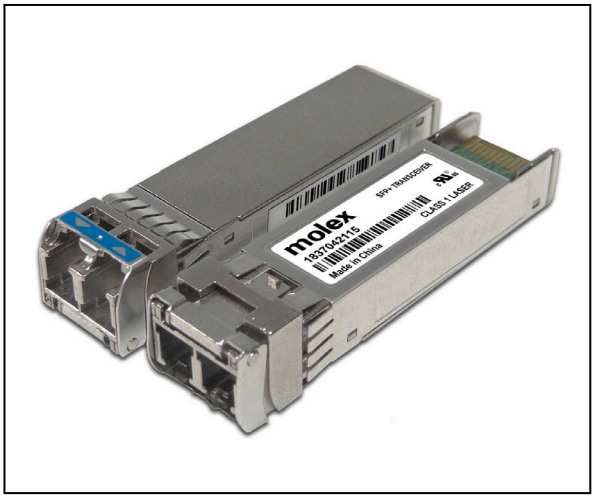
183704211x
1310nm 10km SFP+ Transceivers

molex

Features

- ☑ Transmission distance up to 10km (SM fiber)
- ☑ Low power consumption
- ☑ Wide case operating temperature range
- ☑ Compliant with SFP+ Electrical MSA SFF-8431
- ☑ Compliant with SFP+ Mechanical MSA SFF-8432
- ☑ Compliant with 10GBASE-L specifications
- ☑ Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) through Serial Interface compliant with SFF-8472, Rev. 12.2
- ☑ RoHS 6/6 compliant
- ☑ Laser Class 1 IEC/CDRH compliant



Description

The 183704211x is an enhanced small form factor pluggable (SFP+) fiber optic transceiver with digital diagnostics monitoring functionality (DDM). Compliance with Ethernet standard makes it ideally suited for 10Gbps data-com applications. DDM functionality (alarm and warning features) is integrated into the design via an I^2C serial interface per the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) SFF-8472, Rev. 12.2.

The transceiver supports data rates from 11.3Gbps down to 4Gbps. It provides an excellent solution for data transmission at 1310nm over up to 10km single mode fiber. The sub-watt power consumption and excellent EMI performance allow system design with high port density. The product is RoHS compliant and is designed and tested in accordance with industry safety standards. The transceiver is Class 1 Laser product per U.S. FDA/CDRH and international IEC-60825 standards.

The 183704211x transceiver connects to standard 20-pad SFP+ connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration changes or maintenance by simply plugging in different transceivers without removing the power supply from the host system. The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are internally AC-coupled. LV-TTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal (LOS) output interfaces are also provided.

The transceiver has bail-type latch, which offers an easy and convenient way to release the modules. The latch is compliant with the SFP MSA.

The transceiver operates from a single +3.3V power supply over a case operating temperature range of -5°C to +70°C (Commercial), or -5°C to +85°C (Extended) or -40°C to +85°C (Industrial). The housing is made of metal for EMI immunity.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters		Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Storage Temperature Range		T_{ST}	- 40	+ 85	°C
Case Operating Temperature[1]	Commercial	T_{OP}	- 5	+ 70	°C
	Extended		- 5	+ 85	
	Industrial		- 40	+ 85	
Operating Relative Humidity [2]		*RH*	0	85	%
Supply Voltage Range		V_{CC}	- 0.5	+ 3.6	V

[1] Measured on the top side of SFP+ module at the front center vent hole of the cage
[2] Non condensing

©Molex

Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} =3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Data Rate	*B*	4	10.3125	-	Gb/s
Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260	1310	1355	nm
RMS Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda_{20}$	-	-	1.0	nm
Average Optical Output Power [1]	P_{avg}	- 8.2	-	+ 0.5	dBm
Optical Modulation Amplitude	P_{OMA}	- 5.2	-	-	dBm
Extinction Ratio	*ER*	3.5	-	-	dB
Relative Intensity Noise	*RIN*	-	-	- 128	dB/Hz
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	*SMSR*	30	-	-	dB
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	-	-	-	- 12	dB
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty @ 10.3125Gb/s	*TDP*	-	-	3.2	dB
Average Launch Power of OFF transmitter	P_{OFF}	-	-	-30	dBm
Optical Output Eye	Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae				

[1] Average power figures are informative only, per IEEE 802.3ae.

