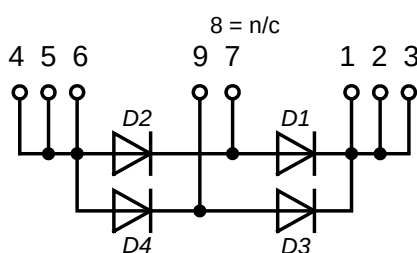
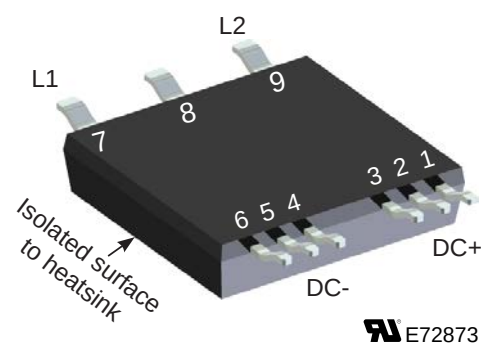


High Efficiency Standard Rectifier

Single Phase Rectifier Bridge

$$\begin{aligned} V_{RRM} &= 800 \text{ V} \\ I_{DAV} &= 124 \text{ A} \\ V_F &= 1.15 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

Part number
DLA100B800LB



Features / Advantages:

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Improved thermal behaviour
- AEC-Q 101 qualified 2018

Applications:

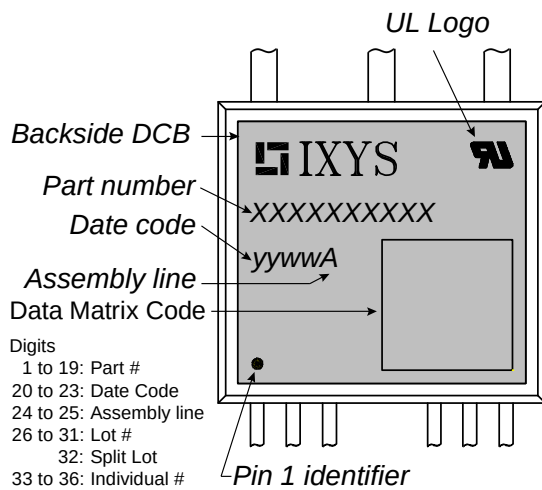
- Diode Bridge for main rectification

Package: SMPD

- DCB isolated backside
- Isolation Voltage 3000 V
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

Diodes				Ratings			
Symbol	Definitions	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RRM\ op}$	operating reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$				800	V
$V_{RRM\ peak}$	peak repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1200	V
I_R	reverse current, drain current	$V_R = 800\ V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$			10 0.1	μA mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 50\ A$ $I_F = 100\ A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1.23 1.45	V V
		$I_F = 50\ A$ $I_F = 100\ A$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$			1.15 1.44	V V
I_{DAV}	average forward current	rectifier output current with: rectangular; $d = 0.5$ (per diode) sine 180° (per diode)	$T_C = 135^{\circ}C$			132 124	A A
V_{F0} r_F	threshold voltage slope resistance	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 175^{\circ}C$			0.75 4.2	V m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					1.0	K/W
R_{thJH}	thermal resistance junction to heatsink	with thermal transfer paste (IXYS test setup)			1.45	1.60	K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$			150	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$ $t = 8.3\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$ $T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$			400 430	A A
		$t = 10\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$ $t = 8.3\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$			350 375	A A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$ $t = 8.3\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$ $T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$			800 780	A ² s A ² s
		$t = 10\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$ $t = 8.3\ ms; (50\ Hz), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\ V$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$ $T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$			610 570	A ² s A ² s
C_J		$V_R = 800\ V; f = 1\ MHz$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		13		pF

