

# Small Signal MOSFET

## 115 mAmps, 60 Volts

### N-Channel SOT-363

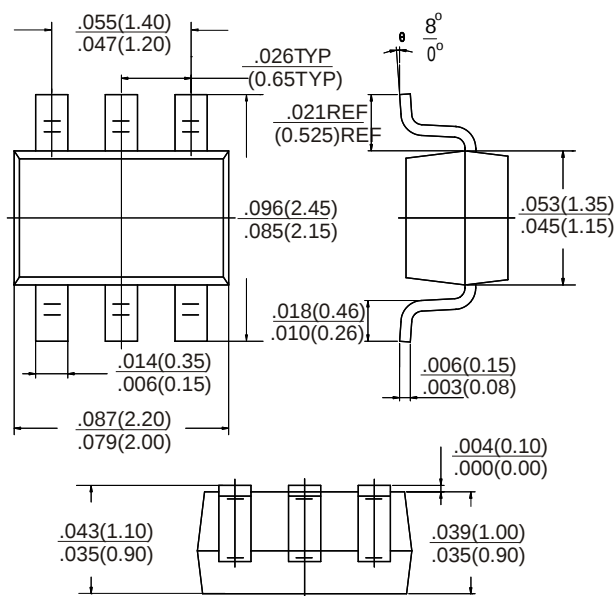
SOT-363

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

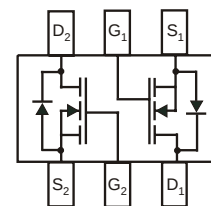
| Rating                                        | Symbol    | Value    | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|------|
| Drain-Source Voltage                          | $V_{DSS}$ | 60       | Vdc  |
| Drain-Gate Voltage ( $R_{GS} = 1.0 M\Omega$ ) | $V_{DGR}$ | 60       | Vdc  |
| Gate-Source Voltage<br>- Continuous           | $V_{GS}$  | $\pm 20$ | Vdc  |

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic                                                                                   | Symbol          | Max             | Unit                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Total Device Dissipation FR-5 Board<br>(Note 3.) $T_A = 25^\circ C$<br>Derate above $25^\circ C$ | $P_D$           | 150<br>1.8      | mW<br>mW/ $^\circ C$ |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient                                                          | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 625             | $^\circ C/W$         |
| Junction and Storage Temperature                                                                 | $T_J, T_{stg}$  | $-55 \sim +150$ | $^\circ C$           |

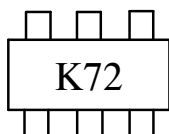


Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)



1. The Power Dissipation of the package may result in a lower continuous drain current.
2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .
3. FR-5 =  $1.0 \times 0.75 \times 0.062$  in.
4. Alumina =  $0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.025$  in 99.5% alumina.

#### MARKING DIAGRAM



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|

### OFF CHARACTERISTICS

|                                                                                 |               |        |        |            |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------|--------|------------|-----------------|
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage<br>( $V_{GS} = 0$ , $I_D = 10 \mu\text{Adc}$ )   | $V_{(BR)DSS}$ | 60     | –      | –          | Vdc             |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current<br>( $V_{GS} = 0$ , $V_{DS} = 60 \text{ Vdc}$ ) | $I_{DSS}$     | –<br>– | –<br>– | 1.0<br>500 | $\mu\text{Adc}$ |
| Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward<br>( $V_{GS} = 20 \text{ Vdc}$ )             | $I_{GSSF}$    | –      | –      | 10         | nAdc            |
| Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse<br>( $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ Vdc}$ )            | $I_{GSSR}$    | –      | –      | –10        | nAdc            |

### ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2.)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                               |              |        |        |             |      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|------|
| Gate Threshold Voltage<br>( $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250 \mu\text{Adc}$ )                                                                                                                                   | $V_{GS(th)}$ | 1.0    | –      | 2.0         | Vdc  |
| On-State Drain Current<br>( $V_{DS} \geq 2.0 \text{ V}_{DS(on)}$ , $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ )                                                                                                                | $I_{D(on)}$  | 0.5    | 1      | –           | A    |
| Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance<br>( $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 500 \text{ mAdc}$ ) $TC = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>( $V_{GS} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 50 \text{ mAdc}$ ) $TC = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $R_{DS(on)}$ | –<br>– | –<br>– | 13.5<br>7.5 | Ohms |
| Forward Transconductance<br>( $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 200 \text{ mAdc}$ )                                                                                                                            | $g_{FS}$     | 80     | –      | –           | ms   |

### DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

|                                                                                                      |           |   |   |     |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|-----|----|
| Input Capacitance<br>( $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )            | $C_{iss}$ | – | – | 50  | pF |
| Output Capacitance<br>( $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ )           | $C_{oss}$ | – | – | 25  | pF |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance<br>( $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ ) | $C_{rss}$ | – | – | 5.0 | pF |

### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2.)

|                     |                                                                                                                                    |              |   |   |    |    |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---|---|----|----|
| Turn-On Delay Time  | $(V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D \cong 200 \text{ mAdc}$ ,<br>$R_G = 25 \Omega$ , $R_L = 150 \Omega$ , $V_{gen} = 10 \text{ V}$ ) | $t_{d(on)}$  | – | – | 20 | ns |
| Turn-Off Delay Time |                                                                                                                                    | $t_{d(off)}$ | – | – | 20 | ns |

