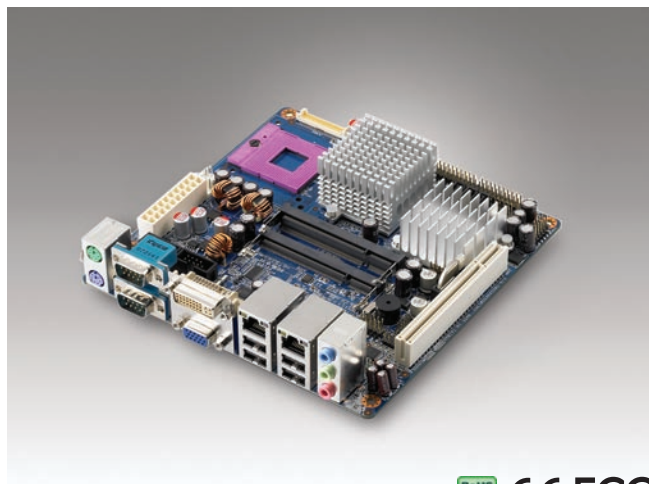


AIMB-256

**Intel® Core™ 2 Duo Mini-ITX with
VGA/DVI/LVDS, 4 COM and Dual LAN**



Features

- Supports Intel® uFC-PGA 478 Core™ 2 Duo/Celeron® M mobile processor- Intel GME965 and ICH8M
- Two 200-pin SODIMM sockets support up to 4 GB dual channel DDR2 533/667 SDRAM
- Supports dual display for VGA, LVDS, and DVI
- Supports 4 serial ports, 3 SATA ports, 2 LAN, CF and TPM1.2 (optional)
- Supports Embedded Software API and Utility

Software APIs:



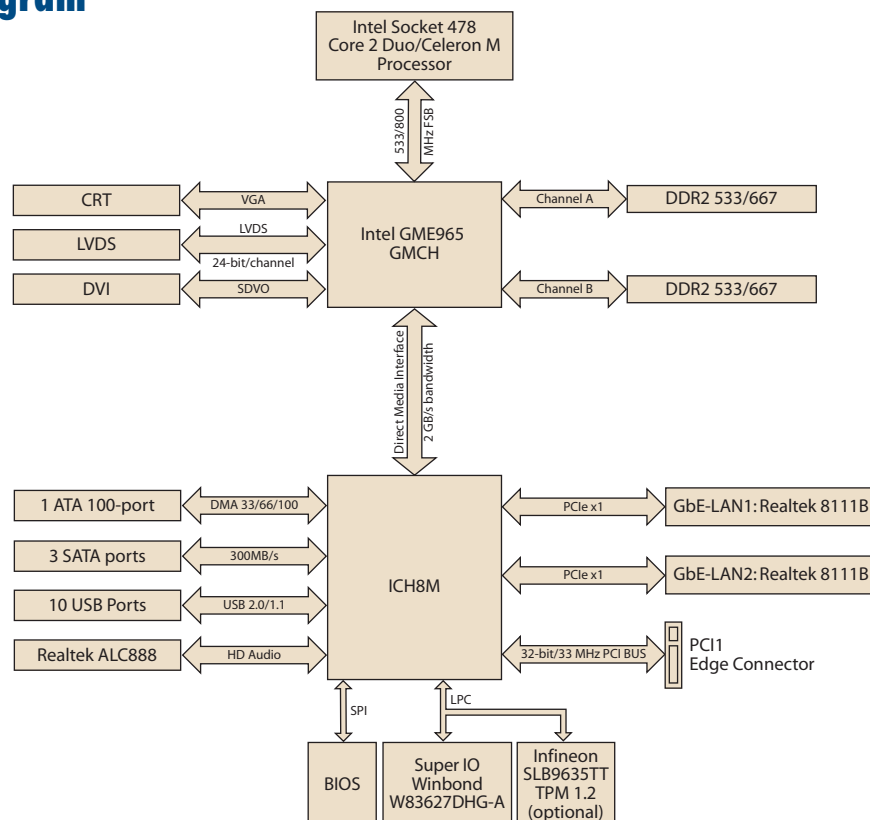
Utility:



Specifications

Processor System	CPU (65 nm uFC-PGA 478, Socket P)	Intel Core 2 Duo	Intel Celeron M	Intel ULV Core 2 Duo
	Max. Speed	T7500 2.2 GHz	550 2.0 GHz	U7500 1.06 GHz on board
	Front Side Bus	800 MHz	533 MHz	533 MHz
	L2 Cache	2 x 2 MB	1 MB	1 MB
	Chipset	Intel GME965 + ICH8M		
	BIOS	AMI 16 Mbit, SPI		
Expansion Slot	PCI	32-bit/33 MHz, 1 slot		
	Mini-PCI	-		
	PCIe	-		
Memory	Technology	Dual channel DDR2 533/667 MHz		
	Max. Capacity	4 GB		
	Socket	2 x 200-pin SODIMM		
Graphics	Controller	Intel GME965 GMCH integrated Graphics Media Accelerator X3100		
	VRAM	DVMT 4.0 supports shared system memory up to 384 MB video memory		
	LVDS	Single channel 18/24-bit/Dual channel 36/48-bit LVDS		
	TV-Out	-		
	DVI	Yes, via Chronitel CH7307C SDVO transmitter		
	Dual Display	CRT+LVDS, CRT+DVI, LVDS+DVI		
Ethernet	Interface	10/100/1000 Mbps		
	Controller	GbE LAN1: Realtek RTL8111B; GbE LAN2: Realtek RTL8111B		
	Connector	RJ-45 x 2		
SATA	Max Data Transfer Rate	300 MB/s		
	Channel	3		
EIDE	Mode	EIDE (Ultra DMA 100)		
	Channel	1		
SSD	CompactFlash	Supports CompactFlash Type I/II		
Rear I/O	VGA	1		
	DVI	1		
	Ethernet	2		
	USB	4 (USB 2.0 compliant)		
	Audio	3 (Mic-in, Line-out, Line-in)		
	Serial	2 (2 x RS-232, supply 5 V & 12 V)		
	PS/2	2 (1 x keyboard and 1 x mouse)		
Internal Connector	LVDS	1		
	USB	6 (USB 2.0 compliant)		
	Serial	2 (2 x RS-232, supply 5 V & 12 V)		
	IDE	1		
	SATA	3		
	CompactFlash	1		
	Parallel	-		
	IrDA	-		
	FDD	-		
	DIO	8-bit General Purpose I/O for DI and DO		
Watchdog Timer	Output	System reset		
	Interval	Programmable 1 ~ 255 sec/min		
Power Requirement	Power On	Core 2 Duo T7300 2.0 GHz FSB 800 MHz, 2 GB DDR2 SDRAM		
		+5 V	+3.3 V	+12 V
		2.75 A	1.76 A	4.13 A
Environment	Operating	0 ~ 60° C (32 ~ 140° F)		Non-Operating
	Temperature			-20 ~ 70° C (-4 ~ 158° F)
Physical Characteristics	Dimensions	170 mm x 170 mm (6.69" x 6.69")		

Board Diagram



Ordering Information

Part Number	CPU	GbE	DVI	SATA
AIMB-256G2-00A1E	-	2	1	3
AIMB-256G2-S1A1E	C2D 1.06 GHz	2	1	3

Riser Card

Part Number	Description
AIMB-RP30P-03A1E	2U riser card with 3 PCI slot expansion

Bracket View



AIMB-256G2-00A1E
AIMB-256G2-S1A1E

Packing List

Description	Quantity
AIMB-256 SBC	x 1
IDE HDD cable (40-pin)	x 1
SATA HDD data cable	x 2
SATA HDD power cable	x 2
Serial cables	x 2
CPU cooler	x 1
I/O port bracket	x 1
Startup manual	x 1
Driver CD	x 1