Package SMPD			Ratings			
Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	wide terminal standard terminal			100 60	A A
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-55		150	°C
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-55		175	°C
Weight				8		g
F_C	mounting force with clip		40		130	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface /	terminal to terminal	1.6			mm
$d_{Spbl/Apb}$	striking distance through air	terminal to backside	4.0			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute		3000 2500		V V
					50/60 Hz; RMS; $I_{ISOL} < 1$ mA	



Part number

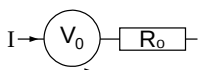
D = Diode
L = High Efficiency Standard Rectifier
A = (up to 1200V)
100 = Current Rating [A]
B = 1~ Rectifier Bridge
800 = Reverse Voltage [V]
LB = SMPD-B

Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Ordering Code
Standard	DLA100B800LB-TRR	DLA100B800LB-TRR	Tape&Reel	200	514621
	DLA100B800LB	DLA100B800LB	Tube	20	514614

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

*on die level

$T_{VJ} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$



Diode

$V_{0\max}$ threshold voltage

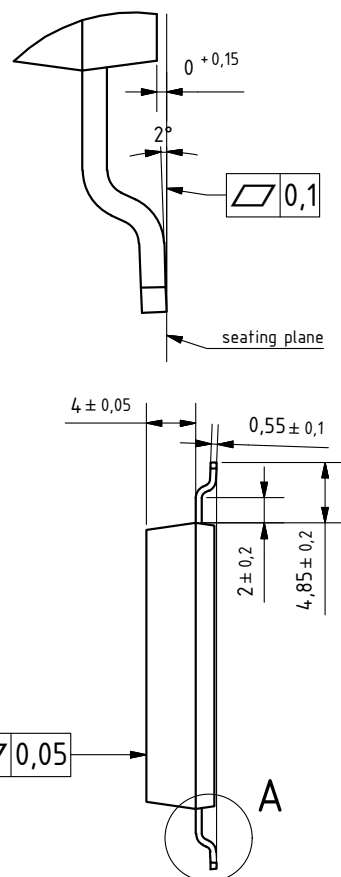
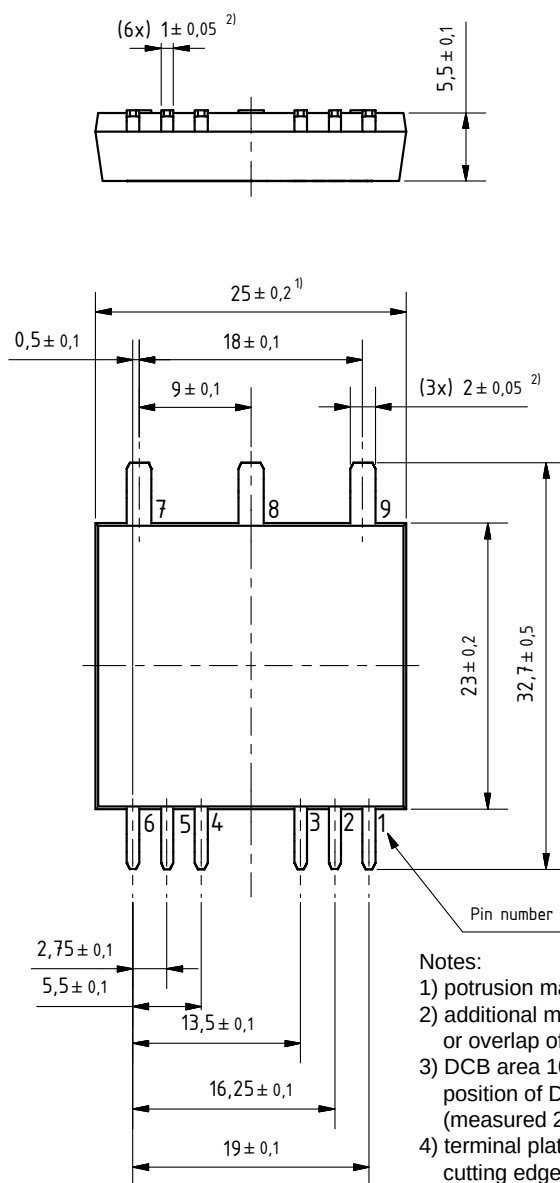
0.75 V