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

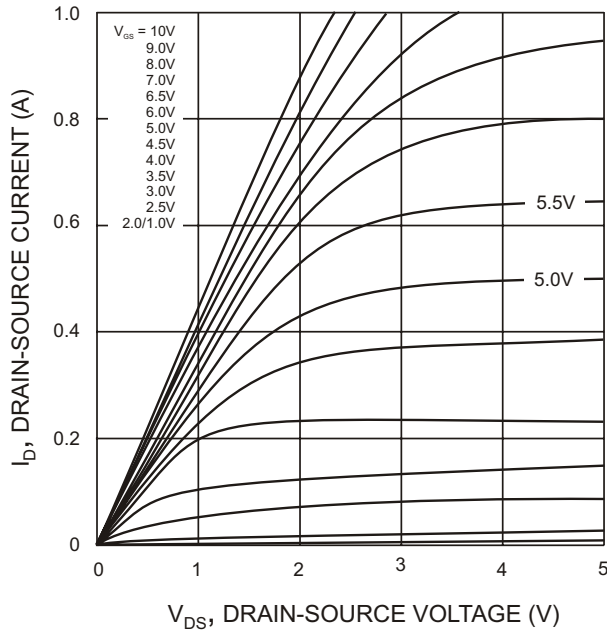


Fig. 1 On-Region Characteristics

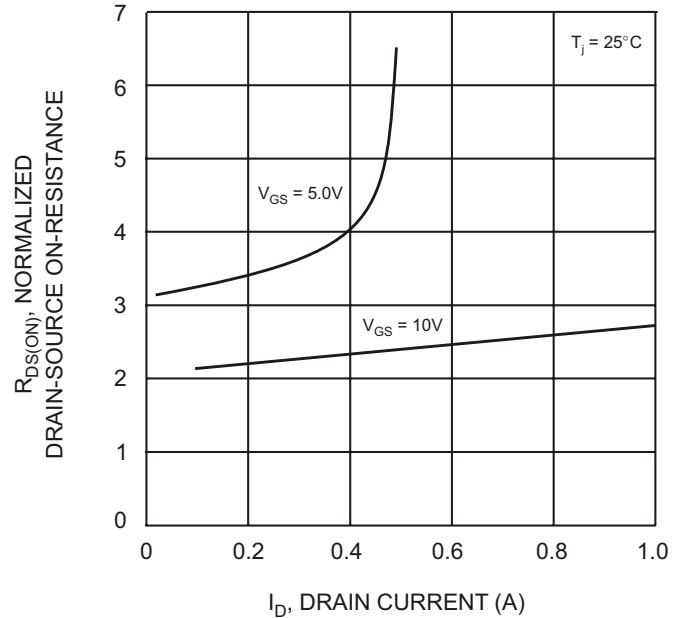


Fig. 2 On-Resistance vs Drain Current

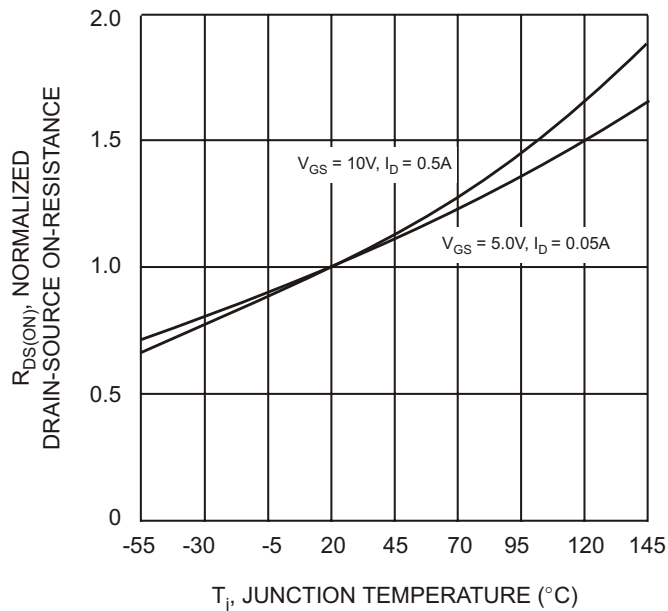


Fig. 3 On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

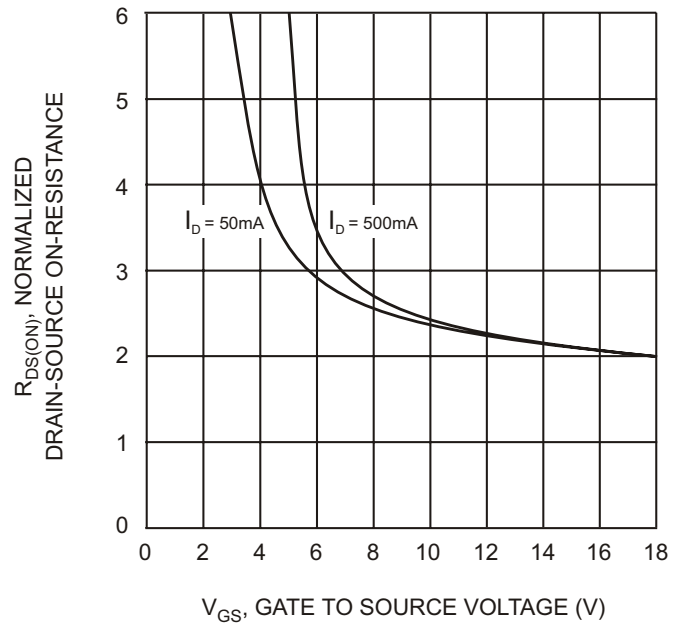


Fig. 4 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage