRA d:8 (BT d:8)   | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BRN d:8 (BF d:8)   | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BHI d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BLS d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BCC d:8 (BHS d:8)  | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BCS d:8 (BLO d:8)  | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BNE d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BEQ d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BVC d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BVS d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BPL d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BMI d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BGE d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BLT d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BGT d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BLE d:8            | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
| BCLR        | BCLR #xx:3, Rd     | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BCLR #xx:3, @Rd    | 2                 |              |            | 2                |                  |                    |
|             | BCLR #xx:3, @aa:8  | 2                 |              |            | 2                |                  |                    |
|             | BCLR Rn, Rd        | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BCLR Rn, @Rd       | 2                 |              |            | 2                |                  |                    |
|             | BCLR Rn, @aa:8     | 2                 |              |            | 2                |                  |                    |
| BIAND       | BIAND #xx:3, Rd    | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BIAND #xx:3, @Rd   | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BIAND #xx:3, @aa:8 | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
| BILD        | BILD #xx:3, Rd     | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BILD #xx:3, @Rd    | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BILD #xx:3, @aa:8  | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
| BIOR        | BIOR #xx:3, Rd     | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BIOR #xx:3, @Rd    | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BIOR #xx:3, @aa:8  | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |

| Instruction | Mnemonic           | Instruction | Branch     | Stack     | Byte Data | Word Data | Internal  |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|             |                    | Fetch       | Addr. Read | Operation | Access    | Access    | Operation |
|             |                    | I           | J          | K         | L         | M         | N         |
| BIST        | BIST #xx:3, Rd     | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BIST #xx:3, @Rd    | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BIST #xx:3, @aa:8  | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
| BIXOR       | BIXOR #xx:3, Rd    | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BIXOR #xx:3, @Rd   | 2           |            |           | 1         |           |           |
|             | BIXOR #xx:3, @aa:8 | 2           |            |           | 1         |           |           |
| BLD         | BLD #xx:3, Rd      | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BLD #xx:3, @Rd     | 2           |            |           | 1         |           |           |
|             | BLD #xx:3, @aa:8   | 2           |            |           | 1         |           |           |
| BNOT        | BNOT #xx:3, Rd     | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BNOT #xx:3, @Rd    | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BNOT #xx:3, @aa:8  | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BNOT Rn, Rd        | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BNOT Rn, @Rd       | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BNOT Rn, @aa:8     | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
| BOR         | BOR #xx:3, Rd      | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BOR #xx:3, @Rd     | 2           |            |           | 1         |           |           |
|             | BOR #xx:3, @aa:8   | 2           |            |           | 1         |           |           |
| BSET        | BSET #xx:3, Rd     | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BSET #xx:3, @Rd    | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BSET #xx:3, @aa:8  | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BSET Rn, Rd        | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BSET Rn, @Rd       | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BSET Rn, @aa:8     | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
| BSR         | BSR d:8            | 2           |            | 1         |           |           |           |
| BST         | BST #xx:3, Rd      | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | BST #xx:3, @Rd     | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |
|             | BST #xx:3, @aa:8   | 2           |            |           | 2         |           |           |

| Instruction | Mnemonic          | Instruction Fetch | Branch Addr. | Stack Read | Byte Data Access | Word Data Access | Internal Operation |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
|             |                   | I                 | J            | K          | L                | M                | N                  |
| BTST        | BTST #xx:3, Rd    | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BTST #xx:3, @Rd   | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BTST #xx:3, @aa:8 | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BTST Rn, Rd       | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BTST Rn, @Rd      | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BTST Rn, @aa:8    | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
| BXOR        | BXOR #xx:3, Rd    | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | BXOR #xx:3, @Rd   | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
|             | BXOR #xx:3, @aa:8 | 2                 |              |            | 1                |                  |                    |
| CMP         | CMP.B #xx:8, Rd   | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | CMP.B Rs, Rd      | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | CMP.W Rs, Rd      | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
| DAA         | DAA.B Rd          | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
| DAS         | DAS.B Rd          | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
| DEC         | DEC.B Rd          | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
| DIVXU       | DIVXU.B Rs, Rd    | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  | 12                 |
| EEPMOV      | EEPMOV            | 2                 |              |            | 2n+2*            |                  | 1                  |
| INC         | INC.B Rd          | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
| JMP         | JMP @Rn           | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | JMP @aa:16        | 2                 |              |            |                  |                  | 2                  |
|             | JMP @ @aa:8       | 2                 | 1            |            |                  |                  | 2                  |
| JSR         | JSR @Rn           | 2                 |              | 1          |                  |                  |                    |
|             | JSR @aa:16        | 2                 |              | 1          |                  |                  | 2                  |
|             | JSR @ @aa:8       | 2                 | 1            | 1          |                  |                  |                    |
| LDC         | LDC #xx:8, CCR    | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |
|             | LDC Rs, CCR       | 1                 |              |            |                  |                  |                    |

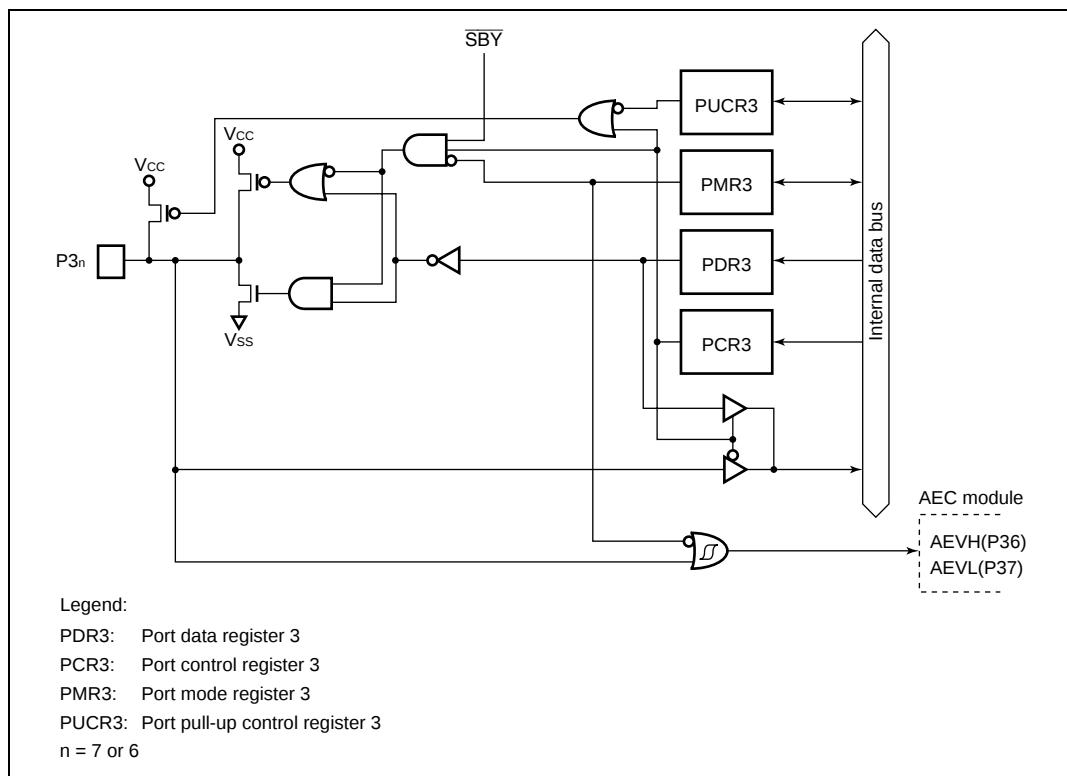
| Instruction | Mnemonic              | Instruction Branch |            | Stack<br>Operation | Byte Data<br>Access | Word Data<br>Access | Internal<br>Operation |
|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
|             |                       | Fetch              | Addr. Read |                    |                     |                     |                       |
|             |                       | I                  | J          | K                  | L                   | M                   | N                     |
| MOV         | MOV.B #xx:8, Rd       | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B Rs, Rd          | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B @Rs, Rd         | 1                  |            | 1                  |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B @(d:16, Rs), Rd | 2                  |            | 1                  |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B @Rs+, Rd        | 1                  |            | 1                  |                     |                     | 2                     |
|             | MOV.B @aa:8, Rd       | 1                  |            | 1                  |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B @aa:16, Rd      | 2                  |            | 1                  |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B Rs, @Rd         | 1                  |            |                    | 1                   |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B Rs, @(d:16, Rd) | 2                  |            |                    | 1                   |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B Rs, @-Rd        | 1                  |            |                    | 1                   |                     | 2                     |
|             | MOV.B Rs, @aa:8       | 1                  |            |                    | 1                   |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.B Rs, @aa:16      | 2                  |            |                    | 1                   |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.W #xx:16, Rd      | 2                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.W Rs, Rd          | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
|             | MOV.W @Rs, Rd         | 1                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   |                       |
|             | MOV.W @(d:16, Rs), Rd | 2                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   |                       |
|             | MOV.W @Rs+, Rd        | 1                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   | 2                     |
|             | MOV.W @aa:16, Rd      | 2                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   |                       |
|             | MOV.W Rs, @Rd         | 1                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   |                       |
|             | MOV.W Rs, @(d:16, Rd) | 2                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   |                       |
|             | MOV.W Rs, @-Rd        | 1                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   | 2                     |
|             | MOV.W Rs, @aa:16      | 2                  |            |                    |                     | 1                   |                       |
| MULXU       | MULXU.B Rs, Rd        | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     | 12                    |
| NEG         | NEG.B Rd              | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| NOP         | NOP                   | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| NOT         | NOT.B Rd              | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| OR          | OR.B #xx:8, Rd        | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
|             | OR.B Rs, Rd           | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| ORC         | ORC #xx:8, CCR        | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| ROTL        | ROTL.B Rd             | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| ROTR        | ROTR.B Rd             | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |
| ROTXL       | ROTXL.B Rd            | 1                  |            |                    |                     |                     |                       |

| Instruction | Mnemonic         | Instruction | Branch     | Stack     | Byte Data | Word Data | Internal  |
|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|             |                  | Fetch       | Addr. Read | Operation | Access    | Access    | Operation |
|             |                  | I           | J          | K         | L         | M         | N         |
| ROTXR       | ROTXR.B Rd       | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| RTE         | RTE              | 2           |            | 2         |           |           | 2         |
| RTS         | RTS              | 2           |            | 1         |           |           | 2         |
| SHAL        | SHAL.B Rd        | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| SHAR        | SHAR.B Rd        | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| SHLL        | SHLL.B Rd        | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| SHLR        | SHLR.B Rd        | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| SLEEP       | SLEEP            | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| STC         | STC CCR, Rd      | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| SUB         | SUB.B Rs, Rd     | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | SUB.W Rs, Rd     | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| SUBS        | SUBS.W #1, Rd    | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | SUBS.W #2, Rd    | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| POP         | POP Rd           | 1           |            | 1         |           |           | 2         |
| PUSH        | PUSH Rs          | 1           |            | 1         |           |           | 2         |
| SUBX        | SUBX.B #xx:8, Rd | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | SUBX.B Rs, Rd    | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| XOR         | XOR.B #xx:8, Rd  | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
|             | XOR.B Rs, Rd     | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |
| XORC        | XORC #xx:8, CCR  | 1           |            |           |           |           |           |

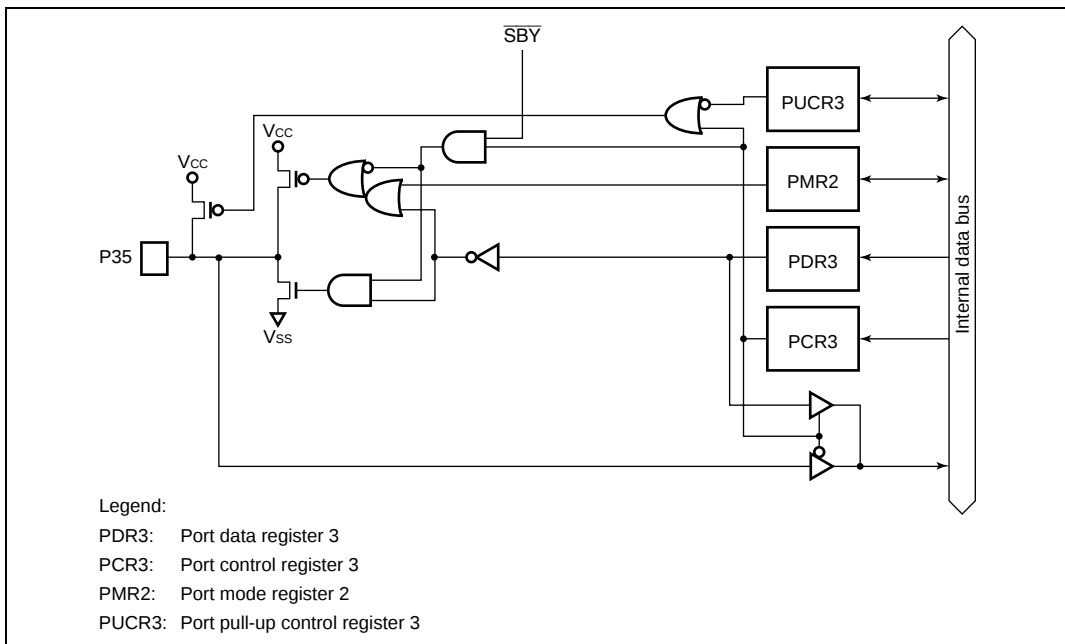
Note: n: Specified value in R4L. The source and destination operands are accessed n+1 times respectively.