$R_{0\max}$ slope resistance *

4.2 mΩ

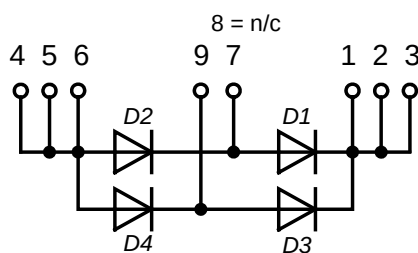
A (8 : 1)

Dimensions in mm
(1 mm = 0.0394")



Notes:

- 1) potrusion may add 0.2 mm max. on each side
- 2) additional max. 0.05 mm per side by punching misalignment or overlap of dam bar or bending compression
- 3) DCB area 10 to 50 μm convex;
position of DCB area in relation to plastic rim: $\pm 25 \mu\text{m}$
(measured 2 mm from Cu rim)
- 4) terminal plating: 2 - 6 μm Ni + 10 - 25 μm Sn (gal v.)
cutting edges may be partially free of plating



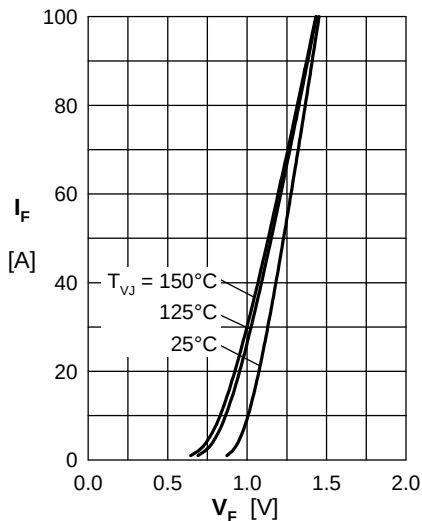