Accessories

Part Number	Description
1700003195	USB cable with two ports, 17.5 cm
1700002204	USB cable with two ports, 27 cm
1700002314	USB cable with four ports, 30.5 cm

Value-Added Software Services

Software API: An interface that defines the ways by which an application program may request services from libraries and/or operating systems. Provides not only the underlying drivers required but also a rich set of user-friendly, intelligent and integrated interfaces, which speeds development, enhances security and offers add-on value for Advantech platforms. It plays the role of catalyst between developer and solution, and makes Advantech embedded platforms easier and simpler to adopt and operate with customer applications.

Software APIs

Control



GPIO

General Purpose Input/Output is a flexible parallel interface that allows a variety of custom connections. It allows users to monitor the level of signal input or set the output status to switch on/off a device. Our API also provides Programmable GPIO, which allows developers to dynamically set the GPIO input or output status.



SMBus

SMBus is the System Management Bus defined by Intel® Corporation in 1995. It is used in personal computers and servers for low-speed system management communications. The SMBus API allows a developer to interface a embedded system environment and transfer serial messages using the SMBus protocols, allowing multiple simultaneous device control.



I2C

I2C is a bi-directional two wire bus that was developed by Philips for use in their televisions in the 1980s. The I2C API allows a developer to interface with an embedded system environment and transfer serial messages using the I2C protocols, allowing multiple simultaneous device control.

Display



Brightness Control

The Brightness Control API allows a developer to interface with an embedded device to easily control brightness.



Backlight

The Backlight API allows a developer to control the backlight (screen) on/off in an embedded device.

Monitor



Watchdog

A watchdog timer (WDT) is a device that performs a specific operation after a certain period of time if something goes wrong and the system does not recover on its own. A watchdog timer can be programmed to perform a warm boot (restarting the system) after a certain number of seconds.



Hardware Monitor

The Hardware Monitor (HWM) API is a system health supervision API that inspects certain condition indexes, such as fan speed, temperature and voltage.



Hardware Control

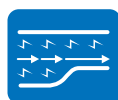
The Hardware Control API allows developers to set the PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) value to adjust fan speed or other devices; it can also be used to adjust the LCD brightness.

Power Saving



CPU Speed

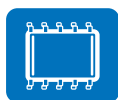
Make use of Intel SpeedStep technology to reduce power consumption. The system will automatically adjust the CPU Speed depending on system loading.



System Throttling

Refers to a series of methods for reducing power consumption in computers by lowering the clock frequency. These APIs allow the user to lower the clock from 87.5% to 12.5%.

Software Utilities



BIOS Flash

The BIOS Flash utility allows customers to update the flash ROM BIOS version, or use it to back up current BIOS by copying it from the flash chip to a file on customers' disk. The BIOS Flash utility also provides a command line version and API for fast implementation into customized applications.



Embedded Security ID

The embedded application is the most important property of a system integrator. It contains valuable intellectual property, design knowledge and innovation, but it is easily copied! The Embedded Security ID utility provides reliable security functions for customers to secure their application data within embedded BIOS.



Monitoring

The Monitoring utility allows the customer to monitor system health, including voltage, CPU and system temperature and fan speed. These items are important to a device; if critical errors happen and are not solved immediately, permanent damage may be caused.



eSOS

The eSOS is a small OS stored in BIOS ROM. It will boot up in case of a main OS crash. It will diagnose the hardware status, and then send an e-mail to a designated administrator. The eSOS also provides remote connection: Telnet server and FTP server, allowing the administrator to rescue the system.



Flash Lock

Flash Lock is a mechanism that binds the board and CF card (SQFlash) together. The user can "Lock" SQFlash via the Flash Lock function and "Unlock" it via BIOS while booting. A locked SQFlash cannot be read by any card reader or boot from other platforms without a BIOS with the "Unlock" feature.