## Appendix B I/O Port Block Diagrams

### B.1 Port 3 Block Diagrams

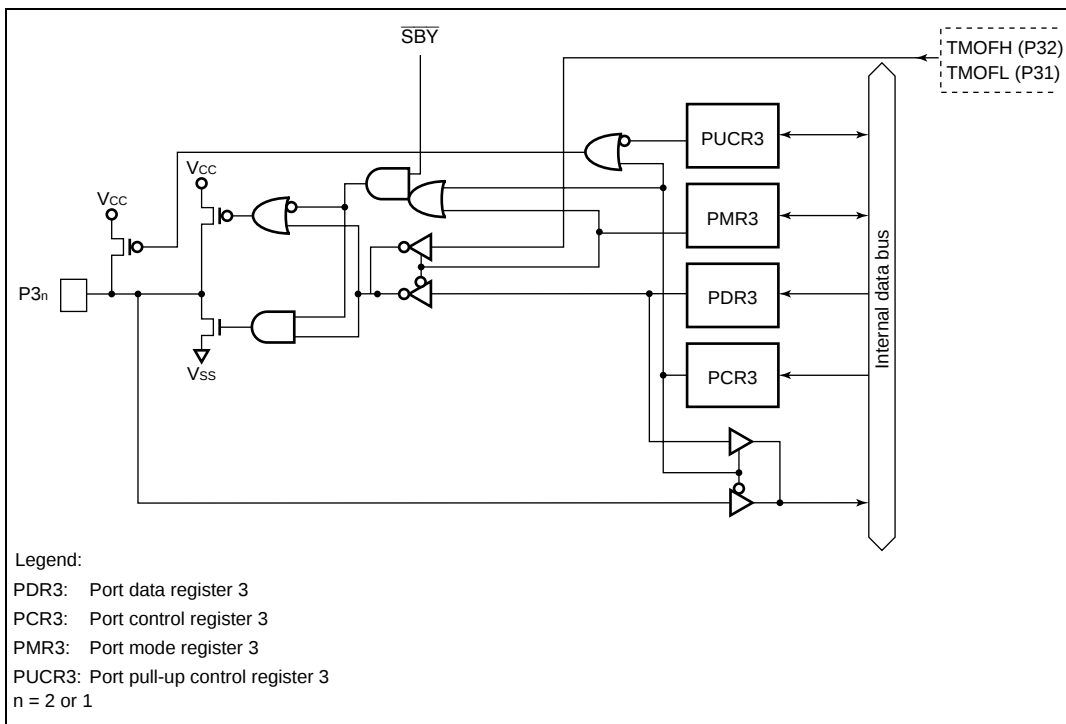


**Figure B.1(a) Port 3 Block Diagram (Pins P37 and P36)**



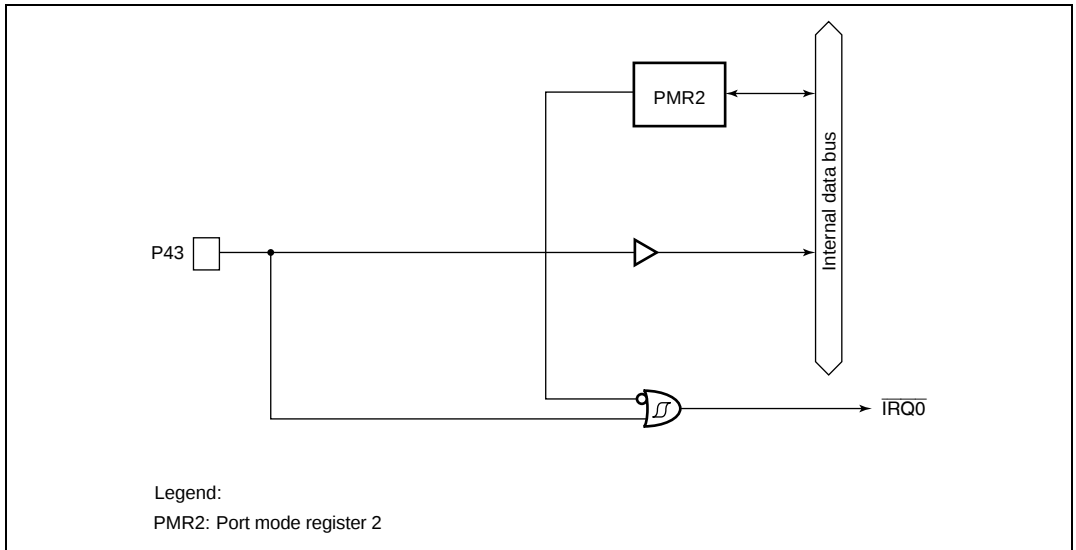
**Figure B.1(b) Port 3 Block Diagram (Pin P35)**

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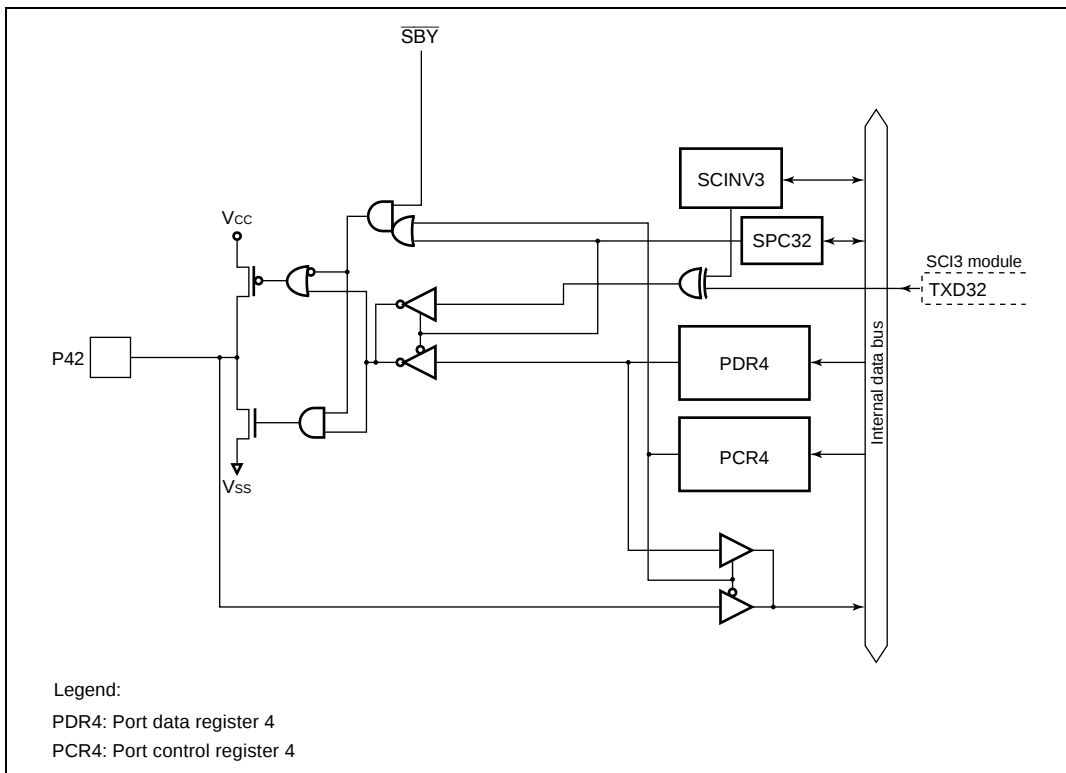


### Figure B.1(d) Port 3 Block Diagram (Pins P32 and P31)

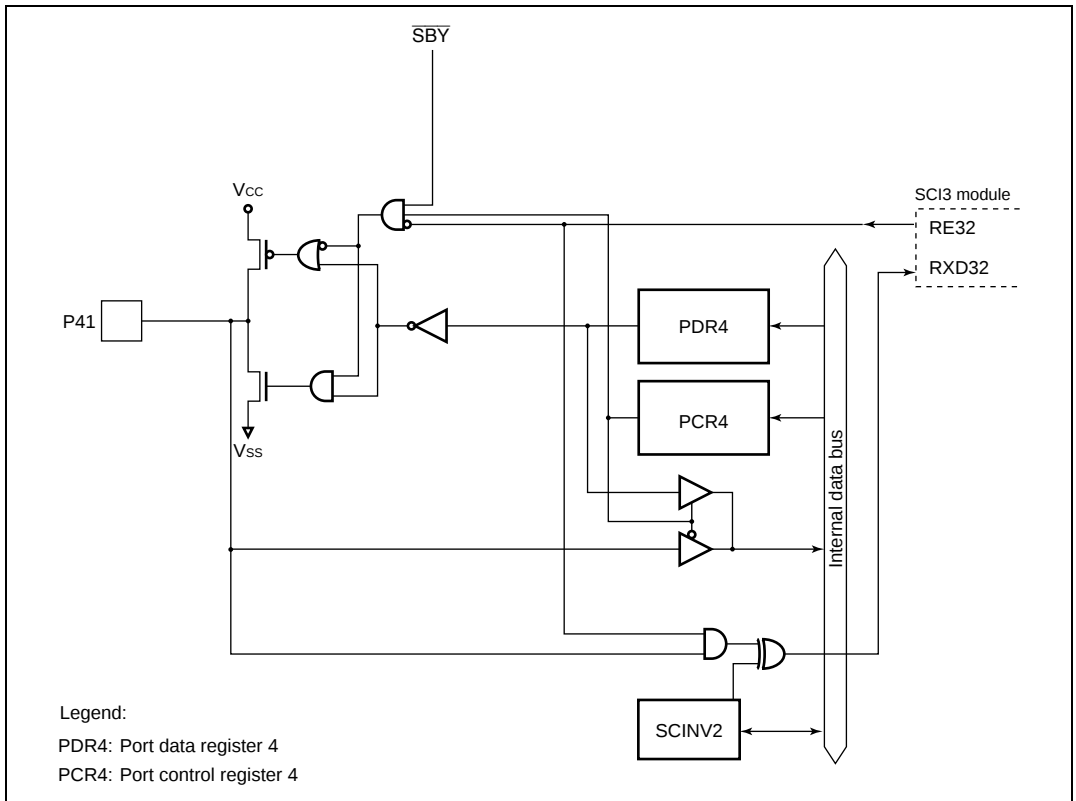
## B.2 Port 4 Block Diagrams



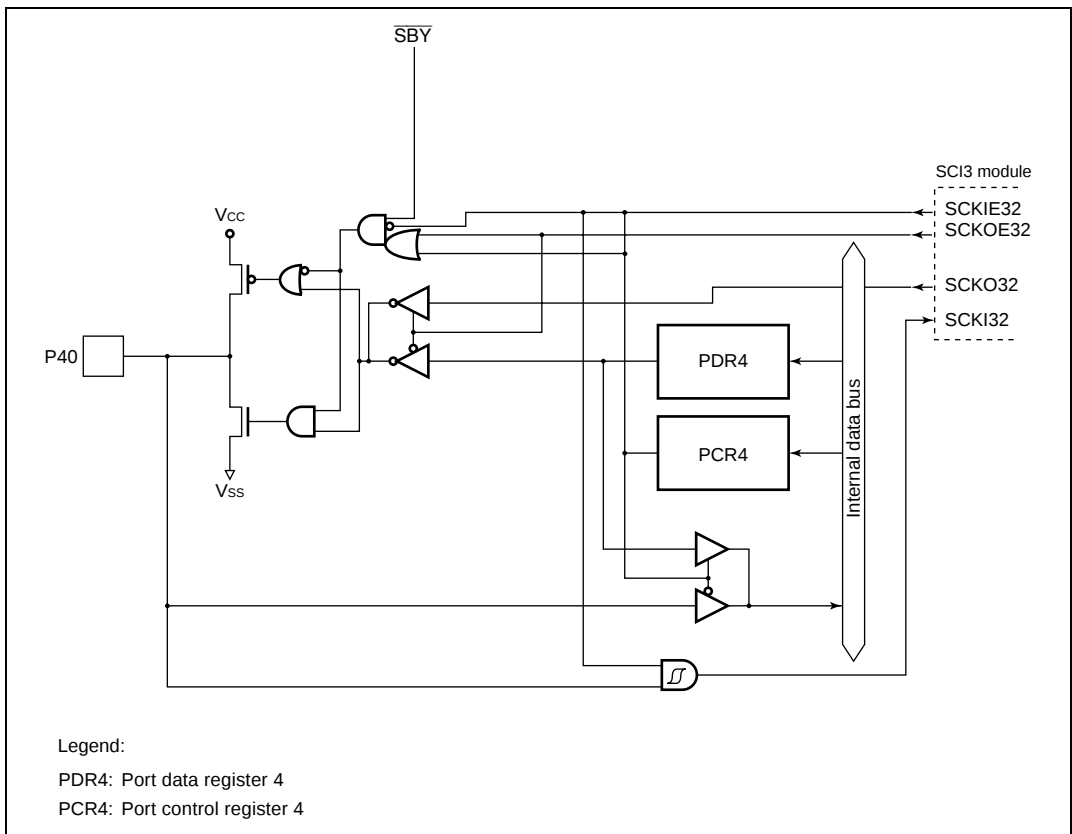
**Figure B.2(a) Port 4 Block Diagram (Pin P43)**