Receiver Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} =3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Data Rate		*B*	4	10.3125	-	Gb/s
Wavelength of Operation		λ	1260	-	1355	nm
Receiver Sensitivity	P_{avg} @ 10.3125Gb/s[1]	P_{min}	-	-	- 14.4	dBm
	OMA @ 10.3125 Gb/s[1]		-	-	- 12.6	
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity in OMA (@10.3125Gb/s) [2]		-	-	-	- 10.3	dBm
Max Input power		P_{max}	+ 0.5	-	-	dBm
Receiver Reflectance		-	-	-	- 12	dB
LOS Hysteresis		-	0.5	-	-	dB
LOS Thresholds	Increasing Light Input	P_{los+}	- 30	-		dBm
	Decreasing Light Input	P_{los-}		-	- 16	

[1] Specified with BER <$1x10^{-12}$ and PRBS 2^{31}-1.
[2] Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae.

Note: The specified characteristics are met within the recommended range of operation. Unless otherwise noted typical data are quoted at nominal voltage and +25°C ambient temperature.

Laser Safety:

All transceivers are Class 1 Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.

TÜVRheinland CERTIFIED — Type Approved Safety Regular Production Surveillance — www.tuv.com ID 2000000000

c UL us

Molex, LLC.

This product complies with
21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11
Meets Class 1 Laser Safety Requirements

©Molex

Transmitter Electrical Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} =3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Differential Input Impedance	Z_d	-	100	-	Ω
Differential Input Voltage Swing	$V_{PP-DIFF}$	180	-	700	mV
Input High Voltage (TX Disable)[1]	V_{IH}	2.0	-	V_{cc}	V
Input LOW Voltage (TX Disable)[1]	V_{IL}	0	-	0.8	V
Output High Voltage (TX Fault)[2]	V_{OH}	2.0	-	V_{cc}+0.3	V
Output LOW Voltage (TX Fault)[2]	V_{OL}	0	-	0.8	V

[1]There is an internal 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ pull-up resistor to VccT
[2]Open collector compatible, 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ pull-up resistor to Vcc (Host Supply Voltage)

Receiver Electrical Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} =3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Differential Output Impedance	Z_d	-	100	-	Ω
Differential Output Swing	$V_{PP-DIFF}$	300	-	850	mV
Output Rise and Fall time (20% to 80%)	t_{RH}, t_{FH}	24	-	-	ps
Output HIGH Voltage (LOS)[1]	V_{OH}	2.0	-	V_{cc}+0.3	V
Output Low Voltage (LOS)[1]	V_{OL}	0	-	0.8	V

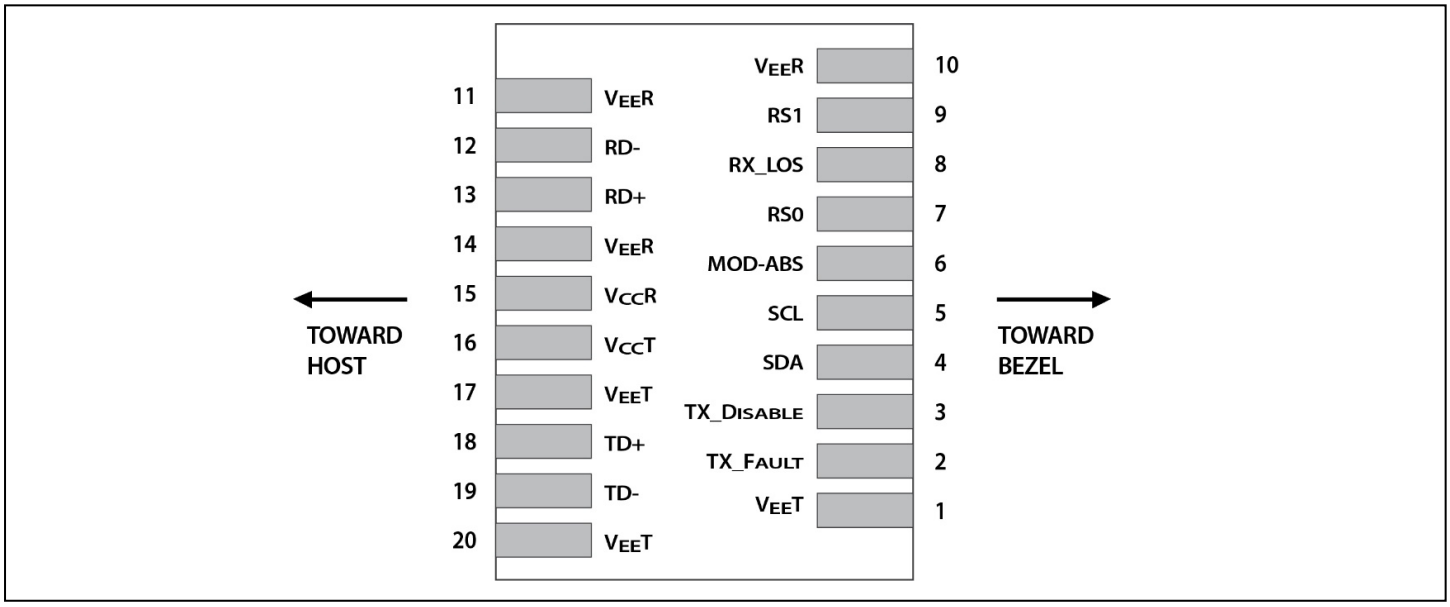
[1] Open collector compatible, 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ pull-up resistor to Vcc (Host Supply Voltage)