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

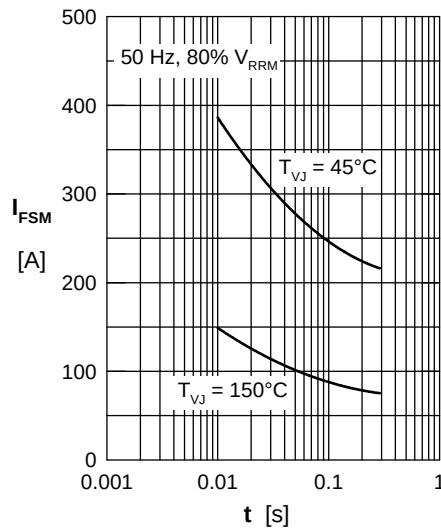


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

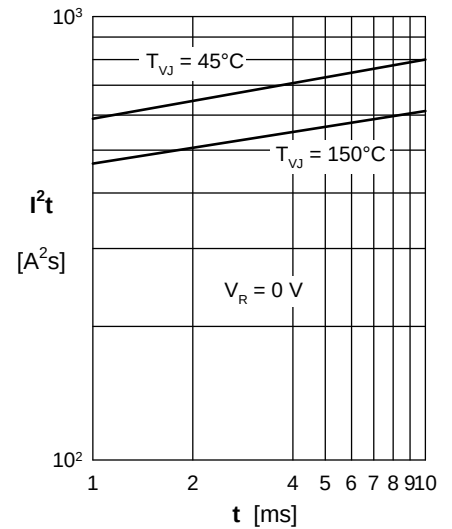


Fig. 3 I^2t versus time per diode

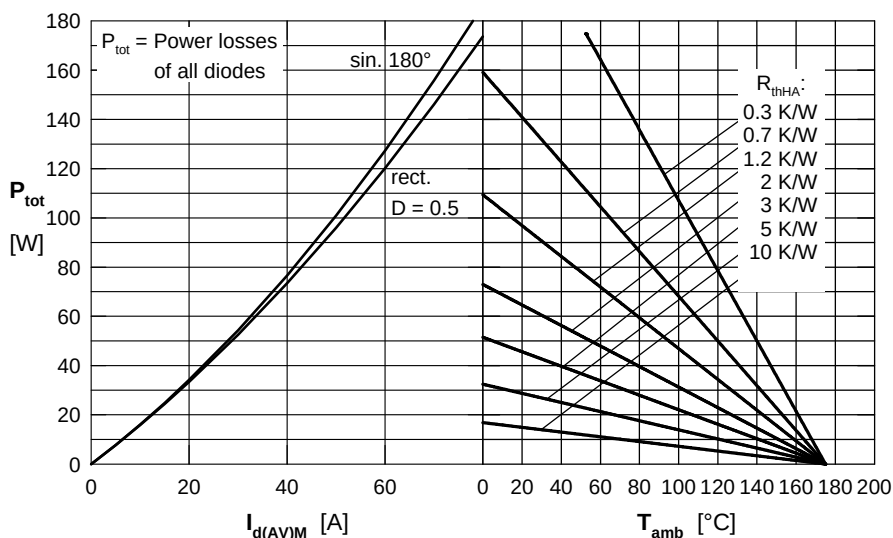


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. bridge output current and ambient temperature

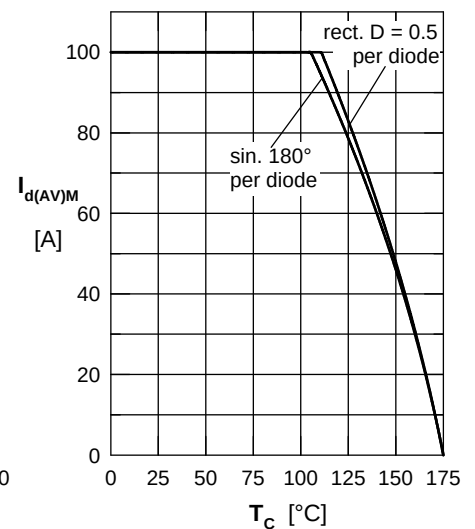


Fig. 5 Max. bridge output current vs. case temperature

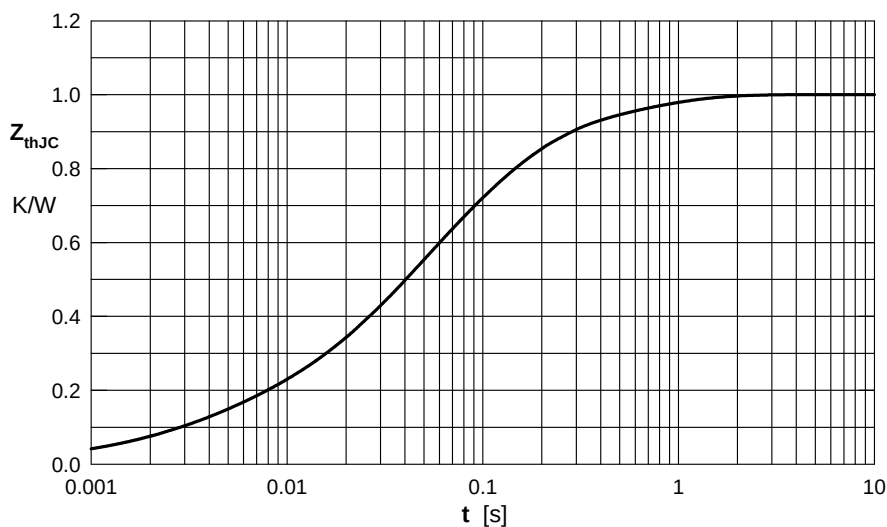


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.09	0.003
2	0.116	0.062
3	0.386	0.1
4	0.128	0.55