**Figure B.2(b) Port 4 Block Diagram (Pin P42)**



**Figure B.2(c) Port 4 Block Diagram (Pin P41)**

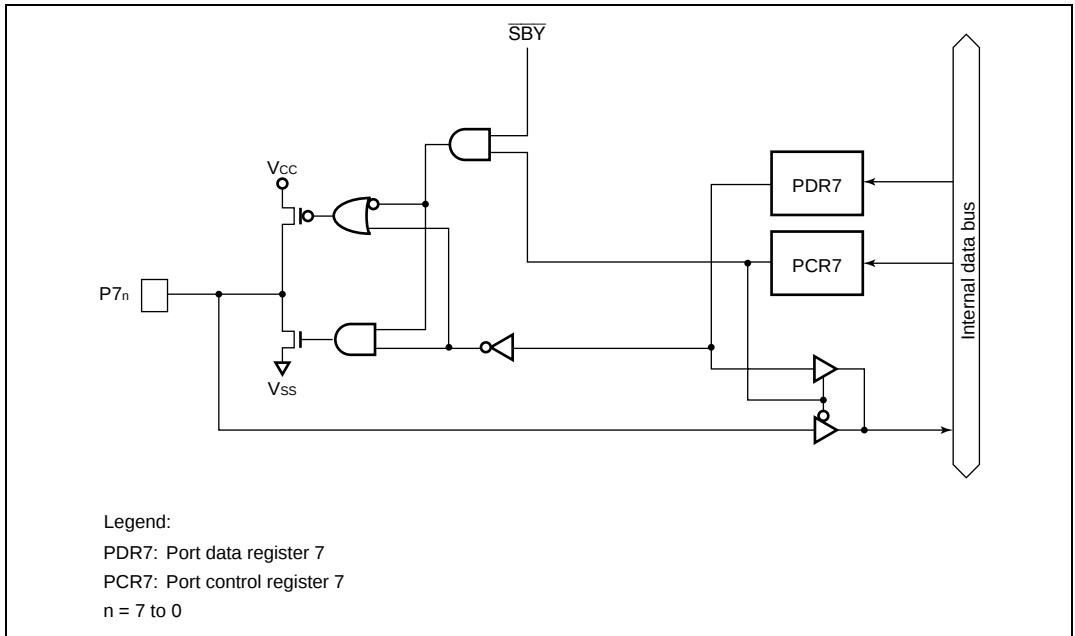


**Figure B.2(d) Port 4 Block Diagram (Pin P40)**





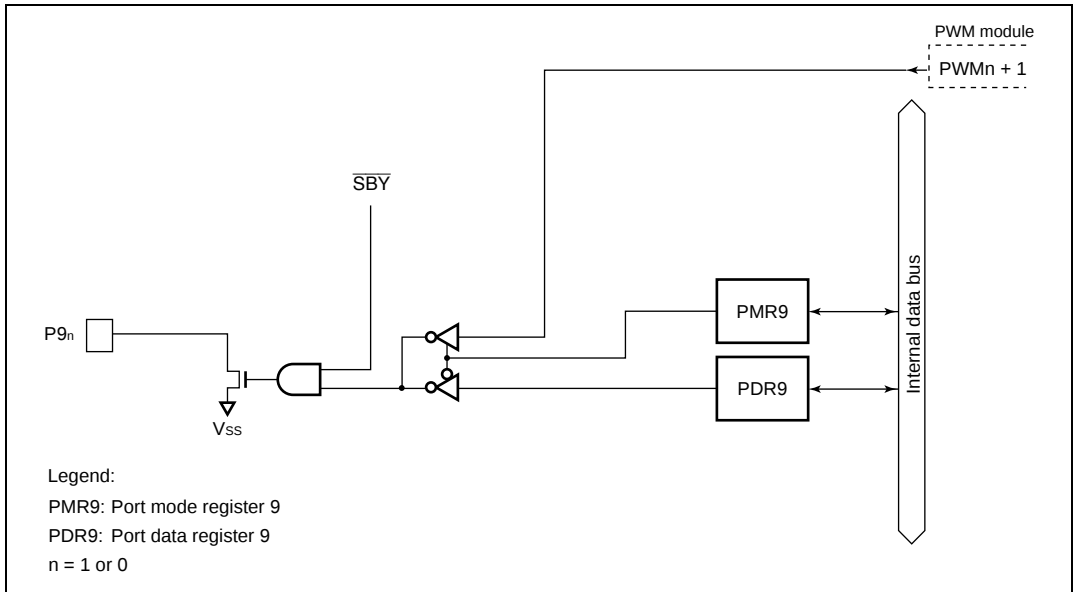
## B.5 Port 7 Block Diagram



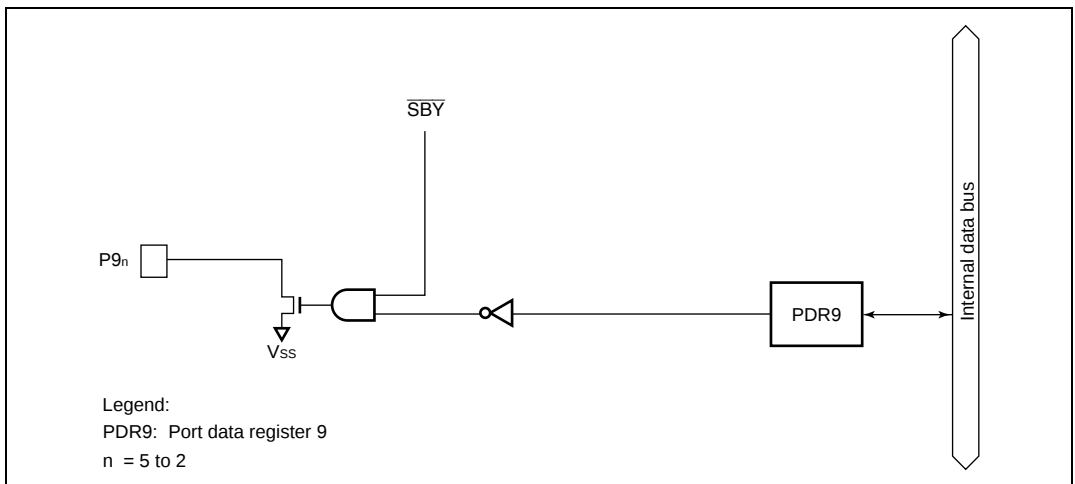
**Figure B.5 Port 7 Block Diagram**



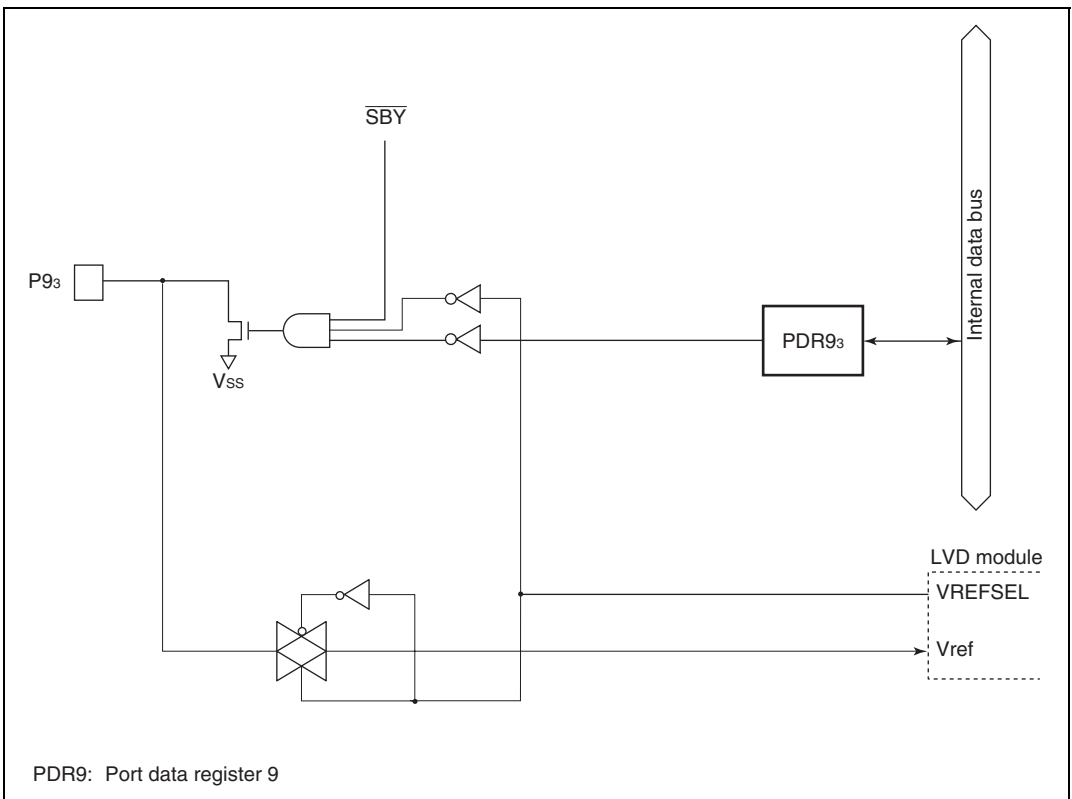
## B.7 Port 9 Block Diagrams



**Figure B.7(a) Port 9 Block Diagram (Pins P91 and P90)**

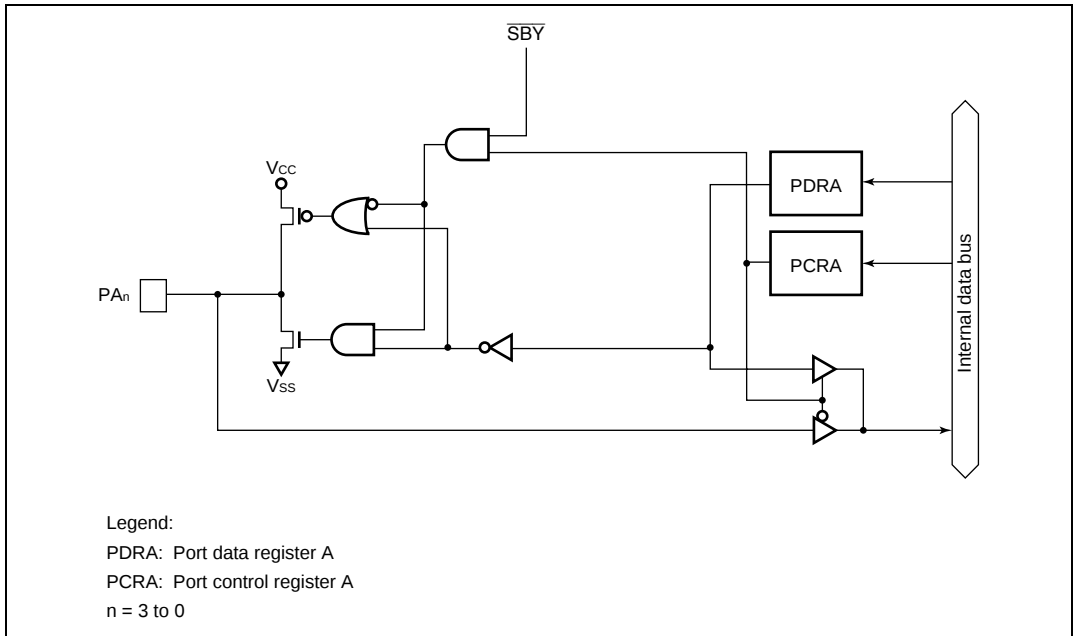


**Figure B.7(b) Port 9 Block Diagram (Pins P95 to P92)**



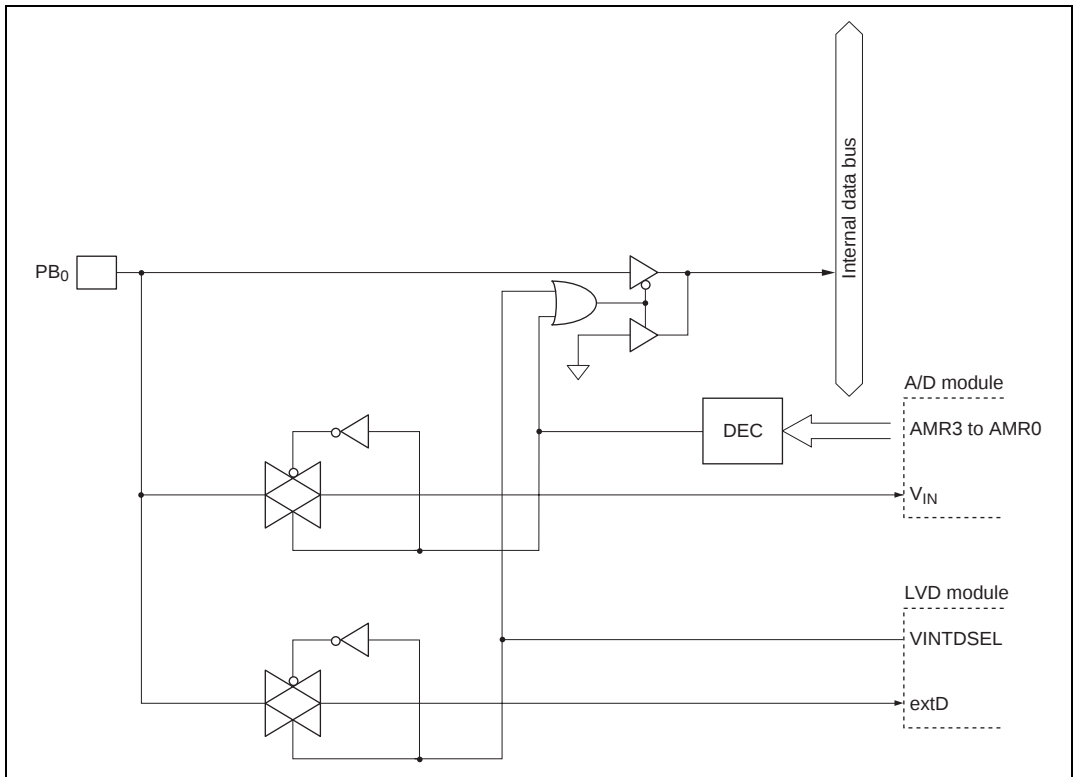
**Figure B.7(c) Port 9 Block Diagram (Pin P93, H8/38104 Group Only)**

## B.8 Port A Block Diagram

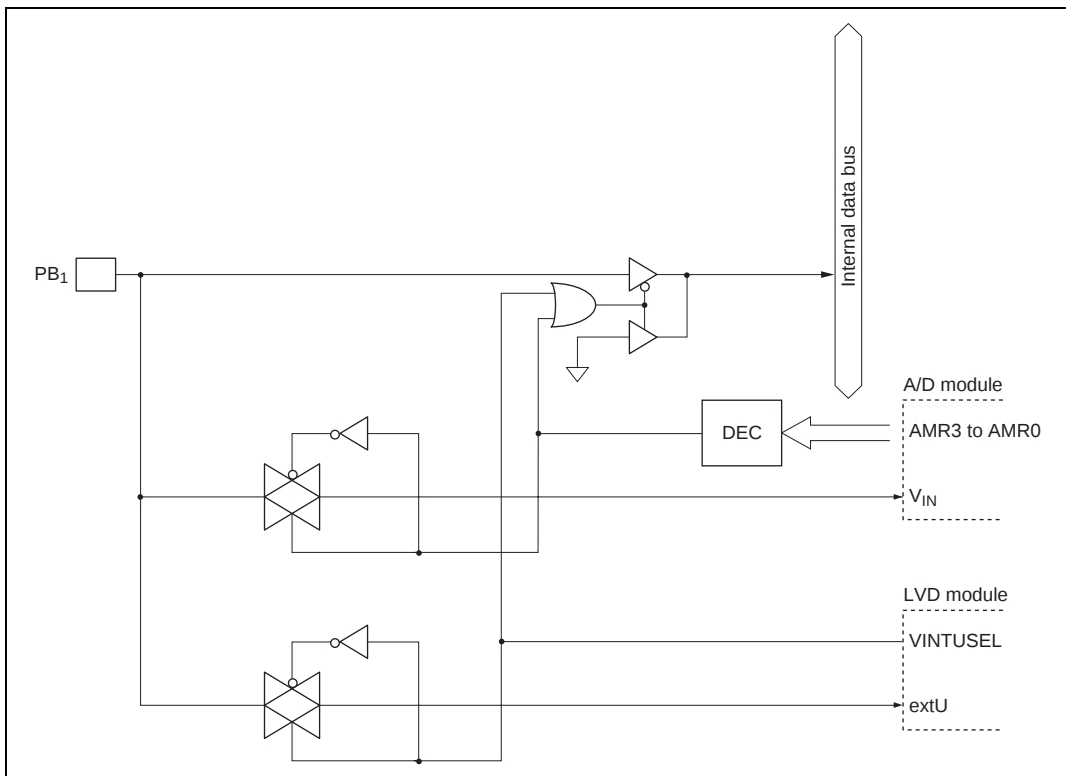


**Figure B.8 Port A Block Diagram**





**Figure B.9(b) Port B Block Diagram (Pin PB0, H8/38104 Group Only)**

**Figure B.9(c) Port B Block Diagram (Pin PB1, H8/38104 Group Only)**

## Appendix C Port States in Each Operating State

**Table C.1 Port States**

| <b>Port</b> | <b>Reset</b>   | <b>Sleep</b>   | <b>Subsleep</b> | <b>Standby</b>  | <b>Watch</b>   | <b>Subactive</b> | <b>Active</b>  |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| P37 to P31  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance* | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| P43 to P40  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance  | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| P57 to P50  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance* | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| P67 to P60  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance* | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| P77 to P70  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance  | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| P80         | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance  | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| P95 to P90  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance  | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| PA3 to PA0  | High impedance | Retained       | Retained        | High impedance  | Retained       | Functioning      | Functioning    |
| PB3 to PB0  | High impedance | High impedance | High impedance  | High impedance  | High impedance | High impedance   | High impedance |

Note: \* High level output when the pull-up MOS is in on state.

# Appendix D Product Code Lineup

**Table D.1 Product Code Lineup of H8/3802 Group**

| Product Type |                     |                                                             | Part No.     | Model Marking      | Package<br>(Package Code) |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| H8/3802      | PROM<br>version     | Regular<br>product                                          | HD6473802H   | HD6473802H         | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6473802FP  | HD6473802FP        | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6473802P   | HD6473802P         | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
|              |                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD6473802D   | HD6473802H         | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6473802FPI | HD6473802FP        | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6473802Q   | HD6473802P         | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
|              | Mask ROM<br>version | Regular<br>product                                          | HD6433802H   | HD6433802 (***) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433802FP  | HD6433802 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433802P   | HD6433802 (***) P  | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HCD6433802   | —                  | Die                       |
|              |                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD6433802D   | HD6433802 (***) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433802FPI | HD6433802 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433802Q   | HD6433802 (***) P  | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
| H8/3801      | Mask ROM<br>version | Regular<br>product                                          | HD6433801H   | HD6433801 (***) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433801FP  | HD6433801 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433801P   | HD6433801 (***) P  | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HCD6433801   | —                  | Die                       |
|              |                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD6433801D   | HD6433801 (***) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433801FPI | HD6433801 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433801Q   | HD6433801 (***) P  | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
| H8/3800      | Mask ROM<br>version | Regular<br>product                                          | HD6433800H   | HD6433800 (***) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433800FP  | HD6433800 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433800P   | HD6433800 (***) P  | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HCD6433800   | —                  | Die                       |
|              |                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD6433800D   | HD6433800 (***) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433800FPI | HD6433800 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD6433800Q   | HD6433800 (***) P  | 64-pin DILP (DP-64S)      |

Legend:

(\*\*\*): ROM code

**Table D.2 Product Code Lineup of H8/38004 Group**

| Product Type |                            |                                                                        | Part No.        | Model Marking  | Package<br>(Package Code) |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| H8/38004     | Flash<br>memory<br>version | Regular<br>product<br>(2.7 V)                                          | HD64F38004H10   | 64F38004H10    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64F38004FP10  | F38004FP10     | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64F38004FT10  | F38004FT10     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HCD64F38004     | —              | Die                       |
|              |                            | Regular<br>product<br>(2.2 V)                                          | HD64F38004H4    | 64F38004H4     | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64F38004FP4   | F38004FP4      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64F38004FT4   | F38004FT4      | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HCD64F38004C4   | —              | Die                       |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications<br>(2.7 V) | HD64F38004H10W  | 64F38004H10    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64F38004FP10W | F38004FP10     | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64F38004FT10W | F38004FT10     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              | Mask ROM<br>version        | Regular<br>product                                                     | HD64338004H     | HD64338004H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338004FP    | 38004 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338004FT    | 38004 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HCD64338004     | —              | Die                       |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications            | HD64338004HW    | HD64338004H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338004FPW   | 38004 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338004FTW   | 38004 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        |                 |                |                           |
| H8/38003     | Mask ROM<br>version        | Regular<br>product                                                     | HD64338003H     | HD64338003H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338003FP    | 38003 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338003FT    | 38003 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HCD64338003     | —              | Die                       |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications            | HD64338003HW    | HD64338003H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338003FPW   | 38003 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            |                                                                        | HD64338003FTW   | 38003 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |

| Product Type |                                                                        |                                                                        | Part No.        | Model Marking  | Package<br>(Package Code) |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| H8/38002     | Flash<br>memory<br>version                                             | Regular<br>product<br>(2.7 V)                                          | HD64F38002H10   | 64F38002H10    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64F38002FP10  | F38002FP10     | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64F38002FT10  | F38002FT10     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HCD64F38002     | —              | Die                       |
|              | Regular<br>product<br>(2.2 V)                                          | Regular<br>product<br>(2.2 V)                                          | HD64F38002H4    | 64F38002H4     | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64F38002FP4   | F38002FP4      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64F38002FT4   | F38002FT4      | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HCD64F38002C4   | —              | Die                       |
|              | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications<br>(2.7 V) | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications<br>(2.7 V) | HD64F38002H10W  | 64F38002H10    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64F38002FP10W | F38002FP10     | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64F38002FT10W | F38002FT10     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              | Mask ROM<br>version                                                    | Regular<br>product                                                     | HD64338002H     | HD64338002H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338002FP    | 38002 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338002FT    | 38002 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HCD64338002     | —              | Die                       |
|              |                                                                        | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications            | HD64338002HW    | HD64338002H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338002FPW   | 38002 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338002FTW   | 38002 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)      |
| H8/38001     | Mask ROM<br>version                                                    | Regular<br>product                                                     | HD64338001H     | HD64338001H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338001FP    | 38001 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HCD64338001     | —              | Die                       |
|              |                                                                        | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications            | HD64338001HW    | HD64338001H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338001FPW   | 38001 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
| H8/38000     | Mask ROM<br>version                                                    | Regular<br>product                                                     | HD64338000H     | HD64338000H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338000FP    | 38000 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HCD64338000     | —              | Die                       |
|              |                                                                        | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications            | HD64338000HW    | HD64338000H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                                                                        |                                                                        | HD64338000FPW   | 38000 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |

Legend:

(\*\*\*) : ROM code

**Table D.3 Product Code Lineup of H8/38002S Group**

| <b>Product Type</b> |                                                             |                    | <b>Part No.</b> | <b>Model Marking</b> | <b>Package<br/>(Package Code)</b> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| H8/38002S           | Mask ROM<br>version                                         | Regular<br>product | HD64338002SH    | 38002 (***) H        | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)               |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338002SFZ   | 38002 (***)          | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)              |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338002SFT   | 38002 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)              |
|                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications |                    | HD64338002SHW   | 38002 (***) H        | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)               |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338002SFZW  | 38002 (***)          | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)              |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338002SFTW  | 38002 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)              |
| H8/38001S           | Mask ROM<br>version                                         | Regular<br>product | HD64338001SH    | 38001 (***) H        | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)               |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338001SFZ   | 38001 (***)          | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)              |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338001SFT   | 38001 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)              |
|                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications |                    | HD64338001SHW   | 38001 (***) H        | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)               |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338001SFZW  | 38001 (***)          | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)              |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338001SFTW  | 38001 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)              |
| H8/38000S           | Mask ROM<br>version                                         | Regular<br>product | HD64338000SH    | 38000 (***) H        | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)               |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338000SFZ   | 38000 (***)          | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)              |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338000SFT   | 38000 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)              |
|                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications |                    | HD64338000SHW   | 38000 (***) H        | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)               |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338000SFZW  | 38000 (***)          | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)              |
|                     |                                                             |                    | HD64338000SFTW  | 38000 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)              |

Legend:

(\*\*\*) : ROM code

Table D.4 Product Code Lineup of H8/38104 Group

| Product Type |                            |                                                             | Part No.      | Model Marking | Package<br>(Package Code) |
|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| H8/38104     | Flash<br>memory<br>version | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64F38104H   | F38104H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64F38104FP  | F38104FP      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64F38104HW  | F38104H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64F38104FPW | F38104FP      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              | Mask ROM<br>version        | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64338104H   | 38104(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338104FP  | 38104(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64338104HW  | 38104(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338104FPW | 38104(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
| H8/38103     | Mask ROM<br>version        | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64338103H   | 38103(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338103FP  | 38103(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64338103HW  | 38103(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338103FPW | 38103(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
| H8/38102     | Flash<br>memory<br>version | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64F38102H   | F38102H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64F38102FP  | F38102FP      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64F38102HW  | F38102H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64F38102FPW | F38102FP      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              | Mask ROM<br>version        | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64338102H   | 38102(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338102FP  | 38102(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64338102HW  | 38102(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338102FPW | 38102(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
| H8/38101     | Mask ROM<br>version        | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64338101H   | 38101(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338101FP  | 38101(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                            | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64338101HW  | 38101(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                            |                                                             | HD64338101FPW | 38101(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |

| Product Type |                     |                                                             | Part No.      | Model Marking | Package<br>(Package Code) |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| H8/38100     | Mask ROM<br>version | Regular<br>product                                          | HD64338100H   | 38100(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD64338100FP  | 38100(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |
|              |                     | Product with<br>wide-range<br>temperature<br>specifications | HD64338100HW  | 38100(***)H   | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)       |
|              |                     |                                                             | HD64338100FPW | 38100(***)    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)      |

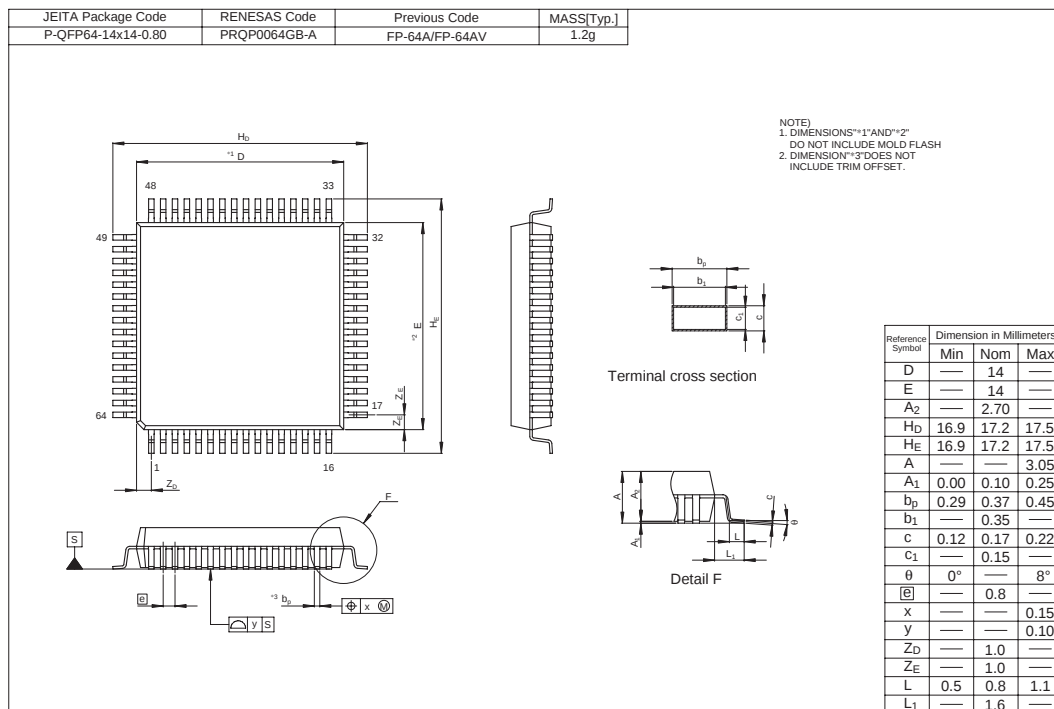
Legend:

(\*\*\*) : ROM code

# Appendix E Package Dimensions

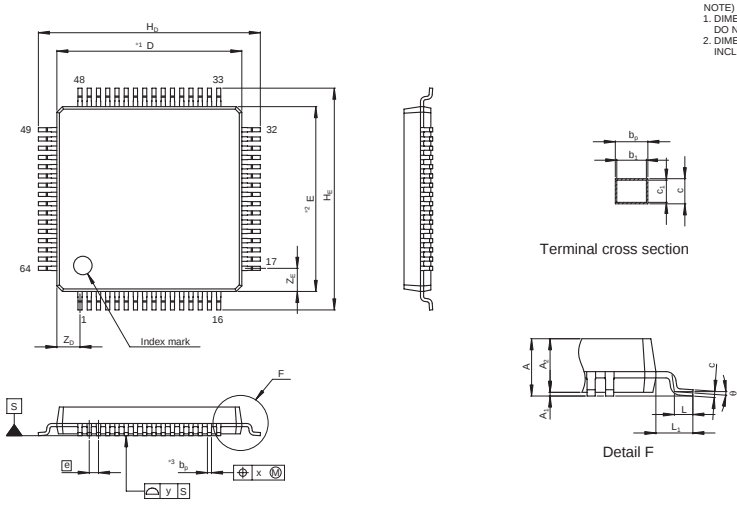
The package dimensions are shown in figure E.1 (FP-64A), figure E.2 (FP-64E), figure E.3 (FP-64K), figure E.4 (DP-64S), and figure E.5 (TNP-64B).

The package dimension that is shown in the Renesas Semiconductor Package Data Book has Priority.