Electrical Power Supply Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} =3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.13	3.30	3.47	V
DC Common Mode Voltage	V_{CM}	0	-	3.60	V
Supply Current	I_{VCC}	-	-	300	mA
Maximum sustained peak Current	-	-	-	400	mA
Power Consumption	P_W	-	-	1	W

Note: The specified characteristics are met within the recommended range of operation. Unless otherwise noted typical data are quoted at nominal voltage and +25°C ambient temperature.

Connector Pin-out



©Molex

Electrical Pin Definition

PIN	Logic	Symbol	Name / Description
1	-	*VeeT*	Module Transmitter Ground
2	LVTTL-O	*TX_Fault*	Module Transmitter Fault
3	LVTTL-I	*TX_Disable*	Transmitter Disable; Turns off transmitter laser output
4	LVTTL-I/O	*SDA*	2-Wire Serial Interface Data Line
5	LVTTL-I/O	*SCL*	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock
6	-	*MOD-ABS*	Module Definition, Grounded in the module
7	LVTTL-I	*RS0*	No function implemented
8	LVTTL-O	*RX_LOS*	Receiver Loss of Signal Indication
9	LVTTL-I	*RS1*	No function implemented
10	-	*VeeR*	Module Receiver Ground
11	-	*VeeR*	Module Receiver Ground
12	CML-O	*RD-*	Receiver Inverted Data Output
13	CML-O	*RD+*	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output
14	-	*VeeR*	Module Receiver Ground
15	-	*VccR*	Module Receiver 3.3V Supply
16	-	*VccT*	Module Transmitter 3.3V Supply
17	-	*VeeT*	Module Transmitter Ground
18	CML-I	*TD+*	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input
19	CML-I	*TD-*	Transmitter Inverted Data Input
20	-	*VeeT*	Module Transmitter Ground

Application Notes

Electrical interface: All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP+ MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a 4.7 kΩ – 10 kΩ resistor on the host board.

Loss of Signal (LOS): The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.

TX Fault: The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a 4.7 kΩ – 10 kΩ resistor on the host board.

TX Disable: When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled. The laser is also disabled if this line is left floating, as it is pulled high inside the transceiver.

Serial Identification and Monitoring: The module definition of SFP is indicated by the MOD_ABS pin and the 2-wrie serial interface. Upon power up, the 2-wrie interface appears as NC (no connection), and MOD_ABS is TTL LOW. When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire I^2C serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into the EEPROM segments of the device that are not write protected, and the negative edge clocks data from the device. The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The supported monitoring functions are temperature, voltage, bias current, transmitter power, average receiver signal, all alarms and warnings, and software monitoring of TX Fault/LOS. The device is internally calibrated.

The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA, and SFF-8472, Rev. 12.2.

Power supply and grounding: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.