**Figure E.1 Package Dimensions (FP-64A)**

|                     |              |                |            |
|---------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| JEITA Package Code  | RENESAS Code | Previous Code  | MASS[Typ.] |
| P-LQFP64-10x10-0.50 | PLQP0064KC-A | FP-64E/FP-64EV | 0.4g       |



| Reference<br>Symbol | Dimension in Millimeters |      |      |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------|------|
|                     | Min                      | Nom  | Max  |
| D                   | —                        | 10   | —    |
| E                   | —                        | 10   | —    |
| A <sub>2</sub>      | —                        | 1.45 | —    |
| H <sub>D</sub>      | 11.8                     | 12.0 | 12.2 |
| H <sub>E</sub>      | 11.8                     | 12.0 | 12.2 |
| A                   | —                        | —    | 1.70 |
| A <sub>1</sub>      | 0.00                     | 0.10 | 0.20 |
| b <sub>p</sub>      | 0.17                     | 0.22 | 0.27 |
| b <sub>1</sub>      | —                        | 0.20 | —    |
| c                   | 0.12                     | 0.17 | 0.22 |
| c <sub>1</sub>      | —                        | 0.15 | —    |
| θ                   | 0°                       | —    | 8°   |
| ⌀                   | —                        | 0.5  | —    |
| x                   | —                        | —    | 0.08 |
| y                   | —                        | —    | 0.10 |
| Z <sub>D</sub>      | —                        | 1.25 | —    |
| Z <sub>E</sub>      | —                        | 1.25 | —    |
| L                   | 0.3                      | 0.5  | 0.7  |
| L <sub>1</sub>      | —                        | 1.0  | —    |

Figure E.2    Package Dimensions (FP-64E)

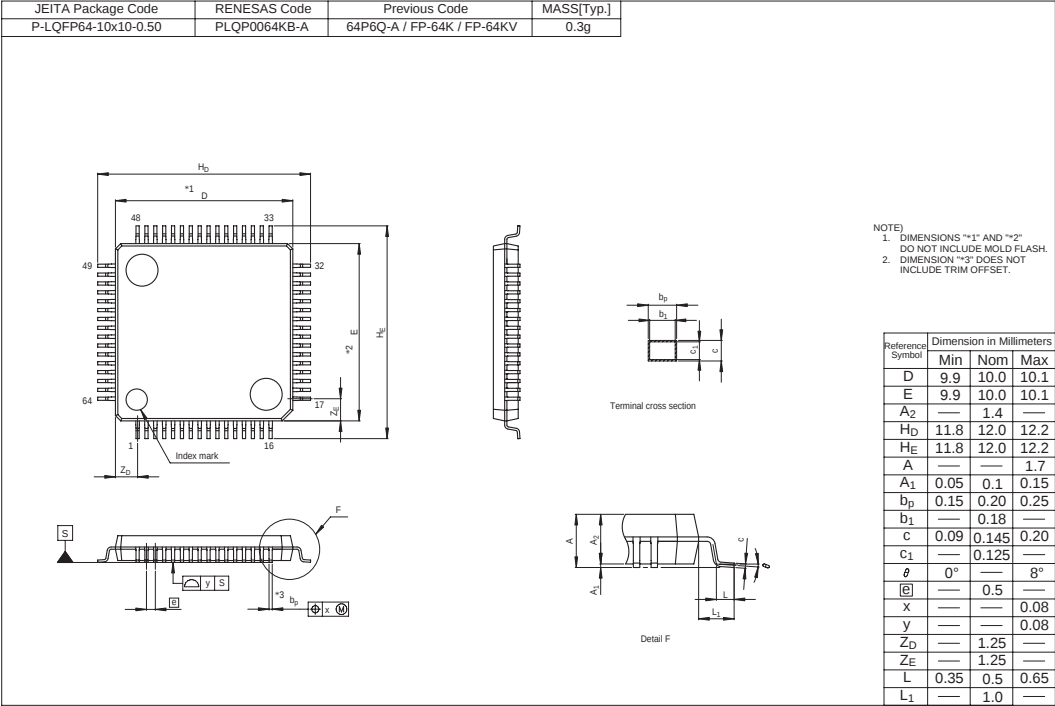


Figure E.3 Package Dimensions (FP-64K)

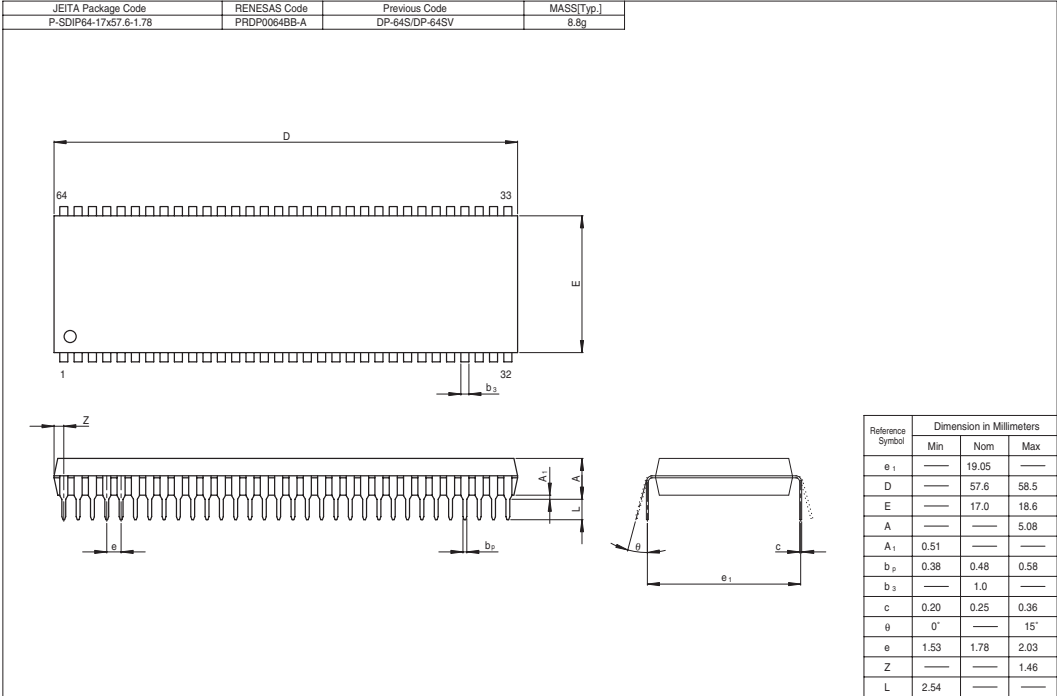


Figure E.4    Package Dimensions (DP-64S)

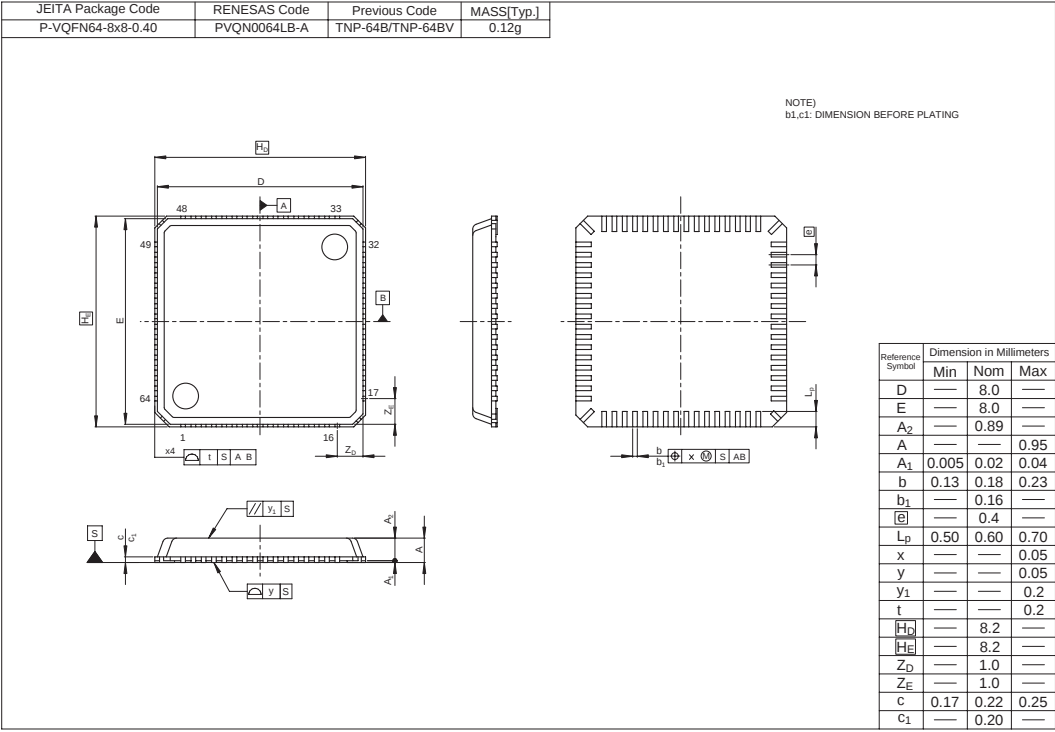
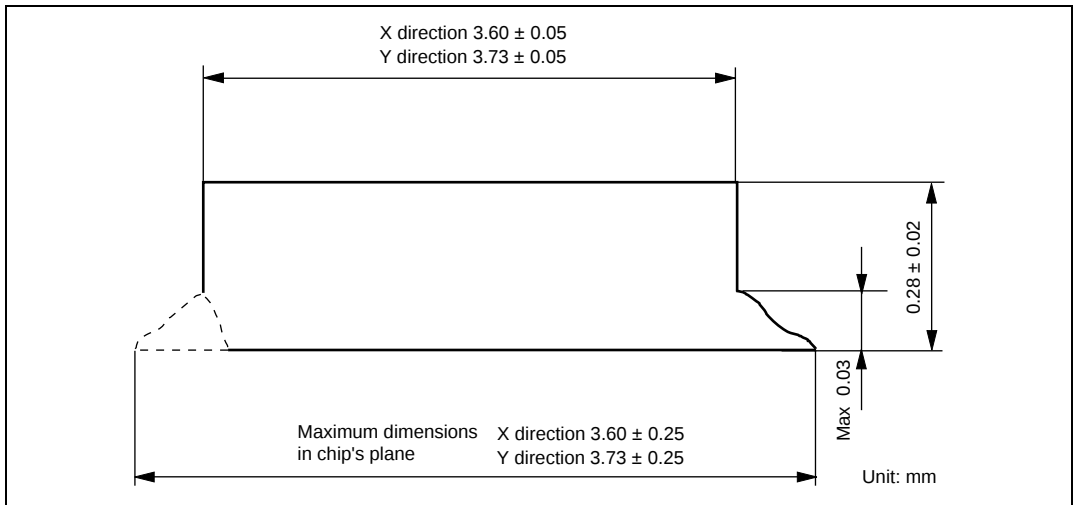
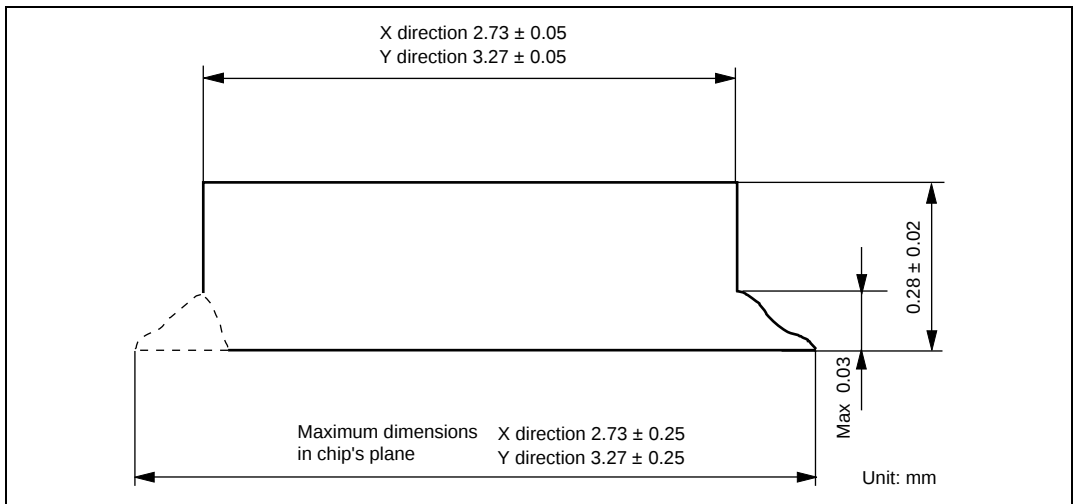


Figure E.5 Package Dimensions (TNP-64B)

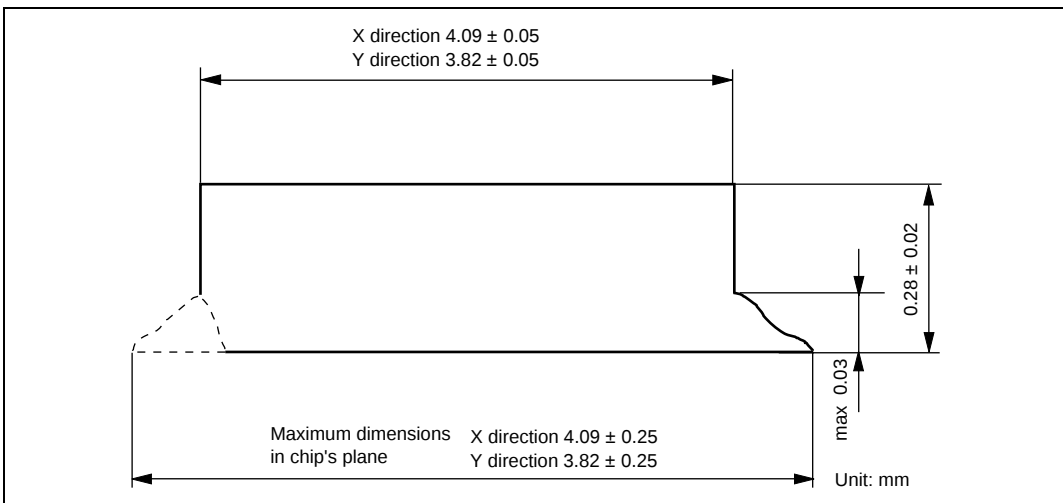
# Appendix F Chip Form Specifications



**Figure F.1 Cross-Sectional View of Chip (HCD6433802, HCD6433801, and HCD6433800)**

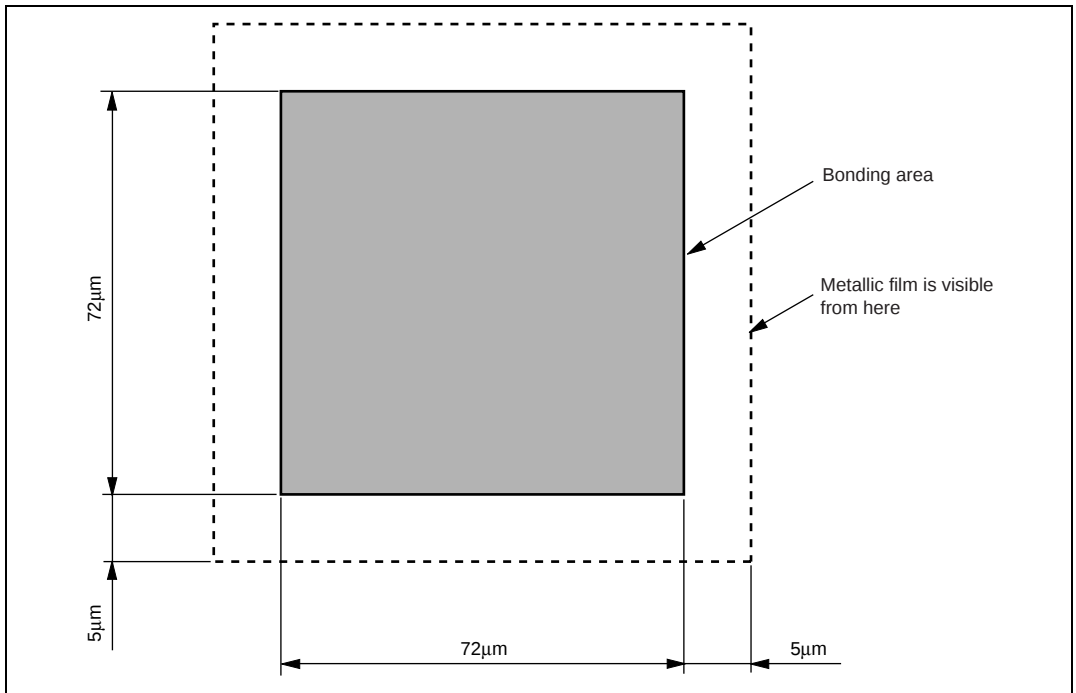


**Figure F.2 Cross-Sectional View of Chip (HCD64338004, HCD64338003, HCD64338002, HCD64338001, and HCD64338000)**



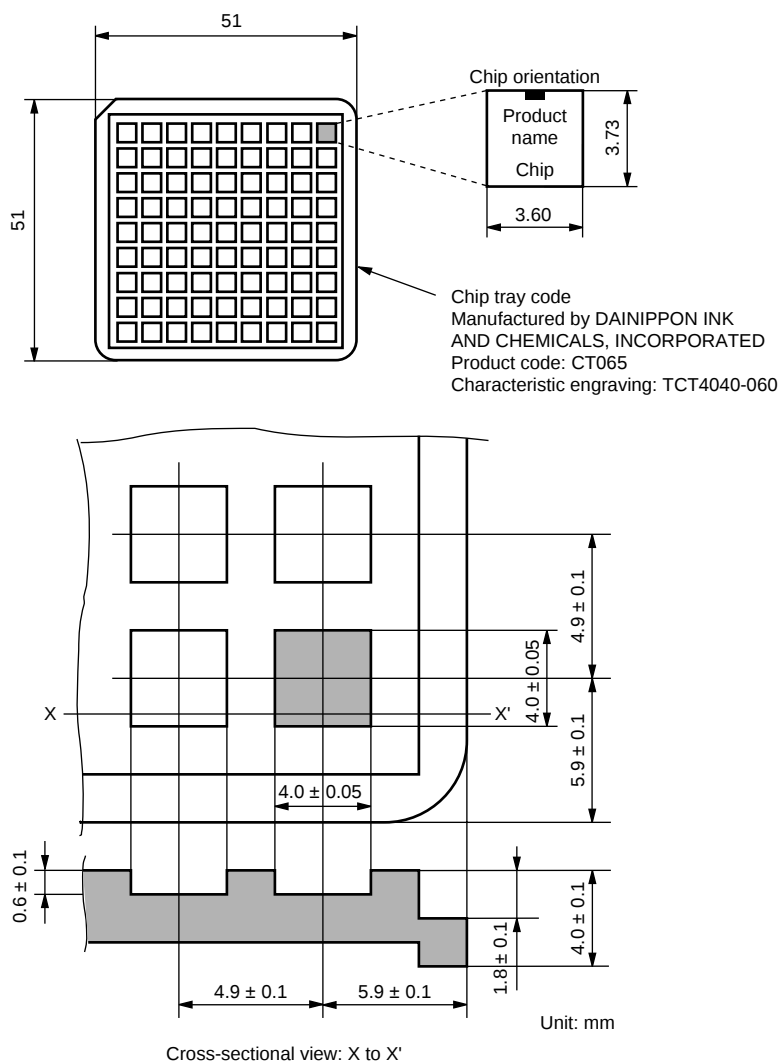
**Figure F.3 Cross-Sectional View of Chip (HCD64F38004 and HCD64F38002)**

## Appendix G Bonding Pad Form

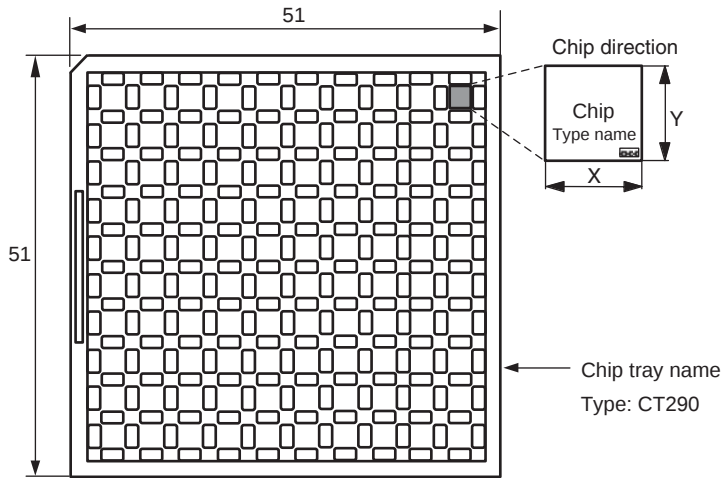


**Figure G.1 Bonding Pad Form (HCD6433802, HCD6433801, HCD6433800, HCD64338004, HCD64338003, HCD64338002, HCD64338001, HCD64338000, HCD64F38004, and HCD64F38002)**

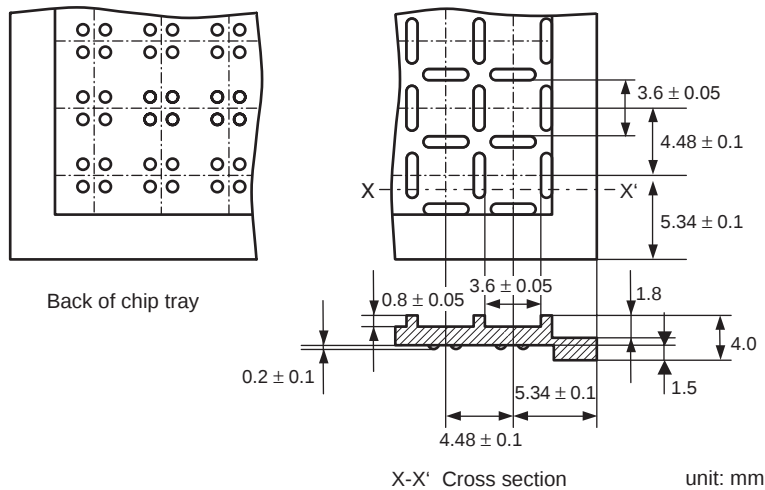
# Appendix H Chip Tray Specifications



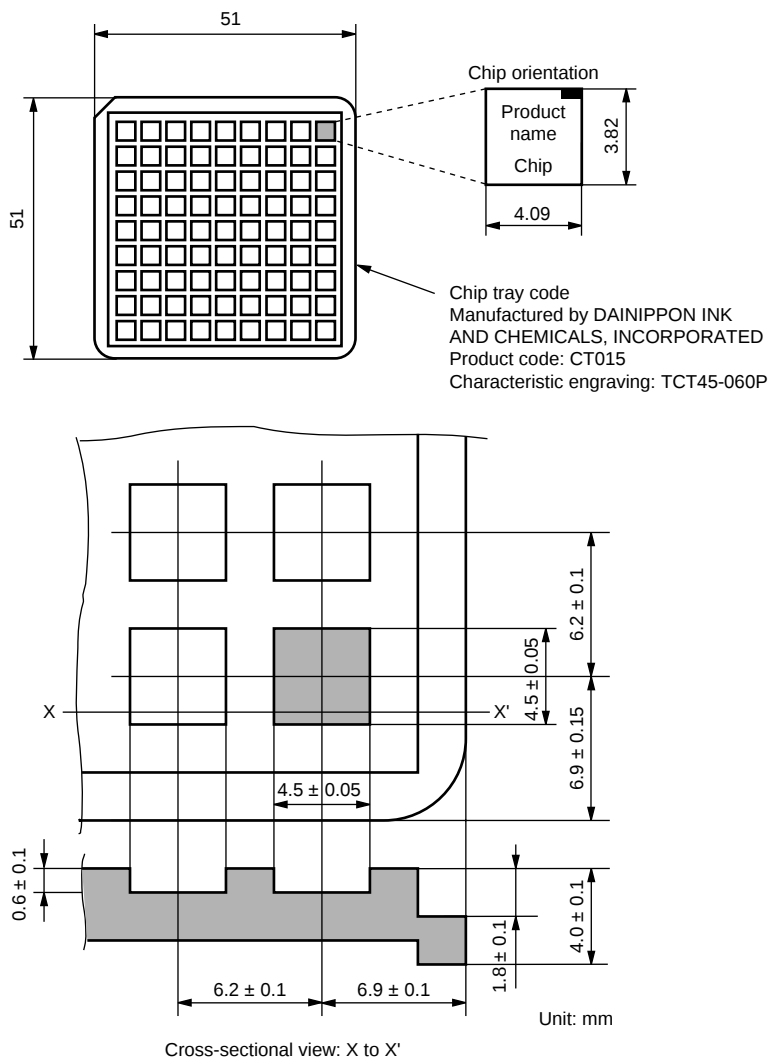
**Figure H.1 Chip Tray Specifications (HCD6433802, HCD6433801, and HCD6433800)**



Carved code:TCT036036-060T

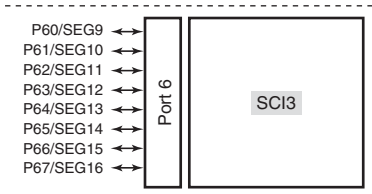


**Figure H.2 Chip Tray Specifications (HCD64338004, HCD64338003, HCD64338002, HCD64338001, and HCD64338000)**



**Figure H.3 Chip Tray Specifications (HCD64F38004 and HCD64F38002)**

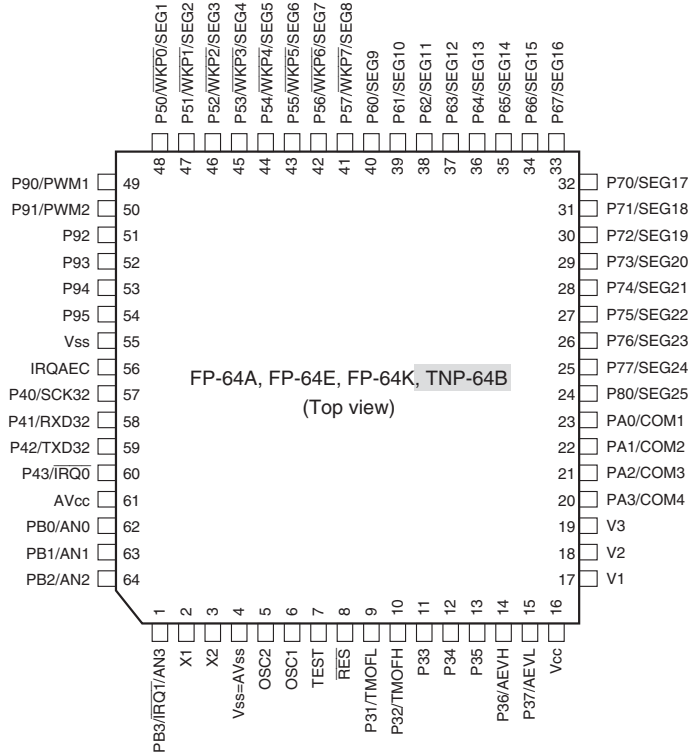
# Main Revisions for This Edition

| Item                                                              | Page    | Revisions (See Manual for Details)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |           |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|----------------|--------|---------|--------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|----------------|--------|-----------|---------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|--------|-----|---|---|---|
| 1.1 Features                                                      | 3       | <div>Table amended</div> <table><thead><tr><th>Package</th><th>Code</th><th>Body Size</th><th>Pin Pitch</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>QFP-64</td><td>FP-64A</td><td>14.0 × 14.0 mm</td><td>0.8 mm</td></tr><tr><td>LQFP-64</td><td>FP-64E</td><td>10.0 × 10.0 mm</td><td>0.5 mm</td></tr><tr><td>LQFP-64</td><td>FP-64K*</td><td>10.0 × 10.0 mm</td><td>0.5 mm</td></tr><tr><td>P-VQFN-64</td><td>TNP-64B</td><td>8.0 × 8.0 mm</td><td>0.4 mm</td></tr><tr><td>DP-64S</td><td>DP-64S</td><td>17.0 × 57.6 mm</td><td>1.0 mm</td></tr><tr><td>Die</td><td>—</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr></tbody></table> <div>Note amended</div> <div>Note: *  The package dimensions of the FP-64K and FP-64E differ. For details, see appendix E, Package Dimensions.</div> | Package   | Code | Body Size | Pin Pitch | QFP-64 | FP-64A | 14.0 × 14.0 mm | 0.8 mm | LQFP-64 | FP-64E | 10.0 × 10.0 mm | 0.5 mm | LQFP-64 | FP-64K* | 10.0 × 10.0 mm | 0.5 mm | P-VQFN-64 | TNP-64B | 8.0 × 8.0 mm | 0.4 mm | DP-64S | DP-64S | 17.0 × 57.6 mm | 1.0 mm | Die | — | — | — |
| Package                                                           | Code    | Body Size                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Pin Pitch |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| QFP-64                                                            | FP-64A  | 14.0 × 14.0 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 0.8 mm    |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| LQFP-64                                                           | FP-64E  | 10.0 × 10.0 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 0.5 mm    |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| LQFP-64                                                           | FP-64K* | 10.0 × 10.0 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 0.5 mm    |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| P-VQFN-64                                                         | TNP-64B | 8.0 × 8.0 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 0.4 mm    |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| DP-64S                                                            | DP-64S  | 17.0 × 57.6 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 1.0 mm    |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| Die                                                               | —       | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | —         |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| 1.2 Internal Block Diagram                                        | 4       | <div>Figure amended</div> <div></div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |           |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| Figure 1.1 Internal Block Diagram of H8/3802 Group                |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |           |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |
| Figure 1.2 Internal Block Diagram of H8/38004 and H8/38002S Group | 5       | <div>Figure title amended</div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |           |      |           |           |        |        |                |        |         |        |                |        |         |         |                |        |           |         |              |        |        |        |                |        |     |   |   |   |

1.3 Pin Arrangement 7

Figure title and Figure amended

Figure 1.4 Pin Arrangement of H8/3802, H8/38004 and H8/38002S Group (FP-64A, FP-64E, FP-64K, TNP-64B)



1.4 Pin Functions 19 to 22

Table amended

Table 1.4 Pin Functions

|  |  | Pin No.                         |        |                         |                       |     |  |           |  |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----|--|-----------|--|
|  |  | FP-64A, FP-64E, FP-64K, TNP-64B | DP-64S | Pad No. <sup>#1#3</sup> | Pad No. <sup>#2</sup> | I/O |  | Functions |  |

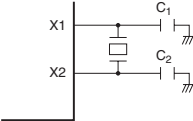
2.5.5 Bit Manipulation 46

Table amended

Instructions

Table 2.7 Bit Manipulation Instructions (1)

| Instruction | Size* | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BAND        | B     | C ^ (<bit-No.> of <EAd>) → C<br>ANDs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.                                                                           |
| BIAND       | B     | C ^ [-(<bit-No.> of <EAd>)] → C<br>ANDs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.<br>The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data. |
| BOR         | B     | C v (<bit-No.> of <EAd>) → C<br>ORs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.                                                                            |
| BIOR        | B     | C v [-(<bit-No.> of <EAd>)] → C<br>ORs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.<br>The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.  |

| Item                                                                            | Page                        | Revisions (See Manual for Details)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|--------|-----------|
| 2.5.5 Bit Manipulation Instructions                                             | 47                          | Table amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Table 2.7 Bit Manipulation Instructions (2)                                     |                             | <table><tr><th>Instruction</th><th>Size*</th><th>Function</th></tr><tr><td>BXOR</td><td>B</td><td>C ⊕ (&lt;bit-No.&gt; of &lt;EAd&gt;) → C<br/>XORs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.</td></tr><tr><td>BIXOR</td><td>B</td><td>C ⊕ [¬ (&lt;bit-No.&gt; of &lt;EAd&gt;)] → C<br/>XORs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Instruction          | Size*                                                                                                                                                                                      | Function      | BXOR     | B                      | C ⊕ (<bit-No.> of <EAd>) → C<br>XORs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag. | BIXOR      | B                           | C ⊕ [¬ (<bit-No.> of <EAd>)] → C<br>XORs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data. |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Instruction                                                                     | Size*                       | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| BXOR                                                                            | B                           | C ⊕ (<bit-No.> of <EAd>) → C<br>XORs the carry flag with a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| BIXOR                                                                           | B                           | C ⊕ [¬ (<bit-No.> of <EAd>)] → C<br>XORs the carry flag with the inverse of a specified bit in a general register or memory operand and stores the result in the carry flag. The bit number is specified by 3-bit immediate data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 4.4.1 Connecting 32.768-kHz/38.4-kHz Crystal Resonator                          | 101                         | Figure amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Figure 4.9 Typical Connection to 32.768-kHz/38.4-kHz Crystal Resonator          |                             | <div></div> <table><tr><th>Frequency</th><th>Manufacturer</th><th>Product Name</th></tr><tr><td>38.4 kHz</td><td>Seiko Instruments Inc.</td><td>VTC-200</td></tr><tr><td>32.768 kHz</td><td>NIHON DEMPA KOGYO CO., LTD.</td><td>MX73P</td></tr></table> <p>C<sub>1</sub> = C<sub>2</sub> = 6 to 12.5 pF (typ.)</p> <table><tr><th>Frequency</th><th>Manufacturer</th><th>Product Name</th><th>Motion Resistance</th></tr><tr><td>32.768 kHz*</td><td>EPSON TOYOCOM.</td><td>C-001R</td><td>35 kΩ max</td></tr></table> <p>C<sub>1</sub> = C<sub>2</sub> = 7 pF (typ.)</p> <p>Notes: Consult with the crystal resonator manufacturer to determine the circuit constants.<br/>* H8/38104 Group only.</p> | Frequency            | Manufacturer                                                                                                                                                                               | Product Name  | 38.4 kHz | Seiko Instruments Inc. | VTC-200                                                                                                                                                   | 32.768 kHz | NIHON DEMPA KOGYO CO., LTD. | MX73P                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Frequency                                                                                                                                                                                  | Manufacturer | Product Name | Motion Resistance | 32.768 kHz* | EPSON TOYOCOM. | C-001R | 35 kΩ max |
| Frequency                                                                       | Manufacturer                | Product Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 38.4 kHz                                                                        | Seiko Instruments Inc.      | VTC-200                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 32.768 kHz                                                                      | NIHON DEMPA KOGYO CO., LTD. | MX73P                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Frequency                                                                       | Manufacturer                | Product Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Motion Resistance    |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 32.768 kHz*                                                                     | EPSON TOYOCOM.              | C-001R                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 35 kΩ max            |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 5.5.3 Contention Between Module Standby and Interrupts                          | 132                         | Newly added                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 6.10.2 Programmer Mode Commands                                                 | 164                         | Figure amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Figure 6.12(1) Socket Adapter Pin Correspondence Diagram (H8/38004F, H8/38002F) |                             | <table><tr><th colspan="2">H8/38004F, H8/38002F</th></tr><tr><th>Pin No.</th><th rowspan="3">Pin Name</th></tr><tr><td>FP-64A</td></tr><tr><td>FP-64E</td></tr><tr><td>TNP-64B</td><td></td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | H8/38004F, H8/38002F |                                                                                                                                                                                            | Pin No.       | Pin Name | FP-64A                 | FP-64E                                                                                                                                                    | TNP-64B    |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| H8/38004F, H8/38002F                                                            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Pin No.                                                                         | Pin Name                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| FP-64A                                                                          |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| FP-64E                                                                          |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| TNP-64B                                                                         |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Section 10 Serial Communication Interface 3 (SCI3)                              | 259                         | Description deleted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
|                                                                                 |                             | In the asynchronous method, serial data communication can be carried out using standard asynchronous communication chips such as a Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) or an Asynchronous Communication Interface Adapter (ACIA).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 10.3.5 Serial Mode Register (SMR)                                               | 264                         | Table amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                            |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
|                                                                                 |                             | <table><tr><th>Bit</th><th>Bit Name</th><th>Initial Value</th><th>R/W</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>MP</td><td>0</td><td>R/W</td><td>5 Bit Communication<br/>When this bit is one, the format of 5 bits communication becomes possible.<br/>In the case of writing 1 to this bit, bit 5 (PE) should be written with 1 all at one.</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Bit                  | Bit Name                                                                                                                                                                                   | Initial Value | R/W      | Description            | 2                                                                                                                                                         | MP         | 0                           | R/W                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 5 Bit Communication<br>When this bit is one, the format of 5 bits communication becomes possible.<br>In the case of writing 1 to this bit, bit 5 (PE) should be written with 1 all at one. |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| Bit                                                                             | Bit Name                    | Initial Value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | R/W                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |
| 2                                                                               | MP                          | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | R/W                  | 5 Bit Communication<br>When this bit is one, the format of 5 bits communication becomes possible.<br>In the case of writing 1 to this bit, bit 5 (PE) should be written with 1 all at one. |               |          |                        |                                                                                                                                                           |            |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                            |              |              |                   |             |                |        |           |

| Item                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Page                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Revisions (See Manual for Details) |          |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
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| 10.3.6 Serial Control Register 3 (SCR3)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 266                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Table amended                      |          |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| <table><tr><th>Bit</th><th>Bit Name</th><th>Initial Value</th><th>R/W</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>MPIE</td><td>0</td><td>R/W</td><td>Reserved<br/>It's a reserved bit.</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    | Bit      | Bit Name                                        | Initial Value        | R/W         | Description                                  | 3                    | MPIE               | 0 | R/W | Reserved<br>It's a reserved bit.           |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| Bit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Bit Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Initial Value                      | R/W      | Description                                     |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | MPIE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                  | R/W      | Reserved<br>It's a reserved bit.                |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 10.3.7 Serial Status Register (SSR)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 270                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Table amended                      |          |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| <table><tr><th>Bit</th><th>Bit Name</th><th>Initial Value</th><th>R/W</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>MPBR</td><td>0</td><td>R</td><td>Reserved<br/>It's a reserved read-only bit.</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>MPBT</td><td>0</td><td>R/W</td><td>Reserved<br/>The write value should always be 0.</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    | Bit      | Bit Name                                        | Initial Value        | R/W         | Description                                  | 1                    | MPBR               | 0 | R   | Reserved<br>It's a reserved read-only bit. | 0         | MPBT      | 0        | R/W      | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0. |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| Bit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Bit Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Initial Value                      | R/W      | Description                                     |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | MPBR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                  | R        | Reserved<br>It's a reserved read-only bit.      |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | MPBT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                  | R/W      | Reserved<br>The write value should always be 0. |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 10.4.1 Clock                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 279                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Table amended                      |          |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| Table 10.7 Data Transfer Formats (Asynchronous Mode)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <table><tr><th colspan="4">SMR</th><th colspan="13">Serial Data Transfer Format and Frame Length</th></tr><tr><th>CHR</th><th>PE</th><th>MP</th><th>STOP</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th><th>5</th><th>6</th><th>7</th><th>8</th><th>9</th><th>10</th><th>11</th><th>12</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Setting prohibited</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Setting prohibited</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Setting prohibited</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Setting prohibited</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> |                                    | SMR      |                                                 |                      |             | Serial Data Transfer Format and Frame Length |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             | CHR                | PE         | MP              | STOP | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5                 | 6          | 7  | 8  | 9     | 10 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0      |  |  |  |   |   | Setting prohibited |       |  |  |  |  |   | 0 | 0      | 1 | 1 |  |   |   |  |            | Setting prohibited |    |       |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 1      | 0 |  |  |   |   |     | Setting prohibited |  |  |  |  |   |  | 1      | 0 | 1 | 1 |   |   |  |  |                    | Setting prohibited |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| SMR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |          | Serial Data Transfer Format and Frame Length    |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| CHR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | PE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | MP                                 | STOP     | 1                                               | 2                    | 3           | 4                                            | 5                    | 6                  | 7 | 8   | 9                                          | 10        | 11        | 12       |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
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| 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1                                  | 1        |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      | Setting prohibited |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1                                  | 0        |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      | Setting prohibited |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1                                  | 1        |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      | Setting prohibited |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| Table 10.8 SMR Settings and Corresponding Data Transfer Formats                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 280                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Table amended                      |          |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| <table><tr><th colspan="5">SMR</th><th colspan="5">Data Transfer Format</th></tr><tr><th>Bit 7 COM</th><th>Bit 6 CHR</th><th>Bit 2 MP</th><th>Bit 5 PE</th><th>Bit 3 STOP</th><th>Mode</th><th>Data Length</th><th>Multiprocessor Bit</th><th>Parity Bit</th><th>Stop Bit Length</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td rowspan="4">Asynchronous mode</td><td rowspan="4">8-bit data</td><td rowspan="4">No</td><td>No</td><td>1 bit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2 bits</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Yes</td><td>1 bit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2 bits</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td rowspan="4"></td><td rowspan="4">7-bit data</td><td rowspan="4"></td><td>No</td><td>1 bit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2 bits</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Yes</td><td>1 bit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>2 bits</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td>Setting prohibited</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Asynchronous mode</td><td>5-bit data</td><td>No</td><td>No</td><td>1 bit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2 bits</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td>Setting prohibited</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Asynchronous mode</td><td>5-bit data</td><td>No</td><td>Yes</td><td>1 bit</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2 bits</td></tr></table> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    | SMR      |                                                 |                      |             |                                              | Data Transfer Format |                    |   |     |                                            | Bit 7 COM | Bit 6 CHR | Bit 2 MP | Bit 5 PE | Bit 3 STOP                                      | Mode | Data Length | Multiprocessor Bit | Parity Bit | Stop Bit Length | 0    | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Asynchronous mode | 8-bit data | No | No | 1 bit |    |    |    |   | 1 |   | 2 bits |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | Yes                | 1 bit |  |  |  |  | 1 |   | 2 bits |   | 1 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 7-bit data |                    | No | 1 bit |  |  |  |  | 1 |   | 2 bits |   |  |  | 1 | 0 | Yes | 1 bit              |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 bits | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | Setting prohibited |                    |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | Asynchronous mode | 5-bit data | No | No | 1 bit |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 bits |  | 1 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | Setting prohibited |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | Asynchronous mode | 5-bit data | No | Yes | 1 bit |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 bits |
| SMR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |          |                                                 | Data Transfer Format |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| Bit 7 COM                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Bit 6 CHR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Bit 2 MP                           | Bit 5 PE | Bit 3 STOP                                      | Mode                 | Data Length | Multiprocessor Bit                           | Parity Bit           | Stop Bit Length    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
| 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0                                  | 0        | 0                                               | Asynchronous mode    | 8-bit data  | No                                           | No                   | 1 bit              |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |
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| 10.6 Multiprocessor Communication Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | —                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Description deleted                |          |                                                 |                      |             |                                              |                      |                    |   |     |                                            |           |           |          |          |                                                 |      |             |                    |            |                 |      |   |   |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |    |    |    |   |   |   |        |  |  |  |   |   |                    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |   |  |   |   |  |            |                    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |   |        |   |  |  |   |   |     |                    |  |  |  |  |   |  |        |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |                    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |    |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |  |   |  |   |   |  |  |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |                   |            |    |     |       |  |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |        |