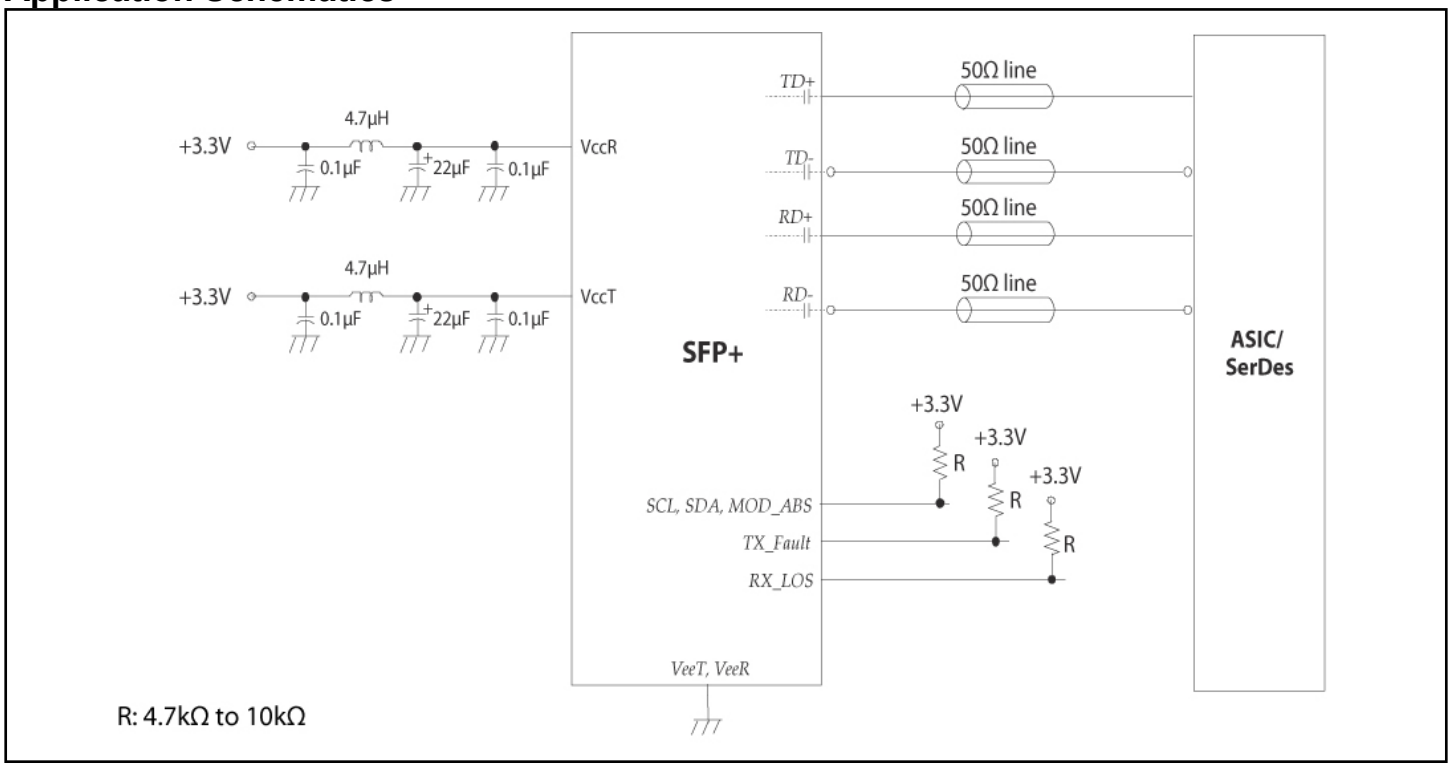
Interfacing the Transceivers

Communication is via a serial 2-wire serial interface. As described in the document SFF-8472 (REV. 12.2) there are two distinct address spaces:

Base Address A0(hex)	
Byte Address	**Content**
0 – 95	Serial Transceiver ID as defined in SFP MSA
96 – 127	OPLINK Specific
128 – 255	Reserved

Base Address A2(hex)	
Byte Address	**Content**
0 - 55	Alarm & Warnings thresholds & limits
56 - 95	External calibration constants (not used)
96 – 119	Values from real time diagnostic monitoring
120 – 127	Not used
128 – 247	Customer specific, writable area
248 - 255	Not used

Application Schematics

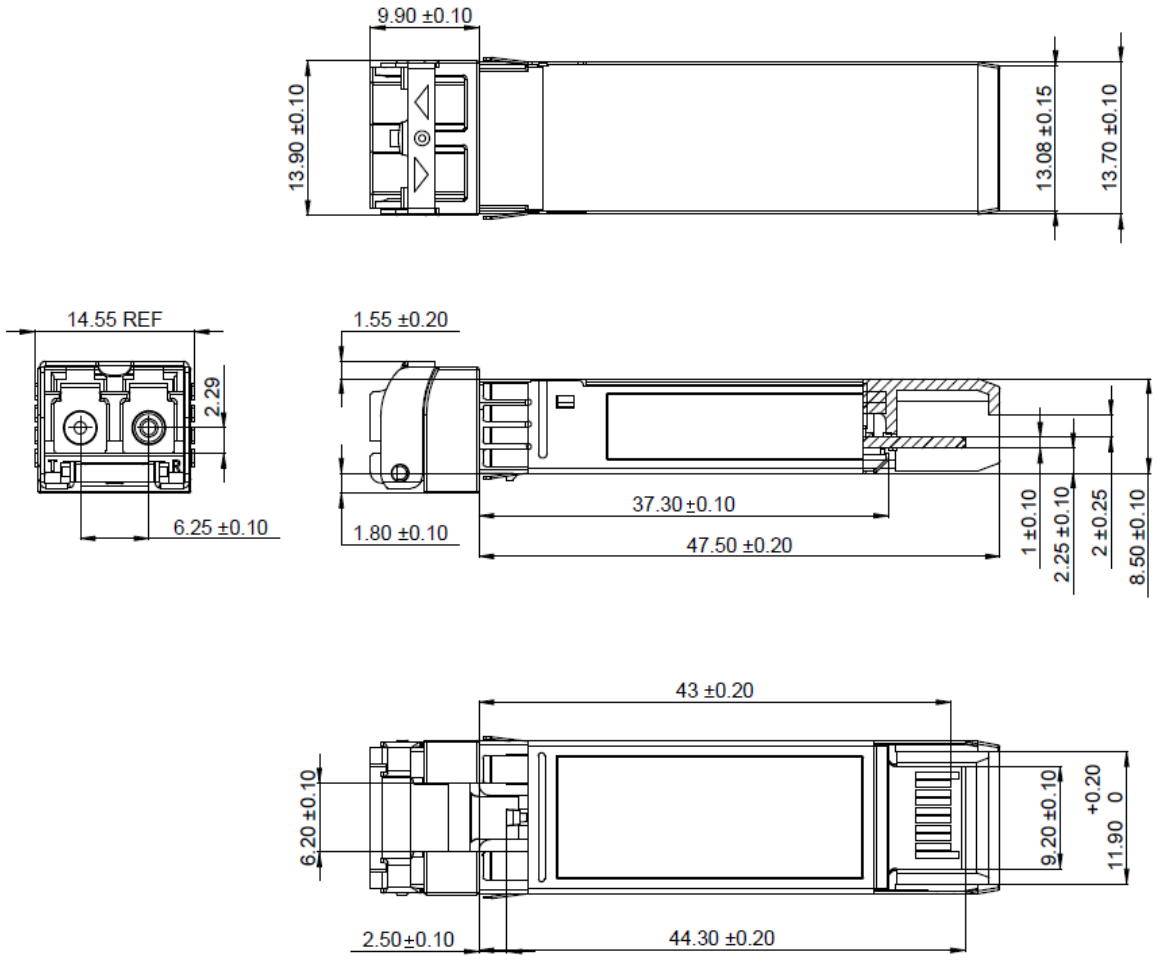


ESD & Electromagnetic Compatibility

Requirements	Standard	Status
Electro Static Discharge to the Electrical Pins (ESD)	EIA/JESD22-A114-B MIL-STD 883C Method 3015.7	Exceeds requirements Class 1B (>1000V)
Immunity to ESD (housing, receptacle)	IEC 61000-4-2	Exceeds requirements Discharges ranging from 2kV to 15kV without damages to the transceiver
Electromagnetic Emission (EMI)	FCC Part 15, Class B EN 55022 Class B CISPR 22	Exceeds requirements Class B

©Molex

Module Outline



Dimensions in mm
Tolerances are in accordance with SFF-8432

Ordering Information

Model Name	Operating Temperature	Nominal Wavelength (nm)	Distance (km)	Latch Color
1837042115	- 5°C to + 70°C	1310	10	Blue
1837042116	- 5°C to + 85°C	1310	10	Blue
1837042117	- 40°C to + 85°C	1310	10	Blue

Molex, LLC. reserves the right to make changes in equipment design or specifications without notice. Information supplied by Molex, LLC. is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Molex, LLC. for its use nor for any infringements of third parties, which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent right of Molex, LLC.