| Item                               | Page              | Revisions (See Manual for Details)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------|--|------|-------|------|-------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|----|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| 17.2.2 DC Characteristics          | 377               | Table amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Table 17.2 DC Characteristics (1)  |                   | <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Item</th><th rowspan="2">Symbol</th><th rowspan="2">Applicable Pins</th><th rowspan="2">Test Condition</th><th colspan="3">Values</th><th rowspan="2">Unit</th><th rowspan="2">Notes</th></tr><tr><th>Min</th><th>Typ</th><th>Max</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="4">Input high voltage</td><td rowspan="4">V<sub>IH</sub></td><td rowspan="4">RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> × 0.8</td><td>—</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3</td><td>V</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Other than above</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> × 0.9</td><td>—</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> × 0.8</td><td>—</td><td>AV<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3</td><td>V</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Other than above</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> × 0.9</td><td>—</td><td>AV<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Item                                                                                                       | Symbol                | Applicable Pins | Test Condition         | Values         |                                           |  | Unit | Notes | Min  | Typ   | Max | Input high voltage                 | V <sub>IH</sub>   | RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32 | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V                                                                           | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.8 | —   | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V  |                                           | Other than above                                                                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —   | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3  |                       |  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V                                                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.8 | —   | AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V |                           | Other than above                                                                                      | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —   | AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 |  |                           |
| Item                               | Symbol            | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        | Test Condition | Values                                    |  |      |       | Unit | Notes |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Min                                                                                                        | Typ                   | Max             |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Input high voltage                 | V <sub>IH</sub>   | RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V                                                                           | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.8 | —               | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3  | V              |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Other than above                                                                                           | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —               | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3  |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V                                                                           | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.8 | —               | AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V              |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Other than above                                                                                           | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —               | AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| 17.4.2 DC Characteristics          | 395               | Table amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Table 17.8 DC Characteristics      |                   | <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Item</th><th rowspan="2">Symbol</th><th rowspan="2">Applicable Pins</th><th rowspan="2">Test Condition</th><th colspan="3">Values</th><th rowspan="2">Unit</th><th rowspan="2">Notes</th></tr><tr><th>Min</th><th>Typ</th><th>Max</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Input high voltage</td><td rowspan="2">V<sub>IH</sub></td><td rowspan="2">RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32</td><td></td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> × 0.9</td><td>—</td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3</td><td>V</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> × 0.9</td><td>—</td><td>AV<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3</td><td>V</td><td></td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Item                                                                                                       | Symbol                | Applicable Pins | Test Condition         | Values         |                                           |  | Unit | Notes | Min  | Typ   | Max | Input high voltage                 | V <sub>IH</sub>   | RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32 |                                                                                                            | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —   | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V  |                                           |                                                                                                       | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —   | AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V                     |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Item                               | Symbol            | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        | Test Condition | Values                                    |  |      |       | Unit | Notes |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Min                                                                                                        | Typ                   | Max             |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Input high voltage                 | V <sub>IH</sub>   | RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                            | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —               | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3  | V              |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                            | V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.9 | —               | AV <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V              |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    | 398               | Table amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   | <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Item</th><th rowspan="2">Symbol</th><th rowspan="2">Applicable Pins</th><th rowspan="2">Test Condition</th><th colspan="3">Values</th><th rowspan="2">Unit</th><th rowspan="2">Notes</th></tr><tr><th>Min</th><th>Typ</th><th>Max</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Active mode current consumption</td><td rowspan="2">I<sub>OPE2</sub></td><td rowspan="2">V<sub>CC</sub></td><td rowspan="2">Active (medium-speed) mode<br/>V<sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br/>f<sub>OSC</sub> = 4 MHz,<br/>φ<sub>OSC</sub>/128</td><td>—</td><td>0.2</td><td>—</td><td>mA</td><td>*1*3*4<br/>Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ.</td></tr><tr><td>—</td><td>0.7</td><td>1.3</td><td></td><td>*2*3*4<br/>Condition B</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Item                                                                                                       | Symbol                | Applicable Pins | Test Condition         | Values         |                                           |  | Unit | Notes | Min  | Typ   | Max | Active mode current consumption    | I <sub>OPE2</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub>                            | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 4 MHz,<br>φ <sub>OSC</sub> /128 | —                     | 0.2 | —                     | mA | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ. | —                                                                                                     | 0.7                   | 1.3 |                        | *2*3*4<br>Condition B |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Item                               | Symbol            | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        | Test Condition | Values                                    |  |      |       | Unit | Notes |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Min                                                                                                        | Typ                   | Max             |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Active mode current consumption    | I <sub>OPE2</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Active (medium-speed) mode<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,<br>f <sub>OSC</sub> = 4 MHz,<br>φ <sub>OSC</sub> /128 | —                     | 0.2             | —                      | mA             | *1*3*4<br>Approx. max. value = 1.1 × Typ. |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                            | —                     | 0.7             | 1.3                    |                | *2*3*4<br>Condition B                     |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    | 399               | Table amended                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   | <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Item</th><th rowspan="2">Symbol</th><th rowspan="2">Applicable Pins</th><th rowspan="2">Test Condition</th><th colspan="3">Values</th><th rowspan="2">Unit</th><th rowspan="2">Notes</th></tr><tr><th>Min</th><th>Typ</th><th>Max</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="4">Subactive mode current consumption</td><td rowspan="4">I<sub>SUB</sub></td><td rowspan="4">V<sub>CC</sub></td><td>V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, LCD on 32-kHz External Clock (φ<sub>SUB</sub> = φ<sub>W</sub>/2)</td><td>—</td><td>6.2</td><td>—</td><td>μA</td><td>*1*3*4<br/>Reference value</td></tr><tr><td>V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ<sub>SUB</sub> = φ<sub>W</sub>/2)</td><td>—</td><td>5.4</td><td>—</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ<sub>SUB</sub> = φ<sub>W</sub>/2)</td><td>—</td><td>4.4</td><td>—</td><td></td><td>*1*3*4<br/>Reference value</td></tr><tr><td>V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ<sub>SUB</sub> = φ<sub>W</sub>/8)</td><td>—</td><td>8.0</td><td>—</td><td></td><td>*2*3*4<br/>Reference value</td></tr></table> | Item                                                                                                       | Symbol                | Applicable Pins | Test Condition         | Values         |                                           |  | Unit | Notes | Min  | Typ   | Max | Subactive mode current consumption | I <sub>SUB</sub>  | V <sub>CC</sub>                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, LCD on 32-kHz External Clock (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /2)               | —                     | 6.2 | —                     | μA | *1*3*4<br>Reference value                 | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /2) | —                     | 5.4 | —                      |                       |  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /2) | —                     | 4.4 | —                      |   | *1*3*4<br>Reference value | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /8) | —                     | 8.0 | —                      |  | *2*3*4<br>Reference value |
| Item                               | Symbol            | Applicable Pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                            |                       |                 |                        | Test Condition | Values                                    |  |      |       | Unit | Notes |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Min                                                                                                        | Typ                   | Max             |                        |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
| Subactive mode current consumption | I <sub>SUB</sub>  | V <sub>CC</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, LCD on 32-kHz External Clock (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /2)               | —                     | 6.2             | —                      | μA             | *1*3*4<br>Reference value                 |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /2)      | —                     | 5.4             | —                      |                |                                           |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /2)      | —                     | 4.4             | —                      |                | *1*3*4<br>Reference value                 |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |
|                                    |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V, LCD on, 32-kHz crystal resonator used (φ <sub>SUB</sub> = φ <sub>W</sub> /8)      | —                     | 8.0             | —                      |                | *2*3*4<br>Reference value                 |  |      |       |      |       |     |                                    |                   |                                            |                                                                                                            |                       |     |                       |    |                                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |                       |  |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |   |                           |                                                                                                       |                       |     |                        |  |                           |

| Item | Page | Revisions (See Manual for Details) |
|------|------|------------------------------------|
|------|------|------------------------------------|

17.4.2 DC 400 Table amended

## Characteristics

Table 17.8 DC

## Characteristics

| Item                               | Symbol      | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                | Values |     |     | Unit    | Notes                     |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------|---------------------------|
|                                    |             |                 |                                                                                               | Min    | Typ | Max |         |                           |
| Subactive mode current consumption | $I_{SUB}$   | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz External Clock<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = w/2$ )                  | —      | 10  | 40  | $\mu A$ | *1*3*4                    |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = w/2$ )      | —      | 11  | 40  |         |                           |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz External Clock<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = w/2$ )                  | —      | 28  | 50  |         | *2*3*4                    |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = w/2$ )      | —      | 25  | 50  |         |                           |
| Subsleep mode current consumption  | $I_{SUBSP}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>LCD on 32-kHz External Clock<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = w/2$ )                  | —      | 4.6 | 16  | $\mu A$ | *3*4                      |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>LCD on,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used<br>( $\phi_{SUB} = w/2$ )      | —      | 5.1 | 16  |         |                           |
| Watch mode current consumption     | $I_{WATCH}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 1.8 V$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ ,<br>32-kHz External Clock<br>LCD not used          | —      | 1.2 | —   | $\mu A$ | *1*3*4<br>Reference value |
|                                    |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 1.8 V$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used | —      | 0.6 | —   |         |                           |

401 Table amended

| Item                           | Symbol      | Applicable Pins | Test Condition                                                                                | Values |     |     | Unit    | Notes                   |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------|-------------------------|
|                                |             |                 |                                                                                               | Min    | Typ | Max |         |                         |
| Watch mode current consumption | $I_{WATCH}$ | $V_{CC}$        | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ ,<br>32-kHz External Clock<br>LCD not used          | —      | 2.0 | —   | $\mu A$ | *3*4<br>Reference value |
|                                |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>$T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used | —      | 2.9 | —   |         |                         |
|                                |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>32-kHz External Clock<br>LCD not used                                   | —      | 2.0 | 6.0 |         | *3*4                    |
|                                |             |                 | $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$ ,<br>32-kHz crystal resonator used,<br>LCD not used                          | —      | 2.9 | 6.0 |         |                         |

17.4.7 Power Supply 413 Newly added  
Characteristics

| Item                               | Page               | Revisions (See Manual for Details) |                                            |                                         |                     |                 |                 |      |       |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|-------|
| 17.6.2 DC Characteristics          | 419                | Table amended                      |                                            |                                         |                     |                 |                 |      |       |
| Table 17.16 DC Characteristics (1) |                    |                                    |                                            | Values                                  |                     |                 |                 |      |       |
|                                    | Item               | Symbol                             | Applicable Pins                            | Test Condition                          | Min                 | Typ             | Max             | Unit | Notes |
|                                    | Input high voltage | $V_{IH}$                           | RES, WKP0 to WKP7, IRQ0, AEVL, AEVH, SCK32 | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —               | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  | V    |       |
|                                    |                    |                                    |                                            | Other than above                        | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$ | —               | $V_{CC} + 0.3$  |      |       |
|                                    |                    |                                    | IRQ1                                       | $V_{CC} = 4.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} \times 0.8$ | —               | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    |       |
| Other than above                   |                    |                                    |                                            | $V_{CC} \times 0.9$                     | —                   | $AV_{CC} + 0.3$ |                 |      |       |
|                                    |                    |                                    |                                            |                                         |                     |                 |                 |      |       |

|                                      |     |             |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-------------|
| 17.6.10 Power Supply Characteristics | 438 | Newly added |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-------------|

Appendix D Product Code Lineup

483

Table amended

Table D.2 Product Code Lineup of H8/38004 Group

| Product Type |                      |                                                            | Part No.                                           | Model Marking        | Package (Package Code) |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| H8/38004     | Flash memory version | Regular product (2.7 V)                                    | HD64F38004H10                                      | 64F38004H10          | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64F38004FP10                                     | F38004FP10           | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64F38004FT10                                     | F38004FT10           | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HCD64F38004                                        | —                    | Die                    |                      |
|              |                      | Regular product (2.2 V)                                    | HD64F38004H4                                       | 64F38004H4           | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64F38004FP4                                      | F38004FP4            | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64F38004FT4                                      | F38004FT4            | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HCD64F38004C4                                      | —                    | Die                    |                      |
|              |                      | Product with wide-range temperature specifications (2.7 V) | HD64F38004H10W                                     | 64F38004H10          | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64F38004FP10W                                    | F38004FP10           | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64F38004FT10W                                    | F38004FT10           | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            |                                                    |                      |                        |                      |
|              | Mask ROM version     | Regular product                                            | HD64338004H                                        | HD64338004H          | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64338004FP                                       | 38004 (***) FP       | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64338004FT                                       | 38004 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HCD64338004                                        | —                    | Die                    |                      |
|              |                      | Product with wide-range temperature specifications         | HD64338004HW                                       | HD64338004H          | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64338004FPW                                      | 38004 (***) FP       | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64338004FTW                                      | 38004 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            |                                                    |                      |                        |                      |
| H8/38003     | Mask ROM version     | Regular product                                            | HD64338003H                                        | HD64338003H          | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64338003FP                                       | 38003 (***) FP       | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HD64338003FT                                       | 38003 (***) FT       | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | HCD64338003                                        | —                    | Die                    |                      |
|              |                      |                                                            | Product with wide-range temperature specifications | HD64338003HW         | HD64338003H            | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)  |
|              |                      |                                                            |                                                    | HD64338003FPW        | 38003 (***) FP         | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E) |
|              |                      | HD64338003FTW                                              | 38003 (***) FT                                     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B) |                        |                      |

| Item                                            |                               | Page                                                       | Revisions (See Manual for Details)                 |                |                        |                     |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Appendix D Product Code Lineup                  |                               | 484                                                        | Table amended                                      |                |                        |                     |
| Table D.2 Product Code Lineup of H8/38004 Group | Product Type                  |                                                            | Part No.                                           | Model Marking  | Package (Package Code) |                     |
|                                                 | H8/38002 Flash memory version | Regular product (2.7 V)                                    | HD64F38002H10                                      | 64F38002H10    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64F38002FP10                                     | F38002FP10     | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64F38002FT10                                     | F38002FT10     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HCD64F38002                                        | —              | Die                    |                     |
|                                                 |                               | Regular product (2.2 V)                                    | HD64F38002H4                                       | 64F38002H4     | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64F38002FP4                                      | F38002FP4      | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64F38002FT4                                      | F38002FT4      | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HCD64F38002C4                                      | —              | Die                    |                     |
|                                                 |                               | Product with wide-range temperature specifications (2.7 V) | HD64F38002H10W                                     | 64F38002H10    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64F38002FP10W                                    | F38002FP10     | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64F38002FT10W                                    | F38002FT10     | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            |                                                    |                |                        |                     |
|                                                 | Mask ROM version              | Regular product                                            | HD64338002H                                        | HD64338002H    | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64338002FP                                       | 38002 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HD64338002FT                                       | 38002 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | HCD64338002                                        | —              | Die                    |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            | Product with wide-range temperature specifications | HD64338002HW   | HD64338002H            | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A) |
| HD64338002FPW                                   |                               |                                                            |                                                    | 38002 (***) FP | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64E)   |                     |
| HD64338002FTW                                   |                               |                                                            |                                                    | 38002 (***) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |                     |
|                                                 |                               |                                                            |                                                    |                |                        |                     |

| Table D.3 Product Code Lineup of H8/38002S Group | 485                                                | Table amended   |                 |                      |                        |  |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| Product Type                                     |                                                    |                 | Part No.        | Model Marking        | Package (Package Code) |  |
| H8/38002S                                        | Mask ROM version                                   | Regular product | HD64338002SH    | 38002 (*** ) H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |  |
|                                                  |                                                    |                 | HD64338002SFZ   | 38002 (*** )         | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)   |  |
|                                                  |                                                    |                 | HD64338002SFT   | 38002 (*** ) FT      | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |  |
|                                                  | Product with wide-range temperature specifications | HD64338002SHW   | 38002 (*** ) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)  |                        |  |
|                                                  |                                                    | HD64338002SFZW  | 38002 (*** )    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K) |                        |  |
|                                                  |                                                    | HD64338002SFTW  | 38002 (*** ) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B) |                        |  |
| H8/38001S                                        | Mask ROM version                                   | Regular product | HD64338001SH    | 38001 (*** ) H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |  |
|                                                  |                                                    |                 | HD64338001SFZ   | 38001 (*** )         | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)   |  |
|                                                  |                                                    |                 | HD64338001SFT   | 38001 (*** ) FT      | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |  |
|                                                  | Product with wide-range temperature specifications | HD64338001SHW   | 38001 (*** ) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)  |                        |  |
|                                                  |                                                    | HD64338001SFZW  | 38001 (*** )    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K) |                        |  |
|                                                  |                                                    | HD64338001SFTW  | 38001 (*** ) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B) |                        |  |
| H8/38000S                                        | Mask ROM version                                   | Regular product | HD64338000SH    | 38000 (*** ) H       | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)    |  |
|                                                  |                                                    |                 | HD64338000SFZ   | 38000 (*** )         | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K)   |  |
|                                                  |                                                    |                 | HD64338000SFT   | 38000 (*** ) FT      | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B)   |  |
|                                                  | Product with wide-range temperature specifications | HD64338000SHW   | 38000 (*** ) H  | 64-pin QFP (FP-64A)  |                        |  |
|                                                  |                                                    | HD64338000SFZW  | 38000 (*** )    | 64-pin LQFP (FP-64K) |                        |  |
|                                                  |                                                    | HD64338000SFTW  | 38000 (*** ) FT | 64-pin QFP (TNP-64B) |                        |  |

|                                        |     |                 |  |  |
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| Appendix E Package Dimensions          | 488 | Figure replaced |  |  |
| Figure E.1 Package Dimensions (FP-64A) |     |                 |  |  |

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|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|
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